

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

#### Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

#### **About Google Book Search**

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/

3 3433 08188152 0

# **DICTIONARY**

IN

## HINDI AND ENGLISH

COMPILED FROM

APPROVED AUTHORITIES

BY

J. T. THOMPSON.

DELHI.

THIRD EDITION

### CALCUTTA:

PRINTED BY KHETRAMOHANA MUKERJEA, AT THE SARASVATI PRESS, 30, Jhamapukur Lane.

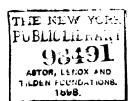
AND SOLD BY

MESSRS. THACKER SPINK & CO. ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY; MESSRS. BARHAM HILL & CO. BRITISH LIBRARY; AND P. S. D'ROZARIO & CO., TANK SQUARE, CALCUTTA.

MDCCCLXXXIV.

enter a transport Constitution

\* OIX





So far back as the year 1785, Proposals had been set forth in England, by Capt. William Kirkpatrick, of the Hon. Company's Military Service, and Persian Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief in India, to publish a Hindi Vocabulary, of which the materials were all ready, but a delay in preparing the Nagari types, prevented its publication at the time when a Vocabulary of Persian, Arabic, and English, by that eniment Linguist, was offered to the public, in the course of the same year. Since that period, however, the proposed work appears never to have been published, either in England, where the Proposals had been issued, or in India, where numerous other works, to aid the Oriental student, have successively appeared in print. A Hindi Dictionary, therefore, remained a Desideratum still, as the other works adverted to, only afford assistance to the Oriental Student, in the Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Sanskrit, Bengali, and Marhatta languages respectively, and not in Hindi; with the exception of a slender Glossary affixed to an edition of the Prem Sagar. To enable the student, then, to acquire this language, spoken by the generality of Hindus, and over a vast extent of country, he was left, for a series of years, with the above scanty exception, to Urdu Dictionaries, embodying a necessarily limited portion of Hindi vocables, and to the Selections from Hindi works, prepared for the use of the junior branches of the Military Service, by the Hindi Professor of the College of Fort William. The portion of Hindi words found in Urdu Dictionaries, could alone have been directly useful to the student in his researches into the language, as the English meanings were all provided therein. But the vocables in the Selections, though numerous, and embracing six Hindi works, yet possessed not the facility of acquisition, which the former collection afforded, from not one of the selected works being accompanied by a Glossary, or even a free translation. So that, when the student has, with creditable labour, read though 268 quarto pages of Hindi composition, selected from native authors, he has only, unless he possess some other mode of acquiring the meaning of the words, had the benefit of so many natives speaking in his hearing, or making him repeat their language without any explanatory medium. advantages of such a plan of instruction, are, however, sufficiently counterbalanced by the labours of the Professor of Hindi, in his editon of the Prem

Sagar, above adverted to, to which is affixed a Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in that work. This vocabulary, though a very limited one, is justly appreciated by every student of Hindi; and not a few of those who have had the privilege of consulting it, have whished to see, based on it, a larger work of the kind, aiding not only in the perusal and due understanding of the Prem Sagar, but of such other Hindi works also, which are studied in order to pass an examination, or with a view to a more extensive acquaintance with the language.

A few years after the publication of Cap. Price's Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in the Prem Sagar, just alluded to, the Rev. M. T. Adam of Benares, published his most acceptable Vocabulary of the Hindi language, containing upwards of 20,000 words; but with the meanings in Hindi, instead of English. This was certainly a great benefit conferred on the students of Hindi, both native and European; yet it must be allowed, that the meanings not having been given in English, is a considerable drawback on the advantages which the European student may hope to derive from consulting the work.

Seventeen years have now elapsed since the publication of the last mentioned Hindi Vocabulary, and no attempt, it would appear, has been made to offer to the students of Hindi, and the Patrons of Hindi literature, a work formed on the plan of Adam's Hindi Vocabulary, but with the aignifications in English. A work of the kind has often been mentioned as desireable, and the Compiler of the following sheets, in common with others, has frequently left the want of such a publication, or a Hindi and English Dictionary on an enlarged scale: and he moreover ventured to solicit two eminent Oriental scholars, of considerable attainments, the one in Sanskrit, and the other in Hindi, to undertake such a work, for the benefit of European Students of Hindi in general, and of the junior branches of the Military Service in particular; but he regrets to say, his application was not successful; the Sanskrit scholar not deeming the language sufficiently defined, and the Hindi scholar possessing no leisure from professional The compiler indeed possessed the nucleus of such a work, commenced some thirty years ago, but on his becoming acquainted with the above eminent scholars, he for a time before to resume his contemplated work; however, on being disappointed in his application to them, of whom one has quitted India, and the other, will not, it is likely, stay long in it, the Compiler once more proposed the subject to a third gentleman, who was likely, with benefit to Indian Literature, to have undertaken the work; but he too has left India.

In the meantime, a communication was made to the Compiler on the part of a gentleman who is a great proficient in Hindi, and a liberal patron of useful undertakings; requesting he would undertake a work based on Price's and Adam's Vocabularies, and amplified by all the additional terms to be found in the works

of Wilson, Hunter and Shakespear, and in the Hindi portion of the Compiler's own Urdu and English Dictionary. After due consideration, the compiler entered on the preparation of the work required, and availing himhelf of the materials in his possession, prosecuted, and through the help of a gracious-Providence, finished the Compilation now offered to the reading portion of the Community in general, and to Students of Hindi, and the patrons of its Literature in particular; and which, as it is the largest collection of Hindi words yet published, with the meanings in English, he has thought proper to designate, A Hindi and English Dictionary. The collection consists of about 30,000 words, which, with their signification, have been derived from, or collated with the best authorities.

There is no department of study, the compiler conceives, which the present work will not be found to be helpful in advancing; and terms are to be met with in it, both simple and abstract. The Hindi, as generally spoken, does certainly not offer the requisite terms; but Hindi [works do, and the parent language of nearly Twenty cognate languages, does possess the required facility of expression. It will surely, therefore, not be considered a fault in the present compilation, that it embraces, and even abounds with terms purely Sanskrit; since in our ordinary conversation with natives, we never hesitate to make use of words, both of Sanskrit, Persian and Arabic origin; and such derivations must necessarily serve to enrich the language, whether spoken or written. Besides have colleges and other Seminaries of learning in India, all the standard works they require, to advance the studies of their students and pupils? and ase it must be confessed they have not, it may be further asked, whence are the technical and abstract terms required for Hindi composition or translation, to be obtained? Not surely from the Urdu, to any considerable extent, as admissions from it, would be thought to mar the purity of the language. Nor yet from the spoken Hindi of the generality of Hindus, who it is known mainly use the language, as its colloquial standard can hardly be said to be yet fixed. But to the Parent Sanskrit we may very properly look for such terms, suited as it is for composition in every department of science, and affording, as it does, the greatest facilities for the readiest expression of ideas. This leaning towards, and dependance on the Sanskrit, are the more justifiable, as such peculiarity is not claimed for the Hindi alone; for about Twenty other languages possess it, and languages too, which are spoken within or on the borders of the British territories, such as the Bengali, the Assam, the Uriya, Nepalese, Magadh, Bhagelkhand, Marhatta, Bandelkhand, Cashmere, Panjabi, Sindh, Bilochi, Kutch, Gujrati, Kankan, Bikanere, Udypore, Marwar, and Braj languages; all of which may be said, to abound more or less with Sanskrit terms. Dr. Carey indeed thought, that there were scarcely any words to be found in the languages of the north, which were not of Sanskrit origin: and what that eminent scholar and late distinguished Professor of Sanskrit, Bangali, and Marhatta, in the College of Fort William, asserted of the Bengali language, is equally applicable to the Hindi, that it is almost entirely derived from the Sanskrit: that considerably more than three-fourths of the words are pure Sanskrit; and that those composing the greatest part of the remainder are so little corrupted, that their origin may be traced without difficulty. also Dr. Carey's opinion, that "most of the above cognate languages, are copious, and were they duly cultivated, would be found capable of being employed in every kind of composition with advantage. Most of the elegancies of style, and delicate shades of meaning, may in their present state, be expressed by them with great facility; and should literature become an object of more general persuit in India, and the colloquial languages be more employed in different species of style and composition, the capacities of these languages would be developed, and the languages themselves carried to a degree of refinement, of which we have now but a faint idea."

If then as Dr. Carey states, the greater part of the words in the above languages be derived from the Sanskrit, the Hindi, as being one of them, would certainly be enriched, and its capacities improved by drawing from that original The compiler therefore hopes that he will be pardoned for having added to his compilation so largely from the parent language, terms, familiar. it may be, only to the learned part of the population, but hardly in use among the other classes of the natives. But who is there, that does not desire to speak, and write, and discourse, in a style above that of rustics or unlettered men, if he wishes to express himself with accuracy, aptitude, and an elegance that should charm, or command admiration? Since the model of the dialect, observes Dr. Carey, which is spoken by ploughmen, menial servants, or labouring mechanics, is not that, on which the learned in any country form their language. Let then the European scholar not hesitate, in his conversation and composition, to adopt a style that shall shew his attainments to be on a par with those of the learned men of the country, at the same time that his judicious selection of universally understood terms, shall render his communication level with the capacities of all classes of people.

In the work now offered to the Public, the Compiler has endeavoured to give the commonest words in use in Hirdi, selected from various publications, or known to be in general use; but fearing he may have overlooked some of the easiest terms, he begs the indulgent consideration of such as may be disposed to censure him for his seeming neglect, which, however, he assures them, was not intentional. While on the other hand, the Compiler takes this opportunity of stating, that certain terms, not at all calculated to promote the study of

any science, and admitted into their works, without a due degree of discrimination, by others in the same field of labour, though never to be met with in the usual Engligh Dictionaries, have by him been studiously omitted.

Having now noticed what appears to be an early attempt, if it be not indeed the earliest, to publish a Hindi Dictionary; and shown what helps have since been provided to promote the study of Hindi, directly and indirectly; together with the want that still exists for such a work: it only remains for the compiler to acknowledge with deep gratitude to his Maker, that his life has been mercifully spared, and his health continued, to enable him to finish THE HINDI AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY, which he has now much pleasure in offering to a Liberal Public; from whom, for a period of Fourteen years he has experienced the most unexampled support in his Urdu publications: and the compiler therefore trusts, that should the present work be found likely to be useful to the Student, or of assistance in composition, or translation, the wonted Patronage of that Public will not be withheld, but kindly extended to it.

J. T. THOMPSON.

Delhi, the 6th Oct. 1846.

### PREFACE TO THIRD EDITION.

The second edition of Thompson's Hindi Dictionary having Leen exhauted, the opportunity has been taken in preparing a third, to revise the text with a view to the elimination of such words as have in the process of time and changes in modes of speech become obsolete, and to add such others as are more frequently used in conversation by high and low among the Hindi speaking population. Endeavour has also been made to include in the present edition all unusual verbal forms and expressions used by writers such as Tulsidas, Lallu Lall, Bihari and others and which are met with in the Ramayan, Prem Sagar, Sabha Bilas, Satsai, and the books used or likely to be read by students and such others whose duty or pleasure interests them in the study of Hindi. Urdu words which are not ordinarily employed in the colloquial tongue, have been intentionally omitted as misplaced in a purely Hindi Dictionary.

About five thousand new words in all have been added, and in order to compensate for the increase by a reduction in needless matter, so as not to enhance the price of the book, the equivalents of the Hindi forms in Roman Character have been omitted, as being of little or no use to a student who has once mastered the value of the Hindi letters, which unlike those in English are constant in pronunciation and spoken as they are written.

W. N. L.

## THE DEVA-NAGARI ALPHABET.

V	۸ì	W		

	(	Consonanti	3.	
46	4	ग	4	<b>4</b>
4	₹	व	<b>3</b>	व
3	8	₹	ढ	◀.
₹	4	द	ধ	न
प	46	4	भ	म
-8	Æ	₩	व	_
-	•	Ħ	*	₹

THE SYMBOLS OF THE VOWELS.

NUMERICAL FIGURES.

001 05 05 2 6 7 8 8 8 6 6

#### FINAL VOWELS WITH A CONSONANT.

4	का	(in	की	<b>5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>7</b>	7	के	के	की	শ্ৰী	4	₹:
4	<b>W</b> I	ব্যি	<b>3</b>	4	₹,	7	चुं	स्रे	Ť	ची	स्ती गी	ŧ	<b>4</b> :
4	गा	गि	गी	गु	गू		गु	ग	गै	सी	गी	मं	ब :
T	चा	वि	ची	च	Ę	¥	Ť	9	4	ची	षी	<b>T</b> .	च:
4	স্থা	P	ৰী	ग इ <b>प</b>	<b>T</b>	Ť	4	4	4	ची	. খী	4	<b>T</b> :
₹	का	चि	ह्ये	₹	<b>a</b>	Ť	<u>ह</u>	8	È		बी	ŧ	₹:
न	ना	मि	ची स्रो जो	<b>ड</b> ,	∙म्	ğ	<del>ह</del>	मे	ने	स्रो जी	, जी	अं	न:
有	भा	(M	क्री	¥ <b>T</b>	# # # # m m m	有いない 写り (	¥	है जे भे	के जे जे	, भी	भी	मा	₩;
2	टा	રિ	ढी	म,	ર	ट	<u> </u>	ક	<del>2</del>	टी	टौ	ż	टः
8	ठा	ि	ढी	<u>ड</u>	. 24 63 84 84 84 84	Z	- <del>3</del>	3	है है	ही	<b>हो</b>	ढं	हः
T	Æ1	fe	<b>ड</b> ी	4	<b>T</b>	T	, E	क्ष के के ने	*	. डी डो	डी	₹.	₹:
7	ढा	કિ		ष्ठः क <sup>ृष</sup> ेत	Т	<b>Z</b>	4	<del>2</del>	है	.डी	ढी	ढं	₹:
4		ৰি বি	डी ची	-		-	4	<u> </u>	a di	म्बी	ची	₹	
	41		41	7,	7	7	- 4	7	र्थ त				च:
đ	वा	ति	ती	ব্ৰ	. त्	Œ	∔सुँ	त		ः तो	ती	तं	तः
4	·øi	चि	नी	च्	ন্	¥	वै	9	बे	घो	मी	Ŧ	ष:
₹	₹ा	द्	दी	दु	. <b>T</b>	. E	HUNGRUNG STUNGE OF STUNGER STUNGERS	₹	इ	€ी	दी	दं	₹:

4 भी मर् गर षृ ग् f षो ¥ AL A 9 ने (नी नि नी नं न् न गा पै पें प् Ţ Ā पी पं Ψſ 9 प: फे पि मी फ् मू फृ मो फी 4 वै बी बी बी ৰি Ą Ŧ ŧ वा 3 **=**: भे भे भी भू भो भी भि ¥ भ भा स भ: मे Ħ मि मी मू Ą मी मो मं स म मा म: यू इ बै बो यी वी ब<sub>ु</sub> বি यं या य बु य : ₹ ₹ रौ रि री री ₹ ₹ ₹1 ₹ ₹: ची বি बो वे सर्व र • ची 4 Ħ ৰা ल: बी बै वी वी ৰি न्, य वा ₹: मी মি मी मी ĦΙ ¥ **ਸ਼**: # 6 B 4 B . # 6 वै पी पा वि षी ų, • बी **q**: सै ची Ŧ सि सी ची ₹ सा सं स: सी fŧ हो Ţ . ही T: TI বি ची Ţ ची বা ਚ:

## COMPOUND CONSONANTS.

DOUBLE LETTERS.

					Dog	BLE L	ETT	ERS.						
44	<b>स्</b> य	<b>ब्स</b>	घ	स्य ।	. 🖫	Ę			1	8	Ţ	₫	Ŧ	¥ i
<b>च</b>	ख	क्य	मब	न्य ।	त		1		ı	1	•	T	Į.	
द्रा	टा	₹	4	41	3 7	দু দু	भ	4	١					
=	म	ष	W	न्य।	ञ्च र				E	å	4	र्न	9	<b>5</b> 1
प	फा	4	भ	म्य	<b>*</b> *	बु ग्व	4		1	2 ° 6 ° 6 ° 7	=	· <b>ㅋ · ㅋ · ㅎ · ㅎ</b> · ㅋ · ㅋ · ㅋ ·	Ť	र्च ।
ख		स्व	म्य	म्बा		· •	•		ı	કે	- 3	Ť	ફ	÷ 1
व्य	स	W	च्य	1	• 8			स	1	<b>े</b> त	हें भे	ŧ	40 A0 Sto A0 90	<del>ا</del> ا
有	4	च	দ	1		षु प	u	न्य	ı	ů	<b>पं</b>	बँ	भ	में ।
7	4	ब	भा			प् पुरुष	भ	74	1	र्घ		<b>3</b>	<del>§</del>	μį
र्	8			<b>4</b>	•	व	<b>4</b>	7		र्घ वै	4	2	÷	i
بر م		<b>ए</b> इ	म् इ	म् ।		e T	-	-	11	•		•	•	•
	ष्			4	•	· -	च					_	_	
प्र	र्म	7	4	मा	वस	•		स्र	-	•	•	A.	4	(
			त्र	ব।	•	म प्र		स	١	4	•क्	च	न्स	ı
ष्	¥	7	7	U	व्य	4	ष	न्य ।		Ų	<b>W</b>	¥	₹	<b>4</b> 1
ৰ	षु	च	য়	١	भ	'	<b>₽</b> ₩ .	₩		न्त	न्य	飞	4	<b>#</b>
7		লু		1		4		यम ।		स्य	स्प	म	•	मा ।
-		4		₹ 1	খা আৰ	য়া	स्त	Ħ		4	-	4	4	ı
<b>4</b>	घ	इ	A	ন্ন ।	# <b>#</b>	ग्र	Ā	जू ।		4	₹	ब	41	# I
Ħ			भ	<b>可!</b>	पू जू	् मृ	শ্	नृ ।		. 5	8	₹	<b>45</b>	<b>T</b>
		-		<b>7</b> 1	च ब द	्र पुर	हु	चृ।		ব	स	₹	랙	<b>¥</b> (
₹	₹ :	•	1	Ħ	ર પું	£ 1	Ą	T I		स्प	क	₹	1	W I
<b>a</b>	1	<b>T</b>		١	प्र पृ	1,	- • · ·	E I		<b>T</b>	*	<b>T</b>	¥	

## DICTIONARY

#### HINDI AND ENGLISH,

The first letter of the Nágri alphabet, and inherent short vowel; an inseparable particle signifying negation or privation, as अपने; as a negative prefix to words beginning with a vowel. भ is changed to भन्, as भ and जन, form भनंत, an interjection of pity.

€:1:

Ted rady. Free from debt, or obligation.

wis s. m. A mark or spot, a cypher, a numerical figure, number, letter of the -; alphabet, mark on cloth to shew the price; the flank or part above the hip; embrace. [metician.

भंकत s. m. An accountant, an arith-भंकत s. f. The barb of an arrow, a hook, tenter, catch, a circle.

चौका ए. a. To mark, page a book, distinguish a thing by some mark. v. n.
To be valued, prized, examined, approved of.

अंबसर बंबसार बंबसार क्रिकार क्

चंदर } s. m. The iron hook with क्रंडर } which elephants are guided or

driven, a goad. ankus marna, To reduce to submission, to reduce to obedience.

कांत्राना v. a. To cause to value, prize, examine (as cloth), to approve of.

कंकार s. m. Shape.

tractable.

खंबाव s. m. Valuation, appraisement. खंबित adj. Marked, spotted, stained paged.

बंकर, } s. m. Sprout or shoot.

चंद्ररागा v. Having a little harsh taste.

चंतुषी s. f. A hook, a tenter.

कंकूर s. m. Sprout ; fortune. कंकीत adj. Skilled in figure works.

कं तीर s. f. A bribe, a conxing ( as a cow that has lost her calf to make her

बंबी s. f. A kind of vetch (Vicia sativa); wet grain : a young sprout,

कंपडी s.f. An eye or glance of the eye. कंपड s.m. The space between two pillars

or beams.

बंबिनचीली । s. m. Blind man's buff. चंबसुदोसी

बंबरों s. f. An eye or glance of the eye.

चंद्रज्ञी s. f. A nap ; a mistress.

कंदाना v. n. To be angry or displeased, to be prevish or fretful.

कोबियां s. f. pl. The eyes.

with s. m. A sprout, shoot, plantlet.

win s. m. The body, a limb, a share.

साहाना v. To yawn, to stretch the limb. साहाद s. f. Yawning, stretching the limb.

चारंग s.m. Gestures, behaviour, man-भ्रांग्ड s.m. A bracelet worn on the upper arm; (in myth) the son of Bali, king of the monkeys.

कांगन } s. m. Enclosed space adjoining कांगना } a house, a yard, area, court compound.

खंगनाई s. f. (See खंगन ).

चागांग adj. Deprived of a limb.

चांगरखा s.m. A coat, gown, jacket, doublet.

संगरको s. f. Upper garment, a coat.

कांगराना v. To yawn, to stretch the limb. कांगराइ s.f. Yawning, stretching the limb.

चांगाना v. a. To endure patiently.

संगार s. m. Charcoal, firebrand. [ brand. संगारा s. m. Charcoal. adj. Red as fire-

जगरी s. f. Spark of fire.

स्रांगवा s. f. Bodice.

चानेबार s. m. An agreement, a promise, acquiescence. anjikár karna, v. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

खंगीजन adj. Agreed, promised, acceded to.

चांगीट s. f. A chafingdish, brasier,

ज़न्त s. f. A finger, a finger's breadth.

चार्डा s. m. The thumb. angútha dikh ina, An attitude adopted by women in blandishment as a token of prohibition; to brave, defy.

अंगूडो s. f. A ring worn on the finger.

कंगोका s. m. A cloth which Hindoos fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with, a towel, a handkerchief.

अंघ s. m. Sin.

कांचरा ) s. m. The part of the garment कांचरा ) which covers the breast of a woman.

संवान s. m. The rinsing the mouth before religious ceremonies and meals by sipping water from the right hand, cleansing the mouth after eating. [eating.

कंपरना v. s. To cleanse the mouth after कंपरनी s. f. A small spoon for pouring

water into mouth.

संचित्त adj. Inattentive.

कं नीती a.f. Abrupt, unexpected.

संजना है s. f. Mother of Hanuman the संजनी है monkey god.

अंजन्स s. m. a small case to contain the ointment applied to the eyelashes.

खंत्रबी s. f. The cavity formed by putting the hands together.

कांत्रान } odj. Not known, ignorant.

आंत्रीर s. m. A kind of fruit.

कंत्रों s.f. The cavity formed by puttingthe hands together; the alms given to a beggar.

बंका s. m. Absence. [ tructed.

জাহলা adj. Being prevented or obs-জাহলা v. To cease, to stop.

आदकामा v. To prevent, obstruct.

ब्रंटकान s. m. Prevention, challenge.

चाटा s.m. The highest room in a building.

श्रंटाचित adj. Prostrate.

खंटारी s. f. A thatched upperroom; a roof.

कांदिया s. f. A small bundle.

सांडिलाना v. To grin, to jest.

बंदी s. f. The act of removing something suddenly by the hand out of the sight of the persons present.

संही s.f. A silk sheet.

बंद adj. Not castrated.

चांत s. m. End, completion, perdition,

destruction; mind, heart; a boundary, limit; intelligence, news, account of. adj. Final, ultimate. adv. After all, at last; in, within; elsewhere, somewhere else.

without, except. s. m. Interval, intermediate space, intermission; period,
term, difference; opportune time;
midst, the midst; the heart, the sumedre soul. adj. Other, similar.

संतर्गति s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensations.

संतरजानी adj. Pervading the interior, acquainted with the heart; an epithet of the deity.

disappeared, concealed. s. m. Disappearance. anterdhydn hona, v. n. To vanish, disappear, be concealed.

चांतरपट s. m. A curtain, a screen.

चतिया s. m. Intermittent, an intermitting fever.

sia रोच s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight.

where adj. Thick, bulky, s. m. The shoulder of a blind man.

with adv. Extravagantly, profligately.

with adj. Blind, dark. andkadhund,
Blind, blindly. andka dhund rona,
To weep excessively. andka dhund
lutána, To squander, spend extravagantly.

अंशक्ता) s. m. A well filled up with अंशक्ता र्रे rubbish, a dry well, a well overgrown with bushes or weeds: one of which the mouth is hidden.

चंदाप्र'ष Excessive, profuse, overmuch. चंदर s.m. Darkness, misfortune, calamity, injustice, violence, tumult, tyranny, oppression, outrage. andher karna, v. a. To act unjustly, tyrannize, oppress.

अंबेरा adj. Dark. s. m. Darkness.

अंधरी adj. f. Dark. andheri rât, A dark night. andheri kothri, s. f. A dark room; the belly, the womb.

कंद s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe tree.

हाबर s. m. The sky or atmosphere; clothes, apparel. [shipped Krishna. संबरोब s.m. The name of a king who wor-

बंगरी s. f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel.

संविद्या s. f. A small mripe mangoe.

खंभ s. m. Water.

खंसा s. f. Mother.

बंस द adv. Wholesale buying without examining the things bought.

स्त्रंगधारी s. m. A sharer ; an incarnation. संग्री s. m. A sharer.

ख्यान s. m. Cloth.

आंग्रमान s. m. A king of Oude.

right, possession; essence; a degree of a circle, of latitude or longitude, &c. (in arithmetic) a fraction; the numerator of a fraction.

स्रोचित्र s. m. A partner, a proprietor.

अंबी adj. A partner, sharer, coheir.

ৰকাৰ s. m. One who has no offspring; (met.) an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhoad, dunce.

খনৰ s. m. Pain on the foot caused by being struck against some thing.

भक्त कार्युं. Completely vanquished.

अक्सना v. To vomit as a beast.

akarbáz, An affected person, a fop, a swaggerer. akarbázee, s. f. Swaggering, strutting, airs.

ped, become stiff or rigid, to stiffen; to struck affectedly, to give one's self airs.

चक्रवार s. f. The cramp. প্ৰকা part. pass. Stiff, affected. चक्डेन adj. An affected person, a swaggerer, a fop. [or metaphorically. चन्द्रक adj. Free from thorns literally चक्य adj. Unspeakable. चक्य adj. Not to be told or related, , beyond description, unspeakable, unutterable; unfit to be spoken, obscene. चकनना v. a. To listen, to give ear. चकिष्य adj. Firm, unshaken. चनर adj. Rentfree. vetch. चनरा adj. Dear, costly. s. f. A kind of चका स adj. Soft, not hard. भवनी adj. Inconsistent, indecent, unsuitable, not to be done. चक्म s. m. Bad action, sin, vice, wickedness. चनमंत्र adj. Intransitive ( a verb ). चक्रमेख adj. Useless, unprofitable, good for nothing. work. चन्। adj. Idle, unoeçupied, without चना adj. Wretch, sinner. बद्धित adj. Not artificial, not made. चक्ताण adj. Ominous, portentous, of bad omen, unlucky, inauspicious. चन्छ s. m. Misunderstanding. भनसर adj. Alone. चक्यात् adv. Immediately, accidentally, without a cause, unexpectedly, suddenly, instantly, presently, unawares, abruptly. by one horse. चना s. m. Loneliness; a carriage drawn भकाल s. m. Hurt, Injury, loss, detriment, prejudice ; uselessness. चकानी adj. Useless (animal, thing, or person); a retarder. ৰকাৰ adj. Useless. dj. Unprofitable, fruitless, yielding no return, vain. त्रकारण s. m. Absence or non-existence

of a cause. adv. Causelessly.

ঘৰাৰ s. m. Unseasonableness, famine, scarcity, extremity, pinch. adj. Unseasonable, premature, untimely. akál-phal, s. m. A fruit produced out of season. Season. चनाचमल s. m. Fruit produced out of चकाम 8. m. Sky. चित्रंचन adj. Poor, wretched, miserable, destitute, needy, indigent. चकीति s. f. Infamy, disgrace. Tis adv. Undauntedly. adj. Sharp. পকুৰ adv. Shoreless. चक्रलाना v. n. To be agitated, distracted, confused, confounded, out of order; to tire, weary; to be astonished. चक्रदीमा adj. Not noble, plebeian, low, mean, ignoble, of mean extraction, of low origin or race. पक्रलोनी adj. f. Not of good family, ignoble, base (woman). ষক্তমন্ত adj. Unlucky, inauspicious. पक्र adj. Simple. पक्रविम adj. Inartificial. not made. चनेल adj. Lonely. चनेलद्रकेल odv. In complete loneliness. चकीर s. f. A bribe. चनोरी adj. One who receives a bribe. चकोड s. m. A plant, the oil of which is used in enchantments ( Alangium hexapetalum). ब्रहन्द 8. m. Swallow-wort. चका 8. m. Loneliness. चक्र adj. Not cruel, mild, humanc, gen-I the spots on dice. भ्रम 8. m. A die (in play, cubje or oblong) चनत s.m. Whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies, fried grains. चचय adj. Undecaying, permanent. चचयवट ८. m. A certain treg. .. . . . পৰ্ব s. m. A letter, an alphabet.

প্রতী s. f. Orthography.

করি s. m. The eye. [barbarous.
করি s. dj. Undisciplined (soldier.),
মন্ত adj. Unbroken, whole, entire, all.
মুখানিব adj. Unbroken; continuous;
unrefuted.

्याचन s. m. Fried grain, whole grain en used in religious ceremonies.

Number of a tree; an undecayable tree:

Name of a All, the whole, every, entire.

Name of a All, the whole, every, entire.

Name of a All, a palæstra or place for wrestling, a scene, any place of assembly, a court or circus.

क्रमाय adj. Forbidden food.

चित्र adj. All, the whole, every, entire. चित्र इ.स. क. An epithet of God; also :- of Ram, Shiva, the lord of all.

चुचेत्र s. m. A certain tree.

प्रसाद adj. Pure. [famous. प्रसाद adj. Unknown, obscure, not

mountain; not going or moving.

पगडनगड s. m. Trifling employment or talk, trifles, trash, trumpery. adj.
Promiscuous, composed of odds and ends. [not reckoned. प्रगापत adj. Innumerable, not counted, प्रगापत adj. Without character, dishonoured, disgraced; one whose funeral ceremonies have not been performed. s. f. Disgrace, distress, inconvenience; damnation, condemnation.

चननिस adj. Uncounted, untold.

adj. Impassable, inaccessive, impervious, deep, unfathomable, unfordable, bottomless; unaccomplishable, incomprehensible; difficult of ac uirement, unattainable.

चनगु odv. In advance, before.

चनर् s. m. Wood of aloes.

বৰৰো s. m. A race of merchants of the Vys tribe from agroba, west of Delhi.

चुगरासन s. m. First morsel.

चनरी adj. Of the colour of agar, i. e. wood of aloes.

আৰা adj. Prior, preceding, first, foremost, former, chief, principal; ancestor; ancient, other, next.

भगको adj. First. [forerunner, harbinger. भगवा adj. Foremost. s. m. A guide, क भगवाई s. f. Guidance.

the space in the front of a house.

भगवानी s. m. A.guide, harbinger. [house. भगवारा.s. f. Place just in front of a भववारा s. f. Conflagration.

water jar: he is famed for having swallowed the ocean when it had given him offence: at his command also the Vindhya range of mountains prostrated itself, and so remains.

(during which the sun is in Scorpio, and the moon is full near Orion's head).; Nov.-Dec.

यगाज adv. Before, in front. agáu jana, v. n. To advance, to meet a person.

further on, onward. s. f. The ropes with which a horse's forefeet are tied; the front, forepart. agári pichhári lagána, To confine (especially a horse). agáree márna, v. a. To attack in front, to defeat a hostile army in a pitched battle. [bottomless.

चगाधता s. f. Depth.

चनासी adj. Coming, future, approaching. चनासी s. m.A. turban; a terrace in front of an upper room.

খনিৰ s. m. A bird, a sort of lark.

ম্বিশ্বাৰ s. m. The farcy in horses, an eruptive disease in men.

चित्रा s. m. A bird (Alauda aggiya).

षशियाना s. f. Burning in pain.

षांचार Ghi, sugar, &c., thrown into the fire, as a propitiatory offering to the gods, either at worship or at meals.

चित्र s. m. First, another man.

चगुचा s. m. A guide, a harbinger.

षम्ब *adj*. Unskilful, without merit, ineffectual, void of good qualities, bad. s. m. A defect, a fault.

অনুধ adj. Unhidden, unconcealed.

or agallochum (Aquillaria agallocha); another tree which produces Bdellium (Amyris agallocha); the Sisoo tree (Dalbergia Sisoo). adj. Light, not heavy.

भगुवाना r. To be in advance, to precede. भगुवाह s. Encountering, meeting a visitor.

মার adj. Easy, manifest, evident. agurhbhao, adj. Open, honest, candid.

चगेइ adj. Homeless.

ष्योचर adj. Unperceived, imperceptible, invisible, covert, unseen, unwitnessed. s. m. The invisible, Supreme.

चगीटना v. n. To take to one's self.

चगोडो adv. In advance, beforehand.

चगीरना v. a. To watch.

चर्गारिया s. m. A watchman.

श्रागीलना v. a. To watch.

चगैनो s.f. The going or sending forward to meet and receive a visitant with honor. agouni karna, v. a.
To advance and meet the bridegroom,

to go to meet a visitant on the road,
win s. m. Fire; the god of fire and the
regent of the south-east quarter;
one of the puráns; the fire of the
stomach, the digestive faculty, appetite. (the lady-bird.

পাৰে s. m. An insect of a scarlet colour, পাৰেম s. m. The sun-stone or a fabulous gem, supposed to contain and impart solar heat.

चित्रपरीचा s.f. The fiery ordeal, by a heated iron or boiling oil, or passing through fire.

अधिप्रसार s. m. Fire-stone, flint, or any stone producing fire.

স্থায়ৰাৰ s. m. Arrow of fire, a rocket. স্থায়ন্ত্ৰ s. m. The sun-stone.

चित्रसंस्तार s. m. Funeral ceremonies, as burning a dead body, or any ceremony performed with consecrated fire.

चारहोत्र s. Maintenance of a perpetual or sacred fire. [tual or sacred fire. चारहोती s. One who maintains a perpetual s. m. The forepart of a thing. adj. Prior, first. [s. m. Forerunner.

चयनामी adj. Freeeding, going before. चयनाम s. m. The first morsel.

प्राप्त s. m. A guide. adj. Preceding, going before, a leader. [precaution. प्राप्ति s. m. Foresight, providence, प्राप्ति adj. Provident, endued with foresight.

भगास ) s. m. Victuals offered in भगासन ) oblations, sacrifices, &c. to the gods.

ঘ্ৰ s. m. Sin, guilt, wickedness.

अवकारी s. m. Committing sin.

खबरित adj. Impossible to happen.

খধান s. m. Hurt. [unrefined. খবিল adj. Coarse in taste, not fastidious, খবী adj. Vicious.

अवनाम्क adj. Purifying, freeing from sin.

Digitized by Google

चन्नमय adj. Sinful.

wait s. /. Satisty, surfeiting.

TI.

Telen v. a. To surfeit, satiate. v. a. To surfeit, to be satisted. adj. Satiated, rich, affluent.

चवीर s. m. A name of Siv. adj. Formidable, terrible. [order among Hindoos.

चवीरपंथ s. m. A particular religious

षद्योरां ) adj. (used substantively) (used substantively) dicants professing the aghorpanth : they eat every thing, however filthy, even human carcasses; hence, gross or filthy feeder.

ws. m. Mark, spot, figure, number, letter of the alphabet; flank or part above the hip; the body; embrace; mark on cloth to shew the price.

ৰ্ভৰ s.m. An accountant, arithmetician. चरना v. n. To be valued, prized, exa. mined, approved of.

परते s. f. A kind of vetch ( Vicio sstiva); wet grain; a young sprout. **पर**िवद्या *s. f.* Arithmetic.

भद्दनी s.f. A hook, a tenter.

ৰাবা v. a. To cause to value, to examine (as cloth), to approve of.

चहाद s. m. Valuation. [valued.

That adj. Marked, paged, examined,

s. m. A plantlet, a seed-bud,

चर । f a shoot, or sprout, a germ.

s. m. The iron hook with पर श which elephants are guided or driven.

भर्र s. m. Began, commenced.

ws. m. A limb or member, the body.

चक्रमार s. f. Stretching the limbs, a yawning.

चन्नाना v.n. To yawn, stretch the limbs.

s. m. A yard, area, court. वहना है s. m. A yard, aren, courte बहनाइ inclosed space adjoining to a house.

পর্নার s. m. Broken limb.

भङ्गरखा s. m. A coat, a doublet.

अङ्गराह s. f. Stretching of the limbs, & yawing.

चाराणी s. f. A finger, Pair ki ungli. A toe. Kalam ki ungli, Fore-finger, Bich ki ungli, Middle finger. Kan ungli, Little finger. Ungli ka nok. Tip of the finger.

TELL S. f. A maid whose business it is to hold, watch, and amuse a child; a kind of nurse. s. m. A coat.

TITI s. m. A firebrand, embers, sparks remaining in ashes. angáron par lotna. To be agitated or tormented (particularly from jealousy).

पदार s. f. A small portable firepan.

মন্ধিয়া s. f. m. Bodice, stays.

पहाँ ady. Corporeal, bodily.

प्रशोदार s. m. An agreement, a promise. avowal, conceding to, acceptance of a proposal. angikár karna, v. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

সারু s. m. The thumb.

चार ल s. m. The thumb, a finger.

s. f. A finger, a finger's चक्र की **चह**्री breadth.

पञ्चा s. m. The thumb.

चङ्क ही s, f. A ring worn on the finger.

पक्षे ट s. f. Appearance, person. चङ्गीट

पक्षेत्रो s. f. A chafing-dish.

चड़ीक्रना s. f. Napkin.

चन्नीका s. m. A cloth which Hindus fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief.

चद्वीरा s. m. A midge, a gnat. [ tive. च्चंबल adj. Fixed, unmoved, firm, inac-भनंड adj. Gentle, not passionate.

अवंभा s. m. wonder, a wonderful thing, astonishment; cause of astonishment. ম্বৰং s. f. Lascivionsness, wantonness, wickedness.

चनगरी v.n. To joke.

ৰাষ্ adj. Blind. s. f. Spectacles.

चनतानापचताना v. n. To repent, lament some neglect, grieve, be sorry.

चचतुर adj. Stupid, inactive.

खनपता f. खनपता m. चनपत्ती f. adj. Restless, inconstant, playful, wanton; brisk.

अवपलाइट है s. f. Restlessness, incon-भवपली stancy, wantonness; playfulness, vivacity.

মাৰ adj. Immovable; inanimate.

चवरन ) s. m. Wonder, admiration, as-चवरन } tonishment. adj. Astonishing.

মাৰ adj. Immovable, fixed, incapable of motion. s. m. A mountain, an aged person. Nil achal, The blue mountain near Balasore.

चच्छा s. f. The earth.

भवनी s. f. A small spoon.

भवाका } adv. Suddenly.

चनानक } adv. Suddenly, unawares, un-चनानक } expectedly.

মবাৰা v. a. To wash or rinse the month after eating; to drink.

usage, a rule of conduct.

religious precepts. [a learned pundit.

जनाय s.m. A spiritual guide or teacher,

जनावी 8. f. Priesthood

चित्रम adj. Rough, unpolished.

चिन adj. Thoughtless.

ৰবিলা s. f. Disregard, absence of thought or consideration.

चित्र adv. Soon.

जनीता adj. Unwished for ; not painted . (paper &c.).

चन्त adj. Unerring, sure; (hence) a godar marksman.

una adj. Out of mind or senses, senseless, thoughtless, stupid. achet hona, v. n. To be insensible, to be thoughtless.

चर्नेन adj. Uneasy, uncomfortable.

able, eternal. s. m. A name of Vishnu or God.

www adj. Spotless. s.m. A certain tree.

part. Remaining, existing, continuing; whole grain, whole rice used in religious ceremonies, fried grain. achchhat tilak, s. f. The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an image when addressed, or of a brahman when invited to an entertainment.

चार्य adj. Durable, permanent.

षच्छयदर } s.m. An undecayable trees

बचर } s.m. A letter of the alphabet.

an elegant hand.

righteous, healthy, well, sound; achchha hona, v. n. To recover. achchha karna, v. a. To cure, recover. achchha lagna, v. n. To become, beseem, be pleasing, be agreeable. v. agreeing.

प्रकापन s. f. Goodness.

শক্তির adj. Indivisible.

चरीन adj. Undiminishing, unfailing. ं "

चहर adj. Indissoluble.

पचीदन s. m. The chase, hunting.

sisting of 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 chariots, and 21,870 elephants. चन्य adj. Imperishable.

चरोडो s. f. Orthography; a mode of playing on a stringed instrument so as to express the words of a song.

चळ्वानी s. f. Caudle.

जब्ता adj. Intangible (victuals dressed for religious persons &c.), inviolable.

ৰন্ধ adv. To-day, now. s. m. A he-goat.

enace. m. A large serpent, the Boa constrictor.

चन्द्रत adj. Wonderful, astonishing.

चनव adj. Birthless.

পৰৰ adj. Unborn and unbegotten.

चननी adj. Strange, unknown-an alien, a foreigner.

चनमोड़ s. m. A king of Oude.

s. m. Parsley (Apium invo-भवभीदा | lucratum), common carraway (Carum Carui), a kind of lovage (Liquaticum Ajowan).

चलव adj. Not victorious, unsuccessful, subdued. s. m. Defeat.

भाषा s. f. A she-goat.

not subject to decrepitude, or the infirmities of age, undecayable, imperishing.

चलवायन s.f. The seed of a plant of the dill kind (Liqueticum anjo wan).

चन } ody. Infamous.

ৰবহ } adv. To-day also, even now, বৰহ } just now, yet, immediately.

चना s. f. A she-goat, illusion, the unreality of the universe.

water s.m. Ruse or stratagem in speech.

ৰসাৰৰ s. m. He who never begs.

चनाची adj. Contented.

ware s. m. Canvas (cloth mode of hemp).

warn adj. Expelled from his caste (a man).

चत्राती s.m. A man who has lost his caste.

षत्रान adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent, indifferent, careless. [knees.

चनानवाहु s. m. Whose hands fall on the चनानी s. f. Ignorance, simplicity.

चनामिलंड. m. Proper name.

चनार s. m. Illness. [ unsurpassed.

पंजित adj. Unconquered; unexcelled,

শবিদ s. m. A hide, used as a seat, bed, &c., by the religious student; generally the hide of an antelope.

মলিব s. m. An area, court, yard.

An interjection to call or bespeak attention: in Bengal, it is used to an inferior, or in cases of great intimacy only; but in the western provinces, it is often addressed to a superior as a term of respect.

मजीत adj. Invincible, unsubdued, impregnable.

चजीतवर्ष s. m. Leprosy (of a bad kind).

মনীৰ s. m. Indigestion; surfeit, flatulence. adj. Undecayed, unimpaired.

ৰঙ্গীৰ adj. Lifeless, dead.

মলীয় odj. Tongueless.

ৰক্ত adj. Unfit. s. f. Violence, op-ঘৰ্ষৰ pression, compulsion.

चन् र adj. Not obtainable.

অসুতা adj. Untouched, untasted (victuals).

चने adj. Not victorious.

चनी adv. Hitherto, to this day. scarce.

चनोड adj. Without joining; peerless,

चनीत } adj. Without splendour, dull.

ঘন্ধীৰ odj. Of steady pace (on elephant). ৰয় adj. Idiot, stupid, ignorant.

THE s. f. Command, order, permission.

पञ्चाकारी adj. Acting according to orders, obedient. [unknown.

ৰমান adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent;
বান adj. Ignorant, witless, unknowing,
a simpleton, stupid, unwise. s. m.

ignorance.

মন্ত্ৰাৰ, s. f. Ignorance, stupidity, simstupidity, simplicity. plicity.

মন্ত্ৰান্থন s. m. Ignorance, foolishness, चना adj. Ignorant, unwise.

चात्रासंग s. m. Breach of order.

s. m. The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; the breast (of a woman or lactescent animal).

चयमा s.m. The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c. ; a sheet used among Jógees.

ষদ্ধন s.m. A collyrium or application to the eye-lashes to darken and improve them, a universal article of the eastern toilet; particular applications. as lamp black, antimony, and another kind called rasanjan.

चसनसार s. m. Collyrium.

चञ्चनहारी s. f. A stye or stithe on the eyelids. with anjana. সম্ভানতে. n. To have the eyes tinged সম্বা s. f. The mother of Hanumán; a lizard.

चाप्रनिका s.f. A kind of newt or lizard. चन्नी s.f. A woman, perfumed with sandal, &c.; a medicinal plant used as a sedative and laxative.

चचना । s. m. The cavity formed by putting the hands together and holding the palms as if to receive water; a measure, as much as can be held in both hands so disposed.

wza s. f. Prevention, stop, obstruction, bar, obstacle; name of a river, the Atock.

भारकागा ». n. To be stopped, to be prevented, to adhere, cease, rest, stick,

भटकल s.f. Guess, conjecture, judgment, opinion, quantity, size. atkalbáz. adj. Adroit at guessing; an appraiser.

atkalna, v. a. To guess, conjecture. judge, estimate, think. atkal-pachchhu, s. m. One who guesses at a venture, or without grounds on which to judge. adv. At random.

पटकाचना v. a. To guess, to conjecture, to judge, to think.

चटकलपच्छ 8. m. Guess.

**TZET** s. m. The pot in which victuals are dressed for the public at the door of the temple at Jagarnáth, past, part. Aground, stopped, hindered.

चटकाना v. a. T'stop, to hinder, to pre vent, restrain, detain, coerce.

चटकाव s.m. Stop, prevention, hinderance, restraint, detention.

षटबेल adj. Wanton.

षटचेलो s. f. Wantonness, an affected (also a graceful) pace or mode of walking.

TEE adj. Coarse, strong ( cloth ).

ম্বের s. m. A balcony, an upper room.

पटना v. n. To be contained; to be filled; to wander, perambulate, walk about. kuá-atgyá, The well is filled up.

चटनी s. f. The notched extremity or horn of a bow.

चटपट adj. Unfair, Inaccessible.

चटपटी , adj. Inconsiderate, irregular, चटपटांगी । unstudied, thoughtless. atpati bát, s. f. Confused or inconsistent speech, prevarication.

चटम s. m. A. heap.

wze ady. Immovable, permanent, fixed. of determined resolution, incontrovertible, unchangeable, irrevocable, irrefragable. ataltá, s.f. Incontrovertibility, immovableness.

चटचपद adj. Infallible.

षटनाटखटनाट s. f. The state of a person who in great affliction, remains bedrid. . atwánee khatwánee lena. To be

confined to bed in great trouble or affliction.

षटी । s. f. Forest, grove, wilderness.

SI s. f. An upper room or story, a balcony.

चटारी s. f. A thatched upper room.

■ZIE s. f. A stack, rick ( of grøss, corn, &c. ), a heap of baggage, &c.

पटाला s. m. A heap ; furniture.

TZZ & dj. Not liable to be broken; inexhaustible.

पटेक adj. Without support.

ਬਟੇ∢ s. f. Name of a town.

a reel; the lounge (in the manage).

षटेरना ७. a. To make up thread into skeins, to reel; to lounge a horse.

ৰঠাৰ edj. Unquestioned, uninterrupted, unrestrained, without hinderance.

walls ad. Unpolished (stones or jewels; and hence, of persons), rude, unmannerly.

TETT s. m. Laugh.

TEIG a. m. An upper room or paviltion.

TEIGHI s. f. A thatched upper room.

মা s. f. A hank or bundle of thread; a cant word for a turban.

चडचेची s.f. Playfulness, wantonness. चडवाचीब adj. Forty-eight.

चढवीच ødj. Thirty-eight.

bridegroom together, the third day after marriage.

चढवाना v. To provoke, vex, annoy.

चडवाटी ड. f. The state of being confined to bed through sickness, &c.

other; a week.

WART adj. Sixty-eight.

45444 adj. Seventy-eight.

with adj. Twenty-eight.

षठानवे adj. Ninety-eight.

Various, of different kinds.

चढावन adj. Fifty-eight.

षठासी adj. Eighty-eight. ्

षठ ली s. f. Stone of fruit.

out of its place, unanswerable, irrefragable. [nacy.

মত্ত f. Contention, contrariety, obsti-

মত্ব s.f. A manufacturing town.

भड़ गा s. f. A mode of wrestling with the feet; an obstacle. [tion.

ऋड्चन s. m. Slight ill-health, indisposi-

মঙ্হল s.m. Petulance, refractoriness.

आइतचा s. m. Defence, protection.

স্থাৰ v. n. To stop, hesitate. ar karna.
To stop, be obstinate (as a horse).

आ इवंगा adj. Crooked, uneven.

आइवड् ग s. m. Foolish actions.

मुड्बड् गी adj. Inconsiderate.

अहबड़ s. m. Words without meaning. adj. Uneven, rugged. arbar karná. v. a. To speak inconsiderately or without meaning, to rave. talk absurdly, babble.

ऋ इवड़ी adj. Rugged, rough, uneven.

अइबद s. m. A cloth worn by Hindus, passing from the waist between the thighs and fastening behind.

सहया adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish. पहरत s.f. Agency, commission, sale by

commission.

चड़दर s. m. A kind of grain.

भड़ा adj. Refractory, jibbing (a horse).

चड़ाड़ा e. m. High steep banks of a river or tank.

one thing to another, s. m. Name of a tune.

মধ্যনী s. f. A large fan or parasol. মহিলাল adj. Obstinate.

Digitized by Google

बहुना adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish; restive. [adhenatoba and ganderussa). चडरा s. m. A medicinal plant (Justicia खड़े पाना v. n. To protect, to become a protection.

खडेंच s. f. Enmity.

भड़ोल adj. Not capable of being shaken or moved; immovable, fixed, unshaken. अडोसपडीस s. m. Neighbourhood.

ऋदंखिया s. m. Commission agent.

खादाइ adj. Two and a half; or when used with a noun of number, twice and a half the aggregate number. s.f. A full gallop.

ऋदिया s. f. A wood vessel.

अद्भ s. f. Check, stumbling block. चढ़कना v. n. to trip, To Stumble.

खड़ैया s. m. 21, two and half seers.

खाणि s. m. The edge or point of a sharp weapon.

ऋषिमन ) s. m. A superhuman faculty; the subtle and invisible state assumable by austere devotion and the performance of magical rites, or as possessed by a deity.

भयो s. f. The point or edge of any sharp instrument (as, of an arrow, spear, ýc. ). minute. आप s. m. An atom. adj. Atomic, small,

चढना v. n. To be contained, to be tightened, to be filled up, (a well, tank, [ into.

चार्याना v. a. To make contain, to cram आस्टा s. m. A ball, a marble. antaghar, s. m. A billiard-room.

ख्याकोडो s. f. A cord with which cattle are tied neck and heels.

कारहाचित adj. Unlucky.

चाकताना v. a. To twist, writhe. v. n. To swagger, strut, give one's self airs, walk affectedly. [ garis); an egg. प्राप्त 8. m. Palma christi ( Ricinus vul-

s. m. A testicle, or the scrotum: स्रोड∫ semen genitale.

कारकोष s.m. The scrotum, the testicles. rupture, hernia.

चका adj. Oviparous, as, a serpent, a fiesh, a bird, a lizard. an egg.

चढा s. m. An egg. anda dena, To lay

s.f. Having testicles.

वाकेन adj. Oviparous, as, a serpent, (a bird).

चत्या adj. Powerless, without authority. जातन n. prop. Kamdeo, the god of love among the Hindus.

ञ्ज तन्

स्रतर s.m. Attar.

यात्रपित adj. Unsatisfied.

बातज s. m. A particular hell, or division of the infernal regions, the portion immediately below the earth.

स्रतस्पर्भ adj. Very deep, bottomless.

त्रतसी s.f. Flax (Linum usitotissimum).

ञ्जता s. m. Father. [gratis.

खतार्थ s. m. f. One who sings and dances खित prep. Over, beyond (in point of time, place or degree), gone by, passed over, exceeding, surprising, very, over, much, very much, &c.; it implies general excess or pre-eminence. ade. Exceedingly.

कतिका adv. Much, excessively.

कानिकाय s. m. Name of a vulture in the Ramayán, brother of Jataiyu.

चातिकाल s. m. Delav.

स्रतिगस्य s. m. The sixth of the twentyseven astrological yogs or periods.

चातिनति adv. Very much, very great. चित्रम s. m. A fragrant grass, lemongrass (Andropogan schenanthus). खतिगर्बित adj. Arrogant, proud.

Digitized by Google

কৰিব্য adj. Very secret, closely hidden or concealed. [sion. বিষিদ্ধ adj. Disgusting, causing averবিবাৰ s. m. The passage of a planet from one zodical sign to another, in a shorter than common period.

चित्रागर adj. Very wakeful, restless. s. m. The black curlew.

चित्रीच adj. Very old. [ or acrid. चित्रीच adj. Very pungent, sharp, hot, चित्रच s. m. A guest, pilgrim, stranger, person entitled to the rights of hospitality. atithi-krid, s.f. Service of a guest, hospitality.

चतिविपास s. m. He who serves guests. चितिवार s. m. Faith.

चित्राचा s. f. Guest chamber or hall. चित्रियेग s. f. Service, attendance on a guest.

स्रविदाय s. m. Munificence. [mation. स्रितदाप s.m. Great heat; violent inflam-स्रितदोव adj. Very poor, in great want. स्रितदेव s. f. Great difficulty or distress. स्रितद्वय adj. Very arduous, very diffi-

चारित्र s. m. A great distance, a far off.

स्त्रतिदीष s. m. A great fault. स्त्रतिपराक्षम s. m. Great power.

क विपातन s. m. A heinous sin.

चित्रान s. m. Excessive drinking in चित्रान odj. Excessively pure stainless.

चविषका ady. A great talker, a babbler. चविषच adj. Strong, powerful.

There adv. Frequently.

विवेत ado. or adj. Much, excessive, unlimited, frequently.

चितमार s.m. A great or excessive burden.

- चितिबीम्ब edj. Very worthy.

चितिक adj. Excessive, exceeding.

Talls s. m. Consumption (phthisis

pulmonalis).

খনিবলা adj. A great talker, a babbler.
খনিবিলা s. m. A fierce elephant. adj.
very fierce, very formidable; hard,
difficult.

[duing poison.
খনিবিলা adj. Antidate exceeding or only

पतिषय adj. Antidote, exceeding or sub-पतिषय s. f. A tree used in medicine, the bark is also used in dyeing; it is of three kinds, white, red, and black (Atis or Betula).

चतिवत adj. Very powerful.

ৰনিহনি s.f. Great power.

चित्रतिता s. f. Heroic, valour, prowess. चतित्रय adj. Much, excessive.

चित्रपार adj. Excessively cold. [lation. चित्रपार s. m. A hoare, a great accumuचित्रपार s. m. Diarrhea or dysentery. atisárki, adj. Dysenteric. atisári. adj. Afflicted with dysentery; cathartic.

चित्रास s. m. A horse-laugh, violent laughter.

चतीत s. m. A wonderer, pilgrim, a mendicant among Hindus. adj. Past, elapsed. [tense.

षतीतवास s. m. (In gram.) The preterite षतीस s. m. A medicinal root.

चतीतार s. m. Dysentery.

चतीच adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull, obtuse. atikshntá, s.f. Bluntness.

चतुज } odj. Not weighed, incapable of being weighed; unequalled, unparalleled.

ৰহম adj. Unsatisfied, restless.

অত্যি s. f. Insatiableness, voraciousness.

चतेजा adj. Dark, dim, dull. s. m. Insignificance, feebleness, imbecility.

चलन adj. or adv. Much, very much, excessive, great.

चलक adj. Very small, very little.

বিষাকার s. m. Deviation from prescribed observances, contemning religious and moral laws.

चलाचारी adj. Transgressing.

चवावद्यक adj. Indispensably necessary, very requisite, of great importance.

adv. In this place, here, herein.

we conj. (inceptive or premising particle used to introduce a remark, question, affirmation, &c.,) Thus, so, then, hence, further, now, moreover, henceforth.

चयक adj. Unwearied, untired, insensible of fatigue.

चयवन s. m. The fourth Ved.

चयन adj. Unsteady, unstable, wavering. चयन conj. Or.

খবা adj. Deep, unfordable, unfathomable, out of man's depth.

for counsel, or to converse and amuse themselves. [fathomable.

ৰাজ adj. Bottomless, very deep, un-ৰাজ dj. Unstable, unsteady, wa-ৰাজিব vering.

चर adj. Half, ad-pakká, Half-ripe.

মহলবা s.m. A cloth for carrying things in, a covering.

चहिल्ला adj. m. Half-blown (a flower, yc.). चहिल्ला adj. m. Half-open.

चदगङ्का adj. m. Half-driven (as a stake). चदक adj. Unpunished. s. m. impunity.

चदत्त adj. Not given. [ (a female).

ব্দা adj. f. Not given in marriage অহসৰ s. m. Act of being born or of springing up (as plants from seed),

birth, production.

चदम्या } adj. m. Half-dead.

बह्या adj. Unfeeling, unmerciful, destitude of pity.

বংশ | odj. Unseen, unforeseen. s. m.
The Causal and unforeseen danger, fortune, luck.

बद्धन s.m. Disappearance. adj. Invisible. बदरसा s.m. A kind of very fine muslin; a kind of sweetmeat. मदलबदल ) s. m. Exchange, alter-मदलाबदला } ation.

पद्यावद्या करना v. a. m. To exchange, or barter; confuse, displace.

चदली बदली करणी v. a. f. To exchange, or barter; confuse, displace.

बहरान ) s. f. Braces for tightening the tape of a bedstead.

पट्डन s. m. Water set to boil for dressing victuals.

बदाता } adj. Illiberal, avaricious, बदानी } stingy.

with s. f. The proper name of the mother of the gods.

षदिति नद्भ 8. m. A deity.

षद्न s. m. An unlucky day.

ৰহিছ s. m. Misfortune, fate.

चह्य adj. Invisible, unseen.

সম্ভ adj. Uuseen, unforeseen. •

মন্ত্ৰী s. f. Half a damree ( a small coin), half a piece of cloth.

षहीत } adj. Without splendour.

चदौरी s. f. A kind of food eaten by Hindus.

was odj. Surprising, wonderful, admirable. s. m. Surprise, astonishment.

আহল s.f. Ginger, in an undried state (Amonum zinziber).

चाइको s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

बहोष s. m. Mildness, moderation, the absence of tyranny and oppression.

चड़ी की adj. Innocuous, mild.

चन्द adj. Quiet, tranquil, free from strife चन्नाय s. f. Braces for tightening the

tape of a bedstead.

चितीय adj. Peerless, matchless, unequalled; only, sole withont a second.

चारेष adj. Harmless, not malicious.

भदेषी adj. Harmless, inoffensive.

चयः prep. Down, downwards, below ( in

place, rank or degree); the reverse of उत्त ut.

च्याप (in comp.) Half.

ৰাণ s.m. Palsy affecting one side or half the body; hemiplegia. adhang márna, to strike with palsy. [sied; paralytic. আঘৰী adj. Affected with hemiplegia, pal-আঘৰ বা adj. m. Half-dressed victuals.

भवाषां s. f. A pain affecting half the head; a nut of areca shaped like a hemisphere (so named, probably, from two kernels being contained in one shell: and to such a nut the virtue crais sibed of curing the disease of the same name).

अध्वर ) s. m. Half the tax or duty of आध्वरी sany kind (the other half being remitted).

अध्यक्ष adj. m. Half-spoken, half-uttered. अध्य } adj. Poor, destitude, indigent.

ख्यभी } asy. roor, destitude, indigent.

चापका odj. Half-ripe. [master.

चायपत s. m. A prince, a commander, a द्यायगा adj. Half-made, half-prepared.

वाधवर odv. Half-way, in the middle.

अधनीय adv. In the middle.

काषम adj. Inferior, low, mean, vile, despicable, wretched, contemptible.

भाषस्या } adj. Half-dead.

खार adj. Low, inferior, below; low, vile. s. m. The lip, the lower lip; pudendum muliebre.

tween heaven and earth. adj. Suspended, separate, at a distance. adv.

In the middle:

कारमा s.m. A half piece of cloth; a sort कारायत s.m. The moisture, honey or nectar of the lips.

अप में s. m. Injustice, irreligion, un-

righteousness, impiety, immorality, sin, crime. adj. Unjust, impious.

अधर्मेचारी adj. Unrighteous, wicked.

काधमेता s. f. Unrighteousness.

अधर्भपना s. m. Injustice, crime.

अधर्मिष्ठ adj. Very wicked.

कापनी adj. Unjust, wicked, unrighteous, sinful, criminal, immoral, impious,

खाधवन adj. Half of any thing.

अधवाड s.f. A half (generally applied to pieces of cloth).

खाधान s. m. Oils, unguents.

अवार } s. m. Food, aliment, victuals, nourishment, support.

अधार्मिक ody. Unjust, unrighteous, wicked. अधारीसी s. f. Pain affecting the half of the head, hemicrania.

with prep. Over, above, upon; it implies superiority (in place, quality or quantity), and is the reverse of wy ap.

ৰণিক adj. Exceeding, excessive, greater, more than, most, additional, extra, augmented.

पधिकता s.f. Excess, addition.

ৰিকাই s. f. Increase, augmentation, abundance, excess; oppression.

मधिकाना v. a. To augment, increase.

an estate; the bearing of royal insignia, dominion, possession, authority, rule, title, a right, a privilege, an inheritance.

पधिकारो adj. Possessing a right, title, or privilege. s. m. A proprietor, a master, an owner, one invested with power and authority, a ruler, a director.

पश्चित s. m. A superintendant in general; an inspector of receipts and disbursements, an auditor of public accounts.

s. m. An owner, a lord, or चिथिय } चिथियति } master; a king.

चित्रांस s. m. Fleshy excrescences on the eye, cancer of the eye.

चित्रास s. m. An intercalary month, formed of the aggregate days omitted in reckoning the luner year.

ৰ্ঘিয়াৰা v. a. To halve, to divide.

पिराज s. m. A great or supreme king, superior prince, a sovereign, an em-

चाधिराव्य s.m. Empire, supreme sway.

चित्रे । adj. Obedient, submissive. humble, docile, subject to the control of another, subservient; dependant.

चधीनता s. f. Submission, obedience, obsequiousness, servility, humility, servitude, subjection, dependance, slavery.

च्यीनी s. f. Submission, humbleness, obsegniousness; petition.

चरीर adj. Confused, perplexed : unsteady (lit. or met.); impatient, hasty, precipitate, irresolute.

चधोरव s. m. Confusedness, perplexity, unsteadiness. adj. Perplexed, confused, unsteady, impatient,

प्रधी जो ødj. Confused, perplexed. चथीओं 🛭

चधीरता s. f. Haste, precipitation, irrefickleness, unsteadiness. want of firmness; confusion, perplexity, impatience.

चधीवर s. m. An emperor, a king paramount over all the neighbouring princes.

चप्रा adj. Half-ready, half-dressed; immature (a fatus); unfinished. adhura jano, v. n. To miscarry (a female).

चथेड़ adj. Middle-aged, just past the prime of life (applied most frequently

[small coin). to women). चिता s. m. Half a piece or paisa (a षधेली s.f. Half a rupee.

परेंचे adj. Unsteady, feeble, irresolute. परियां s.m. Instability, want of firmness.

चारीतर s. f. A fine kind of cloth.

पधीस adi. With the head downwards (as the Hindus practice in the tupusya), looking downwards, drooping the head (from grief or shame); headlong; inverted, turned upside down. [kind). પ્રાથમ ક. f. Half a hide (of a thick strong चध्यन s. m. Study, reading, especially of the sacred books; one of the six duties of a brahman.

was s. m.: A master, a lord, a chief, a governor, a superintendant.

च्याना v. a. To halve, to divide.

प्रधापक s.m. A teacher, one who instructs in the sacred books.

चध्यापन s. m. Instructing, teaching the sacred books.

क्षाय s. m. A section, or division of s book; a chapter, or lecture of the Ved; a chapter, a lesson.

A prefix of negation, privation or diminution, used properly before words beginning with a vowel only, w being adopted bofore consonants: in Hindee. however पन frequently occurs with consonants; so, पनका anant. चनदेचा andekhá.

चनचाना v.n. To be angry, or displeased, to be peevish; or fretful.

ady. Unwrought unformed; uneducated; unlicked. unpolished, unfinished, unset (as a ring on jewel). angarhi bat, Inconsistent or ill-arranged speech.

) adj. Uncounted, innumer-चनमचित able, numberless, count-चनगियत चनगिचती 🕽 less.

অসমিতা adj. Uncounted, numberless, engine makind. The eighth month of a woman's pregancy.

चनविननी adj. Countless, unnumbered. चनव adj. Sinless, innocent.

ৰাণ্য adj. Not desired. [unawares. বুলাৰন adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly, বুলাৰা adj. Unknown, strange.

चनचेत s. m. A valuation of standing crops.

चनहोदा adj. Unpared (as fruit, &c.), unlicked, rude, awkward, boorish.

चनजना adj. Unborn.

चनलख s. m. Victuals and food.

चनजा adj. Unburnt.

चन्त्रस s. m. Infamy.

पनमान ødj. Unwitting, unintentional, not knowing, ignorant. s. m. A stranger.

भवताना adj. Unknown, ignorant.

क्रमानी s.f. Ignorance, negligence.

चनवाने adv. Ignorantly, not knowing, unwittingly. [thing will grow. चनजाना adj. Barren (land) in which no- चनर s. m. Injustice.

चनत adv. Elsewhere; another, other. चनदेखा adj. Unseen, invisible.

चनहाई s. m. Miserly, avaricious.

जनहाता s. m. Benefactor, food-giver.

जनवीन adj. Independent.

चनधाया adj. Unwashed; unclean.

leas, eternal; infinite, innumerable.
s.m. A name of the serpent said to support the earth; a name of Vishnu; name of several plants; a cord with fourteen knots, which the Hindus tie on their arm on the 14th day of Bhadon sukl-puksh, which is sacred to Vishnu, and called anant-choudus.

चनचता s.f. Eternity. [quantity. चनचरात्र s.f. (In arithmetic) Infinite

चननदप adj. Multiform.

चननवात s. m. Rigidity or paralysis of the muscles of the face and neck.

খননা adj. Unbounded, infinite, eternal. s. m. Immortality; eternity; infinity.

चनपदा adj. Illiterate, uninformed.

चनपत्य adj. Childless, having no progeny.

चचपतीत s.f. Absence of knowledge, certainly or conviction.

जनपरतीती a. Unfriendly; unbelieving, faithless. [sinless.

चनपराध s. m. Innocence. adj. Innocent, चनपराधी adj. Innocent, sinless.

चनपावन करों. Unclean, unpure.

चनपेच adj. Diśregarding, unheeding.

बनपेबा s.f, Carelessness, indifference, disregard. [understanding.

चनवनाव s. m. Discord, dissension. mis-चनवियाचा adj. Unmarried.

भनवेथा adj. Unbored. unperforated.

स्रगवीख adj. Silent, speechless, mute.

चनभच s. m. Ill fortune, bad luck.

भगभला s. m. Not good, bad.

चनभाई s.f. A maiden, virgin, spinster. चनभाया Unmarried, hence, m. A batche-

चनिम्ञ s. m. Not aware, ignorant.

चनभिकाष s. m. Indifference, absence of desire.

चनभिलाषी adj. Indifferent.

lor.

प्रमाना m. } adj. Thoughtful, agitated, प्रमानी f. } regretting, out of humour.

sad, troubled in mind, dissatisfied, displeasing, vexed, sickly.

বৰ্ণনিজ s. m. Heterogeneous, discordant; not agreeing to indisposed towards,

धनभेज adj. Dissimilar. m. Estrangement. धनभोज s. m. Priceless, invaluable, beyond price.

खनयम s. m. Infamy.

**3—3** 

चनवास adv. Without trouble, easily.

चनरस s. m. Want of flavour or enjoyment; disgust, nauseousness, coolness or misunderstanding between our. friends.

चन्तीत s.f. Unmannerliness, illbehavi-चनरीति s. f. Non-compliance with the rules of good manner or behaviour, unceremoniousness, irregularity.

चार्च adj. Unmeaning, fruitless, abortive; absurd, improper nonsensical.

খাৰল s.f. Fire; a plant ( plumbago zeylanica and rosea ).

चनवट s. m. A ring furnished with little balls and worn on the great toe.

चनवधान adj. Careless, inattentive. s. m. Inadvertence, inattention, carelessness.

चनवधानता s.f. Inadvertence, inattention. चनवसर adj. Occupied, busy, having no leisure; unseasonable; inopportune. s. m. want of leisure or opportunity; unseasonableness, inopportuneness.

খৰৰ্থা adj. Unstable, unsteady; incontinent. s. f. Instability, absence of fixed state or condition; uncertainty, doubt; incontinence, dissoluteness.

चन्त्रिया adj. Uneducated, illiterate.

स्वन्यर Not perishing, imperishable, immortal.

खनगन s. m. A fast, fasting.

Not understood, ष्मनसम्भा adj. knowing.

कानसम्भा s. m. Not understanding or knowing; not understood.

ख्रवस्थान adj. Unmixed, separate.

अगस्य adj. Unlearned. [ taught.

भनसीखा s. m. Illiterate, unlearned, un-

धनस्ना adj. Unheard, not noticed, disregarded. ansuni karná, v. n. To pretend not to hear (what is spoken); to disregard. [regarded.

चानसूनी s.f. Unheard, not noticed, dis-

चानस्या s. f. Name of the wife of Atri, Rishi's father one of the 7 Chandra. [lity.

चनस्यार s. m. Absence of pride, humi-भनइकारी adj. Humble, not proud.

चनिह्न adj. Without affection, an enemy. s. m. Unfriendliness, disaffection, hostility.

अन्हित् adj. Inimical, unfriendly, unfamiliar, hence in an enemy.

व्यवसोना, adj. Not to be, impossible.

चानहोनी adj. Impossible.

भनाकार adj. Shapeless, without form.

খনালা s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

चनागत adj. Not come, not yet arrived, चनागय adj. Unapproachable; inaccessible; unobtainable.

चनाचार s. m. Improper conduct, irreligion, neglect of moral or religious observance. adj. Immoral, ill-behaved, indecent. [ decent.

चनाचारी adj. Immoral, indecorous, in-चनाज s. m. Grain.

चनाडो adj. Unskilful, clumsy, artless, awkward. inexpert. s. m. f. A novice, bungler, simpleton.

चनात्र adj. Well, vigorous, free from sickness or pain.

चनाच adj. Husbandless, without a protector, lord or master, without chief or sovereign; helpless.

चनाद्र s. m. Disrespect; affront.

चनादि adj. Without beginning, eternal as it respects beginning, unborn. uncreate.

चनादिल s. m. Eternity.

भनायास s. m. Ease, facility, adj. Easy.

पनार m. A pomegranate.

चनारपन s. m. Silliness, clumsiness, inexpertness, ignorance, awkwardness.

चनारी m. A simpleton, stupid, novice.

MATTER s. m. Abstinence, starvation.

चनाहारी adj. Fasting. [ wish or desire.

चिन्छ। s. f. Indifference, absence of

wind adj. Not for ever; frail, perishable, transient, not everlasting, transitory, temporary, fugitive.

चनित्रता s. f. Transient or limited existence.

আৰিছ adj. Awake, sleepless.

चनिद्धत adj. Irreproachable.

चानपुष adj. Unskilled, unskillful.

শালিকর odj. Unobstructed, unrestrained.

चनिर्चय s. m. Uncertainty.

चनिसंस odj. Dirty, foul.

चानिमा \ The superhuman faculty of चानिमा \ becoming a point or particle
(as possessed by a deity) too small
for human perception.

चनिवंचनीय adj. Not fit to be spoken; चित्रंच (indescribable, indefinable.

ম্পিল s.m. Wind, breath, air, considered as a deity.

पनिवारित adj. Unchecked, unimpeded, unopposed, unforbidden.

মানিছ adj. Unprohibited, unforbidden.
মানিছ adj. Undesired, ominous, evil, bad,
unlucky.

[ ness.

প্ৰবিষ্যা s. m. Unsteadfastness, unsteadi-প্ৰবী s. f. The point or edge of any sharp instrument (as, of an arrow, spear,&c.)

মনীকিনী s.f. An army, a host, forces; a certain force. 1-10th of an akshou-hini, consisting of 2187 elephant, and as many cars, 5661 horse, and 10.935 foot.

चनीति s. f. Rudeness, unpropriety, injustice, unmorality.

ঘণীনী s. m. Unmannerly, rude, boorish.

অনু prep. After (in time, place, rank and degree), according to, in imitation of; it is the reverse of মান abhi.

चनुकचन, m. Speaking concurrentl .

षतुक्या s. f. Tenderness, compassion, pity.

মনুজ্ব adj. Co-inciding, friendly to, assisting, acting in concert with, favourable or conformable to.

चन् क्लता s. f. A co-incidence, a being in concert, a concert, concord, good will, consent.

with adj. Not spoken, not told, not mentioned. s. m. A trope. [a series.

चनुक्रम s.m. Order, method, a succession, चनुक्राच s. m. A creek.

भनुग adj. Following, succeeding. s. m.f. A follower, a servant, a dependant.

মনুষন adj. Gone after, dependent on, attached to.

भनगमन pres. part. Following, pursuing. भनगमी adj. Following, consequent upon, devoted to, imitating. s. m. A companion, a follower; one who goes behind or after.

will s. m. Favour, grace, kindness, indulgence; conferring benefits, promoting good, and preventing ill.

ঘরুৰ s. m. A companion, a follower, a servant, an attendant.

भनुषरी s. f, A female companion.

খনুবিন adj. Unfit, improper, unbecoming. খনুস adj. Younger, junior. s. m. A younger brother. [ tion.

भनुजा s. f. Permission, command, order, dismission, younger sister.

अन्याची adj. Following after, succeeding according to.

খারা s. f. An order, command, injunc-খারবাব s. m. Repentance, regret, remorse.

चनुतापी adj. Penitent, regretting.

चनुतारा s. m. A satellite.

चतुमर adj. Unable to answer, silent, without reply.

चनुद्दिन adj. and odv. Every day...

चनुनासिक odj. Nasal, uttered through the nose.

चनुपल s.m. A second (of time).

चनुपस्थित odj. Not ready, not present.

भन्पद्दी बर्गु. Known, recognized, hence. m. An acquaintance a person known.

षतुपान s. m. A fluid vehicle (in medicine); or that which is swallowed after the medicine. [observant, following.

चन्यतीं s. m. A deputy, attached to, चनुवसी adj. Connected with, attached.

चनुभन s. m. Apprehension, the exercise of the understanding independent of memory; comprehension, guess, inference, supposition, hypothesis, experience; result, consequence.

चनुभाव s.m. Dignity, authority, auspices.

चनुम्न व ij. Experienced, felt, guessed, perceived, indicated.

चनुमति s. f. An order, a command, permission, advice.

भनुमरच s. m. A widow's burning on a separate pile from her deceased hosband. [sis, logical conclusion.

चनुमान s.m. Inference, guess, hypothe-चनुरान s.m. Affection, love, passion, at-

tachment.

चनुरानना v. n. To be in love with.

जारानी part. act. Making friendship, loving, caressing. adj. Impassioned, in love.

ঘ্রাথা s. f. The 17th Nakshatrah or lunar mansion, designated by a row of oblations ( stars in Libra).

भृतस्य adj. Like resembling, corresponding with. s. m. Conformity.

মনুবাৰ s. m. The accomplishing of a desired object for another person, obligingness, service.

चन्य इ.m. A reply; repetition, tautology, interpretation, translation. वासन m. Advice, direction, precept, instruction; the giving rules for the acquisition of a science. [searching.

बनुस्था s. m. Inquiry, investigation, बनुस्था v.n. To follow, to be consequent

upon, to follow a person, to follow upon some previous circumstances.

according with. s. 78. Conformity to usage, &c. [or te

चन्तारी ady. Following; according with

racter or bindi.

चनुस्या f. The wife of Atri muni, one of the seven Rishis' father of Chandra.

चनुषर चनुषार s.m. Imitation, resemblance.

अनुभरना t. To imitate, resemble.

ৰৰুৱা adj. Rare, wonderful, uncommon (generally applied to things or animals).

चन्प adj. Incomparable, best.

चन्पन m: Incomparable, unprecedented.

ৰব্যাৰ. s. m. A fluid vehicle in medicine. ৰহৰা adj. Undebted, free from debt.

चन्त m. Untrue, false.

चनेच adj. Many, much, abundant.

चनेववाच adv. A long time.

जनेबद्ध adj. Multiform; of various kinds or sorts ; fickle of variable mind.

पनेकाविष adj. Various, of many kinds, in different ways.

पनेकाकार adj. Multiform.

चनेति s.f. Unmannerliness, rudeness.

चनेस Useless, worthless, bad.

भनेसे odv. Improperly, radely.

षनीचा adj. Rare, uncommon, wonderful (generally applied to man).

भनाना adj. Saltless.

चन:करच s. m. The understanding, the heart, the will, the conscience, the soul.
चनाः पाती adj. Included.

ৰব: y s.m. The queen's apartments, the inner or female apartments.

चना: बरीर s. m. The internal and spiritual part of man, the conscience, the soul. चन s. m. End, completion; death; a boundary, a limit; perdition, destruction, mind, heart. adv. After all, at last: in within, elsewhere, somewhere

चन s. m. Intelligence, news, account of. ৰৰ্শনাৰ s. m. Dying moment, hour of death. [mately. चानकी adv. At last in the end, ulti-বৰাস s. m. A shudra or man of low cast ৰেশ্বী ? s. f. Entrails, intestines, bowels, gut.

चनर adv. Within, between, amongst; without, except. s. m. Interval, intermidiate space; period term; difference; hole or rent; midst, the midst; the heart, the supreme soul. Other, similar.

चनरगति s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensation. adj. Forgotten. चनरङ्ग s. m. A relative, a near friend. चनरनात adj. Inborn, inbred. innate. चन्द्र adj. Internally bad, wicked, vile. चनारपट s. m. A curtain, a screen. चनरवेद n. prop. Name of the country

between the Ganga and Jumna rivers: the Doab.

चन्तरा adj. In the middle, among; near at hand; without, except. s. m. A verse, any verse of a song excepting the first.

चनरानप s. f. A tertian ague. चनरापन adj. f. Pregnant. चनराच s. m: Included space. चनरिया s. f. A tertian ague. प्रकारित adj. Inward, internal. चनारिच s.·m. The sky or atmosphere.

चनरो s. f. Entrails, intestines, bowels, gut. antriyan jalna, To be very hunTo be very hungry: (lit. The belly repeating, There is but one God). antri ka bal kholna, To eat a bellyful after starving. antriyon men ag lagna, To be very hungry.

चन्दीप s. m. A promontory, a headland, a cape, as, Kumari antarip, Cape Comorin.

चनरीच s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight.

चनजामी adj. Pervading the inward parts, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity).

चनदीर s. m. A private door within a चनार्जान s. m. A disappearing a vanishing a way; profound inward meditation. adj. Out of sight, vanished, disappeared, concealed.

चनपेंट s. m. A curtain, a screen.

चनर्माव s. m. Internal or inherent nature or disposition.

चनार्भेत adj. or adv. In the midst. चननेनस adj. Sad, perplexed.

चनवांनी adj. Pervading the inward parts. heart-searching or pervading, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity).

चनवेंबी s.f. A pregnant woman.

चनावेंदी s. f. The name of a country, the Doab, or country between the Ganga and Jumna rivers.

चित्र odj. Final, ultimate.

चनाव s. m. A shudra or man of the fourth tribe. fourth tribe.

चनाज्य है. m. A. man of the shudra or चनाजनानी s. f. A woman of the shudra or fourth tribe.

चनावर्ष s. m. f. A man or woman of the shudra or fourth tribe.

चनाहित s. m. Profound meditation.

चना adv. Last, lowest. gry. antriyan hul-huwallah parhna, | भन s. f. The entrails, the bowels, the चन्द्रेश s. m. Thought, meditation, care, concern.

was. m. Darkness. adj. Blind.

प्रकार s. m. Darkness.

भशक्ष s. m. A blind well, one of which the mouth is hidden or overgrown by weeds.

चन्त्रसम्ब s.m. Great darkness.

चन्नता s. f. Blindness.

ৰম্ভা } adj. Blind, dark, dim. andhlapan, s. m. Blindness, intellectual blindness, acting as if one were blind.

पश्चियारा adj. Dark.

wiolence, tumult outrage, tyranny, oppression; darkness. andher karna, v. a. To act unjustly, tyrannize, to oppress.

पर्यश adj. Dark, blind s. m. Darkness. पर्यशे adj. f. Dark. s. f. Darkness.

चने री कीटरी s. f. A dark room; the belly, womb.

भन्न s. m. Food, victuals, grain, corn.

Hindoos, (in commencement of Krishna's sacrifices, on the day following.

बाजन है s. m. Victuals and drink; support, maintenance, subsistance.

चन्नदाता s. m. Benefactor, supporter.

The name of a goddess, the Ceres of the Hindus.

चन्नामन s. m. The ceremony of giving a child khir or milk and rice for the first time when six months old.

उद्भारत s. m. Chyle.

स्त्रद्वीन adj. Destitude of food, needy.

खाता s. m. The husband of a nurse.

ब्बज़ी s. f. A nurse or famale attendant on a child.

बनोल } adj. Discordant, heteroge-बनियल } neous.

चाना adj. Invaluable, beyond price.

खन adj. Another, other, different.

स्वन्य s.m. Another birth, regeneration.

स्वत adv. Elsewhere, in another place.

चन्या adv. Otherwise, in a different manner, inaccurately, untruly. adv. Contrary.

सामानस् adj. Fickle, versatile, absent.

क्षाय s. m. Injustice, outrage, impropriety.

खनायी adj. Unjust, oppressive, lawless. खनीय adj. Reciprocal, mutual.

बाब्य s.m. Race, lineage; interpretation, making out the natural order or connexion of poetical style.

खन्ति adj. Connected with, joined possessed of, fraught with, inherent in.

बान्वेषण s. m. Inquiry, search, research. बान्वेषो adj. Searching, inquisitive.

सन्दर्भागा v. a. To wash, bathe, cause to bathe.

का नहान s. m. Bathing.

आन्दाना s.m. To bathe, to wash.

सन्होन्हार adj. Hopeless, unpromising ; improbable.

कान्होना adj Imposible.

सप prep. Under, below (denoting inferiority, secrecy, disappearance, slyness, &c.); ill, amiss, bad; the reverse of पणि athi.

चपंग s. m. Infirm.

चापंच s. m. A wrong or bad road, a devi ous track; heresy.

आपंधी adj. One who has lost his way; devious; heretical.

अपेपा s. m. One's self ( used in the accu. sative case only), as, apampa bachána, To guard or protect one's self.

द्यपक adj. Unripe. [tion, wickedness. द्यपक में s. m. A mean or unworthy ac-

चारकण्ड s. m. An indelible disgrace.

आपदार s. m. A hindrance, a detriment, an injury.

चापतर adj. Bad, inferior, deteriorated. चपद adj. Raw, unripe, imperfect, im-

अपन्ता s. f. Immaturity.

mature.

अपनित s. f. Misdemeanour; ill repute, evil plight, forlorn condition.

चपचय s. m. Loss, detriment, waste.

अपकरा है s.f. A female dancer, or cour-चपनरा है tezan in Swarga or Paradise.

चपत्रस ई. m. Infamy, ignominy, dishonour.

अप त्रसी adj. Infamous, unfortunate.

जापटक odj. One whose hands and feet are become useless, paralytic.

able, uncouth; incloquent.

**■पटर s. m. Falsehood, fear, fear of one's** self.

প্ৰৱ } m. adj. Illiterate, ignorant.

अपृति s. f. Discredit, disgrace.

श्रपतिया adj. Faithless, treacherous.

चपतिवता adj. s.f. Unchaste (a woman); a courtezan.

चापल s. m. Offspring, male or female.

चप्य s. m. The want of a road; a bad road.

aqua adj. Indigestible, unwholesome.

चपनपी s. m. Family, relations, kin.

भाषा m. } pron. poss. Of or belonging भाषा f. } to self, own. apni yaona, To sing one's own praises, to egotize.

to convert or appropriate to one's own use. [kin.

भ्रपनायत s.f. Family, relations, kindred,

ब्यानम । adj. Absolute, independent.

खपबाह s. m. Complaint, accusation censure.

च्यपनिव adj. Unclean, defiled, impure.

अपभाषा s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene language.

खपशंत्र ) s. m. Common or vulgar खपशंत्र f talk, a vulgar term, ungrammatical language.

खपनान s.m. Disgrace, dishonour, affront, disrespect, contempt.

अपनानित adj. Disrespected, disgraced.

खपमानी adj. Disgraced, abased, dishonourable, disreputable. [ able.

ञ्चपमान्य adj. Disreputable, dishonour-

च्यपस्तु s. f. An inauspicious death, an untimely death, sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay.

[ dishonour.

क्षप्यम् s. m. Infamy, ignominy, disgrace,

क्रपयमी ødj. Infamous, unfortunate.

खपर adj. Another, other.

अपरंपार adj. Boundless, infinite.

ख्यप्राज्य s. m. Not a defeat; victory, invincibleness.

च्चपराजित adj. Unconquered, invincible, unerring, not vanquished,not defeated.

चपराजिता s.f. A twining shrub (Clitoria ternates); also a name applied to several plants. [gression, guilt, sin.

खपराध s. m. Offence, crime, fault, trans-खपराधी s. m. A criminal, sinner, offender, transgressor, one culpable.

of the day. (custom.

चपरिपाटी s.f. Deviation from established चपरिपात abj. Not measured; immoderate, unlimited.

অথথাত s.f. Want of trial or proof; an improper or insufficient trial of any thing.

आपर्ध s. m. The state of a Hindu after bathing, previous to worship or to

a sectorial mark or circlet on the fore-

THE eating, during which it is unlawful for him to touch any one; leprosy. चपत्रच s. m. A bad omen, bad sign. कापण्यका adj. m. Of a bad sign or suspicious appearance, unlucky, ominous. अपनान रे adj. Impudent, immodest, च्चपलच्यो ∫ shameless. कावलजा s. f. Impudence, shamelessness. चपत्रीम s. m. Disrepute, disgrace, dishonor, ignoming, infamy. चपवर्ग s. f. Salvation. चपवाद s. m. Complaint, reproach, accusation, censure, blame. खपवादी m. s. A complainer, an ac-खपवादिनी f. cuser. चप्वित adj. Unclean, defiled, impure, profane. स्पावित्रता s.f. Uncleanness, filth, impurity प्रभावता s. m. A. portent, a bad omen, any unlucky or inauspicious object. चापग्रह s. m. A. disagreeable sound. wind broken backwards, ungrammatical language [intelligible, not clear. च्चपष्ट alj. Hidden, secret; inevident, un-ख्यपदरा s. f. A female dancer or courtezan in Swargs or the hindu paradise. चापस्य s.m. Right (not left), the right side of the body. adj. Opposite, contrary. खपद्मार s. m. The epilepsy, falling sick-कापहरच s.m. A plundering, a purloin-

कापहर्ता s. m. A robber, a pluuderer, a

खबद्दात s. m. Denial, concealment,

Immaturity; indigestion.

tance or protection.

चव्यारी s. m. A plunderer, destroyer.

चपच adj. Without wings, without assis-

www edj. Wingless, unaided, without

चापाच adj, Unripe, immature, raw. s. m.

walk s. m. The outer corner of the eye:

a helper.

thief.

head, adj. Maimed, crippled. [wink. कापासदर्भेन s. m. A side glance, a leer, a च्यान adj. Incapable, unfit, unworthy s.m. An inferior or worthless person. अपादान s. m. The taking from a thing; (in gram.) the ablative case. [wards. ज्यपान s. m. The anus: wind broken back-ज्याप adj. Sinless, innocent, pure. खुपार adj. Boundless, unbounded, interminable, excessive, impassable. अपात्रन adj. Defiling, polluting, impure. चापायय adj. Helpless, destitute: खपाइन odj. Lazy, cripple; a person who never visits any one. चपीड़ adj. Without pain. खपीन adj. Light, lean. ख्यपौनस s. m. Dryness of the nose, want of the pituitary secretion and loss of smell, cold. [ ( liquor ). चापीय adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden agu adj. Tailless. बापुच्छा s.f. A tree (Dalbergia Sisu). Tyes.m. Uncharitableness. adj. Wick-[freputable son. ed, bad. खपुष atj. Without offspring. s.m. A dis-खपुर्व adj. Impotent effeminate, unmanly. aye adj. Lean. eufua adj. Without flowers (a tree or plant), not bearing flowers, not in flowers. f verent. ख्यूत्रह adj. Ungodly, irreligious, irreaged adj. That which is not wor hipped, or is not a proper object of wo ship. चवृत adj. Childless; undutiful (child). ay adj. Not full, incomplete. s. m. A fraction. अपूर्वेदास adj. Premature. चपूर्वेता s.f. Incompleteness. चप्च adj. Unprecedented, unparalleled, eminent, excellent, uncommon, unheard of, new, admirable, remarkable, wonderful, extraordinary.

ing, waiting for.

चपेचा s. f. Expectation, hope.

बर्गेहत adj. Expected, waited for, wished, hoped. [pectant; looking to. बर्गची adj. Expecting, hoping, an ex-चरेच adj. Invisible, unseen. [(liquor). खरेच adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden खरेड adj. Final, decisive, irrevocable, not to be put aside.

कापोदम adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly.

समस्य adj. Unmanifested, unapparent. समस्य adj. Secret, private, hidden, not public or displayed, not manifest or evident.

जापन odj. Not violent, not strong or forcible, without dignity.

भवनाप s. m. Want of dignity or acuteness, of power or fortune; dullness, want of brilliancy. [nate. अप्रमापी adj. Blunt, powerless, unfortu-

क्याविष्ठा s. f. Want of respectability. ज्याविष्ठित adj. Dishonored, disgraced,

disesteemed. चत्रतात adj. Without credit.

चन्नती s. f. Want of confidence or of credit, mistrust.

पत्रवार क्यां. Imperceptible, invisible, not evident, secret, absent, not present.

प्राच्य s. m. Doubt, distrust, disbelief, incredulity, mistrust, unbelief.

चम्चवो adj. Doubtful, mistrusting, sceptical. [ crecy.

भाषा s.f. Deviation from custom, se-भाषान adj. Subordinate, secondary, mean, powerless. [dullness. भाषा s.f. Want of splendour; darkness,

want of spiendour; darkness, without proof, untrue, of doubtful authority.

प्रशीय adj. Unskilful.

प्रमुख adj. Ungracious, unfavourable,

displeased, dissatisfied, averse, unpropitious.

षप्रसाद s. m. Disfavour, disapprobation. षप्रसादी adj. That which is not presented

to the deity. [uncelebrated. ¬ries adj. Not famous, not well known;

भगाचीन adj. Modern, recent. भगात adj. Unobtained. sition.

षणाप्ति s.f. Non-attainment, non-acqui-षणामाणिक adj. Unauthentic, unauthori-

tative. [ proof or authority.

पप्रामाख s. m. Absence or insufficiency of पिय adj. Unamiable, not beloved, disagreeable, unkind, unfriendly.

प्रमोति s. f. Indifference, want of love, dislike, aversion, disgust, enmity, hatred, unfriendliness.

ष्मि स s. m. Want of love, aversion, hatred, enmity, dislike.

पकराई s. f. Gluttony, a surfeit.

भाराना v. a. To feed a person so that his belly swells; (met.) to give a person (money &c.) to the utmost extent of his desire.

चफनों ». n. To swell out ( the belly ), to gormandize, to eat to satisty; to become very rich.

ষদভ alj. Fruitless, barren, unfruitful; vain, unproductive, unprofitable.

चक्तता sf. Barrenness, unprofitableness. चक्तित adj. Not in fruit (a fruit tree).

चफीम } s.f. Opium,

भक्तिका adj. Self-conceited, obstinate. भक्ति adj. Without foam.

चव adv. Now, presently, just now.

भवका adj. m. } Of the present time, भवको adj. f. } now.

पनके adv. Now.

चनकेशी adj. Without fruit, barren (a tree). चनच adj. That which has not escaped.

चनतर्दे adr, Till now.

Digitized by Google

बन्तक बन्तिक yet, as yet, still.

चवतव adv. Presently. abtab hona, To be at the point of death.

भागें adv. From this time, henceforth. भागा s. f. The segment of the base of a triangle.

णानपूत s.m. One devoted to God but monies; a kind of hindu devotee who worships Siv.

कानम्ब adj. Not deserving death, not to be slain; sacred, inviolable.

चनी s.f. The earth, the world.

ज्ञवर्भो Yet, still, now, at once.

चवर s. m. A cloud, now, at present.

चन्दन s. m. Tale, mica. चन्द्र adj. Weak, feeble, infirm.

भवज्ञ, Picbald, party colored black and white.

चवरा odj. f. Weak, powerless. s. f. स्वलापन s. m. Womanliness, feminity.

भवलाई s.f. भवलापा s.m. } Weakness.

ৰাজী adj. Weak. s. f. A row, range, continuous line.

चन्त्रीकन s. m. Sight, seeing.

चन्त्र adj. Powerless, without choice,

खना वर्गे. Beyond one's control, pow-खन्म erless, impotent.

अवस् adj. Unreal, ideal, imaginary. भवसन adj. Without clothes, naked.

भवसे } Form this time, henceforth.

बर्स दूर (An expression of those who after reciting past misfortune,-pray to be preserved from a return of it,) Far be it from us !

आवर्षे हैं Even now, just now.

भवाक adj. Speechless, silent, dumb, भवान adj. Dumb, speechless. आवाधा True, unobstructed, unopposed. आवाद s. m. The near bank of a river,

দ্বি

its hither side.

ৰবিন্ধ adj. Hidden, unintelligible; an y invisible principle.

चाविक्र विषय s. f. Arithmetic of unknown quantities, algebra.

That adj. Changeless, enduring.

पविकास adj. Immovable, constant.

ৰাণিবৰ adj. Motionless, immovable, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

खादियार s. m. Want of consideration; injustice.

व्यविचारी m. d. adj. Destitute of con-व्यविचारिची f. sideration or reflection; unjust (woman or man).

स्विद्या s.f. Ignorance.

चित्रव s.m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission.

ৰবিৰাম s.m. Exemption from loss, safety. বৰিবামী adj. Safe, entire, free from loss; everlasting, eternal, undecayable, imperishable.

चिनीत adj. Wanton, pert, petulant.

पविन्दु adj. Without dot or nasal character.

चित्र s. m. Want of discrimination, indiscretion.

पश्चिता s.f. Indiscreetness, indiscre-पश्चित्रकी adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion.

भविरोध s. m. Without contention; tranquility, quietness.

चित्रीधी } adj. Quiet, tranquil.

चित्रस्य s. m. Quickness, diligence.

पवित्रास s. n. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity.

পৰিস্বাধী m.
পৰিস্বাধী f.
পৰিস্বাধী f.

आ विषेक s. m. Caste mark, bathing.

अविवन adj. Without desire, t. indifferen

चारी adv. Now, exactly now.

মৰ্দ্ধি s. f. Ignorance. adj. Ignorant, stupid.

च्यभौज Grain that does not germinate.

चनीर s. m. The red powder used at the Holi festival.

चन् विमान् adj. Unwise, ignorant, foolish.

चनुभ } adj. Stupid, foolish, ignorant, चनुभ } void of understadning.

ৰন্ধ & m. Void of or deficient in un-ৰন্ধ derstanding.

Holla! you fellow! you rascal! sirrah.

चनीय s. m. Ignorance, stupidity. adj.
Ignorant, stupid; puzzled, perplexed.

चबीधगव्य adj. Incomprehensible.

चनीय adj. Unintelligible.

चबीख adj. Silent.

williams. The nymphea or lotus; the moon; a coach; a tree ( Eugeniaacutangula); the physician of the gods; a large number, million of millions.

was s. m. The ocean.

चिन्नम् s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

चनामि s. m. Submarine fire.

মানা s. f. Want of desire or faith, disregard, indifference, not believing, not attached to.

चभिक्त s.f. Incredulity, unbelief, want of devotion to. [ to.

भातिमान् adj. Unbelieving, undevoted भाग adj. Fearless, undaunted. s. m. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum).

भगवान है s. m. Assurance of safety भगवान के or protection, encouragement. ; [lia citrina).

মধ্য s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Termina-মধ্য s. m. Jewels, ornaments, decoration. with adj. Without credit or respect or character, disgraced, dishonoured. abharam karna, v. a. To disgrace.

पभाग s.m. Misfortune, adversity.

चमाना m. चमानिन f. चमानिन f. चमानि f.

चमान्य s. m. Misfortune. adj. Unfortunate, wretched.

THIS adj. Light ( not heavy ).

энта s. m. Non-existence, nonentity.
a deficiency; annihilation, death.

ৰান prep. Before (in time and place), against, with respect to; (it is the reverse of খন).

पश्चित s.m. An incantation to destroy. पश्चित s.m. A division of time, the eighth मुद्देश or hour; the 21st constellation or lunar asterism.

यशिधान s. m. A name, an appellation ; a vocabulary, a dictionary.

प्रभिनव adj. Recent, new.

ৰ্ণিয় adj. Undivided. s. m. An integer, a whole number.

चित्राय s. m. Meaning, intention, design, wish, purpose, desire, scope, sentiment, opinion, sense; the main purport of a book.

uname; also, an opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

ৰামন adj. Subdued, defeated, humbled, africa adj. Approved, chosen; wished, desired; agreed, accepted; assented to. [ness, desirableness.

परिमास s. f. Desire, love; agreeable-परिमास s. m. Pride, haughtiness, schfconceit, arrogance.

व्यक्तिमानता 8. f. Pride, arrogance.

चिम्नानी } adj. Proud, haughty, av-पिम्नान्य } rogant, चांसनुस adj. Present, facing, in front of, approaching. adv. Towards; in front or presence of.

पिमुखसा s. f. Presence, proximity.

षिद्रा v. n. To quarrel, taangle, brawl.

चिमित्रेत s. m. Intended, designed.

कमिलाष m. ) s. Wish, desire, inclina-चमिलाषा f. ) tion.

पिलाषी adj. Wishing, desiring.

ম্পিবাহ s. m. Opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

चित्रादन s. m. Obeisance, a bow or prostration to a person addressed by name.

प्रामन्य s. m. Son of Arjun.

चित्र s. m. Beautiful, handsome, charming.

মনিষিক adj. Anointed to office, installed, imbued with, inaugurated.

with water or fluid substances for the bathing of the idol to which worship is offered.

चिमसार s. m. A. lover's appointment, assignation.

पशिसादिका s. f. A woman who makes or who goes to an assignation, a lewd woman.

मिसारिका adj. f. A woman who makes or keeps an assignation, a lewd woman.

चिमसारिणी f. } adj. Going to an ap-पिमसारी m. } pointment or assignation. অমী adv. Just now, exactly now, immediately, instantly, presently, already.

पमीत adj. Fearless, undaunted.

चभौति s. f. Fearlessness.

ঘনীৰ s. m. A man of the low herd caste.

चमोस्पित } odj. Beloved, desired, wished चभीष्ट for.

पम् adv. Hitherto, yet. [ not past. प्रमुत adj. Non-existent, not existing.

पभेद रे adj. Alike, indiscriminate, in-पभेद रे divisible, inseparable, impenetrable; known, public. s. m. A similarity; identity, absence of difference or distinction.

चभेरा s. m. Collision, impact, bump.

क्रभीग Unfit for use, unenjoyed, unpossessed.

षभोजी adj. Fasting. [able. सभोज्य adj. Unfit to be eaten, not eat. सभागत s. m. A guest, a visitor. adj. Arrived.

चथाच s. m. Study, meditation, practice. चभासी adj. Studious, practising, exercising, repeating. [talc.

ষয় s.m. The sky or atmosphere, a cloud, ষুদ্ৰন্ধ s.m. The mineral substance called talc.

चनकाढनका है s. m. Trifles, trifling; a चनकाधनका person of little estimation.

समस्य s. m. A disaster, a calamity, an evil omen, inauspiciousness, ill luck. adj. Inauspicious, unlucky, evil.

समब्द s.m. Parings of the mangoe dried in the sun.

षमनुष्य adj. Unmanly.

भमनुष्यता s. f. Unmanliness.

व्यमनीनीत adj. Disapproved; reprobate.

खननीयीग s. m. Inattention.

भमनीयीमी adj. Inattentive.

चननोहर adj. Disagreeable, displeasing, unattractive,

चम्मता s.f. Disinterestedness, indifference, stoicism.

चम् adj. Immortal, exempt from death, long-lived, everlasting; the Deity; the name of a Sanskrit lexicographer.

चमरता s. f. Immortality.

चनरपद s. m. The state of an immortal, immortality.

चमरलोक s.m. Heaven, the region of [ magnifera). immortality. THE e. m. The hog-plum (spondies चमराई s.f. A garden of mangoe trees. चमराक्ती s. f. The capital or celestial city of 氣張.

चमदत s. f. A guava (Psydium pyrife-चनवाद ) s. f. Disrespect, indignity, dis-भनर्थादा 🕽 honour, slight, affront.

THE s. m. Intoxication. adj. Pure, clean, bright.

ख्यमसदार s. m. One who has command. सम्बदारी s. f. Government.

चमलुतास s. m. Cassia fistula.

चनचपही s.f. A kind of stitching.

चनचिन adj. Clean, pure.

THIN s. m. A minister, counsellor, a senator, a statesman, an adviser.

चनाना v. a. To be contained, to go into. पमानी adj. Incredulous, inattentive; without pride, humble, modest.

adj. Incredible.

च्यमानुष s. m. Not human.

चानट s. m. The inspissated juice of the mangoe.

चमावस है s.f. The conjunction of the sun and moon, the change of the moon or day of new moon.

प्रामट adj. Indelible, not defaced.

चित odj. Unmeasured.

चमी s.f. The water of life, nectar.

चसुक adj. Such a one, a certain person. चमुख adj. Inferior, ordinary. [bodied. चान adj. Formless, shapeless, unemপৰ্ব adj. Destitute of a root or origin. चनत 8 m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar; immortality, any thing sweet, water, wine, a guava; final emancipation.

SE.

ऋरतवा s. f. Immortality. चनते adj. Nectarious. s. f. A kind of अमेधा s. m. Fæces, excrement.

मनीघ adj. Productive, fruitful; infallible, effectual.

चमील adj. Inaluable.

आब s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe tree. खन्त adj. Sour. [dulated. चन्ताना v. n. To grow sour, to be aci-चानर s. m. The sky or atmosphere; clothes, apparel; a perfume (Ambergris).

खालराई s. f. A mangoe orchard or grove. चन्दा 8. f. Mother.

ख्यारी s.f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel.

चिना s.f. A name of Bhawani wife of चिव्या s. f. A small unripe mangee. पम 8. m. Water.

अबन १ s.m. The lotus (Nymphæs चमीज ( nelumbo).

चनोच adj. Silent, speechless.

काषा s. f. Mother.

चदा s. m. The hog-plum ( Spondias magnifera). (rum) खदात s. m. A guava (Psydiumpyrife-

जुद्ध adj. Acid, sour. s. m. Sourness, acidity.

असता s. f. Sourness, acidity.

अवान s. m. Globe amaranth (Gomphrena globosa). adj. Clean, clear.

ख्यतन adj. Without endeavour, easy, without pains. not true. ख्रवणार्थ adj. Improper; unrighteous, अवन s. m. A road, a path, the half year, i. e. the sun's course north or south

of the equator.

आयम s. m. Dishonour, infamy.

खवाना adj. Ignorant, unknowing, witless, simple.

चायुक्त adj. Unfit, incompatible. s. m. Violence, oppression, compulsion.

चायुत adj. Ten thousand.

चयोग adj. Separate, disunited.

अयोग्य adj. Unfit, incompatible, incompetent, unable, unsuitable.

खयोग्यता s. f. Unfitness, unsuitableness, incongruity, improviety.

खबोध्या adj. Not to be warred against. s.f. The capital of Ram, the modern Oude.

s.f. The root of Arum colocasia.

भरकट s. f. Vigilance, activity, cleverness, ingenuity. [Arcot.

खरकाट s. m. A city in the Deccan, खरकाटो s. m. A pilot. adj. Belonging to arkat, or arcot.

ब्राचित adj. Unprotected, undefended.

खराना s. m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredients.

चरगजी adj. Dyed with arguja, ( as garments, &c. )

बारगा adj. Separate, apart, distinct.

चारगाई s.f. Being silent.

कारगाना v. a. To separate, put on one side. v. n. To be separated, set apart.

water.

TITE s. m. A vessel shaped like a boat for libation in Hindu devotions.

अर्घ े s. m. An oblation of eight in-अर्घ े gredients offered to a god or a brahman.

ब्रासना v. n. To be ravelled or intangled, involved (as thread or the hair, or, met the heart); to be bound (as in fetters, &c.); to quarrel without cause or unreasonably.

buffalo; cow dung found dried in the forest, (used as fuel by the native apothecaries in the preparation of medicines.

करणी s. f. A female wild buffalo.

tor-oil is made (Ricinus vulgaris or palma Christi). [Christi.

बास्त्री s. f. The truit of the Palm s

चरना v. n. To stop, hesitate.

चर्पना v. n. To present an offering.

confounded, perplexed. agitated, embarrassed.

भरिक s. m. The lotus (Nymphæa भरिक s. f. A species of Arum, the root of which is used for food (Arum co-locasis); called also, ghóyan, ghóo-yan, and in Bengal, kachchú.

षरस adj. Without juice, sapless, insipid, tasteless; dull, flat (as a composition).

ation, appraisement; a mediator, a broker. [eyes as if just awake.

भरती लेगेना adj. Having weak eyes, with भरहट s. m. An engine for raising water. भरहर s.f. A kind of pulse ( Cytisus ca-

jan). [country). খ্যালক adj. Destitute of a king (a

चराधना v. n. To worship, adore.

चरारा s. m. Marks of nails left after scratching.

परि s. m. An enemy.

(Melia azad-dirachta), a crow, good fortune, happiness, misfortune, sign or symptom of death.

भरी f. interj. (used in calling to or ad-

dressing, commonly in a disrespectfulway). Ho! O! hear, you!

चरोति s.f. Unpoliteness, incivility, bad manners.

ৰ conj. And. [from pregnancy. ৰন্ধ s.f. Sickness at stomach arising ৰন্ধ s.f. Sickness at stomach, nausea; aversion, dislike; want of appetite, disrelish, disgust.

चर्ण s. m. The sun; the dawn; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

भत्याई s.f. The dawn; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

भर्षोद्य s. m. The first appearance of the dawn, break of day.

व्यविषय 8. m. A ruby.

(Justicia adhatoda and gandarussa).

wit interj. (used in calling to or addressing, commonly in a disrespectful way), Holla ho! O! hear you!

चरेव s.m. Guilt.

चरींग adj. Free from disease, healthy, well. s. m. Health.

चरोगी adj. Well, in health.

was s. m. The sun; a plant (Calatropis gigantea), swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea).

चकेदिन s. m. A solar day.

चर्चमञ्ज्ञ s. m. The disc of the sun.

अप्रकृतिष s. m. A solar year.

पर्कांच s. m. A digit or twelfth of the sun's disc.

आक्रीसन s. rs. A crystal lens; a ruby. अकीपल s. m. The sun-stone; a ruby; a crystal lens.

चर्गेना s.m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredien's.

মন সী adj. Dyed with arguja (as garments, &c.).

र्चागनी s. m. A rope stretched, or a

wooden rod or bamboo placed horizontally for drying clothes on or for similar purposes.

of eight ingredients to a god or a brokman; act of pouring out water in honour of a deity (the sun moon &c.) while performing worship; price, value.

पार्च s. m. A vessel shaped like a boat, used by the Hindus for performing libation in their worship of idols.

वार्षक adj. Worshipping, a worshipper, an adorer.

with ceremony.s. f. Worship, the homage paid to deities and to superiors.

बार्ष s. f. Worship, adoration, an image. बार्ष s. m. Flame; light, splendour, radiance.

अधित adj. Worshipped, reverenced, respected, saluted. [quisition.

चर्जन s. m. Act of acquiring; gain. ac-चर्जना v. a. To gain, acquire.

खार्जन s. m. A celebrated hero, the third son of Pandu; a tree (Terminalia alsta glabra).

आपेंव s. m. The ocean.

चत्वा s. m. A patron, a protector.

wit s. m. Intention, object, design, motive; sake, cause; meaning, signification, acceptation; property, wealth, goods, riches, substance; request, begging. Tapasyarth, For devotion's sake, for devotional purposes.

पर्यशास s. m. The science which teaches how to obtain things, as friends, money, or any other object.

पर्वसिद्धि 8. f. Success.

चर्यात adv. That is to say, viz.

चर्चाना s. m. Another meaning.

पर्यो adj. Supplicating, craving, desir-

ons, the having an object to accomplish; self-interested, designing. s.m. A petitioner. s. f. A bier.

खर्बीया s. m. A follower, a client, a protégé, a person recommended.

पर्वा हाता. Coarsely- ground meal.

चव

षदींस s. f. Representation, offering to a deity.

पर adj. Half.

[circle.

स्रहेनद् A crescent, a half-moon, a semi-स्रहेमान s. m. A half.

चहेराव s.f. Midnight.

भहोंद्ध s. m. Half the body; palsy affecting one side or the upper or lower part of the body, hemiplegia.

षडोड़ी adj. One afflicted with the hemiplegia. s. f. A wife.

livering, entrusting; an offering; delivering, entrusting; an offering. Arpan karna, v. a. To present an offering, deliver, entrust.

चर्मना v. a. To present an offering.

पर्न adj. One hundred millions. Arb kharb, Innumerable.

waita adj. Low, inferior, vile. adv. Former, prior in time.

শন্ত্ৰ adj. One hundred millions.

पभंक s. m. A child, a pupil.

মাহা s. m. A long and prolonged sound (as from the discharge of artillery or the fall of a building).

sound as a mill: the word being an imitation of the sound).

स्क्रिपर्घ s. m. Partial bathing (throwing a very little water on the head with one's hand instead of bathing), sprinkling or aspersion; act of touching.

यहन s. m. A soogut or follower of the doctrines of Booddh.

ৰজমাৰ s.m. Orament (of dress), trinket, jewel: rhetorick.

चन्द्रम adj. Adorned, ornamented, embellished.

. पत

ner, entrenchments. Is along, On this side.

খালন s.f. A ringlet, carl or lock of hair. খালনগালো s.f. A stream that runs from the Himalaya mountains, and falls into the Ganges near Srinagar.

चलकाव लि s. f. A row of side curls.

चलचण s. m. A bad sign or ill omen.

प्रवची ody. Unfortunate, ill-fated.

ষ্ট alj. Invisible, unseen; a form ঘত্তম of salutation among a class of mendicants.

মানুর dj. Separate, apart, distinct, মানুর loose, aloof, aside, asunder; unconfined. Alag alag, adv. Separately. মানুরকার adv. Apart. [on. মানুর adj. Separate, apart, distinct, free, loose, unconfined. s.m. A

sandal.
ঘলনাই s. f. Separation. [one side.
ঘলনাৰ v.a. To separate, disjoin, put on
ঘলনাৰ s. m. Ornament (of dress), trinket, jewel; rhetoric.

vera adj. Adorned, ornamented, embellished. [ments.

মৰান্ত s. f. Side, way, corner, entrench-মাৰ্ড ব্ৰহ্ s. f. Trifling talk or employment.

चन्नतनी s. f. The rope round the neck of an elephant in which the driver puts his feet as in stirrups.

nated with the dye of lac ready to be used for dyeing, &c. (principally used by the Hindu women for staining their feet red).

पावनेलपना s. m. Foppishness, spruceness, airs and blandishments. चन s. m. Blandishments, coquetry, पार्वेचा adj. Artless, simple, innocent. s. m. A fop, a beau. [adequate to. चन alj. Enough, abundance; able, पार्चम Not to be attained, unattainable. पार्च s. m. Laziness, sloth, idleness, drowsiness, inactivity. adj. Lazy, idle, indolent.

चलपाना o.n. To doze, be drowsy; to slacken. [simum).

चलरी s. f. Linseed (Linum usitatis-चलाठ s. m. A fire brand.

বৰাৰ A chain, a chain for building an elephant to a post.

s.f. Prelude to singing.

over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

चनाव s. m. A bonfire.

चलावा adv. Besides.

an Indian cuckoo (Cuculus indicus),
a crow, spirituous liquor.

আৰিনি A female bee.

to be enamoured of the lotus. s. f.

A female friend.

thing displeasing or disagreeable.

adj. False, unpleasing.

That can not be written, that can not be taken account of.

चरेवावचेवा s.f. Sacrifice, victim; lighted wisps with which the Hindus divert themselves at the season of the deváli.

चचीकन s. m. Disappearance, invisibility. चचीचा { adj. Not salt, fresh, saltless, चचीना } insipid. सुबीप adj. Concealed, defaced, retired, run out, destroyed; apparent.

चलीपना v. a. To conceal, hide one's self, kie hid.

चलीव s. f. Gambol (generally applied to a horse). adj. Steady.

बालीलक्लील s.f. Gambols, playsomeness, wantonness. [supernatural:

चलीकिक adj. Unpopular, not current, चलीकिक s. m. Not of this world, super-

चल adj. Little, small, few, short.

natural.

ब्रुक्त s. m. A person of defective, meagre or limited knowledge.

पचता s. f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance.

पर्यप्रमाव adj. Insignificant, of little weight or consequence.

जलपमाप adj. Of litte authority.

चलामाचक adj. Credulous, resting on little evidence; of little weight or authority.

चन्नवस adj. Feeble of little strength. चन्नविष्ठ adj. Ignorant, silly, unwise.

a short time, a few moments.

মন্ত্রাল adj. Weak, feeble. [years]
মন্ত্রায় adj. Short-lived'; young, of a few
মন্ত্রায় adj. Moderate, abstemious.
s. m. Moderation, abstinence.

चलाहारी adj. Moderate, abstemious.

unskilful.

মন্ত্রাল ভ. ম. To rejoice, to be cheerful.

আন্ত্রাল s. f. Name of a raginee or musical mode.

[Oujein.]

atimes e.f. Name of a city, the modern wa prep. From, down from, off, away: it is the reverse of we and is sometimes used to devote deprivation, disgrace, disjunction, &c.

**4**—v

terval, space.

चार्यमेश्री adj. Barren.

व्यवस्त adj. Known, understood.

चावनति s.f. Knowledge in general.

भवगाप है s. m. Bathing, ablution.

चवनीत adj. Detested, reproached, wicked, vile. s. m. Reproach, blame.

चनगुच } s. m. Defect, blemish, vice.

चाराट Uneven, rugged, inaccessible, steep.

चन्यः Awkward, indiscreet, impleasant. चन्यर adv. Backwards, against the

ৰাব্য s. f. Contempt, despite, disregard, disrespect.

खनजानारी s.m. A contemptuous person. बहर s.m. Deceit, deception.

बार्डी } adj. Cavernous, deep.

অবতং compassion towards the lowly.

भवतंस s. m. A crest, an earing, an ornament.

भवतरना v. a. To descend, especially as an incarnation of the Deity.

WHATE s. m. Birth, descent, incarnation, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishau in ten principal forms, viz. Matsya. a fish : Kachchapa, a tortoise : Varaha, a boar; Nrisingha, a man-lion; Vamana, a dwarf; Parushram, Ram; Krishna; Budha and Kalkee; a pious or distinguished person in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avatar, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a tearth or sacred place; translation, translating; cr ossing,

चनतीचे passed down, deceased, incarnated. [mans.

चवरीप s. m. A tribe of Gujrátee brah-प्रथ s. f. Agreement, promise, engage

ment; the province of Ajoddhyd or Oude.

चयभाव odj. Cautious, attentive. s. ma. Caution, attention. [long as.

चर्नाच s. m. Limit. adv. As far as, as

चविध s. m. The ocean.

चर्यत s. m. Large gigantic.

आवधेन s. m. The Lord of Oude i.e. Ram.

wave adj. Not fit to be slaughtered.

चर्ति } s.f. The earth, the world.

चवन्तिका s. f. The city of Ujjain.

चवस adj. Low, vile, inferior.

चवयद s. m. A limb, a member.

Low, inferior, hinder, hence.

चनराधक More prop.

चवराधना More prop.

भवरेव Badly turned, deformed ugly.

the queen's apartment, a place, a covering; hindrance, obstruction.

चनवेष s. m. Drought.

Depending, hanging down.

चरवाचित adj. Quick, expeditious; कlighting, descending; protected, cherished.

ৰব্যৰ ১ s. m. Impropriety, act or mark
খন্তৰ ১ of ill omen.

चनला s. f. A woman, a female.

will s. f. A line, a string (of animals) file, row.

बार्की कर s. m. View, sight, the looking at any object, the surveying of any object.

चवलीकना v. a. To see.

व्यवसीवित s. m. A Jain saint, ady. Seen.

ভাষা adj. Subject to another; helpless. ভাষমিত adj. Left, remaining. [plus. ভাষমিত s.m. A residue, a remnent, sur-ভাষম adv. Certainly, necessarily, positively, actually, really.

বাষাৰ adj. Necessary, inevitable, indispensable. [certainty.

चन्द्रकता s.f. Necessity, obligation;

बन्सर है s. m. Occasion, time, opportu-वीयर nity, leisure, a moment.

चन्दान s. m. Conclusion, termination, cessation; death, boundary, limit.

चनसि odo. Surely, undoubtedly.

चवरेर s. m. Anxiety solicitude, care. चवरेरो s. f. Lateness, delay, slowness,

Uneasiness.

चवस्ता s. f. Insubstantiality, unreality. चवस्ता s. f. State, condition, any particular state varying with the progress of time, as youth, age, &c.

चन s. f. Brick, kiln. [migration.

चवान s. m. Coming and going, trans-चवार s. f. Approach, advance; a saddle cloth adorned with fringes, &c.

ৰাৰ adj. Dumb, speechless.

चवार s.f. Delay; injustice, tyranny. चवित्रत Diffusive, pervading, spreading or extending widely.

चन्ति adj. Inscrutable.

ৰাকিবৰ adj. Motionless, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

ৰবিষয়ে s. m. Want of judgment or discrimination, want of consideration, injustice.

चविचारित adj. Ill judged or investigated, unconsidered.

चित्रारी m. \ adj. Destitute of consi-चरित्रारिची f. \ deration, or reflection; unjust (woman or man).

श्रीविद्त s. m. Not known, not understood.

Thur s. f. Ignorance.

चविनय s. m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission. [safety.

জাবিদাম s. m. Exemption from loss, জাবিদামী adj. Safe, entire, free from loss, everlasting, eternal.

चाविनीस odj. Misbehaving, acting ill or improperly. [woman.

ऋषिनीता s.f. An unchaste or disloyal

खारिन्ह adj. Without point or dot. खारिनोध s. m. Without contention, tran- ! quility, quietness.

स्विरीधिनी f. day. Quiet, tranquil.

खावराधा m. ) खावराधा m. Quickness, diligence.

खनिवादी adj. Not disputatious.

चानिवेस s. m. Want of discrimination or judgment, indiscretion.

खिविदाता s. f. Indiscreetness, indiscretion, inconsiderateness, imprudence, want of judgment.

पविवेदी adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion, undiscriminating.

स्विशेष s. m. A want of distinction. adj. Indiscriminate.

स्विशास s. m. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity, unbelief, suspicion, mistrust.

खिवशासि m. adj. Without confidence, खिवशासिन् f. distrustful, unbelieving, खिवशासिनी f.

व्यक्ति adj. Anti-venemous, antidote, not poisonous.

चित्रस adj. Unperceived by the senses. चनीर s. m. Helpless. weak, impotent.

खावेर s. f. Delay, lateness.

Universal spirit; the soul; nature, temperament. adj. Indistinct, unapparent, invisible, imperceptible.

क्षय s. m. An indiclinable word, a particle; a name of Vishnu. adj. Economical, parsimonious.

भवेया s. m. Future, yet to como. षव्यवस्था adj. Irregular, without rule. भव्यवस्थित adj. Not regulated, undisciplined, not put in order. चव्यवहित adi. Not interposed, joined, ख्रवाजुब adj. Calm, firm, composed. ख्रव्याप्ति s. f. The not diffusing itself. adj. Not pervading. षचाइत adv. Without obstruction. कात adj. Impotent, feeble. चगुज्ज s. m. A bad omen, a portent. षश्ज्ञी adj. Portentous, ill-omened. মসন adj. Unable, incompetent, powerless. Iness, impotence. সম্বি s. f. Inability, incapability, weak-कामका adj. Impossible, impracticable. च्याग्न s. m. A bad omen, a portent. अप्रमुनी adj. Portentous, ill-omened. चार adj. Fearless, undaunted; secure, certain. পম্ব s. m. Eating, food; also the Asan tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alata tomentosa). पश्चनवसन s. m. Food and clothing. মানি s.f. The thunderbolt of Indra. चा भर s. m. Impression, effect. अभारण adj. Without shelter, helpless. चारफी s.f. A certain gold coin, (in ' value £1 11s. 8d. English money. ब्राग्ररीरी alj. Incorporeal. क्षेत्रान adj. Restless, anxious, unresign-आशानि s.f. Anxiety, restlessness. आधारत adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful. ख्यमावरी s. f. A raginee or musical mode : a kind of pigeon, a sort of cotton cloth. inconsistent. जगान adj. Unlawful, illegal, irregular, खबास्त्रीय adj. Contrary to law, inconsistent with the rules of science. अधिचित adj. Untaught, ignorant. শিষ্ত্ৰ s. m. Inauspicious, not prosperous. चाचिर वर्ता. Unpolite, undisciplined, un-

polished, ungoverned, neglected, under the dominion of evil habits arising from a neglected education, rude, barbarous, savage, profligate.

ৰাষ্য s. m. A bad omen, a portent. ঘটা s. m. Impure, ceremonially unclean. আমৰি adj. Impure, foul, unclean (cere-

maji adj. impure, foul, unclean (ca monially). s.f. Impurity.

rate, mistaken. Ashuddhya, adj. One who speaks or reads wrong.

चारता s. f. Inaccuracy, uncleanness, impurity.

ष्यम adj. Unfavourable, inauspicious, unbecoming, unpropitious, bad, evil. s. m. Misfortune, calamity, inauspiciousness, unhappiness, distress.

बर्मेच adj. Boundless endless, infinite, entire, all.

ऋगोच adj. At ease, unmolested. s. m. ease, tranquility; cheerfulness, a plant, (Jonesia asoca).

बहोच s. m. Content, tranquility, the absence of care.

ৰশ্বীনা s.f. Ugliness, want of elegance.
adj. Shapeless, ill-made, ugly.

चर्मीच s. m. Impurity; mourning.

सन्नान s. m. Bathing.

खानरी s. f. The stone or gravel (the disease); strangury.

चत्र s. m. A tear.

বৰৰ s.f. Aversion, disgust, loathing, contempt; distrust, disbelief.

भग } s.m. A tear.

पद्में जा s. f. The ninth nakshatra or lunar mansion containing 5 stars.

चाञ्चीन s. m. Verse, distich.

चात्र s. m. A horse.

অব্যাহা s.f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). কাষ্ট্ৰ s.m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religiosa). चयलामा s. m. Krishna's charioteer son of Dronachajya. [vin. चनीकुमार s. m. An epithet of the Asho-अप्रपति s. m. Lord or master of horse.

a person of rank attended by horsemen, a horseman.

चनिष s. m. The actual or emblematic sacrifice of a horse: this sacrifice is one of the highest order, and when performed a hundred times entitles the sacrificer to the dominion of swarga or paradise: it appears to have been originally typical; the horse and other animals being simply bound during the performance of certain ceremonies; the actual sacrifice is an introduction of a later period.

প্ৰয়ুল s. f. The first lunar mansion.

चंत्रवार s. m. A horseman.

चेत्रवाला s.f. A stable. [A horseman. ৰাহ's. m. Taste flavour. Iflavour. अवादित s. m. Without taste, without খৰাৰ্ঘ adj. Disinterested.

चेत्रांची s. m. Disinterested person.

অবাহত adj. Mounted on a horse. s. m. चात्रिमी s. f. The first of the 24 constellations in the moon's path; hence, considered its mansions: it consists of 3 stars in the head of Aries. and is so named from ashwah, a horse, because represented by a symbol of a horse's head.

चवाढ़ 8. m. The hindu third solar month (June, July, during which the sun is in Gemini, and the full moon is ं near asharha. ऋषाढा more properly called purva-ashárhá पूर्वाषाड़ा or uttara-ashárhá उत्तराषादा a constellation in Sanittarius). [ashárhá. अवाड़ी s. f. Day of the full moon in we odj. Eight.

अस्थात s. m. The eight metals, reckoned as follows by the Hindus. gold, silver, copper, brass, tin, bellmetal, lead and iron.

चारपाती s.f. A fixed metal of iron and others, a compound of eight metals. wenger adj. Incessant, unremitting, the whole day and night.

The eighth.

जारमञ्ज s. m. A horse with white face, tail, breast and hoofs; collection of eight lucky things to be assembled on certain occasions, as at a coronation, &c. as a lion, bull, an elephant, a water jar, a fan, a flag, a trumpet, and a lamp; or a brahman, a cow, fire, gold, ghee, the sun, water, and a king.

क्षरमी s. f. The eighth day of the moon. षष्टिंचिंड. m. The eight siddhis, a superior order of beings; a personification of the powers and laws of nature; when they are subjected to the will by holiness and auste rities, whatever the fancy desires, may, it is said, be obtained; universal sovereignty may be acquired, and implicit obedience to any command enforced; the magnitude. weight, or levity of the body may be rendered invisible, and transported in an instant to any part of the universe.

TEIR's. m. Eight parts of man, viz. the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind.

पराम्प्रपान s. m. Prostration in salutation or adoration, so as to touch the ground with the eight principal parts of man, viz. the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind.

weren adi. Eighteen.

चसंच adj. Fearless, undismayed, used also adverbially.

श्रांख adj. Countless, innumerable. असंगत adj. Improper, absurd, bad. असंगम s. m. Absence of self restraint, incontinene.

चसंयमी s. m. An incontinent person. चसंयोग s. m. Want of opportunity, चसंयोग s. m. Unsatisfied, dissatisfied. चसंत्रय odj. Undoubted.

चस्यत s. f. Drowsiness, slothfulness. चस्यती adj. Drowsy, lazy.

चराम s. m. A plant used medicinally (Physolis flexuosa).

परकार adj. Unfit, untrue, improper, not good or fit, not respectable or of good family. [tent, untrue, false. स्वत adj. Unholy, ungodly, non-existed adj. Disloyal or unchaste (a wife). सम्या adj. Untrue, false. s. m. Untruth. सम्यो adj. Liar, untrue. [mentosa). समा s. m. A tree (Terminalia alata to-मस्त क adj. Discontented, dissatisfied, displeased.

चंद्रसीच े s. m. Discontent, displeasure. चंद्रसीच s. m. Disrespect. [polite. चंद्रस ब्रेज . Rude, unfit for society, un-चंद्रसम्बद्ध s. m. Doubt, suspense, uncertainty; unconformity, disparity, difference.

असम् adv. Out of season, premature. s.m. A time of misfortune; an improper time, a time of distress.

भारतके adj. Powerless, feeble, weak; unable, incompetent.

चनगण adj. Different; unlike; unequal. चनगण adj. Unfinished, incomplete.

चस्पापि s. f. Incompleteness.

चन्य बे बें. Incomplete, not entire.

क्षमद ब्रोह. Not joined or united.

चासमा adj. Uncommon, inconsistent,

incompatible, improbable, unlikely, unreasonable.

बस्यत adj. Dissentient, differing from ; averse, contrary.

चरवात s. f. Dissent, difference, of opinion, dislike aversion.

चाचान s. m. Disrespect, disgrace,

चन्य adj. Unprotected, helpless.

THE s. f. Lineage, foundation, origin.

व्यवस्था adj. Intolerable, insufferable.

चारण adj. Impatient, not bearing with, unable to endure.

चवड़नीय adj. Unbearable, unsufferable, चवड़ार adj. Unbefriended, helpless. चवड़ाय s.m. One who has no assistant, helper.

waw adj. Intolerable, unbearable.

जसाचात् adv. Not in the presence of in the absence of. [evidence.

पदाची s.m. False testimony, without पदाचा s.m. A want of testimony. adj. Without credit or reputation.

चनाच adj. Without credit or reputation. चनाचो s. m. False testimony without evidence.

खरांच s. m. Untrue, unreal.

were adj. Addicted to bad company.

बारांची adj. Upstart, stranger, unknown person. [lazy.

चतार adj. Without desire or energy; चताय adj. Evil-minded; without desire or energy; lazy.

wicked. Unrighteous, bad, immoral,

चसापता s. f. Wickedness.

चवाध्य adj. Unable, weak, incapable; impossible, incurable.

चनामं adj. Powerless, weak.

बानो s. m. Defendant in a law-suit, a debtor, office, place.

lagge adj. Sapless, pithless; vain, un-

profitable; hollow (like a reed); foolish, weak of understanding.

चरावधान adj. Careless, inadvertent.

चसावन adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful.

चहावरी s.f. A musical mode; a kind of pigeon: a sort of cotton cloth.

चसाइस s. m. Want of bravery, cowardice, fear.

चचाइसी s. m. Coward.

चिं*ड. m.* A sword, a scimitar.

चित s. m. The colour black.

प्रसिद्ध adj. Not effected; invalid, false; unripe; imperfect, incomplete; unaccomplished.

स्वतिषय s. m. Blade of a sword or scimi-सरीया adj. Not watered, not irrigated (a field, &c.)

चरीमा adj. Unbounded, unlimited.

प्रधान s. m. Blessing, benediction, return of compliment from a Hindu superior (a brahman). [salutation.

पद्योगेद s. m. A benediction, blessing; पद्य s. m. Life, breath; the five vital breaths or airs of the body; reflection, thought, or the heart as the seat of it; affection.

चरीस s. f. Blessing, benediction.

unensiness, restlessness, afliction, pain.

ful; restless, afficted.

चान्तन s. m. Bad omen, a portent.

खासुच s. m. Impure, foul,

THE adj. Incorrect, impure, inaccurate; mistaken.

was s. m. A demon, (The sours are considered demons of the first order, and in constant hostility with the gods).

जन्ती s.f. Black mustard seed.

अस्भ adj. Invisible, incorporeal.

ंचस्या s. f. Detraction, malice, slander. चरित्र s. m. Disobedience, inattention. वारीया s.f. Disobedience.

चारी adv. This year.

च्छीन s.m. Ease, tranquility; a tree (Uvaria longifolia).

चरोगी वर्ता. At ease, unmolested.

चहीच s. m Impossible to be effected by reflection or by study.

to be effected by reflection or study, not to be regretted. [cerned.

बसीची adj. Careless, indifferent, uncon-बसीची s. m. Careless person.

च्योज e. m. The sixth solar month.

चरोमा adj. Shapeless, ill-made, ugly.

ম্বান s. m. The trunk of a tree, fast pillar, stoppage. [To set (the sun). বল s. m. Setting of the sun. ast hona, বলং s. m. Lining.

ৰৱৰ adj. Dispersed, scattered, confused, agitated, perplexed, helter skelter, in confusion.

west, behind which the sun is supposed to set.

वत s. f. Praise, enlogy, glorification, an anthem, a hymn. [in general.

चस्र s. m. A missile weapon, a weapon चस्रवारी s. m. Armed person.

चक्रविचा s. f. The military science. [war. चक्रवेद s. m. The science of arms and चक्रवक्ष s. m. Weapons, arms.

चल्रहीन odj. Unarmed, defenceless.

মন্ত্ৰক s.m. Place, site, soil, dry or ন্ধান firm ground; place or stand of a Hindu mendicant.

चरान s. m. Place, adode, residence.

चलावर adj. Movable, moving, not fixed. चित्र s. m. A bone.

षस्यिपसर s. m. A skeleton.

ৰজিনত s. m. A fracture; a plant of supposed efficacy in fractures (Cissus quadrangularis). पश्चिमद s. m. Fracturing, breaking or wounding a bone.

विश्वमय \ Mere bones, nothing but बिखनाव \ bones.

चित्र. m. Moveable, unsteady.

stable, uncertain.

चित्रता a.f. Unsteadiness, instability, fickleness, mutability.

পথিয়াৰ s.m. Dryness and decay of the আছিলৰি s. f. Uniting of a broken bone.

चार्य s. m. Instability. unsteadiness. चार्च इ adj. Harsh, unkind. s. m. Un-

kindness, want of affection. स्वराजनीय adj. Impure, not to be touched. स्वराजी adj. Intangible.

चिख्य adj. Indistinct.

करण्या adj. Not to be touched.

खद्यारण s. m. Forgetsulness, forgetting.

ness. स्वस s. m. A corner ; hair ; blood ; a tear.

चि s. f. Ten millions.

चनी adj. Eighty.

बाइं pron. I.

चारं adv. Do not, not, no, nay.

THE S. m. Pride, egotism, arrogance, haughtiness, conceit.

न्न इंडारी | adj. Haughty, arrogant, wiff | proud, self-important.

चहरी A kind of military corps.

चइमक A. block-head, dunce, fool.

आइमाति s.f. Spiritual ignorance; conceit; self-love.

rain-water to water the fields; fuel made of cow-dung.

**TEN** s. f. A small canal or aqueduct to convey water.

आइपित adj. Uuhappy. sorrowful.

art interj. Do not, no, nay.

TEIEI interj. Expressive of surprise, pain, pleasure, &c. ah! aha!

बाइनिंबि adv. Day and night.

were s. m. Starch, glue, paste; aliment, food, victuals.

न्त्रहारना v. o. To paste, to starch.

च्चित्रं adj. Uninjurious, harmless, inoffensive, innocuous.

पहिला s. f. Harmlessness, doing injury to nothing.

खड़ि s. m. A serpent.

बहित s. m. Enmity, want of affection.
adj. Hostile, inimical; hurtful, prejudicial. [unkindly.

णहितवारी alj. Adverse, inimical, acting पहितपना adj. Hating, adverse, inimical.

মহিনবৰ s. m. An abode of snakes, a snake's hole.

আছিদাৰ s. m. The saliva or venom of a আছিনাৰ Good fortune, auspiciousness.

सहोर s. m. A cowherd, a cast or tribe whose business it is to attend on cows.

बहीरको है s.f. A female of the aheer पहोरी है tribe, a cowherdess.

चारें } interj. O! sign of the vocative,

चरित्र s. m. Causeless, groundless; without motive or purpose.

चारित्व adj. Causeless, groundless.

बाहिर s. f. Prey, game, hunting.

ऋडेरियां } s. m. A sportsman, a hun-ऋडेरी } ter.

प्रदेश s. f. A plant (Asperagus racemosus).

पद्यो interj. 0 ! holla ! wonderful! पद्योगन adv. Day and night.

খব s. m. A die, cubic or oblong, for playing with, the spots on dice.

भवत adj. Infallible, indelible. s. m. pres.'
part. Remaining, existing, continu-

ing; whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies, fried grain.

सं।क

चन्नतिल्य s. f. The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an idol when addressed, or of a brahman when invited to an entertainment.

चनाग s. m. A degree of latitude.

चय adj. Imperishable, undecayable, durable, permanent,

चववता s. f. Durability, imperishable-

প্ৰথম s. m. An undecayable tree.

चित्रवीक s. m. Heaven, the imperishable world or region.

चचर s. m. A letter of the alphabet.

wath adv. Scientific, lettered, writing an elegant hand. gitude.

ব্ৰাহ s. m. A degree of latitude or lon-पि 8. 78. An eye.

चितारा s. f. The pupil of the eye.

च्चोहियो s. f. A complete army consisting of 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse. 21,870 ceariots, and 21,870 phants.

## म्रा

The second vowel in the Nagree alphabet, nearly corresponding to a in all. A particle of reminiscence, Ah! Oh! a particle of compassion, Ah! Alas!

THE S. m. Letter (of the alphabet).

चावभाव s. m. A welcome.

**▼1:** interj. Aye aye ! oh aye !

বাৰ s. m. A numerical figure, a number; a mark, a spot, a letter of the alphabet; the flank or part above the hip; the body; embrace; mark on cloth to shew its price.

चांचना v.a. To mark a thing, to page

a book, to write down numbers; to value, appraise, examine, approve of. ৰাৰতা s. f. A tendril, cirrhus.

भांकरी s. f. The barb of an arrow, a book, a tenter; circle.

আৰু s. m. The hook or iron with which elephants are driven, a goad.

আবুহা सार्ना v. a. To reduce to submission, to bring to obedience.

पांच s. f. The eye.

षांख खंजनी s.f. A stye on the eye-lids.

पांच चानी v. n. To have an inflammation in the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

चाच विसोको देखनी To receive education in any one's company.

भांख किसीसे रोजन करना To meet ( visit ) a friend or person of rank.

चांच बटबनी v. n. To have pain in the eyes. anger.

चांच घरकना v. n. To look on with भौद चढ़ना v. n. To have eyes marked by debauch. [toxicated.

चांख चढानी v. o. To be angry, to be in-चांश चमकानी v. a. To make the eyes dance, to roll one's eyes in anger or as a blandishment.

भांस चीर चीर देखना ( v. n. To look with त्रांख चौद्धते देखना great attention and deep meditation, or with anger. षांख चुरानी v. a. ( To steal eyes ). Not to attend to, to avert the eyes through shame, to avoid the sight of any one;

षांख किपानी v. o. (To hide one's eyes). To be ashamed of an improper act.

चांस भापना v. n. ( To move the eye-lids quickly ). To fear.

चांख उंड़ी करनी v.a. To be consoled by meeting friends, to be glad.

पांख डवडवानी v. n. The eyes to fill with

भाषा दावनी v. a. (To shut one's eyes). To forbid by signs.

चांच दिखानी ) v. s. (To shew one's चांच दिखानी ) eyes ). To frighten, to deter, to browbeat.

बांच देवने कुछ करना To do any thing after consulting the inclination of another.

बाब नरवानी To have no hope or expectation; to be mentally blind.

बाब प्यानी v. n. To become dim (the eyes) from long expectation.

जाब पदारना e. a. To open one's eyes, to stare, to be wise and prodent, to discriminate, discern, to be judicious.

the eye. (Considered if in the right eye of a man, or the left of a woman, as an omen of some desirable event, whilst the contrary affection is regarded unlucky).

चांच फुटनी v. n. To be blind.

मान पुरी पोइनई The eye is lost and the pain is gone. (Spoken of a contention which has ceased, from the object of it being lost to both parties). [friendship, जांच पेरनी v. a. To show aversion after चांच पेर बेना v. a. To turn away the eyes (as, from grief, displeasure, &c.). जांच फीडनी v. a. To make blind; to expect or watch in vain.

चांच फीड़ा s. m. A. midge that flies into the eyes at night.

बांख बंद कर बेवी v.a. To turn from another, to treat one with neglect; to die. [ly and unseen.

चांच ब्याना v. a. To steal away private-चांच बद्दना v. a. To withdraw one's favour or affection from any one.

able to look steadfastly in another's face.) To be ashamed.

चांच भरके देखना v. o. To look till one's curiosity is fully satisfied.

चांच भरवाना v. त. To have eyes full of tears, to be ready to cry.

चांच नारनी v. a. To wink, to stop any one hy a sign, to make amorous signs with the eyes.

चांच निष्ठावा v. s. To die, to perish.

कांच निवारत m. है s. Blind man's buff.

स्रोच सिस्त्रनी v. n. To look steadfastly.

कांच निवानी v. c. To contract friendship. कांच मंद्रकी एक शैनका इच्हियार करना v. c.

कास ने देवां एक पीनका प्रस्तियार करना ए. ८.
To choose or accept precipitately or inconsiderately.

कांच मं दीरा s. m. Blind man's buff.

साम रचनी v. a. To love, to entertain friendship; te have hopes; to discern.

चांच जगानी v. s. To contract friendship or affection for any one, to fall in love. [unexpectedly.

साय वडानी v. o. To wink as a hint, to communicate a secret by signs.

चांच सूर्य करनी v. a. To be angry.

चाच सेवनो To contemplate the beauty of any one. [ible.

खांखरे विरण v. n. To become contempt-खांखरे देखते कुछ करवा To do any thing knowingly and with reflection.

चाचे देखना v. a. To study one's temper or inclination; to behave respectfully towards another.

स्तां को की पीली करका v. a. To change the colour of the face from excess of anger.

चांचाचा गुलागी करना Is applied to a look of intoxication or wantonness.

चांचापर चेढना v. n. To be beloved, to six or cause to in a very elevated place, to become dignified.

बाबान पाना न. n. To intoxicate (specially applied to wine).

चांचाम चामवा u. a. To commend or

puff wares of an inferior quality; to pilfer or snatch away any thing quickly and privately.

चांचोंने चडकना v. n. To be seen with envy and dislike.

चांचें ने घर परना ज. ज. To be beloved or esteemed; to persist in one's erroneous opinions.

बाबें। ने परने बाना ए. स. To be wilfully blind, to pretend from pride not to know one's old acquaintance.

बांचामें फिरना v. n. To be always present in one's eyes, to be ever in one's mind.

कांबोंने रात बाटना v. s. े To pass the बांबोंने रात बेनाना v. n. } night awake. बांग s. m. The body; a limb or member. बांगन } s. m. A yard, area, court, in-बांगना } closed space adjoining to a house.

and s. f. Heat, flame of a fire (not of a candle), blaze, glare.

veil, shawl, &c.

cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; the breast (of a woman or loctescent animal).

कालन s.m. A collyriun or application to the eye-lashes to darken and improve them, antimony. [anjan. खालना v. a. To tinge the eyes with खाला s.m. A tear.

siz s. f. A knot; envy.

पाटना v. a. To fill (a well, tank, &c.). v. n. To come or go into, to reach.

बाटसाट s. f. Partnership ; intrigue. बाटो s. f. A handful. a skein of three

बांटी s. f. A handful, a skein of thread, a bundful, of grass, &c., a wisp, a small fagot.

चौडी s.f. Stone of fruit; coagulation.

s.f. A testicle.

ails adj. Having large testicles. Andubail. s. m. A bull.

Anta hons v. n. To be afflicted with the coming down of the rectum. Ant girna, v. n. To void white glutinous stools.

hona, v. n. To engage keenly in a bad action. [command.

or mucus voided by those afflicted with a tenesmus; affection of the bowels. Anv bythna, To be afflicted. with a tenesmus, or to be in the act of discharging the anv.

बावजनाव s.f. The navelstring, &c. of an infant. (Phyllanthus emblica). बावचा s.m. A kind of myrobalans बाव s.f. The fibrous part of any thing. बाव s.m. A tear.

wild s. m. Ohrled-flowered gigantic swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea); a sprout of sugar-cane.

भावन्त्र s. m. Shaking, trembling.

चाकित adj. Shaken, trembling.

multitude; the den of a lion or tiger.
multitude; the den of a lion or tiger.
भावपंड. m. Attraction, fascination; magnetic attraction; a magnet, a loadstone, spasm.

भावनंत्र s. m. A loadstone, a magnet, any thing which draws or attracts. adj. Attractive. [tracting.

चावम्ब s. m. Attraction, drawing, at-चावमिक adj. Magnetic, attractive.

चावित adj. Attracted, drawn.

पादवी ady. Attractive.

বাৰৰা adj. m. Fleet, swift; peevish.
বাৰৰা .. f. Motion, agitation (especially
of a carriage).

যানাথা s. f. Wish, desire, expectation; purpose, intention. [expected. বানাথিন adj. Desirous; desired, wished, বানাথী adj. Desirous, full of hope, waiting, expecting, wishing; asking, inquiring, expectant.

shape, statue, likeness; hint, sign, token; the letter we also the symbol of the vowel which represents the letter we when joined to a consonant.

the sky; atmosphere, the heavens, the firmament, space; the subtle and etherial fluid, supposed to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of the life and sound.

আকাষ্ট্ৰা s. m. A lamp which the Hindus hang aloft on a bamboo in the month of Kartik, an elevated lantern, a beacon.

, आकाशनीम s. m. A plant growing on the neem trees ( skind of Epidendrom.)

ৰানায়বাৰ s. m. \ A plant growing on পাৰায়বিল s. f. \ other trees, air-plant or dodder ( Cuscuta reflexa ).

ৰাম্যান্তি s. f. Subsistence not derived from any certain funds, or depending on any particular person; casual subsistence; living from hand to mouth.

पातामहत्ती adj. ( Used substantively ), One whose subsistence is fortuitous.

नाकाश्चर s. m. The atmosphere, the celestial sphere.

বাৰামবাধী s. f. A voice from heaven; revelation, an oracle.

चाकाशी adj. Aerial, airy, unsubstantial. celestial, atmospherical.

पाकाशीवर्ष adj. Cerulean, azure.

चाक्तिचन s. m. Poverty.

মাৰত adj. Confounded, perplexed; agitated, confused, troubled, distressed.

चानुजता s. f. Agitation, distress.

भाकृत्वित बर्जुः. Agitated, disturbed, distracted.

चाक्रति s. f. Shape, form, figure, likeness, an image; the body; species.

Time adj. Attracted, drawn.

पाञ्चन s. m. Ascending, superiority, surpassing, surmounting; invasion, a seizing. [in oblations.

Whole or unbroken rice used

ed with grain (two such bags being carried by a bullock or camel).

বাস্থ্যবাস s. m. A kind of mineral, a loadstone. [suing; terror, fright: সাধিত s. m. The chase, hunting; a pur-

चाचेटिक s. m. A. hound.

चासीट s. m. The walnut tree.

चास्या s. f. A name, appellation, term.

पास्यात adj. Said, spoken; denominated, named.

भाग s.f. Fire. [engage, provoke, भाग चढाना v. s. To raise disturbance,

चाग करना v. a. To make any thing exceedingly warm; to excite envy or anger.
[A guest.

भागत adj. Arrived, come; hence. s. m.

चान देना v. a. To burn a Hindu corpse.

चान पद्मना v. n. To be engaged; as, mere báton-se uspar ag purti hai, he is enraged at my words. [angry.

भाग बरना v. a. To be enraged, to be very

भाग बरसना v. n. To rain fire (applied to the extreme heat of the sun, or to a hat fire of connon or musketry in battle.

चान बुकाना v. a. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

चान भक्ता । v. o. To speak idle words, चान फांकना । to boast.

taining spells and invantations; a shastra or work on sacred science.

चानमञ्जानी है s.m. Knowing the future; वानमञ्जानी के prognosticator, diviner, a foreteller.

चानसन s. m. Coming, arriving, arrival. चानसना s. m. The advanced guard. adj. Adventurous, venturesome, forward, early (os fruit).

বাৰন্বজ্ঞা s. m. A foreteller, a predictor; Siva one who tells the doctrines of ágam. [ture, to foretell. মানন্বাখনা v. a. To determine the fuবাৰন্বিয়া s. f. The art or science of foretelling or divining.

आवमें किसीबी जावना v. n. To bring re-वाबमें किसीबी जीटना proach, to accuse, वाबमें बेरबी जवना to suffer for ano-

चानमें पानी डासना v. a. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

पाक्षे बोटना v. n. To be afflicted with grief or melancholy.

enraged, to be very hungry.

बान खनाचे पानी वे दोडना To pretend to appease a quarrel which one has purposely excited, to play tricks, to deceive.

चान समाना v. s. To set on fire, to inflame; to enrage, to cause disturbance.

भाव स्वेषर दीजीका सूत टूटना वा भावना To put off, to delay or excuse one's self on vain pretences.

বাৰ্তাল adv. Up to the neck.

भाग सेमेकी भागा To come to get fire (is spoken of a friend who goes to visit another and leaves him quickly).

चनवा s. m. A pommel.

भाग स्थाना v. c. To inflame, to excite sedition, to foment a quarrel clandestinely.

चान दीना v. n. To be enraged.

ৰাৰা s. m. The front part, space in front of a house, forepart of a turban.

चानाध adi. Very deep.

चाना पीड़ा करना v. n. To hesitate, waver, boggle, demur, stand shill-I-shall-I. चानानी adj. Coming, about to come;

future.

বাৰাৰ s. m. A house, a dwelling. বাৰি s. f. Fire.

पानिसनी s. f. Conflagration.

ৰাৰ adj. Forward. adv. Before, heretofore.

wid adv. Before, in front, fore, beyond, more, ago, already, formerly, forwards, further, onwards; henceforward, along; then, hence, rather, sooner.

वाने बाना v. n. To come forward, advance; to return, revert.

चाने चलना v. n. To advance, proceed.

चाने धरलेना To get before, outstrip, surpass, pass (as a horse in a race).

चाने चाना v. n. To advance (actively), to bring forward.

THE s. m. Favour, patronage; seizing, talking; surpassing, surmounting; power, ability.

first of the Hindu year according to some systems, (November-December).

पान्याय शे s. f. The name of a constellation consisting of 3 stars, 1 of which is k Orionis; figured by an antelope's head, hence also स्वत्रार्थ the day of full moon in the month of Agrahayana.

আনুষার s. m. A beating, stroke, blow.
আনুষ্ s. m. Ghee or clarified butter.

ৰাম s. m. A soft delicate form, or body. মাৰ্ল s. m. Rinsing the mouth, sipping water before religious ceremonies, meals, &c. from the palm of the hand, and spitting it out, again.

behaviour, custom, practice, institute, religious observance, usage.

duct, an ordinance, institute, a precept; custom, practice, usage, a religious observance; pickles. Achar varyita. adj. Irregular, out of rule; out of cast.

strict in the observance of religious ceremonies.

er; he who invests the students with the sacrificial thread, and instructs him in the Veds, the law of sacrifice, and religious mysteries; a name of Drona the teacher of the Pandus.

चाचां s.f. A spiritual preceptress.

जाचार्यांनी s. f. The wife of an Acharjya or holy teacher. [tected.

ৰাজন s. m. Covered, concealed, pro-ৰাজনা v. n. To be, to remain.

बाष्ट्रव s. m. Cloth, clothes; covering, a sheath, mantle, cloak, &c.

ৰাজী adj. Good. Used only in peetry. ৰাজ adj. plur. Good, excellent.

বাজ adv. To-day, Aj-kal, Now a-day, to-day or to-morrow, of late, in a few days. Aj-kal karna, or aj-kal batana, to procrastinate; aj-ke din, to-day; ay-ke rat, to night; ay-ke roz, to-day. মাজনামা To examine, prove, test, try, tempt.

ৰালা s. m, A paternal grand-father. বালাবা v. n. To come suddenly, befall, happen, to come. चात्रार s. m. Sickness, disorder, disease; trouble, affliction, injury, outrage.

ৰাজীৰ s. m. Livelihood, profession, subsistence.

चानीविका f. s. Means of supporting life, livelihood, subsistence, profession.

चान { To-day, now.

an injunction, a precept.

पाञाबार है odj. Acting according to-पाञाबारी है order, obedient, ministrant, obsequious.

মামান s. m. An edict, a written order. মামান s. m. Disobedience, insubordination. [Hunoomán.

पाजनेय s. m. A name of the monkey ;. पाजिनेस m. s. An insect, a kind of newt.

বাহৰৰ s. m. A tree (Insticia adhenatoda, &c.).

wie s. m. Flour, meal, farina.

বাহি s. m. The Sarali, a bird so called (Turdus ginginianus).

to shed floods of tears, to weep exceedingly, ath pakar, all the twenty four hours; constantly, day and night; ath khamba, a canepy supported by eight posts.

पाडवां ody. Eighth.

चाडीमसर Through all the watches, day and night, constantly.

protection; an horizontal line drawn across the forehead; prevention, stop, hinderance.

चार्ना •. ø. To prop, shelter, protect, defend, stop.

instruments; commencement; pride, arrogance; anger, passion; happiness, pleasure,

ৰাজনাত s. f. A stop. adj. Stopping. আভা adj. Oblique, crooked, across, athwart, cross transverse.

পাতি s. f. A bird, the Sarali (Turdus gingintanus).

part. A protector, defender, supporter.

चार पाना v. n. To protect, become a

TIE s. f. A kind of fish,

age, sale by commission, broker-

wise adj. Wealthy, rich, opuleat.

pin of the axle of a cart; a limit, a boundary.

चातंत्र s. m. Fear, apprehension; disease, sickness; affiliation, pain, parade, ostentation, show, pomp.

ৰান s. m. Custard apple ( sanons squamoso or reticulata ).

चातवाधिन s. m. f. } A felon, a thief, a चातवाधि s. m. } murderer, incendiary.

चातप s. m. Sun-beams, sunshine.

चाता s. m. A custard apple.

जातिचेव | sdj. Proper for a guest; जातिच | hospitable, attentive to guest.

चातीपाती s.f. The name of a game.

ৰাব্য adj. Diseased, distressed, anxious, distracted, restles, afflicted.

पात s. f. A female teacher or governess.
पाम s. m. Soul, self, átm-pálak, selfish,
átm-ghat, self-murder; átm-námi,
Selfevident. [gon pruriens).
पामनुष्ठा s. f. A plant, Cowach Carpopo-

भावाचात s. f. Self-murder, suicide.
कावाचातक s. m. One who commits suicide.
कावाचाती adj. Committing suicide; a
suicide.
[s. m. A son.
कावाच adj. Springing from one's self.

चाताजा s. f. A daughter.

সান্ধসাৰ s. m. The knowledge of spirit, self-knowledge.

चाकानानी adj. Self-evident.

पामपाणव adj. Selfish.

चाबावृद्धि s. f. Self-knowledge.

पासनीध s. m. Spirtual instruction.

चाचाविषा s. f. Spiritual knowledge.

पाताश्रात s.f. Inherent on own power.

সাম্মন্তাষা s.f. Self-applanse, vanity, selfflattery, egotism, boasting.

चालसंवम s. m. Self-restraint, stoicism.

चालसन्देश s. m. Internal doubt.

पाबादमा s. f. Suicide, self-destruction.

चाचा दिव adj. Beneficial to one's self.

the mind, the understanding. [ self.

আজিৰ adj. Relating to mind, to one's আজীৰ adj. Cognate, related to, of kin; belonging to one's self, related to one's self, own.

বাৰ্থন s. m. A brahman versed in the Atharvan Ved; a collection of prayers, &c., delivered by Atharvan a sage.

from the beginning to the end. s. m. The beginning and the end.

treating with attention and deference, politeness.

चाहरमान s. m. Respect and honour.

বাৰম s. m. A mirror; a commentary, original manuscript from which a copy is taken; a specimen, a sign.

ৰাহা s. m. Ginger in the undried state. বাহাৰ s. m. Taking, receipt, acceptance.

चादानप्रदान s. m. Giving and taking.

Tife adj. First, prior; pre-eminent. adj. (in comp.) Other, &c.

चारिय adj. Relating to the beginning; and the rest, et cetera.

चादिकारच s. m. A primary cause.

पादित adv. From the beginning; etcetera, and the like.

ty of a particular class; the adityus are 12 in number, and are forms of Sooryuh or the sun, and appear to represent him as distinct in each month of the year; the sun.

खादिखवार s. m. Sunday.

पादिल s. m. Priority, precedence.

বাহিনুহৰ s. m. One of the names of Vishnoo.

चारेंच s. m. An order, a command, a salutation of Joyces; in grammer, a substitute.

चादी adv. In the beginning.

चाच ady. First, initial.

end. adj. From the first till the last, from the beginning to the end.

ৰাহা s. f. The sixth lunar mansion (probably Orionis); the beginning of the rainy season.

adh, adh, or ad; as adh-múa, or admúa, Half-dead.

বাধাৰ s. m. Conception, pregnancy; a ceremony performed previous to conception as conducive to it; a pledge, a deposit; a surety.

বাধাণিক s. m. A ceremony performed after cohabitation to procure or favour conception.

whom dependance is placed for assistance; food, aliment, victuals, nourishment; comprehension, location; a dike, a canal; a basin round the foot of a tree.

ৰাধাৰী (in comp.) An eater; as, Doodhudharee, One who lives on milk.

पाधार्विक adj. Unjust, unrighteous.

त्राधासीसी s. f. A pain affecting the half of the head, Hemicrania.

expectation, calamity; a pledge, a pawn; location, fixing, scite, &c. engagement.

चाधिक s. m. Excess, an overplus, abun-चाधित्व s. m. Sovereignty, government;

lordship.

बाधीन adj. Submissive, obedient, dependant, humble, docile.

बाधीनमा है s. f. Submission, obedi-बाधीननाई ence, obsequiousness, servility, humility.

बाधुनिक adj. Recent, modern, belonging to the present time.

चायुनियसा s.f. Recentness, the being modern, novelty. [preceptor.

ৰাষ্য s. m. A teacher, a scriptural ৰাষ s. f. Order, command, bashfulness, modesty, shame; an oath; a graceful attitude; affectation, pride. adj. Other, different.

happiness, joy, ease; God, Supreme Spirt. Anand-kand., Root (or source) of happiness.

beaten at one end; small drum or tabor; a kettle drum.

स्त्रानन s. m. Mouth, face, visage. s.'f.

মানহ s. m. } Flensure, delight, feli-মানহলা s. f. } city, happiness, joy, ease. Anund-kand, Root (or source) of happiness.

भागरण adj. Blissful, made up, consisting of happiness. s. m. The Supreme Spirit.

षानस्ति | adj. Joyful, happy, glad, षषानदी | rejoiced, delighted.

भागा v. n. To come, to be ; án-parna,

To happen. s. m. The sixteenth part of a rupee.

looking, winking at, purposely neglecting.

ৰাৰ্ক্স s. f. An oath, bashfulness. [age. ৰাৰ্ক্স s. m. Help, assistance, patron-ৰাৰ্ক্স s. f. Order, meathod, a rank, a now.

चानुसानिष adj. Capable of being inferred, probable, specious.

चानरोच adj. Heavenly, celestial, produced in the sky s. m. The firmament. [bowels.

মাৰিৰ adj. Visceral, relating to the আৰু s. m. The chain or rope with which the feet of elephants are tied up.

THE . C. To bring.

NIN pron. Self, selves, yourselves, you Sir (used instead of the personal pronoun of the second person by an inferior when addressing his superior), dp-sworthi, adj. Selfish, seeking the interest of self.

चापंग s. m. A scripple.

Ty s. m. Water.

আঘৰাল adj. Attending to (one's)
আঘৰাল own business, engaged in
(one's) own affairs.

चापत है s. f. Misfortune, calamity, चापति है adversity, an evil.

चापत्कास s. m. Season of distress.

जापद } s.f. Misfortune, calamity, an wiver } accident, danger, adversity, an evil. [misfortune.

चापद्वच adj. Unfortunate, unhappy, in चापन pron. Self.

चापन s. m. or s. f. चापनी s. f. चापु s. m. चापु s. m. (plul.)

বাব্যিৰ s. m. An emerald.

ed, obtained, acquired; a reinge,

one who comes for shelter or protection.

[the Deity:

with s. m. and adj. Self, self-formed.

With pron. recips. Themselves, one another; hence, s. f. Kindred, brotherhood, fellowship. apas-men rahna, is applied to signify adultery, &c. (in the dislect of women).

चापुष s. m. or s. f. To yon.

चापा s. f. An elder sister. pron. Self. चापाप s. m. Selfishness, egotism.

आपी s. f. The twentieth lunar mansion.

ৰাম adj. Trusted, confidential; gained, obtained; true. [degree

चाता s. f. Quotient: equation of a

काञ्चाव है s.m. Bathing.

winia adj. Bathing. s. m. Flood.

भाइत s. m. An initiated householder. adj. Bathed.

भाषत s.f. Misfortune, calamity.

भागीम s.f. Opiom.

खाफिनी s. m. An opiom eather.

च्चाफ् s.f. Opium! [tiller.

चारकार s. m. A wine merchant, a dis-चारकारी s.f. The business of a distiller.

वावसीराः s. m. Ainstrow-mouthed drinking vessel.

चांबरार m. a. | Shining, bright, daz-

खावह s. f. Honor; character.

चावलस 8. m. Ebony:

आवादी s. f. Habitation ; village.

साराधा s.f. Segment, of the base of a triangle.

चारिया s. m. Soiled water.

হাসংখ s. m. Ornament, decoration, as jewels, &c.

आभा s. f. Beauty; splendour; light;

जानाव } s. m. A preface, a preamble, कानाव } an introduction.

of or face to face.

wisters. m. A cow-keeper, sprung from a brahmann and female of the medical tribe or the ambastha.

चाम्बच s. m. Jewels, ornaments.

Provision, victuals (undressed); the mango tree or fruit; sickness, disease.

खानय s. m. Sickness, disease.

चाम चादा अ. f. A root.

चानद } चानदनी हैं ड. म. Arrival.

बानवं .. . Wrath or rage, anger; ency, impatience of another's success.

चानवा s. m. Emblic myrobalan ( Phyltanthas emlica).

the bowels, with flatulence and intumescence, the wind being supposed to be chiefly affected.

जानपुत s. m. The cholic, pain arising from indigestion.

चामातिसार s. m. Dysentery.

खानाव s.m. Raw rice or grain ; previsious ( undressed ).

object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object, &c.

चानोद s. m. Fragrance, odour, diffusive perfume ; pleasure.

खाबासवा s. m. Confronting.

चाबेदाब adv. Opposite, face to face, over against.

বাৰং s.f. Amber

without pain and goes off as easily without medicine; a windy tumour.

The mango-tree (Mangifera Indica).

आधिका s, f. The tamarind tree.

चाय s. m. Receipt. gain, profit.

with adj. Long, wide, s. m. Sun-beam, sunshine.

Tien udj. Docile, tractable, dependant.

चायतन s. m. A place, a site.

भागवा s. f. Docility, tractableness, humility.

कायसु s. m. Order, command.

भाषा s.f. An ayah or female attendant ou children.

चावास s. m. Fatigue, wearinese.

चार्य चार्यदो ( चार्यदेश ( s.f. Age, duration of life. चार्यस

चापुध s. m. A weapon in general. चार s. f. A goad.

चार s. m. A thorny substance.

चारम s. m. A beginning, a commencement; an introduction, a prologue.

चारचा s. f. Worship, an image.

সাবে edj. Respectable, venerable.

with adj. Distressed, grieved, afflicted.

with s. m. A ceremony attending marriage. When the bridegroom first comes to the house of the bride, he is received by her relations, who present to him, and more particularly round his head, a platter painted and divided into several compartments, in the middle of which is a lamp made of flour, filled with ghee, and

having several wicks lighted. बार्रात s. f. Pain, distress, affliction.

बारती s. f. A ceremony performed in adoration of the gods by moving circularly, round the head of the idol; a platter containing a burning lamp with several wicks.

चारना v. n. To stop.

चारव s. m. Sound.

with s. m. A beginning, a commence...
ment; an introduction, a prologue.

भारत s. m. Idleness, laziness, inactivity. चारती s.f. Looking-glass, indolence. चारती adj. i Idle, lazy. indolent, inac-

tive.

mirror on the thumb used by the Hindu females). [spirit.

THE s. m. Insipidity, want of flavor or THE s. m. A saw; a shoemaker's knife or awl; the name of a district, Arrah in Shahabad.

चाराति s. m. An enemy.

चारायक s. m. A worshipper.

ing, worship, devotion, supplication.

বাহাখনা s. m. To worship, adore, practise, devotion, serve, to accomplish. s. f. Service, worship, adoration.

বাবাৰ s. m. A pleasure garden, a grove. বাবী s. f. A small saw, a hand saw, an awl.

ৰাবীৰা s. m. A plant of the gourd kind. ভাৰত s. m. A drug brought from the hills of cooling properties.

बाद बना v. s. To strangle. Kanth-arúndhan, strangulation.

thing else, ascended, risen. Megharúrha, seated on a cloud.

Health, adj. Healthy.

चारीय s. m. A transmutation, a change. चारीयच s. m. Planting.

जारोतिक adj. Deposited, intrusted; transformed, changed into, feigned.

rising or growing of a new shoots; a ladder, a stair case.

win adj. Pained, afflicted; disturbed, confounded.

जाई बक्षे. Wet, moist, damp.

The s. m. Ginger, in the undried state.

चावेत s. f. Age, duration of life.

चार्य adj. Of a good family, respectable, venerable.

vield s. f. A mirror (particularly o mirror on the thumb used by Hindu females).

root of which a red colour is extracted for staining leather, dyeing silk. &c. (Morinda citrifolia). s. m. Yellow orpiment. [protector.

ৰাজনা s. m. Dependance; a support, a ৰাজঃ s. m. A house.

আজবাৰ s. f. A basin for water round the root of a tree.

পাৰৰ s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laziness. adj. Idle, slothful, lazy.

चालकी adj. Idle, slothful, lazy.

चात्रस s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laziness. adj. Idle, slothful, apathetic.

चालखी adj. Drowsy, slothful.

or wall for holding a lamp, &c. adj. Wet; running (as a sore).

भाषान s. m. The post to which an elephant is tied, or the rope that ties him.

Speaking to; addressing, conversation; enumeration of the questions in an arithmetical or algebraic sum.

चानावचारी s.f. The act of tuning the voice previous to singing.

over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

खालि । s. f. A woman's female friend, बाबी । a damsel.

चालिक्स s. m. Embracing, the clasping any one in the arms, an embrace.

बाबिकी adj. Embracing.

খালী s. f. A woman's female friend, a damsel. s. m. A scorpion.

स्नालीरंग s. m. A colour extracted from the al tree (Marinda citrifolia).

s. m. An esculent root (arum reg) campanulatum), a potatoe. Ratalu, a yam; shakarkand, a sweet potatoe.

चानप s. m. Liniment.

ৰাজীৰ s. m. Sight, seeing, looking; light; flattery, complimentary language, panegyric.

पालोकन s. m. Sight, seeing, looking.

and poet, from whom a species of poetry takes its name.

পাৰের s. m. Insurance.

visition s. f. Approach, advance; the coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the senson in which merchandize is expected.

चावन s. m. Coming, approach; áwanáwan, tidings of approach.

with adj. That which is to come; he that shall come.

জব্ব ş. m. A shield; a covering.

भावहां s. f. The allotted period of any one's life, an age.

चावनी v. n. To come.

चावभक्ति s.f. A civil reception or 'भावभगत salutation, welcome, courte-चावभगति ousness.

শাৰ্থৰ s. f. A row, a range, a continuous line; a series, a dynasty, a lineage.

भागमस् adj. Necessary, indispensable, expedient. s. m. Necessity, expediency.

भावभावारा s. f. Necessity, indispensableness, inevitability.

चावा s. m. A potter's-kiln.

ज्ञानके s.f. Report, mention.

चाराव्यान है s. m. Transmigration, com-चाराव्यान है ing, and going. जाराजाई s. f. Coming and going, intercourse, dancing after.

coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the season in which merchandize is expected.

TITIE s. f. A house.

आवास्त्र s. m. Calling, summons.

चाविनांव s. m. An unfolding, a developing, a manifesting, manifestation, presence becoming visible.

चानिक्त adj. Unfolded, developed, manifested, appeared.

passed, engrossed (by a domen, 40. passed, engrossed (by any sentiment or feeling).

नाइस adj. Enclosed, surrounded (by a ditch, woll, &c.).

পারনি s.f. Order, method; a repetition of the same thing, a revolution.

ATM adj. Fond; attached, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, strongly inclined to; able, powerful.

भागित s.m. Attachment, fondness; power, ability, might.

TIMES s. f. Fear, apprehension, awe, terror, danger, peril; doubt, uncertainty.

tomentosa); on which the tasar silk-worm feeds.

ৰাম্য s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scope, an object of desire.

wint s. f. Hope, desire, dependance, reliance, trust.

ing part of June and July; and commencing when the sun enters Gemini the name of the 20th and 21st mansions in the Hindu Zediac.

the object hoped for.

tation.

TIMES. m. Disappointment.

च्यात्रावन adj. Expectant, dependant; hoping, having hope.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰাৰ ady. Desponding, despairing. Blessing, benediction, षाविस ह. र. bestowing or wishing a blessing upon others.

વામોનેપન ક. m. A blessing, a benediction.

चात्रीवींद s. m. \ Benediction, blessing, काशीस s.f. | return of a compliment from a brahmana.

चार्या s. m. Surprise, astonishment, amazement. adj. Astonishment,

चार्यवा s.m. Wonderfulness; wonder, astonishment.

चात्रम s. m. Abode, residence; a religious order, of which there are four kinds referrible to the different periods of life; as 1st. That of the brahmachares or student; 2d, That of the grihastá or householder; 3d. That of the vanaprastha or anchorite; and 4th, That of the bhikshuka or beggar; a college, a school; a hermitage the abode of retired devotees SAGOS.

चात्रमी adj. Living in any of the four states of the life.

পাৰৰ ৈ s. m. Cheating, fraud, circumwith f vention; proximity, vicinity; a retreat, an abode, an asylum; a house; a means of defence, having recourse to protection or sanctionary; trust, reliance, hope; patron, a protector.

चाचित adj. One who relies on another; a refugee, a protegé; a dependant. भूतेत adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident. खात्रास s. m. Completion, cessation, comfort.

चात्रावस s. m. Confidence, trust, expec- | चावित s. m. The 6th Hindu month ( September-October ), commencing when the sun enters Virgo, and in which the moon is full near the stars in the headof Aries.

> चाबाइ s. m. The 3d solar month (June-July, during which the is in Gemini, and the full moon is near asharha, more commonly called pureaskarhs or uttara-shorho constellations in Sagittarius ).

> THE s.f. Hope dependance, reliance, चासका s. f. Laziness, tardiness. askatána, v. n. To be lazy. áskati, adj. lazy, remiss.

चासकताना v. n. To be lazy. चारकती adj. Lazy, remiss.

with adj. Diligent, zealously active. fond, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, intent or attached strongly to. trusting to, confiding in ; eternal.

चार्चात्र s. f. Attachment to one object or pursuit, diligence, application.

चारन s. m. A tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alate tomentosa), a stool, a seat, a small carpet on which the Hindus sit at their worship; a carpet to sit on; stay, abiding, posture, attitude, sitting (especially the attitudes adopted by jogees in their devotional exercise. of which they reckon eighty-four); the inside or upper part of the thigh; the withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits, asan tale ona. to come under subjection, asanjorna, to sit on the hams; asan dolna, spoken of a holy man, who perceiving by supernatural intelligence that some one in distress has called on him, interposes in his behalf, asan se asan jorna, to sit close in contact with another-person. asan lagna to sit obstinately in a given posture till one's request be obtained, asanmarna, (to sit particularly in an attitude practised by jogees or devotees), to retain one's seat firmly on horse back.

चायनी s.f. A small carpet, &c., on which hindoos sit and perform poojas.

चाडपाड s. m. Vicinity, circumference. adv. Around, about on all sides.

ाउनचान adv. All around, on every side; wholly, altogether.

scope, and object of desire; an asylum, abode or retreat.

sugar or molasses. [trust.

ৰাধা s. f. Hope, dependance, reliance, বাহৰণ odj. Expectant, dependant.

a kind of pigeon a sort of cotton cloth. [instruction.

wifew s. m. Benediction, blessing;

बासिनींद } s. m. Bendiction, blessing.

which the moon is full near the stars in the head of Aries (September-October).

चानीन adj. Sitting, seated

return of compliment from a Hindu superior (a bro hman).

of marriage; in which the bridegroom gives to the bride, her father and paternal kinsmen, as much as he can afford.

बाह्य s. f. Of or belonging to the esure, devilish, demoniscal; a divi-

sion of medicine; surgery, curing by cutting with instrument applying the actual cautery, &c., asuri mays. s.f. Deception of demons.

no. v. n. To be lazy, askati adj. Lazy, remiss.

चासनी odj. Lazy, remiss.

चारित s. m. A believer, pious. faithful. चार्चा s. m. Prop, stay, place or means of abiding; effort, pains, care.

चालद s.m. A place, a situation ; dignity, rank.

ous order (of which there are four kinds referrible to the different periods of life; as 1st, That of the brahmacharee or student; 2d, That of the grihusth or householder; 3rd. That of the vanaprasth or anchorite and 4th that of the bhikshuk or beggar).

Tiers s. m. Means of defence or protections, trust, reliance, hope; defence, asylum retreat, refuge, shelter, abode, house.

wifes adj. One who relies on another, a refugee, a protegge.

चाचेंद्र adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident. पासाद s. m. Savour, relish.

पासास s. m. Comepletion, cessation, comfort.

wite ah! An interjection, aha! ah! Wites. f. Sound, noise.

चाइरजाइर s.f. Coming and going.

चाइला s. m. Inundation, flood, overflow.

ৰাখা interj. Ah ! aha ! alas ! Oh !

चाहि s. m. or s. f. Is or exists. s.f. Alas.

বাষন } s. m. Offering oblations with বাছন } fire to the deities, a burnt offering.

चाकिक s. m. The constant or daily

ceremonies of religion; constant occupation daily, work. adj. Daily, diurnal.

ৰাঙ্গিৰী adj. Of or belonging to a day.

TIET s. m. Inundation, deluge, flood, overfloow.

ৰায়ার s. m. Jey, gladness, delight, mirth, exultation, festivity.

ভাষাবিৰ culj. Joyful, glad, delighted, pleased, merry, clated in mind, rejoiced. [mons.

ৰাষ্যাৰ s. m. A call, invitation, sum-ৰাষ্য s. m. Reproof, reproach, an irony a sarcasm; abuse, reviling; censure, blame.

## 3

The third vowel of the Nágree alphabe, corresponding to I short, and pronounced like that letter in tin, hill &c. When compounded with a preceding consonant, its symbolical mark is f, and it is placed on the lefthand of the letter, through sounded after it.

in carrying a burthen on the head.

tot s. f. A round ornament for the top of the head.

रहारा s. m. A large well of masonry. इंट्रूर s. m. A rat, a mouse.

heavens and of the inferior devinities; the Indian Jove.

र जानी s. f. The wife of Indra; a medicine or plant (vitex negundo).

(Cucumis colocynthis, a fruit of beautiappearance but bitter taste); hence a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayan ka phal, The fruit of indrayun. The sent or throne of Indra't's. f. An organ of sense, the organs of action and perception the Hindus reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation, and the organ of excretion; and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); Indrijulláb, a diuretic medicine.

THE s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

रक adj. One. Iksar, adj. Alike similar. इक्षित adj. One of the mind.

মন্তব বাৰ s. m. Universal dominion.

Ikchhat-ráj karna, v. n. To hold universal dominion

thing without closing the eye.

হৰহ। হৰতা odj. Collected together, in one হৰহী place.

दबड़ीरा m. } adj. Collected together, दबड़ीरी f. } in one place.

इनला क्यों. m. Alone, only.

इक्लाई s.f. Singleness, loneliness.

दक्षीता adj. Only, single, alone.

द्वसार adj. Alike, similar.

super-excellent, s. m. An earring of a single pearl; an ornament worm on the wrist, often hollow, containing perfume; a champion who serves alone, without being attached to any corps; a single-horse gig or buggy or native carriage, commonly used at Patas.

र्कित .. m. Hint, sign, gesture; going, motion; inquiry, research.

was adj. Wishing, desirous.

An; seeing, sight.

Desirable food, or food agreeable and abundant to the utmost desire.

To walk affectedly or coquetishly, to express tenderness or kindness by gesture.

Ka adv. Here, hither.

much, so much, so many, Itne-men, in the mean time, mean-while, mean-time.

and adj. Affected, giving one's self airs, playful, wanton, coquettish; other different; low, vile; Itar lok, adj. The low people, people of low caste; other people.

द्वराजा. v. s. To give one's self airs, to act with affection, to act in an unnatural or unusual manner.

इतराम } adj. Affected, playful, wan-

द्रत्वार s. m. Sunday.

word usually written at the end of a book, letter, &c., signifying that it is finished; conclusion, enough (finis).

Interest of former events, heroic history, story, fable.

इतेन adj. So much, thus much.

स्ती adj. This much, so much.

Tails conj. Et cetera, and so forth.

THE adv. Here, hither, on the side.

Idhar udhar, About, around, up and
down, here and there.

इन्होरा s. m. A large well of masonry.

te s, m. The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior divinities.

इन्द्रवाल s.m. Deception, cheating, juggling; trick or stratagem in war. इन्द्रजाको app. A juggler, a conjurer; deceptive, unreal.

হৰতী s. m. Medicinal seed ( Sparrow's tongue, Nerium antidysentericum).

इन्ह्रनील s. m. A sapphire.

इन्द्रनीस्त्र s. m. An emerald.

रहमस s. m. A name of the ancient city of Delhi.

स्क्रोडिया s.f. The asterism Pooshys. इन्द्रवसु s.f. An insect (s species of accrus of a scarlet colour and like aclast) the wife of Indra.

रहरा s.m. A smedicinal seed (Sperrow's tongue, nerium antidysentericum).

মুমানী s. f. The wife of Indra; a medicine or plant ( Viter negunds).

(Cucumis colocynthis), the fruit of the Coloquintida plant (a fruit of beautiful appearance but bitter taste, hence, a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayun ka phal, The fruit of indrayun).

[बार्स क. m. The seat or throne of In-

THEFOR S. m. The seat or throne of In
THEFOR S. f. An organ of sense, the

organs of action and perception (the Hindus reckoning those of
action to be the hand, the foot, the voice,
the organ of generation and the organ
of excretion; and those of perception
to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the
nose, the tongue, and the skin); the
privities.

ছৰিয়ন্ত্ৰ s.f. The faculty of perception, sense, consciousness.

মুন্দ s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the pupose.

44 adv. Thus, as, in like manner. 44 s. m. An elephant. क्रमपासक s. m. The driver or keeper of an elephant,

wweat meat; a small vessel for drinking out of; a kind of cloth.

इति } s. f. A tamarind tree and its fruit.

सरादा s. m. Desire, inclination.

wer s.f. prop. name. Wife of Budha and daughter of Ikhawaku.

च्याका s. m. Relation, interest.

च्याचीदाना s. m. A kind of sweet meat.

चलवा s. m. A kind of silk cloth.

इलायनो } s. f. Large cardamums.

**रवाइ**। वाद *s. m.* A place of pilgrimage of the Hindus.

स्वीम s. f. A fish, the Hilsa or Sable (Clupea aloss).

₹ 8. m. A wart.

Thus, like.

TAITI s. m. A sign; wink.

द्यों a.f. Stanza.

क्षा s. m. One's own chosen deity.

worshipped, adored, reverenced, respected; cherished, beloved s. m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

est, most desired.

tent odj. Dearer, more dear, more desired.

respect.

TE s. f. Sacrifice.

इसपात s. m. Steel.

Territ s. m. A kind of musical instrument: keeping secret.

Terri s. m. A sign, wink.

TH ach. This.

रवकारण On account of this.

रसवड़ी This time.

रक्षम } s. m. The trunk of a tree, s संघ } column, pile, post, pillar,

smoothing iron. Istri karna v. a. To iron or smooth with an iron.

दक्षीका s.m. Resigning.

रिकर } adj. Settled, steady, firm, स्थिर } fixed.

रिखरता } s. f. Rest, tranquillity, विखरता } stendiness.

TUST 8. f. Inclination, desire, wish.

इस्तृत स्नृति } s. f. A religious treatise.

TV pron. This. Iha-lok, s. m. The present world. Iha-i, This very. Ihai-than, Here, in this very place.

रहकाख s. m. This life.

स्डलीक s. m. This life, this world.

रच s. f. Sugar-cane.

বেদাভ s. m. A species of sugar-cane, (Saccharum munja).

खु s. m. Sugar-cane.

रचुनतो s. f. The name of a river in Bengal, the Issamatti.

इन की adj. Diabetic.

रचरम s. w. The juice of the sugar-cane. रचसार s. m. Molasses, raw or unrefined sugar.



ee, the fourth vowel of the Nágree alphabet, pronounced like ee in feel, keel, &c., and when compounded with a consonant it is expressed by the symbol?

रेग्र s. m. Red lead.

रेजा s.f. Pain, trouble.

₹ z s. f. A brick.

रेंटगारी 8. f. Brick-work.

रेटाया s.m. A kind of dove.

8-5

\* zer s. m. A roll or round fold on which a burthen is carried on the head.

देंद्र s. m. A rat, a mouse.

रंधन s.m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

रेख s.f. Sugar-cane.

worshipped, adored, reverenced, respected; cherished, beloved. s. m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

दि s. f. Annoying the enemy.

if s. f. One of the six causes by which the crops are destroyed.

इन्दर s. m. A mouse.

Far part. act. Acting affectedly.

देहम adv. Thus, such resembling this.

ईधर adv. Here, hither.

देन्द्र s. m. A rat, a mouse.

देखने s. m. Fuel.

देशित adj. Longed for, wished for.

इ मन s. f. A kind of song.

इ मान s. m. Faith, conscience.

tis. f. Envy, spite.

र्रपास adj. Envious.

tn s. m. Lord, a name of Siv; also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter: a ruler, a master.

देखा s. f. The shaft of a plough.

देशान s. m. A named of Siv; light, splendour. Eshan-kon, m. s. North-east.

ইসিলা s. f. Superiority, supremacy, one of the eight arributes of divinity.

Supreme Ruler, master, lord; the Supreme Ruler of the universe, God, the supreme; a name of Siv, Kamdeb, of Durga, of Lukchmi, of Suruswati, or of any other of the Suktis or female energies of the deities.

देवरता s. f. Godhend, divinity.

देवरभाव s. m. The divine nature.

देवराधीन adj. Subject to or dependant on God.

देवराधीनता s.f. Dependance upon or subjection to God.

देवराराधना s. f. Worship of God.

इयरी s. f. Goddess; lady.

इ. यरांच s. m. Part of God.

च्चेषणा s.f. Desire.

देवत् adj. A little, somewhat.

te same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

ket adv. Hither.

Tris.f. Attempt.

इंडायग s. m. A person governed and led by women.

देवप s. m. Sight, seeing; the eye.

## उ

alphabet, corresponding to on in good.
When it follows a consonant in the same syllable it is placed under the letter, and is expressed by its symbol, as winter. Oh! denoting pain.

उंगल s.m. } A finger; a finger's उंगली s.f. } breadth.

उंचनीच adj. Ups and downs of life, vicissitude, high and low, particulars,

उ चार्क s. f. उ चार्क s. m. Height, elevation.

**ख'वास** 8. f. च**ंवाइ**ट 8. f.

उ जाना v. a. To raise, to take up. इट डेजना v. a. To pour.

चन्द्रवा s. m. A tree dried by itself.

चकरना है v. a. To dig up slowly any जनराना है thing buried in the ground, to extract a secret gradually and artfully, to pump.

sadj. Dried up.

the hams with the soles of the feet on the ground.

era s. f. Speech, voice, language;

era contrivances, invention, ukat

bunána, v. s. To make up a story,

to invent, to contrive. Ukat lena,

v. s. To discover, to find out.

उद्यासना v. c. To fret, to be melancholy or dejected; to be out of humour with, to be tried of, to tire.

च्यताना v. a. To be fatigued.

उद्याद part. Instigator, promoter.

च्छताना v. a. To promote, to forward. उत्तवना v. n. To boil.

उक्समा v. उक्समुद्धस adv. चित्रसा

चकालना v. n. To be excited, to be moved, to try to move.

क्ष्यासमा v. a. To excite, to move.

उकाखना v. a. To boil water.

चर्नेलगा v. a. to turn up.

en adj. Spoken.

s. f. Speech, voice, language; contrivances, invention.

डवटना v. a. To trip.

up or raised up, to slip out (as a bone, §c.). Ukharna pukharna To be plucked or rooted up.

उथाइना र v. a. To root up, break or buten pluck up, eradicate, extirpate; dislocate.

खनाज n. Wickedness.

उद्यमजी adj. Wicked. [ing rice.

टबन s. m. A wooden mortar for pound-

खबा s. f. A wooden mortar.

खबाइ s.f. Rooting up, extirpation.

च्याच प्रचाल s. m. Cholers morbus.

चयक्ताना v. a. To cause to pluck up.

चनम part. Growing, springing up; production.

spring (as plants), to rise (as the moon). Ugtehi jul-jana, To be withered immediately on springing up (is applied to a hope or expectation which is blasted in the bud).

जनवा v. a. To spit out, to vomit; (met.) to refund property surreptitiously obtained.

डगइना v. To collect; accumulate.

चनाचता v. a. To cause to grow, &c.

chewing any thing (specially betel leaf.) Ap ke ugal mero udhár, Yourworship's leavings are my nourishment; i. e. You, Sir, are my support and benefactor. Ugaldán, s. m. A spitting-pot. [mulate.]

ভনাছৰ v. a. To gather collect, accu-ভনাছী s. f. Asury; the trade of lending money on interest of one-fourth part, the payment of which is received by instalments.

ङगिलना रे, To vomit forth.

ভাৰিয়া s. m. The thing vomited.

चप s. m. Wrath, anger.

च्या adj. Angry, cruel, wrathful.

चचड़ना v. n. To be uncovered, discovered, opened, pulled off.

डचमी adj. Prompt; ready.

च्याङ्ग v. a. To uncover, discover, unveil, open, pull off, unclose, bare.

च्याडू s. m. One who uncovers or unveils.

उचकना v. n. To rise, to be raised or lifted; to lap, bound, spring up.

ज्यकाना v. a. To lift or raise up.

जच्या s. m. A thief, a pick-pocket.

जबहो s. f. A female thief or pickpocket. ত্ত্বলৈ | v. n. To separate; to be separated (as pluster from or wall); to slip, slide, rebound (as a sword striking a hard body obliquely); to be broken or interrupted (sleep).

छत्रग s. m. A moth.

चचरना v. n. To speak, pronounce, utter.

उपलग् v. n. To separate, to be separated.

separate (one thing from another).

ভবাহনা v. a. To divide, separate.

Uchat hóna, To be tired, to be disgusted.

च्याना v- a. To lift up a burden,

उतारना v. a. To pronounce, to speak out, to utter.

তবিৰ adj. Proper, becoming, fit, suitable, convenient.

दिवना . a. To separate one thing from another.

es adj. High, tall, lofty.

चन्ता s.f. Height.

from the flesh, &c.); to be uttered, spoken or pronounced. v. a. To speak, utter, tell.

च्चाटन s. m. } The act of vexing, or rendering sorrowful, vexation.

च्यान s.f. Height.

ভৰাব 

s. f. Pronunciation, utterance,
articulation, expression, enunciation.

च्यारना v. a. To pronounce, speak out, utter, articulate, express. [culated. च्यारित adj. Pronounced, uttered, arti-

डवै:नश s. m. The horse of Indra.

ভাৰ s. m. Joy, gladness. [ed. ভাৰত dy. Ruined, lain, waste, destroy-ভাৰত s. m. Food left or rejected, srumbs, fragments, leavings, orts. expectation; division of a book.

ভত্ৰো \ v. n. To leap or bound, to ভত্ৰা \ spring or spout up (as water in a fountain), to spring or fly up.

we up any thing.

डहार s. m. Vomiting.

चकाजना v. a. To throw up, to toss up a thing (as a ball &c.) and catch it in the hand.

ভকাত s.f. Excitement. [clownish. ভকাত adj. Inconsiderate, rash, ignorant, ভবাত্তা v. n. To become desolate.

उत्तर्यामा v. a. To lay waste by the hands of a third person.

चन्द्रापुनाङ्ग part. In ruins, desolate.

डंजरा } adj. Desolate.

ব স্বাৰা v. n. To become clean, to shine, to be bright.

bright, splendid. [brighten]

ভাৰাৰা v. a. To cause to cleanse, to ভাৰাৰা v. a. To cause a person to pour from one vessel to another.

কলাৰ s. m. Splendor, brightness. adj. famous, celebrated; light, bright, splendid.

বলাৰ adj. Desert, desolate, ruined, ruinous, demolished, deserted, abandoned.

चनाइना v. a. To lay waste, desolate, demolish, injure, expose to loss.

ভবাৰ s. m. The direction or part of a river which is opposite to the course of the stream, up the stream.

डनारना v. To become waste.

डजाजना v. a. To cleanse, polish, (metals or jewels).

चनाचा s. m. Splendor, brightness, light. adj. Clear, shining, luminous, bright.

च जाली s. f. Splendor, glare, adj. Bright, | चडाव s. f. Act of appearing. s. m. An clear, light.

छ नियार <del>ङ नियाला</del> s. m. Brightness. **छ जियारा** 

ड के रिया s. f. Mooa-light. डनेरी adj. Lighted by moon.

The name of city which was छजेन **ए**ने नी capital of the country where Vikramaditya reigned.

ভক্তৰ } adj. Clean, bright, lnminous, splendid, clear, pure, shining; blown, expanded.

च कव सता s. f. Splendor, radiance.

च्च्चित adj. Pure, clean, clear.

च्यान s. m. The city of Ujein, formerly the capital of Vikrumaditya: it is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, and the first meridian of their geographers.

उभवाग v. a. To peep, to spy.

adj. Ignorant, illiterate, clown-

जिल्ला v. n. To flow or be poured from one vessel into another. v. a. To throw or pour quickly from one vessel into another. into another.

चक्राजना v. a. To pour from one vessel डिमिसना v. Flow or powred from one vessel to another.

चटकरचेष adj. Precipitate, rash, acting without consideration. plant.

चटक्रन s.f. A river near Gwalior : a च उच्च s. m. A prop or support.

चढन s. m. A hat made of leaves.

चडना v. n. To rise up, be raised, to spring; to be abolished. exercise. चढवेढ ४. f. Restlessness ; a kind of चढवाना v. a. To cause to lift or raise up, or remove, &c.

चढवैया s. m. One who rises.

चढाईमोरा s. m. A pilferer, a purloiner, a petty thick

area or court; rising, ascension, appearing.

चढाना v. a. To lift, take or raise up. elevate, hoist, take or bear away, produce, invent, cause, gain, get, enjoy, abolish, excite, rouse, support, bear, carry, remove, receive suffer, exhibit contract debts or purchase on credit, expend. any place.

ভাৰে s. m. Expenditure; act of leaving चठावेठी s. m. Act of frequently rising up and sitting down; inconstancy.

चष्त्रव s. plur. The stars, the starry firmament.

उद्भवना v. n. To walk with a stately or affected gait.

उड़न adj. Flying.

उड़वा v. n. To fly.

उड़नानन s.f. A flying serpent.

खपड़ s. m. A raft, a float.

उड़्स s. m. A bug.

चड़ाज s. m. A spendthrift, an extravagant person, prodigal.

च्याक adj. Capable of flying, fledged. उड़ान s. f. Act of flying.

च्याना v. a. To cause to fly; to squandor or spend extravagantly, dissipate, blow up or away, filch; to entice. Uráns puráns, To squander.

चक्ष प s. m. A raft, a float.

चदंगन s. m. Any thing placed under a vessel to prevent its oversetting; prop, a support.

उदक करना v. n. To seek or cry for an absent person (applied to a child only).

चढ़जना v. n. To overset.

चढ़कपरना adj. Abroach, atilt.

हदना v. a. To put on clothes. उडाना v. a. To cause to clothe.

salut part. A wearer or putter on of

a dress.

चडीना s.m. Clothing.

उद्धेलना v. a. To pour.

उतंग adj. Tall, high.

चत odv. There, thither.

care.

Bosz adj. Difficult.

सतस्य n. prop. The province of Orissa. सतस्य s. m. Name of a saint son of Brihaspati.

कतना adj. m. As much as that, so much, so many.

उत्पच adv. Out of the way.

Gaula s. m. Phenomenon; violence.

off from the body; cast of clothes.

Bin se utran hona, To be freed from debt.

bait, disembark, land, dismount, subside, decrease, pass over, cross, go off, fall off, decay, fade, flag, be freed from debt, become insipid, flatten, fall in value or in dignity.

सत्यामा v. a. To cause to descend or alight.

(by the hands of a third person, as to do it one's self is, utarna); to boil over.

सतका adj. Shallow.

कतान } adj. Supine, lying on the कतान } back; shallow.

dena, to bring down; (met) to disgrace, to dishonor.

चतारन s.f. A fragment.

scend, to bring down; to degrade; to cause to pass over, to convey over; to take off, to tear off, strip off, to cut off, or break off (a portion

of any thing unload, disembark, disemount, discharge; to make a return or recompense. Utare hue, engaged with a desperate resolution in any enterprise metaphor taken from cavalry, who dismount to fight on foot with a determination to conquer or die).

enteres s. m. A lowering and raising.
editi s. m. A descent; crossing or
passing. (over a river, &c.) an answer;
cast off clothes; disgrace; degradation; ransom; self-devotion.

चतावब s. f. Quickness, speed, despatch. चतावबा adj. m. Swift, quick, speedy, precipitate, rash.

Haste, speed, rashness, impatience.

जतीर्षं adj. Worn, cast off clothes, jewels, &c.).

जन्म s. m. Free from debt or obligation. जन्म इ. f. Regretting, missing any thing.

उत्क्रष्ठ भूम s. m. A good soil.

सत्तत adj. Anxious, excited.

सत्तम adj. Excellent, best, principal, first, chief.

उत्ततपुर्व s. m. An excellent man.

Posterior, latter, behind, northern, superior, high. Uttarordh, the latter half.

उत्तरफ्रव्युणी s.f. The twelfth lunar mansion containing two stars; figured by a bed.

चत्तरभाइपर s.m. The 27th lunar mansion, figured by a conch, and comprehending two stars of which one is Andromeda.

North wind, boreas.

• चत्तराधि कार 8. m. An inheritance,

उत्तराधिकारी s. f. An heir, a successor.

ring which the sun is to the north of the equator, the summer solstice.

उत्तराई adj. The last half.

नमराबादा s. f. The 21st lunar mansion, figured by an elephant's tooth, or a bed, and containing two stars, one of which is in Sagittarius.

ভন্মের adj. Of or belonging to the north, northern. [and further. ভন্মান adv. More and more, further ভন্মান adj. Arrived, got over a difficulty, delivered, rescued.

उनक adj. High, lofty, tall.

bunáya uske-tueen, here beat him to mummy (lit. till his body become marked like the plaits in cloth), uttu kurna, v. a. To plait. Uttu-gur, A planter.

exertion, battle, joy. Utthan-ekodushi, or devathan, The eleventh of the
shukl-puksh of Kartik, when Vishnu
is said to awake from sleep; during
the four months that he is supposed to
sleep it is unlawful to marry).

चलापन s. m. The act of raising a thing up, in arithmetic the producing of answer or result.

ভবান } s. f. Birth, origin, creation, ভবানি production.

ভৰষ adj. Born, produced; gained; occurred. s. m. Proceeds, profits, produce.

Les); a plant (a Costus).

उमादन s. m. The rooting up of a thing, eradication.

डवात s. m. A portent, a phenomenon; violence, injustice, injury. डबादन s. m. The producing or creating of a thing.

उत्भेषा s. m. Indifference, carelessness; comparison, illustration (in poetry or rhetoric).

डकार्य s.m. Abandoning, quitting, resigning, retiring from ; giving donation; any precept or rule.

डबाव s. m. A festival, a jubilee, public rejoicing; impatience; wrath.

ergy, fortitude; happiness; joy.

डबाही adj. Active, persevering.

ट्यनग v. a. To overturn, to overset.

डबस्तुष्टल adj. Topsy turvy, higgledy piggledy. s.f. Confusion, interchange.

उपना adj. Shallow. [overset.

ভৰজাৰা v. c. To cause to turn over or ভৱন s. m. Water.

उद्घ s. m. The ocean.

चद्य s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise; rising, ascending; light, splendour; prosperity, good fortune. uduy hona, v. n. To rise (as the sun &c.)

ड्यांगिर } s. m. The mountain from ड्याच्च } behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

डर्यास s. m. From sun-rise to sun-set; from udayachul, where the sun is supposed to rise, to astachal, where it is supposed to set.

डदयी adj. Prosperous. flourishing.

उदर s. m. The belly.

उदरिख s.f. The line on the abdomen.

डदरहाँद s.f. Dropsy.

ভৰ্ববিদ্যাৰ adj. A glutton voracious, one who devours every thing, flesh, fish, &c. one who is a devil for his belly.

ट्दरामय s. m. Diarrhea, dysentery.

च्दरावेट s. m. The tape worm.

ट्रियो s. f. A pregnant woman.

डदरिन् } adj. Fat, corpulent.

ण्डतिस adj. Fat, corpulent.

डहरी s.f. Enlargement of the abdomen from dropsy or flatulency adj.
Abdominal.

STIT s. m. Marriage.

sharp tone; the gift donation; a musical instrument, a large drum.

डदासा *odj*. Liberal, giving, a donor, great, illustrious ; dear, beloved.

चहान s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which rises up the throat and passes into the head.

**TETT** ady. Generous, liberal, munificent; great; unperplexed; gentle.

ভदारता s. f. Generosity, liberality; munificence.

TETH s. m. Unsettledness, retiredness. adj. Unsettled, retired, lonely, forlorn, dejected, sorrowful, sad; apathetic.

डहासी s.f. Solitude, loneliness, sadness, dejection. adj. Unsettled, solitary, lonely, retired, dejected.

डराधीन s. m. A class of mendicants of the Panjab, an hermit or anchorite, a cynic, a misanthrope, a stoic.

चहाइट s. f. Brownness.

tion, a simile, a comparison, an apposite argument, one of the five modes of logical reasoning.

चित्त adj. Risen (as the sun); distinguished, conspicuous (as valour &c.).

चरीत adj. Known, celebrated.

स्तीच s. m. The country and its inhabitants north of the river Sorabati.

चद्रमार s. m. The glomerous fig tree

(Ficus glomerata); a set of brakemans.

उद्भास s. m. A gum resin, Bdellium.

खदेश s. m. Object ; intention.

उद्गत adj. Vomited, cast up.

उद्गार s. m. Vomiting ; sound.

well, a leathern bucket used for drawing water; an instrument or means of opening, a key, &c.

ভদাতিন adj. Done with effort, exerted; opened.

डिस s. m. Strenuous and continued efforts, exertion, endeavour, labour; calling, employment, trade.

डहीपन adj. Exciting, inflaming as passion; blazing, glowing of a luminous body.

उद्दोस adj. Illuminated.

उद्देश s. m. A scope, a vestige, a trace.

panting, plethora in the vessels of the head, head-ache, indigestion.

sen adj. Rude, arrogant, illbehaved.
s.m. A king's wrestler.

interest), deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation. raising up from any place or state.

ভद्यारमा v. a. To liberate, discharge.

डहर s. m. Birth, production.

তরিজ s.m. Vegetables.

eun s. m. A section, a chapter, the division of a book. adj. Raised, held up, active, persevering, labouring deligently and incessantly.

डचन s. m. Strenuous and continued effort, exertion perseverance, endeavor, labour; calling, employment, trade. [motive.

ভথাৰ s. m. A royal garden; purpose, ভথাৰ s. m. Exertion, perseverance, strenuous and continued endeavour. ing, one who makes effort.

उचीन s. m. Light, lustre.

चित्र adj. Perplexed, dejected, anxious, troubled, filled with thought.

स्वेस s. m. Regret, agitation, consternation, fear; perplexity, dejection, anxiety, uneasiness, exertion; care; the fruit of the Areca catechu, betelnut. [ed, agitated.

ভরী adj. Perplexed, anxious, perturb-ভরীধ s. m. Recollection, the recognizing of a thing.

WZ s. m. An offer.

see adj. Free from debt.

side, on the other side. U-dhar se, from that of the other side.

as the seem in a garment, or thread win a clue).

Baix \ s. m. Debt (especially not bearbaix \ ing interest), deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or state.

डधारना v. s. To liberate, to discharge. डपेड s. m. Unravelling, unwearing.

डिवेडना ) v. a. To undo, to unravel, डिवेडनी ( unfold.

डन pron. plur. Those, them.

छन्नास adj. Forty-nine.

उनतासीस adj. Thirty-nine.

डनतीस adj. Twenty-nine. डनसट adj. Fifty-nine.

चनसा Like them.

**खधेरना** 

डनासी adj. Seventy-nine.

चनित्र } adj. Sleepless.

ente odj. Nineteen.

डबत adj. High, tall.

perity; rising, ascending.

ভৰাৰ } adj. Insane, frantic, mad; ভৰাই } drunk, intoxicated, lustful, furious extravagant.

डचाता s.f. Insanity, intoxication.

ভনাহ s.m. Madness, extravagance.

ड बाह्य adj. Mad, insane, extravagant.

ন্ধনাৰ s. f. A measure of size or quantity.

उम्भ adj. Looking upwards.

डकोष s. m. Winking, twinkling of the eye-lids.

Errit s. f. Manner, appearance. adj.
Like, resembling.

wy A. preposition, which usually conveys the idea of vicinity or resemblance in an inferior degree.

implements, materials, means; helping, assisting.

sssistance, benefit, kindness.

\*\*Tanca adj. A friend, a protector, one who befriends.

ज्यकारी adj. Assisting, helping, beneficient, benefactor; subsidiary, subservient.

or undertaking; beginning in general; a stratagem.

उपनत adj. Promised, agreed.

उपनन s. m. Agreement, promise; approach, approximation.

mal in confinement; favour, encouragement; assistance. [ment.

उपकार s.m. A kind of musical instru-उपवार s.m. Service; physicking, the practice, of medicine; practice, profession usage; a present, a bribe.

extempore, the burthen of a song; the chorus, variations in music.

ज्यन्तन s.m. Preparation, exertion.

• Digitized by Google

ज्याबना v. a. To spring up, grow, be produced, shoot forth.

चपनाक adj. Fertile.

च्याना v. s. To create, produce, make grow, cultivate.

enaita adj. Produced, propagated.

Bपजीवन s. m. Subsistence, means of living. [port, subsistence.

ভবজীবিদ্ধা s.f. Livelihood, means of sup-ভবজীবী adj. Dependant, living by or on.

ভব্তৰ } s. m. A composition of per-ভব্তৰা } fumes, flour, &c. used to rub the body with. [a business.

ভাৰেনা v. n. To be tired or to be sick of ভাৰেনা v. n. To be rooted out, to be pulled out, to be skinned; to be imprinted with the mark of any thing.

उपनाप s. m. Disease; haste, hurry; heat, pain, misfortune.

promote drinking; the venereal disease.

अपदा s.f. A present, an offering to a king or great man, &c.; a bribe.

चप्रेम s. m. Advice, counsel, exhortation, admonition, information, instruction.

डिव्हें हैं s. m. f. An adviser, instruc-छव्हें tor, admonisher, a guide, especially a spiritual guide.

चपद्दाश्च adj. Advising, an adviser.

चप्देश s. m. A adviser ; teacher.

regs s. m. A portent, any natural phenomenon so considered; violence, injury, injustice, tyranny, excess, insult.

उपहों s. m. An overbearing person.
उपातु s. m. An inferior mineral, a
semimetal, of which, seven are specified, viz. pyrites, sulphate of copper,
talc, antimony, red orpiment, yellow
orpiment, and calx of brass; second-

ary secretion, as the milk, memses, adeps, sweat, teeth, hair, and lymph.

three first classes; investiture with a peculiar thread or cord worn over the left shoulder, and under the right; the cord of the Brahmana is of cotton, minjs or kusa grass; of the Kshatree of san or flax; and of the Vys, of wool: the youths are invested, respectively, from 8 to 16, from 11 to 22, and from 12 to 24 years of age.

स्पनिषद s. f. A portion of the religious writings of the Hindus: the theological part, and the Vedanta, or argumentive part of the Veds, either detached from, or comprised in the principal work.

उपनेत s. m. Spectacles, glasses for the उपपत्ति s. m. A paramour, a gallant.

जपपातक क m. A heinous crime, as killing a cow, selling a daughter, atheism, &c.

उपमा है s.f. A resemblance, comparison, simile, that thing to which another is likened.

उपनान s. m. Comparison.

च पनित s. f. Resemblance, comparison, a likeness, a picture, image, &c.

उपनिष adj. Comparable.

उपयुक्त adj. Fit, proper, right, becoming, worthy, qualified; adapted to, suitable, appropriate.

उपयोग s. m. Suitableness; use.

उपयोगी adj. Suitable.

**Eqt** prep. Above, on, over.

चपरना s. m. A scarf.

a garment (opposed to the lining).

डपरवाईतरवाई s. f. Surfeit, mort de chien, cholera morbus.

red chalk, bitumen, &c.; a subordinate flavour.

डपरान odv. After, afterwards.

karna, v. a. To take one's part, protect, stickle for.

चपरि adv. Above, up.

port. defence. favour, kindness.

उपरोधी adj. Impending. [temple. उपरोधित s. m. A chief priest of a Hindu उपरोधा s. m. A towel or cloth for wiping the body. adj. Superficial.

उपनो s. m. A scarf, a covering (sheet). उपनो adj. Supernatural; the outside of a garment (opposed to the lining).

जपनाईतनाई s. f. Surfeit, mort de chien, cholers morbus.

डपड s. m. A rock or stone, a precious stone or jewel.

for a whole, or of a quality for that in which it resides.

च्या s. m. Cakes of dried cow-drug. च्याचा adj. Smeared, plastered.

डपची s. f. Cakes of dried cow-dung of a small size. [ing.

डपनेप s.m. Plastering, smearing, anoint-डपनेपन s.m. Smearing, plastering with cowdung, &c.

डपरन s. m. A garden, a grove, an artificially planted wood.

डपवर्षन s. m. Minute, description.

चपवर्ष s. m. A certain celestial minstrel; furniture.

डपशास s. m. A fast, fasting.

जपनासी adj. Fasting, one who observes a fast.

sort of knowledge.

चयविष s. m. Factitious poison; a nar-

cotic, any deleterious drug, as opium, Datura, &c.

by the three first classes of *Hindus* over the left shoulder and under the right.

उपवेद s. m. A division of Hindu science deduced immediately from the Veds: four works are included this denomination, and severally entitled Ayush, Gandharvah, Dharush, and Sthapatyah; the first, it is said, was delivered to mankind by Brahms, Indra, Dhanwantari, and five other deities, and comprises the theory of disorders and medicines, with the practical methods of curing diseases; the second, or music, was invented and explained by Bharata; the third upaved was composed by Vishamitrah on the fabrication and use of arms and implements handled in war by the tribe of Kshattris; and Vishwakarma is said to have revealed the fourth in various treatises on sixty-four mechanical arts, for the improvement of such as exercise them,

चप्रम s. m. Tranquility, calmness, patience. [pacified.

उपज्ञास adj. Calm, tranquil; appeased, उपज्ञास s.f. Tranquility, calm; appeasing, allaying.

डपबानी adj. Tranquil, calm, appeased.

उपदास s. m. Science connected with, or derived from the skastrah,

चवर s. f. Stink, staleness, putrefaction, rottenness.

डपस्ता v. n. To become musty, to rot. डपस्त s. m. A portent, a natural phenomenon supposed to announce future evil; a disease, possession by an evil

spirit; a particle prefixed to roots, &c., a preposition.

ष्ठवा s. f. A concubine.

हपद्ध s. m. The male or female organs of generation. fed, approximate. डपिस्त adj. Present, ready; approach-चपहास s. m. Derision, scorn, laughter; fun, sport, ridicule, laughing at any [tion. one.

चपाच्यान s. m. A tale, a story, a narra-चपाइ s. m. The sectarial mark made with sandal, &c. on the forehead.

डपाइना v. a. To root up, extirpate, eradicate.

चपादान s. m. Abstraction, restraining the organs of sense and perception; cause, motive; immediate or proximate cause. डपाध s. f. Violence, injury, injustice, चपाधि s. m. Virtuous reflection; a discriminative or distinguishing property; deception, disguise; a title, a

discriminative appellation, a nick

डपाथी adj. Violent, unjust. चपाध्यायी s. m. A spiritual preceptor. डवाध्याया s.f. A female preceptor.

name.

**ए**पाध्याथी । s.f. The wife of a teacher. चपाध्यानी 🕽

चपाना v. a. To create, produce, earn, get; to adopt as an expedient or remedy, to contrive to prepare.

डपाय s. m. A means, expedient, plan. way, contrivance, scheme, preparation, redress, remedy.

डपायी adj. Resorting to expedients, contriving, remedying; contriver, expert in the use of means. खपाजन s. m. Earning, acquiring proper-डपानित adj. Acquired, gained, earned.

चपाचच s. m. Abuse, reviling; defer-

ring, delaying,

उपाव s. m. Remedy, redress.

चपाच s. m. A fast, fasting.

उपासक s. m. A worshipper ; a servant. उपासना s.f. Worship, adoration, ser-

vice, attendance on a superior, sedulity, supplication, prayer, interces-

sion. v. a. To reverence, to worship. उपासा adj. Hungry, one who fasts.

चपानी adj. Serving, worshipping.

चपास adj. Worthy of being worshipped, deserving of service, of honour, &c.

खपाद् रे adj. Contriving, remedying.

उपाच s. m. Means, remedy.

उपेचा s. f. Trick, deceit, one of the minor expedients in war; abandoning, abandonment.

उपना v. n. To boil over.

स्वक्ता v. n. To vomit.

चन्त्राई s. f. Act of vomiting.

उपकाता v. a. To vomit.

चब्दन s. m. A paste for scouring the skin previous to bathing.

चब्दना o. a. To rub on the body a detergent application called ubatno.

चन्ता v. To remain over.

खनार s. m. Release, deliverance.

चन्त्रना v. म. To boil.

चन्यामा v. a. To cause to boil (by the hand of another); to boil any thing with such violence that it is spilled.

चनसना v. n. To rot, to putrefy.

चन्द्राना v. o. To cause to rot.

चनाकना v. a. To vomit.

चवाना n. s. To sow, to plant.

स्वार्ता v. a. To set at liberty, liberate, release.

च्यासवा v. n. To boil, to make boil.

उमक s. m. A bear.

ਰਸਥ pron. Both.

चमरना v. n. To swell, to rise up, to overflow, to unlade (a cart or boat).

डमरा part. Unladen (as a cart or boot).

Ubhara karna, v. a. To unlade (a cart or boot).

चमराना v. a. To fill a vessel till it run चमाइना v. a. To take away, to steal.

चसाना v. a. To alarm, to disturb,

whit s. m. Swelling, plumpness, tumefaction, prominence.

स्मारना v. a. To plump up, to raise up, to excite, to pursuade.

चनंत s. f. Excessive joy, transport, exultation, ambition.

चनंत्रना v. n. To advance with joy. चनंत्री adj. Aspiring, ambitious.

डमंड्या v. n. To overflow, to fall ( as tears), to swell, to increase or be poured out (as a river, clouds, an army, the heart, &c.).

चनर s. f. Age, lifetime.

जनस 8. f. Heat.

उमसना v. To feel heat.

lens, v.s. To embrace, to caress, to fondle.

चर्ग s. m. A snake.

चरवान s. m. The infernal regions below the earth.

चरवाद s. m. Goroor the king of birds; a serpent eater.

examil s. m. Enemy of serpeuts.

उर्ज } 8. m. Female breast.

सर्वार v. To make entangled. [es]. सर्व s. m. Crimpling, plaits (as of cloth-

चरत्वर s.m. A crimpler or plaiter of clothes.

चर्च s. m. In the upper part or region. चर्चा adj. Hithermost, of this side.

खरवी s. f. Grand.

चराइन। s.m. Reproach, reprof, complaint. सर्व adj. Freed from a debt.

. अधिका s. f. Sita the wife of Ram.

सर्वा s. m. Reproach, reproot.

adj. Large, great, ample.

डरेब s.f. Complication, deception.

डर्द है s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos pilosus).

उदाचि ननी s. f. A female armed attendant in the haram.

छह*े s. m.* An otter.

चधेंग s. m. A disease occasioned by the mounting of wind upwards.

उदेशो s.f. The name of a courtezan, or female dancer in the heaven of Indra; an ornament worn on the breast.

kind of crop; land in general.

डबंग adj. Naked.

उद्यंपना v. To transgress; to leap over.

डब्बना v. a. To throw out the water from any thing, to drain.

বলন্দ্ৰ s.f. Involution, entanglement, complication.

च जमना v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, to be involved (in difficulties). v. a. To quarrel, to debate.

चलक्षपुलक्षजाना v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, &c.

entwist (as thread), to involve, busy or engage (in difficulties, business, &c.) to embroil.

intricacy, complication, involution.

क्रजभोद्धा s. m. Entanglement.

चब्रचंदल s. m. Name of a flewer.

reverse, overturn, reply. v. n. To be reversed, turned over or turned back, to return.

turvy. s. f. Confusion, interchage.

back. s. m. Reverse, opposite, contrary, reverted, turned back; peace pudding, a kind of pudding made of the meal of any pulse.

overset, upset, pervert, thwart, reverse, invert, return.

हजराना प्रतराना v. a. To reverse, modify; to interchange. [ piggledy. हजरा पुजरा बर्जा. Topsy turvy, higgledy हजना v. n. To undulate, to be agitated (as the ocean by storms).

केवचा s. m. Translation (of a writing).

चन्त्रा v. n. To lie down, to rest.

ण्डाना र. n. To be overset, to be laid on one side.

च प्रभा s. m. A complaint, an accusation. v. n. To grow, to vegetate. Ulahana dena, v. a. To reproach, complain (to) accuse.

डबारना v. a. To cause to sleep.

डचादना v. n. To overset, to lay over to one side.

ভৰামনা s. m. Reproach, complaint. ভৰীমনা v. a. To throw up water, to bale.

डब् } s. f. A kind of grass (Soccha-

चन्त्र s. m. An owl.

stance; a wooden mortar used for cleaning rice.

डवेडना v. a. To pour water.

west s. f. A firebrand; fire falling from heaven, a meteor, &c.; flame; fire.

or burnt to charcoal.

or custom; transgression.

was. m. An owl; (met.) a stupid fellow, a blockhead, a fool.

च्यूदाय s. m. A simpleton, a fool.

डबूपम s. m. Stupidity, foolishness.

(Andropogon muricatum).

उपना v. n. To boil.

ठवा } s. m. Early morning, dawn, ठवाबाज day-break.

TE s. m. A camel.

s. m. Heat, warm; pungent, acrid

च्यता s. f. Heat, warmth.

ठचीव s. m. A turban, a diadem.

ठपता s. f. Heat, warmth.

GWI s. f. Wrath; warmth.

उसता s. m. A barber.

उपस्य s. m. An animal born of heat; oppression.

उसकना v. To move.

उसकाना v. To light a fire.

डबना part. Boiled. Usnána, v. a. To cause to boil.

डसवा v. n. To boil. [recede. डसरना v. n. To retreat, shrink from, डसलपसल्लामा v. n. To be agitated, to be tossed, to get into confusion.

उसाना v. a. To winnow.

चसात्रा v. o. To boil.

[place.

सवारा v. a. To remove, to put out of सवारा s. m. A porch, portico, peristyle, vestibule.

खरास s. m. Breath, breathing, respira-

उधिजना v. n. To boil.

उसीजना है ए. a. To boil.

डबीर s.f. A fragrant root of grass used in making tatties (Andropogen muricatum).

च बीसा s. m. A pillow, cushion, head of a bed or resting place.

जरेग्ना v. c. To throw out the water from boiled rice.

to excite, to instignte.

-

ण्डामा v. a. To subside (a swelling or inundation).

THE s. m. Cover, covering of a litter.

#### Æ

The sixth vowel of the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of oo in fool.

জ: An interjection used to express sudden pain or distress, Oh!

জ ঘ s. f. Nodding, sleepiness.

क बना v. n. To nod from sleepiness, to doze, to slumber, to droop.

জ'বার' \ s. f. Drowsiness, nodding, জ'বার \ doze, sleepiness, drooping. জ'ব adj. High, elevated.

loud. Unche bol bolna, To speak with pride. Unche sunne, To hard of hearing. Unchkani, s. f. Deafness. Unche bol ka munh niche, The proud ones are degraded.

জ বাৰ s. f. Height, elevation, steep-জ বাৰ s ness, eminence, tallness.

St. m. A camel.

which camels are fond ( Eschinops schinatus).

जट नो s.f. A female camel.

জ'ৰ্ম adv. Exactly in that manner, so. জা interj. Oh!

का s. f. Error, slip.

जनग v. n. To vomit. [cinarum).

s. f. A sugar-cane (Saccharum offi-

जवारी s. f. A sugar-cane field. जवार s. m. Barren land ; a pot for husk-

अधार s. m. Sugar-cane.

ing rice.

পারল s. m. ভর্মা s. f. } A pot for husking rice. उदाइना v. To root up, to eradicate.

क्रवाह } adj. Depopulated.

what is without meaning or foundation. adj. Poor, helpless, destitute, in disorder.

जरपटकी adj. One who speaks inconsiderately or without preparation.

जब 8. f. Wool.

ज्यो adj. Woollen.

जत s. m. One who dies without leaving issue, an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhead, dunce.

जद } s.m. An otter.

जदा adj. Of a brown colour.

जदाइ जदाइट s.f. Brownness.

जयम s. m. Noise, impudence, rebellion, disturbance. [rebellions.

जधनी adj. Making noise, impudent,

कथर } adv. There, thither, on that कथर } side, on the other side.

ৰণ s. f. Wool. adj. Less, defective, minus.

जनी adj. Woollen.

जरत adj. Said, described.

wards, over, outside, past. s. m. Top, outside exterior. Upar se, Form above, over, as, Tufan upar se chala gya, The storm passed over.

जपरी adj. Foreign.

जन s. m. Oppressive heat, languor occasioned by heat.

জনল v. n. To be agitated or oppressed with heat; to be angry or dissatisfied.

জৰত adj. Impassable, steep; inaccessible.

bahu, adj. With arms aloft or rais-

ed up (a posture of Jogis) Urddhpundr, s. m. A peculise line, delineated on the forehead by the worshippers of Vishnu. Urddh-sáns, s. m. Deep inspiration, gasp.

जदेरेला s. m. An order of religious mendicants, the sunyasi the Rishi; one who live; in perpetual chastity.

करेशंस s.m. Deep inspiration, gasp. करा adj. Understood; requiring to

be supplied.

s. f. A kind of grass (Socseq s. m. Black pepper.

जार adj. Barren (land), a spot with saline soil.

₹ s. m. Reasoning.

The seventh vowel of the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of ri in rich, and its symbolical character is, which is thus combined a.

s.f. Stanzas; one of 4 Veds.

were s.f. A sentence or mantrah of the
Rig-ved; a magical invocation, a
mystical prayer of the veds.

च्योब s. m. A certain saint.

z s. m. A bear.

सन्द s. m. The first of the four veds. सन् adj. Straight metaphorically, as in morals. [quantity, minus. सन्द s. m. Debt, (in Algebra) negative सन्दास adj. Indebted, involved in debt.

च्यभार s.m. One who does not pay his debts.

च्चनार } adj. One who does not pay चननार } his debts.

चन्ति s.f. Discharge of a debt. चनीच s.m. Paying a debt. च्याप s. m. Clearing of a debt.

च्यकोधन s. m. Payment or discharge of a debt.

ऋषिया s. m. f. A debtor.

und adj. m. Indebted. s. m. A debtor.
ung s. m. Season, weather: the Hindus divide the year into six seasons,
each consisting of two months, viz.
vasant, grishm, varsha, sarad, him,
and shishir; the menstrual evacuation.

चतुपास बर्जु: Fruitful, fertile, &c., productive in due season. [ ation.

चतुमती s. f. A woman during menstru-चतुमान s. m. Bathing after menstru-

ation. [&c.

変す s. f. A medicinal plant; wealth, possession, property; increase, prosperity; a name of goddess Parvati.

चन s. m. A debt.

सनी s. m. A debtor.

a sanctified personage so called a sage or saint; there are several orders of these richis, as the Moharshi Devarshi, Rajarshi, &c. the uncompounded name is especially applied to seven ancient sages, beginning with vashishth, who hold in mythology an exalted and mysterious rank, and who form in astronomy the asterism of the Greater Bear; the Richi of a manirah or mystic prayer in the reals, is the sage by whom it is supposed to have been remembered or recited.

स्वित्रच An obligation owing to the Rishi's; the study of Veds.

श्चिषराज } adj. Superior to all saints.

चाचिपती s.f. The wife of a saint. चाटि s.f. A spear, sword. चर्ची s. f. The wife of a Rishi. चर्चीम s. m. Chief of the Rishis. चर्चीस adj. Superior to all saints. चर्चास s. m. A certain mountain. चर्च s. m. A bear; a star, a constellation.

## 電

The eighth vowel in the Nágri alphabet: it has the sound of ree in reet, and when combined its symbol is thus placed beneath the letter π.

s. f. The mother of the gods also of the demons; a name of Siv; an Asur or demon.

# ल्

w or li, The ninth vowel of the Nágri alphabet, having the power of lri, but more usually considered to be expressed by li in leek.

# सु

or lee, The tenth vowel in the Nagri alphabet: it has the sound of tee in leek.

### Ų

v or eh, The eleventh vowel in the Nagri alphbet, corresponding very nearly to e in esquire, hempen: its symbol is placed above the letter it may de combined with, as.

ve interj. O! a respectful particle of address.

adj. One Eka-eki, All at once. Ekad, some some few. Ek-bárgi, All at once. Ek-dast All together, entire. Ek san, adj. Alike, similar. Ek-se din nah rahne, Is used to denote a change of condition, most commonly from good to evil but sometimes the reverse. Ek ki das sunani To reply ten (words) for one: spoken of a person who replies with many words especially in giving abuse). Ek-lakht. Altogether, entirely. Ek-nuh-ek, One or other.

एकक adj. Alone, solitary.

पकारां s. m. One or the same time.

एककाजीन adj. Coeval, belonging to the same period, simultaneous, contemporary.

एकगुर s. m. A spiritual brother, pupil of the same preceptor. [lage.

एकपासीन adj. Of the same town or vil-एकदित adj. Thinking of one thing only, intent upon, absorbed in; of one mind agreeing, concurring.

एकच्छा } s. m. Supreme monarch.

एकटक s. m. A fixed look, stare.

पन्छ। \ adj. Together, collected. Ek-पन्छ। \ tha, or Ekattha karna, To gather, to collect.

एकतराज्ये s. m. A tertian ague.

एकता s. f. Unity, oneness; union; equality.

पत्तवान adj. Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one only object. s. m. musical unison.

एकतास s. m. Harmony, unison, the accurate adjustment of song, dance and instrumental music.

एकतीर्थिन s. m. A spiritual brother, an associate in religious offices or objects.

एकव adv. In one place, collectedly, together. [time.

एकदा adv. Once, at once, at the same-एकदु: खस्य क्यों. Sympathising, having the same joys and sorrows. एकडम adj. One-eyed single-eyed. एकपच adj. An associate, firm ally or partizan.

प्रका

एकपबी s.f. A faithful wife, one devoted to her husband.

रनावाव } Once; one time.

एक्सन adj. Worshipping one Deity. एकभाषा adj. Of one faith; believing in one Deity.

एकराधि s.f. A heap, a crowd. [bling. vasy ady. Like, similar, same, resem-एकस adj. Alone, solitary.

एकजीता adj. Only-begotten (son).

प्यवणे adj. Of one caste or tribe; of one colour. s. m. An unknown quantity (in algebra).

एकवर्षी s. f. Beating time, marking musical measure by clapping the hands, or the instrument which does so, a castanet.

एकशर्च s. m. One only hope and refuge; especially applied to a Deity.

एकश्रहीर adj. Of one body or blood. पंत्रसर Alone.

एक्सा हे adj. Alike, similar, resem-प्यसार } bling, of the same quality. एकार s. f. Unanimity.

एकाएको adv. All at once, suddenly. एकांत adj. Aside, apart, alone.

Alike, uniform, of the एकाकार adj. same from.

एकाकी adj. Solitary, alone.

एकाय adj. Intent, closely attentive, fixed on one object; undisturbed, unper Tattention. plexed.

र्कापता s. f. Close and undisturbed एकादमी s.f. The eleventh day of the lunar fortnight,

एकाधिपति s. m. A sovereign, a monarch. एकान adj. Aside, apart, alone; solitary, uninhabited, lonely retired.

ऐकाच s.m. A crow. adj. One-eyed. ण्केक adj. Singly, one by one.

ve s. f. Striking with the heel, spurring. Er márno, To spur.

एड्नज s. m. A medicinal plant, use for the care of ring-worm.

पडी s. f. The heel. Eri dekho, Look at your heel (look at home): a phrase used to obviate the effect of an veil

पतद्वं adv. Therefore, for this reason. पतना adj. m. As much as this, so much. पत्तवार s. m. Sunday.

पता adj. m. So much, thus much.

पतावता adn, On this account, for this reason.

एतारकाव adj. Thus much, only this.

प्रमण s. m. A musical mode.

VIEW s. m. The castor oil plant ( palmes Christi or Ricinus communis).

एरफीर 8. m. 1 Exchange, interchauge; पराफेर 8. m. barter; dancing पराक्षरी इ. र. tendance.

परावत s. m. Elephant of Indra.

एरी interj. O! a vocative particle for females. Tattorney.

एखनी s.m. An ambassador, agent, envoy. एलजी s. f. Substitute, place, also adj. Equivalent in compensation.

एखवा s. m. Aloes (Aloe perfoliata).

एला s. f. Small cardamums, the seed of the Electeria cardamomum, or Alpinia Cardamomum.

Tadv. As, like.

एवम adv. So, like, thus; and.

एवनस् (The Sanskrit imperat of the verb to be) So let it be, amen. Put at the of invocation to the Deity.

Q A dialectic form, this year.

एडि pr. This एड्ड

ऐ

The twelfth vowel of the Nágri alphabet: it has the sound of y in Jypur, and its symbol in combinations is thus placed over the letter.

ऐंच } s. m. Reserve, drawing.

ए चना है v. a. To draw, attract, pull.

ਹੋ ਹ s. m. A snait.

ऐंड s. m. A coil, twist, convolution, twistening, tightening ; strut.

रे डना v. a. To tighten. v. n. To writhe, cramp, twist; to strut, stalk, walk, affectedly.

ऐकता v. n. To strut, to stalk.

हें इ. s. f. A coil, twist, convolution, lightening a street. [thing. ऐक्टन s. m. A lightening, twisting, wri-

ऐकाचिपवा s. m. Sole monarch.

ऐकाडिक odj. Quotidian.

one s. m. Uneness, unity, equality; an aggregate, a total.

ইপুৰ s. m. Unskilfulness, stupidity. ইপুৰ s. f. Glasses used to assist the sight, spectacle.

ইংলাজিক adj. Belonging to legerdemain, magical; deceptive, illusory.
s. m. A juggler. [mountain.
চিনান Name of the elephant of Indra,
ইংলাজী s. f. The Rdvi river in the Panjab
ইংলাজ s. m. Grandeur, glory, pomp,
wealth, greatness, majesty, state;
superhuman power, the divine faculties of omnipresence, omnipotence,
invisibility, &c.; supremacy, dominion, sway, power, might.

श्रेनोस s.f. A kind of reed Saccharum spontanium.

Thus, like this, after this manner.

like (particularly when joined to other woords as, mard-aysa, Like a man).

Aysa tysa, or wysa wysa, So so, indifferent, indifferently.

ऐसेई. In this every manner.

ऐसे } adv. Thus.

चेंद्री adv. This year.

ऐसे ही Thus.

ইংলীজিজ Relating to this present world. ইছিজ adj. Pertaining to the present state; worldly, local, of this world, of this place.

स्रो

The thirteenth vowel in the Nágri alphabet, it has the sound of o in go, and its symbol when combined is made thus.

The vocative interjection O! an interjection of calling, ho, hola; of reminiscence, ho, ah; of compassion, ah, oh, conj. And.

का conj. The mystical monosyllable Om. काउ s. m. The lip.

क्रांडा adj. Deep.

च्चाप s. m. The cord with which rafters of frames for thatching on are pulled into their places and fastened till the roof is finished.

च्छापना v. n. To lower (as the sky) To be upside down, inverted.

जापा adj. Upside down, overturned.

asylum, a place of refuge; sickness at the stomach, inclination to vomit; a draught of water from the hollow of the hand.

चीक ना v. n. To vomit.

भोबनो s.f. A wooden mortar.

चोचा } adv. Of little consequence,

भोगार s. m. The juice of the betel leaf chewed and spit out, [it. भोगारना v. To clear out a well, to dredge भोघ s. m. Multitude, aggregate (in general), a collection. [the Deity. भोडार s. m. The mysterious name of भोडा adj. Light, of little consequence, absurd, trifling, fickle, fruitless, silly, capricious. Ochha hona, To want.

बोहाई Insignificance, absurdity, बोहापन levity.

भोज s. m. Light, Splendour, metallic भोजस s. m. Light, splendour; manifestation, appearance; strength; vitality, vital warmth and action as appearing especially in the fœtus.

দীক্ষ s. m. Entrails, stomach, guts. দীক্ষ s. f. A thrust, a push.

स्रोभल } s.f. Privacy, retirement.

নামৰ adj. Private, hid. Ojhal karna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ojhal hona, To be concealed &c.

ম্বাকা s. m. A wizard, sorcerer, magician. ম্বাকাৰে A witch, sorceress.

चोक्तापन s. m. Sorcery, witchcraft.

screen, covering, concealment, partition. Ot karna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ot hona, To be concealed, &c.

মীত্ৰা v. a. To defend, screen, shelter; to thrumb, separate the seed from cotton; to catch (a ball &c.).

দীতা s. m. A partition wall or screen.
দীত s. m. The lip.

चोडन s. m. A shield, a target.

To not on (dress)

भोदना v. a. To put on (dress). s. m. A sheet, cloak, or mantle.

भोदनी s. m. A smaller sheet, a veil or woman's mantle.

ৰীজ্ঞা adj. Deep. [convalescence. জীন s. f. Overplus, surplus; abatement.

चोता वर्के. So much, so many.

चीदन s.m. Boiled rice.

भोदनी s. f. A plant (Sida cordifolia, &c.) भोदा adj. Wet, moist, damp.

s. m. A proprietor, one invested with power and authority.

গীৰ s. f. Beauty, lustre, elegance, brilliancy, brihgtness, polish.

pons or clothed in mail. Openi khanah, s. m. A guard-house or post of armed men.

षीपनी An instrument for polishing.

prefacing all the prayers and most of the writings of the Hindus; a name of Vishnu, of Shiva, and of Brahma, it therefore implies the Indian Triad, and expresses the Three in One.

side, (ward). Usor, That way on that side, thitherward. Or nibahna, To be constant to, protect (for ever).

बोरमा s. m. A particular kind of sewing, stitching together two breadths.

भोरी adj. Partial, sidesman, protector, patron. s.f. The eaves of a house.

which is eaten (Arum companulatum); a hostage.

पीलनी s.f. The caves of a roof.

Ola ho-jana, To become cold. Jon sir mundaya ton ole pare, I had no sooner shaved my head than a shower of hail came on: (spoken of one who has just engaged in an enterprize which turns out unfortunate).

value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

ৰীয় s. m. The lip, especially the upper.

ৰাজ্যাৰ s. m. Any morbid affection of
the lips.

flower, to which the lip is commonly compared) Bryonia grandis or Momodica monodelpha, &c.).

value. to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

चोसवर्व s. m. Name of a medicine.

षोसर s. f. A heifer.

जीवरा s. m. Turn, vicissitude. Osraosri, by turns, alternafely.

भोसार Width, girth, too wide.

चीसारा s. m. A porch, portico.

भोसीस s. m. The head of a bed or resting-place; a pillow, a cushion.

पोची interj. Heigh! ho!

## यौ

The fourteenth vowel of the Nágri alphabet, having the sound of ou in our; its symbol is 7 and it is combined thus and.

भी conj. And also.

बोनी s. f. Silence, dumbness.

बोडा adj. Deep.

कांधना v. n. To lower (as the sky).

Oundha-bakht, s, m. Misfortune, ad-

verse, fortune. Oundhi peshani, adj. Short-sighted; unfortunate.

बोधना v. 4. To turn upside down, to reverse, to overturn, to spill.

बाजा s. m. A fruit, a kind of Myrobalans (Phylanthus emblica).

काषासर s. m. A sort of brimstone. पोकात Times, seasons.

पौगाइ adj. Deep.

মীনী s.f. A whip like a waggoner's shout seven cubits long used in training horses; an ornamental edging of superior country shoes (peculiar to Delhi).

चौगुष s. m. Defect, blemish, vice.

जीगुफी adj. Without virtue or science, ignorant. [quented.

ৰীষৰ adj. Inaccessible, steep; unfre-ৰীষৰ } adv. Suddenly, unawares, un-ৰীষৰ } expectedly.

vis s. m. A root from which an orange colour is extracted (Morinda citrifolia).

পীলাৰ s. m. Arms, tools, apparatusplur of; sin, offence, but not used in Hindi in this sense.

भीकड s. f. A thrust, a push.

षीटन verbal noun. Boiling, evaporation by boiling. s. m. A knife used for cutting tobacco.

porate over a fire. v. n. To consume with rage or yexation.

चीतला v. n. To descend (as in incarnation of the Deity, &c.) on earth.

from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishnu in ten principal forms which are well known, viz. Matsyo, a fish; Kachchhapa, a tortoise; Varaha, a boar; Nrisingha, a man-lion; Vanaa-

ſ

no, a dwarf; Parusarama; Ram; Krishn; Budho; and Kalki; a pious or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avator, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a tirth or sacred place; translation, translating; crossing. [gret.

चौत्युका s. m. Anxiety, perturbation, re-चौदात adj. White (the colour).

चीहान s. m. Gratis, what is given over and above or without purchase.

चौदायं s. m. Munificence, liberality.

भौदास s. m. Solitude, loneliness.

चीनमुष्ट To fall facewards, fall headlong. चीनपीने adv. More or less.

भीवट } adj. Impassable, steep, inac-भीवट } cessible, devious.

Ourek, Another, separate, distinct, else. Our-nahin to, and if not then, and otherwise. Ourhi, Quite different, extraordinary.

wife of the same tribe.

बोरबोर Others, other besides, other kinds of.

षोरव Frequent in Braj as the inflective base of the oblique cases of the plural.

बोदेश्चि odj, Obsequies of a deceased person; whatever is given or performed in remembrance of a wealthy person deceased.

चौर्वानख s. m. Submarine fire.

भीषभ Medicine.

भोषण s. f. A medicament, a drug, any herb, mineral, &c. used in medicine.

बात्रापा है. m. A deciduous plant, s annual production, as grass, &c.

बीवधीय adj. Medicinal. to putrify. बीवधा v. n. To become musty, to rot,

wilet s. m. Occasion, time, oppor tunity, leisure.

पौरान s. m. Sensation, sense; courage; presence of mind. [less.

नीसच adj. Without consideration, heed नीसर s. m. Anxieitude, solicitude.

### Œ

The first consonant of the Nágrialphabet, and having the sound of K, as in Kirk. [wrist.

कंकन s. m. A bracelet ornament of the कंकर s. m. A nodule of limestone, limestone, stone, gravel.

कंकरा s. m. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble, pebble.

कंकरी s.f. A small round stone or pebble. [sorceress.

कंकालिन s.f. A kind of witch hag or कंकेला adj. Gravelly.

बंकीन s. m. A kind of gourd ( momor-dica mixts ).

बंदान्त s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra). बंदी s. f. A side glance, a squint, a sly look. Kankhyia, s.f. A side glance, ogle. Kankhiya dekhna, To ogle, leer.

क्रम s. m. An ornament worn on the wrists by Hindu women, bracelet.

कंतना s. m. A thread tied round a bridegroom's wrist.

कंगनी s.f. A cornice; a small grain, millet (Panicum Italicum).

कांगरोड़ s. m. The ridge of the back, the spine; name of a bird (water-fowl).

कंबलना s.f. Penury, poverty.

संगास adj. Poor, friendless, miserly. Kangál-banka, Poor and proud. Kangáltar, Vain-glorious. Kangalta, s. f. Penury, poverty.

कंपन s. m. Gold, a caste of people whose females are dancers : kanchan-ban, a

real kanchan or one by birth. Kanchan or one by birth; kanchankhachit, adj. Inlaid with gold.

चं चनी s. f. A female kanchan, a dancing girl, a strumpet, courtezan.

बंच } s.f. A bodice or jacket.

ৰাজ s. m. A lotus.

কাৰত s. m. A caste of people generally employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and eat snakes.

चंका adj. Blue-eyed.

कंजिया s. f. A small stythe or sty.

कंज्य s. m. A miser, a niggard.

कंजुसी s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penuriousness, niggardliness.

कंटन s. m. A. thorn; a bad man; a mean enemy.

कंटकारी s. f. A sert of prickly nightshade ( Solanum jacquini ).

बंटर adj. Miserly. keeping oil. केटिया s.f. A fishing-book; a vessel for चंड s. m. Windpipe, or the lump on the windpipe, throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice. adj. Byheart, committed to memory. Kantharundhan, Strangulation. Kanth phutna, v. n. To be broken, the voice of a boy, becomig haarse as he approaches to puberty). Kanth-mala, s. f. A kind of necklace of gold and jewels; bronchocele or goitre: scrofula. Kanth-karna, To get by heart.

कंडचा s. m. A necklace composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c. put on children to avert evil.

large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of kerbala.

कडाब adj. By rote, by memory. [neck. कडाभरच s. m. pl. The ornaments of the कडो s. f. A short necklace. कंडराना v. n. To bristle ; to dislike or abhor. [of mustard.

चंदरी s. m. Name of a vegetable, a kind चंद्रा s. m. Dry cow-dung picked up in fields, &c. used for fuel; a reed; a bush.

कंडारी s. m. A helmsman, a steersman.

क डाज s. m. A kind of hautboy.

कंडी s. f. Scraps of dried cow-dung.

क डेरा s. m. A cleaner of cotton.

कत s. m. A husband, o sweetheart.

कं वा s. m. An apparatus.

one of an esculent sort (Arum componulatum); garlic; an affection of the feminine organ.

चंदर s. m. f. } An artifical or natural ext s.f. } cavern, a chasm in a mountain.

wie s. m. A gun (Sagapenum ).

चंदला s.m. A precipice; a cave; a kind of silver thread.

कंदसार s.m. A stag, buck, deer.

कंदा } s. m. A. squill (Erythronium कंद्रा } Indicum).

बंदा बरना v. a. To engrave ( es seals, ýc.). Kandakár, is. m. An engraver.

बंदाचा s. m. A priapus, obelisk, the ling or lingum.

बंब } s. m. The shoulder. Kandah इंदः } jhárna, To prepare to fly ( a bird ).

च वा s.m. The shoulder, Kandha dena, To carry a dead body.

च धियाना v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder. [saddle.

चंदेनी s. f. A kind of pannel or pack-चंदा s. m. The lotus (Nymphæa nelunbo). Kanwalbad, The jatindice. Kanwal nain, adj. Having eyes like the flower of the lotus. Kanwaldah, s. m. Very deep water abounding with lotuses. and enemy of Krishna, by whom he was slain; as the fee of the deity, heas considered an Asur or demon.

कारी s. f. A kind of cucumber (cucumis utilissimus).

ककना s. m. A ring worn on the ककनी s.f. wrist, a bracelet.

ककरीन्दा s. m. A. fruit (Celsia ).

कताइरा s. m. The alphabet.

कका s. m. A paternal uncle.

ककोरना v. a. To scrape (the earth as fowls do), to excavate. [armpit.

क्यते s. f. The armpit ; soreness of the

कसीरी s. f. A painful suppurating tumour in the armpit. [ trave.

चनर s. m. Edge, corner, border; archi-

करण s. m. A bracelet or ornament of the wrist.

कहर s. m. A nodule of limestone.

करत s. f. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble.

ৰম্বা s. f. A small round stone or pebble ৰম্মৰ s. m. An ornament worn on the wrists by *Hindu* women.

करना s. m. A thread tied round a bridegroom's wrist.

कश्नी s. f. A cornice; a small grain (Panicum Italicum).

spine, name of a bird (water-fowl).

कक्षता s.f. Penury, poverty.

Kungál-banka, Poor and proud. Kungáltur, Vain-glorious.

समाविष् s.f. A kind of witch, hag or sorceress.

चक्को e. f. The lobe of the ear.

TYPE s. m. A comb. Kanghi san-TYPE s. f. warns, To adjust the hair which has been disordered in sleep. Kanghi karna, To comb (the hair). क्षचं s. m. Rawness; simplicity; Kair. क्षचक s.f. Pain (of a wound), limp. Kachakna, v. n. To strain, sprain, twist; to limp; to pain.

ৰব্যৰ s. m. Debate, alternation. Kachkachahat, s. f. The act of debating. &c.

कपत्रपाना v. n. To swarm, to be very abundant, to be gritty.

कंचका To strain, sprain, twist; to pain.

कचकडां s. m: Tortoise-shell.

बचनाग v. a. To strain, sprain, twist. बचनेदा s. m. A kind of plantain which is eaten boiled or cooked as a vegetable.

बचंडा s. m. An unripe melon of a very diminutive kind.

কাৰণাৰ s. f. A tree, the flowers of which are a delicate vegetable (Bauhinio variegato).

समपन s. f. Crowd. adj. Close, thick, stuffed together.

क्षप्रविधा s. The Pleiades.

क्षपन s. m. Rawness; simplicity.

family.

language, babble, nonsense.

clay. The raw khurbuza or melon;

वापरी s. m. A fruit (Cucumis Madras-

कर्पनि s. m. A kind of salt said to promote digestion.

क्षची दिया sf. Untempered steel.

ৰব্বীয় s. m. Bloody ichor discharged with purulent matter.

townhall, court, office. [surfeit.

बनाई s. f. Rawness; indigestion, बनाबन Altercation, debate,

कचारना Washing clothes.

चन्त्र s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia.

विषय s. m. A reaping hook or sickle. विषयाना v. n. To be frightened, to draw back, to shrink.

ब्रियाइट s. f. Abhorrence.

बचुचार s. m. Bauhini a variegota.

Type s. m. A kind of pickle Kachumar kar dala, To cut to pieces.

वस्र s. m. A plant or drug ( Circumo reclinatno or zerumbet ).

क्येत s. m. The name of a tribe.

क्षीरो s.f. A kind of pastry made of wheaten flour and pulse.

built of unbasket earth; silly; inexperienced; false.

s. m. A plant (Arum colocasia).

s. m. A horse (with a hollow back), from the province of Kachehh on the banks of the Sind.

क s. m. A tortoise, turtle; privities.
का s. m. A kind of breeches which
cover very little of the thigh, v. n.
To be washed.

रहनो s. f. A smaller kind of breeches. रहनंदर adj. Incontinent, lewd, dissolute, libertine, lecher.

ing descent from Koos, the son of Rom Chandar. The Rojas of Jynagar are of this family.

Moist and low land by a river, bank of a river.

बहानां v. a. To wash, to rinse.

neut. pron. (in Braj) Any, some, something, little, whatever.

बहुषा ८ m. A tortoise.

hòoa-dábar. adj. Uneven-bottomed (a river), deep and shallow alternately.

कड्क adv. A very little.

बहोटो s.f. A. cloth worn between the legs to conceal the privities.

कत Crooked, wry.

ing the eyes. [painting.

वजरारा adj. Black (eyes) without बनजीटो s.f. A pot for keeping kajal; an iron instrument like snuffers, used to receivesmoke to prepare and keep lamp-black.

वाजा f. Death, fate, destiny (Arabic).

कनाक s. m. Robber, high wayman.

काको s. f. Highway robbery.

बनाचित adv. Perhaps,

स्त्रिया A declaration, a proposition, a determination.

ৰজাত s. m. Lamp-black, soot, collyrium prepared from soot.

whose females are dancers. Kanchanban, A real Kanchan, or one by birth. Kanchan-khachit, adj. Inlaid with gold.

बचनी s.f. A female Kanchan, a dance ing girl, a strumpet.

क्ष s. f. A bodice or jacket.

जञ्च s. m. A lotus.

कासर s. m. A caste of people generally employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and eat snakes.

and adj. Blue-eyed.

कचिंवा s. f. A small stythe or stye.

jusi, s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penuriousness.

with. s.f. The reins, the loins, the waist. Katkehree, adj. Having a waist elegant as the lion's (epithet of a woman).

कटक s. m. An army.

wood); plan, scheme, sketch, reguation. adj. Shrewd, cunning.

कटकटाना To gnash or grind the teeth.

बटबरंज } s. f. The febrifuge nut बटबर्पजी } (Gailandina Bondacella: or Cesalpinia bonducella).

कटकोना A sub-base, under-form.

कटाई s.f. A harvest, crop.

क्रटबना adj. Inclined to bite.

कटबाना v. a. To bite.

a palisade.

कटना v. n. To be cut; to be clipped or cut off; to be spent or passed (time, ; life, &c.); to be abashed to be interrupted of; to die wounds.

क्रटनाच s. m. A bird ( Coracias ).

जरनी s.f. The season for cutting grain, harvest.

north-west of *Hindustan*, the bark and seeds, of which are used in medicine, and as aromatics: the fruit also is eaten: the common name is *Kayaphala*.

with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

कटर adj. Ornel, relentless. subs. Caitiff. कटरचा v. n. To be cut, to be cut off, intercepted, divided, separated, or sopt up ( as, a road by being infested with thieves, &c. ).

market town belonging to a fort.

कटनाना v. a. To cause to cut, to cause to be bitten.

कटपर s. m. A wooden cage in which wild beasts are kept.

कटहरा s. m: A wooden cage; a railing, lisade.

its fruit (Artocarpus integrifolia).

कटका adj. Inclined to bite, snapping, snappish.

करा s. f. Killing, slaughter. Katákarna. To slaughter, murder.

कटाना v. a. To cause to cut or bite.

कटार s. m. A dagger ; a polecat.

कटारा s. m. A medicinal plant (Globe thistle; Echinops echinatus).

कटारिया s. m. A kind of silk cloth with stripes in the form of daggers.

कटारी s. f, A dagger. [li.

কাৰে s. m. Flood, spring tide (Benga-কাৰে s. m. A kind of flowering on clothes. adj. Cutting.

कटाचा adj. Inclined to bite.

नटाइ s. m. A shallow boiler for oil or butter, &c. [look, ogling.

कटाच s.m. A leer, a glance of side

ৰাই s.f. The lip, the buttocks, the second reins, the loins, the waist.

Kotkehree adj. Having a waist elegant as the lion's (epithet of a woman).

बटित s. m. Vent, sale.

कटिया s. f. Fishing hook. कटिया s. m. A waist band, girdle, zone. कटीया adj. Thorny; name of a plant; active, brave ( a soldier ).

a flower ( Michelia Champaca ). adj. Pungent; fierce, impetuous, hot.

कटक adj. Bitter.

बहुसा s. f. Pungency, sharpness; testiness, irritability.

कट्ची s. f. Smut, obscenity.

बाटेब s. f. Bad habit.

कटोरा s. m. A brass bowl, a cup, goblet, &c. of metal, a shallow cap.

कटोरी s.f. A small bowl or cup of metal.

बटीख s. m. A. mun of an inferior and

degraded tribe, a chandát; a plant (perhaps Cowitch, Dolichos pruriens).

TEL Adj. Inclined or addicted to bite (a horse).

agi adj. Robust, able-bodied, athletic, strong. s. m. A large louse.

स्ट्वा s.m. A land measure (the twentieth part of a bigha); a corn measure containing five seers.

बढंदर s. m. The wind dropsy, tympany. बढ s. m. Contraction of Katha.

कउनुसाब s. m. A kind of rose (Roso chinensis). [a palisade.

बडचरा s. m. A wooden cage ; a railing,

कडपुतरी । s. f. A wooden doll or कडपुतरों } image.

कडपीका s. m. A wood-pecker ( Picus). बडबंदन s. m. A wooden ring with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

बहविष्को s.f. A toad.

करवेशा s.m. A flower (Jasminum multiflorum).

बहमका adj. Very stout and lusty.

TET adj. Hard.

बढरा है s. m. A tub, 'tray, plate. बढड़ा है platter, trough, young male buffalo.

कररी s. f. A small tub, trough.

charm hung on the neck of a child.

बर्डको s.f. Affected or forced smiles (with internal displeasure).

Terri s. m. A cauldron, boiler.

the Hindus, commonly called Tulasi (Ocymum sonetum, or sacred basil).

troublesome, acute, hard, solid; unkind. severe.

चाँतनता s.f. Firmness, hardness; severity; difficulty, obscurity.

कठिनइदय त्रे. Hard-hearted harsh, cruel, severe, कठिनाई adj. Hardness, solidity.

कड्या Bitter, acrid.

कड़ें s. m. Bracelet.

कड़ोड़ s. m. A crore, ten millions, a hundred laks.

कड़ोडपतो The owner of a crore of rupees, कड़गई s.f. Bitterness.

कड़ार्फ s. f. Hardness, stiffiness, obduracy, कड़ाक s. m. Crash, crack, caused by arythy breaking.

ৰতিনী s. f. Chalk (for writing with). 7 ৰতিয়া s. m. A trencher, a platter; a snare, trap, trepan.

कडिन्न 8. m. (Momordica Charantia).

बडीर } adj. Hard, solid; severe, relentiles, cruel, callons.

lentlessness, cruelty, severity, rigor.

बढीती s. m. A tub, plate, trencher, platter.

thamus tinctorius). [agility,

कड़क s. m. A crash, a crack; thunder; कड़कड़ा adj. Hard, stiff, strong.

कड़कड़ाना v. n. To give such a sound as oil or butter when boiling.

कड़का v. n. To crack, crackle; to thunder.

बढ़ी } s. m. Posan, song of triumph.

encouraging soldiers in time of battle pointing out the good effects of steadiness and valour, extolling the actions of former heroes, &c.; warsong to encourage combatants.

in Indian armies whose business it is to encourage the soldiers by the exhortations called Karkha. ऋका v. a. To perforate,

कड़रबन s. m. Name of a plant.

lent; hard-hearted; brave. Karwa karna, To give or expend unwillingly. Karwa hona, To be enraged, Karwa kasele din, Hard and cruel times.

क्रातेष s. m. Mustard oil, bitter-oil.

बङ्गस्ट s. f. Bitterness.

कड़ारे s.f. Stubble of a sort of grain.

meal or pulse ( Chung or Cicer arietinum ) dressed with sour milk.

s. m. A ring worn on the wrists, ankles, &c., a ringlet, bracelet; the handle of a door, or any thing in from of a ring. adj. Arch, sly, knowing, penetrating, sharp, harsh, cruel.

ing my thing; a rigid fast (in which nothing of food or drink has entered the mouth).

a river, &c., side, brink, bank.

ৰভাৰ s. m. A shallow iron boiler (in which sugar, &c., i.e. boiled). caldron.
ৰভাৱী s.f. A frying pan.

s. f. A rafter, a beam; a ring used to manacle or to fetter with.

बड़ीड़ adj. Ten millions; kurorpati, Possessor of a crore of rupees. Karor-khukh, s. m. A liar.

pulled out; to escape, rise, slip, issue, spring; to be delineated, drawn or painted (as a picture).

of pulse (Chuna or Cicer arietinum) dressed with sour milk.

बद्धा s. m. A loan, a debt; a premium

on a loan; a deduction from the sum lent.

nute particle, an eye of corn, a spark or facet of any gem.

that fly off in pounding rice to separate it from the husk.

ing (music &c.). Kanrasiya, s. m. A lover of music, an amateur.

कवरविया s. m. A lover in music.

TI A kind of rice

विषय s. f. Fine sand (particularly grittiness or sand in bread), an atom; a small particle, a grain, a kind of rice.

Tat s. m. A tree (Cascaria evata).

mean enemy.

करकारों s. f. A sort of priekly nightshade (Solanum jaquini).

बरको adj. Thorny, prickly ; vexatious, annoying.

TEIT adj. Prickly, thorny.

चित्र्या a.f. .A fishing-hook; a vessel for keeping oil.

the windpipe, the throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice. adj. by heart, committed to memory, kanth-arundhan, Strangulation. Kanthphutna, v. n. To be broken, the voice (of a boy, becoming hourse as he approaches to puberty). Kanth-mala, s. f. A kind of necklace of gold and jewels; the bronchocela, or goitre; scrofula, kanth karna, To get by heart.

बङ्ग्य s. f. A collar or short neck-lace. बङ्ग्य s. m. A jewel worn on the throat, pieces of gold, silver, &c., put on children to avert evil.

we odj. By heart.

large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of karbada.

कराय adj. By rote, by memory.

TENTES. m. pl. The ornaments of the neck.

कड़ी s. f. A short necklace.

an ind. Where? whither? why? how?

कतनई : f. Spinning.

बतना v. n. To be spun.

बतरा s. f. } Parings, clippings.

scissors); to cut out, to pare.

इतरमी s. f. Scissors.

बतरवेकात s. m. Cutting out; (met.) meditation, consultation, anxiety.

watt s. m. Parings, clippings.

(clothes, &c.). adj. Sideways.

ont; to leave the nigh road, istealing away by by-paths, to go round about, to shrink to slink away (from), to edge or go sideways. Katrákar chalna, to desert one's companion, to cut the society of any one.

बतवार s. m. Rubbish, dirt.

spinning. Katai karna, To spin.

कताना v. a. To get spun, to cause to spin. [a string rope.

बतार s. f. A tying or binding together. बतारा s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

सतीरा s. m. A gum resembling tragscanth obtained from the Sterculia urens. [earth.

und s. f. A lump of stone, brick or

ৰবাৰ s. f. A knife, a dagger. (Bengali). ৰহাৰ s. m. A story-teller; a kind of singer.

tract which the natives eat with betel-leaf; it is the produce of a species of mimosa (Chadira) catechu, terra japonica.

who recites a story, or who publicly reads and expounds the *Purans*.

करन s. m. Saying,, narrating, relating. क्यन v. a. To tell, to say, to relate.

क्या s. f. A story, tale, fable, relation, narrative.

क्याप्रसंद s. m. Conversation.

कबाइपी In the form of words, by means of speech.

विषय s. m. A story teller by profession, a narrator, or relator.

कचित adj. Spoken, said, told, related.

क्योपक्षन s. m. Conversation, free intercourse; a dialogue, a conference; narration.

we salv. When?

बदन s. m. A killer, a destroyer; killing, destroying.

बदम } s.m. A tree (Naucles orien-बदम } talis).

बदखपुषी s.f. A plant the flowers of which resemble those of the kadamba, commonly called Mundiri.

कदर s. m. A white sort of Mimosa. कदथे ad. Avaritious, miserly.

जदख s. m. f. खटखब s. m. बदली s. f. The plantain or banana tree (Musa sapientum).

बदा adv. When ? at what time. बदाबार adj. Ill-formed, ngly.

कदावार adj. Wicked, profligate, abandoned, following evil practices.

Digitized by Google

कराचित } adv. Sometimes, at some time or other; perhaps, by chance. [(Cucurbito pepo).

कहीना s. m. An iron crow; a pumpkin

कधो } adj. Ever, some time or other.

a weevil; grain, corn; a grain, a minute particle. Kankarna, to value. Kankut, s. f. Appraisement of a crop on the field, valuation.

कनकांगुली s. f. The little finger.

ৰণৰ s. m. Gold; the plant Dhatura or thorn apple (Dhatura metel).

कनकटा adj. Ear-cropt, careless.

कनकटी s.f. A disorder in the ears.

कनसभूरा s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra). बनडी s. f. A musical mode or rágini.

बनपटी s.f. The temple (the upper part of the side of the face).

चनपटा s. m. A jogi or Hindu mendicant with slit ears.

बनरच s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music &c.). [amateur.

कनरसिया s.m. A lover in music, an कनवार s.f. Boring the ears.

Julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

कनेहर s. m. A rudder.

कनहरा s. m. Attention, listening.

कनइरीला s. m. A steersman.

জনতা s. m. An officer employed by government to value the crops on the field.

কাৰ্ডাই s. f. Valuation of crops grain.
n. prop. m. The name of Krishna.

waste s. m. A listening, attention.

ধৰাৰত্ব s. m. The name of a vegetable, a species of Arum. mony performed daily by Hindus, during the dark half of the month Asin, in honor of deceased ancestors, or pitri: hence that fortnight is called Kan-a.

जनिक s. m. Wheaten flour.

कानिका s.f. An atorn, drop, grain.

कानिया s. f. The lap, the hip.

बियाना v.a. To go to one side, to avoid one, to dodge, to shun.

कनियाइट् s. f. Shyness.

चनिष्ठ adj. Small, little. s. m. A. younger brother.

किन्छा s. f. The little finger,

चनिषा adj. Revengeful.

ally arrow-makers.

का prep. Near, to, with, &c.

बनेटी s.f. Pulling the ears.

बनेर } s. f. A flower (Norium odorum, कोब } single).

कनेया s. m. The ceremony of boring the ears.

चनीजिया adj. Inhabitant of Kanouj.

चनीता s. m. Any situation in an appartment close to an angle of the wall.

करें।इ s. m. Diffidence, bashfulness.

ed; standing in awe of, afraid to meet another.

Kongura karna, To gain ascendency over another, or make him stand in awe.

बनीकी s. f. Awe of another, under his influence.

कामा s. m. A husband, sweetheart,

the neck of a jogi to carry things on.

one of an esculent sort (Aram com-

the feminine organ.

चन्त s. f. Cool in a mountain.

बर्ज s. m. A gum ( Sagapenum ).

बादखा s.. A precipice; a cave; a kind of silver thread.

करपार s. m. A stag, buck, deer.

बदा ) s. m. A squill (Erythronium Indicum,

) s. m. The shoulder. Kanda jharna, To prepare, to fly (a bird ).

कियाना v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder.

अवशेलीक s. f A kind of pannel or pack-ৰৱা s. m. The notches on the two sides of the upper leather of a shoe; the part of a paper kite to which the string is tied.

खबादार s. m. A kind of shoe or slipper. -क्यो: s. m. A. spark of a diamond or other gem; bran. Kanni katna, To undermine a person, or effect his ruin by clandestine means.

क्रवका s. f., A girl, a maiden; the Socotrine aloe (Aloe perfoliata).

किया s. f. A little girl, a girl nine years old; a virgin; the sign Virgo. Konya-dana, Dowry, virgin-giving, giving a girl in marriage.

क्रिडा s. m. A steersman.

ক'ভাই s. f. Valuation of crops of grain. काईया n. prop. A name of Krishna.

अपकाषी s.f. Shivering, trembling, quaking, perturbation.

₹72 s. m. Fraud, deceit, cheating, circumvent on, trick, spite, rancour, adulteration, subterfuge. adj. signing, insincere.

कपंटना s. f. Deceitfulness. कपटलेख ह. m. A forged document. जपटवेश s. m. Disguise.

panulatum); garlic; an affection of | कपटनेकी adj. Disguised, in masquerade. s. m. A hypocrite.

> जारी adj. Insincere, fraudulent, dishonest, a rogue, a cheat, false, deceitful, hypocritical; adulterated.

> कपड s. m. Cloth. Kaparchhán karna. To strain. Kaparchhan, adj. Impalpable (powder); deep (consultation); thoroughly sifted (intelligence, &c.).

कापडकीठा s. m. A tent.

THE S. m. Cloth; clothes, dress, habit. Kapra pahanna, To put on clothes. Kapron se hona, To have the menses. कपड़े s. m. pl. Dress, apparel. Kapre To become a mendicant. . rangna,

Kapre kojhol dena, To give an alarm. Kapre-wapre, Clothes.

कपना v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, quiver. adj. Trembling.

कपर्कट adj. · Pounded up with rags ( clay for making crucibles, &c.).

कपर्यक s. m. A kind of gauze.

Tage s. m. A door, a shutter, the leaf or pannel of a door.

जपार s. m. The skull, the cranium; fate, destiny.

चवारी adj. Shrewd, sly. s. m. A caste in Bengal that sells greens &c.; a title of Siva, who carries a skull in his hand and a chain of skulls round his neck; a cavesson. Ardh-kapari, Pain of half the head, hemicrania; an areca nut having two kernels, or rather one of those kernels which are convex on one side and flat on the other. where it was in contact with its fellow (These nuts, from the doctrine of signatures, are said to be a remedy for the Hemicrania).

Toller 8. m. The head, forehead; the skull, the cranium; fate, destiny. Kapal putna, To be unfortunate.

Kapal khuina, To have a favourable turn of fortune.

asan, An attitude of Shiva. Kapáliasan, An attitude of mendicants in
worship, standing on their heads.
Kapáli-kriyá. A ceremony among
Hindus; when a dead body is burning and nearly reduced to ashes, the
nearest relation breaks the skull with
the stroke of a bamboo and pours
melted ghee into the cavity; hence,
Kapál kriya karna, To think intensely, to beat or cudgel ones brains.

aque s. f. Cotton (undressed); the cotton plant (Gossypium herbaceum).

चपासी a.f. Paleness, from fear or illness.

The s. m. An ape or monkey.

कपिस s. m. The elephant or wood apple (Farenia Elephantium, or Cratava Valanga).

कपिया s. f. Brown-coloured cow.

सपूत } s. m. A bad or degenerate सपुत } son.

चपुती s.f. Degeneracy.

सपूर s. m. Camphor; also, name of a flower.

सप्रस्ति . f. A sort of medicine.

चपुरी s. f. A kind of betel-leaf.

चपोत s. m. A pigeon or dove, especially the spotted-necked pigeon.

चित्र s. m. The cheek. Kapolgendus, A small pillow of a circular shape to rest the cheek upon.

humors of the body; watery froth or foam in general.

चक्रनावन adj. Antiphlegmatic.

चपी adj. Phlegmatic.

when. Kubkub, adv. When? Kubka, or Kabke, or Kabki, Since when?

Of what time? Kablo, Till when? How long.

चनखडी s.f. A game among boys, who divide themselves into two parties: one of which takes its station on one side of a line or ridge, called pala, made on the ground, and the other on the other. One boy, shouting ksbbaddi kabaddee, passes this line and endeavours to touch one of those on the opposite side, if he is able to do this, and to return to his own party, the boy that was so touched is supposed to be slain, that is, retires from the game; but if the boy who made the assault be seized and unable to return, he dies, or retires in the same manner. The assault is thus made from the two sides alternately, and that party is victorious of which some remain after all their opponents are slain. [ Prison bars ? ]

चनस s. m. A headless trunk, especially retaining the powers of action.

करा adj. Grey, dirty white, variegated.

वाष 8. m. A door.

कवि 8 m. A poet.

बिव s. m. A sort of verse used by the Hindus, poetry.

चनिता s.f. Poetry, a poem.

करीयर s. m. An eminent poet, a prince of poets.

बभी रे adv. Ever, some time or other. Kabhi Kabhi, Sometimes, now and then, at times. Kabhi, ke, Of sometimes, sometime ago, Kabhi nah kabhi, Sometime or other.

चमढ s. m. A tortoise, turtle.

क्षमठा s. m. A bow (made of bamboo ).

चमढा s. m. A gourd (Cucurfita pepo).

মনভাৰ s. m. An earthen or wooden water-pot used by the ascetic and religious student.

क्र

ful, desirable. [loss.]

कनगा s. f. Deficiency, back, abatement, कनगा adj. Plensing, beautiful desirable.

बननेत s. m. An archer, bowman.

कमनेती अ.f. Archery.

चनर s. f. The loins; a girdle, belt.

चमरच s.m. A fruit (Averrhos carim-

cling the waists of women.

चमरवंद s. m. Girdle, zone.

कमरवंदी s. f. Preparation for action.

जनरा s.m. A chamber, room.

THE s. m. The lotus (Nelumbium speciosum or Nymphæs nelubo).

चनचपरन s. m. An epithet of the feet of any deity.

भनजन्यन adj. Having eyes like the lotus flower. [lily.

वनवनाव s. m. The stalk of the water-वनकोष s. m. The stalk of the waterlily.

कमस्माप s. m. The lotus leaf.

समस्वदन adj. Lotus-faced.

वनखनाय s. m. A disorder, the jaundice.

जनलवायु s.m. Jaundice.

THUIS. M. The caterpillar or larva of a brown moth, covered with fine bristles, which, on handing it, adhere to the skin and excite itching: it is destructive to trees; the palmer worm. s. f. A name of the goddess Lakshmi; an excellent woman.

कमलाच s. f. An epithet of a person with beautiful eyes.

क्रमजापति The Lord of Lakshmi Vishnu.

कमसायन s. m. An epithet of Brahma.

कर्तावनी s.f. A number of lotus flowers, or a place abounding with them.

षमची s.f. A small blanket,

क्रमवाना v. s. To cause to work, to earn, to use ( as rozors &c.).

formance. [(a livelihood).

क्रमाज adj. Laborious, one who earns क्रमाज s. f. A bow, a spring.

कमानगर One who makes holes.

form; to perpetrate, to commit (crims); to do (good); to clean (leather or a privy); to lessen, to abate. [workman, earner.

कनास्त s. m. A journeyman, servant,

बामीला s.f. A plant or drug.

बामेरा s. ss. A workman, journeyman, an assistant.

कामेद s. m. A workman, assistant.

बसूद s. m. A dyeling drug, being the dust from the outside of the capsules of Rotllera tinctoriu; said to be, also, a purgative medicine and aphrodisiac.

सभीदिनी s. f. A sort of water-lily described as expanding its petals during night, and closing them in the day time (Menyanthes Indica, or Cristota).

भनोरी s. f. A small earthen vessel.

quaking, perturbation, shaking.

Trembling, quivering.

कस्पना v. n. To tremble.

कम्पनान adj. Trembling.

क्याना v.a. To cause to tremble, to shake, to agitate.

क्याहा वर्तुं. Tremulous, fearful, क्षित shaking, trembling.

कम्बल } s. m. A blanket.

क्योज s. m. A country in the north of India, Camooj or Cambay.

duty, custom, fee, tax, toll, impost, royal revenue.

कर्द s. m. A granary, storehouse.

करक s. m. The drinking pot of a student or of an ascetic.

ৰাংকৰ s. m. A kind of salt, sea salt made by evaporation.

TITE s. m. A crab, the sign Cancer.

करकाय s.f. A species of fowl whose bones even are black. dian crane).

करकरा s. m. Bad coin ; a bird ( Numi-करकराइट s. f. Cracking, crackling noise.

बार्बन adj. Piercing, harsh; obdurate, violent, sharp, contumelious.

बरकता s. f. A termagant, scold.

करकाना v. a. To strain, sprain, break.

बरदात Anstere, rigid, insentible.

करखा } s. m. A war song to encour-करखा { age combatants.

कार्यंत } s.m. A kind of bard whose कार्यंत } business it is to encourage

the soldiers by the exhortations called Karkha. [waist.

- भारतहा s. m. A string worn round the कारतहा s. m. Protection.

करको } s.f. A spoon, a skein, a ring-करकुल } let.

करंज } s.m. Name of a tree. Kale-करंजा } dupa indica.

करन s. m. A finger nail.

करजदारी s.f. The being in debt.

बरजीर । s. f. Having the hands plac-बरजीर | ed flat together.

ৰাম s. m. A plant (Galedupa arborea).

Trus. m. Cause, instrument; making, acting, doing; to make, to do; the ear, the helm of a boat.

wits. m. An astrological division of time, of which there are eleven, 7 moveable and 4 fixed, and 2 are equal to a lunar day.

ৰাখী s. f. Action, business; a trowel; (in arithmetic), a surd or irrational quantity. [skill, art.

करता s. m. Action, business, deed ;

करतार s. m. An auther, creator.

करतारी The beating time with the hands.

ৰ বেৰ s. m. The palm of the hand.

ৰবোৰ s. m. A musical instrument, ৰবোৰী s. f. a kind of mall cymbal; the word may also imply beating time with the hands.

and placed near the mother to make her give milk.

चरत्ति s. f. Action, business.

करतत & f. Action, business.

make up a deficiency in coin, or the difference between the price of new things and old given in exchange.

मरदिसलामा v. a. To realize.

बर्धनरी s. f. A girdle, zone, cordon.

करन s.m. Lace cut into small pieces and put on a cap.

करनपू ब s. m. A kind of ear-ring.

करनहार s. m. Doer, maker.

execute, effect, act, administer, avail, set, thrust, use, cone. s. m. A kind of citron (Citrus medicus); making, doing, &c.

करनाटक The Carnatic country.

करनी s.f. An action, deed.

बरनेवाला s.m. Maker, doer.

करनी s. f. The stalk of joar or bajra (Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

s. m. Business, act, action; fortune, fate, destiny, office; accus, case; hindu worship, devotion; name of a bird. Karambhog, s. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

बरमपारी s. m. An inferior officer to collect the revenue from a certain devision of a village, the village accountant. बरनशान s. m. The fulfilling of destiny.

बारनेवा s. m. A kind of vegetable.

क्षत्रका odj. Uxorious.

करबाना v. a. To effect, to settle. v. n. To shrick.

करवट s.f. Sideways, sleeping on the side, turning from side to side. Karwut lena, To turn (in bed). Karwat karna, To turn over.

करवाना v. s. To cause to make or do.

s. m. A rudder, a paddle.

करवार s. m. A fragrant plant or flower (Oleander or Nerium odorum).

बरंबीय s. m. Ædematous swelling of the hands. [ for fuel,

करनी s.f. Small lumps of cowdung dried

करका s. f. The lions. च (ांत s. m. A saw.

चरांती s. m. A. sawyer.

चरा odj. Adulterated, false or bad ( as

coin). curlew. कराइन s. m. A bird, a kind of heron or

बराना v. s. To cause to be done or mad: to actuate, to effect.

करायस s. m. Rosin.

करारा ody. Hard, stiff.

कराच s. m. Rosin, pitch. adj. Great, large; high, lofty; formidable, terrible.

कराइना v.n. To sigh and utter ah! from pain, to groan, to moan.

चिता है. f. A flat vessel of iron, brass. or earth, in which food is boiled or fried. Karshi chátna, To lick the pats (from indigence or extreme avarice); hence, applied as a reproach to a bridegroom if it rain on his wedding procession. Karahi lena, A species of ordeal, in which oil is made boiling hot in the vessel above described, a small piece of gold, as a ring, is put in it, and the suspected person is to take it out. If he do this without injury to his hand, he is pronounced innocent.

बरि An elephant.

करियो A female elephant.

चरिंड s. m. A sprout, a shoot.

करिष्ठांव s. f. The loins, waist.

करीर s. m. The shoot of a bamboo; a thorny plant growing in deserts and upon by camels (Capparis aphylla).

बरीस s. m. A plant ( Capparis spinosa ). Tenderness, pity, compassion, mercy. Karuná-nidhána, Abode of tenderness and mercy (an epithet of

कर्यासक adj. Compassionate, tender.

कार्यानिधि s.m. An epithet of God.

कारणामय adj. Gentle, compassionate.

बद्धाः .. m. An earthen pipkin, a pot with a spont. Karus-chouth, A Hindu holy-day celebrated in the month Kartik.

करेकर adj. A breast.

the Deity ).

बरेरा adj. Hard, stiff, vehement.

करेखा s. m. A vegetable of a bitter taste

( Momordica charantia). [kind).

करेत ६. m. A snake ( of a very venomous

बरोड़ र adj. Ten millions. Karorapati. वरीर 🕻 Possessor of a crore of

rupees. Karor-khukh, s. m. A liar. करोड़ा s. m. A tax-gather, an inspector, an overseer.

करोत s. m. A 88W.

अरोबी s.f. Milk that sticks to the bottom of the pot after boiling.

बरेंदा s. m. A fruit, the corinda (Carissa carandas).

and s. m. A crab; the sign Cancer.

बर्बेट s. m. A crab; a sign of the zodiac, Cancer; a kind of bird, the Numidian crane.

कार्य adj. Violent; hard; intangible; cruel; unfeeling, unmerciful; harsh, unkind miserly.

चन भा s. f. Termagant, scold,

s. m. Psean, song of triumph.

बने तर s. m. A kind of gem or precious stone. nata).

चित्र s. m. A plant (Gurcuma recli-कर्रक s. m, Zodoary (Cureuma zerum-

कर्नी s. f. An iron skimmer.

कर्दा s. m. A large spoon, a ladle.

करोच .. f. A bound, spring, jump.

্ৰতী s.f. A spoon ; a skein (a ringlet).

कर्ष s. f. An iron spoon; a sword made of soft iron.

कड़ों adj. Stiff, hard ; harsh, obdurate. s. m. The ear; the helm of a boat, &c. Karna-phil, s. m. A kind of earring.

कर्पनीटी } s.f. An insect or worm with many feet, and of a reddish colour (Julus cornifex); a small centipede.

आपर्यूथ s. m. The wax of the ear.

वापेदपंच s. m. An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear.

THE S. M. A supercargo, pilot or helmsmen. Fear.

करिपाद s. m. Inflammation of the outer क्ष्येपाली s.f. An ornament of the ear, a garland or string of jewels pendent from it.

क्षेत्र s. m. The capital of Raja Karna, the ancient name of Bhagalpore.

चर्पप्रतिनाष s. m. A. disease of the ear, suppression of the exerction or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and to pass by the nose and mouth.

· WEN 's. m. A sort of fish (Ophiocepha-

ins burrancey)

many s. m. A kind of ear-ring. कर्चेनद्र र s. m. A. sort of sheat-fish ( Silurus unitus ). [the ear. क्यमल s. m. The excretion or wax of क्षेमुकुट s.m. An ornament of the ear; [the ear. au ear-ring. वर्षम् s. m. A. parotis; or swelling near

चर्चितिया s. f. The lobe of the ear. चर्षेरेपन s. m. Perforating the ears.

क्ष्यंवेषकी s. f. An instrument for perforating the ear.

चर्च s. m. Ear-ache.

भ्रमेशन s. m. Discharge of ichorous matter from the ear.

चर्चाट ह. m. A country, the modern Carnatic; the name however was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysore.

चपांदी s. f. One of the raginis, or female personifications of the musical modes. ment of the ear.

वर्षानस्पर s. m. An ear-ring, or orns-कार्यनी s.f. A disease of the uterus, prolapsus or polypus uteri.

बर्बों s.f. Action, business; a trowel. क्यों s. m. The name of a mountain, one of seven principal ranges of the mountains dividing the universe.

कर्नरी s. f. A pair of soissors, or shears. बाचेच्य adj. Proper to be done, what ought to be done, necessary, incumbent, practicable, proper, fit.

वर्षेत्रता a. f. Practicability, propriety, fitness, necessity, obligation.

with s. m. Maker, Creator ( the Divine Being), author, door, agent; neminative (in gram.); a proprietor. master : a husband.

कत्तीर 's. m. The creator, maker ; an author, doer.

wa adj. An agent, a deer, a maker.

चहन अ. Agency, management, rule, government.

s. m. Mud. mire, clay,

बर्दन s.m. Grumbling of the bowels. borborygnii. (cordon.

कर्षनी s.f. A waist-band, girdle, zone, चपांस s. m. Cotton.

कर्पांसी s. f. The cotton tree.

कपूर s. m. Camphor.

s. m. Zedoary (Curcumo zerumbet).

क्यू रतेख s. m. Camphor liniment.

सप्रमिश्व s. m. A. white mineral used medicinally.

क्षव दार s. m. Mountain ebony; blue bar का रा s.f. Trumpet flower (Bignonia. suaveolens); a sort of Basil (Ocumum gratissimum).

& m. Action, act, office, fortune, fate, destiny; accusative case; Hindu worship devotion: name of a bird, Karm-bhog, w. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

क्षेत्राच s. m. The body of religious ceremonies, commanded in the hindu laws, or established by custom.

क्योकार edj. A worker. s. m. A black-[accusative case. mnith.

क्षेत्रार्क s. m. One who does any work; चर्च च त adj. Dismissed from office...

wife adj. Immoral, disputable.

सर्वाभीय s.m. Fulfilling of destiny; the suffering of the consequences of actions, whether good or bad.

- आयोगुन s. m. The fourth and present age of the world, the iron age.

वर्षविपाच s. m. The consequences of actions.

- व्यक्तिय adj. Assiduous, laborious : one who perseveres in his duties without looking forward to their reward.

वर्षेश्व : m. Approved occupation.

कर्षत्र adj. Assiduous, laborious.

वर्षाविष s. f. Success, accomplishment, वाचां घर्मी adj. Devent virtuous ;: fortunate, accidental.

कार्चिष्ठ adj. Active, assiduous, diligens बची sdj. Relating to any work, doing work, fortunate.

कर्ष दिय e. m. An organ of action : five are reckoned, the hand, the foot, the larnyx, or organ of the voice, the organ of generation and that of feculent excretion.

Ti adj. Hard, adulterated, false or bad (as coin).

बारांना v. a. To be hard or stiff.

क्षक adj. A cultivator, of the soil, one who lives by tilt ..

सम्ब s. m. Ploughing, cultivating the ground; drawing or attracting.

स्वयम s. m. Beleric myrobalan (Teni minalia belerica).

विषो s.f. A medicinal sort of moon plant; the bit of a bridle.

■ s. m. To-morrow, yesterday; the fourth period of the Hindus. s.f. Ease, tranquility, peace, relief, quiet, rest; a trap, a machine, a look. Kal ki bdt. News of yesterday, something that happened very lately. Kal-makal, s. f. Uneasiness, disquiet, trouble. Kal ka admi, An automaton, a puppet; (met.) a very weak person. Kal ka ghora, A very well trained and obedient horse.

कलई s.f. Tin, lacker, gilt.

ৰুগৰৰ s.m. Wrangling; a confused noise, the murmaring or buz of a crowd.

west s.m. The tenth Hindu incomation, yet to happen. The deity is empected to assume the appearance of a brahman, who is to be born in the town of Sambhal, and in the family of Vishnu Sarma; he will ride on horseback and put to death all the wicked.

ৰবা s. m. A flower, the cockscomb ( Amoronthus ), prince's feather.

चडनी An ornament on the turban.

calumny, accusation, reflection, aspersion, suspicion, scandal, obloquy, defamation, blemish, brand, stigma.

विद्या f. adj. Stained, blemished, सबदी charged with any thing disgraceful; liable to reproach; disgraced, reviled. [low. समानदार adj. Dark-complexioned, sal-सम्बद्धिमा adj. Malignant, ill-omened, whose curses prevail.

waw adj. An animal struck with a poisoned weapon.

व्यव 8. f. A wife.

may s. m. Dye for the hair; starch.

क्षणपना v. s. To be grieved, to grieve. क्षणपाना v. a. To grieve, to distress.

क्रांचन s. m. A pen, a reed for writing with.

स्त्रमस्य s. f. Distraction, trouble.

चयनजाता e. a. To fidget, to writhe, to flutter.

कामी s. f. Convolutius repens, used as an esculent vegetable.

क्रवाच e. f. Misfortune, calamity.

ৰ্ভাৰ e. m. A distiller, a vender of spirituous liquors.

the ornament on the top of a dome, a pinnacle; a water-pot. Kalassthapen karna, v. a. To make an offering of a jar of water to any deity; five twigs of the following trees decemed

sacred being previously placed in it, viz. Aswattha (Ficus Religiosa) Vata (Ficus Indica), Uddumbara (Ficus Glomerata), Shami (Mimosa Albida), and Amra (Hog plum) or mango.

बन्ध } For words beginning thus.

कत्रमा s.m. A pinnacle.

कर्षात्र adj. Black-headed. s. m. Man. करने s. f. A water-pot, a little spire on the top of a dome or pinnacle.

THE s. m. Quarrel, strife, contention.

क्रवार s. m. Quarrelsome, turbulent. वयक्षारियो s. m. A quarrelsome woman.

दशकारी adj. Quarrelsome, factious, turbulent.

TWIN adj. Quarrelsome, contentious.

THE S. f. A scold, a termagant, vixen.

THE S. f. The sixteenth part of the moon's diameter, a digit of the moon; a division of time, about eight seconds, the sixtieth part of a degree; part, portion; art, trick. Kala-bazi, s. f. Turning over head and heels, tumbling, juggling. Kala na badna, To disobey, decline, not to succeed. Kala na lagna, Not to have an advantage, not to avail.

want s. f. Wrist; a kind of pulse leguminous seeds in general.

चवाना v. a. To parch grain.

क्याप s. m. Assemblage, multitude; a grammar of the Sanskrit language.

कलावरान s. m. Gold thread, a silver thread.

tuous liquors, a tavern-keeper, innkeeper.

चवारिन s.f. Female of Kalar.

सवायन s. m. A kind of singer or musician.

mary as, m. A musical instrument.

Recording to the Hindus, the iron age or that of vice: the commencement of the Kali-yug or age is placed about 3101 years anterior to the Christian era, the number of its years are 432,000, at the expiration of which the world is to be destroyed.

ৰাজ } s. f. A bud, an unblown flower ael } blossom; quicklime; the fourth age of the world.

Towns. m. A curlew.

moon's disc. [Mythology.

ৰতিৰাৰ The fourth age in the Hindu

(Casalpinia or Guilandina Bonducella); the name of a country: the name Kaling is applied in the Purans to several places, but it especially signifies a district on the Coromandel coast, extending from below Cuttack to the vicinity of Madras.

Teori, the bark of which is used as a purgative, [bud.

क नयाना v. a. To blossom, to bloom to wings s. m. The fourth or present age of the world, which Mr. Bently supposes to have commenced 3102 years before the Christian era.

काशिसा s. m. A christian church, a congregation of believers.

blossom; quicklime; the Kali-yug or 4th age of the Hindus.

कलरा adj. Black ( complexioned ).

कलव s. Dirt, impurity.

complexioned.

कविज s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals, a lanckeon, b akfast.

spirit, magnanimity, heart. Koleja ulatna, To be fatigued with excessive vomiting. Koleja phatna, To be disturbed with grief or jealouy. Kaleja thanda karna, To obtain one's wish, to get ease. Kaleja jalna kisi ka. To suffer sorrow, to mourn. Kaleja kampna, To be afraid, to suffer cold. Kaleja par samp phirna, To suffer jealousy or envy. Kaleja se laga rakhna, To caress, embrace, love exceedingly. Kaleje men dal rakhna, To love or esteem exceedingly.

क नेवर s. m. The body.

करीग s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals, a luncheon, a breakfast.

करीवा है s.m. The liver courage.

चला s. m. Sickness, pain, trouble, distress, vexation, affliction, tormen, quarrel, contention.

चनीर s. m. A heifer.

ৰতীৰ s. m. Wantonness, friskiness, play, sport, frolic, gambol.

lar, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell used medicinally ( Nigella Indica).

ghee, &c., dirt, filth; ordure, fæces; sin, fraud; the Belevic myrobalan; the wax of the ear. adj. Sinful, wicked.

one the six *Vedangs*, comprehending the description of religious rites; a day and night of *Brams*, a period of 4,320,000,000 of solar sidereal years or years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many, the interval of handhilation; a

destruction of the world; a sacred precept, practice described by the Veds for effecting certain consequences; optionality, alternative, doubt; resolve, purpose, any act of determination; prodriety, fitness.

জ্বাৰ \ s. m. One of the fabulous ক্ষাৰ \ trees of Indra's heaven; a tree which yields whatever may be desired.

कराज्य s. m. The destruction of all things, the end of the world.

चसना s. m. A scheme, a contrivance, a plan, a forgery, an imitation.

world, the end of the Kalp, the four ages of its existence.

कांचित adj. Made, arranged. artificially produced or constructed.

चलचय s. m. The Final destruction.

कबाप s. m. Dirt, sediment.

adv Yesterday. to-morrow. adj. Healthy, recovered from sickness; deaf and dumb.

perity, good fortune; name of a musical mode sung at night; a leguminous shrub (Glycine debilis). adj.

Happy, well, right, prosperous, luky.

क उद्याय वच्च s.m. Good wishes.

क्याची adj. Happy, lucky, prosperous; auspicious, propitious.

THE adj. Barren, sterile (land); salt (as food).

the skin by rubbing pepper, &c. on it).

WHITER s. m. A kind of sweetment-

with s. m. Joy, happiness, pleasure.

ৰাণ্ড s. m. Yesterday, to-morrow.

ja battle, a kettle drum; a tree

( Hibiscus populaeoides ); an amulet, a writing carried about the person as a charm.

Bhojpatr: pieces of the brak of this tree inscribed with mystical verses serve as amulets, &c.

करवी s. m. A kind of flat fish, remarkable for going by pland from one spot to another ( Coius cobeius ).

ৰৰ } s. m. A monthful; a kind of star } fish; an astringent wash for cleaning the mouth, a gargle.

कवि s. m. A poèt.

कविता, कवितार है s. f. Poetry, a poem.

kysur); a root (Cyperus tuberosus); one of the nine divisions of Jambu dwip.

क्यार s. m. The name of a country, क्यार s. m. The name of a Muni or deified sage, the son of Marichi and father of the immortals, gods and devils; a kind of deer.

The touchstone; assay; the decoction of a colouring substance.

काष s. m. Touch or test of gold by the touchstone.

कवाय s. m. Astringency.

क्षपावट s. f. An astringent.

क्षीटी s.f. A touchstone.

distress, hardship, vehemence, violence, acuteness, (of pain), agony, difficulty; bodily pain or uneasiness.

जन्दर बकुं. Giving pain or truble.

wie s. f. Test, trial ; pain, trouble.

चही बच्चे. Suffering a painful and tedious labour (a woman); afflicted, suffering, in want.

कस s. m. Strength, power; assay, a

ouchsione the; decoction of a colouring substance.

s. f. Pain, stitch, affliction. कस्कना v. n. 'To suffer pain, to be pain-कसक्सा adj. Gritty, sandy, (as bread).

सम्बद्ध s. m. Bell-metal.

कसन s.m. Rack, torment, torture.

कसना v. a. To tighten, tie, brace; to assay. try, prove, examine; to fry in melted butter. s. m. A bundle, wallet.

इसमसामा v. n. To move, to shake.

कस्ताना v. a. To cause to tighten, tie, bind, &c.

सर्विनी s. f. A mistress, strumpet.

इसवीवाज s. m. A whoremonger. कासवीवाजी s.f. Whoremongery.

कसम s. f. An oath.

इसमरी s. f. Crowd, press: excitement, anxiety before a battle.

चसर s. m. Violence, compulsion.

THE S. f. (from Persian) Abundance, plenty, (in Hind.) Exercise, practice, · vigour, gymnastics, exertion.

स्वरती Usual, practiced, familiar. wer adj. Tight, tense, strait.

weif s. m. A. butcher. adj. Cruel, hard-hearted.

स्याना o. a. To cause to try, to prove or assay; to cause to tighten. v. n. To be spoiled (curds &c.) by standing in a metal vessel.

क्साया adj. Ready, tied up.

wait s. m. A sweetmest.

ware s. m. Astringency.

s. f. An astringent.

Tity s. m. A cushion, clothing.

क्योदा s. m. A poem.

बरीबा adj. Strong, vigorous. [ferri]. करींस s. m. Martial vitriol (Sulphos aut s. m. An error, fault.

बरेक्सए part. Tied up, prepared, ready. | कहार s. m. A palkee-bearer.

करेरा s. m. A brazier or pewterer.

क्संक इ. m. A root (Cyperus tuberosus).

बरीबा adj. Astringent.

कसै। दो s.f. A kind of pickle; a plant (Cassea sophera).

बसौटी s. f. A touchstone.

कस्तरा s.f. An oyster.

कसरी s.f. Musk, the animal perfume so called, as brought from Cashmir, Nepal, and western Assam and Bhutan, the latter is said to be the best.

कड़न s. m. A saying, by word.

करना v. s. To tell, say, recount, relate, bid, order, call, affirm, assert, averdeclare. acquaint, advise. speak. s. m. Saying, advice, order. Kaha dena, To tell, bid, order, &c.

करनावत s. f. A proverb, saying, an adage; style.

चडन्त s. f. 'A proverb, adage saying. कहरना v. n. To groan.

कर्राना v. n. To groan (as a sick person). करवाना v. o. To cause to say, to call. to be called; to parch. v. n. To wither; to become weak, to be lazy.

कहता नजना v. a. To send a message, to send and tell, to inform,

कड़वा s. m. A cough.

बाह्याना v. a. To cause to speak.

art adv. Where? Kahan-tak, How far? how long? to what degree? Kahan se, Whence? Kahan ka kahan, To what degree; extremely, immensely.

TT s. m. Order, leave, saying, word. call, confession, affirmation, advice, pron. What? which? how? why?

क्षाकड़ी a. f. Altercation, expostulation, कहाना v. a. To cause to speak, to cause to tell, to be called.

बहानी s. f. A tale, story, fable.

13---₹

बहाबत s. f. A proverb, saying, an adage. बहाबनी s. f. Conversation, discussion, altercation.

wer adv. Somewhere, anywhere, wherever. Kahin nah kahin, Somewhere or other.

करो s. f. A foraging party.

TT adv. Somewhere, anywhere.

■ s. m. The arm-pit, the side or flank.

ment, which after the cloth is carried round the body is brought up behind and tucked into the waistband; a woman's girdle or zone.

mi pron. Whom? what? which? postpos. Of, belonging to.

कांकर s. m. A nodule of lime-stone.

wiss. f. The armpit.

कांचना v. n. To grunt.

नांचा s. m, Straining (when at stool, &c.)

कांगम } e. m. A plant or its seed कांगमी } (Panicum italicum).

चांबी s. f. A chafing-dish.

Mis s. m. Glass; a disorder in which the intestinum rectum is prolapsed; a prolapsus ani. Kanch nikalna, Ani procidentia.

wit adj. Raw.

with s. f. Wish, desire, inclination.

made by steeping rice in water and letting the liquor ferment, which is kept for use sometimes twenty years.

The series of a pothecary's seales; a spur; a type; the tongue of a balance; fishing-hook; a fishbone. Kanta sa nikal jana, To be breed from distress or injury. Kanton par ghasitna, (lit. to drag upon thorns), To extol or exalt one above his merits; (used by a person who

from humility disclaims the praises bestowed on him.) Kante bone, (lit. to plant thorns), To prepare distress, or misfortune for one's self.

कोडा adj. Near, proximate.

काटियोगा t. To prepare for one-self distress or misfortune.

sport, exhibition.

चोडना v. a. To beat, press, grind.

कांडजी s.f. Purslain (Portulaca).

will s.f. A rafter; a sentence of the Vedas.

बादो s. f. A single straw, blade of grass. बादा s. m. An onion.

wit s. m. A sugar boiler; a tribe whose business it is to fry corn, prepare sweetmeats, &c.

चांदी s. m. Mud, slime.

सांधना v. a. To assist, to protect.

lana, To shrug up the shoulders.

Kandha dena, to assist; to carry away the dead.

[shake.

बावना v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, बांच s, f. A species of grass (Saccharun) spontaucum).

बासा है s. m. Bell-metal, white cop-बास है per or brass, queen's metal, any amalgam of zinc and copper.

worker in white or bell-metal.

बांसनीत s. m. Blue vitriol considered as a collirium.

चांचा s.f. Wish, desire, inclination.

of stagnant pools, or the green mould that sticks to walls and pavements.

scum, fur, paste.

bark (Fragaria vesca). [Tresses.

. WINGT s. m. A kind of leather.

काक्षासंगी s. f. A medicine.

कावा s. m. A leprosy with black and red spots, considered incurable.

का अपच s. m. A crow's feather.

च्याकपीच् s.m. A kind of ebony.

windwill s. f. A woman that bears only one child.

काकसुर्हों है s. m. A kind of mountain काकसुरको किए.

बाक्सह s. m. A water-hen, a gallinule. बाक्सह s. m. The colocynth or bitter apple.

चाना s. m. A paternal unele.

चाची ...f. Aunt.

काचूंजकी s.f. Ranunculus.

a black colour, possibly the berry of the Coculus Indicus; a division of the infernal regions or hell.

नाकोशी s.f. A vegetable substance used in medicine, described as sweet and cooling, allaying fever, removing phlegm, &c., it is said to be a root brought from Nepal or Morang.

The armpit.

चार चनाई s. f. A painful suppurating tumour in the armpit.

बादाबोती s. f. The space from the shoulders to the armpit.

जान s. m. A crow; a raven.

खागद s. m. A paper.

चानदी s. m. Vendor of paper.

बानद्वडी s.m. Office allowance for stationary.

ৰাৰ্থ s. f. A parrots beats. Two side, margin.

s. m. Glass; alkaline ashes, any salt of potash or soda in a glassy or crystalline state; crystal, quarts or glass; a disease of the eyes.

पापनित s. m. Crystal, quartz.

सापमत s. m. Black salt or sods.

salt, prepared by calcining fossil salt and the fruit of the emblic myrobalan together: it consists chiefly of muriate of soda, with a small quantity of iron, line and sulpher, and is a tonic aperient. [knowing.

ৰাণা adj. Unripe, raw, simple, un-

passing between the legs and tucked in behind; the upper part of the thigh.

बाइन s. f. A female gardener.

Kachka or upper part of the thigh; to skin, to gather.

बावनी s. f. A. cloth worn over the Kachh, or upper part of the thigh,

ৰাজা s. m. The upper part of the thigh. ৰাজী s. m. A gardener who cultivates and sells pot-herbs.

बाज s. m. Business, occupation, s. work, an action, affair.

eyelide are pointed). Kajal ki kothri,
A place from going into which, or an
affair, the being engaged in which,
brings disgrace or suspicion on one's
character.

जाजी adj. Busy, employed.

জাল prep. By reason of, for the sake of. জালন s. m. Gold. adj. Golden, of gold. জালনৰ adj. Golden.

scum; virulence. Kat karna, v. c.
To wound, to cut. Kat khana, Tobite.

Kathut borna, To clip, cut out; to-deduct.

mizer v. a. To cut, clip; to bite, corrode, erode; to reap; to stop, stay; to waste, pass away (time), to pass (aroad); to interrupt, intercept; to shame, make ashamed. Kat daina, To cut off, amputate.

इन्द्र.m. Cutter. adj. Corrosive.

Wooden articles.

बाठकी हा s. m. A bug.

बाउड़ा s.m. A wooden pot.

कार्ड पुतकी s.f. A wooden doll. [ty.

कार्तिन s. f. Difficulty ; hardness ; cruel-

wood, timber; appearance, person; a saddle.

with s. m. A young buffalo.

बाद s.m. Membrum virile.

draw, draw off, skin, take out, to extricate; to draw lines or figures work flowers on cloth, draw figures in needle-work, to draw, paint, delineate.

THE s. m. A decoction.

(Fruit, nuits, &c.) whose kernel is is rotten, or which has no kernel; foolish, stupid, Kans-bati karna;

To talk or whisper in the ear; to consult, advise. Kana-phusi, s. f. Whispering. Kana-tiri. s. f. The name of a grass. Kana-kani karna, To whisper. Kani-kowri, A cowrie with a hole in it.

बाचे odj. f. A woman blind of one eye. बाच s. m. A chapter, a section, part, division; sport, exhibition.

कातना v. a. To spin.

वास adj. Distressed, agitated with distress, confused, perplexed, disordered; timid, timorous, gentle. s. m. A large kind of fish (Cyprims catla).

चातरना s. f. Timidity, agitation.

ds month (October-November) when the moon is full near Krittika or the pleisdes.

काल्यन s. m. Name of a saint.

बाहर adj. Timid, timorous, confused, distressed.

बाहराइ बाहरी } s.f. Timidity, timorousness.

बादा है. m. Slime, mud, mire.

चान s.m. The ear. adj. Blind of one eye. Kan metna, To pull the ears, chastise. Kan bharna, To excite dissention by tale-bearing. Kan par jun na-chalna, to be very negligent or careless. Kan par rakhna, To remember; to abstain. Kan par háth dharna, To refuse, deny. Kan pakarna, To confess inferiority. Kan phutna, v. n. To be deaf. Kan phorns, To make a noise. Kan phunkan, To tell tales, to excite quarrels; to tutor. Kan jhukana, To desire to hear. Kan dharna, To hear, listen, attend, be attentive. Kon dobákar chale jona, To run away. Kan debána, To turn

back the ears, a sa horse does when preparing to bite. Kan de sunna, To hear, attentively. Kan dena, To hear, to be attentive. Kan salai, s.f. Name of an insect. Kan ka parda, The tympanum. Kan kátna, To get the better of, surpass, overcome, outwit. Kan khari hona. To be alarmed. Kon khol dena, (lit.) To open one's ears; to inform; to make acquainted with, warn, caution. Kon lagna, To get into 'one's confidence. Kan malna, To admonish, punish, chastise. Kan myl, s. m. Ear-wax. Kan myl-wals, A person whose employment it is to pick or clean the ears. Kon men ungli de rahna, To stop one's ears, to turn a deaf ear to what is said. Kan men bát márna. To pretend not to hear. Kan men parna, To be heard (a speech). Kan men tel dálna, (lit. to pour oil in the ear,) To pretend not to hear. Kan men tel dálkar so rahna, To be inattentive or negligent. Kan men kahna, To whisper, to tell. Kon nah hilána. To be silent. Kánonkán kahna, To whisper. Kan hilana, To acquiesce in. Kan hone, To understand, comprehend, be warned or take ample.

A. husband. Kan karna, To be ashamed. Kan chhorna, To be impudent. Kan nah karna, To treat with disrespect.

कानसन्तर s. m. Scorpion. सानम s. m. A forest, desert, wood. सानम s. m. A fruit. सानमेख s. m. Earwax. सानमेख s. f. Earwig, earpick. बाना adj. Blind.

कानाकानी A whispering in the ear.

कानि s. f. Shame.

कानी s.f. Blind.

बाज s. m. Husband. adj. Pleasing, agreeable, beautiful.

dor; light, a lovely or desirable woman.

काचि s. f. Splendour, lustre.

country of Kansuj.

ৰাৰ s. m. A husband; one of the names of Krishno.

of nightingale.

बीपना v. n. To tremble, quake.

चापुर्व adj. A contemptible man.

कापाल s. m. A bitter seed.

चाफिला s. m. A body of travellers.

बाविष है s. f. An earth with which बाविस है earthenware is varnished.

वादिरी n. prop. Name of a river, the Cavery.

चान s. m. Desire, wish, inclination; the god of love. Capid; business, action, act, deed, affair, matter, work, use, occupation, employment; packet, mail, post-bag. Kam ana, To come into use, be of use, avail, stand in stend, to be wanted; to be smitten, to be slain in the field, Kam tamám karna, To accomplish, to finish; to kill, to make away with. Kam tamám hone, To be finished killed, or made away with. Kom chalona, To carry on business. Kam rakhna, To make use of. Kamkáj, Business, occupation. Kamboii. adi. Laborious, active. alert. Kankel, s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition. Kam men lang, To employ, to use. Kam nikálna, To

carry into effect, to accomplish one's desire.

बामबाब 8. m. Work.

द्मानवाजी s. m. Superintendent, worker. वानविध s. m. Sport, amorous dalliance. वानवेजी s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition.

बानदवारे हैं s. f. A certain cow belong-बानदेश ing to Indra.

कामदेव s. m. The cupid of the Hindu mythology.

सामरेज n. prop. Cupid, the son of Vishnu, and Rakmini, and husband of Rati (Venus).

ৰাণখন n. prop. A. cow belonging to Indra, said to grant every thing requested of her; a cow that gives much milk.

चामना s.f. Desire, wish, inclination.

चारायिद adj. Libidinous, lustful. desirous.

भागराज s. m. Sonchus.

चामरी a.f. A blanket.

Bengal, formerly independent, now part of Assam. *edj.* Pleasing, beautiful; taking any or every shape at will.

कासदिष्य adj. Pleasing, beautiful.

जानदरी adj. Pleasing, beautiful; a native of Camrup.

TITUE s. m. A. complaint, jaundice, excessive secretion or obstruction of bile.

बालाइर कु जिल्लां Distracted or agitated with love or lust, lascivious, libidinous, lustful.

कानाव adj. Blinded by lust, lustful.

कालारि s. m. A mineral substance used in medicine, a sort of pyrites.

बानायों है s. m. A person who carries बानायों है baskets filled with Ganges water to distant places.

ous husband; the ruddy goose, a pigeon, a sparrow; a boy dressed in female attire who dances in the season of the holi.

सानिनी s.f. A loving or affectionate woman. odj. Libidinous, cupidinous. सानी adj Libidinous, lustful, impassioned, fond, wanton; cupidinous; loving; busy. s.f. A lump of gold. सामुद्ध odj. Cupidinous, desirous, or lustful, libidinous. lustful. साम्नी s.f. A woman libidinous or सानीद्ध s.m. Oblation of water to deceased friends, &c., exclusive of those for whom it is directed by law.

बाबीदा s. f. A ragini, One of the female personifications of the musical modes, sung in the night. [shake. वाजा v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, वाजा s. m. A horse of the bread of Camboge, n. prop. A country in the north of India, Camboge, Camboy, on Khambach.

बाज odj. Agreeable, desirable, amiable. बाजपाद s. m. Supercrogatory work performed at pleasure or through the desire of some advantage.

बाबदान s. m. An acceptable or desirable gift.

चाय s. m. The body, appearance, चाया s.f. person.

बावब edj. Bodily, personal.

बायप s. m. A certain mixed tribe of caste of Hindus.

bark ( Fragaria vesca ).

चावर adj. Cowardly, timid, timorous.

cast or tribe, the Kayetha or writer caste, proceeding from a Kahattri father, and Sudra mother.

बाया s. f. The body, appearance, per-

s. m. Action, especially in grammar; case (in gram.).

work, profession, &c.

account, reason, occasion, action, agency; an instrument or means.

बारा s. m. A black snake. odj. Black. बाराबार s. m. A gaol, a place of confinement.

Tifes. m. Soot, lampblack with which the eyes are painted.

बारी (in comp.) Making, maker, doer. बारीच s. m. A heap of dung, a large quantity of cow-dung.

an agent, a maker, a doer.

an agent, a maker, a doer.

an agent, a maker, a doer.

and adj. Compassionate, tender,
kind.

ardंबीर्क s. m. A king, also ealled Arjun, a celebrated hero, distinct from the Pandu prince; one of the Jyn Chakravartis or emperors of the world.

Sift s. m. The eighth month (October-November) when the moon is full near the Pleiades.

वासि कीखर s. m. The day of full moon in the month Kartik, a festival.

कार्ष्य इ. m. Poverty, indigence.

peum); cotton cloth, &c. [&c.

चर्चाचे adj, Made of cotton, cottony, चार्चिच adj. Worked, embroidered, intermixed with coloured thread (cloth,

**ý**c. )

बाचु ब s. m. A bow.

ject; affair, business, an action, a work, profession, &c.

बार्धेनिया s.f. Prudence, caution, consideration.

वार्वसिंद s. f. Accomplishment, success, fulfilment of any object or purpose, वायव s. m. A husbandman.

silver, equal to 16 pans of couries; a weight of copper, equal to 80 Ratis; a weight of shells equal to the same number of couries; a husbandman.

Time; a name of Yomah or Jam, the supposed regent of the dead; death, season, age; dearth, famine; angel of death; calamity; (met.) a snake; (in Braj) To-morrow. Kál-bitana, or-katna, or-ganwána, To waste one's time, to spend time. Kal-bas hona, To be in the hands of death, to be seized by fate. Kal-parna, The coming or happening of a famine.

pressions of quantity (corresponding to our a, b, x, y, &c.) in Bijaganit, or Algebra; freckle, mark, stain, spot. [sound, a tumult.]

ৰাজনীত s. m. A confused or mingled বাৰকুz s. m. A kind of poison destroying even the regent of death; the poison of a snake.

ৰাজৰ s. m. Freckle, mark, stain, sort.
বাজৰ s. m, A kind of Cobra di
capella.

बावजन s.m. A cycle, a given revolution of time; period.

in Bundelkhand, the modern Callinjer; the adjacent country; an assembly of religious mendicants; Callinger is one of the places at which such assemblies meet, being enumerated in the *Veds* amongst the *Tapasya-sthans*, or spots adapted to practices of austere devotion.

भावभंभ s. m. Death, dying.

भावनियास s. m. A fragrant and resinous substance, Bdellium.

autumn, the two months following the rainy season,

बादमा s. m. Suspicion, calumny.

कावनेविका s. f. Bengal madder ; black Teori.

बालनेषी s. f. A plant (Serratula or Conyza anthelmintica); Bengal madder (Rubia Manjith).

of which occurs on the 7th day of the 7th month of every 77th year; after such a period of life, a man is considered exempt from attention to the usual ordinances.

चालवाच s. m. A factitious and purgative salt.

deadly variety of the cobra (Coluber naga).

भाजसार s. m. The black antelope.

भावपुत s. m. One of the twenty-one hells.

बाबचेप s. m. The passing or spending of time; the enduring of suffering.

time; a name of Krishna Kala-dana,
A purgative seed (Convolvulus nil)
Kala-jira. s. m. Seeds of the Nigella
indica. Kalamah karna, To break
off all connexion with another; to
disgrace; to copulate; to expel.
Kals-namak. s. m. A kind of rock
salt impregnated with sulphur and
bitumen which leaves a hepatic

flavour in the month (it is much used medicinally). Kale-baran, Of the colour of a snake, Kale kos, A great distance. Kale-bal, s. m. The lower part of the belly, the pubes.

काजानुद s. m. A black kind of Aloe wood or Agallochun.

कालावनी s. m. A small shrub used as a purgative.

बाजानर s. m. Interval, intermediate time; process of time.

काषायती s.f. The act of calking a ship or boat. Kala-patti-karna, To calk ( a ship, &c. )

कालापन s. m. Blackness.

वाब्दी अ.f. A name of the river Jamas.

Tifus. m. The curlew; blackness, a black colour; a fault or flaw in gold, &c.: a line of hair extending to the navel; ink or blacking, soot; a small bird, commonly called Syam.

author of Sakuntala, the Raghu Vans, the Naloday, and other poems: he was one of the nine poets or gems of Vikramadityah's court, and is supposed to have flourished in the century preceding the Christian era; the name is however applied to more persons than one, and seems in some measure to have been used as an honourable title: the works attributed to this author are amongst the most elegant compositions in the Sanskrit language.

कालिन्दो s.f. The river Jamna.

बाखिया s. m. A serpent said to have been vanquished by Krishna. adj. Black (complexion).

and wife of Shiv, to whom human sacrifices are offered; the Nile; ink.

a. m. A fabulous serpent with a bundred and ten heads said to have been vanquished by Krishna. Kali-. mirch, s. f. Black pepper. Kali-bun, s. m. Name of a plant. Kali tulsi, z. f. Basil (Ocyman basilicam). Koli-dah, name of a whirlpool in the river Jamna, where the serpent Kali is said to have lived. Kali-miti, s. f. ing to time. Black lead. हाजीन adj. Timely, seasonable, relat-चाजीकर s. m. A buck, deer. Treas. m. Foulness, unfairness. कार्वके व s. m. A great distance. वालेबरच adj. Of the color of a snake, बारेबास s. m. The pubes. बानंबर s. m. A drug. पालनिक adj. Feigned, forged, contrived, factitious. s. m. A hypocrite.

Tomorrow and yesterday.

बावानिकता s. f. Hypocrisy.

Hindus carry about the Ganges water.

क्षावरित v. a. To ring or lounge (a borse, fc. ); to trick, to sham.

चारेरी e. f. Turmeric, a harlot.

way s. m. A poem, a poetical composition.

सामगोर s. m. A plagiarist of poetry. सामगोर s. m. A plagiarist. [sition. सामगोर s. m. Taste for poetical compo-साम s. f. Cough, catarrh; a species of grass (Saccharum montaneum). Kashwas, s. m. Asthma,

ARRENT E. f. Asthma.

बाबी s. f. A clebrated city and place of pilgrimage, the modern Benares.
बालोपुरी s. f. The capital of the Kasi's i. e. Benares.

चाक्रीर s. m. Cashmir, saffron. काष्ट s. m. Wood.

काष्ट्रज s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum.

चाहकीट s.m. A small insect or worms found in decayed wood.

काइनुइ s. m. The wood-pecker.

काही adj. Of wood, wooden.

of reed or long grass of which rope is made (Saccharum spantaneum)

Kas-swas, Asthma.

ৰাবন্ধ adj. Removing or alleviating cough, pectoral.

कासची s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solenum jacquini).

कासनाजिनी s.f. A thorny plant, used as a remedy for the cough.

चासनी s. m. A weaver.

कासमई s. m. A plant ( Cassia er Sennel esculenta ). [of yam. कासमु s. m. An esculent root, a sort कासीय s. m. Green vitriol, green sulphate of iron.

साम s. m. Name of a plant ( Chora ). वासा Equiv. To kisse, to whom (sing.) वास्य s. m. An agggregate number consisting of sixteen pans. or 1280

ৰাম্ব adj. Mischievons. [metel).
কাম্বায়ৰ s. m. Thornapple Detura
ৰাম (in Braj.) pron. adj. Some any,
any one, any thing.

काहि

wherefore? for what? for conj. That, or.

चित्रिको A kind of girdle with small bells or any tinkling ornament.

fafa s. m. The blue jay.

विक्याना v. n. To shriek, to scream, क्रिक्ट s. n. A slave, a servant.

বিশ্বী s.f. A girdle of bells or tink!
ling ornaments worn by women,

14-18

ৰিম্বী s. f. A sort of fiddle.
বিশ্বনিধাৰা v. a. To grind or gnash.
the teeth

ভিৰন্ধ। v. n. To have a gummy running at the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

নিৰ্দাণৰ s.f. Mud, mire, &c.

विचर्पियर होना To be very wet.

hat oozes out of the eyes.

জিখনা s.f. The slough (of a snake, fo.) জিখন adj. A little, a part. adv. Something, somewhat.

ৰিছ s. m. A kind of sour dish; excrement, excretion, dirt.

जिन्ह s. m. A worm. Kir-kháya, adj. Worm-eaten; marked with small-pox, pitted, spotted. [with rage. किस्पिश्वा v. a. To gnash the teeth किस्पा adj. Worm-eaten; weevil-eaten. किस adv. Where? whither? adj. How many? how much?

funt postpos. To, up to, for.

कितना s. m. विद्यो s. f. क्यों. How much ; how many;

भिते Contradiction.

ितेष A dialectic form.

बिद्दा s. m. An example, model, leader. बिदारवस्त s. m. A musical mode.

किसारा s. m. A musical mode sung in the midnight of summer.

कियर adv. Where ? whither ?

ৰিল pron. interrog. pl. Who? which? বিলৰিলালা v. n. To tingle (the hands as from cold).

चिनिया s.f. A tingling.

चिनवेथा s.m. A purchaser.

বিদাৰ s. m. The bosom, a side, edge.

किनारा s. m. Side, margin.

िकनारी s. f. (Gold or silver) Lace; edge, border.

बिनारे adv. Aside, ashore.

बिन conj. But.

বিশাস s. m. One of the eleven periods called Karans.

that s. m. A kind of singer or chorister at the court of the gods; a demigod attached to the service of Kuser, the god of riches.

चिवाक s. m. } Door.

विस relat. pron. What? who? which? how?

one of the nine khands or portions into which the world is divided, and described as the country between the Himachal and Himakut mountains; a despicable or low man. [frame.

बियारो s.f. A bed (of a garden); a बिरिबाटी s.f. A mote, or particle of dust fallen into the eye.

करिकरा adj. Gritty, sandy.

ৰিবলিবা v. n. To be gritty, to grate. -ৰিবলৈবা s. m. A dancer, or singing boy. ৰিবৰ s. f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

बिर्यान adj. Radiant, bright, refulgent. बिर्यान s.f. A sword.

futin s. m. A savage, a tribe of mountaineers who live by the chase, the Kirhadæ of Arrian.

चित्रामा s. m. Grocery. v. a. To adjust; to sift, separate by turning round in a winnowing fan (differing from phutakna).

बिराव s. m. A small pea (Pisum arvense). बिराबा s, f. An oath.

बिरीट s. m. A crest, a diadem,

Fig. 8. m. A hollow tooth endive. adj.
Broken, rugged, tattertd.

ৰিখ s.f. A splinter; a sword (especially, a straight one to thrust with).

fue dde. Certainly, indeed, verily; probably, possibly.

ৰিজৰ s. f. Splendour, lustre (of a gem). বিশ্ববিদ্যাল s. m. Wanton or amorous pastime, or gestures.

one boy, having drawn several line, upon a stone, hides it, and others, repeating the word kil-hanta, run about searching for it; whoever finds the stone, has a right to strike the boy who hid it, three times with his fingers on the back of the hand.

anger. s. f. Sound expressing joy, or the expression of pleasure by any sound or cry.

কিলাকালা v. n. To be fretful, to snap, to snarl, to be peevish, to squabble.

किसनी s. f. A tick (insect that infests doge, &c.). a doglouse.

िक्सना v. a. To winnow; to strike with the fist.

faces: s.f. The chattering (of a monkey), snarling; sound expressing joy. Kil-kári marna, v. n. To express pleasure by any sound or cry, to shout.

বিষয়ী s. f. A key, bolt. [pruriens). বিষয়াৰ s. m. A plant, cowitch (Dolichos বিষয়াৰ s. m. A youth, a son, a lad, one from his brith to the end of his fifteenth year; subject to suits at law. বিষয়াৰ adj. Young, infantine.

বিষ্টারী s. f. Daughter.

Man s. f. Check ( at chess ).

what? Kistarah, In what manner? how? Kis-kadr, How much? Kis-kis, which? (used interrogatively, and expressive of much, many various) Kis-liye, Why? wherefore.

क्सिनर ह. f. Husband, agriculture.

चित्रान s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, poasant, farmer.

विवारी s.f. A kind of pulse ( Lathyrus satious).

बिसे pron. inter. sing. To whom? to what? to which?

की (fem. of ka) Of, belonging to.

बोबड़ s. m. The Acacia tree.

बीच बोचड } s.f. Dirt, mad, slime, mire.

the dregs of oil in a lamp, or that collected in a hukko snake.

बोड़ा } adj. Wormy, worm-eaten.

बीडा s. m. A worm, an insect, a maggot, a reptile, a snake, a leech.

बोधर adv. Whither, &c.

बोना 3rd. pers. sing. mat. perf. tense (of karna, to do), Done, made.

बोश v. o. To purchase, to buy. Kinwyya, adj. A purchaser.

कीप s. f. A funnel.

कीया part. post. or s. m. Done, made; deed, doings.

बोर } s. m. A. parrot; parroquet.

कौरन } s. f. Praise, fame, renown. कोत्ति } Ki-rat-wan, adj. Renowned.

बोरडा adj. Wormy.

कौरित s. f. Virtue.

कोर्च s. m. Speech, words; shouting for joy, singing aloud, singing in concert; celebrating, praising.

बोत्त ना s.f. Fame, glory.

बोत्ति s.f. Fame, renown, glory.,

कोत्ति मान adj. Praised, famous, celebrated.

कील s. f. A small nail, peg, tack, stake, pain, bolt, wedge; the coreof a boil. Kil-kanta, Tools, apparatus, accourtements.

क्रीजना v. c. To charm a snake so as to prevent his biting.

की ला s. f. A small nail, tack, peg.

A particle of depreciation prefixed to nouns, and implying, sin, guilt; reproach, contempt; diminution, littleness.

garage adj. Able-bodied, robust, athletic, stout, Kungrai, s. f. Strength, stoutness.

कु चकी s.f. A bodice.

क्ष ज s. m. An arbour.

संगद्ध s. m. An elephant.

is to sell vegetables. Kunyran, s. f. Female of Kunyra.

हा जाभवन s. m. Grove.

ছ'লৰ s. m. An arbor, grove. [phant. হ'লৰ s. m. An elephant, a large ele-হু'লী s.f. A key.

pit for sacrifice; a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person.

g wo s. m. A large ring worn in the ears; a circle; a halo round the sun or moon. Kundal marks; To coil, to form a coil.

which invariably ends with the word with which it began; it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

with s. m. A coil, ring, ourl, hoop; a snake. Kundli ban ana, To curl.

Fig. 4 f. A chain or iron catch to fasten a door.

क दंबी e. m. Ill-breeding, ruden ess.

ges. m. A. flower (Jasminum grandiforum).

क दन s. m. Pure gold.

कुद्रज्ञ इ. m. A medicine (Olibanum).

SETT S. m. A stack, s rick.

कुट्ला } s. m. A kind of tent.

Windi karna, To calendering (cloth), to beat, to endgel. Kundigar, a. m. A calenderer. [ hood.

कुंबा s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brother-

g'w s. m. A water-pot; the sign Aquarius. Kumbh ka mela, The twelfth year fair of Hardwar, a celebrated Hindu pilgrimage. Kumbhni, the sixth, year fair.

s are some An unmarried boy, a son, a child; the son of a Raja, a prince, heir-apparent.

इत्यारी s. f. A maiden, a virgin, a princess, a daughter, a young lady fit formarriage. [villainy.

बुक्य s. m. Wickedness, sin, depravity.

sauf adj. Wicked, bad.

नुवासी adj. Wicked, vicious.

कुकरों स s. m. A plant ( Celsia ).

The s. m. A dog; a Kshattri.

कुत्रस्त s. m. A mushroom, a toadstook कुत्रुपन s. m. Weakness of the eyes in infants.

35 Z s. m. A gallinaceous fowl, a cock, a wild cock (Phasianus Gallus).

(worship of Shie) held by women and the seventh of the light fertnight of Bhadon, especially for the sake of obtaining offspring.

state A hear.

क्कर s. m. , ▲ dog.

Ta. f. A bitch.

इतिया a. f. A crime, a sin, a wicked action. [abdomen.

চাৰত. m. The belly, the cavity of the senior s.f. Evil report, infamy.

इन्हर ह. m. Saffron (Croous sativus).

or red mixture is contained with which they play at the holi.

হ্ব s. m. f. A breast, a pap, the bosom হ্বৰুৰ s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus) sappan or log wood.

जुनर adj. Censorious, detracting.

chal-dalna, v. a. To bruise, &c.; to overlay.

রুপরা s. m. A vomic nut (Strychnos nux রুপরা s. f. The canine teeth.

3वास s. m. A nipple.

Ku-chali, adj. Of bad conduct or behaviour, ill-behaved.

बुचाबी s. m. An ill behaned person.

স্থাৰ s. m. The lobe of the ear.

जुनेना adj. Fll-clothed, dressed in dirty or tattered garments.

35 next. pron. Any, anything, aught, some, something, somewhat, a little, whatever. Kuchh our gana, To give a false explanation, to tell a different story. Kuchh-ek, Some little, some few. Kuchh tum ne para paya, Have you found a treasure? (an expression addressed to one who seems inordinateby pleased without apparent cause) Kuckk tum ne khwah dekha, What t have you dreamt this, or seen a vision? (on expression used to a perwho relates improbabilities: or to depict the extensishment of the speaker at any unexpected act of another). Kuchh es kuch hone, To be entirely changed, Kuchh nah kuch, Some at least, something or other. Kuchh nahin, Nothing. Kuchh ho, Wdatever may happen, some what may.

च बेक Some few, some little.

क्व s. m. The planet Mars ; Tuesday.

ब्जजीवन s. m. A forest frequented by elephants.

च्याबि adj. Base, of mean extraction or bad cast; one who has lost his east, an outcast.

Two. m. A place overgrown with ereeping plants, a bower, an arbour.

An elephant.

क्की s. f. A key.

₹2 s. m. A medicine (Cotus arabicus).

trangement from or desertion of friends.

ৰূপৰ s. m. Nibbling, itching, scratch-ৰূপে s. m. A medicinal plant (Echites antidysenterics); the seeds are used as a vermifuge. [rest.

क उक्र s. m. A place of safety, haven of

क्टनाई s.f. The wages of a pimp.

ब्दनाना v. a. To entice, seduce, inveigle, wheedle, coax.

बाटनापा a.m. Pimping.

बटनो s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

wiens s. m. A plant (Bignonis indica).

बुटाया ८ m. Solanum jacquini.

WEIT 8. m. A impatient little horse.

TECT s. m. A cottage, a hut.

untoward, cruel; dishonest, fraudulent.

जुटियोगा s. f. Crookedness; guile, dis-जुटी s. f. A cottage, a hut.

बटार s. m. A small house, a hot, a hovel. बटम े s. m. Kin, family, tribe, cast, बटम ं relative, a kinsman, a con-

nexion; offspring, progeny, race.

कुटलिंग ) s. m. A householder, a pater-बुट्रमी familias.

बुट्ड बिनो s. f. The wife of a householder and mother of a family a matron.

कटेव s.f. A bad habit.

बहुनी s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

कहार s. m. Copulation.

string of the churning stick winds.

बुडाबु s. m. A bird, the wood-pecker.

More s. m. An axe.

prepared for melting gold, silver, &c., a crucible.

क्ष्यमा । v. n. To cluck, to cackle ब्रह्महाना । (s laying hen); to speak angrily, murmur, grumble.

कुएना s. m. Tribe, cast, family, race.

Sweeping, dirt.

ing (of a hen).

Act adj. Unmannerly, ill-bred, rude. Kudhangi, s. f. Unmannerliness, rudeness.

स्दन s.f. Grief, sorrow, lamentation, स्दना v. n. To grieve, mourn, lament, pine, repine, vex, be afflicted, be angry, or disgusted,

हर्द adj. Ill-shaped, ill-mannered, ugly, rude.

सुदाना v. a. To vex, afflict, grieve, trouble, anger, disgust, displease.

man s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brother-hood.

क्रास्त्र adj. Ashamed.

pit for sacrifice; a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person. ears; circle; a halo round the sue or moon.

stanza, which invariably ends with the word with which it began; it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

सुक्की s. m. A coil, ring, curl, a snake.

Kundli banana, To curl.

कुड़ी s.f. A chain or iron catch to fatten a door.

क्तक s.m. Wrong reasoning, false doe trines.

tion of the day; about noon.

सत्तर s. m. That which is gnawed or bitten off with the teeth.

कृतरना v. a. To cut with the teeth. कतद s. m. A puppy; a cutter.

कृति s. m. A puppy; a cutter.

बंती | bitch. बुतुइली s. m. An inquisitive person.

infants.

exhibition, sport, pleasure, diversity pastime, festivity; a spectacle. Kanakali, adj. Sportive, of sport a festivity.

कता s. m. A dog.

बुबापि adv. Wherever, any when somewhere. [calum!

कुवा s. f. Reproach, contempt, census, कृतिय adj. Low, vile, contemptible; contemped, reviled.

बुद्धना } v. n. To leap, bound, jump बुद्धाना } frisk, caper, skip.

ह्याना v. c. To cause to dandle ह्याना v. c. To dandle; to cause leap; (met.) to provoke. बदाबा s. m. A kind of dove.

बुदार s. m. A. pick-axe,

इहारी s. f. A dibble.

बुदाच s. m. A hoe or kind of spade, a pick-axe, or mattock.

बुदाकी s.f. A small mattock, a spade, hoe, dibble.

well s. f. Weak sight, evil eye.

बुह्ल s. m. Mountain ebony.

ৰহাৰ s. m. Mountain ebony (Bauhinia eariegata); a kind of spade or hoe.

बन्ध s. m. A disease of the nails.

इनकी adj. Having bad or diseased nails. कनका s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brother-

hood,

ब्नीति s. f. Bad behaviour, ill-manners; impolicy, misgovernment.

क्तव 8. m. Hair.

बुद s. m. A kind of jasmin ( Jasminum grandistorum ).

कदन s. m. Pure gold.

बुद्दा s. m. A medicine.

बुद्धा s. m. A stack, a rick.

बदला s. m. A kind of tent.

下記 s. f. The act of calendering (cloth) Kundi karna, To calender (cloth); to beat, to cudgel. Kundigar, s. m. A calenderer.

इंद् s.f. The resin of the Boswelia thwifers, gum Olibanum, or frankincense.

morality, profligacy, a bad road; heterodox doctrine, heresy.

ज्यवनामी adj. Wicked, going in a bador wrong road.

बुपनी s. m. A. wanderer, an immoral person.

वपराममं s. m. Bad advice.

Tyle adj. Unworthy, unfit.

and adj. Inconsed, angry, offended.

Tya s. m. A disobedient or wicked son.

₹ gau s. m. A low or vile man; a poltroon.

क्पूत s. m. A bad or degenerate son.

The decease of a king, &c. Kuppa lurhna the decease of a king, &c. Kuppa hona, To become very fat.

ज्ञो s. f. A small leathern vessel for holding oil, ghee, &c.; a vial, a skin, a leathern bottle.

ज्य s.m. A hump.

कंबण | adj. Hump-backed, crooked.

क्ष बढ़ s. m. A hump.

क्षा Daughter.

क्षेत्र s. m. The Indian Plutus, the god of wealth.

क्षत Difficult, Severe.

कर्बा adj. Hump-backed.

कुमाकी s. f. A bad wife.

कुभाव s. m. Ill-temper, bad disposition, ill-treatment.

जुनजुन s. m. Saffron.

कुमत } s. f. Foolishness, stupidity, कुमित | indiscretion. adj. Stupid, foolish; wicked, vicious, injudicious.

बुसद है s. m. A white esculent lotus, बुसद है that expands its petals during the night, and closes them in the day-time ( Nymphæa esculents ).

कुसना s. m. Bad counsel, ill advice, intrigue.

हुनाच s. m. A kind of unleavened bread. Kumach-so munh, A broad face.

कुमार s. m. A boy; the son of a raja, a prince.

तुमारिका है s. f. A maiden, a virgin, a कुमारी } princes, a daughter, a young lady fit for marriage.

कुमार्ग s. m. A bad road; a bad course.

जुनुद s. m. A white esculent lotus that expands its petals during the night,

and closes them in the day-time (Nymphæs esculenta).

ब्रहिंदनी s. f. A place abounding in lotuses, &c.

बुनेइया है है. m. A small elephant.

ज्ञेन s. m. The southern hemisphere or pole.

www.m. A water-pot; the sign Aquarius. Kumbh ko mela, The twelfth-year fair of Hardiwar, a celebrated Hindu pilgrimage. Kumbhni, The sixth-year fair.

च अकार s. m. A potter.

चुन्यवानचा s.f. A bilious affection, a sort of jaundice.

জ্পালা s. f. A plant, the flowers of which are compared to those of the Naucles cadamba.

ৰুণিৰা s. f. A disease of the eyes, hor - deolum or stye.

चुचीपाच s. m. A hell in which the wicked are supposed to be baked like a potter's vessels.

ৰুজাং s. m. The crocodile of the Ganges, the long-nosed alligator.

च न्हजाना । v. n. To wither, fade, blast, च निवाना । droop, be blighted, dry up. जन्दार s. m. A potter.

ज् न्हारनी s. f. A potter's wife or a female potter.

कुन्हारी s. f. An animal resembling a wasp, which builds its house of clay. कृन्होर s. m. An alligator, a crocodile.

चुरक्री s. f. Belly-fretting.

TT s. m. A deer.

antinus corundum ). [biflorus). क्यो s. f. A kind of vetch ( Dolichos स्ट s. m. Bad taste, badness of juice or flavour. adj. Bad in taste or flavour.

क्राचत s. m. A kind of coarse sugar.

बुरीति s. f. Misconduct, bad manners. ब a n. pron. An ancient sovereign of

Delhi and the country around. Kuru-kshetar, n. prop. The country near Delhi where the great battle was fought between the Kouruva. and the Pandav. Kuru-bansi, adj. Of the race of Kuru.

most northerly of the four Maha Dwipis, or principal division of the known world; by other systems it is considered as one of the nine divisions or Varshas of the same: in both cases, however it is the country beyond the northernmost range of mountains, extending to the frozen ocean.

ৰূব্ৰ s. m. A curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

purple species of Barleria; also a yellow kind.

कदिन्द ज़दिन ज़दिन

ness. Ugliness.

च दपता s. f. Ugliness.

जुरपी adj. Ugly, ill-made, frightful, deformed.

क्रेरेलना v. o. To poke.

क्रक्टि s.f. Sweepings, rubbish.

कत्र ी s. f. Belly-fretting ..

क्रिकेट इ. f. A bound, spring, jump.

कुमें s.m. A tortoise, a turtle; the second Hindu mythological incarnation. कुमी s.m. A tribe of husbandmen.

क्योंच s.f. The state of a bird sitting at ease and in security, trimming its wings with its bonk; (kence) ease, security, hope, confidence of success.

Kuryal men ghulela lagna, To be disappointed or fail into misfortune in the moment of security, or when sure of success.

जुरी s.f. Gristle, cartilage.

न संत s. m. A kind of coarse sugar.

▼ s. m. Family, pedigree, race, tribe or caste, relations, household.

न्त्रज्ञा s.'m. Gargling.

कुलकुली s.f. The itch.

ugliness. m. Miscouduct, bad temper;

ज्ञान कत्रों. Of bad signs or featuress, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened.

ৰ্গণ s. m. Capital, principle, stock in trade. [ (a korse).

ৰাষ adj. Cutting behind in walking ৰূপাৰ s. m. A plant ( Alpinia galunga or Galunga major ); a seed ( Nigella sativa ).

whom the family honour is injured, a prostitute.

कुलटी s.f. Red arsenic.

smalls s.m. A youth who is a credit to his family, the saviour of his family.

star s.f. A blue stone used in medicine, and applied as a collyrium to the eyes, also as an astringent to sores.

[biforus.

কুৰবো s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos কুৰবো s.f. The goddess of a family, any female deity worshipped in particular by a family through successive generations.

কুজহানী s. m. One who brings disgrace, or reproach on his family.

कुलधर्ष s. m. Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or cast, peculiar duty of caste or race.

कुलवात s. m. A reprobate, an out-casic. कुलपति s. m. Head or chief of a family. कुलपालक adj. Nourishing or providing

इनपाचन adj. Nourishing or providing for a family.

जुबपारित s. f. A chaste woman.

of reverence of a family; a family priest. [noble family.]

चुजरभू इ. f. A virtuous woman of a

जुल्लामा e. a. To itch; to fidget; to writhe (as a worm or snake); to grumble or rumble (the bowels).

कुलबुबाइट s. m. Vermicular motion.

इच्चोड़ ody. One who disgraces his family.

कुचवीड्ना v. a. To disgrace one's family. कुचना s. m. A sausage.

कुषावस । ady. Of a good or noble family, of noble descent.

जुषावसा adj. f. Chaste, of pure or noble descent; a gentle woman.

ক্ৰবান ady. Well-born, of good or noble family, or noble descent.

সুবাহা s. f. A falcon's hood, a boy's cap. সুবাহায় s. m. A kind of firework.

sa earthen vessel to drink out of.

কুৰবৰ s. m. Misconduct, bad temper, ugliness.

চুৰ্ব adj. Of bad signs or features, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened.

suls s.f. A bound, spring, leap, jump, bounce. Kulanch márna, To bound or skip.

peculiar to a tribe or caste, peculiar, duty of caste or race.

जुलाल s. m. A potter.

sound, a great and indistinct noise tumult, uproar.

sel. Kulhiya men gur phorna (lit. to break a lamp of coarse sugar in a small cup), To endeavour to do with few hands a work which requires many. Kulhiya lagána, Cupping.

ছবীবন s. m. A drug (the root of Piper betel).

well-born, of a good family, genteel.

क्वीनता है s. f. Nobility, respectibility
क्वीनता है of descent, gentility.

क्षांना s. m. A kind of pickle.

Gargling or rinsing the mouth,

Terres s. f. An axe, a hatchet.

ing. Abusive, censorious, detracting. [low language.

कृत्यन s. m. Abuse, depreciative talk, कृत्यन s. m. A water-lily.

शुवाका s. m. Abuse, evil-speaking.

ক্তবিশাৰ s. m. A wrong decision.

क्डिंच s.f. A bad character.

of wealth. [reigns.

জুবৈতাৰ s. m. The place where Kuver জুবৈতা s. f. An unsuitable time, unreasonable time.

solemn and religious observances, hence called sacrificial grass (Poscynosuroides), the sacred grass of the Hindus.

भूगल इ. m. Welfare, happiness, well-being, health, prosperity, safety.

সম্প্ৰনা s.f. Well-being, health, happiness, welfare. [fare.

क्ष्मसम्बद्ध s. m. Enquiry after one's wel-कृष्णसंग्रह s. m. Happiness and welfare. कृष्णसंग्रह Happy, well, right.

क्ष प्रवात । s. f. Happiness, ease, pros-क्रवता perity.

ছম্পী adj. Auspicious, favourable; happy, prosperous.

कुषासन s. m. A seat or mat made of the Kusha grass.

कशिक Name of Bissamitra.

जुलीब adj. Ill-behaved, rude, wicked; evil-disposed, ill-tempered.

क्रवीचना s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct; bad disposition, ill temper.

कु बोख व s. m. An actor, nimine, dancer.

warieties are enumerated, seven great or severe, and eleven of minor importance.

TE s. m. A plant (Costus speciosus).

ক্ষৰাম্ব s. m. White mustard; a sort of yam.

जुष्टनाम्नी s. f. A plant (Psoralia corylifolia).

जुड़ों adj. Leprous; a leper.

3 wits s. m. A pumpkin gourd; a drug; a religious ceremony, a certain rite performed as a penance or expiation.

54 s. m. Bad company.

সুন্ধান s. f. Health, happiness, welfare.

ছবাৰ s. m. Usury, the profession of usury; any loan or thing lent to be repaid with interest.

जुनीहा adj. A money-lender.

बुसोदिक adj. One who follows the profession of usury.

क्संगत । s. m. Evil intercourse, bad क्संप्रत । company.

are dyed red, bastard, saffron, safflower (Carthamus tinctorius); the menstrual discharge; ophthalmia, disease of the eyes.

कुतुमाञ्चन s. m. The culx of brass used as a collyrium. [ripe. क्तृतिज्ञ s. m. Blossoming, full blossom,

भूक

squs. m. Safflower (Corthamus tincto-

**Then in the state of sufficient states** an infusion of *bhong (Cannabis sativa)* used for intoxication.

क सची adj. Cloths dyed with safflower.

yens s. m. A bad dream, night-mare.

कुरनी s. f. The elbow.

yvis. m. Fog. mist.

कुष्राम s. m. Lamentation, weeping.

क्रशासा s. m. A fog, a mist.

svi s. f. A species of hawk.

sys. f. The notes of the kokila or koyel.

कुष्तना v. n. To sound (as koyels do).

बर्री adj. Yellow eyed.

कुषां s. m. 1 well.

which goldsmiths use for weights (Abrus precetorius).

ৰু ব s. m. A breast, the female breast. কুবনা v. To chew, to masticate, to pound. কুবৰ adj. Jibbing, refractory, stubborn. কুবা s. f. A brush.

बुंब s. m. The name of a bird, perhaps the crane.

ът в. m. Conjecture, guess.

(of the eye); slice, division (of the jack fruit) Cocoon (of the silk worm).

quit s. m. The sixth Hindu month (Sept.-Oct.)

कृषान्यना s. m. The state of a bachelor or virgin, celibacy.

part s. m. An unmarried person, a bachelor.

कारी s. f. A maid. a virgin.

To cry, to sob.

vociferate or call (as the kokil). v. s.
To wind up (a watch, clock, ge.)

कुद्ध s. m. A dog.

कुकारचाल s.f. A trot.

क्षारस्ता s m. A mushroom (growing on wood), a toadstool.

क्रवरी s.f. A bundle of thread; maize, Indian corn ( Zea mais ); the gripes.

an s. m. Cooing; a dove; an omelet.

क्षिका s. f. A small brush or hair pencil.

कृषिया s.f. A small tamarind; part of the ear, the lobe.

TET s. m. A tuft. cluster.

कुट s. m. Paper used to make pasteboard. s. f. Mimickry; illusion; fraud, deceit, trick; falsehood.

कृटता s. f. Falsehood, fraud.

क्टना v. a. To pound, beat, bray. macerate; to ondgel. fiction.

कटच्च s. m. Situated at the summit.

क्टार्यभविता s. f. A tale, a story, क

कुड़ा s. m. Sweepings, dirt. rubbish. कृद adj. Foolish, stupid, simpleton.

yes s. m. A vessel (carthen) for kneading bread in, a platter. Kunda karna, To prosper.

कुडी s. f. A vessel (of stone) in which snuff, bhang, &c. are ground.

कृत s. m. Survey, a task. guess, appraisement; estimate; the base of a right angled triangle.

क्तक s. m. One of the rules in arithmetic or algebra.

क्तना v. c. To value, to appraise.

क्द s. f. A spring, jump, leap, bound, कूटना v. n. To leap, bound, jump, (met.) rejoice; to boast. Kúdna-phandana, To jump about, to leap, (about, as for joy)

कुनाइं s, f. A scrap.

बुद्ला s. m. A kind of tent.

क्ष s. m. A well ; a hole, a hollowin

कृषी ृं s. f. A small well,

क्षेरा adj. Unlucky.

कुवड़ 8. m. A hump.

कृष्ट्रा adj. Humpbacked, crooked.

कुमांक s. no. A kind of br ad.

कुम्हलदेनी v. n. To break into a house by penetrating through the wall.

Todj. Cruel. savage, pitiless; vio-

बुरनी s. f. A scoop.

बर्स 's. f. A tortoise, a turtle; the second Hindu mythological incompation.

बूल s. m. A bank, a shore; a heap, a morind; a pond or pool.

कुला s. m. The hip.

Cooley.

बनी s, m. A labourer, porter, carrier, a

कुडरा s. m. कुडा s. f. } Fog, mist.

proper. s. f. Fruit, consequence; fit, proper. s. f. Fruit, consequence; the first of the four ages of the world, the golden age or Sata jug. adv. Completely finished.

कतंत्रक s. m. An ungrateful person.

क्षणी adj. Ungrateful, not acknowledging former good offices, neglectful of favours, an ingrate.

सनभवारे s. f. Ingratitude.

इतम ब्रेटी. Grateful, remembering former aid or favors.

कतंत्रता ... f. Gratitude.

इतत्वन इ. m. The first of the four ages of the world, the Sata-yug.

इतार्य adj. The granting of supplication, the fulfilment of a request, successful, having obtained one's purpose or accomplished one's design.

क्रवार्थेता s. f. Success, accomplishment of an object.

জলিঅ s. f. The third of the lunar mansions, or constellations in the moon's path, consisting of six stars, and corresponding to the pleiades.

क्रविम वर्ता. Made, factitious, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or spontaneously produced.

हाजिसपुत s. m. An adopted son; one of the twelve kinds recognized in law.

ज्ञांतिमसिव s. m. An acquired friend, one on whom benefits have been conferred or from whom they have been received.

क्या s. f. An action. a charm, witchery. इटन s. m. Derivative from a verb; name of a treatise on syntax.

aus adi. Miserly, avaricious.

क पच है s.m. Miser.

क्रमचना s. f: Stinginess.

स्तपा s. f. Tenderness, compassion. favor, kindness, pity, mercy, affection, bounty.

क्रपाच s. m. A sword, a scimitar or sacrificial knife.

क्रपानिधान s. m. The abode of mercy, the mansion of kindness.

क पापाव s. m. An object of compassion. स्रपास adi. Compassionate. tender.

merciful, liberal, kind, benevolent,

क्रपामय करों. Compassionate.

ह्मपासिंह s. m. Ocean of grace, mercy or kindness. [hearted.

अपादीन adj. Unfeeling, unkind, hard-समि s. m. A worm; an insect in general; lac, the red dye, which is in fact an insect.

জনিম adj. Vermifuge, anthelmintic.
s. m. A shrub used in medicine, as an anthelmintic, commonly called Birang (Erycibe paniculata).

क्रमिय s. m. Agallochum.

क्षांचना s.f. Lac, a red dye so called.

क्रसिद्रनक s.m. Tooth-ache with decay of the teeth.

क्रमिल adj. Having worms, wormy.

क्रमिला s. f. A fruitful woman, one bearing many children.

क्रिनिष्टर adj. Anthelmintic, vermifuge.

spare, emaciated.

ক্ষমা s. f. Smallness, slenderness, spareness, leanness, thinness, emaciatedness. [shape.

ह्याची s. f. A woman with a slender. क्यानु e.m. Fire.

ज्ञापक s.m. A husbandman, a peasant.

ह्मचाच s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

हाचि s. f. Husbandry, agriculture; ploughing cultivating the soil, &c.

One of the *Hindu* mythological incarnations: he is distinct from the ten *Avatars* or incarnations, being identified with the deity.

क्रयापरम s. m. A plant ( Poinciana pulcherrima).

क्रमाटा s.f. The Indian spikenard.

small black seed which is used for medical and culinary purposes (Nigella Indica).

क्रमता s. f. Blackness.

क्षप्रामर s. m. A kind of Sandal wood, of a dusky copper hue.

save s. m. The dark half of a month, the fifteen days during which the moon is in the wane.

name s. m. A fruit, the Corinda.

that prepared by evaporation from saline soil, or the medicinal kind, a muriate of soda.

ब्राचीइ s. m. The lbndstone.

क्षभार कृषसारक } s. m. The black antelope.

कृषानदी s. f. A river, possibly the river Krishné in the Decan.

वृचावास s. m. The holy fig-tree (Fice) religiosa).

ৰুষামিন adj. Devoted to or the yotary of Krishna.

क्षता s.f. Slenderness, spareness lean-के postpos. Of, Uske pos, near him.

बेचीका s. m. A flower (Pandonus ederatissimus).

बेचवा s. m. An earthworm.

केवड़ा s. m. A crab.

केंबर adj. Squint-eyed.

केवा s. f. The cry of a peacock.

चेकी s. m. A peacock. [colocasia].

को पक्ष } s.f. The skin of a snake.

केच्या s. m. An esculent root (Arum केखा s. m. A sapling.

बेतची s.f. A flower (Pandanus odora: tissimus).

बोता pron. How much? how many? बेतिक adj. Some, a few. a little.

ing node; in astronomy the minth of the planets; in mythology, a demon; a comet, a falling-star, &c.

चेतुतारा s. f. A comet.

बेतुमांच s. m. One of the nine great division of the known world, the western portion or Varsh of Jambu Dwip.

चेतुरव 8 f. Lapis lazuli.

बेदार s. m. A field; a mountain the modern Kedar, part of the Himalaya mountain. ftomentosa).

बेन्द्र s. m. A sort of ellony (Diospyros) बेन्द्रच s. m. A sort of elony, that yields a species of tar (Diospyros glutinoso).

केंद्र s. m. The poles; the centre of a किंदनी s. f. The slough or skin of a [ per arm. circle.

केषर s. m. A bracelet worn on the up-केन s.f. Amorous dalliance, coition.

केलन s. f. A daughter-in law.

an s. m. A plantain ( tree or fruit ) ; banana.

afe 2 s.f. Play, sport, pastime, am-चेजी 5 usement, amorous dalliance, ( alissimus ). coition.

चेवचा s. f. A flower. ( Pandanus odor-

केवन } s. m. A fisherman.

चेवज adj. One, alove, only, solely, completely, peculiary; all, entire, whole. s. m. A species of knowledge, probably that of the unity of God. odv. Completely, peculiarly, only, solely.

चेबाच s. f. Cowitch (Dolichos pruriens). चेवाद s. m. The shutter or fold of a door, a door.

क्रीवजी s. f. Horoscope, nativity.

The hair of the head, a cock's comb.

केंबर s. m. A. plant, called also (Nagesar (Mesua ferrea); a shrub used in dying Rottleria tinct oris ).

मेशरित } मेशरी } s. m. A lion.

बेचवेद्य s.m. A tress or fillet of hair.

दिवानेषी conj. Pulling the hair mutually, hair to hair.

चेंगी s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the head.

चेवर s. m. Baffron (Crocus sativus). बेबरिया adj. Yellow or saffron-coloured. के इरी s. m. A lion,

pron. How many ! adj. Several. conj. Or, either. Ky-sk, or Ky-i-sk, Some, few.

snake.

चैराटच s. m. A species of poison one of the fixed kinds.

जैत s. m. A tree ( Teronia elaphantum). ar s. m. An intoxicating drink made

from the fruit of the Kyta. के विन s. f. The wife of a Kayesth.

बेची s. f. The Kythi-Nagari characters used chiefly by Kayasth about Patna. and the adjacent country.

चैन s. f. A bamboo twig.

करी s. f. A small unripe mango.

Kyri-ankh. s. f. A wall-eye, an eye the pupil of which is grey.

चैद s.f. A sprout, a shoot.

केवास s. m. The mountain Kylas. the fabrilous residence of Kuver, and favonrite haunt of Shiv; it is placed by the Hindus amongst the Himalays mountains, and the name is given to one of the loftiest peaks lying on the north of the Manus lake.

के रचे s. m. A fisherman, a waterman. चैवस्य s. m. Eternal emancipation, fortune happiness.

चैना ) pron. How? in what manner? what sort of? what like? केंगी 🕽 Kysahi, Howsoever.

To pron. Who? which? what? postpos. To, for.

ৰীই s. f. The water-lily (Nymphæa lotus) the pulp of the jack fruit (Artocorpus integrifolis).

बीई ) pron. Any, any one, any body, बीच ) some one, a. Some body. some one, a. Some body. Koi-sa, certain, somebody, something. Koi nah koi, Somebody or other, some or other. Koi nahin, Nobody, none. Koi dam men, Soon, shortly, immediately.

a gardener, a Hindu cast whose profession is husbandry.

कीएवा s. m. Charcoal.

কাৰৰ v. s. To prick, pierce, stab, gore. কাৰঃ s. m. A gourd, a sweet pumpkin

(Cucurbita pepo).
ভাষৰ s. f. A young shoot, a bud, an unblown flower.

[sarka.

The ruddy goose (Anas co-Till s. m. A foster brother, nurse's child; a small nail, a tack; a kind of lotus.

कीविनी adj. Short.

s. m. The black or Indian cuckoo (Cuculus): the kokil makes a prominent figure in Hindu poetry, and is supposed by his musical cry to inspire pleasing and tender emotions.

की बिजवेंनी adj. Speaking like a kokil, eloquent as the kokil.

ৰীৰা } s.f. The womb, the abdomen,
কীৰা } hypochondrium.

साचनर adj. Barren.

Konkun, in the peninsula.

को जाबर s. m. The day of full moon in the month Aswin (Sept.-Oct.): who is awake? the call of Lukshmi, who descending on this night promised wealth to all that were awake, hence the night is spent in festivity and games of chance in honor of the goddess.

The s. m. A fort, redoubt, stronghold, caste.

made by bird in trees.

चोरि adj. A crore or ten millions.

দীই s. m. A fort, a caste, a stronghold.

large round spots; ring-worm, impetigo. [closet.

ৰাত্তা s. f. A room, chamber, apartment, ৰাত্তা s. m. A house built of burnt bricks or stone; a story, a floor.

warehouse, a granary, dwelling, mausion, barrack, chamber, bank, chest, bin, storehouse, factory; a banking-house; the chamber of a gun, the inside or shaft of a well; the womb; the ferrule or mounting at the end of a scabbard. Kothiwal, A wholesale merchant, a warehouse-keeper.

बोडीर odv. Ont of place.

和要 s. m. The leprosy.

कीइना v. a. To dig out, to scoop, bore, hollow, excavate.

कोक्षाला s. m. The name of a bird, of a snake, and of a flower.

To whip; to reduce to obedience; to put a horse to his speed by whipping. Kora marna, To lash.

बोड़ी s. f. A score, twenty.

nikalna, In leprosy to catch the itch; (met.) to have one misfortune added to another.

बोदना v. a. To vex, to afflict, to grieve. बोदी adj. A leper.

कीय s. m, A corner, an angle. Konah dor, adj. Cornered, angled.

s. m. A corner of a room, house, &c., hole and corner, every corner.

ৰীৰি adj. Having a crooked arm.

ৰীবন্ত s. m. A led-horse. Kotalkash, s. m. A surcingle, particularly for fastening body-clothes.

कोतनीर s.f. A kind of greens, coriander. कोय s.m. Inflammation and ulceration of the angles of the eyelids; gan-

बोदो } s. m. A small grain (Pospa-बोदर } lum frumentaceum).

कोषा s. m. A corner, an angle, a side. Konadar, adj. Cornered, angular.

कोश s.f. A spear.

कोष s. m. Wrath, rage, passion, anger. कोष अवधित adj. Enraged, inflamed with wrath. [anger.

जोपदीप्त odj. Incensed, inflamed with जोपन adj. Passionate, wrathful.

बोपना v. n. To be angry, to be wrathful, to rage. s.f. A passionate woman. बोपनान adj. Passionate, angry.

कापवेग s. m. Violence, impetuosity of passion.

कीपाइ ब adj. Furious, enraged.

चोपान्ति adj. Passionate, angry, rageful, wrathful.

बीपिनी { adj. Angry, passionate, wrath-बीपी } ful.

कोपीन s.f. A cloth worn (round the waist) between the legs.

कीवी s. f. A cabbage. [place

चामस ady. Soft, bland, tender, mild,

कोसवता s. f. Softness, placidity, tenderness, middness, agreeableness.

कीमलताई ड. f. Softness.

सीयप s. m. A corner, an angle.

জায়ন s. f. A bird (Cuculus); a flower Clitoria ternatea).

कीयखा s. m. Charcoal.

int s. f. Edge, border, margin, side, point. s. m. A crore or ten millions.

कोरक s. m. A bud, an unblown flower.

it ody. New, unused, unhandled, unbleached, fresh (applied chiefly to earthen vessels, cloth or paper). Kora rahna, To be disappointed.

জীবলা s. f. Small cardamums.

चौरी & f. A virgin.

कोरी s..m. A rafter.

narrow passage, a lane; embracing, an embrace; a tribe of mountaincers, the Coles; a country, Calinga, the modern sea cost from Cuttack to Madras.

कीचा s. m. A jackal.

कीजास्त s. m. Uproar, clutter, tumult, mirth, a confused or mingled sound, a noise made by many or a great and indistinct noise.

कोलिया s. m. A lane. [the lap. कोलियाना v. a. To embrace, to take in कोलो s. m. A weaver.

ness it is to sell oil.

बीस adv. Lap, bosom, embrace.

men parwa dena, To macerate (any thing in a press, &c.

कोविदार s. m. A species of ebony (Bouhinia varieyota).

miles; a piece added to the end of a sleeve, a cuff.

को भगा v. a. To curse.

ৰীমৰ s. m. f. A name of the city of zjodhya (Oude) or neighbouring district.

sine s. f. The country south of Ajodhyo (Oude) or Ajodhyo itself.

चोमहांब s. f. Swelled testicle, enlargement of the scrotum, from Hernia humoralis, or hydrocele, &c.

judicial trial by oath or ordeal, attesting a deity and touching or drinking water three times in which some idol has been washed; a testicle or the scrotum; a nutmeg; a dictionary or vocabulary.

which grain is kept; an apartment; any viscus, as the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, &c.

The digestive faculty, the gastric juice.

बीसना v. o. To curse.

बोसजो s. m. New leaves just sprouting.

ৰীৰা s. m. Curse, malediction.

कोइनी s.f. The elbow.

দীয়া s. m. Fog, mist; name of a fruit.
দীয়া s. f. A species of hawk (Falco cristatellus).

postpos. Of, belonging to.

ar postpos. Denoting the objective case, To for.

is s. f. Splendour, brightness, flash (as of lighting).

चेष्या o. a. To lighten, to flash.

बेंग्धा s. m. Lightning.

कांचा s. m. A kind of orange.

alsı s. m. A shell of a large kind.

चौडियाचा s. m. A kind of snake; a wealthy person.

(Cypress monits); money, fare, hire; a gland; the point of the sternum, or ensiform cartilage. Kouri-bhik, adj. Venal. Phuti kouri, or Kanikouri, A bit of money of the lowest value, (fg.) a farthing.

sport, pastime, diversion, play, trick; show, a scene or spectacle.

who contributes to divert by exhibitions, &c. adj. Sportive, of pastime or diversion.

so, which? what? what? Koun-

जोपीन s. m. A privy part, a small piece of cloth worn over the privities.

बीमार s. m. Youth, childhood, Koumári, adj. maiden, virgin.

बोहर s. m. The month Kartik (October-November).

की बुदी s. f. Moonlight,

कौर s. m. A mouthful.

Pandavas, the patronymics of two families descended from Kuru by their respective fathers Dhritaráshtra and Pánda.

भीरव s. m. A descendant of Kuru.

\*de \*dj. Of a good family, well-born.
s. m. A mouthful.

चीवन s. m. One of the astrological periods called Karanas.

embrace, bosom, armful; a kind of orange.

बौबिक adj. Ancestral.

बीजिया s. f. A small mouthful.

बीखियाना v. a. To take in the arms, or the lap, to embrace.

alal s. f. Embrace, grasp of the arms.

की वा 8. m. A. crow. [ tea ].

ৰীষ্ট্ৰী e. f. A flower (Clitoris terna-ৰীষ s. m. Canyakubja, or Canouge, the ancient city, so called.

कीव्य s. m. Happiness, welfare, &c.

बोबचो s.f. Greeting, salutation, friendly inquiry; a respectful present.

की अन्य १.m. Good fortune, well-being, &c. की भिकी १. f. Name of a river.

की भेव | adj. Silken, of silk.

बौस्य adj. Dyed with safilower.

দীৱন s. m. The jewel of Krishna suspended on his breast. [or.

का pron. What? how? why? whether, कारों s.f. A bed (of a yarden); a frame. की adv. Why? wherefore? how? well!

what ! then, because.

with adv. Why? how?

कों कि adv. Because that.

क्रदग s. m. Weeping, lamenting,

MH s. m. Order, method; uninterrupted progress.

ऋषि s. m. An insect, a worm.

mu s. m. Buying, purchase.

अविश्वय s. m. Trade, traffic, buying and selling.

in a literal or figurative sence; the sun's course on the globe, the ecliptic; declination of a planet; spleudour, lustre.

क्रान्तिसञ्ज्ञ s. m. The ecliptic.

कियो s.m. A worm, an insect; lac, which is the accumulation of an insect.

final s. f. Deed, an act, action; a religious act; obsequies; a verb; an oath. Kriyá-karm, s. m. The performance of obsequies.

कियेन्द्रिय s. m. An organ of action, as the hand, foot, voice, organ of generation and that of excretion.

क्रीड़ा s.f. Sport, play, pastime, pleasure, amusement, game.

जीकारब s. m. Copulation.

क्रीकावत् adj. Sporting, sportive.

क्रीत adj. Bought, purchased.

নানৰ s. m. A son bought from his natural parents, and adopted as male issue.

क्रोता s. m. A son one of the twelve kinds acknowledged by the ancient *Hindu* law; he who is purchased from his natural parents.

न्नोमिन s. m. The Aguru or aloe wood.

at adj. Angry, wrathful.

क्ष s.f. Anger, passion.

mat adj. Cruel, pitiless, hard-hearted, harsh, savage; formidable, terrible.

क्रमां adj. Fierce, cruel, unrelenting. क्रमांच s.m. Torpid or costive bowels unaffected by strong purgatives.

ज्ञाता s. f. Cruelty, fierceness.

क्रदश्च adj. Mischievous, villanous ; evileyed.

कीव s. m. Anger, wrath, passion, rage.

ब्रोचन ब्रीधिन ब्रीधी adj. Passionate, angry, wrath-

क्रीधन ह. m. A passionate woman, s vixon.

क्रीचनय adj. Angry, passionate. क्रीचनजेंब adj. Free from wrath, mild, valm.

লীধবন্ন adj. Passionate, violent.

क्रोधी adj. Angry, passionate.

league, a Kos, containing 4,000 cubits; some make the Kos 8,000 cubits.

सीच s. m. One of the Dwipss, or principal divisions of the world.

बाज adj. Wearied; depressed in spirits or exhausted. [lancholy.

काणनगा adj Low-spirited, languid, me-काणि s. f. Fatigue, weariness.

later adj. Distressed, afflicted, wearied.

adj. Weak, impotent; an eunuch.

at s. m. Wetness, dampness, moisture.

an s. m. Pain, affliction or distress;
pain from disease, anguish; worldly

occupation, care, trouble.

क चित्र adj. Pained, distressed, afflicted. के च s. m. Absence of virility, impotence; the neuter gender; unmanliness, cowardice, &c. The second consonant of the Nágri alphabet: is is a guttural and has the sound of the English kh.

ৰ s. m. Heaven; sky or æther; vacuity. ৰাজনী s. f. A plant (Polypody), a kind of moss.

wies adj. Dry and crackling.

चंचारना n.a. To hem, hawk, expectorate.

चंबर s. m. Semi vitrified bricks.

संगायणासमा v. a. To murder privately: संगासना To wash, rinse.

चंनेल adj. Tusked.

चंद्रान s. m. A small bird, a wagtail.

बंदों s. f. A small tambourin. a timbrel. बंद s. m. Side, quarter, division of the earth. region division of a house, apartment; part, piece. fragment, portion; a chapter. section; sugar (coarse); the songs of Pudmavat.

thing to pieces, the rescinding of an order, the refuting of an argument, the removing of any calamity, the thwarting of any scheme; breaking, dividing.

संस्थान ए. a. To cut up, to quarter, to cut to pieces, to divide; to refute.

खंडना v. a. To refute.

ৰ্ভিং s. m. A ruinous and broken-down building, ruins of a town or house. &c. ভাতবীৰ s. m. A small bird, a wagtail.

of fish) a division or piece (of land). जीवनकरण उ. उ. To refute, interrupt, prevent.

at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

section.

चंडीर वर्धा. Turbid.

चंती s: f. A paddle for digging the ground, a dibble.

has been dug out to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood.

na, v. a. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory no wrestling, &c., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

खबीरना णः त. To scoop, scrape.

चन s. m. A bird; air, wind. Khages, s. m. The adjutant bird.

heavens, the planisphere; the same represented artificially, the armillary sphere.

खनीखविद्या के. f. Astronomy.

खनना v. n. To be set (as a jewell).

चपर s. m. A cloud.

बना है adj. Set (as a jewel), set with बनित jewels, inlaid.

ways. m. A date, or date tree (Phenix dactylifera); wild date (Elate sylvestris or Phenix sylvestris); a kind of sweetmeat. Khajur chhari, A kind of silk cloth stained with waving marks like the traces of the old leaves on the trunk of the date tree.

चन्रा s.m. The ridge of a thatched

चनरिया s. m. A date.

ww adj. Lame, crippled, limping.

(Motacilla alba).

चन्नरी s. m. A small tambourin, a timbrel. चन्नरीट s. m. A wagtail.

of two lines, one of 32, the other of 30 feet.

wz adj. Six. Khat-ras, Six, tastes. Khat-shastra, The six philosophical sciences of the Hindus (called otherwise (Khot-dorshona), viz. Niyaya, Logic, taught by Gotama; Vysheshika, taught by Kanada: it agrees with Nivava in some points and differs in others; Mimanea, taught by Jymani; it consists of rules for the construction and right interpretation of the Vedas: Vedanta, taught by Vyasadevo: the science of theology; Sankhya, taught by Kapila: the followers of this sect disbelieve in a Creator, saying that the universe is from all eternity; Patan-jala, introduced by Shesanaga: it agrees in every point with Sankhya, excepting that it makes God to be the Creator.

WE s. f. A bedstead.

स्टबना v. n. To wrangle, to offend, to wrankle, to pierce (as a thorn); to doubt, to be apprehensive. s. m. Doubt, hesitation, diagust.

s. m. Apprehension, suspicion, doubt, suspense, abodement; sound of footsteps.

बटबाना s. m. Rapping, thumping, rattling (of a door, &c.).

चटचटाना v. a. To knock, tap, pat, rap. चटनोट्स s. n. A bug.

चंडेक्यार s. m. A bedstead with curtains. घटना v. n. To last.

चटपट s.f. Wrangling, contention, quarrel; clashing of weapons.

चटनव s. m. A bug.

अटमोडा इ. m. A mixed taste of sour and sweet; agreeable. [cordantly. बटराव इ. m. A wrangling; singing dis-

चटरिया s. m. An insect.

चटना s. f. A bedstead.

चटनारा s. m. A dunghill.

चटाई s.f. Acidity, sourness; an acid.

बटाका s.m. A crash.

चटाक्टी s.f. Wrangling.

षटाल s. m. Spring-tide.

चटाव s. m. A pin with which a boat is fastened.

चटास s. m. A polecat.

खटिया s. f. A bedstead, a bier. Khuda kare uski khatyo nikle, God grant his bier may be carried out, or he may die (a common form of oursing).

चटीच s. m. A. hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game.

बटीका s. m. A small bedstead.

The herb sorrel. Khatta-sag, s. m. Sourish, acetous.

verra sibetha), a polecat,

with s. m. A hunter one who lives by killing and selling game.

■E 8. m. A labourer.

चढ़ा s. f. A bedstead.

चडंच adj. Dry, dried up.

an imitative sound. Kharak jaza,
To take warning, to be apprized.

ৰত্বা v. n. To rustle, to rattle, clang-ব্যুখ্য s. m. Doubt, apprehension; a toothpick.

चक्रचा v. s. To creak, clatter, rattle, jar; to grind the teeth; to snore.

tling, jarring (as a door), snoring.

चक्न s. m. A sword or seimitar.

motion, tumult; uproar; noise of horse's feet in galloping; gripping on going to stool.

खड्मंडच s.f. Wrangling.

बङ्गान s. m. A whetstone, a grindstone. बङ्ग adj. Erect, upright, standing up, standing, steep, high, aground, ready, ripe perpendicular. Khara karna, To raise, station, place, stay or stop, stick up, place erect, procure a fictitious person for some purpose. Khara hona, To stand up, be erect, rise, stand. Khara rohana, v. n. To stand, stay, remain standing.

wader, A kind of shoes fastened topattens.

चिष्या ३. m. Chalk.

विषय s. f. A morter.

s. f. Chalk. Katchhari, e. f.
বিশ্বী
A species of steatites with
which children learn to write and
which is used in giving a polish to
stucco.

wrist, a bracelet.

बड़े बड़े adv. Soon, immediately, instantly, presently, quickly.

बड्न s. m. f. A sword.

₹ 8. f. Straw.

sion of a house, apartment; part, piece, fragment, portion; a chapter, section; sugar (coarse); the songs of Padmawat; a flaw in a jewel.

reducing to pieces, rescinding an order, refuting an argument, removing of any, calamity, thwarting of any scheme.

चक्तवरमा v. a. To cut up, to quarter, to cut to pieces, to divide; to refute. चक्ता v. a. To refute.

विकास adj. Cut, torn, broken in pieces; destroyed; refuted, contreverted; scattered, dispersed. [terrupt; विकास रगा ०. a. To refute, prevent, ins-पविका ड. f. A woman, who provoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

बलरानी s. f. The female of Khatri.

चतवारा s.m. A dunghill.

चता e. m. A grain-pit, a cavity in which grain is kept.

a man of the military tribe. Khatrani, s. f. The female of Khatri.

चटवटाना v. n. To simmer, to make a' boiling noise.

used in medicine, Kaths or catechu (Minosu catechu).

बहिरोपम s. m. The Babul (Accois Arasis) s. m. A grass that grows in ponds. बहेड्ड s. f. Poissilt.

चरेषुना v. a. To pursue, to hunt.

(of a building), a flight of rooms: a mine; a certain day of the fortnight, as the full, change, &c., of the moon.

खनकना v. n. To fingle, to ring.

चना s. m. A pit from which earth has been dug to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood. [mango.

चपरा s. m. A broken tile; a slice of चपरा adj. Expanded. s. f. Vent, sale.

चपतो s.f. Vent, sale, expense; request, a lunatic.

to sell, go off, be expended or made away with; to remain, join, mix with, enter, penetrate. s. m. A company (of travellers, &c.

चपरा s. m. A tile; an arrow with a broad point.

चपरी s.f. A small tile; the skull. चपरेच s.f A tiled house, tilling building of tlies. boo. a splinter; a very lean person.

. .

away with, despatch, ravage.

aye s. m. The betel tree (Areca foufel, or extechu).

chafing dish; an earthen cup used by jogis; the vessel in which the blood of a victim is offered.

चनमा s. m. Slime.

Ter edj. Left-handed.

THE S. m. A pillar, a post. Kham thoukna, v. s. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory to wrestling, &c., to challenge (se wrestlers do).

चनस adj, Sultry.

mount s. f. Sultriness.

चंनाच s. f. A musical mode.

चनीयन s. m. Lassitude, weariness, sleepiness.

बना } s.m. A pillar, a post.

w. s. f. Grass, straw. s. m. An ass.

चरंच adj. Dry, dried up.

च्रा s. m. Pavement, causeway.

चरच s. f. A cow-house, or cowshed.

frighten away, to put to flight; to sell.

चुरस्रा s. m. A currycomb.

चरकरिया s. f. A chair, a litter.

TEXT adj. Rough.

garment which extends from the armpit down the side.

loping; tumult, uproar.

ব্য s. m. A stone or grinding medicine on, a mortar.

ett s.f. Straw.

TTTI s. m. A currycomb.

TT 8. m. A hare, a rabbit,

gras

west s.f. A stack, a rick; a kind of words. Pure, prime, best sort, genuine, honest, candid, sincere, strict.

rectitude, trustiness, honesty, candour.

चराका s. m. A crashing noise.

चराइट .. f. The stalk of burnt grass.

चरी अ.f. Oil-cake; chalk.

चरींट s.f. A scratch with the nail.

चरींटना v. a. To scratch.

चरीयमा, है v. a. To scrape, to scratch

चर्च s, f. The bass (in music).

The date tree and its fruit.

The juice or extract of the wild date, Tári, used to leaven bread, and as an intoxicating liquor, when in a state of spontaneous fermentation.

letter or any writing; an iron instrument to rub horses with, a currycomb; an ulcer with hardness of the skin on the back of the foot.

To snore,

millions, a billion. adj. A dwarf, short, low, of little size or stature.

cious person; sediment, deposit of oil. &c., an oil-cake; a pit. adj. Low, vile, base; mischievous, bad, wicked.

बना s. m. A park. [(the bowels). बन्दाना s. n. To rumble, to grumble बना s. m. Skin, hide.

prepuce, foreskin.

willaiy; filthiness.

ত্ৰভাৰত s. f. Hurry bustle, agitation, commotion, alarm, tumult, hurlyburly.

चुरुष मा v. n. To boil, bubble; to be agitated or tossed up and down.

खुलाड़ी s. f. The place in which salt is boiled (in Bengal).

चार s. f. A hollow, bottom.

The s. m. Sediment of oil or oilcake.

चाचियान s.m. A granary.

ख्रालियाना v. a. To skin, to flay.

ৰাণিৰ ) s. m. A kind of fish (Tricko-ৰাণ্ডৰ ) podus colisa).

खन्न इ. m. A threshing-floor.

s.f. The dregs of mustardseed, &c., after the oil is pressed out, oil-cakes.

by children for playing at trap-ball or marbles. [language.

ৰুগীলি s. f. Abuse, low or wicked আৰু s. m. A mill, a stone or vessel for grinding drugs, &c.

चना & m. A shoe.

with falling of the hair.

चरा s. m. The shoulder. [body. चरहोर s. m. A celestial or immortal

स्वयंत्र s. f. Separation, running away. सम्बामा v. a. To remove, shove out of the way, to slide away, draw back

scented roots of a species of grass (Andropogon muricate) used for door screens in the hot weather, which being sprinkled with water, serve to cool the rooms.

बर्ग रह s. m. Poppy-juice, opium. । ब्रुप्त हा s. m. Grinding the teeth. सम्बद्धा v. n. To grind the teeth. waste-book, rough drawings, draught (for an account); a scab; a kind of eruptive disease. [open, loosen.

चराना v.s. To ruin, fall in, sink; to चरीटना v.s. To pull, pluck, pull the hair, scratch, tear.

the moon gem.

Tis s. m. A. task.

Tit s. m. Slime, mud.

ৰাবা s. m. A stay, a basket, a pannier; a cage, a hen-coop.

चांद s. m. Sugar (coarse).

चांदना v. s. To excavate, to pound.

with s. m. A straight double-edged sword, cutlass, cleaver (butcher's); a flake or slice (of fish). Khánde ke phar-par chalms, To attribute, to decide.

चांसना v. n. To cough.

चांची s. f. A cough,

wit s. f. A ditch, a most, a trench.

चाक s. m. A glutton.

ৰাৰ s. m. The horn of a rhinoceros.

ৰাস s. f. The itch.

TITI s. m. A sweetmeat like piecrust.

will s. f. A bedstead; a bier, a cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pile.

THE s.f. Manure. s. m. A pit, a subterraneous granary.

account, waste-book. Khata-bari, s.f. A storehouse.

आजी s. f. A cast generally employed as cart-wrights. s. m. A carpenter.

आद s. f. Dung, manure.

Food, victuals.

abundance, receptacle.

any thing very dry.

to get, suffer, take, receive, hold, contain. s. m. Food, dinner, eating. Khapana, To eat up, tlevour. Khana Pina, Meat and drink, food, board, fare.

miles s. f. A mine; (met.) a nest, a heap, abundance, receptacle.

Eater, devouser,

with adj. Uneven.

₩ſ₹ s. m. Alkali, potash.

TITI adj. Salt, brackish., s. m. A net (in which strong is tied).

चारी adj. Salt, brackish.

बाद्या s. m. A coarse kind of red cloth of cotton.

let, river, canal, creek, inlet. Khal khynchna, To take the skin off, to flay.

₩14 8. f. Manure.

ভিত্যনা v.s. To be drawn, pulled or tightened, to be drawn or delineated (s picture, fc.); to be bosne or suffered. Khinchana, v. s. To cause to draw or endure.

चिंचावट s.f. Drawing, tightening.

To be scattered.

चिंद्रामा v. a. To scatter.

furth s.f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding, furth s.f. A dish made of pulse and rice boiled together, the flower of the ber tree (Zizyphus jujuba); carnest to dancing women when they are engaged for an entertainment; a mixed heap of gold and silver coin; a barbarous mixture of two languages, a langua franca or jargon.

to be extracted, to be endured, to stretch.

चित्रवामा v. a. To cause to draw, pull, extract, stretch.

ine, slender. [ness, tightness. furt s. m. Drag, pull, draught; tense-

िश्वजनाग v. c. To vex, tease, irritate, trouble, disturb, molest. v. n. To get angry.

चित्रामा v. a. To vex, tease, irritate, trouble, disturb, molest.

বিশ্ব s. f. Fretfulness, vexation, teasing.
বিশ্ববাদা

v. n. To be angry, to fret,
বিশ্ববা

to be vexed.

चनाना v. s. To fret, to be vexed.

back-door, wicket, sallyport, shutter. [an edj. Distrest, suffering pain or uneasiness; wearied, exhausted.

श्चिरविष s. f. A window. ,

furt s. f. ▲ black ring painted on a tambourin.

(Minusops hauki).

furth s. m. A dish made with biestings, or the milk of a cow just calved.

चित्रचाना v. n. To laugh heartily, to giggle, titter.

বিশ্বনাগা v. n. To blossom, bloom; to laugh, to be delighted.

flower; to be delighted, to laugh.

िक्क वर्षे. Humorous, playful, funny pleasant. entertaining.

चित्रादेशों . f. A dry nurse. Khileipilai, Charge of maintenance.

चित्राज a. m. Given to eat, feeder. adj. Causing to bloom.

चित्राङ्गे ब्रेटिंग Playsome.

বিজ্ঞানা e. a. To cause or give to eat, to feed; to cause to take (an oath, gc.); to cause to suffer (as, mor

khilana, To cause to be beaten); to cause to play, to allow to play, to amuse, play with, dandle; make, to blossem (a flower).

Furt adj. Playsome.

क्षिकोष adj. Playful, addicted to gaming. दिल्लीया s. f. A plaything, a toy, a bawble, gewgaw.

を記す。f. Joke, jest, humour. Khilli-báz, adj. Humorous, playsome, funny. Khilli-bázi, s. f. Humour, fun, play, jocularity. [larity. fundaments of Humour, fun, play, jocularity adj. Humorous, playsome, funny. fun s. f. Grinning, shewing the teeth, a tooth.

विश्वकाया To stir; to slip away, slip away stealthily, to hide.

चिषकरा है adj. Grinning, showing चित्रांचपार है the teeth when smiling. चित्रचार v. n. To stir, slip, slip away, to sheer off. Khisak jano, n. n. To slip away, slide.

विश्ववाना o. a. To remove, showe out of the way, slide away, draw back.

terrace); to drop off; to become old, decline in years.

विश्वसमा ७. त. To slip. adj. Slippery.

भित्रभाव s. m. Slipperiness, slipping. भित्रभावर s.f. Slipperiness.

चित्राना है v. n. To flinch, draw back, to be abashed. fettalना v. n. To grin. adj. Fretful, peevish, bashful, abashed.

चित्रियाहर s. f. Vexation, fretfulness. tसर्वो s. f. Fretfulness, temper.

TIS s. m. Reluctance, repugnance.

काषना v. To pull, to draw.

कोश s. f. Anger, vexation.

alami v. n. To be angry, to be vexed.

ৰীতা } Gleanings or leavings on the জীৱৰ } threshing floor after the grain, has been removed.

कीष s. f. A wedge.

चोर s. f. Rice-milk.

चौरिचलाई s.f. The first time of givingrice, milk to an infant.

THE S. m. A cucumber (Cucumis utiliesimus).

चोरी s.f. An udder.

puffed out by heat so as to appear like froth.

चोची s. f. Betel-leaf made up with the different ingredients. [ings. चोच s. f. Loss; a grin; shrug; biest-चोच s. f. Shewing the teeth, a grinning. चोचना है v. s. To grin

a pocket.

चोर s. f. An alkaline earth, fessil alkali.

चुदलना v. s. To trample, tread, beat or work with the feet.

खुंस s. m. Animosity, spite, rancour, खुंसाना v. n. To be angry.

ww adj. Poor.

सूत्रताना v. a. To itch, scratch, tickle.

सुत्रवाहर s. f. Itching, seratching, titillation.

खुजली . f. The itch.

चुनाना v. a. To scratch, to rub gently with the nails.

खुमराषा adj. Stingy,

खुदक्वा v. a. To nibble; to doubt.

doubt, suspense; sound of footsteps.

खुटाई s. f. Perfidy.

चुरी s. f. A treasure, hoard; a gnat.

खुक्ता s. m. A hollow of a tree.

17-19

Til s.f. A purse.

च्या . n. To be dug, to be engraved. च्या . m. Small pieces change (money) over and above the count, spare (money).

पद्वाका } v. s. To cause to delve, dig, engrave, carve.

between the little brick partitions; the space from which a tooth has fallen out or been extracted.

च्या s.f. Hunger.

[hungry.

सुधार्थ adj. Distressed with hunger, सुनसाना v. n. To be angry.

खनस्रो बर्ता. Angry.

चनना v. a. To affect, penetrate, stick into; to adorn.

चुर s. m. ? A (cloven) hoof, a horse's चुरी s. f. ∫ hoof.

mater s. m. An earcleaner.

सुरचन s.f. Pot-scrapings.

जुर्बना o. o. To scrape.

মুখোল s. f. A scraper, a scoop or shovel. বুখোল s. m. A large sieve for sifting earth; Khurchál karna, To tease.

1 8 s. m. A scab.

खुर्पा s. m. An instrument for scraping grass for horses; the knee-pan, patella.

the tool with which grass is scraped up for horses; a shovel for cleaning out a bird-cage.

चरना s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

जुरांट adj. Very old.

चरिया s. m. The knee-pan; an instrument like a cup formed of a cocoanut shell or other material, with which clothes are marked with stripes.

\* s.f. A (cloven) hoof.

चरिना v. a. To run after, to persecute, to catch, to enclose.

सुस राज्ये. Rough.

सुल्कीलगा v. a. To indulge openly in vices which were formerly practised in secret.

खुल जाना v. n. To be opened.

expanded, untied or unfolded, disclosed or uncovered, let loose or be loose, laid aside (restraint), dispersed (clouds), clear up (the sky), be broken (neditation, &c.)

खुलवाना v. a. To cause to open.

खुला s. m. (f. i.) Open, naked, loose.

खुलाना v. a. To open or cause to open.

ज्ञाता s. m. Essence, the prime part of a thing.

चुनेवहीं s.f. } The acting unceremoni-चुन्दव odv. } ously.

खुसरपूसर s. m. Whispering.

Khunch márna, To hamstring.

₹ s. m. A corner, an angle; earwax; station, portion.

ख टला s. m. A drug.

₩ZIS. m. A. wooden stake.

संद्रा v. a. To dig up (as the earth with the feet ).

खुको 8. f. A little girl.

स्राज्या adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.

बुका s.m. Sediment, dregs, mouldiness of vinegar, &c.

ब्रुटना v. s. To pluck, to pick the leaves, &c. of vegetables.

खटी है s. f. A scab.

■ s. m. A furrow.

चरे s. f. Refuse.

सह adj. Small, mean.

बाह्याना v.\n. To trot.

खुनना v. n. To wax old.

चेन्सा s. मं. A mark, a sign.

**A** Vidyadhara; or kind of demigod.

\*\*Eas. m. Spoil, chase, hunting s. f. A weapon, the club of Balarána.

बिटकी s.m. A sportsmen, a hunter.

केका s. f. A village,

of steel made in India.

बेड़ी s. f. Membranes in which the featus is developed, secudines.

ground; a holy place. Khet-chhorna.
v. s. To flee from the field of battle.
Khet-rshna, To remain on the field
(of battle), to be killed.

बेतो s. f. Husbandry; crop. sdj. Arable. बेतीबाडी s. f. Husbandry, agriculture. बेतीबारी s. f. Husbandry, farming.

देनोइर s. m. A peasant, a husbandman. देह s. m. Sorrow, grief, affliction distress; pain.

चेटना v. a. To run after, to persecute, to pursue.

elephants are caught.

बेदित adj. Sorrowful repentant; afflict ed, distressed, pained.

and s. f. A trip, voyage; a piece of base metal inserted in coin, or cracked coin; a term in algebra; something added to a sum; an apartment. Khep karna. To sustain a loss.

बेनना v. a. To pass the time.

चेपा adj. An idiot, a madman, a fool.

, 🗣 पिया s. m. A voyager.

चैनकृत्व s. f. Health.

जेमटा A kind of dancing.

branes in which the feetus is enveloped, secundines, placenta. [time. et s. m. Play, game, sport, fun, pas-

an unchaste (woman), an adulteress, strumpet.

के तना v. a. To play, to sport. Khelat (Braja) part. pres. Playing, play.

चित्रक है s.m. A waterman, a rower, क चार boatman.

लेका v. a. To row, nunt. paddle; suffer, endure ( pain. calamity, &c.)

passage in a boat, passage-money; crossing over a river.

ask, a sheet or wrapper of such cloth.

ask, a sheet or wrapper of such cloth.

ন্ধৰ s.f. Pulling, drawing ; scarcity.

चेंगा v. a. To pull, draw, tighten; delineate. paint.

सैंचाखेंची s. f. Pulling and hawling.

जेवास s. m. Play, sport, fun, pastime.

केर s. m. A tree (Mimoso catechu).

vern like one); a tree (Mimosa catechu).

कैलर s. f. Churning, vessel.

चेना s. m. A young bullock, a steer.

चीचा s. m. Plaster; coarse brick-dust; milk, inspissated by boiling.

बोजाना v. c. To cause to lose or part with.

is s. f. The dry part of sugar-cane after expressing the juice; clothes folded up and put on the head as a defence against rain.

सीश्वना v. n. To cough.

बोंची s. f. A cough,

बीच s.f. A cut or rent in cloth, &c.

चीषना v. a. To thrust, to stuff.

जीवा s. m. A thrust, stuffing.

जीवाचांबी s. f. Thrusting ; mutual wrangling or quarrelling.

another, as grass into thatch; triffing

purchases; part of grain which is to be parched taken as payment for parching it; something paid by those who draw water at a well to the bihishti who attends there with his bucket, for the use of it.

(as coin), false, deceitful, s. m. A tent-pin, a pin, a peg, nail; protection. Khonteh ke dal kúdna, To become insolent relying on protection (the idea seems to be taken from a person's teasing an animal, which, being fastened by a rope is unable to yet at him: so that the khonta is only indirectly a protection by restraining the adversary).

बोटबंब s. m. A hollow.

fluer adj. Toothless, hollow.

काँना } s. m. A bird's nest

or tied up on the top of the head,

स्रोचना v. a. To stuff, thrust in, cram.

tooth or a tree, &c.).

the amount of which has been paid remaining in the hand of him who has paid it by way of voucher.

ৰাব s. m. Search, inquiry, quest, trace, mark.

ৰীলম্বাল s. f. Vertation; inquiry.

बोजना v. a. To search for, to inquire after, to seek, explore.

चीत्रांग v. #. To be lost,

चोजिया adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.

fect, fault.

outer adj. Perfidiens, counterfeit, faire,

falseness, faultiness, defectiveness.

सीद s. m. A push, thrust, pass.

खोदना v. d. To dig, to delve, to hollow; search for.

चोदगी & f. Searching; a spade.

चोदर 8. m. A certain pace (of a horse).

कोटवेबाद s. m. Search, inquiry.

सोना v. a. To lose, part with to get rid of, to waste, to aquander. s. m. Losing: a leaf which contains a parcel of betel or flowers. &c. [fissure.

चोप s. f. A cave. a corner; a rent, a सोपरा s. m. A cocoanut, rather the kernel of a cocoanut, kernel.

चीपरी s. f. The skull, a shell, pate. Khonri khá-jana. To spend or lavish mother's property.

or tied up on the top of the head.

जीवार s.m. A hogsty.

सीया s.m. Refuse.

rage or curse of a god.

भौरी s. f. An alley.

ৰীৰ s. m. A case, sheath, hollow (as of otres, &c.) a cavity.

बोजना v. a. To open, to loose, to shine, to expand, untie, unravel, set sail or unmoor (a ship, &c.)

चोचर है। s. f. The changing or removing of a horse's shoes.

बीसना v. a. To take or snatch away; to pull out hairs.

(a man). s. m. Rind, peel, skin, shell.

make on their foreheads with Sandilwood, saffren, &c.

The rot (among sheep), the falling off of the hairs. heat. कीवना v. n. To boil, to be agitated by win adj. Famous, celebrated, notorious. wifa s. f. Fame, celebrity, notoriety. स्थातापन कतां. Famous.

ens s. m. Play, sport, fun, pastime n. prop. The Lord Jesus Christ, the Saviour of the world.

चोच्चिय s. m. A christian, a follower of the Lord Jesus Christ.

The third consonant of the Nagari alphabet, answering to G. in Good. वंग (used in compos.) A river, a stream. Do-gange. In two strenms (a river) wint s. f. The river Ganges. अंकाणमनी s. f. A. kind of ear-ring. जंगाचाम s. m. Death. बंब s. m. "A scaldhead ( Tines capitis ). in adj. Scaldheaded, bald. बंजिया s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-outters keep their sickle, &c. ) बंबीय adj. Addicted to the use of gonific. चंडकीसा 8. m. Knot-ining. Ganth-jora banthans, v. a. To tie together the . shirts of the mantles of the bride and bridegroom: a ceremony attending marriage nexformed by the purokit or officiating priest. बंदकहा s. m. A out-purse. अंदिया s. f. Bump, pains in the joints.

मंदा ह. m. A. ring, a circle; a kind of . Incree-collar, a knotted string tied round the neck of a child, &c., as a charm ; the number four.

item s. m. A sort of axe, a pole-axe. with f. A circle, particularly that which Ramchandry is said to have | Awifit s. m. The bank of the Ganges.

drawn round Sitá, to protect her from Ráwana.

गंडेरी s.f. A segment, cut, or portion of sugar-cane.

गंद s. f. Stink, filth, ordure, smell.

गंदक s. Brimstone, Gandak ka str. Sulphuric Acid.

बंदना १. f. A leek ( Allium porrum). गंदा odj. Stinking. filthy, foul, nasty: odions.

गंघ s. f. Perfume, odour, scent.

गंधक s. f. Brimstone.

गंधराज s. m. Gardenia florida.

बंधमंत्र. m. A cedestiel musician, a class of demi-gods. Gandharna-hyah, s. m.

A kind of marriage, Gandharwa-gita, s. m. A kind of song or singing.

नेधार s. m. A musical mode.

गंधी s. m. A person who sells rose-water. essences and atr, a perfumer: a green bug.

मंधीका बढ़ों. Stinking.

बंभीर adi. Deep; serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

गंबाक adj. Squanderer.

नंताना ". o. To lose, throw away, get rid of, discharge, spenn in vain, waste, squander, pass, trifle.

मंबार १. क. A countryman, Villager: clown, boor, churl, rustic, passant.

मंत्री adj. Relating to a village on the country, rustic. heaven. बनच s. m. Sky. firmament, atmosphere,

मन्पायल s.f. Duet of the Ketki flower (Pantanus odoratissimus).

गगणभेष्ठ s. m. A pelican (Kelesgawa Onecrotatus).

नगरी 8. f. A water.pat.

The river Ganges.

नकाजमनी s. f. A kind of ear-ming. witness, m. The water of the Gangeri

- -ৰস্থাৱাৰ s. m. The place where the Ganges enters the plain. Huridwar,
- चेक्रापार s. m. The (further) bank of the Ganges.
- बद्धापुन s. m. A man of a mixed and low caste, employed to remove dead bodies; a brahman who conducts the ceremonies of pilgrimage at some places on the Ganges, especially at Benares.
- नकायाना s. f. Pilgrimage to the Ganges; carrying a sick person to the river side to die there.
- ः नक्राचेव s. m. The river Ganges, and two cos on either of its banks.
- aws. m. Mortar, plaster. cement, old mortar knocked off walls, &c.; the floor.
- जनगैना adj. Short and fat ( person).
- अवयम adj Crowded, stuffed together, close, thick.
- नज s.m. An elephant; a measure of I length, the Gaz, a yard, a measure of two cubits.
- बजनमनी adj. f. Walking (stately) like बजनीनी an elephant: an epithet made use of to express a graceful gait in a female.
- states s. m. A string composed of several tassels, made of the hair of a species of ox, and suspended as an ornament from an elephant's neck, or is fastened to a horse's ears, extending on both sides to the saddle.
- बनद्दा s. m. A name of Gunesh; ivory, the elephant's tooth.
- बजनाब s. m. A large gun or cannon. भजनी s. f. Bole, earth.
- जनपति s. m. The master or rider of an elephant, the title of a rajah.
- -जनपाटच s. m. Lampblack (with which . the eye-lide are painted).

- गत्रपाल s. m. An elephant driver or keeper.
- गजमीती s. m. A large pearl: it is s popular idea of the Hindus that the finest pearls are to be found in the heads of elephants.
- गजर s. m. The chimes rung at the expiration of a watch or pahar of the day or night: but sometimes restricted to those at the close of the fourth; the word pahar being more commonly used for the middle chimes.
- गजरमत s. m. A dish of boiled carrots.
- बजरा s. m. The leaf of the carrot; s kind of jewel, an ornament for the wrist, a bracelet: the waving lines on mashru (a kind of silk cloth).
- नवराज s. m. A large elephant.
- नजराचार s. m. A wreath or necklade of flowers; a gold ornament of the same form. sweetmest.
- गजा s. m. Part of a cart: a kind of বলাগা e. a. To work, to ferment.
- गक्ता s. m. Winning.
- यिक्तन adj. Thick (a forest &c.)
- गच s. m. A scaldhead (Tinia capitis).
- गम s. m. A mine, a jewel-mine; a tressury, a jewel room, the place where plate, &c., is preserved; a mart, s place where grain, &c., is stored for sale.
- नचा adj Scaldheaded, bald.
- गिचा s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-cutters keep their sickles &c.)
- गटकमन s. m. A nickname for a monkey. नटपर adv. Higgledy-piggledy.
- नद्दा s. m. The part of the pipe which fixes into the top of the metal part of a hukka; the ankle.
- नदा s. m. A bundle, package, pack; root of onion, turmerick, &c., a depo of garlie.

बढ़कटी s. f. The practice of a cut-purse. बुद्धा v. n. To be joined or arranged । वहनकाना v. s. To gurgle; thunder; together; to be tied or knotted together; to unite, connect; collude.

? s. m. Binding or joining in a knot; tying the knot, बढकीखा ∫ a Hindu ceremony attending marriage, at which the bride and bridegroom's clothes are fastened together, and a procession takes place to a river or piece of water.

बढर s. m. A large bundle, a balc, a pack. नठरी s. f. A bundle, parcel, packet; total, amount; crew, pack, junto. Gathri bandhna, v. a. To pack up, bundle, gather (money, &c.) Gathri karno, v. a. 'lo add (figures).

नवडाना v. a. To cause to join or to . adhere. Ltie. बढाना v. o. To attach, connect, join, बढान s. m. Connexion, joining together, Gothao-ganthno, v. o. To contrive

बदिया s. f. A bump; pains in the joints; a back, sack; bundle, package.

बाँडवाबाव s.f. Rheumatism.

? s. f. A ball, pack; a small गटया bundle.

नडीला adj. Knotty ; robust.

बढ्डा s. m. Knots in cloth.

बढ थ s. m. A game, tipcat; a mode of incantation performed for the destruction of any person (maran), to secure his affection (mohan), to subject him to obedience (bas karna), to imprison him or deprive of the power of action or speech (stambhun), to drive him away (uchchatan), or to call him (akarshan). Certain words are pronounced over an effigy of the person or his name in writing, which is afterwards buried.

यहफ . m. A kind of fish (a sort of giltheart).

roil; roar; (as a tiger), to rumble.

नसगूदर s. m. Any old tattered clothes. rags and tatters.

गडन s.f. Swamp, morass.

नक्ना v. n. To penetrate, enter, be driven into the earth (as a stake, &c.), be fixed, to fix, lie, sink, be buried.

নত্ত্বত adv. Higgledy-piggledy.

ন্ত্ৰভা s. m. Bustle, confusion; motion of the bowel, borborygmi. नक्षाप्ट & f. Confusion, fright, alarm, ग्रहाद्या s. m. A shepherd or goatherd.

गडलभण s. m. Rock or fossile salt, especially that found in the district of Sambhar in the province of Ajmere.

बद्धवा s. m. A kind of water-pot; a flower-pot carried about by musicians and dancing women at the feast of busant puncahmi, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in return.

मञ्जाना v. a. To cause to be buried or driven into the earth. नक्षा s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an न्याना v. a. To cause to penetrate; &c. निवार adj. ¡Stout-hearted, stiff-necked, stubborn, obstinate.

बिष्यारी s. f. Obstinacy, stubbornness. न्द्र का s. m. A kind of water-pot carried about by musicians and dancing women at the feast of basant panchami, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in re-

बद्धि रिया s. m. A shepherd or goatherd. गङ्गाना v. a. To pierce, perforate, bore. [ten quires. stick into.

यको s.f. A bundle of paper containing गढ़ s.m. A fort, a castle.

wen s. f. Form, make, fashion.

mering; to make, form, shape, fashion. v. n. To be driven down (as a stake), to be buried, sunk, &c., to be make; formed or fashioned.

बद्दार ady. Coarse, thick. [abyss. कहा s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an बद्दार्श s. f. The price of making jewellery. बद्दारा s. a. To cause to form by hammering, to cause to make.

बहिदा s. f. A pike, a javelin, spear.

नहीं s.f. A small fort, a castle.

agent s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an abyss. [A barrier. करेंग s. f. A small tank or pond. s. m. and s. m. A flock, multitude, troop, tribe, class, &c.; a body of troops equal to 29 chariots, 81 horse, 135 foot; troops of inferior deities considered as Shiv's attendants, and un-

ৰ্থৰ s. m. An arithmetician, astrologer, a calculator of nativites.

der the especial superin tendence of

क्षची s.f. The wife of an astrologer.

Games.

नवना s.f. Arithmetic. | stock.

व्यवस्थ s. m. Public property, common क्याना v. s. To count, to reckon up by number, to calculate.

बचनोव edj. Numerable, to be counted or reckoned.

ৰাখিৰা s.f. A courtezan, a barlot.

ed, calculated. s. m. Computation, arithmetic, numeration. Gan-it-kar, s. m. An astrologer, an arithmetician.

son of Shiv and Parvati: he is the god of wisdom, and remover of obstacles, whence in the commencement

of all undertakings, the opening of all compositions, &c. he receives the reverential homage of the *Hindus*; he is represented as a short fat man with the head of an elephant, and the present appellation with other similar compounds alludes to his office as chief of the various classes of subordinate gods, who are regarded as Shiv's attendants.

\*\* s. m. A cheek, the whole side of the face including the temple; a boil, a phlegmonoid pimple; a mark, a spot; a rhinoceros.

ৰম্ভৰ s. m. A rhinoceros.

नक्षको s. f. A river in the north of India, the Gandak.

बद्धमादा s. f. Inflammation of the glands of the neck, &c.

string tied round the neck of a child, &c. as a charm; the number four. (as, a ganda of couries or four conries).

बद्धारा s. m. An axe, a pole-axe.

निष्क s. m. Goitre or Bronchocele.

which Ranchandar is said to have drawn round Sita to protect her from Rawan.

बच्चेरी s.f. A segment cut or portion of sugar-cane.

ৰম্ভ adj. That which may be numbered. ৰৱ adj. Gone; obtained, gained.

नत है. f. Going, moving, motion, afa procedure, march, pace, gait; state, condition, course of events, fate, fortune; funeral rites salvation; custom, habit, usage, way. Gat karns, v. a. To perform funeral rites.

नते adv. Softly, gently, slowly.

नव्या s. m. A foil for fencing with; a mace, a club.

acat adj. Rejoicing, joyful.

नेट्नहा s. m. A grain (Guilondine Bonducello).

बहबदा adj. Corpulent, fat.

बद्दा adj. Turbid, muddy, dull, dirty. बद्दार्फ s.f. Muddiness, dulness.

न : डा 8. m. An ass.

बहा s. f. A club, a mace.

बाधर s. m. A name of Vishnu or Krishna, the mace-bearer.

बरेमा s. m. A child.

बहेला s. m. A thick bedding.

कहर odj. Rejoicing, joyful.

नहर } ady. Half-ripe (fruit).

bedding or any thing stuffed; a seat; a sovereign's throne.

was. m. Prose.

Tu s. m. An ass.

बधापूरवा s. m. Boerkavia diffusa.

ma s. m. A troop, tribe, flock, class, multitude; Siv's attendants.

cinarum). v. c. To count, recken, calculate, number, compute.

बदना s. m. A leek ( Allium porrum ).

मन s.f. Perfume, odour, scent, smell, fragrance.

चयक s. f. Brimstone.

MAGIE 8. 72. A fragnant wood, as sandal, aloe wood, &c.

मञ्जादन s. m. The name of a particular

नक्षर ह ह. भृ. Myrrh.

अभ्यात s. m. Gurdenia florida; sandal;

class of demigods supposed to inhabit Indra's heaven, and from the probestra at all the banquets of the principal deities; the soul after death,

and previous to its being born again according to the notion of the *Hindus*; a kind of deer.

was s. m. The wind. adj. Smelling, fragrant.

गमसार s. m. Sandal.

WART & m. A musical mode.

nq s. f. Prattle, tattle, talk, chat, tattiling. Gop marns, v. s. To prattle, tattle.

मदक्तवा v. a. To swallow, to gulp.

अपन्य 8. f. Prattle, tattling, tattle.

बदी adj. A tattler, an idle talker,

ling, lad, an uninformed youth; s bridegroom.

which s. f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

नभीर adj. Deep, profound, sagacious; thick, impervious (as a ferest); serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

भाग s.f. Sound of the kettle drum, violent shake or clash in music.

क्रमकोता adj. Spicy, fragrant, odoriler, ous.

जनत s. m. A. road.

जनन s.m. Going, the act of going.

जसन्तिमन s. m. Coming and going, access and egress and egress, intercourse.

कताना v. o. To pass ( time ).

मांमन s. m. A passenger.

मधोर adj. Deep (as water, but applied metaphorically to sound, intellect, &c. as in English); serious, thoughtful, sedate. grave.

mailtan s. f. Depth (of water); depth of thought, profoundness; depth of sound.

war ady. Attainable, accessible.

गराता s. f. Accessibility ; perceptibility.

may s. f. A city in the province of

Behar, a celebrated place of pilgrimage; it is said to have been rendered holy by the benediction of Vishnu. who granted its sanctity to the prayers of its dying chief killed by the deity; a cow, past part, Gone went.

warel s. m. A class of Gaya brahmans, who officiate in certain religious ceremonies performed by pilgrims at that Santidote. place.

\* s. m. Sickness, disease; poison, an बरनवा s. f. A sparrow.

अर्जराना v. n. To gargle; to thunder; roll: roar (as a tiger); to rumble.

अर्जना v. n. To thunder, to roar, to bellow.

अंद्रवा s. f. Pride; a proud woman.

अप्स s. m. The feetus or embryo.

कररा adj. Light bay (colour in a horse or pigeon.

arts s. m. The venom of a snake, or venom in general.

अरबी adj. Venomous, poisonous.

अत्या apj. Heavy ; important ; respectable ; demure.

भारतापन s. m. Respectability.

Wer s. m. The throat, neck.

बिरादा e. m. A sack (for holding the walls of a tent, &c.)

अरारी s. f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

नरांवन s. m. A tether.

. अरिमा s. f. importance, self-importance; vanity of mind, a boast.

मरी s. f. The kernel of a cocoanut.

बद्ध s. m. In Hindu mythology the regent of birds; a large vulture; a · large kind of heron ( Ardea aryata ). a gigantic crane or adjutant bird.

कर s. m. One of the ten principal Munis or saints. a cavalier.

ma es s. m. A scatfold; a tower, bustion,

मगरी s.f. A water-vessel, a goglet.

यह s. m. The roaring of elephants; the rumbling of clouds, thunder : bellowing, roaring, roar.

नर्जन s. m. Sound, noise; passion, warth; the rumbling of clouds &c. : thundering, thunder, bellowing, roaring.

निर्वि s. m. The muttering of clouds, or distant thunder.

कत्तं s. m. A hole in general.

जहम s. m. The white lotus ; an ass.

बहेंभी s.f. An insect, a kind of beetle springing from cow-dung.

न के s. m. Vanity, pride.

क्षेता s. f. Pride ; a prond woman.

कर्दवनी s.f. A proud woman.

कारें s.f. A foetus or embryo : pregnancy; the belly; the inside. the middle: the bed of the Ganges when the river is fullest, that is on the 14th day of the dark half of the month Bhadr, or in the height of the rains: as high as the river flows at this periods, sofar extends the Garbh, after which the Tir or proper bank begins, and extends for 150 cubits, this space is holy ground.

क्सेंदा s. f. A shrub se called.

कभैदास s. m. Son of a slavegirl.

कर्भपातक s.m. A red kind of Morungs supposed to produce abortion.

बंभेडप adj. m. A child, an infant. मभंदपी 8. f.

अभेवती s. f. A pregnant female.

कर्भेदाद s. m. Abortion, miscarriage.

यर्भाधान s. m. A ceremony persormed prior to conception (being supposed conducive to future impregnation.

कमिषी s.f. A Pregnant woman.

बर्री s.f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

was s. m. Pride, arrogance.

सर्वाद adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant. सर्विद adj. Proud, haughty; conceited. सर्वेद s. m. Censuring, censure, blame, repreach.

ati s. f. Abuse, censure, reproach.

www.m. The neck, throat. gal bahiyan dalna, v. n. To throw one's arms around another's neck. Gal dens, v. a. To throttle, to choke; to execute by hanging.

कलका s.f. A boil.

वनसङ्घः m. Inflamation, enlargement of the glands of the neck.

mixture of lime and linseed oil forming a kind of mortar impenetrable to water.

बलबर्डा s. m. A handkerchief used as a sling for the arm.

न्यानिका The thick cloth which is used in tying broken hand together with the neck.

sounding. Stentorophonic, or loudly sounding.

जनमा s. f. Part of the headstall of a जनमा v. n. To melt, dissolve, waste, be dissolved, be wasted away.

नवनी s.f. Wasting, consumption.

क्षरा adj. Abusive, foul-mouthed.

जनपराची s.f. Scolding; bragging, boasting. Galphatáka karna, e. a. To scold; to lie; to brag.

maker s. m. The jaws; the angle of the mouth.

WHEE s. f. Vaunt, vaunting.

स्वयुक्त adj. Chubby. [neck. स्वयुक्त s. f. Throwing the arms on the स्वयुक्त s. f. An embrace, throwing the arms on the neck.

THEY s. m. The goitre.

नवसर adj. Soluble, corruptible.

बनही s. f. The forecastle (of a boat, gc.); a prow.

नवहेंचा adj. Abusive.

जनदेश s. m. Forecastle-man, boatswain.

जला s. m. The throat, neck, gullet: voice. adj. Rotten, melted, wasted. Gala uthána (lit. to up the throat), To apply acrid substances, such as pepper, &c., to the uvula of a child, when it becomes hoarse, or loses its voice from the relaxation of that part. Gala-bandhána, To ensnare one's self, especially in the bonds of, love. Gala-bythna or panna, To be hoarse. Golg-phonena, To hang, to choke. Gala-dabána, To strangle. Gals dens. To waste, Gals kátna, To cut the throat. Gala-ghontna, To throttle, choke, strangle, hold by the throat. Gele-parna, To seek the friendship of one who is averse from it. Gale-pari-bajae sidh, We should make a virtue of necessity. Gale kahar hona, To seek and persist in a quarrel, or dispute, tease, plague, to importune; to seek with ardour the friendship or affection of any one; to persecute with kindness or attention. Gale lagna, To embrace. Gale bandhna. To importune.

नजाना v. a. To melt, dissolve; to soften; to waste away, squander. Gulanewala, s. m. A menstruum, a solvent.

mant s. m. The name of a bird.

बचाव s. m. Solution, fusion. Galau, odj. Soluble, septical, weakening, melter, dissolver.

मलावट s. f. Solution, dissolving.

निवत adj. Fallen, dropped.

विधाना v. c. To abuse; to cram (

Digitized by Google

horse, &c.), to force food or medicine down the throat.

ज्ञाचारा s. m. A street or lane.

ৰতী s.f. A lane. Gali bah gali, From street to street. Gali kucha, s.m.
A narrow lane.

महीमण्ड s. m. A kind of bird (the Adjutant or Ardea Argalla).

गत्राचा 8. m. Gargarism.

नान s. m. Going, moving.

मनाख s. f. The light that is admitted by a window. skylight.

जशाना v. a. To cause to sing.

जवाज s. f. A skylight, a hole to admit light, a lattice, window; an air-hole. a loop hole, a round window, a bull's eye, &c.

गरेदम s.m. Red chalk.

गरेंगा s. m. A singer.

मञ्च adj. Of or belonging to a cow.

সন্ধান adj. f. A foolish dissolute woman.
নন্ধানন adj. m. A clown, ignorant,
foolish.

बह s. f. A handle.

मध्य s. f. The emotion of intoxication. सहया e. n. To be agitated by intoxicatiom. [chaser.

जनना s. f. Purchase. s. m. f. A pur-जनना v. n. To quiver, shake or undulate. [forest.

नहण s. m. An eclipse; thicket, wood, सहना s. m. Jewels, ornaments; a pledge, a pawn. v. n. To lay hold of, handle, seize, catch, take to blush.

Pledged. Gahni-dharns v. a. To pawn, to pledge.

her adj. Deep Gahra rang, Deep colour.

कदवा s. m. Pincers, forceps.

जाइवारा s. m. A swing, a cradle.

मान है, क, The name of a disorder.

गांजना v. o. To store, hoard ; to star, agitate ; to churn.

ज़ीजर 8 f. A kind of grass or verdure.

কালা & m. The hemp plant (Canna-কালা & bis satina). The fructification when nearly ripe, is bruised and smoked for intoxication; the leaves dried are ground in water and drank for the same purpose: in this state it is called bhang and sabzi.

a bundle. Gánth parna, is applied to the fixing of enmity towards any one in the breast. Ganth-dar, adj. Knotted. Ganth ka pura, adj. Rich, wealthy. Ganth ka khana, To act to one's own prejudice. Ganth kholna, The untying of a knot; prodigality, expense; to open the purse; removal of prejudice.

गांट उपाइना s. m. A dislocation.

pact (as a man).

बांडना अ. त. To tie. knot, join, make adhere, stick, cobble. put together; to reduce to obedience or subjection, to attach.

wis s. f. The anus, privities. Gond ghalat, adj. Dead, stupid.

mist s. f. A kind of grass of which khas khas is the root (Andropogen muricatum).

गाडा s. m. Sugar-cane.

लाडीव .. m. The bow of Argun ; any bow. [ædus).

नांड s. m. A catamite; sodomite (Cin-नांबना v. s. To lay bricks in mortar, to string, to put or tie in order on as string, &c.

नाव s. m. A village.

गांवना v. a. To sing. [a fowl, कुट.) जांचना v. q. To pierce, transfix, spit का मोची s.f. The iron point of an arrow.

मामरी है. f. A water-vessel a goglet.

नाक s. m. A tree.

[annuum.

नाव्हिनचे s. f. Cayenne pepper (Capsicum नाजः s. f. Scum, froth: a thunderbolt.

Gaj-mara, sdj. Thunder-struck; af-flicted, unfortunate.

जाजन s. m. Sounding, roaring.

नाजना v. n. To sound, to thunder: to roar as a lion or other wild beast; to be pleased, happy, cheerful, delighted.

ৰাজৰ s. f. A carrot (A Daucuscarota). নাজৰালা s. m. The sound or clangour o of various musical instruments.

माइयोप s.f. Burying, burial.

बरना v. s. To bury, set, drive down; fix, sink,

भाउर s.f. A sheep.

भारत s. m. A charm or mantar against venom or the bite of a snake.

buscade; a eart, a carriage. Gareh byshna, To be concealed, to lie in ambush.

आको s.f. A cart, car, coach, carriage. आकृतिन s.m. A carter, a coachman, a carman.

नाइ s. f. A difficulty.

shrewd, knowing, wise; strong (as tea).

ghalat, adj. Dead, stupid.

সন্ধাৰ s. f. A grass of which khas khas is the root (Andropogon muricatum).

मासा s. m. Sugar-cane.

नाकीय s. m. The bow of Aryun; any bow. बात s. f. The body; apparel. नाता s. m. Paste-board.

नाती s. f. A plaid

नातु s. m. A celestial chorister.

बाव s. m. The body; a limb, a member.

chanter of the *Purons* or sacred poems.

ৰাষা s. f. A verse, a stanza; metre, a rhythm; a song, a chaunt, or verse to be chaunted or sung.

बाद s.f. Sediment.

बादना v. a. To ram down.

नादर adj. Half-ripe (grain). e. m. A heap, stack, rick.

बाही s. f. A cushion. pad, pack-saddle, a thin matttress, bedding or any thing stuffed; a sent; a sovereign's throne. बाब s. m. A song, a singing.

बानकं s. m. A heavenly chorister; a song, singing; a form of marriage, that which requires only mutual and amorous agreement.

नाना v. c. To sing.

नासार s. m. One of the seven primary notes of music; a country, Condahar, between the north of India and Peasia.

नानारी s.f. One of the tutelary female deities of the Jyns.

কান্দিক s. m. A vender of perfumes, a perfumer; a kind of worm having a strong fetid smell.

नाव s. m. A tree, a fruit of which contains a glutinous astringent juics, with which the bottoms of boats are smeared, and in which nets are soaked (Diospyros glutinosa, Embryopterts glutinifera).

भाभ s. m. Pregnancy.

नाभना v. a. To snub.

with s. m. A new leaf springing from the centre of a plantain tree.

माभिन adj. Pregnant (an animal, as cow.) मालो s. f. Abuse, G.sli-yalouj. s. f. buffislo, &c.) Reciprocal bause. Galiyan, Indecent

जाम s. m. A village.

मामिनी adj. f. Going moving.

बास्य adj. Going, locomotive.

भागीयं s. m. Depth (of water, sound, &c.)

नाय s.f. A cow, Gowmáns, Beef.

जाबन ३. m. A singer, adj. Singing.

जायिक s. m. A tree that yields the resin formerly called Terra Japonica (Mimosa catechu).

wायणी s. f. A measure of verse in the Vads, a stanza of 24 syllables, or 4 lines of 6 syllables each; a sacred verse from the Veds to be recited only mentally; this is usually persorified and considered as a goddess. the metaphorical mother of the three first classes, in their capacity of · twice-born; investiture with the saered and distinguishing string, &c., being regarded as a new birth : there is but one Gayatri of the Veds, but · according to the system of the Tontribus. a number of mystical verses are called Gayutrees, each deity has one in particular, &c, The repetition of the Gayatri is considered necessary to salvation.

लावन s.m. A singer. adj. Singing, a

नार s.f. A buse.

milk.

with v. s. To strain; to squeeze; to mit s. m. Mud ( kneeded or ) prepared for making pottery, prepared clay; a musical mode.

आरी क. f. Abuse.

नाज s. m. A cheek; a sort of tebacco. नाजा s. m. A pod of coston; a ball of

carded cotton.

. अवित : m. A curse, execution, or imprecation. Reciprocal bause. Galiyan, Indecent songs (sung) at marriages. Galideni, To abuse, revile, call names, scold.

कावचप् adj. Deceitful, alluring.

नावडी adj. A simpleton, blockhead.

करवाची s. m. Cow's clarified butter, जाइ s. m. An alligator, a shark.

साइच s. m. A chapman, purchaser, taker or seizer.

with much inquiry, research, pla.

per. par. Having inquired or sought repeatedly.

नाही s f. Five ( an aggregate made up of five parts ).

निचपिचिया s. m. The pleiades.

जिटबारी s.f. A particular vocal sound in singing ; quavering ? shake ?

जिटकीरी s. f. A pebble.

बिक्षिक्षण v. a. To beseech, implore earnestly and humbly.

विषती s.f. Number, reckoning, account; muster.

লিখনা v. a. To count, reckon, number, নিৰ্মাণ v. a. To cause to count.

निइ s. m. A vulture.

লিবসাই s. f. Name of an insect.

জিলী s. f. Number, reckoning, account; muster.

লিয়া v. s. To count, reckon, number. লিবলিত s. m. A lizard ; a chameleen.

निरवापन s. m. Economy.

furth v. n. To fall, to drop, to sink, to tumble down. Girteh-pasteh, adv. With difficulty, with much ado.

निर पक्ना v. n. To fall.

লিংখন adj. A householder, a peasant, a husbandman.

विरहतात्रम s. m. The state or abode of Girhast or householder.

লিংখনী s. f. Husbandry, housewifery, household.

overturn, or overthrow, to abase, to cast, throw or break down; to spill, to drop, shed; to strike. Gira dena.
To throw, beat, cast or break down.

ৰিছি s. m. A mountain, a hill. adj.
Venerable, respectable, worshipful.
বিবিশ্য s. f. A name of the goddess
Parvati, as daughter of the personified Himalaya mountain.

fast s. m. A hyena.

बिर्वर s. m. A mountain, a hill.

विरिचार s. m. The Malaya mountains, situated in the south of India.

ing, gland, knot, tumour, scirrhus.

बिखटी s. f. A gland.

विवाहरी s.f. A squirrel.

ार्बाखवर कतां. Lazy.

जिलादा s. m. The flower of the Mahua (Bussia latifolia) after it has fallen off.

बिको 8. m. Minispermum glabrum.

णिनीरी s. f. Betel-leaf prepared and folded up.

form s.f. A span (measure of circumference, i.e. the circle formed by joining the ends of the thumb and forefinger); an ear of Indian corn (Zea
mays) from which the seeds have
been taken out; the short stick in
the game of tip-cat, which is stuck
by the longer one called danda. Gilli or Gulli-danda, To play at tip-cat.

ৰীস s. f. A dish generally used in Muharram.

बीजना v. a. To crumple.

बाटन s. m. A coarse kind of carpet not coloured. [To sing.

नोत s. m. A song, singing. Git gana, नोता s. f. A name often applied to books as the Bhagwat Gita, which is often called Geets only.

नोद्षु s. m. A jackal (Conis ourcus). नोद्षुभवकी s. f. Bully-ing, bluster, bravado.

जील । s.f. A road.

बीचा adj. Moist, damp, wet. s. m. A wild creeper ( Mimoso scandens ).

नुषुना adj. Milk-warm, tempid ; snuffling, snuffler.

गुगुनाना v. n. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

मुनुनापन s. m. Tepidity.

नुंत्र s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound.

or the shrub itself Gunj-har, s. m.
A necklace composed of Gunja seed.

बुंजरता v. n. To roar, to growl. बुंजरता adj. Thick, close.

य जानी s. f. Thickness, closeness.

3 wi odj. Grave.

बुँचनाना ». ø. To cause to string, &c.

To be knowded plaited &c.

बु भवा v. n. To be kneaded, plaited, &c. बु भावट s.f. Plaiting, braiding.

बुक्य इ. m. Name of a tree or gam (Amyris agallocha); Bdellium.

gust s. m. A bunch, a bluster (of fruit), ear of cron.

गुर्भेदार s. f. A kind of turban.

नुजरात n. prop. A district of India; Guzerat.

गुजिया s. f. An car ring ; a kind of sweetmest.

गुक्तन adv. Thickly, closely.

s. m. The seed of Abrus precgat atorius, or the shrub itself. Gunj-har, s. m. A necklace composed of the Guns seed.

मुचन adj. Buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound.

ব্যৱাৰ adj. Thick, close.

गुचानी s. f. Thickness, closeness.

त्रदक्ता v. n. To coo as a dove; to swallow.

TENT s. f. A ball prepared by devotees, by putting which in their mouths they are supposed to become invisible; a sweetmeat swallowed asa bolus without chewing; a small book worn as an amulet.

বৃতিদা s. f. A pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball.

बुद्धा adj. Being set on edge (the teeth). बुद्धा s.f. A kernel, stone (of fruit), seed.

Guramba, Mangoes boiled with meal and sugar, resembling mangoe-fool.

गुड़गुड़ाना v. a. To rumble (the bowels). गुड़गुड़ो s. f. A small hukka, a kind of pipe for smoking.

गुड्ड s. m. A medicine, (Monispormum ylabrum).

त्रभूष है s. m. A kind of Bassia (B. उप्पूत्र) latifolia ) bearing flowers which are sweet, and from which a spirituous liquor is distilled the nuts afford an oil used instead of butter.

युक्तना रु. त. To dig; to cause to dig. गुष्ट्रिया इ. m. A seller of Gur, s. f. A doll.

बुक्ही s. f. A child's kite; a pinion. बुद्ध s. f. Hibiscus syriacus.

perty in general (but especially of excellence, &c.); skill, understanding,

cleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit; a string, rope, small track-rope, a property of humanity, of which three are particularized, viz. the Satusk, Rajah, and Tomak, or principles of truth or existence, passion, or foulness, and darkness, or ignorance; a favour, a kindness, Gun-To benefit. Gun-ka-pulta karna. dena, To repay a benefit. chhandna, To pass over a persou's good qualities. Gun-gahak, adj. Pur-. chasing skill or merit, patronising, learning. s. m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning. Gun manna, To acknowledge a favour. Gun-nidhan, Abdoe of skill or merit; skilful.

नुषद्धान (lit. mine of merit) adj. Very worthy, skilful or learned.

मुचन(न s. m. Panegyric, praise.

गुषमानकरना v. a. To sing, celebrate, prattle, (or crow) as infants.

नुषता s.f. Excellence ; multiplication.

गुणवं च s. m. The loss of all good qualities.

गुषम्य vdj. Possessed of merit.

गुणान } adj. Possessing attributes गुणान } but especially those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished.

नुष्यागर adj. Endowed with all goods qualities, an ocean of virtue or excellence.

गुणस्ति s. f. Panegyric, encomium.

गुणहीन बता. Void of merit.

गुषा s. m. (in comp.) Fold, turn, time; as Soa-guna, A hundred-fold.

गुणिन । adj. Endowed with good गुणियन । qualities; skilful.

ৰ্থী adj. Skilful. virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art: n snake catcher, one who charms, a sorcerer, conjurer.

s. m. The name of a mountain, according to some, Chitrkots or Comptah in Bundelcand.

चुचमा v. s. To be plaited, to be threaded to strung.

चुडवं। odj. Plaited or strung together.

बुद s. m. The anus.

बुदकीलक } s. m. Piles.

बुद्द्र adj. Soft, plump.

बृदबुदाई बुदबुदाइड बुदबुदाइड

नुर्वराना e. c. To tickle to titillate.

Traves. m. Constipation, flatulence, &c. yefget adj. Clothed in patched garments or rags; a tatterdemalion; one who lets quilts for hire. Gudriyapir, s. m. A tree near a town or village on which people tie up rags in the manner of votive tablets, which they believe to be efficacious for the accomplishment of their wishes.

बुदको s.f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding, quilts, &c.; a daily market. बदा s.f. The anus.

नुदा s. m. A baby, doll; a windgall; a bough, a branch.

बही s.f. Name of the neck.

property in general (but especially of excellence, &c.); skill, cleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit; a small track-rope; a property of which three are particularized, viz. the Satwah, Rajah, and Tamah, principless of truth or existence; passion or foulness, and darkness or ignorance; favour, or kindness. Gunkarna, To benfit. Gunka palta dena, To repay a benefit. Gun-chhándna,

To pass over a person's good qualities. Gun-gahak, adj. Purchasing skill or merit, a patron of learning. s. m. A discerner of merit. a patron of learning. Gun-mana. To ackowlege a favour.

मृत्वना adj. Milk-warm; snuffling.

भुतमुनाना v. n. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

ननवंत । adj. Possessing attributes ब्नवान ) but especially those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished.

ষ্ণী adj. Skilful, virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art; a snake-catcher, one who charms snakes, a sorcerer.

नुष्ठ adj. Preserved, protected; hidden, concealed; invisible, withdrawn from sight. s. m. An appellation forming especially the second member of the name of a Vysyah or man of the third class. adv. Privately, secretly.

मृत्रि s. f. Concealing, concealment; preserving, protecting.

भंती s. f. A hidden sword.

गफा s. f. A cave.

नुर्दोता s. m. A beetle found in dunghills or old cowdung (Scarabeus or Stercorarius ? copris).

नुभाना है v. a. To thrust, stick into.

गुभीला s. m. Hard lumps in the intestines produced by costiveness, scybala.

नुनदा s. m. A swelling or tumour from a blow.

मृति s.f. A tower, a bastion.

बनहा } s.m. A protuberance, a bump, गनहा } a swelling.

19-1€

बुबरो s.f. Vertigo. बुबसा ady. Musty. बुरजना v.n. To snarl.

बुराई s.f. Fairness, whiteness, yellowness, pale redness.

मृत्या s.f. A bead ( of a rosary, &c.). ₹ 8. m. A spiritual parent or director from whom the youth receives the initiatory mantr or prayer, and who conducts the ceremonies necessary at various seasons of infancy and youth, up to the period of investiture with the characteristic thread or string; this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor; a religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in the Shastras, &c.; a father, or any venerable male relation; a spiritual guide, preceptor, tutor, pastor, teacher; the planet Jupiter. adj. Heavy, weighty; important; honourable, respectable; great, eminent; difficult, arduous; best, excellent. Guru-mukh hona, To receive from a Guru the initiatory mantr or mystical prayer peculiar to the deity adopted for worship in particular, who is thence termed the Isht-den, or chosen god; to become a scholar. Guru-laksh, s. m. Knowledge which can be acquired from a living instructor only.

न्दिस्ये s. m. A serious or momentous affair; the business or office of a spiritual teacher. [son

मुद्दान s. m. An elder, a venerable per-मृद्दार adj. More important, highly honourable, weighty. [ation. नददेवत s. m. The eighth lunar constell-

मुद्दात s.m. The eighth funar cons

ज्राहरत s. m. A topat.

मुद्दादन s. f. The wife of a spiritual teacher.

मुदबार s. m. Thursday. [bond. मुना s. m. Servant boy, a brat; vaga-मुना s. f. A kind of shoe or slipper. मुना s. f. Ague, the cold fit of a fever,

गुगरा s.f. Ague, the cold fit of a fever, quotidian fever.

गुर्च s. f. A creeping plant ( Menispermum glabrum ).

गुजार s. m. A district in the southwest, Guzerat m. pl. The people of Guzerat. गुजारी s. m. One of the Raginis or female personification of music.

ग्री s. f. Parched barley.

गुब्बिको } s. f. A pregnant woman.

गुजा s. m. Sweet cake fried in butter, or wheat flower, sugar and daki, with anise and cardamum seeds made into dumplings and fried in ghee. adj. Soft.

गुःगुक्षाना v. a. To soften, to mollify. ग्लग्लाइट s. f. Softness.

गुलग्यना adj. Plump, handsome, chubby. गुलग्रा s. m. A musketeer, a shooter of ball, a gunner.

गुलक्षड़ी s. f. Conglomeration, knot, Guljhari dil-ki, s. f. Grief, displeasure, mental uneasiness.

गुलक्ती s.f. Rice-gruel, or rice and water boiled together and seasoned with salt. गुलाई s.f. Roundness, rotundity.

गुवावज्ञासन s.f. The roseapple (Eugenia jambos).

Tales. m. A farinaceous powder dyed red which the *Hindus* throw on each other during the indecent festivities and drunken frolics of the holi. Gulal-chashm, adj. Red-eyed Gullalbari s.f. A royal pavilion or tent Gulali, adj. Of the colour of the gulal or stained with it.

की s.f. A pill, a bolus, any small | मू s.f. Human excrement. globular substance; a disease.

न्या s. m. A monkey's pouch.

ब्लिस } s.f. A pellet-bow.

बचम s. m. The ankle.

नजम s. m. The division of an army, a body of troops consisting of 9 platoons, or 9 elephants, 9 chariots, 27 horse, and 45 foot; the spleen; a disease, according to some, a chronic enlargement of the spleen, but it appears to be an induration of the mesenteric glands so as to be perceived Thow. externally.

an s.m. A pellet shot from a pellet-बुद्धी s.m. A kind of pigeon. s.f. A whetstone, a polishing stone.

ETIGE s. m. The betel-nut tree (Areca faufel or catechu ).

जरैया ( gossin ) s. f. A woman's female friend. adj. Eloquent, conversible. मण्ड. m. Cabal.

as s. m. Human excrement Gohi, adj. · Defiled with excrement.

and vart. Covered, concealed; plaiting the hair.

बहुने। v. a. To thread, to string ; to plaid, to braid. To assist.

वहराना v. n. To bawl, to call out. v. a.

नहीचनी s.f. A sty (in the eye).

अका s.f. A cave, a cavern. नहाई s. f. Meconium (of infants ).

बुधार s.f. An assistant, aid ; bawling ; tumult, alarm.

an adj. Concealable, requiring concealment. s.f. The anus, the parts of the body which decency requires to be concealed.

3mm s. m. A kind of demigod attendant upon Kuver, the god of riches, and guardian of his treasures.

गुगा adj. Dumb.

मूंगाई s.f. Dumbness.

गंज s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound, roar.

गुंजना v. n. To resound, hum, buzz, growl, roar.

गुंभा s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

गुंचा s. m. A beam (of a ship); the cross timbers ( of a boat).

नंधना v. a. To thread, string, plait ; to stitch; to spit or put on a spit. Gunth-wana, v. a. To cause to string. plait; stitch; put on a spit.

मृदं *s.f.* Gum.

बृंदना v. a. To knead; to plait, braid, plat, weave.

गृंदनी s.f. A tree yielding a sort of gummy fruit.

गृहजा ady. Round, circular. s. m. A ring, a circle.

मुधन s. m. Dough ; plaiting, braid.

गुंधना v. s. To knead (flour, &c.); to plait, braid, plat, weave.

मुचा s. f. Betel-nut.

युद्दां s. m. A partner ( at any game ).

गुज s. m. A tree or gum (Amyris agallocha ) : Bdellium.

गुन्ती s. f. A cockle-shell.

गुजर s. m. A cast of Rajpoots originally from Gujrat.

गुजरो s. f. The female of Gujor; an ornament worn on the wrists and feet; an earthen image representing a milkmaid: a musical mode.

गुजी s. f. A stick, a club.

गुष्डिया s. m. A doll.

बढ adj. Abstruse, difficult, obscure, abstracted; secret, mysterious, enigmatical; hidden, concealed...

गुरुता s.f. Abstruseness, secrecy, comcealedness.

बृद्धात s. m. A snake.

गृहपद्य s. m. A spy, a secret emissary, disguised agent, a scout.

बूद्बता s. m. A pedagogne, a pedant.

बुदमान s. m. A subterraneous passage, a defile, a bye-road, or secret way.

ब्दार्थ adj. Of obscure or hidden meaning. बुध s. m. A round ball of cotton.

ब्दना v. s. To plait, braid, thread, string; to stitch; to spit or put on a spit.

Rew s. m. A quilt; a bundle of old clothes; any old tattered cloths; a kind of silk stuff. Gudar-khyl. adj. (applied only to females) Foolish, unmannerly, rude. Gudar sina, To stitch together. Gudar ka lal, or Gudar men gandoura nikálna, Good proceeding from evil.

गुरको s.f. A quilt (especially a mendicant's); a bundle.

बृहर adj. Fat, plump.

बुदा s. m. Brain, marrow, kernel, pith, crumb.

नूदिया adj. Desirous, wishing.

गुषना v. c. To knead (flour, &c.)

बुमड़ा s.m. A bump, a swelling.

মুখাৰ s. f. A wild fig (Ficus guleria).
মুখ s. f. Human excrement.

ब्हिंचा s. m. A dunghill, a place where excrement is thrown.

गुरी adj. Defiled with excrement.

ত্ত্বা s. m. Poisoned flesh, the meat of an animal destroyed by poison; garlic.

न्द्रम s. m. A vulture.

यमा adj. Desirous, greedy, covetous.

adj. Covetons, cupidinous, greedy.

रमता s. f. Covetonsness, greediness, extreme and liberal desire.

TES. m. A house, dwelling, mansion, habitation in general; a wife.

रण्डणीतच s. m. A pigeon, s tame er domestic pigeon.

रहतरो s. f. A terrace in front of a house, a threshold.

यहनाञ्च s.m. A pigeon.

holder of particular merit, giving alms and performing all the prescribed ceremonies, &c.; virtue, especially of a householder, as hospitality, &c.

राष्ट्रभूमि s. f. The site of a habitation.

स्हवादिका s.f. A garden or grove near a house.

the second class, or he who after having finished his studies and been invested with the sacred thread, performs the duties of the master of a house, and father of a family; a peasant, a husbandman.

यहस्यायम s. m. The profession or condition of a householder or married man.

यह खो s.f. Husbandry, house-keeping, housewifery, household; the duties of a householder.

यहिंची s.f. A wife. [eaught. यहीत adj. Taken, attached, seized, यह्म adj. A partisan, of or belonging to a side or party; to be taken or seized; or of belonging to a house; a book containing directions for religious rites.

बेंड s. f. Name of a fish.

गेंडक s. m. Marigold.

बेंडा s. m. A rhinoceros.

गड़ s. m. A ball for playing with.

बंद s. m. An elephant. s. f. A ball for playing with Gend-tari, s. f. Playing at ball.

नेंदा s. m. Marigold; a ball.

मेंदी s. f. A ball (to play with).

केवटा 4. m. A crab.

बेबलीं s. f. A trollop.

stick over a line by throwing another stick at it.

नेहरा edj. Simple, ignorant, silly.

नेहा s m. A young unfledged bird; (met.) an infant.

नेपा s. m. A nipple.

नेपर . m. Name of a bird.

बेद s. m. A kind of red earth or ochre.

like geru.

नेक्द्र adj. Of the colour of geru. s. f. The smut, mildew.

नेबा adj. Simple.

s. m. A professional singer, an setor, a mimic; a chanter of the Som Ved.

कि s. m. A house, a dwelling.

नेइं s. m. Wheat.

नेक्षण s. m. The colour of wheat; a sort of grass. adj. Of the colour of wheat, swarthy.

नेत } s.f. A pickaxe.

केंद्रा s. m. A rhinoceros.

नेना s. m. A bush ; a small bullock.

बेगी s.f. A small car or carriage drawn by the bullocks called gyna.

नेया s.f. A cow.

बेरा s. m. A sheaf ( of corn ).

देशिक e.m. Red earth or ochre.

बेख s. f. A road.

नेइरी s. f. Demurrage.

गी a. f. Cow.

ষীত s. m. A kind of wide stitch or sew-নীতা s. m. Dried cow-dung.

fing.

बोडलो s.f. Name of a tree.

ब्रोइ s. f. Gum. Gond-dani, s. f. A vessel in which gum is kept to seal letters with. Gand-kash, An instrument for spreading gum with (in sealing letters).

बोदनी s. f. A reed of the leaves of which course mats are made (Typha).

वींदा s. m. A thin dough or pap made of flour of Cicer arietinum for feeding birds.

नींदी s.f. Name of a tree ( Cordia ).

नेवर्ष s.m. A span; a kind of deer (the nil gow?) a mule.

of cattle; a cow-house or station.

and in Bengal, Tribulus langinosus); and ornament (bells tied round the ankles); a joint Bara gokhru, Pedalium murex.

बीचना v. a. To catch, seize.

बीचर s. m. Perception, information. ødj. Known, perceived.

बीचरी adj. Visible, seen, perceived.

नीनर s. m. A centipede ( Scolopendra ). नीनातरिक adi. Happy, fortunate, speni-

बीजावरिष वर्धे. Happy, fortunate, suspicious.

बीट s.f. A counter, piece or man at back gammon, chess, &c.; the hem of a garment.

नोटा s. m. ( Gold or silver ) Lace or edging ( rather narrow ).

बीटी s.f. The small-pox, a pock.

गोड़ s. m. The leg, foot.

बीएना v. a. To dig, to sorape.

नोंदी s.f. Taking away. Gori karna, To take away, steal, walk off with.

ৰীষ s. f. A sack, bag ( of coarse cloth).
the sacks fastened on the sides of a
beast of burthen to carry grain in.

नीत s. m. Parentage, lineage, pedigree, stock of a family.

नीतम n. prop. Budhs; also the author of the Nyaysh philosophy, or logic, and his doctrines corresponded with those of Aristotle.

णोती adj. One of the same stock or family, a relative.

भीव s. m. Family, race, lineage, kin; a genus, a class or species.

নীবল s. m. A relation; in law the term is nearly equivalent to the gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bandhu or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors.

बोद s.f. The lap, bosom, embrace; the elephantiasis. God lena, to adopt (a child). God pasárna, To ask, heg.

कोदना v. a. To prick, puncture, dot, mark with dots (the skin). s. m. Marks of tattooing.

बीहम s.m. Yellow orpiment; a cow's tooth; a fossil substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt.

बीहाबरी s. f. The name of a river in the peninsula, the Goddveri.

नीदीइनी s. f. A milk-pail.

गोधण s. m. A bough, a branch.

archers on the left arm to prevent its being injured by the bow string.

बीघ्स } s. m. Wheat.

बीधली इ.f. बीधीरा s. m. } Evening, twilight.

गोचेतु s.f. A milch-cow.

गीनस s. m. A large kind of snake, considered to be the same with the Boa or Bor.

बीप s. m. A herdsman, a cowherd, a milkman. s.f. A gold-necklace.

बीपन s. m. Concealment. Gopan karna,
To conceal, to hide.

योपनीय करों. Fit to be concealed.

गीपरस s. m. Gum myrrh.

नीपाल है s. m. A cowherd, a cow-नीपालक keeper or protector; s king, a soverign.

गोपी s.f. A The female of Gop (a cowherd); a female cowherd.

नोपोचन्दन s. m. A species of white clay. नोपन्दाल s. m. A cowherd.

गीफन } s.f. A sling (for throwing गीफिया with).

बीबर s. m. Cow-dung. Gobor khona, to do penance (by eating cow-dung).

मीवनगर्नेश odj. Fat.

नोबरी s.f. Plaster made of cow-dung.

नीपरींदा s. m. A beetle found in cowdung ( Scarabeus ).

बोभी s. f. A term in card-playing; name of a medicinal herb (*Hieracium*). Sufyd gobhi, Cacalia sonchifolia.

गीमय s. m. Cow-dung.

thieves, &c.; branch.

गोमुखी s.f. A cloth-bag containing a rosary, the hand being thrust in, counts the beads; the chasm in the Himalaya mountains through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived by the Hindus to be of the shape of a cow's mouth.

नी सूव s, m. Cow's urine.

नोभेदन s. m. A gem of a yellowish or tawny colour (a topaz) a precious stone brought from the Himaloya and Indus. described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red and dark blue, perhaps varieties of agate.

गीगेदसन्तिभ s. m. Chalcedony or opal.

बोनेध s.m. The offering or sacrifice of a cow.

नीरव s. m. Milk, butter-milk, curdled or cosgulated milk,

जोरसङा adj. (a child) Reared with the milk of cattle. s. m. A sodomite.

शेखी s. f. A vessel for holding milk, &c., a milk-pail.

नीरा adj. Fair ( complexioned ).

s. m. An ox, a cow. Goruadhuka,n s. m. Twilight (the time of bringing home the cows). Goruari bera, s. f. Evening.

to two cros sor cos.

prepared from the urine of a cow or vomited in the shape of scibulæ by the animal; it is employed in painting and dyeing and is of especial virtue in marking the foreheads of the Hindus with the Tiluc or sacred mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelmintic remedy, &c.

round or globular, water-jar adj.
Round. Gol-phol, s. m. The testicle.
Golgol, adj. Round. Golsa, adj.
Roundish.

बोलक s.m. A widow's illegitimate बोलिका s.f. son or daughter.

नीलिम s. f. Black-pepper (Pipernigrum).

a large water-jar s. m. A granary; a canon-ball; a bell; a large beam of wood; a kind of pigeon; the kernel of a cocoanut.

बीबाई s. m. Roundness.

बीकाकार adj. Round, globular.

नोलाख्या s. m. Name of a game, tip-cat. नोलाभ्याय s. m. The division of mathematical science which treats of the spheres, spherics.

भीसार s. m. Roundness.

गोजारा adj. Round.

मोली s. f. bullet, a ball, a globule; a pill; a jar Goli marna, To shoot a ball at.

बोखोब s. m. The heaven of Vishnu. बीवना v. s. To conceal, hide.

बोबदेन s.m. A celebrated hill in Vindra vun, or the country about Mathura, it is said to have been upheld by Krishna upon one finger to shelter the cowherds from a storm excited by Indra, as a test of the divinity of the former.

गीमास adj. Cow-house.

गोष्ट s. f. Plot, cabal, conspiracy.

गोष्ठ s. m. Cow-pen, a fold for cattle, a station of cowherds.

नोही s.f. An assembly, a meeting, conversation, discourse; family connexion, but especially the dependant or junior branches.

नीपद s. m. A measure, as much as a cow's footstep will hold; the mark or impression of cow's foot; or hoof.

नीसन s. m. The sacrifice of a cow, one of the grand sacrifices of the *Hindus* in former times, and not permitted in the present age or *Kalijug*.

नोसांद्र s. m. The deity; a saint, a holy person; the descendants of the disciples of Chytonyoh of Nadia.

गोसेंबा s. f. The diety.

मोसन s. m. A. cluster of blossom, a. nosegzy.

नोखनी s.f. A grape. [ cattle. नोखान s.m. A cowpen, a station for

नास्थान s.m. A. cowpen, a station fo गोनना v.a. To hide, conceal.

बोड s.m. A lizard, a guana; a gangetic alligator.

गोइत्या s. f. Killing a cow.

नीक्रा s. m. Cakes of dried cow-dung; an ally, succourer, an assistant. नोइरो s. f. Demurrage.

नोशार s. m. Tumult, uproar.

नोष s. m. Wheat.

बोब्र s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia and Tribulus languinosus).

की s.m. f. A cow, one of the cow species. Goo-don, s. m. Gift of a cow.

s. f. Opportunity, advantage. Goangir, Controller, uncontrolled, ruler, invested with authority, self-interested. Goan-ghat, s. f. Power, opportunity.

नीच s. m. A portico.

बीक्द्रं s. f. A sprout.

बोहो s.f. A hole or pit.

entral part of Bengal; the ruins of its capital called by the same name are still extensive. m. pl. The inhabitants of Gour (brahmuns).

नोहा s. m. A cast of Hindus in Urissa, who are generally palki carriers and bearers; a musical mode.

नी स्था s. m. Inhabitant of Gour; hence the followers of Chytanyah of Naddea are so called: this philosopher flourished in the year 1407 of Salivahan, about A. D. 1850.

for or molasses; a musical mode.

बौदान s. m. Gift of a cow.

नीना s. m. Bringing home a wife. Gounhar, s. m. The company who attend the bride when bringing home.

नौर adj. Fair-complexioned.

ৰীবে s. m. Reputation, respectability, venerableness, consequence or weight. ৰীব্ৰিন adj. Venerable, repectable.

बीरा s. m. A cock-sparrow.

गीरिया 8. J. A sparrow.

नीरी s. f. A musical mode.

गीत्राचा र. m. A cow-house.

गीप s. m. Perseverance.

नीकरका s. m. An ally, succourer, an assistant.

Eleventh. Gyrahwan, adj.

ৰাজন edj. Strung, tied together, or in and s. m. A book or composition in prose or verse, a code, the book of the Sikh religion composed by the gurus

Nonsk Shah.

यनकार s. m. An author, book-maker, writer, compiler.

ৰাৰ s. m. The joint or knot of a reed or cane, &c.; and figuratively of the body; a tie, the knot of a cord, &c.

adj. Inaccurately pronounced, slurred, uttered with the omission of a letter or syllable

Grah-sthapan, Invoking the presence of the, nine planets.

acceptance; assent, agreement; an eclipse.

यक्षो s. f. Diarrhoea, dysentery.

यक्षीड़ा s.f. The influence of an unpropitious planet.

परपूजा s. f. Worship of the sun and the other planets.

awares s. m. The sun; the moon; the planet Jupiter.

or the polar star, from its remaining fixed amidst the planetary movements.

यहाधीन adj. Subject to planetary influ-यहाधान s. m. Epilepsy, convulsions, demoniacal possession which the complaint is supposed to be.

यशीसा adj. Taking, disposed to take.

habited place in the midst of fields and meadow land, where men of the servile class mostly reside, and where agriculture thrives; a scale in music, an octave.

पानची s.m. A barber. s.f. A whore, a harlot; a peasant or villager.

who conducts the ceremonies for any er all classes, and is consequently considered as a degraded brahman; it also applies to the attendant of an idol.

यासत्राची s. m. A villager.

यानिक aaj. Village, rude, rustic.

बानीष odj A villager, a rustic, village; vulgar, rude.

Prokrit, and the other dialects of India except the Sanskrit. adj. Rustic (in discourse); village-born, produced in or relating to a village.

पायधर्ष s. m. Copulation.

वावाब s. m. An ass (lit. village horse). बार s. m. A mouthful or a quantity equivalent to a mouthful, a lump or nice, &c., of the size of a peacock's egg.

TW s. m. Taking, either by seizure or acceptance; a shark; according to some the Gangetic alligator, according to others, the water elephant ( the hippopolamus?).

वाइस s.m. One who takes or seizes, one who accepts.

बाह्य s.f. A shark, according to some. बाह्य adj. Worthy of acceptance, fit to be received.

बीस s. f. The neck; the back part of the neck, the nape, the tendon of the Trapezium muscle. नेष s. m. The hot season comprehending two months, about June, July sheat, warmth. adj. Hot, warm.

पेड s. m. A dwelling, a house.

पैंद s. m. A necklace, a close neck-lace or collar.

वैष adj. Belonging or relating to the hot season.

येषी s. m. Double jasmin.

चान adj. Wearied, languid, feeble, exhausted by fatigue, disease &c.

ज्यानि s.f. Languor, lassitude, fatigue of body or depression of mind.

म्बाख है s. m. A cowherd.

म्बासिन s.f. The female of Gwal wife of a cowherd.

म्बेंड adv. Near.

बेंडा s. m. Suburb, vicinage. Gwendeh, adv. Near.

र्ग्वे इ adv. Near.

## A

The fourth consonant of the Nágart alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding with gh.

चंचीरना है v. a. To rinse; to mix any चंचीयना है liquid by stirring it about. चंच s. m. The neck.

चंदा s. m. A bell, a clock, an hour.

घंटाली s.f. A small bell.

घघरा s. m.  $\mathfrak{s}$  A petticoat.

षंपाधच adj. Thick.

uz s. m. A water-pot; the body. s. f. Mind, heart, thought, soul.

ambassador, attorney, messenger; an agent who assertains or invents genealogies and negotiates matrimonial alliances.

बटन है s. m. An 'epithet, name of बटनीन है a Rishi.

घटती अ.f. Diminution, decrease; alleviation, abatement, decline.

बादहानी s. f. A bawd or procuress.

चटन s. m. Occurring.

decline, waste, dwindle, to be depressed.

भारनीय adj. Liable to abatement, or decrease, or diminution.

चटन s.f. Decrease.

चटवढ़ adv. More or less, about.

घटनार } s. m. A wharfinger.

WZ 81 s. m. An offender, transgressor.

चटहा ach. Lying in wait, watching for plunder or prey.

wzi s. m. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds, clouds; crowds.

घटाटोप s. m. A covering for a polki, a a carriage, or any article of furniture.

ঘটাৰা a. a. To decrease, lessen, abate, diminish, allay, reduce.

breviation, falling ( as of a ricer or of the price of any thing), depreciation.

चटावना v. a. To reduce, to cause to subside or fall.

30th part of a day and night; a dand or period of 24 minutes.

चिंदया adj. Low-priced.

ঘটা s. f. The Ghari, or Indian clock, a plate of iron or mixed metal on which hours are struck; diminution, abatement, decrease; alleviation.

WE s. m. A ghat, a quay or landing place, steps on the side of a river, &c., leading to the water's edge.

TET s. m. Corn of the foot.

परी s. f. A small or inferior landing place, private stairs, &c.

क्षवहाना v. n. To thunder.

ষ্ট্ৰা v. c. To make, form, forge, work (metals).

a pitcher, jar.

ष्टिया s. f. A crucible; a honey-comb; the womb.

ৰত্বাৰ s. m. A crocodile; a plate of brass for beating time,

the ghariyal and strikes the hours.

w s. f. Fold, plait.

minutes; an instrument for measuring time, a clok, watch, &c. Gharimen tota gharimen masha, Expresses a person of a changeable disposition.

षड़ीषड़ी Always, again and again.

चड़ीचा s. m. } A stand for water-pots, कड़ीची s. f. } &c.

चड़ीबा s. m. A pot, a pitcher.

or mixed metal struck as a bell; a clock, an hour.

च्याची s.f. A small bell.

पदाइद s.m. Bell metal.

षब्दि s. f. The uvula or soft palate.

elephant's chest, &c., by way of o.mament.

चित्रा s. m. A murderer.

ma adj. Material, solid; gross; conpact; hard, firm; impenetrable; very, much. s. m. A number, an assemblage or quantity; (in arithmetic) the cube of a number; (in geometry) a solid.

ষন s. m. Gathering of the clouds. clouds; an anvil, a sledge-hammer.

वनवरक s. m. Thunder, any Loud noise. adj. Loud-sounding.

चनघन s.f. An imitative sound.

ह्यवाना v. n. To jingle, ring, tinkle, to sound like a wheel in revolution.

चनचेरा s.m. A petticoat.

चनचीर s. m. Cloudiness, gathering of the cloud. adj. Cloudy, overcast; loud-sounding. [ning.

und-sounding. [time]. धनञ्चाना s. f. Lightning, a flash of light-

चनतनवरन adj. Whose body is of the colour of the clouds, an epithet of Krishna.

মননা s. f. Firmness, compactness; thickness, solidity.

धनफल s. m. The contents of a solid (in geometry).

चनस्ल s. m. Cube root (in arithmetic).

चनस्वाम adj. Black as a cloud, &c. s. m. Black clouds.

घनसार s. m. Camphor; mercury, or some peculiar form of it.

घना adj. Thick, close, confused, numerous, much, many.

चना करी A kind of poetry.

धनेरा adj. Much, many.

घनेस s. m. A bird (Buceros malabaricus).

चपची s. f. The grasp of the two arms.

वपनी वाधना } s.f. Clasping with joy.

घवराना v. n. To be confused, confounded, perplexed, agitated, embarassed, &c.

মধ্যানত s. f. Confusion, perplexity, agitation, perturbation, alarm, consternation.

वसवमाना adj. To revolve.

वनक s. m. Pride, haughtiness, arrogance, conceit.

बमकी adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant.

चसरीख s.f. Crowd, confusion in a general engagement.

चमच s. f. Heat, closeness.

चनसान } s. m. Battle, engagement.

चमाचम odj. Thick, crowded.

चमान: v. n. To sun, to bask in the sun.

चमाना A wit: to sun, bask in the sun.

षम्रे s. f. Name of a plant.

वनीई The castor oil plant. (Palma christi or Ricinus communis).

चमोरी s. f. The prickly-heat.

चवर चयरी } adj. Delay, blaming others.

W s. m. House, dwelling, home, apartment, drawer. compartment, groover Ghar karna, To fix, settle, establish a family. Ghor khokar tamasha dekhna. To ruin one's self and spend the time in idle pleasures. Ghar ghdlnae To ruin. Ghar chalána, To provide for one's household expenses. Ghar dubona, To be ruined. Ghar dwaris s. f. A kind of tax, poll-tax, hearthmoney. Ghar-bahghar. adj. To or in every house, from house to house. Gharbasa, adj. At home indolent. inactive. Ghar byth-jana, To be rouined Ghar hona, Expresses affection and unanimity between husband and wife.

परक adj. Domestic, household.

चरत s. f. Make, form.

घरनई s.f. & vaft made with pots, & float ( of pats).

घरना v. a. To make, form, malleate, forge, work (metals).

चरनी 8. f. A wife.

चरवराव s. m. Household furniture, &c.

Gharbar basana, To consummate a marriage. Charbar hono, To undergo the consummation of a marriage.

घरवारी s. f. Housewifery, domestic con-

चरमाचा s. m. House-rent.

NTT s. m. A rattling noise in the

throat which dying people are afflicted with pain, agony, pang.

चरराटा s. m. Snoring.

बरारी s.f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

ATTEN s. m. A house-keeper, master of a house.

चरवाकी s. f. Mistress of a house; house-keeping.

चराना s. m. Family, house-hold.

चरामी s. m. A thatcher.

minutes; a fold, a plant. adj. Folded (as clothes).

बरेबा adj. Domestic, tame.

बर्चा । s. m. A small house which children make to play in.

घंट 8. m. A kind of fish ( Silurus ).

वर्षर s. m. The name of a river, the Gogra or Ghogra; the sound of gurgling, rumbling, &c.

घमं s. m. Heat ; the hot season ; sunshine ; sweat, perspiration.

चर्ण s. m. Grinding, pounding.

वर्षेषी s. f. Turmerio.

above the quantity purchased, to boot.

चन s. f. The act of rubbing.

बसना रे. n. To be rubbed, to be करिना रे abraded, to be worn, to fret, wear. v. a. To rub, rub off, whet, to beat. adj. Apt, to be worn by rubbing.

चिस्टना v. n. To be dragged, to be trailed, to trail.

विवास s. m. A grass-cutter.

घतियारिक s. f. The wife of a grasscutter.

घसीटना v. a. To drag, pull, trail. घसीला adj. Grassy. [thunder. इहर s.f. Thunder, Ghaharna, v. n. To कडराना v. n. To thunder; (met.) 🏖 roar, to bawl.

चकार adj. Gluttonous, voracious.

बद्धा adj. Mischievous, hurtful.

पाइस adj. Wounded.

a decoy; number five (in reckoning); the interval between the fingers or toes, the junction of the fingers, the space at the root where the fingers separate; the angle formed by a branch with the trunk of a tree, or space at the root of the branch; a cut or stroke with the broad sword or cudgel (of which there are twelve cuts).

चाईन s.f. (One) time, turn.

चाईपांजी s. f. Secret inquiry, spying.

ষাভ s. m. A hurt, bruise, wound, sore, যাজ্যৰ adj. Living from hand to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.

बांटी s.f. Adam's apple, the larynx; wind-pipe.

कानस s. m. A large kind of fowl.

wily; shrewd.

river, Gogra or Chagra; a plant (Xanthium indicum).

wharf, ferry, ford, pass, bathingplace on a river side. Ghát-már, s.m. A smuggler. Ghát-márna, v. a. To smuggle.

will s. m. Mode, manner, shape; offence; want, abatement, reduction; deficiency, loss, detriment. adj. Abated, less.

बाटबाट s.f. The way to a Ghát.

घाटमांकी . m. A ferry-men.

बाटा s. m. Acclivity, ascent, deficiency, abatement, reduction.

siles s. m. A brahman who sits at a ghat of the Ganyes, Jamna, &c. to keep the clothes of the bathers.

बाटी e.f. A strait, a pass ( in a mountoin, &c. ), a ravine.

cade, ambush, opportunity; killing, slaughter, a bruise, ablow; product (of a sum in multiplication). Ghát karna, To waylay, lie in ambush, kill. Ghát tokna, To watch an opportunity.

enemy. A murderer, maimer, an [muderer.

चातन s. m. Killing, slaughter; a चाता s. m. Name of a plaything.

Titl s. m. Anything given gratis in a sale over and above the price.

चानी adj. Murderous, felonious.

ৰানুৰ adj. Mischievous, injurious, murderous, cruel, savage violent, feroocious.

चान s. f. As much as is thrown in at one time into a mill or mortar, &c.

ৰালী s.f. An oil-mill (or oil-press); a sugar-mill.

चानरा adj. Confused, confounded.

the sun). Sunbeams, sunshine; beat (of the sun).

चानक adj. Simple, artless; a clown, a चायल adj. Wounded.

wie s. f. Mischief.

who ruins. A destroyer, desolator, one who ruins. [in, to throw.

ষানৰা v. a. To desolate, ruin; to thrust ষান্ত্ৰীন adj. Jumbled.

TIT s. m. A wound, a sore. Chao ka nishan, s. m. A scar.

बारवप adj. Living from hand to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.

बार s. f. Meadow or pasture, grass, straw, hay, fodder. Ghas-pái, s. f. Sweepings. बासपात Sweepings, rubbish, fallen and rotting leaves.

fee s. m. Butter clarified by boiling and straining.

चिंघाना v. n. To be hoarse.

speak (from fear, joy, &c.), appear very humble, coax. wheedle, fawn, beseech, implore. Ghighi bandh jana, v.n. To falter, be unable to speak (from shame or fear, &c.)

विधी s.f. A faltering in speech.

বিষদিৰ adj. Thick, confused. muddy. Ghich-pich bakna, or bolna, To speak thick.

Ghin dena, To reproach, abash. Ghin khana, To be disgusted, to have the stomach turned.

विविधना adj. Disgusting.

विषाना v. n. To be disgusted. adj. Disgusting.

विविद्याना v. n. To be disgusted.

चिणीना adj. Disgusting, abominable, nauseous, fulsome.

चिया s. m. Name of a vegetable, a pompion ( Cucurbita lagenaria ). Ghiya torui s.f. A vegetable ( Luffa pentandra).

to be collected around; to gather (se the clouds).

for twisting ropes; a kind of pigeon, the tumbler. Ghirni khana, To go round.

चिरांद s. f. Stink (particularly of urins). चिरांना v. a. To cause to surround or enclose.

ed. v. s. To rub; to beat. adj. Apt to be worn by rubbing.

चित्रनी adv. By rubbing; as Ghisni chalna, To move along, rubbing on the ground, as a child on his buttocks before he is able to walk.

चिमाना v. a. To cause to rub, abrade,

विमान s. m. | Attrition, rubbing, fric-चिसावट s. f. \ tion, abrasion.

चिसियाना v. ø. To trail, to drag.

की s. m. Butter clarified by boiling and straining.

बोकुवार s. m. A medicinal plant (Aloe perfoliata).

The neck (both before and be-ধীৰ & hind).

भौका s. m. The name of a very large wild creeper.

च गौना s. m. A toy, a child's rattle.

भूंचनी s. f. A small red and black seed ( Abrus precatorius ).

TITE s. m. A small bell; an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

षु घवार } adj. Curly (hair). र्घ वार

ष्ट्र है, A button.

[bribes. मंसी adi. Malicious: a receiver of

चं सी adj. Angry. चवचा s. m. An owl.

year s. m. The knee. Ghuthon chalna, To crawl about on the knees (as a ehild). cated.

चुहना v. st. To be rubbed, to be suffo-बुटाई s. f. Perfidy.

च टाना v. n. To shave clean, to polish. ge s. m. A horse. Chur-churha, A horseman, trooper, one on horseback. Ghur-charhi, s. f. A female on horseback, riding. Ghat-dour, s. m. race course, horserace. Chur-bahal, s. f. A four-wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses, a chariot. Chur-munka, adj. Horse-faced. Gursal s. m. A stable.

शिक्तना v. a. To brow-beat, to repri mand. to frown at.

पुषको s. f. Rebuff, brow beating, reuke. frowning at.

बुषचढा s. m. A horseman.

पुरुषदी s. f. A female on horseback : riding.

बुड्रीड् s. m. A race-course.

बुद्धनहरूल s.f. A. two-wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses.

वसमंभा adj. Horse-faced.

बुद्धसना v. a. To curl.

nutra s. m. A stable.

34 s. m. Name of an insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, grain, and flour ), a weevil : rancour. gui adj. Destroyed by the ghun, weevileaten.

341 ) adj. Secret. cautions. designing, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

sel s. f. A button.

ge s. m. An insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, and flour), a weevil; rancour.

चुनजीना s. m. Plaything. get adi. Destroyed by the ghun, weevils

পুৰাৰৰ ] s. m. Characters traced by a ष नाच्यर 🕽 weevil in wood.

जनिया adi. Designing, malicious, spitoful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

gu odj. Dark.

चुमचुमा s. m. Revolution, going round; subterfuge, evasion, prevarication; doubt, suspense, hesitation. Ghamghu-ma-na, v. a. To revolve; to prevaricate.

च मञ्जा adj. Dark, coudy.

www s. f. Gathering of the clouds.

च नरा s. m. Name of a plant ( Phlomis); name of an insect.

क्रमरी s. f. The vertigo, swimming of the head, giddiness.

to turn, wheel, roll, brandish, circulate, encircle; to beguile, Ghumána phirana, To prevaricate.

चुरबना v. a. To brow-beat, reprimand, frown at, chide.

इस्तो s. f. Rebuff, brow-beating, rebuke, frowning at.

Gryllotalps), a phagedenick ulcer or herpes exedens (so named from digging in the flesh, as the mole-cricket does in earth or sand).

मृद्याना v. n. To grunt (as a pig).

चुरनम } s.m. Tendo Achilles.

चरनाना v. n. To snore.

ষ্কী s.f. A vertigo, swimming in the head, rolling.

ছাৰা o. n. To melt, dissolve, be dissolved; to be mellowed, to rot (as fruit); to become lean, to waste.

चुचित्रच part. Dissolved, mixed melted (in kindness).

च ज्वा s. m. To boot.

चलवाना v. a. To cause to mix with a liquid, to cause to dissolve.

चलाक adj. Melting.

च लागा v. a. To melt, to dissolve.

चलावट s.f. Melting, dissolving.

च्या s. m. A coarse kind of cotton.

च र s. m. Penetrating.

चुसना v. n. To be thrust in, to enter, penetrate; interfere, meddle.

भूपवैठ s. f. Access.

ছ্যালা v. o. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in, cause to penetrate or enter.

च्रास्त्रा v. n. To be thrust or stuffed in.

चुनेष्ना v. a. To thrust, stuff, cram, force or run in, pierce, insinuate, foist.

घूननो s. f. A sort of stir-about, or grain of any kind (pulse or wheet, &c.) boiled whole with sugar.

घुंनर s. m. A curl. Goungar-walch, Curled hair.

म् नी s.f. Clothes folded and put on the head as a defence against the rain; a cockle or snail, a small ghonga.

ब ंबनी s.f. A small red and black seed (Arbus precatorius).

with a veil, &c. Ghunghut karns, To draw a veil over the face. Ghunghat karns, v. s. To veil; to draw back his neck (a horse). Ghunghat karns, v. a. To be broken or defeated (as army).

ष्**वर s. m.** A curl.

worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

ਥ ਫ s. m. A gulp, draught, pull.

च्रेटना v. a. To gulp, drink, swallow.

aloes, spices and borax, given to a new-born infants to clear out the meconium.

ष स s. m. A bandicote rat.

च आ s. m. A blow of the fist.

www.s.m. The ring-necked dove; an owl.

ब्ब्हा s. m. An owl; a blockhead.

ष्ट s. m. A gnlp, draught.

म्रेना v. s. To gulp, drink, guzzle.

w≳ s.f. A medicine given to newborn infants; the ankle joint.

मृत s. m. Rancour, malice, spite.

म, ना ødj. Designing, malicious, spite-

ful, revengeful, rancorous; secret, cautious.

चून बdv. Back, round about.

च मघ माध्ना adj. Loose (as a robe), full.

य सब नेशा adj. Revolving, circling, round. य सना v. n. To go round, revolve, turn. roll, wheel, whirl. sub. Whirling,

turning &c. Sir ghúmna, To be giddy or dizzy, to swim (the head).

चर s. m. Staring; dunghill.

बूरवी s. f. A twist in thread, entanglement.

the eyes on; to look at angrily.

चूरा s. m. Sweeping, a dunghill.

च रिया . m. A dunghill.

चं ड. m. A bandicote rat (Mus malabaricus: Mus giganteus); a bribe.

म् सत s. m. A young owl.

च समय सा s. m. Thumping and pulling, boxing, fisticuffs.

Tet s. m. A thump, a blow of the fist, buffet, a bandicote rat.

चें टा s. m. } A pig.

चॅना है s. m. The bronchocele goitre चंना है or Derbyshire neck.

चैतला s. m. A kind of shoe.

वेपना v. a. To mix, mingle, unite into a paste (as flour and water).

loose (as a robe); full; winding, meandering. s. m. Circuit, circumference. Gherghér karna, To surround stop or hinder. Gherdár, adj. Full loose (a robe), circular, extensive.

चर s. m. Calumny, reproach, complaint. चेरना v. a. To surround, compass, encircle, invest, beset, blockade. Gherna gharna, To surround, &c.

चे रनी s.f. A handle for turning a spinning-wheel, a winch, To surround, lay a siege, besiege.

Ghera men parna, To be surrounded.

A kind of sweetmeat.

&c.; compassion, tenderness, pity; abhorrence, disgust, shame, bashfulness.

which has been boiled gently and allowed to cool: it is then used for culinery and religious purposes, and is highly sateemed by the *Hindus*.

इतकूमारी s. f. The aloe (Aloe perfoliata). चौना s. m. A cockle-shell, a snail (Co-achlea helix).

षीट s. f. A draught (drink).

to investigate: to strangle. s. m. A stone, &c., with which any thing is polished, the knee.

चींनला s. m. A (bird's) nest.

शोसना v. a. To repeat, to iterate, to speak aloud.

बोबो s.f. A pocket, pouch, wallet; s turtle dove.

चीट s.f. Polish.

घोटक 8. m. A horse.

मोटना v. a. To polish; calender; to plod, to shave.

घीटनी s.f. A rabber.

बीटा s. m. A wooden rubber,

बोट adj. Polished, smooth (words).

भोषा s. m. A horse. Ghoreh ko sarpat भोषा s. m. A cloth with a part folded like a sugar-loaf to cover the head and worn over the body in cold or wet weather.

चोयां s. f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

ation; dread, awe; the sound of a drum. Ghor ghuntna, To be inwardly displeased, to conceal one's dislike or indignation. adj. Frightful, horrible, terrific, aweful; deep (colour of a horse, or sleep). Ghor nidra, Deep sleep. [ful appearance. जोरहान adj. Terrific, of horrid or fright-कार्या v. To mix with a liquid, dissolve. कारह्म adj. Frightful, hideous. s. m. A

hideous appearance, খাৰেঘা adj. Frightful, horrible, hideous. খাৰোৱাৰ adj. Frightful, hideous, of horrible aspect or form.

THE s. m. Buttermilk.

चायम् नाव s. m. Evasion, subterfuge.

चायना v. s. To mix with a liquid to dissolve.

चावनेव s. m. Mixture, mixing.

शेखा s. m. An intoxicating portion made of bhang or opium; a solution; name of a fish. Gholeh men daina, To involve in difficulty.

cast of milk-men; a cowherd.

ৰাবৰা \* .f. Speaking aloud, making aloud, making a great noise; crying, proclaiming.

पीस्था s. m. A bird's nest:

ill s. m. A Musolman cowherd or milk-man.

बोद s. f. A bunch ( of plantains).

बोह है s. f. A. bunch or cluster of sit grapes, dates or plantains.

मा इ. m. 'The nose; smell, smelling. adj. Smelling.

মাধনপথ s. m. Fragrance, odour, a fragranse, a perfume.

बार्नेन्द्रिय s. f. The nose, the sense of smelling.

মান adj. Smelled.

The twentieth letter of the alphabet and first of the second or palatial class of consonants, having the sound of Ch in Church.

चंगवाद s. m. Name of a disorder.

चंगर s. m. Tray, trough.

Var adj. Healthy, cured, sound. Changa binana, To correct, punish, put to right, chastice. Bhala-changa. adj. In health and vigour; perfect, good.

ৰ মুব s. m. A claw, talon, clutch, gnasp. ৰবুৰ odj. Excellent.

चंगर s. f. A flower pot, a tray. [tray. चंगरा s. m. A large basket, a trough or चंगरा s.f. A small basket.

चंचना v. n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.); to make the noise butter does in a frying pan.

चरीब s. m. Large black bee.

বৰৰ adj. Trembling, tremulous; restless, wanton, playful, fickle; perishable, transitory.

वंचना s. f. Perishableness; restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness.

चंचलपना s. m. Playfulness, wantoness.

ৰ'ৰজা s. f. Lightning.

ৰাব্যাহ s. f. Restlessness, playfulness; perishableness.

বৰনা v. n. To be playful, wanton, unsteady, or restless.

বৰষ্য s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness, ficklensss.

ਚੰਟ s. m. A miser.

( met. ) a miser, a merciless wretch, an outcast.

ৰ'ৰাৰ s. m. The rear-guard; a sort of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthen pots joined together.

21— २३

- Face bright or beautiful as the moon. Chand-mukhi. or Chand-badani, adj.

  Having a face splendid as the moon.
- बंदन s. m. Sandal-wood or tree sanders (Sirium myrtifolium or Santalum album).
- শ'বেলা adj. Bald. s. m. Baldness.
- चंद्रश s. m. A small canopy, an awning.
- Tigs. m. An assessment, contribution, subscription; the moon.
- च दिया s.f. The crown of the head.
- चहीत है s.m. A tribe of Rajputs who
- च देखा & claim descent from the moon.
- चंदीका adj. Silvery, white.
- च देशी च देखें } s.f. Name of a place.
- च देखी s. f. Cambric (made at Chandel).
- T & s. f. The moon, considered as a planet or deity. Chandr-mukhi, adj.

  Having a countenance, beautiful as the moon.

  [a finger nail.
- ৰ'হৰ s. m. The eye in a peacock's tail;
- শইকৰা s. f. A digit or one-sixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.
- चंद्रज्ञ s. m. The reputed Registrar of Jam's court.
- the name of a tribe of Khattris, who claim descent from the moon.
- The name of a river, the Chenab, one of the five streams of the Panjab. Chandrabhag, is the name of mountain, part of the Himaloya range, where the river is said to have its source.
- क इसा s. m. The moon. [ thief.
- च इरेणु s. m. A. plagiarist, a poetical
- चंद्रीचा s.f. A plant (Serratula anthelmintica); a digit of the moon.
- चंद्रकारी s. f. A kind of Asclepias ( A. acids ); rue.
- ৰ ব্যাৰা s. f. Large cardamoms.

- च इसकार s. f. Small cardamoms.
- sort of necklace composed of circular pieces of gold, silver, &c.
- ਚ'ਫ਼ਾ sdj. Bald ; wise, intelligent.
- चंद्रासप s. m. Moonlight.
- चंद्राना v. n. To be withered or dried up (a trec), to cease to grow.
- ৰ'হিৰা s. f. Moonlight; the moonbeams; a small fish ( Zeus oblongus); large cardamoms.
- ম'ছিল s. m. A potherb (Chenopedium album).
- ৰ হাইব s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread over the large open courts of *Hindu* houses, &c. upon festival occasions; moon-rise; a kind of collyrium.
- च पा है s. m. A tree bearing a yellow पा है fragrant flower ( Michelia champsea).
- ম'ৰ s. m. An instrument made of peacock's feathers, &c. waved over the head of a sovereign, used to whisk eff flies, &c., and also made of the tail of the Bos grunniens, a species, of ox.
- estate, a farm. Chak-bundi, s. f. Defining or making the boundaries of an estate.
- ₹ s. m. A shepherd, or goatherd.
- s. f. A toy, a whirliging; a duck, the female of chakwa.
- ৰৰৰ adj. Shining, resplendent.
- বৰ্ষৰী s. f. A kind of dagger worn on the waist. adj. f. Resplendent,
- चक्ंद्री s.f. A musk-rat ( Sorex carulescens ; Sorex caruleus).
- चनता s. m. A scraping of the skin, s scrape, a scar; a slice, &c. Chakta dena, or—lena; To scar.

चकताना . s. To sod, to turf.

which shields are made). a patch of leather, a slice, a patch; the round of a cheese, a round plate of metal. &c., a letter, an epistle. adj. Compressed, flattened.

atoms, filings. Chaknd-chur hons, To dashed to pieces, to shatter. Chakna-chur karna, To shatter, shiver, to break pieces.

चक्तमा s. m. A boot, a stocking.

चन्दा e. m. Revelry. Chakarba machána, v. a. To revel, to riot.

Tati s. m. A kind of dish made of pulse,

चन्दानी s. f. Woman servant.

made of silk and cotton; a division of a country containing several parganahs. adj. Wide, broad; round. Chakledar. s. m. The governor of a province or country. Chakledari. s.f. The government of a province or country; a round plate on which bread is rolled.

चनाई s.f. Breadth.

(widen.

বৰণাৰা s. f. To extend in breadth, to বৰণা s. m. The ruddy goose ( Anas casarca ); a whirlpool.

त्रवी s. f. The female of the water-fowl chakwa.

चक्सूनी s.f. A kind of grass.

বাদাৰ s. f. The sound of the repeated strokes of a sword, dagger, or mace. বৰাৰ বৈ s. f. The state of being dazzled, radiance.

TATES. m. A disease in horses.

चवारी s.f. A ringworm.

বৰিৰ adj. Timid, fearful; astonished. বুৰুতা adj. With large eyes, च्यावा s. m. A fruit of the lime kind, a citron, pompelmoose, shaddock ( Citrus decumanus ).

ৰমাৰ s. m. The Bartavelle or Greek partridge (Tetrao rufus: Perdix rufa) fabulously said to subsist upon the moon-beams, and to eat fire at the full moon.

पनीहा है s. m. A species of Cassia (Cassia obtusifolia), esteemed a remedy for ringworms.

THE s. m. A perch for birds ( Particularly falcons), a roost.

wheel, a circle. odj. Rroud; thick (as duhi, &c.)

বিদ্যাৰ adj. Thick (bhang, &c.) blot blotted, smeared.

s.f. A millstone, a mill, grinder; kneepan; a thunderbolt.

चक s. m. A clasp-knife, z pen-knife.

चक्र ? s. m. A whirlwind or whirlpool; a circular missile weapon used principally by the Sikhs, a sharp discus or iron ring which they throw with great dexterity: (it was with this instrument called soodursun-chukr, that Narayan is said to have cut off the head of the Asur Rahu, when after churning the ocean, the surs or gods, and Asurs or demons fought for the amrit or nectar); a circular course, the lounge (in menage); (met.) a misfortune, scrape, perplexity; a side or quarter, as Chabun chakkar men, On the four sides, on all sides. Chakrdhari, A peacock; Vishnu. Chakr. marna, To wheel round, to whirl, round, Ghorek ko chakkar dena, To lounge a horse.

चन्नवत् adv. In rotation, going, round or revolving like a wheel.

f

কাৰ্মী s. m. An emperor, a sovereign of the world, a universal monarch, the ruler of a chakr or country described as extending from sea to sea; twelve princes beginning with Bharat are especially considered as Chakr varttis; a title of brakmens in Bengal.

কাৰ্মাৰ s. m. A bird, the ruddy goose (Anas casarca). [circle.
কাৰ্মাৰ adj. Circular, being in a ring or কাৰ্মাৰ adj. Circular.

কাৰ্মাৰ adj. Astonished; timid, fearful.
কাৰ্মা s. f. A round plate on which bread is rolled; an assembly of singers.

चन्नेजा adj. round, circular.

THE s. m. The eye.

चयना v. a. To relish, taste.

चवाच्यी इ.f. Discord.

Tarini v. a. To cause to taste.

चनसना v. a. To eat without appetite.

चनेर s.f. A. flower-pot.

चक्रवाव s. m. Name of a disorder.

Tray, trough.

ga bánana, To correct, punish, put to right, chastise. Bhala-changa, adj.

In health and vigour; perfect, good.

चर्र ødj. Excellent.

चक्केर s. f. A flower-pot, a tray.

जा रा s. m. A large basket; a trough, or tray.

चक्रों s. f. A small basket.

चन बर्ज. (Land) that has been cultivated or ploughed one year.

ক্ৰা s. m. Name of a tree.

चचहिया s. m. A. whistler. [ther.

ৰবা s. m. Paternal uncle, father's bro-ৰবী s. f. Father's brother's wife, aunt. ৰবীৰ s. m. A line, stripe, score.

चेशा adj. Descended from or related through a paternal uncle, as Chachéra-bhai, s. m. A coucin, son of paternal uncle. Chachéri bahin, s. f. Daughter of paternal uncle, a female cousin.

चचीरमा v. s. To suck (s dry substance from which nothing can be obtained).

ব্যব্য s. m. Large breasts.

বৰী s. f. Father's brother's wife, aunt.
বৰণাৰা v. n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, fc.) to make the noise butter
does in a frying-pan.

shooting pain.

unsteady; fickle, inconsiderate, inconstant, (unsteady metaphorically); playful, restless, wanton, perishable. s. m. A lecher, a libertine.

चचना s. f. Restlessness, perishableness; fickleness, inconstancy, unsteadiness. [hearted.

च्यवहर्य adj. Capricious, fickle, false-च्यवा ६. f. Lightning.

ৰৰণা s. f. Lightning. বৰণাই s. f. Restlessness, playfulness.

বৰৱাৰ v. n. To be playful, wanton or restless.

ৰ্মনাম্ভ s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness.

TE s. f. A beak.

we adv. Quickly, instantly. s. f. An exceriation, a sore, a scab, cancer; the noise of breaking up, snap. Chat bhasam, Eating up the whole, licking the platter clean. Chat deh tutna. To snap, short, to break. Chat karna, To eat, dissipate, make waste. Chat hona, v. n. To be dissipated or consumed.

sparrow; a crash, a crack, a smack, intelligence, gaudiness; glitter, splendour, prime of life. adj. Intelligent, quick. Chatak seh, adv. Deceiving.

Chatak seh jana, To pay with the fore top sail. Chatakwai, s. f. Quickness.

বহৰৰা v. n. To crackle (as charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split.
বহৰৰা s. m. A slap, box, blow, cuff.

Tem s. m. Scarcity. Chatke lagane, To thirst, to wish.

चटकाना v. a. To crack (as a whip); to snap the fingers (in rejaicing); to split; to fire off a musket; to irritate

पटबार्ग v. s. To urge cattle by the clacking noise made by drawing the tongue from the palate.

च्याचा adj. Splendid, glittering, gaudy. चटचना v. n. To crackle (as charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split.

चटजीरा s. m. Name of a tree.

चटना adj. m. Voracious (man).

malade). adj. f. Voracious (woman).

च्याट adv. Hastily, in a hurry, instantly. चटपटा odj. Active, hasty; stout; meat

dressed with little sauce or gravy.

palpitate, wince.

चटपटाइट् s. f. Agitation, flurry, flutter, palpitation.

चडपटिया adj. Active, quick, alert; hot (with spices). [agility.

चटपटी s.f. Haste, hurry, quickness, चटपामा v. a. To make lick or lap up.

चटबास है s. f. A school, an aca-चटबारी demy.

Terk s. f. A. mat. Chatai bichchána, v. s. To mat, to spread mat.

ৰহাৰ s.f. A crash, an explosion. adj.
Intelligent.

a smack (or kiss).

TENTE s. m. Reiterated sound.

smack (or kiss). [rock.

ৰতাৰ s. f. Rocky ground, block of stone,

ৰহাৰা v. o. To make lick or lap up.

चटिया s.m. A pupil, a scholar.

TENT s. m. ▲ kind of plaything; a sort of hawk.

बटीचा s. m. A kind of dove.

चटीरा ई. m. An epicure, a glutton.

WEI S. m. A school-boy.

TRITES 4. m. A plaything, a kind of rattle or clapper given to children.

पही s.f. Scarcity, want.

Tel s. m. A bonne-bouche, dainties.

s. m. Sound made by breaking a branch.

TETE s. m. An imitative sound.

चडचड़ाना v. n. To crack, creak.

च्याचाना v. n. To smart, to palpitate, flutter, throb.

चड़नड नीलना है v. त. To chatter, prat-चडनड करना है tle.

an idle talker.

TET s. m. An imitative sound.

चित्र s. m. The groin ; bubo.

चढ्र के adv. Avowedly, designedly, excellently. Charhta hone, v. n. To excel.

चढ़ती s.f. Advantage, gain, rise.

attack, embark. board, rise, climb. soar, spread, well, ride; to be strung (a bow), to be braced (a drum); to be offered up, (an oblation or sacrifice). Charhaa utarna, v. n. To hire and dismiss; congressus.

ৰক্ষা v. a. To find an opportunity.
ৰকা adj. Rising up ( shoe over the heel of the wearer ).

चढ़बाना v. a. To cause others to raise or to make ascend or to pull on, &c.

चढ़ेचा s. m. One who ascends, mounts, &c., a rider, mounter, climber.

ation, attack, assaults, irruption, rank, dignity; price paid for ascending, riding, embarking, &c.

weight v. a. To make ascend, embark, &c., to offer up oblations or sacrifice; to string (a bow); to brace (a drum); to raise, lift, take up. advance, apply, put, spread, bend, dye (with colour), pull, draw on, cock, fix (a bay onet), run. [tide.

Tara s. m. Ascent, rise, acclivity, attack, access, fit rank. dignity, floodtide.

चढ़ी है s. f. Preparation for battle.

बहैन है s. m. A trooper who does not ride his own horse, a rider.

पदेशा s. m. A shoe rising up over the heel of the wearer.

s. m. A kind of pulse, chickyea (Cicer aristinum), vetches.

adj. Fierce, violent, passionate, hot, warm; pungent, acrid.

चकता s. f. Warmth, pungency.

चन्द्र adj. Passionate, violent warm.

Durga, applied especially to her fabulous incarnation for the purpose of destroying Mahes Asur; this exploit forms the subject of a section of the Markandeyah Puran, and is particularly celebrated in Rengal at the Durga Puja; or festival held in honour of the goddess towards the close of the year (October-November); a passionate woman, a mischievous or furious woman.

चनावल s. m. The rear-guard.

name for a man of the lowest of the mixed tribes, born from a Sudr father and Brahmani mother (met.) a miser, a merciless wretch.

चढालिन s.m. The female of Chandal.

चिन्ति s. f. The goddess Durga.

चकोकुस्म s. m. Red Oleander.

sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthen pots joined tegether.

चतरा है adj. Wise, intelligent, cun-चतुरा है ning, clever.

watt s.f. A canopy, veil, a parasol; a tent, a pavilion.

Tot adj. Cunning dexterous, ingenious, clever, sly, shrewd, wise, knowing, intelligent, expert, adroit, sagacious; four.

चतुरता s. f. Cunning, cleverness, slyness, wisdom, knowledge. [lar.

Total adj. Four-cornered, quadrangu-

ৰৱ্য odj. Wise, intelligent, cunning clever, expert.

ness, wisdom, knowledge, evpertness.

चतुरेंगी adj. The 14th day of the moon's चतुर्भन adj. Having four hands, an

epithet of Vishnu.

चतुम्जी adj. f. Having four hands, an epithet of Deni.

ৰনুৰ্যু s. m. The deity Brahm.

Yugs or ages of the Hindus.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰী s. m. The aggregate of four ব্যাম objects of human wishes, viz. virtue, love, wealth, and final and final beatitude. [ meet.

चतुपव s. m. A place where four roads

चतुषह s. m. \ Verse, the metre of । चन्यस्य s. m. Eclipse of the moon. चतुषदी s. f. stanzas, especially con-. sisting of four pads or lines.

चतुपदा s. m. An animal with four legs, a quadruped.

चन s. f. A kind of sugar-cane.

The bursting of husk of a seed by exposure to the sun.

चनका v. n. To burst and fall out ( as a seed from the husk ).

चना s. m. A kind of pulse, chickpea (Cicer arietinum), vetches.

चनेट s. f. Spices given to cattle, drags for oxen.

चद s. m. The moon, Chaud-mukh, s. m. A bright face or beautiful as the moon. Chand-mukhe, or Chand-bad-· sni, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

कार्य s. m. Sandal-wood or tree ( Sirum myrtifolium ).

चन्ता adj. Bald. s. m. Baldness.

चन्ता s. m. A small canopy, an awning. चन्दा s. m. Assessment, contribution,

subscription.

चित्या s. f. The crown of the head.

चन्दोस है s.m. A tribe of Rapputs who claim descent from the moon.

चन्दीका adj. Silvery, white.

s.f. Name of a place.

चर सी s. f. Cambric (made at Chandel). 可爱 s. m. The moon.

चद्रकला s. f. A digit, or one-sixteen th part of the moon's orb or diameter.

ৰন্ধনান s.m. A fabulous, gem, supposed to be formed of the congelation of the rays of the moon: a kind of crystal may perhaps be meant.

चन्द्रगत s. m. The Registrar of Jam's court. moon.

चन्दनोल s.m. The orb or sphere of the

चन्द्रभागा s. f. The name of a river, the Chenab one of the five streams of the Panjab Chandr-bhag, The name of a mountain, part of the Himslaya range, where the river is said to have its source.

चन्द्रमधि s. ne. The moongem.

बद्रमञ्ज s. m. The orb or disc of the the lunar sphere.

च्यमा s.m. The moon.

चन्द्रीचा ...f. A digit of the moon.

चन्द्रीयु s. m. A plagiarist, a poetical thief.

बद्धींचा ३. f. A plant (Serratula anthelmintica); a digit of the moon.

चन्द्रवंशो s. m. A descendant of the moon; the name of a tribe of Khattris who claim descent from the moon.

चन्द्रवहरी s. f. A kind of Asclepias ( 🛦 acida ).

चन्द्रवाचा s. f. Large cardamoms.

पहिचा . f. Moonlight; a small fish ( Zeus oblongus ).

चन्द्रोद्य s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread ever the large open courts of Hindu houses, &c., upon festival occasions; moon-rise; a kind moon of collyrium.

चन्द्रीपल s. m. Moon-gem.

चन्द्र s. m. Cress, cresses ( L pidium sotivum).

चपकन s. f. A kind of vest, a sort of coat. (Chapkander, s. m. A vest like a chapkan.

चपद्मना v. n. To collapse.

चपवा s. m. Caprimulgus.

जपनामा v. n. To make adhere, to stick on; to compress; to threaten.

चपटना v. म. To be flattened. पपटा adj. Flattened, compressed shal-

चपटाना v. a. To flatten.

প্ৰতিষ্ঠা e. f. Name of an insect.

चनक्षप् s. m. An imitative sound of the noise of the mouth in eating.

चप्ना v. s. To flee, run away; to desist, deny.

प्पष्: s. m. A kind of lac; clear land.

चपड़ाक vdj. Brazen-faced. s. m. Slippers.

चप्राना ७. ज. To falsify, to brazen.

चपहो s. f. Cakes of cow-dung.

ful in company, to blush, submit, stoop; to be crushed or squeezed.

the knee-pan. Chapni-bhar pani-men dub marna (lit. to drown one's self in saucerfull of water), To be greatly abashed. Chapni chatni, (lit. to lick the pot-lid), To be contented with little. [badge.

चपराच s. f. A buckle, breastplate, clasp, चपराची s. m. A messenger or other servant wearing a chaptas.

ing; wavering, unsteady; swift, expeditions; wanton, restless, volatile; adv. Swiftly.

चपवता s.f. Fickleness, inconstancy.

The goddess Lakshni or fortune; lightning; a whore.

चपवासक adj. Of a fickle or inconstant nature. [ bread.

चपाना s. f. A thin cake of unleavened चपाना v. a. To abash; to place one thing or another, to pile.

the fingers extended. s. f. A slap, a blow; a sudden misfortune, risk.

चपेट s. m. A slap, a blow; a bastard. adj. Illegitimate.

चपीटी s.m. An old worn-out turban. चप्पन s.m. A lid or cover of a pot (large).

चणव 8. f. A slipper.

won s. m. A handbreadth.

will s.f. Kneading the limbs.

marka, v. s. To row.

ৰদাৰ s. f. A place surrounded with marshes and mire.

चन्नोइच्ही इ.f. Cartilage, gristle.

चवलागा v. c. To chew slowly.

चवनाना v. c. To cause to chew, &c.

THE s. f. Mastication.

masticate, bite (the lip) Chabs chabs har bat korni, To speak with study or preparation; also, reserve or haughtily or scornfully.

चवावखा adj. Childish, boyish.

ৰব্বা s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on; custom-house; a police office.

चिना s. m. } Parched grain to exercise चनेनी s.f. } the teeth with when more substantial food is not at hand, चभव s.f. String.

gleam. Chamak-tamak, s. f. Splendour, refulgence, glitter.

चमचता adj. Bright, glittering.

चनका v. n. To glitter, shine, flash, glare, startle; to prosper; to be angry.

प्रभवाना v. s. To cause to glitter; to provoke, to make to startle; to wave, brandish, flourish, brighten, burnish; to display.

বৰ্ষাহ s. f. Glitter, splendour, and light, brilliancy, flourish, brightness.

चमनाद**ए** s. m. } चमनोद्**ए** s. m. } A bat. चमगुद्**र्जा** s. f. }

वसवस्था adf. Lean, meagre. s. m. A bat. वसवसाना v. n. To tingle; to sleep; to sparkle, shame, glitter. चनचगाहर s.f. Brightness.

THE S. m. Leather, a hide, a skin, the skin. Chamra udherna, or,—Chhurána. or,—nikáina, To flay, to skin.

\*\*

चनत्वार s. f. A sort of grass; haste.
s. m. Amazement; astonishment,
surprise.

चनत्कारी *odj*. Astonishing, sagacious, acute, unusual, surprising.

चनत्क्रम adj. Surprised, astonished.

Tibet cow's tail or Sura-gao, the Yak or Bos grunniens.

समरच s. f. The apparatus of a spinning wheel; (met.) a lean woman.

चनरवनली s.f. A bittern.

चनरा s. m. A hide, leather, skin.

ৰন্ধী s. f. The Yak or Bos grunniens, of whose tail-hairs the chours, is most usually made.

पमरनी s. f. A woman who works with leather, shoemaker's wife.

for drinking the juice of the acid asclepias, a kind of ladle or spoon; a plant commonly called Khetpopra (Molluyo pentaphylla).

जनाई odj. Copper-coloured.

ঘনাক s. f. Slippers or shoes fixed to pattens.

স্পাৰ্ s. m. A worker in leather, s shoe-maker, cobbler, a tanner, s currier.

चनारी s. f. Female of Chamár.

चन् s.f. An army; a squadron, a division of an army. [ cattle.

चन्द्रन s. m. A tick or louse infesting चनेटा s. m. Box, thump, blow.

चमीटा s. m. चमीटी s. f. } A razor-strop.

चन्य s. m. Mountain ebony ( Bauhinia variegats ).

चन्पई adj. Orange coloured.

व्यक् है s. m. A tree bearing a yellow चित्रा है fragrant flower (Michelia champaca), a division of the jack fruit.

विषया adj. Of the colour of the champa flower, i. e. gold-coloured.

चन्द्रशीना v. n. To vanish, disappear, scamper off, run away.

grant flower (Michelia champaca). Champai, adj. Of the colour of champa.

পাৰতা s. f. A necklace, each piece of which resembles the unblown flowers of the champa.

चम्पकेला s. m. A small kind of plantain.

चन्यावती s.f. The district of Champa or Bhagalpore (abounding in ebony trees). बन्धे adj. Orange-coloured.

subject is continued through alterna-

tions in the composition of prose and verse. [khand.

ৰন্ধ s. f. Name of a river in Bundel-বন্ধ s. m. A tribe of beggars who cut or scarify their skin.

s. m. A narrow-necked vessel for holding water.

चने सी s. f. A flower (Jasminum grandiflorum ).

चयन s. m. चमला s. m. चमली s. f

a heap, a collection; a mound of earth, raised to form the foundation of a building; a rampart or mound of earth, raised from the ditch of a fort.

चयन v. Gathering.

wt s.m. A ford, shoal, island; sound made by tearing cloth, &c.; a wag-

22-77

tail; forage, pasture; food. adj. Removeable, moveable, locomotive, moving, going; animate.

medicine, applied also to the work; leprosy.

age for cattle, elephant keeper's underling.

leporsy). s. m. A small wound, scratch,

चरको उ. m. A leper.

\*\*\* s. m. A wheel, celestial sphere.

TIS. m. A spinning-wheel, a reel.

pully; the instrument with which the seed is separated from the cotton.

any one by plastering sandal-wood, &c. all over him, to apply (perfumes to the body).

चरचर s. m. Prating, chattering; an imitative sound.

waves adj. Talkative, chattering.

waverer v. n. To crackle ( as wood in the fire ), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide, scold, fret.

चरचेला s. m. A chatterer a prater.

s. m. An imitative sound ( as of carriage, wheel, &c. ); idle prattle.

चरचैत s. m. A rensoner, a mentioner.

चरट s. m. A wagtail.

shoes, feeding, grazzing.

चरचंकमल s. m. A lotus-like foot.

चरवचित्र s. m A foot mark.

चरणपतन s. m. Prostration, falling at the feet. [ feet.

चरचपतित adj. Prostrate, fallen at the चरचपादका s. f. A wooden shoe, footstool. चरचपींड s. m. A wooden shoe.

चरपरक s.f. Dust of the feet.

चरणसरीज s. m. A lotus-like foot. चरचसेवा s. f. Service, devotion.

चर्याभर्य s. m. An ornament on the feet.

s. m. Ambrosia of the feet प्राचित्र र्रे (implied in the expression), the water with which an idol or a Brahman's feet have been washed. Charanamrit lena, v. n. To wash the feet of a guest and sip the water.

चरती s. m. One who does not fast.

भरन s. m. A foot; the feet of a verse; shoes.

परना v. n. To graze, to feed, s. m. Half. trowsers. Charna charhána, v. s. To put on half, trowsers.

s. m. Ambrosia of the feet বংশীৰে s. m. Ambrosia of the feet average (implied in the expression), the water with which an idol or a Brahman's feet have been washed. Choranamrit leno, v. o. To wash the feet of a guest and sip the water.

चरपर adj. Acrid, hot.

smart (in conversation).

चरपराना v. n. To smart.

चरपराष्ट्र s. f. Smarting, pungency.

चरपरिया adj. Active, ingenious.

चरफर s. m. Activity, cleverness, quickness.

चरपरा adj. Active, clever, quick.

चरवराण्गे s. f. Dexterity, expertness, activity.

चरवाना v. a. To brace a drum.

चरम adj. Last, ultimate, final; west, western.

चरवाई s.f. Price paid for pasturage.

feeder. A grazier, shepherd,

चरवाड़ी s.f. The wages of a grazier, the occupation of a grazier.

The exudation of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucked, an urn.

THIS. m. A hide, a skin.

आराई ह. f. The price paid for pasturage; grazing, feeding, pasturage.

TIME s. m. An animal that grazes.

shaking, trembling, unsteady; sky, atmosphere; heaven.

salt-marsh or meadow by the seashore.

ৰংগো v. s. To graze, pasture, feed.

TITE s. m. Pasture-land.

ৰাবৈ s. m. Fixed institute, proper or peculiar observance.

vance or conduct; story, adventure, nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage, quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

s. f. Unripe corn cut for the food of cattle. adj. Moveable, locomotive; trembling, shaking, unsteady.

चबरें s.f. A small earthen pot.

TTTI s. m. A large pot,

🕶 🛪 s. m. An arguer.

का ना न. a. To consider, reflect, apprehend, conceive.

TY . m. Prating, chattering; an imitative sound.

the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

mention. mentioning, recapitulating former occurrences, inquiry, investigation; argument, report, discourse, discussion, consideration, careful perusal, prevalence, engagedness, attention to business; adoration; perfuming by smearing the whole body with sandal-wood, &c.

ৰাজা s. m. A chattering, a prater.
বাজা s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner.
বাজ s. m. Leather, a skin, a hide;

প্ৰাৰ s. m. A shoe-maker, a currier or worker in leather.

वर्मवटका है . f. A bat.

चर्नेवती । s. f. A river that runs across वर्गेवती । Bandelkhand into the ganges, the modern Chambal.

चनेतर s. m. A wrinkle, a fold of skin. चनेत s. m. Skin, hide, bark, &c. ; a shield.

क्मेंबर } odj. Leather, made of leather.

चर्नार s. m. A worker in leather.

च्या : f. Perseverance in religious austerities ; due and regular observance of all rites or customs.

Tis. m. Thunder.

चरोंना v. a. To burst ; to ache, to smart. चर्लच s. m. Chewing, masticating.

of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucket, an urn.

departure from truth, failure in the performance of a promise or accomplishment if a prediction. Chal dena, v. s. To march (as an army); to beguile. [or departure.

ৰক্ষাৰ e.m. Preparation for journey বল্লিৰ adj. Fickle, inconsant. s. m. Fickleness, mutability. चणिता s. f. Fickleness, unsteadiness, inconstancy.

चलत s. m. Passable.

चलत adj. Current ; saleable, vendible.

fruit (Dillenia indica part act. Going. Chalti chiz, s. f. Saleable goods, passable coin, &c.

चलती adj. Ready (under).

चेखदल s. m. The holy fig tree.

चन s. m. Habit, custom, process. course, fashion, conduct, behaviour; ceremony; currency. adj. Current. Chalan chalna, v. a. To behave.

শ্ৰণনা adj. Saleable, vendible.

adj. Current, in use, chslan har, about to go, to pass away.

To move, go, proceed, walk, go off, pass ( as coin ), be discharged ( a gun, &c. ), to blow, flow, drive; behave; sail, work, answer, succeed, avail, last, serve, stand. Chal-nikalna, To turn out vicious, to exceed bounds. Chale chalna, To go along. Chala jana, To go along, be off, depart.

पंतरी s. f. A sieve. adj. Current, usual, fashionable.

चलपेर s. m. Motion.

ৰত্বিৰত s. m. Error, mistake.

चलविधरा adj. Restive.

चलविधराइट s. f. Restiveness.

ৰক্ষা s. f. A kind of fish (Clupea cultrata).

Twis adj. Going; frail, inconstant, fickle; on the point of death.

কাৰেল 
s. f. The bustle of setting
worden
out on a journey, &c. setting about any thing. adj. Tremulous, unsteady; moveable and stationary.

TTT 8. f. Clearance; remittance.

चवाना v. a. To impel, set a going, make to go or pass, to drive, actuate, direct; to fire a musket or cannon, shoot at, do, hasten, forward, send, accustom, act. advance utter, throw, thrust, use, walk.

ৰজাৰ s. m. Habit, custom. [custom. adia s. m. Movement, motion, going, বলাৰ adj. Active, brisk.

चित्र adj. Current, usual; shaking, trembling; gone, departed.

খলিব s. m. Nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, metion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage, quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

चित्रको *adj.* Gay, sportive, changeable, inconstant, affected.

taken up in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth.

चलुक s. m. The hand hollowed as for holding a little water, &c.; a small pot, a gallipot, &c.; a handful of water.

चर्नेन्द्रय adj. Sensitive, sensual, . not having subdued senses or passions.

चली interj. Away ! begone !

चर्चीना s. m. A small stick with which the spinning-wheel is turned.

चवाई s. m. Reporter, backbiter.

चवाचा s. m. A chair, a sedan.

चवाब s. m. A report, slander.

ৰবি s. f. The pepper plant which yields long pepper.

चित्रों } (Piper chavya).

with, a wine glass, &c.; any drinking vessel; spirituous liquor.

चवति s. m. Decay, infirmity.

THE s.f. Pain, aching, throbbing pains a stitch ( sharp lancinating pain).

चमदना v. n. To throb, to ache.

habit, custom. [cloth].

Ten v. n. To burst or split (as light to the palms of the hand and soles of the feet, said to be occasioned by insects.

चहकना v. n. To whistle (as birds).

smarting of a wound, &c., by the application of a medicine. Chahak lagana, To burn the skin slightly by fomenting.

चडकार s. f. Singing or chirping of birds. चडकारना v. n. To sing or chirp (birds). चडकेट a-ij. Brawny, stout.

TETET adj. Deeply-coloured.

assets s. f. The singing or chirping of birds.

चहचहाना v. n. To sing or chirp as birds. चहचहिता s. m. A whistler.

ৰছৰৰা v. a. To be fatigued, to be tired. বছৰবছৰ s. f. Jollity, merriment, cheer, mirth.

ৰাছিই adv. Becoming; necessary, expe-ৰছী s.f. Warbling.

sides. Chahûn-or, adv. On all sides.

TE fee adj. Circumjacent, all round.

Opthalmia.

बडपाई । s. f. A sort of metre consist-चीपाई ing of four (पद) lines.

Art s. m. A low class of Hindus; the seed of tamarind.

बाई जर्द हैं s.f. Scaldhead.

चांगला s. m. A colour in horses.

ৰাইৰা v. s. To press, to squeeze.

चांड } s. f. A. prop.

wits. m. The moon; the crown of the head; a white spot in the forehead of cattle, and many other things which are moon-like; an ornament; a month (lunar); target (shoot at). Chand chhipána, To change as the meon. Chand rát, End of the month Chánd-tara, A robe made of flowering muslin, &c. Chánd márna. To fire at a mark. Chánd neh khet kiya, The moon has risen.

चांदना s m. Light. Chándnapakh, s. m. The light fortnight of the moon,

with s. f. The moon-beams, moon-light; name of a flower; a white cloth spread over a carpet; any thing white and shining, Chándni-chouk, s. m. A wide and public street or market Chándi ka mars jana, v. n. To be affected with a disease supposed to proceed from a stroke of the moon (a horse).

বাহা s.m. A subscription to raise a certain sum, an assessment, quota, share.

चांदी s. f. Silver ( pure ), plate; the crown of the head.

the rack. Champ charhana, To cock a gun; to punish or torment by squeezing the ear with the lock of a gun.

चांपना v. a. To join; to stuff, cram, thrust in press.

चांबस s. m. Rice.

vi s. f. Tea. s. m. Chédan, Teapot.

s. m. Eagerness, desire, pleasure.

पाडर s. m. Rice.

with s. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste.

with s. m. A potter's wheel; rings of earth forming a well; a mill-stone, mill.

जाकी s. f. A mill-stone, a mill; grinder.

The blue jay.

चायना v. a. To taste, relish, enjoy.

ৰামৰা s. m. A colour in horses.

play at the festival of the holi; a fair or assemblage of people collected after the holi. [brother.

TITE s. m. Paternal uncle, father's wife, aunt.

जायका s. m. Unsteadiness.

wiz s.f. Longing, wish, itch, relish, taste; habit, custom; a delicacy, a bonne bouche. Chat-lena. To lick up.

.भाटना v. a. To lick, to lap.

चादी s. f. A churn.

wie s. f. Turf; a hurt, a wound, a knock; a lever.

Tibe, a Parish, an outcaste.

जान्याची s. f. A woman of the same tribe.

(Cuculus melano-leucus).

MINTS. m. A large net, a seine.

shrewd, wise, knowing, cunning, sly;

भारति s.f. Dexterity, ability, clevemess. महर्षे s.m. Cunning, shrewdness, signess. भारति s.m. The aggregate of the four original casts, the Brakman, Khattri, Vaguss, and Sudr.

angles s. m. The priest, &c. yersed in the four Veds.

ground to receive a burnt-offering; any hole in the ground.

lunar month; the light fortnight, or half month during which the moon is on the increase. sdj. Lunar.

चान्द्रभावा s. f. A river in the Panjab, the Chenab.

ৰাজুৰায় s.m. The constellation Mirgsira; star in Orion.

observance, regulated by the moon's age; diminishing the daily consumption of food every day, by one mouthful, for the dark half of the month, and increasing it in like manner during the light half.

चाप s. m. A bow. [folis],
चापपट s. m. A tree (Buchanasia lati-चापच s. m. A tree (literally or metaphorically).

चापान्द s. m. A kind of fishing net.

বাৰণা v. c. To chew, masticate, gnaw. Cháb cháb báten karni, To mince one's words, to speak little or haughtily.
যাবী s. m. A key.

বাসত্যাহলা v. a. To crunch to crush. বান s. m. Hide, skin, leather. Chám ks dam chalana, v. a. To stretch to the utmost a temporary authority.

পালত s. m. The tail of the Bos grunniens, used to whisk off flies, &c.

चानरपुष s.m. The beteinut tree (Arecs faufel or catechu).

चामीबर s. m. Gold.

palm (four inches). Char-ungal, s. m. A palm (four inches). Char-ungli s.f. Hand's-breadth, Char-bisi, s.f. Four-



score. Chartuk, adj. Broken (into | Willet adj. Fortieth; (hence) the four pieces ).

चारनुषा adj. Four-fold.

TITE s. m. A dancer or mimic, a kind of bard, reciter or panegyrist.

चारपच s. m. A meeting of two roads.

ৰাবোৰ s. m. The head of a tribe of Atheists.

चारा ३. ग्र. Forage, fodder, food for cattle, buit for fish; a young plant. Chars dálna, To bait.

বাৰ adj. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, elegant.

चार्वाव s. m. A sophist, a philosopher ; one acquainted with the doctrines of the schools, a sceptic in many matters of Hindu faith, and considered by the orthodox as an atheist or materialist.

ৰাৰ্কী s. f. A beautiful woman, a beauty; understanding, intellect; moonlight; light, splendor.

ৰাৰ s. m. The thatch or roof of a house. s. f. A colour in horses, roan; gait, motion, movement, pace, procedure, habit, custom, practice, method, way. Chál pakarna, To prevail. Chál chalna, To behave. Chál dhál, s. f. Gait, motion procedure, manners, behaviour, breeding, politeness. Chal wilna, To smell a rat.

चालक adj. Laxative.

বাৰৰ s. m. A sieve, a strainer.

चालना v. a. To sift. v. n. To be mischievous. Chalanhar, A sifter.

चालनो s. f. A sieve, a strainer.

বালত s. f. A fish, a sort of sprat ( Clapea calirata).

বাৰা s. m. Motion, departure ; (met. ) a lucky moment. नाकी adj. Rognish, wicked, mischiev-चालीस adj. Forty.

fortieth day after child-birth, death of a relation, &c.

वाबीसा s. m. A dimness of sight which is supposed to come on at forty years of age, and often to be removed on approaching the forty-eighth fiftieth year; the fortieth year of any era, or of the century.

बाबीबी s.f. Quarantine kept after the death of a relation, child-birth &c.

বাৰ s. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste, desire; a measure equal to four fingers; a kind of bamboo. Chao-chochla, or Cheo-choz, Fondness, endearment, fondling and toying.

चावड़ी s. f. Name of a bazar in Delki. বাৰল s. m. Rice ( cleared of the husk

and not dressed ).

THE s. f. Ploughing. Chás korna, and Chasna, To plough.

चासा इ. m. A ploughman, a husbandman. TIE s. f. Desire, wish, love, liking, affection, choice, want appetite. Chuhchit, or Chah-o-choz, Love, affection, dalliance.

ৰামৰ adj. Affectionate.

বাছন s. f. Desire, will, wishing, volition, love, liking.

ৰাছৰা ৩. a. To love, like, desire, wish for, will, want, demand, choose, need, require, pary, approve, ask for, crave, attempt, try, to see, look to, look for.

বাষা s. f. Love, affection, will.

चाइावड़ी s. f. The love of one's country. বাষীৰ adv. Necessary, becoming, requisite.

चाडीता वर्ताः Agreeable, desirable, beloved. s. m. A sweetheart, one beloved, a darling.

ा पाणोती s. f. A mistress, a sweetheart.

चाही imper. Chouse, either, or.

made of split bamboos.

fact s. m. A kind of tassar cloth.

feast adj. Filthy, greasy. s. m. An oil merchant.

smooth; beautiful (person); greasy, oily, fat glossy, slippery; incontinent, lewd, wanton, Chikna basan, or, —ghara banna, To be incontinent, incorrigible, deaf to admonition. Chikna chand, adj. Beautiful. Chikni joru, s. f. A slippery wife Chikni supari, s. f. A kind of betel-nut prepared by boiling, Chikni surat, adj. Prosperous, affluent flourishing. Chikni mitti, s. f. Clay.

चित्रगाई s. f. Fat of meat; wantonness; gloss, smoothness, polish.

चित्रज्ञाना v. s. To clean, polish, smooth, lubricate, sleek.

বিষ্ণায়ত s. f. Cleanness, glossiness, sleekness, smoothness, polish; greasiness; beauty.

चिक्रानिया s. m. Beau, spark.

বিজ্ঞানা v. a. To masticate, to chew ( slowly ).

चिकारना v. n. To squeak.

full s.m. A kind of antelope found on the banks of the Jamna; a kind of fiddle.

বিশানী s. f. An insect like a musquito; smut ( obscenity ).

বিদ্যালয়ৰ s. m. . A physician, a practiser in medicine.

বিশিক্ষা s.f. The practice of medicine, healing, curing, administering or applying remedies, attendance of a yhysician on a patient.

चिकिन adj. Flat-nosed.

বিশ্বিৰ s. m. Mud, mire.

fagt s. m. Hair; a lock of hair.

चित्रस adj. Rashly criminal, inconsiderately guilty, punishing or injuring others without consideration.

चित्रीरमा v. a. To peck.

বিশ্বীবা adj. Restless, inconstant.

चिक्क s. m. A musk rat.

বিশ্বত adj. Filthy, covered with grease and dirt.

বিষয় adj. Bland, soft, mild, unctuous, emollient.

विक्यों s. f. The betel-nut.

(person) greasy, oily; incontinent, lewd, wanton.

चिक्स . m. Barley meal.

चिका s.f. A mouse.

বিশিষ্ট adj. Bland, unctuous, emollient.
বিশী s. f. A rotten betel-nut. adj.
Flat-nosed.

चित्र 8. m. Weed.

चिसुरना v. a. To weed.

विष्री s.f. A squirrel.

বিশ্বত s. m. বিশ্বতা s. m. বিশ্বতা s. f.

चिङ्गनी 8. f. } A chicken.

বিশ্বী s. f. A spark of (fire); a wicked dwarf Chingi jharni, or,—Ohhutno, or,—nikalno, To sparkle.

fueld s. w. Scream, screech, clafueld: mour. Chingharen marns, To scream, Chinghárna, v. n. To scream, to screech (applied properly to the elephant).

বিষয়ী s. f. A tick or louse. ( of dogs and sheep ).

বিৰৱা s. m. A Vegetable ( Beto vulgaris).

चिचियामा s. m. To squeak, shrick, bleat.

Paz s. m. Rag, scrap. Chit ukharna v.a. Yo splinter or have small pieces knocked of furniture.

বিহলা s.m. A kind of grass or grain; mucus, slime.

বিত্রাবা s. m. A speck, a scar; a clack with the tongue occasioned by an acrid taste. Chitkára lagana, To brand. বিহুৱা s. m. Sunshine.

বিহা adj. White, fair. s.m. A silver coin. Chitta ukharna, v. a. To splinter or knock small pieces off furniture.

বিষ্টা s. f. The hen of the little birds called Amadovades ( Fringilla amandaes ).

paid, or the pay of servants of the state.

বিত্তী s. f. A note, a letter, a billet Talab chitthi, s. f. A summons. Chitthipati, chiithipattar, s.f. Epistolary correspondence.

for s.m. Vexation; irritation; aversion, antipathy. Chir nikslna, To banter.

বিশ্ববিশ্বা s. m. A plant (Achyranthes aspera). adj. Cross, peevish, crabbed, fretful.

বিৰ্থিকাছত s. f. Pcevishness, fretfulness. বিৰ্থা v. n. To be vexed, to vex, to be irretated, to fret, to be provoked.

चिक्षिक्। adj. Fiery, hot (as pepper), acrid.

विकृषिकृष्टि ...f. Acrimony.

Tagis. m. A sparrow. Chiri, s. f. A hen-sparrow.

चित्रामा v. a. To vex, irritate, mock, provoke, offend, gibe, jeer.

fulful s.f. A bird, a hen-sparrow (a generic term), a sparrow; a kind of sewing. Chiriyah-khanah, s.m. An aviary.

चिन्नीसार s. m. A bird-catcher, a fowler. चिन्न s. f. Abhorrence, abomination, dislike, vexation, provocation.

বিনাঃ. f. Thought, consideration, reflection, anxiety. [xious.

Trans. f. Intellect, understanding, mind, life, soul, heart, memory; look, glance, sense. Chit-chae, Pleasing to the mind, satisfactory, what the heart desires. Chit-chora, Heart-stealer, heart-stealing or heart-alluring. Chit dens, To pay attention. Chit karns, To make up one's mind. Chit lagan, adj. Amusing, pleasant. Chit lana; v. n. To be attentive, attached, apply to.

Two adj. Supine, lying, flat on the back.

Chit karns, To throw (one's adversary) on his back (a term in wrestling),
to discomfit, over-come in battle.

चितवारा } odj. Piebald, speekled, spot-

খিনসা v. n. To look, see, behold, appear, to be painted.

चितरना v. s. To paint.

Sion of the moon (Spice Virginis).

चितवा adj. Piebald, peckled, spotted.

चितवन s. f. A sight, a look, a glance.

বিবছত s.f. Reluctance, repugnance.

चिता है s. f. A funeral pile.

funta adj. Supine, (applied to animated beings).

pile has been, a mansoleum, a montiment.

বিবাৰ 
ত a. To caution. warn, apprize, inform, advise, suggest, remind, intimate, alarm.

चितावनी s. f. A token; admonition, warning.

23-23

िचतेरा s. m. A person who paints flowers, &c. on wood, a painter.

বিনীনা v.a. To see, to look at, to behold. বিনয়াৰ s. m. A cry, a scream.

ing, the heart considered as the seat of intellect.

चित्रप्रसम्बद्धाः s. f. Happiness, gaiety, joy. चित्रप्रवृत्त dj. Kind-hearted, amiable.

বিদাবিধন s. m. Madness, derangement.

বিদা s. m. A medicinal plant (Plumbago zeylanica); application of a blister.
adj. White.

পিনানীৰ s. m. Consciousness of pleasure or pain, the attention of the mind to its own sensations.

full s. f. A scar, spot, freckle, &c.; a kind of serpent; a cowri worn smooth by rubbing. Chittidar, adj. Speckled. Chitti lana, To scar.

বিষয় s. m. A monument, or any mark of the scite of a funeral pile.

faur s.f. A funeral pile.

Two v. a. A picture, painting, delineation, writing, &c.; a circular ornsment, a sectarial mark on the forehead.

বিৰুদ্ধ s. m. A portrait-painter, a paint-বিৰুদ্ধ s. f. Portrait-painting, painting. বিৰুদ্ধ s. m. A mountain in Bundelkhand, the modern Comptsh, and first habitation of Rams in his exile.

चित्रसः .m. A portrait painter, a painter. चित्रसुप्त s. m. A name of Jom; Jam's registrar.

বিষয়ের .f. A small bird, the Myna, বিষয়ের s.f. A creeper (Cissus pedata); a kind of metre.

বিষদ্যিকা ) s. f. A plant (Hemionites বিষদ্যী ) cordifolio); Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth). [called. বিষদাহা s. f. The Myns, a small bird so

বিবিৰিৰ adj. Of various colemn, বিবৰিৰিৰ variegated.

चित्रनीजन s.m. Change of diet, eating of unusual food. [colour

খিনৰ s. m. Variegated or spetted (the খিননাৰা s. f. A gallery of pictures, a picture-room.

fam s.f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon ( Spica Virginis), adj. variegated, spotted, speckled.

( Plumbago zeylanica ); yellow orpiment; vermilion.

चमनी s. f. The second ( Hands ) division of women.

चित्रका s.m. A rag, tatter.

नियादिया adj. Tattered, ragged, clothed in rags.

विकादना v. a. To tear to pieces; to fill a paper with writing or scribbling; to abuse, revile, treat with indignity.

चिमग s. f. Ardor urina,

चित्रमणा ७. म. To throb, to shoot ( का क boil, gc. ); to cry, to screech.

चिनगारी s.f. A spark ( of fire ).

বিদানী s. f. A spark ( af fire ); wicked dwarf. Chingi jharni. or, —chhutna, or,—nikalna, To sparkle.

चिनचिनाना . n. To scream, squeak, squall,

चिन्तन s. m. Study.

चिनाना v. a. To study, to think.

ৰিকা s. f. Reflection, consideration, recollection, care, doubt, danger, rick, anxiety, thought, peril.

বিশান্তৰ adj. Disturbed in thought or distracted by any idea.

विकाना v. a. To cause to study.

चिनापर adj. Thoughtful, anxious.

বিশাদাৰ s. m. A fabulous gem, supposed to yield its possessor whatever may be required.

বিষয়ৰ edj. Thinking, thoughtful.
বিষয়ৰ s. m. Council-house or room.
বিষয়ৰ edj. Thoughtful, anxious, reflective.

[thinking.
বিশাষা s. f. Reflection, consideration,
বিষয় s. m. A kind of grain (Panieum
mitioesum).

fes s. m. A sear, mark, spot, stain, sign, symbol, token by which any thing is known, feature. signature. Chinh charhana, To stigmatize.

বিয়াৰ s.m. } An acquaintance.

to spread or sink (as ink an damp paper); to be compressed. Chipak jana, To fall in love at first sight.

चिपचिपा adj. Clammy, viscid, glutinous; adhesive:

विषयिपाना है v. ff. To adhere, to cohere, विषटना to stick.

चिपचिपास्ट s. f. Viscosity, glutinousness, tenacity, stickness.

निपटा बर्गुः. Clammy, viscous, glutinous. निपटाचा बः दः To sod, turf, to apply patches, stick.

चित्रकास adj. Bleared ( as the eyes ). चित्रको s.f. Small cakes of dried cowdung.

चिपना . s. To be concealed.

चिष्ण adj. Shallow, s.f. Name of a bird. चिष्ण s. m. A sparrow-hawk.

A patch on paper.

चिवानका adj. Childish, boyish.

feffett | sdj. Unpolite, childish, boyish. Chibillapan, s. m. Boyishness, childishness.

विशेष इ. त. The chin. [age. विभावना इ. ल. Oil become viscous by विभावना है v. n. adhere, to stick. Chi-विभावना है mat rahna, v. n. To cleave to. चिसटा a.m. Tengs, forceps.

चिमटाना v. n. To adhere, to cling to:

चिमही सादना v. a. To pinch.

चित्रडा adj. Elastic, tough.

भिनम् adj. Tough, ductile, flexible, hardy. [dustility.

चिनकार अ. f. Power, vigour, flexibility,

বিষয়ার v. ম. To toughen, grow tough. বিষয়ায়ত s.f. Toughness, flexibility.

चिमको adj. Infrangible (sequill for instance), hard. [keeping).

ভিষয় adj. Glutinous (as oil by longe ভিষয় a.m. A parrot; a plant, from the fibres of which coarse cloth and rope are made.

fax adj. Long ( time ).

चिरंकी adj. Long-lived.

चिरका v. a. To have a scanty stool.

चिरकारी adj. Dilatory, tedious, slow.

ways, eternally, Chirkel se, adv.
Long ago.

चिरकट s. m, A bit, a piece, a rag.

चिरकृतिया ब्लो. s. m. A. tatterdemalione ragged,

चिरमिया adfa Dilatory, tedious, slow.

FIGURE m. A modicinal, plant (Achy-ranthes appera); a child.

the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

factories, f. Peevishness, fretfulness.

चिरजीवना v. n. To be long-lived.

चिरजीवी adj. Long-lived.

चिस्सीविन s. m. A. crow; vishnu adj. Long-lived.

gle, who continues to reside after maturity in her father's home a young woman.

বিবলিয়াত, m. A kind of Gentian (Getiana Cherayta). বিষয় adj. Old, ancient, antiquated, বিষয়ের long, lasting

বিৰোগ v. n. To be torn or split, to split. বিৰোগ v. a. To cause to tear or te be torn.

चिर्त्यायी adj. Long enduring, lasting or remaining, for a long time.

facts s. f. The smell of burning leather, hair, &c.

বিষয়ে v. a. To cause to tear or be torn, cause to split.

[a Divinity. fৰায় adj. Long-lived. s m. A Deity, বিশ্বি t.f. A woman staying in her father's house.

ৰিবীলী s. f. Nut of the Chironjia sapids, and the tree.

ৰিবীৰ s. f. Beseeching, begging, requesting.

বিবৰ s.f. Refulgence, glitter.

चित्रका v. n. To glitter, to shine.

বিত্তবিভাগ v. n. To shriek, scream, screech.

বিজ্ঞানা adj. Lousy.

चित्रम s. m. The part of a hukka which contains the tobacco and fire.

বিষয়নী s. f. A wash-hand bason of metal with a cover to it; part of a hukks fixed under the chilam.

the glare, a venetian-blind, a lattice.

चित्रानिच s. m. A shutter.

चित्रहता adj. Splashy, muddy, slimy. चित्रहोरना v. a. To peck.

चिचित्र s.f. Twitch, stitch.

বিষয় s. m. The Bengal kite (Falco chila).
বিষয়ে s. f. A louse. Chillar marna.
v. a. To louse.

put in the borders of a turban. Chilla khynchna, v. a. To bend a bow; to prepare for battle. Chilla charhans, v. a. To bend a bow. विज्ञाना र. n. To scream. shriek, roar, bawl, bellow, cry out, exclaim.

familes s. f. Cry, out-cry, scream.

a blockhead, one who plays mischierous prank.

resting of which is said to produce madness); screaming like a kite.

বিছালা ৩. a. To embellish, decorate. বিছিল্লা ৩. m. Warbling of the nightingale, &c.; the sound of fireworks.

fax s. m. A mark of any kind, a spot, stain, sign, symbol, &c.; a banner, s standard, a symptom.

बोंडी s. f. Small ant. [upon. बोंबना v. n. To be bruised by being trod बोकटा s. m. Large black ant.

ৰীজ'লৈ s. f. The diminutive of chiunta.
ভাজতা s. m. Rice parched and eaten
raw.

चीक } s. m. Mud, slime.

adj. Greasy or dusty ( as cloth ).

The s. f. A scream, screech, shrick.

Chikh marns. To scream, screech, shrick, cry.

[ taste.

ৰীশ্বনা v. n. To roar scream, v. a. To

चौडी s.f. A note, letter, billet.

ৰীনত্ত s. m. Hips, buttocks. Chitar tekna, To get rest, to sit down.

चौतना ७. a. To wish, think or imagine; to draw, to paint.

Figure 5. m. A certain animal of the forest (perhaps a leopard or panther, er some other spotled animal). adjusted, variegated, speckled (colour) fine s. m. Painting; thought, wish understanding, wisdom; leopard or panther (Felis jubata; Hunting leo-

pard); a medicinal plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

चौषना v. s. To rend, to tear.

নীৰ s. m. A sort of grass (Panicum millacium); a country, China; a sort of cloth.

brought in cakes or lumps from the hills on the north-west of Bengal, and between it and China).

and s.f. Sugar (coarse, being, perhaps so named from Chin, China, whence it might have been first brought to India as sugarcandy is called Misri, apparentlly from Misri, Egypt). adj. Belonging to, or produced in China, Chinese.

ny thing is known.

चौक्रना v. a. To know, to recognize.

ৰীয়া s. m. An acquaintance.

चौप् ≉. f. Rheum of the eyes.

tearing, rending, splittig, slitting, s.f. Cloth; a sort of covering or dress for women, clothes, attire; the Pinetree (Pinus longifolia). Chir nikalna, To break through troops.

নালো v. o. To rend, tear, split, slit; rlp, cleave, saw, harrow.

Au s. m. Incision, cut, wound, slit; virginity; a turband. Chira-utárna, v. s. To deflower. Chira-band, A virgin.

नीरी s. f. The ends or hem of a garment. नीरें ता s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentiana Cherayta).

चीस s. f. A kite (Falco chila). Chil jhapatta marna, To snatch.

चीलर कोलरफ़ } s.f. A louse.

क्रीवर s. m. The tattered dress of a

Bouddh mendicant, or of any mendicant. [cant.

বাৰবিষ্ s. m. A Boudh or Jyn mendi-বুৰাৰ s. f. A reservoir, cistern. Chuankhai, s. f. A deep ditch with water springing at the bottom.

grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hands.

च चुना s. m. Ascarides.

पुंचचा s. m. Blinkard. Chundh-lana, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly.

पुंचा adj. Blinkard; bad ( as s handwriting ).

चुकती s. f. Settlement.

yam v. n. To be finished, to be completed, to be fixed; to be agreed upon, to be adjusted.

ment, decision. Chukai dena, To escape one's notice, to give one the slip.

স্থানা v. a. To finish, complete, settle, adjust; to fix the price of.

चुनीता s. m. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision, settlement.

July 8. m. A small tank or pit, a shallow hole with water in it.

THIC s. m. The roaring of a lion.

v. a. To deceive, to play tricks.

3 s. m. Sorrel; sourness; acid seasoning.

বুলিৰা s.f. Wood sorrel (Oxalis monodelpha), according to other authorities (Rumex vesicarius).

पुनन e.f. A plait or fold in a garment. पुनना v. s. To peck, to pick up food with the beak, to pick up food, to feed. Chug less, v. s. To select, choose, cull. पुत्राना, o. a. To cause to peck or pick up food with the beak.

grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hand.

yuuntar v. n. To fondle, to chirp to, to cheer by making the noise occasioned by drawing in the breath with lips protruded.

जुचकारी s. f. Blandishment.

चुपाना v. n. To drop, to be drenched with water, to be dripping wet with sweat, water, &c.

The female breast or bosom.

fingers; the hammer of a gun; a mole of printing cloth or gulbadan; an ornament worn on the toes. Chutkibharna, or—lena, To mip, to pinch; to throw out provoking insinuations. Chukiyon men urana, To put one of with a joke.

wit, humor; conundrum. Chatkalaso, adj. Amusing.

worm s. m. A cue or lock of hair worm behind:

षुटाना है ए. a. To wound.

कृडिया s. m. A spy to thieves, the head of a gang of thieves. s. f. A lock of hair loft on the head when the rest is shaved.

षुडियाना v. a. To wonted.

बुटीबा adj. Wounded, bruised, stricken. बुद्ध s.f. An imitative sound.

THE NEW A. A. dish prepared from pare-

with s. m. The ghost of a woman who died while pregnant s a hag; a fury; rty woman, slut, slatters.

चनचना s. m. } Ascarides.

चुनत s.f. Plaiting ( cloth ), plaits. चुनन s. m. Rumple, crease.

जुनरी s. f. A mode of dying cloth, in which they are tied in different places previous to dipping them in the dya, so as to prevent the parts tied from receiving the colour, also, cloths dyed in this manner.

वुनाना है v. a. To cause to pick, वुनाना है choose, select, arrange, put in order, &c. Chuna lena, v. a. To plant ( cloth ); to kill by building s person into a wall.

चुनावट s. f. A plait, plaiting.

जुनीटा s. m. A box for holding the lime used to chew along with betel; the folding of the cloth called sari, worn by women.

gill's. f. A small box for holding the lime used to shew along with betel; a small spoon used to take out the lime; encouraging troops in the time of battle (for which parpose there is an efficer in Indian armies); selecting from an army the fittest men for a desperate enterprize; a practice which formerly prevailed at Benerous (on the 11th of Jeth, shukl pakth, the inhabitants were want to swime errors the river, and forming themselves into two parties, to fight with swords, clubs, &c.)

gett s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

चुनाचा adj. Blinkerd.

चुनवाना v.a. To be purblind, to see

gut ed. Dim, purblind, dimeighted.

gut v. a. To gather, pick, choose; select, cull; to pick up food ( \*\* birds ); to place in order, arrange #

to plait ( cloth ). s. m. Ascarides. Darwaza chunna, To close a door with bricks.

चवी s. f. A small ruby ; ascarides.

adj. Silent interj. Silence! (the word ruh being understood ) s. f. Silence as Chup lagni, or Chupki lagni, v. s. To be struck dumb.

चपका ady. Silent.

चुपको s. f. Silence.

Turively, चुपाचुप 🔊 by stealth silently.

चुपाचपाना v. a. To keep silence. Chupchupate, adv. Silently, secretly.

स्पड़ना v. c. To varnish, cover, smooth, anoint ; palliate, besmear.

चुपड़ा adj. Plausible though false.

चुपड़ो adj. f. Oiled, greasy; smooth, plansible. Chupri bat, s. f. Flattery, soft words. Chupri roti, s. f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

चुप्पी s. f. Silence.

चुनको e.f. A plunge in water, dip.

चनना v.n. To be stuck or thrust into, to pierce, to be pricked, pierced, goaded stabbed, to penetrate.

चभाना ". a. To stick into, thrust into, pierce, goad, stab, prick.

चुना । s. m. A kiss. Chuma-chati, s. f. Dalliance.

चनाना v. a. To cause to kiss.

चुनकार s. m. A sound with the lips by which dogs बुम्बारी ८.ज. horses are called.

चुन्वारना ए. a. To coar, speak kinly to soothe ( by drawing in the breath with protruded lips. ).

was s. m. A kisser, a lecher; a rogue, a cheat; the loadstone, a magnet; extract (from a book &c.); a general scholar, one who knows parts in a variety of books; the upper part or middle of a balance.

च सन s. w. Kissing ; a kiss.

चुनाच s. m. The load-stone.

चुरको इ. f. Lock of hair.

च्रकट s. m. Powder.

[prattle. चुरनेना v. n. To chirp; to prate, to

प्राचित odj. Orisp, acrid, sound.

प्रमुख s. m. An imitative sound.

Tim v. s. To steal, filch, rob.

चरी s. f. Bangles or rings made of glass, &c. and worn or the wrist; a kind of bracelet; a small well.

चुबनना o. n. To gabble, to prattle.

च्ते s. m. Nap, drowsiness, nodding. चरीं s. f. Dregs.

Tas. f. Itching, scratching.

च्यच्य इ. m. Wantonness, inconstancy. चलचलना v.n. To itch, to titillate.

चुत्रच्यो s. f. Wantonness, in constancy. चुवनुषा adj. Restless. fidgetting ; siry,

gay. चुवाना v. s. To be restless, to be agog, to fidget, to be fidgetty.

चुचनुकापन s. m. Gaiety.

Tugunte . f. Restlessness; gaiety.

चुखनुषिया adj. Restless, fidgetting ; airy, gay.

चुजाना v. o. To distil, cause to drip.

चुजाव s. m. A kind of dish.

च इ. m. A blear eye.

ৰ লা odj. Blear-eyed.

च की s.f. A fire-place, chimney.

TH s. m. A handful, the palm of the hand contracted water. Chullu-bhar pani men dub marna). (lit. to drown one's self in a handful of water). To be greatly ashamed. Chullu chullu sadhna, To get a habit of drinking by gradual increase. Chulbs men ullu hona. To be intoxicated with a mouthful.

च चडाई adj. f. Lewd, libidinous (woman). TEVITI adj. m. Lascivious, lewd.

च सक्ता v. n. To throb.

च न को s.f. A mouthful of drink.

মুম্বর s. m. One in the habit of sucking (met. a tippler).

च सनी s.f. A child's coral.

चुकी s. f. The juice of fruits.

TTT adj. Deeply-coloured.

বু ছবু ছবা v. n. To glow as a colour, to die a deep colour, to blush (a flower).

mirth, merriment, festivity, Chuhal karna, To carol, to make merry.

Tver s. m. A large wooden peg, a tent-pin.

च इसी adj. Comic.

च दिया s. m. A little mouse.

चुंती s. f. Toll, tax, duty.

चु नदार s. f. Singing of birds.

च चो s.f. Breast, dug, nipple.

TIS. m. A large ant.

चूं ही s. f. A small ant.

चूडना v. a. To gather (a flower) to claw, pinch.

बंधवा } adj. Dim, purblind, dim-sigh-बंधा } ted.

चुना part. pass. Kissed.

কা khoiss. s.f. A deep ditch with water springing at the bottom.

blunder, mistake, failing, miss. adj.
Sour, acid. s. m. A medicine made
of boiled lemon juice and pomegrantes.

from, err, miss, fail, miscarry.

vesicarius); a kind of earthen pot.

or iris-root.

चुची s. f. Breast, pap, nipple, teat, dug. चूट s. क्र. A crack, a noise. worn by *Hindu* widows; the ring fastened to elephants' teeth.

the crown of the head at the ceremony of tonsure; a peacock's crest; any crest; plume, diadem &c. the head; top, summit; a kind of bracelet. s. m. The rings fastened to elephants' teeth; a kind of food made of parched rice.

चुड़ामचि s. m. A jewel worn in a crest, or a diadem; the Gunja (Abrus precatorius).

monocephala ) adj. Crested, having a lock of hair on the crown of the head.
प्राच्य adj. Crested, having a lock of hair, &c. on the top of the head.

glass, &c. and worn on the wrist. Churider, Drawers, sleeves, made too long, so as to be crumpled into plaits.

To s. m. Flour; lime.

ans, To be overjoyed. Chutar sukorns, To loiter, to hang back. Chutar se kan gánthna, To speak equivocally, to use far-fetched expressions.

च्न s. m. Flour ; lime.

filtered, to ooze, exude; to drop from the tree when ripe (fruit). s. m. Lime Chuna-pazni, s. f. A dancing girl. Chuna lagana, To defame.

ৰ s.f. Pulse split or ground very coarsely; a spark or small ruby or other gem.

च प्रकृत. m. Grease.

plansible. Chupri bat, s. f. Flattery,

continuous. Chupri roti, s.f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

w s. m. Prick, puncture.

च नवपत्यर्ड. m. A magnet.

च नग s. m. Kissing.

च मगा v. a. To kiss.

च्या s. m. A kiss. Chuma-chati, s. f. Dalliance.

Bruised. Chúr-chúr, adj. Broken to atoms Chúr rahna, To sot. Chnr karna, To break into small pieces. to shatter. Chúr hona, To be broken into small pieces; to be enamoured of, to be in love, to be tired Nashek men chúr hona, To be intoxicated.

ৰ ৰ s. m. A powder composed of medicines for promoting digestion.

reduced to coarse particles to be chucked into the mouth.

च ैं। s. f. A bread rich with clarified butter; a bracelet.

ent or minute division of substance; fossile alkali, efflorescent salt; aromatic powder, pounded sandal, &c.

च चैक्नब s. m. A lock of hair, a curl or ourling hair.

fragments of earth, of brick; limestone module, commonly known in India by the name of Kankar.

pieces er to atoms.

ज्मां s. m. A kind of sweetment made of sugar and crumbled bread.

work which fits into another (as a dose-tail); a pivot upon which a door turns (as on a hinge); an axletree arm. Chulen ukharna, or,—dhili

hona. To be tried, worn out with labour,

च सिं. f. A. crest.

ৰ বৃদ্ধা s. m. } A fire-place.

चूबना o. a. To drop, to leak, to coze, to exude.

चुसना v. a. To suck.

च सनी & f. Child's coral, a sucking stick for children.

ceiving game with a stalking horse.

च इडा s. m. A Hindu sweeper.

च हुन्। s. m. The wife of a Chuhra, a Hindu sweeper-woman.

प्रा v. a. To suck.

s. m. A rat, a mouse. Chuhe-don, s. m. A mouse-trap. Chuhe-mar, s. m. A sparrew-hawk, cormorant, a mouser.

चहीं s.f. A mouse.

चे विषेच 8. m. Brats.

चें ची s. f. A needle-case.

चें चें करना o. n. To chatter, chirp, murmur, grumble, squeak.

चंद्रा adj. Young, little. [tress. चंद्रा s. m. The acrid resin of fruits and

चेट s. m. A cervant, a slave.

चेटक s. f. A miracle ; a deception.

चेटौ s.f. A female servant.

चेडा s. m. A servant.

24--- 28

बेडा s. f. A female servant or slave.

चैत s. m. Memory, remembrance, thought, perception, consciousness; circumspection.

Reason, rationality, caution; soul, self; understanding, intelligence, wisdom, reflection.

चेतना अ. a. To remember, think of, advise, reflect, be aware, perceive; to recover the senses, to be round. s.f. Action.

day s. m. An admonisher.

चेना s. m. Millet ( Panicum Italicum ).

चैपना v. a. To stick together.

चेराई s. /. Slavery,

चेरायता s. m. The Gentian plant ( Gentiana Cherayta ). [girl.

tiona Cherayta). [girl. चेरी s. m. A female servant, a slave-

All s. m. A slave brought up in the house; a pupil, a disciple; a servant.

al s. f. A slave-girl, a female servant.

चैवली s. f. Silk (cloth ).

exertion, motion, exercise, search, appearance, bodily act or function.

चंटा s. m. Black ant.

चैत s.m. The twelfth Hindu month ( Merch-April ).

cidered as the essence of all being; reason, understanding, caution, perception, the possession of the proper use of the faculties; an animal or sentient being. adj. In possession of the senses, awake, rational, sensitive, cautious, attentive, aware, perceiving,

A s. m. The twelfth Hindu month (March-April).

Tas. m. Ease, relief, repose, tranquillity; denying a bet in gaming, imposture.

ৰীৰা s. m. A kind of corn.

ৰীৰা s. m. A billet of wood cut for burning, &c.

ৰীৰণা v. s. To prick, pierce.

ৰীৰভা s. m. A joint of bambu used to send letters in.

चींना s. m. A funnel.

ৰাৰ s. f. Beak, bill; a point.

endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, to yishness.

कौटना s. m. The ribbon with which hair

is tied or braided at the end, the cue or lock of bair behind; false hair mixed with the real.

vizi s. f. The hair braided behind (tail); braid, cue; top, apex, summit, pinnacle; an ornament worn on the head by women. Chonti assafapar ghisna, To be very vain or aspiring Chonti-kat, A slave. Chonti-kat-wana, To be a slave; to be obedient. Chonti kisi-ki hath men ana, To have a power over one, to subdue.

The head; hair braided on the top of the head.

चींचना v. s. To scratch, to claw.

বীধৰাৰা v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly,

चींधा s. f. Dinness, dulness of sight.

alacrity, avidity; a gold ornament worn or the front teeth.

of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (fruit).

चोचाड़ s. m. A mountain robber, a mountaineer and outlaw.

चोचान s.f. Dropping, dripping.

বাৰাণ v. s. To cause to drip, to distil, drop, filter, draw off.

चीकर s. m. Husk, of wheat, bran.

A medicine, orris-root.

neat, good, choice, fine, sharp, pungent, keen; clever, dexterous; pleasing, delightful, beautiful.

বীৰাই s.f. Purity, sharpness.

बोची adj. f. Sharp (tone in music).

from the crop; food of birds in general. Choga badalna, To bill, caress as doves by joining bills.

Mar s. m. A funnel.

ৰীৰ্জা s. m. Playfulness, blandishment, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishness.

चीज s. m. Subtilness, beauty.

चीनी edi. Subtil.

Te s. f. A hurt, bruise, blow, damage; fall; spite; effort, attempt, assiduity : desire, wish, aim. Chot-par chot, One misfortune follows another. misfortunes come not singly. Chotbandhna, To defend; to bind up the edge of a sword, &c. to restain by magic. Chot khara, To be hurt, to to receive a blow; to suffer loss.

Tel s. m. Discount or premium, independent of interest; treacle.

पीटियाना v. a. To seize by the hair.

দীহাঃ.f. A lock of hair left on the top of the head, the plant or tie of hair behind, a cue: top, summit, summit of a hill; a petticoat. Choti no hone, To excel, to be pre-eminent or unrivalled.

चौद्दा s. m. A thief.

TE s. m. A bodice or jacket.

चीव s. m. Cow-dung.

चीयला वर्ता. Blinkard. [dimly. चौक्षवाना ... n. To be purblind, to see

की s. f. Dimness, dulness of sight.

wit s. f. Desire. wish. hope.

चोभा s.m. A nail; a kind of victuals given upon great occasion, marriages, &c.; prey; puncture.

चोबा s. m. Husk of grain ; the scale of a fish; a hole dug in the sandy bed of a river which has dried, in which water is found.

चोर s.m. A thief, a robber. Chorbalu . s. f. A quicksand. Chor-chakár, t s. m. A thief. Chor-khana, s. m. Bysoom, conscaled drawer. Chor-dor-

waza, s. m. Trap-door. Chor-dhor. s. m. Plantiff and defendant : all the parties of a lawsuit; a thief and what he has stolen. Chor-zamin. A. quagmire, bog. Chor-sirhi s. f. Backstairs. Chor khirki, s.f. A backdoor, a by-door. Chor-gali, s. f. A. by-road, back-lane. Chor-lagana, v. n. To be injured, to be damaged. Chorlagna shama-ko, To waste a candle by a thief being attached to it. Chormahall, s. m. The apartments of the concubines of great men, Chor-mandura, s. m. A game played by children. Chor-mahichni, s. f. Hide and seek.

चीरपुची s. f. A kind of grass (Andropogon aciculatum).

चौराना v. o. To steal.

बोरी s. f. Theft, roguery, robbery, stealth. Chori-chori, adv. By stealth. clandestinely.

বীলা s. m. A bodice, a garment worm by a bride at her marriage, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket; a country, the modern Tanjore, the name is also supposed to apply to a part of Birbhum in Bengal.

चीची s. f. A bodice, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket.

चोवा s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (fruit).

ৰীৰ &dj. Any thing (fruit especially) capable of being sucked, as a mango, &c.

चौ इनोचवा s. m. The lower jaw.

चौदला s. m. . A large peg or pin.

🖈 s. m. A back-tooth; plonghshare... adj. (in comps.) Four Chou-baghla.

s. m. A kind of jacket not open under the arms. Chou-bandi, s. f. Giving a horse new shoes; the fastenings of baggage. Chou-bhir, odv. On all sides, all round. Chou-parah, adj. Four-pieced. Chou-pas. adv. All around, Chou-pshal, adi. round. Four-sided. Chou-tah, adj. Of four folds. Chou-jugi, adj. Of the four ages or great (Hindu) periods of the world. Chou-mahalla, odj. Of four stories ( o house, &c. ) Chou-mukhi, adj. Four-faced, having four faces, . Ghou-mekha, Tying the elbows behind.

বীষরী s. f. A (silver) four anna piece, a quarter rupee.

ৰীৰ s.f. The act of starting, start.

from sleep. Chounk uthna, To start, to wince, Chounk parns, To bounce, start up. [gler.

ৰীৰ s. m. An untamed animal, a bog-বীৰা s. m. Wheedling. Chounga karna, To wheedle out of money.

নানা s. f. Wheedling, Choungi-baz, s. m. A wheedler. Choungi-bazi, s. f. Sharping, &c.

ৰাভুঃ m. A blockhead.

चातरा s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on; a custom-house; a police office.

चें। नीस adj. Thiry-four.

चारियाना v. n. To be confused, frightened out of one's senses, smazed, dszzled or astonished.

Titis. m. An apartment under ground for grain.

away flies, a fly flapper. [ers. A. M. A. game; a garland of flow-times. m. A. market; a square of a

city; a court-ard; a square place filled, at marriages and on other occasions of rejoicings, with sweetmeats, which after certain ceremonies are distributed. Chouk-bharna or Choukpurna, To fill a Chouk or square place with sweetmeats on some occasion of rejoicing. Chouk-patta, a seat on which the people sit and eat in the chouks.

বীক্ষ adj. Good, well, fine, excellent. বীক্ষা s. m. A ring of two pearls were in each ear.

a ring of pearls worn in the ear by men. Choukari bharna, To leap, bound, bounce, Choukari bhúlna. To forget one's bound, i. e. to be fascinaned. to have one's senses benumbed. Choukari mar bythna, To squat.

when adj. Cautious, alert, circumspect, sly, on one's guard, wary.

बीक्स adj. Cautious, waethful, accurate, diligent, active, clever, alert, circumspect, intelligent; full weight.

चौक्साई s. f. Attention, circumspection, watchfulness, alertness, caution.

বীন্ধী s. f. Watching, diligence, attention; four people employed together, or eating out of the same dish or plate.

on s. m. The space in which Hindus cook or eat their victuals; a square slate or marble, &c.: a square space of ground; the four front teeth; the cube of a measure called bons.

bench, chair; guard or watch; watchering; the post where a guard is stationed; an ornament worn on the breast. Chaphidar, adp. keeping.

guard. s. m. A watchman. Choukideri, s. f. The business of a watchman; the pay or hire of a watchman. Chouki marna, To sunuggle. Choukidena To watch, guard, mount guard.

चौद्धार s.m. f. Frame of a door: the

upper and lower piece of the frame of a door.

बोबो adj. s. Sharp (tone in music). बोबटा adj. Square.

चौनडा s. m. A rabbit, hare.

चौगाच adj. Quadruple, fourfold.

alain s. m. A game resembling cricket (or tennis) but played on horse-back; the bat or club with which the game is played, a mall, a plain. Changan, gah, A place for that game. Changan-bazi, s. f. Playing of the game of changan.

जीवानी s. f. A straight huk-ka-snake or tube for smoking through.

चीनुषा वर्ते. Four-fold, quadruple.

भीवरा s. m. A small box of gold or silver with four partitions for holding perfumes.

चौड़ adj. Spoiled, destroyed.

पीचपीपट बर्वा: Abandoned, vicious;

with adj. Wide, broad. Chourn-chakle, adj. Extensive, spacious.

with s. f. Breadth, extent, width, extention, boasting. Chourde marse, on-harma, To boast, to give one's self sire.

चौड़ान s. m. f. Width, breadth

expand, widen. [poles.

Asset, s. m. A kind of sedan with two factors as m. A mitre; a kind of tent.

plan s.m. A terrace or mound to sit

That s.m. A four-stringed musical instrument.

चौतास s. m. A mode in nusic.

चौतीया s.f. A quartan (ague ).

ৰীয s. f. The fourth lunar day; the fourth part; hence, tribute ( collected by the Mahrattas).

चीवा adj. Fourth. Choutheh, adv. In the fourth place, fourthly.

चौद्याई s.f. The fourth part, a quarter.

বীঘিষা s. m. One who receives ceremony performed on the fourth day after marriage.

चौद्यो s. f. The fourth day; a ceremony performed on the fourth day after marriage.

चौदन adj. Crossing their teeth in fight (elephants); sturdy, robust, stout.

चौदनी s.f. Boldness.

चौदस s.f. The fourteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

Tier odj. Fourteen. Choundhwan, adj. Fourteenth.

चौदानिया s. m. An ornament. (formed of four pearls) worn in the ears. corpulent.

चौषर adj. Robust, active, vigorous, चौषणाई s.f. The business of a Chapdhari ( the headman of a trade).

(In a Bengal, title of landholders superior to Tallikdar).

चौपट कहें। Rained, destroyed, levelled, flat, plaim, Chempanibarna, To lavel, destroy.

चेपण a.f. The name of a game played with obling dies; the coloth on which it is played.

चीपनी है इ.त. A small tract, an email चीपनी के का कार्या के चीपनी के कार्य के कार कार्य के क

जीपा edi. Four-footed.

Œ

sisting of four feet ( pud ) or lines.

or pavilion (generally built jointly by several people as a resting place common to them all); a quadruped, an animal, a beast.

चौपादा s. m. A litter, a sedan.

चीपाय s. m. An animal, a beast, a quadruped.

चौदर adj. Stout, robust, bold.

will s.m. Summer-house, an assembly, court, town-hall.

चौवाण s. m. A shed.

चौबोच adj. Twenty-four.

the four Veds (now, however, the term is applied to the descendents of such though not learned).

चीनासा s.m. The rainy season.

বীয়ৰ s. m. A lamp-stand with partitions; a name of Brahma.

lamp). s. m. A lamp-stand with four partitions; a kind of pata or wooden scimitar for fencing with.

পান্তবা s. f. Name of a Hindu goddess the seed of a tree called Rudroksh Seavola lobelia, or, Elascarpus ganitrus).

The s. m. A practice of the sword exercise; cutting the four legs of an animal off at one blow. Chourang hatna, v. a. To cut off the four legs of an animal at one blow. Chourang marna, To loose the use of the limbs by illness.

भीरच adi. Lovel, even.

witten's s.f. Equality of surface, evenness, levelness.

भीरतावा ७. त. To level.

and converse on; the place where Hindu women are burned (more properly, where the living widow or estimated).

चौरान adj. Ninety-four.

चोराची adj. Righty-four. s.f. Morrisbells worn on the ankles by dancing girls.

चौराद्या s. m. A cross road.

चौरी s. f. A summer house.

cutting off all the hair from the head of a child three years old except one lock on the crown.

चीवड़ा s. m. } A necklace of four str-चीवड़ी s. f. } ings.

रीषाई s.f. A. kind of greens ( Amarasthus polygamus ).

चीवन edj. Fifty-four.

जीवा s. m. A quadruped. ( particularis. oxen ); a handbreadth.

what s. f. A tempest, hurricane, commotion ( q. d. wind blowing from four quarters ).

चीस s. m. Flour, powder.

चीमड adj. Sixty-four.

with oblong dice, or what the game is played on. [meet-

चौद्धा ह. m. A place where four streets चौद्धार adj. Seventy-four.

चौ भाग s. m. A cast of Rajputs.

ga sdf. Fallen, dropped, cozed out; fallen from or off deviated from, erred, strayed.

## T

The seventh consonant in the Nágari alphabet. Its sound is expressed by okk. adj. Six. Chkah-set, s. w. Trick, cheat, juggle.

thatched roof on a boat; a stuffed pad to prevent bullocks being hurt when loaded. adj. Abolished.

to strain. [strain.

হৰায়ত s. f. Concentration, causing to careful e.s. To simmer; to sound; to smart, to pain.

To grow thin; to diminish; to be extracted or seperated,

इटनाना थ. n. To cause to clean rice; to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.

with s.f. Cleaning or separating (grain, \$6.); the price for cleaning.

beating rice to elear it from the husk.

Test s.f. Shadiness. [car.

इन्हा s.m. A kind of carriage, a cart, इन्हाना v. a. To slap, to cuff.

\*471 \*. n. To be content, satisfied, gratified; to be afflicted, harassed; astonished. Chhak jana, To be satisfied or satisfied.

क्वारं s. f. Satisty. [ tise. क्वाना v. s. To pamper, sloy, to chas-

THE S. f. A slap, blow, cuff.

a cage with a net attached to it. Chhakka panja karna, To deceive, play tricks.

₹ s. m. A goat,

इनरो s.f. A she-goat of small breed.

क्यको s.f. A she-goat; a kind of Convolvalus. (C. argenteus), or more probably. C. pres-capra.

बनुनी s. f. Child's coral.

(of the phapond).

क्ष कों. Bushy.

branches of a tree.

इञ्चनाना v. 2. To simmer ; to sound ; to smart, to pain.

decay, to separate, to be pruned, to be picked out. [flounder.

बटपटाना v. n. To toss, tumble about, 'बटनां adj. Sixth.

Waspish, peevish.

write s.f. The sixteenth part of a ser, two ounces.

refulgence, a glory; assemblage, number; a straight or continuous mark or line.

चटामा s.f. Lightning.

s.f. The sixth day of a lunar fortnight.

Esi edy. Sixth.

adj. f. Sixth. s, f. A religious ceremony performed on the sixth day after child-birth. Chhothi ka dud yad dilana, To correct or chastise.

The pole of a spear; spikenard.

To beat rice, to separate
the husk from it.

worn in the ears. adj. Alone.

procession of the followers of Shah Mudar.

क्योंका s.f. A kind of fragrant moss.

₹ s. m. A moment or instant.

efus adj. Perishable, temporary, momentary, inconstant, uncertain.

to be extracted or separated.

इन्द्रवाना v. n. To cause to clean rice, to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.

(grain, &c.); the price paid for cleaning.

beatingrice to clear it from the husk,

the roof of a room, a platform. Chhat banana, or, —patna, or, lagana, v. a. To ceil, to cover the inner roof of a building.

क्तनार adj. Bunchy, flat.

कत्तर s. m. An umbrella.

TTI s. m. A honeycomb.

क्तीय edj. Thirty-six.

बत्तेवी adj. f. Prude, prudish.

क्त s.m. A parasol, an umbrella, the Indian Chhattah.

इतपारी है s. m. Une entitled to carry इतपार के an umbrella, i. e. a roja, prince, &c.; a house set apart for the charitable entertainment of stangers, guests, &c.

of dominion, less of empire, deposition, &c.

sout); a pungent seed, coriander; a mushroom, anise.

east adj. Bearing a parasol or unbrella.

ents. s. f. A tester or covering of a bed, a small umbrella; a frame made of bambas for pigeons to settle upon.

ছलर s. m. A house, a dwelling; a bower, an arbor.

the fourth part of a piece ( pysa ).

\*\* s. m. Disguise, masquerade; \*\* trick, deceit, fraud.

क्यनाप्य s. m. A religious hypocrite, a false brother.

was. m. A moment, an instant; a sound made by the falling of a drop

of water upon a worm plate, a hissing noise.

to strain. [strain.

स्वकाष्ट s. f. Concentration, causing to द्वादाणा v. n. To simmer; to sound; chink; to smart, to pain.

द्ववावा v. s. To cause to sift or strain.

drop of water falling on a het plate, a hissing noise; the sound of the breaking of earthen were.

स्तिक udj. Perishable, temporary, momentary, inconstant, uncertain.

plicable particularly to the metre of the Veds; a measure (in music); meaning, intention, purport, opinion; wish, desire. edj. Solitary, secret, private.

ज्ञाण ए. म. To be tied.

इन्द्रपात्व s. m. A hypocrite, a pretended and false ascetic.

इन्दर s. m. Trick, cheating, deceiving. इन्द्री adj. Deceitful.

इन्होंब s. m. A reciter or chanter of the Sun Ved.

agg s. n. To be strained, to be percolated, s. n. A sieve, a cloth through which any thin is sifted.

sound occasioned by water when struck with the hand. [verse.

स्पर्ध . m. A kind of measure of Hinds स्पन्नामा v. a. To dash or throw water.

ह्यत्वा v. s. To be printed or stamped; to be concealed, hidden, absent, to disappear, to lurk.

इपरो s. f. Puddle.

इपनाना v. a. To cause to print.

सपार s.f. Edition, the price of printing, the act of printing. array s. m. The sound produced by a war s. f. Running over, overflow. striking water, squash.

चल

स्पाना v. a. To hide, conceal, secrete; to cause to print. verse.

WIG s. m. A kind of measure of Hindi क्रमन adj. Fifty-six.

wats. m. A thatched roof.

EUTEZ s. m. A bedstead with curtains.

क्षारवद s, m. A thatcher.

इप्परक्दी s. f. Thatching.

₹ s.f. Beauty, splendour. brilliancy: shape, form, figure. Chhab tokhti s. f. Handsomeness. Chhabi-chhin, adj. Small in shape, deficient in splendour, small or slender.

चनका s. m. A sort of basket. fful. क्योज adj. Handsome, comely, grace-इब्बोस #dj. Twenty-six. क्षक्माना न. s. To shine, to glitter ; to इनक s. m. An orphan, a fatherless son. क्ष्मना v. a. To pardon, forgive.

इय s.f. Mortality, frailty, destruction. स्यरीय s. m. Consumption. boy.

द्या s. m. Victim, shade, shadow; a स्वासक adj. Sixty-six.

s. f. Spikenard; shaft, pole, pike, staff, flagstaff, flag.

इरहोनी s.f. Jakes, a necessary.

हरिष्टा adj. Alone, single, free (not burdened, as a traveller, not having a load ).

बर्ट } s.f. Vomiting, sickness, reach-बर्टि ing.

क्टिबारिय s.m. Small cardamoms (का anti-emetic).

स्रों s. m. Small shot.

we s. m. Wickedness, fraud, circumvention, stratagem, trick, deception. knavery, artifice, evasion, excuse, subterfuge, pretence. Chhal-bal. s. m. Force and fraud, stratagem, artific, trick.

द्धलया v. n. To be spilt, to overflow, to spill.

क्रुलकाना v. es. To spill.

इन्द्रना v. n. To skip.

क्लक्लामा v. a. To murmur.

कलक्लाइट s. m. Murmur.

ভুলজিছ s. m. Plot, stratagem.

क्लिक्कि adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

want v. c. To deceive, cheat, evade, make excuses, s. m. Tricking, deceiving.

क्यनो adj. Battered. s. f. A sieve. Chholni karna, v. a. To batter.

क्याप s. f. Skipping jumping, a spring, skip, leap. Chhalángen marna, To spring, to jump. wisp.

क्षावा s. m. Ignis fatuus, willo'-the-

स्विया है odj. Deceitful, fraudulent, artful, treacherous, false, perfidious, betrayer, s. m. A cheat, dcceiver.

was s. m. A ring (ornsmental). Chhalledar, ødj. Annular.

and s.f. Skin, bark, rind, &c.

æfa s.f. Beauty, splendour, brilliance ; light, lusture.

च्येया s. m. A thatcher.

हाई s. f. Discolouration.

東南 s.f. Ashes.

at s.f. Shade, shadow; the reflection of any object in a mirror, &c. Chhanbanh, s. f. Auspices.

wiz s.f. Refuse ; parings, &c. ; selection, fashion of clothes. Chhant karno. To vomit, to disgorge. Chhánt lens, To select, choose. Chhántchhatáo, Retrenchment.

स्थारन s. f. Cutting, slip, chip.

कांटना v. a. To vomit ; to separate the husk from grain by pounding it in a mortar; to husk to pare, clip,

prune, lop, crop, trim, dress, clean, select.

क्षंडना v. o. To emit; to leave, let go, release, forsake, abandon, to loose, to vomit.

सांद s. f. A tether, trammel, net. सद्या v. a. To tether, fasten, tie, bind. सद्या s. m. Share, part (among fakirs). स्वा ) s. f. Shade, shadow, the reflec-स्वा ) tion of any object in a mirror, &c. Ohkanh-banh, s. f. Auspices.

स्रोहारा adj. Umbrageous.

food carried out by labourers and husbandmen when they proceed to their daily work.

हाइना v. a. To clear the water of a well-हान s. m. A he-goat.

হাৰৰ s. f. A he-goat. s. f. A leathern
j bottle with a spout to it, a geat-skin.

ळानिका  $\left. \begin{array}{c} s. f. A \text{ she-goat.} \end{array} \right.$ 

wie s. f. Buttermilk.

winnowing or clearing grain.

हाजना v. a. To thatch; to befit, to become.

thi, s. f. A permit, a pass.

हाएंद्र जा s. m. A medicinal herb.

aciated. Roof. adj. Thin feeble, emaciated.

खाता e.m. A large umbrella.

काती a.f. An umbrella.

with s. f. Breast, dug, Chhátibhar, Breast-high, Chhati bhar-ana, To weep. Chhati bhar-jana, To be chest-foundered. Chhati-par patthor rakhna, To have patience. Chhattipar mung dalna (lit. to grind palse on the breast), To do anything in the presence of another person by which he is vexed. Chhati phatni, To break

the heart with grief or sorrow, to sympathize. Chhati pitne, To regret. repent, lament. Chhati thokno, To encourage; to assure. Chhati thandi hena, To be pleased or overjoyed. Chhati jalna, To have the heart-burn: to lament. Chhati ka patthar, Nuisance, pest. Chhati ka jem (lit. the destroyer of the heart). Is applied to a person or thing the presence of which is unpleasant, a pest, a nuisance. Chhati kholke-milea, To meet frankly. Chhati garrani. The breast to swell (in young women). Chhoti lagana, To lament, to grieve. Chlisti lagana, or, Chhati se lagano, To fondle. Chhati nikalkar chalna, Te stalk, to strut.

हात इ. m. A scholar, a pupil, a disciple, a tyro or novice.

हादन s. m. Covering, a covering, a screen, &c.

खादन s. m. A water-bag.

स्रादित adj. Covered, concealed,

আৰ s. f. A roof, a frame of bambos for thatching.

द्यानिवनान s. m. Investigation.

सागरे adj. Ninety six.

कानस s. f. Chaff,

roof, spread. Chha jana, To spread, ao lie, to overshadow. Chha lena, To cloud, overspread, darken, overcast.

with v. c. To strain, percolate, filter, sift; to search, canvass, investigate. Chhan lens, To cull, to select. Chhan márna, To search, rummage, explore, canvass.

जाप s. f. Stamp, print, copy, impression; a seal, seal-string.

हापना v.a. To print, to stamp.

सापा s. m. Edition, impression, atamp,

print, seal, &c. Chhapeh khánah, s. m. Printing-office. Chhapeh-wala, Printer.

presenting a lotus, trident, &c. delineated on the body by the Vyshnuvs or worshippers of Vishnu.

ज्ञावादिया s. f. The art of printing.

will s. f. Shade, shadow, reflected image; darkness, obscurity. s. m. Apparition, spectre, shade; (met.) some what resembling; a mode in music.

हावातर s. m. A large tree, one that gives shade or shelter.

सावाबट s. m. A musical mode.

हावापच s. m. Æther, the firmament.

स्वामानव s. m. A chhata or parasol.

earth. Ashes, dust; a large clod of

सारक्षेत्रा s. m. A kind of fragrant moss. साद s. m. The thrush ( disease), blister.

storad, To peel, to decorticate.

**ETET 5.** m. A blister, pustule, pimple; skin.

सासिया s.f. A kind of betelnut.

with v. a. To thatch, to shade, to cover, to roof, to spread. Chhajána, To spread, to lie. Chia lena, To cloud, overspread, darken.

The continuents, barracks or suits for soldiers; thatching, the act distances.

विवास रे v. o. To cause to stop, to later रे cause to seize, to cancel, to strike out.

बिन्ने s. f. Wand, stick.

fatt s. m. Sneezing.

क्षित a.f. The little finger.

ৰিক্ষা s.m. Slough ( of a wound ), skin. ছিন্তু ব adj. Lean, skinny. The prepuce.

दिक्ला adj. Shallow.

विक्यादे s. f. Shallowness.

बिक्जो s. f. The play of ducks and drakes,

Triffing, puerile, airy.

चिट्यमा v. n. To be scattered dissipated, or dispersed, to spirt, to spread.

Chhitakna chandni ka, The diffusion of moonlight.

ब्रिटबर्गी s. f. A bolt.

ब्रिटबाना e. c. To dissipate, disperse, squirt, scatser, strew, desert.

feed s. f. Small shot, speck. Chhiki dena, To flecker, to spot, to mark with strokes or touches. Chhiki dalna, To splash. Chhiki karna, or,—lagana, To spot, to speck, &c.

favor v. c. To sprinkle. Chhirak-kár bechna, To sprinkle water on stale or faded vegetables or fruits to make them appear fres; to puff off goods.

हिङ्द्याना v. s. To cause another to sprinkle.

विक्याना v. d. To cause to sprinkle.

विक्याव s. m. Sprinkling, watering.

ছিত্ৰা v. n. To be touched, excited, plagued on.

har men. In a moment.

क्षिपविषय odj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

चिनेक adv. A little while.

भित्रनी s. f. A basket ( without a cover, like a tray ).

हितारण v. n. To be scattered; to be spread about. [spread.

चितराना v. s. To scatter, to strew; to चित्ररी s.f. A small basket without lid or handle.

खिती s. f. The earth. Chhiti-chhan, Covering the earth, prostrate on the ground. Chhiti-chhan, v. n. To be dispersed or scattered.

चिद्रमा v. n. To be pierced or bored.

feeren v. a. To cause to pierce, to verforate.

fax s. m. A. hole, a vacuity, a perfora tion, &c.; fault, defect, flaw (moral or physical).

किति adj. Perforated, pierced, having holes or openings.

िक्त s. m. A moment or instant. Chica bhar men, In a moment.

दिनवना v. a. To winnow, to sift, v. a. To go away offended.

ছিলৰালা v. a. To cause to stop, to cause to seize, to cancel, strike out.

हिन्निषंस adj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

बिनवा s. m. A fornicator.

चिनवाना s.f. To cause to snatch.

चिनाना v. o. To seize, snatch, plack, &c.

िक्नाम्ब s. f. A harlot, a prostitute Chhindl-pan, or, Chhindl-pana, s. m Wheredom, prostitution, harlotry.

चित्राचा s. m. Fornication. Chhinála karna To whore, commit adultary. दिनान s. m. Seizure.

विनेत adv. A little while. for adj. Cut, divided.

f tered. किन्नभिन्न adj. Cut up, destroyed, seat-

कित्रवरा s. f. A tree (Menispermum glabrum).

किन्नविश्विका s. f. A plant also called Uknidhi (Cistampelos hexanda). विवसंग्य adj. Confirmed, confident, free

from doubt.

स्त्रिता s. f. A whore, a harlot, a tree ( Menispermum glabrum ).

विषयती } 8. f. A lizard.

faquis. m. Sprinkling.

हिएगा रे v. n. To be concealed, hidden, nhsent, to disappear. to lurk. Chhip jana, To retire, with-क्पना darw.

िक्या odj. Cfose, hidden, concealed Chhipa ruhna, To abscond. Chipachhipi, adv. Underhand, secretly.

क्रियाना 🤰 ह्याना v. a. To conceal, hide secrete. क्रपाना है

क्याव s. m. Secrecy, concealment.

fent s. m. Pardon, quarter, forgiveness. absolution. Chhima-jog, sdj. Pardonable. Chhima karna, v. s. To Pardou. forgive, excuse:

द्यानमें odj. Ninety six.

हियाचीच adj. Forty six.

क्रियाचर adj. Sixty-six.

क्याची adj. Eighty-six.

क्रिजना a. m. Crust, husk, shell, peel, scale, rind, bark, skin. Chhilka utarna, To blanch, peel, husk, decerticate.

क्रिजना v. n. To be excoriated.

क्रियवामा v. a. To cause to skin or excoriate. &c.

क्रिवीरी s. f. A whitlow, blister, felon:

The husk of chung.

क्रिकार adj. Seventy-six. interj. Tush! tut ! fy! foh !

with a f. Sheezing, sneeze; Chheenk lanewals, A sternutatory (medicine).

कोंबना v. n. To sneeze.

खींका s. m. A network of strings or cords to hang any thing on (as a burthen at either end of a yoke or pole, de.), the cords of a bahangi.

क्षींचना v. a. To throw out water.

होंट इ. f. Chintz.

हींटना To sprinkle.

बीटा s. m. Shot, spot, plash, Chhinto marna, To sprinkle, bedrop. · f&c. बोबा s. m. A sling for carrying baskets, part of meat, a piece of flesh.

होचना v. a. To decrease, to pine away. होट s. f. Spot, splash, chintz.

होटना v. s. To scatter, to sprinkle.

होच ब्रेंगु. Wasted, emaciated, decayed; slight, sleader, little.

Rint s. m. Brogue, shoe.
Rer adj. Thin, not close (said of a person or animal whose legs are much separated).
Reparated).
Reparated).
Reparated is legal, slight, slight, wasted, decayed; slight, rob. Chhina-chhini karna. To meramble, Chhina lena, To snatch up, acquire, take possession of, pluck bereave, deprive.

skin; fishing rod; the act of a buffalo's pushing with his horns.

with the horn as a buffalo; to draw up the rod in fishing.

होपी s. m. A cloth-printer.

होनी s. f. A pod, legume, husk.

ett s. m. Milk.

स्रोतन s. f. Parings.

pare, bark (a tree, &c.), erase, scrape, Chhilna-chhdlna, or, Chhil chhal karna, v. a. To pare, peel, &c.

क्षेत्रिका b.f. The little finger.

tuously; to set on or encourage a dog. [with game. § with game.]

इन्हण्या ए. इ. To conjure, to exercise. इन्हरी इ. f. The musk rat or shrew.

ext Mole, musk rat or shrew.

ens); a squib. Chhu-chhundar chhorns, To backbite, calcumniate, excite
recentment.

little, small, Chlut-bhya, s. m. Middling class of people. Chlut-pana, s. m. Childhood.

क्टनरा s. m. Deliverance.

बुदमा adj. Little, small, less, younger, junior, lesst.

क्टबाना v. a. To release, set a liberty.

tion, disengagement, deliverance, release, discharge.

बुटबोबा adj. Dissolute.

ब्टबेली s. f. Dissoluteness.

got rid of, to be let off, to be left or abandoned, to slip (from), to escape, to be liberated, loose, dishevelled (the hair), to cease, to get loose, to leave, remain, slip away, to be dismissed.

क्टपन s. m. Infancy, childhood.

क्रुटान } s.f. Leisure, time.

कुटापा s. m. Littleness.

quittal, time, leisure, cessation, disengagement, intermission, dismission, permission, freedom.

cause to set free.

hiberate, extricate, get rid of, discharge. remove, deliver, dismiss; separate, except.

spirit s. m. Deliverance, setting free.

कुपीली s. f. Ransom.

कुरुपा बर्के. Defiled by touching, feal, corrupt, polluted ( applied to vessels, dishes, कुटे. ).

क्ष adj. Mean, low, little, trifling. भूषा : f. Hanger. be absent, to disappear, to lurk.

equal v. s. To conceal, to hide.

knife; a razor. Chhura-chhuri, s.f.
Sniok and snee, fighting with knives.

St. f. A knife, scalpel. Chhuri-tale
dom lena, To be patient in difficulties.
Chhuri-katari, s.f. Snick and snee,
fighting with knives; quarrel.

क्ष्माना है v. a To make water slow-क्ष्मचाना है ly (as mares, &c., in hest).

ह्यामा v. s. To cause to touch.

कुष्णी | odj. Puerile. finical, boy-ब्लोइला | ish.

ह्यात s. m. Resemblance, likeness.

evice v. c. To whitewash.

ভূড়াবা s. m. A date (Phonix dactylifers.) ভূড়াৰত s.f. Touch.

adj. Boyish, silly.

च्याना v. a. To cause to touch, &c.

क्यानी s. f. Candle given to a lying-in woman.

s.f. Chalk.

खुबी s. f. A gnat.

adj. Foolish, silly, empty.

adj. Empty, hollow. s. m. Conjuration.

s. f. A pipe, a tube, canula,

off hand or playing loose in fencing; radiance; or splendour of jewels, reflection of a mirror, &c.; giving money off hand or at will to jugglers, &c. at entertainments.

ed, to spout, to be get rid of, to sescape, to be liberated, to be loose, to be dishevelled ( the hair ); to cease, get loose, leave, remain, slip away, to

be dismissed, to be let go, be about doned, to be left.

ma s. f. Defilement, contamination, touch.

ET v. s. To touck, meddle with, feel.

ত্ৰ s. f. Sequestration of goods. ত্ৰাৰ s. m. Chheak iena, To confiscate.

retain, bar, restrain, arrest.

चेंबर या .. m. A confiscator.

क्षाव s. m. Sequestration of goods.

adj. Domesticated, tame (as a bird or beast).

क्षेत्रभा ज. त. To stop, detain, prevent, retain, bar, restrain.

double entendre, hint, &c.

tion, vexing, &c. Chher-chher, or Chher-kheni, s. f. Stricture animadzersion; the act of vexing, pravaking, exciting, &c.

trouble, disturb, molest, abuse, insult, aggress, touch, handle, stir up, interrupt; to play on a musical instrument.

ment, &c.

land, plantation; a sacred or help place (as Kuru-kshetr).

per ficial contents) of a field, of a triangle or other geometrical figure.

minator of a fraction; the divisor.

thing to bere a hole with.

चेदन s. m. A hole, an orifice.

penetrate. [abl.]

चेना s. m. Curd ; a small kind of cym-चेनी s.f. A chisel, punch, piercer.

क्षेत्र क्षेत्रका है s. f. Welfare.

समस्यो s.f. A sort of kite ( Falco ponticerionus ).

क्रेन्ड s. m. A fatherless son.

हेरना v. n. To have a bad digestion.

ब्रेरी s.f. A goat.

anthelminties).

क्ष्यम s. m. A mark, a piece of wood cut off. Chheono karna, To line out, mark. भूगनी v. s. To pierce or to bleed a sar tree, to extract tari; to mark.

केंग्से e.f., A chisel, punch, piercer.

क्ष्यर s. m. Cuticle, akin.

Èπ s, m. Spaces, comma, &c.

क्षेत्रा s. m. Victim ; shade, shadow ; a boy.

हेन } e. m. A fop, a beau.

सेनियकनिया s. m. A coxcomb, a fop. सेनापन s. m. Spruceness.

होचा s. m. Treacle.

सीच s.f. Seasoning, relisk.

ETET s. m. Spices with which feed is seasoned.

होंचवाकरना v. c. To fondle.

mid s.f. Bodkin, case for needles; a small cup for children.

होचरा s. m. A boy.

वाबरी s. f. A girl.

with s.f. A nurse; bosom. Chhochke korna, To fondle.

junior, least, &c. Chhota-bara, edj. Varied, variegated, various, great and small, high and low.

micit s. J. Smallness.

forgive, forsake, leave, quit. desert, except, free, leose, omit, pardon, release, shoot, fire (a gan, &c.), spare, abandon, abdicate, abstain, breathe, resign, discharge, lay aside.

होड़ा दोड़ाव } s. m. Release, omission, leaving, sparing, letting होड़ावा } go.

स्रोड़ावना v. a. To set free, deliver, dismiss, separate, except.

होचौती s.f. Ransom.

क्रोत . f. Impurity, defilement.

कोनी s.f. The earth.

chhap karns, To shuffle up; to plaster or repair a wall, &c.

होपना क. a. To fill up, shut; paint, dye. होर s. m. Border; edge : end ; a towboat.

कोरप s. m. Abandening, leaving.

Boy and girl; children.

कोरी अ. f. A girl.

ছাৰণা v. a. To peel, skin, exceriste, pare, erase, scrape. Chholni, s. f. A. scraper.

wits. m. Affection; anger.

सोइरा s. m. A boy, a lad.

कोडी adj. Affectionate ; angry.

क्रीच s. f. Seasoning, relish.

seasoned.

केंदिना v. a. To season.

कोकन s. m. A scrambler.

स्रोदना v. s. To scramble.

सीना s. m. Young of any animal.

कीनी s.f. Cantonments, barracks.

होर s. m. The shaving of the head or beard.

सीखिया adj. Gay, cheerful.

The third letter of the second class of consonants, corresponding to the letter j in jam. [creature.

चांतु s. m. An animal, a sentient, being, चांत s. m. An amulet ; a musical instru-

ment; an instrument, an engine.

ज़ंदा s. m. A pitchfork.

an animal (sometimes a man) is killed and buried with it as a guard; this animal is called Jak, and receives orders to allow no one else to take up the treasure, &c.; (met.) a miser, called also, Jak ka gumashts, or agent.

जबस्ता v. a. To tighten, draw tight (as a knot), bind, fasten, tie, pinion. जबस्बंद adj. Tight.

an attendant on Kuver, the Indian Plutus.

wards. f. A female John or a fairy.

yas. m. The world, the universe. Jugbandhu, s. m. Friend of the world.

Jag-jagot, s. m. The universe; a
feast, entertainment, sacrifice or religious ceremony in which oblations
are presented.

जनजा s.m. Brass tinsel, thin plates of brass used in decoration.

चगजनाइट s.f. Splendour, much light, glitter. [buttress.

जनत् s. m. The world, the universe; a जनत उजानर adj. Enlightening the world. जनतः औ s. m. A tyrant.

जमतच्य s. m. The destruction of the world.

जमतो s.m. The earth; people, mankind; a sort of metre. odj. Moveable, locomotive, transitory. जनतीतच s. m. The world, the earth; sublunary things.

वसत्वतां s. m. A name of Brokms; the creator of the world,

जनत्पाय s. m. Air, wind.

जगरचा s. f. Mother of the world, an epithet of a Hindu goddess.

जबदाधार s. m. Air, wind a stay or supporter of the universe.

जबदीय s. m. An epithet of Vishau and of Shiv; lord of the world or universe.

वयुद्धियाञ्च s. m. The expiration of a Kalpa or period of the world's existence.

अवमा v. s. To awake, to rouse; to be awake. Jugta, adj. Awake.

peculiar and celebrated idel of this name is wershipped on the Coromanidel coast in Orissa, and pilgrimages are made to the shrine of Jagannath, from all parts of India.

जनमना adj. Glittering, splendid.

जनमनाना v. s. To glitter, to shine.

जनमञ्जाहर s. f. Glitter, splendour, glare. much light.

जनर s. m. Armour, mail.

সৰহ s. f. Place, station, quarter, room, vacancy, stead. Jagah chhorna, v. a.
To leave a blank.

by apprehension or disease); coughing at night, vigils, vespers.

जवान्योति s. f. Splendour, much light.

বৰাৰা ৩. c. To awake, wake, rouse from sleep.

जनेवर ) s. m. A name of Vishnu and जमेवर ) Shiv; God of the universe.

व्योगवीत s. m. The sacrificial thread or cord, worm by the three first classes of Hindus over the left shoulder and under the right.

ज्ञान s. m. Mons veneris; the hip and

base. [fourth tribe.

saw s. m. A Sudr or man of the
saw s. m. A Hindu mendicant who
has matted hair and rings a bell. adj.
Locomotive, moveable, removeable,
in motion, mendicant, that which has
motion as opposed to that which is
stationary.

वस्त adj. Desert, solitary, waste, jungle, wild. &c. s. m. A forest, a wood. Jangal phirna, or,—jana, To ease one's self.

जङ्गला adj. Wild. s. m. A musical mode; woody country, forest.

elown. boor. Jangli piyaz, Squills (Erythronium Indicum). Jangli billi, s. f. A wild cat. Jangli singhara, s. m. Hermodactyl. Jangli kawwa, s. m. A raven.

जहां s.f. The leg; the thigh.

লখাৰ e. n. To be examined, tried.
proved, assayed. [proof.
লখাৰত s. f. Test, trail, examination,
লসমাৰ s. m. A customer, a person to
whose custom Brakmans, barbers,

and some others, have a legal claim. जजनानी s. m. The stipend paid by a jajmán; wife of a jajman.

जनीर s. f. An iron chain.

जजीरा s. m. An island, peninsula.

embarrassment, perplexity; a swivel, &c.

वचालो s. m. Molester.

बट है s.f. Matted hair, the hair mat-बटा है ted as worn by the god Shiv, and by ascetics; the long hairs occasionally elotted together, and brought over the head so as to project like a horn from the forehead, at other times allowed to fail carelessly over the back and shoulders; the root of a tree, a fibrous root; spikenard.

जटना v. s. To pilfer, steal, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

ware a. f. The matted and braided hair of Shiv rolled on his head.

षटावृत s.f. The braided hair of Shie rolled on his head.

बटापारी edj. Whose hair is matted. s.f. The cockscomb flower (Celosia cristata).

जटाबांसी s. f. Indian spikenard (Volcrians Jotamensi).

mara s. m. A fabulous bird mentioned in the story of Rama, as the son of Arun, killed by Rawan, Bdellium.

जटाब adj. Wearing clotted hair.

चटाला s. f. Spikenard. [venosa),

লতি s. f. Waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus লতিব adj. Clotted, matted; set, studded (with jewels, &c.). s. f. Set work

जटिन s. m. Waved-leaf tree.

जटिनी adj. Having clotted hair.

जटिज s. m. A lion. s. f. Indian spikenard; long-pepper; orris-root. adj. Having clotted or entangled hair.

जटल s. m. A freckle, a mark.

जठर s. m. The belly.

of jewels, &c.

बाठरमद s. m. Cassia fistula.

जडरा adj. Hard, firm ; bound, tied.

जिट्ठाचि s. m. The nuessy sensation arise ing from hunger.

वादरान्य s. m. The uneasy sensation arising from hunger. [domen.

जडराम s.m. Dropsy, water in the ab-

नहेरा s. m. } Elder (brother-uncle).

basis. s. m. An inanimate body, what is void of life, a blocklend, idiot,

dolt. Jar la bhed. Essence. adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, stupid, apathetic, idiotic.

बड़ितब adj. Dilatory, working slowly. जड़जीव s. m. A brute.

moveableness.

stupidity; immoveableness, stiffness, rigidity, torpor.

काञ्चन s.f. The act of setting jewels.

join, make adhere; to stud, bestud, set jewels, fix, enchance.

च इत्राच s. m. Any substance that is devoid of animation.

अडपेड़ s. f. Root and branch. Jarperse ukhárna, v. s. To extirpate.

अध्यह s. f. The trunk of a tree.

अव्यादा v. c. To cause to set with jewels.

अप्राचि s. f. Dullness of intellect.

कड़ारत s. m. A dull stupid person, idiot. कड़ाइड s. m. Rice cropped at the end of the rainy season.

fatuity, stupidity; dulness, apathy, sluggishness of mind or body.

act of setting jewels; the

লড়ান adj. Set, studded with jewels.

जहाना v. a. To be cold. v. a. To cause to stud, to cause to set jewels.

महाव s. m. s. f. Setting of jewels.

कड़ावर ) s. f. Warm clothes, winter कड़ावल ) dress.

ed. [jewels, &c.), studed. [jewels, a striker.

কাছ্যা s. m. A jeweller, one who sets অক্টা s. f. The root of a medicinal herb. অক্টাৰ্টা s. f. Medicinal herbs, drugs, aimples.

हर्न s. m. A freckle, a mark.

ज्ञत s.f. Manner, fashion, kind.

जतन s.m. Carefulness, remedy, care, effort, endeavour.

जतनी adj. Careful.

जनाग v. s. To inform of, caution, warn, apprize, to remind, to declare, to admonish; to proclaim; make known.

जनारा s. m. Lineage, family, pedigree, genealogy, dynasty.

वित s. f. A kind of musical rhythm (generally sung at the holi).

স্বা adj. Faithful to the marriage bed (aman), religious person, devotee, a particular order of devotees; a sage whose passions are completely under subjection.

जतु s. m. Lac, a red dye, or animal pigment analogous to cochineal.

जतुक s. m. Lac ; asafœtida.

जनुका s. f. A plant commonly called chakwat; a bat.

जनुपुत्रक्त s. m. A man at chess or backgammon, &c.

जब s. m. The collar bone, the clavicle. जबा s. m. A company, band, gang, party, class. Jatha bándhna. To form a party.

of, according to, to the utmost of, Jatha Jog, In a proper manner, suitably, properly.

ज्ञार्थ adv. In fact, exactly, truly.

जद odv. As, while, whilst, when, as soon as, at the time when. Jad-tok, or,—talok or,—log, adv. Till, until, yet, whilst, as long as while. Jad-nah-tod, odv. Constantly.

जदबातदबा adv. So so.

बहर हो odv. Of the race of Jodu. नदाच adv. Though, although.

जन e.m. Man, individually or sollective-

ly, a man, mankind, a person, an individual. In comp. it has a plural sense; as Strijan, Women.

লাৰত s. m. A father, a progenitor; the name of a king. sovereign of *Mithila*, and father of *Sita*.

Janak, in the district of Tirhut.

अनवीरा s. m. An inhabitant of Janakpur.

जनसा s. m. Female apartments, seraglio. जनसम s. m. A. Chandal, a man of a low or degraded tribe.

व्यवनागवर s.m. Man and beast.

অবল s.f. Mankind, a number of men. অগন s. m. Birth, production; family, race, lineage.

जनना v. n. To be born.

जननो s. f. A mother; tenderness, compassion. adj. A parent, a progenitor. जनरव s. m. Noise, clamour; the sound of human voices.

or Hindu divisions of the world; the division said to be inhabited by pious men, after their decease; a superior sort of paradise.

जनवाद s. m. News, rumour, report.

house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

जनपुति s.f. News, tidings, intelligence. जना s. m. A person, individual. part. 'pass.' Born; a son.

जनाई s.f. A midwife.

जनाजात adv. Man by man, one by one (person).

जनानित s. m. Secret communication, whispering, speaking, aside, &c.

बनाना v. a. To deliver, bring to bed; to inform, remind, tell, warn, point out, shew, seem. s. m. Midwifery.

जनाद s. m. A. signal.

जनावर s. m. Any living creature, an animal.

জনাম্য s. m. A temporary hall.

লিকা s. m. Double entendre, an expression having more than one meaning.

जनित adj. Produced.

जनिता s. m. A father.

जनिनी s.f. A mother.

ननी s. f. A woman in general; a mother; the wife of a son or brother's son, &c.; birth, production; a maid-servant; daughter-inlaw.

जात s. m. Birth, engenderment.

जनक conj. To wit, though, although.

ज़नेक s. m. The braminical thread; a flaw in a jewel.

जनेत s. f. The company and attendants at a marriage feast.

जनेवा s. f. A kind of grass (Dúb; Agrostis linearis).

अनो s. m. The brahminical thread. adv. Like as, as.

जनीदाहरच s. m. Fame, glory. [wire.

जना s. m. An instrument for drawing जनाग v. a. To squeeze, to press.

जनार s. m. An amulet.

a creature, any being endowed with animal life; it is more usually applied however to beings of the lowest organization.

अनुप्र s. m. A plant and vermifuge.

जनमञ्ज s. m. Glomerous fig-tree (Ficus glomerata).

जनुवा s.f. A kind of grass (Saccharunt spentaneum.

क्षत्र s. m. A machine in general, any instrument or apparatus, an engine; a musical instrument; an amulet; juggling; an observatory; a dial.

क्रमन s. m. Juggling; conjuring, enchanting by figures and incantations.

बना s.f. An instrument for drawing wire; a conquerer, a juggler, a wizard.

TEI s. m. A pitchfork.

delivered (of child), to be born.

स्त्र s. m. Birth, production, life.

जयाक्षणी s. f. Genealogical table of life. जयाबीज s. m. Vishmu, the bolt or stay of life.

खनाद s. m. A father.

जनादाता s. m. Father; God (as the giver of life or author of existence).

खाबादिन s. m. Birth-day.

खनान s. m. Birth, production.

क्षणा v. n. To be bern.

बन्धपती s.f. Horoscope, nativity. Janma-patri ki bidh milaa, To meet one's fate.

खनामृति s.f. खनासान s.m. } Birth-place.

जनारीमी adj. Valetudinarian.

जनाना v.a. To beget; to make vegetate.

जनानर s. m. Regeneration, another birth, another state of existence.

चनानरीय adj. Acquired in a former birth.

बनाय adj. Born blind. [being.

स्वित s. m. An animal, an existent अयोक्य n, prop. The son and successor of Rajah Parikshit.

क्षांसा s. m. A feetival commemorating the birth of Krishna.

m s.m. A father; the friend, attendant, or companion of a bridegroom.

relation or companion of a bride, a bridesmaid, &c.

चनासा s. m. The place at the bride's

house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

सन्दाई } adv. Man by man, every सन्दार } one.

of a deity, silent meditation, muttering prayers; repeating inaudibly passages from the Shasters; adoration, charms, names of a deity, counting silently the beads of a recary, &c.

and part. Repeating prayers, worshipping.

equal s. m. Devotion, adoration.

व्यापना र v. a. To count one's heads, aven to repeat the name of God internally, to recite the bead-roll to make mention, to repeat prayers in audibly.

ब्रिप्रावस s. m. A sage, one devoted to religious meditation.

खपमाना s.f. A rosary.

वयमाची s.f. A kind of bag in which beads are held during their recital.

erqu s. f. The flower of the plant hurhur (Cleone viscosa).

खपीतपी s. m. An adorer.

When, at the time when, as soon as. Jab-tak, or—talak, or,—tóri, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as. Jab-tab, Now and then. Jab jab, Whenever Jab-ka-tab, adv. At the time when, at the proper moment. Jabkabhi or, Jabkabhu, Whenever. Jabki, adv. At the time when, when, since. Jab-lag, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as. Jab-nah-tab, adv. Now and then, perpetually. Jabhi, adv. At the very time. Jab se, Since.

ज्वज्व Whenever, at what time.

face from the corners of the mouth to the jaws. जापत्रा v. n. To be filled, to be folded. जापहा adj. Rigid, stiff, awkward. जापहास्त्रा adj. Ill-shaped.

strength.

अवसे odv. Since.

जनखन As long as, till when, whilst. जनली Whilst.

जलतांब s. m. A musical instrument.

व्यक्ति } At the very time when, व्यक्ति । Unlucky, bad, ill.

क्षमा } s. m. The jaw.

of worlds below, or judge of departed son's, death. Jam dut, s. m. Messenger of death. Jam dips. s. m. A lamp or illumination sacred to Pluto, lighted on the 13th of Kartik, Krishpakshs, i. s. Three days before the dewali.

sets. m. Repeating of a word in different significations (in rhetoric); a twin. s.f. The state of succeeding or going on well.

fit, to be assembled. Dukán jamki, Buyers and sellers are collected in the shop. Larai jamki, The fight was joined. Majlis jamki, The assembly is full. Mukoddama jamka, The cause is begun to be debated.

settle, fix; to assemble, crowd together.

there s. m. Crowd, multitude.

क्षमक्षम adv. Always, constantly, perpetually. [father.

স্থান ক. prop. Name of Parusram's সমূহন s. m. Messenger of death.

THUE S. m. A dagger.

कानगा श n. To germinate, grow; to be congulated, congealed or frozen, to consolidate; to be collected, to clot; to adhere, stick, cohere, set; to pace in the manege.

जनगिका s. f. A curtain, tent, curtains, जनराज R. prop. The regent of death.

अनदाई s.f. Gaping, yawning. Jamahai lens, To gape, to yawn.

अनदाना v. n. To gape, to yawn.

जमा s. f. An accumulation, sum total.

अनाई s. m. A son-in-law.

जमात s.f. A body, a gathering.

जनाना v. ø. To collect; sum up; coagulate, freeze or make ice; congeal, consolidate; to pace in the manege.

कमावनीदा s.m. A purgative nut Jatropha carcas; Croton Tiglium).

खनाव s.m. A crowd or multitude; a collection, accumulation, accretion; coagulation.

सनावट s.f. Coagulation, agglutination, congelation, consolidation.

जमीनबन्द s. m. A bulbous root. जमीदार s. m. Landlord, land-holder.

जमीहारी s. f. The state of a landholder, जाना n. prop. f. The river Jamuna.

जन्माई s.f. Gaping, yawning.

जनीवना v. n. To ascertain.

जन्ती s. m. dual. Husband and wife.

क्रमास s. m. An aquatic plant Vallisneria).

बनाजा s. m. A fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus).

acids); a plant called by some a sort of basil, with small leaves.

ज्ञा s. f. A fruit tree, the rose appla ( Eugenia jambu ).

स्वाच s. m. A jackal; a low man; the

सन्तीप & m. One of the Purania

divisions of the earth, including the whole of *Hinduston*, and said to be so named from the preceding plant abounding in it, and implying according to the *Puráns*, the central division of the world, or the known world; according to the *Bouddhas*, it is confined to India.

माड s. m. A fragrant plant (Pondonus odorotissimus); the rose apple. ज्योरी s. m. The lime or citron, apparently of more than one species; a plant, considered to be a kind of basil with small leaves.

vancement, preferment, conquest, victory, bravo! huzza! all hail!

t. m. A kind of mung or bean (Phaseolus mungo).

खनजयबार s. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation.

जयज्ञयन्ती s.f. Name of a musical mode. जयदक s.m. A kind of drum.

स्राथानि s. m. Shout of victory.

अवत s. m. A plant (Æschynomens sesban); name of a musical mode.

जयनी s.f. A tree (Æschynomene sesban); a flag, a banner.

written award of the judge in favor of either party.

is also the appellation of several celebrated Hindu princes); a tree (Croton Tiglium). [victory.

जनगण s. f. A necklace or garland of जनगण s. m. The royal elephant.

जयमान अध्ययमा जयवान जयिनी

adj. Victorious.

जनमाल 8. f. Nocklace or garland of victory.

जवन्द s. m. A shout or song of victory, or the exclamation Jay Jay.

জবা adj. Able to conquer. victorious. জং s. f. A fever.

লংকলত s. m. A kind of water-fowl. লংকা Old, decayed.

সংক Uld, decayed.

aver adj. Hard, solid; hardhearted, cruel, harsh; old, decayed, infirm, s. m. Decripitude.

ing a pungent seed ( Nigella indica); old age, becoming old and infirm.

बरन adj. Old, ancient, advanced in years; infirm, decayed.

करती s.f. An cld woman.

जरन s. f. Burning.

करना v. s. To burn,

जरमूर adv. Root and branch, entirely.

laxation and debility consequent upon old age, or old age itself; a tree (Minusops kauki); a female demon.

wins. m. Paroxysm of a fever.

बरातुर odj. Infirm, decrepid, debilitated, old.

जराना v. o. To burn, kindle, inflame, light, make jealous.

जादाव s. m. The womb, the uterus.

womb, as man and other animals.

brated king and warrior, sovereign of Magadh, father-in-law to Kans, and fee to Krishna; he is said to have been slain in single combat by Bhim.

करायमंत्रित s. m. Bhimsen, the third of the Pandu princes.

जरीब s.f. A sort of wooden dart with

an iron point. Jarib chalána, To throw the jarib. [old age.

ज्ञा s. m. Skinniness, flesh flaccid with अर्थ s. m. Indra's banner or emblem; an aquatic plant (Vallisneria), adj.

Old, infirm.

जगरीचा edj. Rugged, perforated, full of holes; old, decayed.

जर्ष adj. Old, decayed.

खानिब s. m. Sesamum, growing wild.

mental or physical). adj. Cold, stupid, apathetic, idiotic.

जनपंति s. m. A water-bee.

अस्तर्क s.m. An aquatic plant (Trapa bispinosa); a crocodile.

जनविष s. m. The gangetic porpoise or water-ape.

ৰাৰ s. m. The diver or water-crow. বাৰাছ s. m. An elephant.

THE TERM S. M. A shark, or according to some, a large alligator (who moves presminently among the watery hards).

जनकृष s. m. A. water-hen, a diver. जनकृष टी s. f. The black-headed gull.

अनुकाष s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

जवजुषी s. f. A water-plant.

जनज्मी s.f. A whirlpool; a pond, a pool; a spring, a well.

जलक्षं s. m. The gangetic porpoise.

जनकेत्र s. m. An aquatic plant ( Vallisnerias ).

in the water, bathing for pleasure or amusement.

कलनुष s. m. A. whirlpool; a turtle, a tortoise; a piece of water, a lake.

m water ( an animal ).

Miss , m. A fish , a lotus , a shell

ब अन् 3. m. A fish, or any marine, aquatic. or amphibious animal.

ৰূপৰাৰ্কা s. f. A leech.

जनवा adj. Indignant, outrageous.

अवज नाना v. n. To be indignant.

जनसम्बद्ध इ. f. Indignation, rage, passion, anger.

of Bussia growing in or near water.

adj. Water-born, aquatic.

जलजान s. m. A hoat.

अलंडिन s. m. A bivalve shell.

harmonicon; playing on glasses or china bowls by rubbing the edges; a brass vessel in which water is put and the edges are beaten with two sticks.

जपतांजी s.f. Name of a musical instrument.

अवस्य s. m. Ground half covered with water, marshy ground.

সানত s.m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyderus rotundus).

জনহাম্ন s. m. The Sal tree (Shorea robusts).

अवधर s. m. A cloud; the ocean; a grass (Cuperus rotundus).

जनभारा s.f. A steam or current of water.

खालाधि s. m. The ocean.

क्षत्रन s. m. Burning, heat, inflammation; passion, vexation.

कालनकुल s. m. An otter.

লামানি s.f. The two hands full of water met., abandonment. Jalánjali karna, To give up a practice.

went n. d. To burn, to be burnt, to be kindled (met.) To get into a passion, to be enraged, to rage. Jel uthna, To break out (as fire). Jal pakna, To be in a passion, to rage.

Jal bujhna, To brand, to burn to ashes. Jale par non lagana, (lit. to throw salt on a burn). To triumph over insult.

जनिधि s. m. The ocean.

अविशिष्ट स. m. A drain, a water course, a pipe along a wall or building for carrying off water-fall, the descent of a spring, &c. [niera).

जलगोम s. m. A. drug ( Herpestes mon-खलगोसी s. f. Vallisneria ).

ज्ञालन्द ह. m. The dropsy.

अवपची s. f. Water-fowl.

deity presiding over the watery element, the Hindu Neptune.

अवपाद s.f. An olive ; the Elasocarpus serrotus.

লক্ষণৰ s.m. Drinking ( of water ), eating, taking light food between meals, a luncheon.

जनपिष्पची s.f. An aquatic plant ( Commelina salicifolia, &c. )

ৰৰ্ভুন্তনা s.f. An aquatic plant (Pislia stratiotes).

जनपिय s. m. The chatak (Cuculus melanoleucos); a fish.

ज्ञानस्क s.m. A dam, a dike, rocks or stones impeding a current.

ज्ञास s. m. A fish.

ज्ञानल part. Burnt up or consumed with fire.

লৰত্বী s.f. Swimming, striking with the arms and legs in water.

সভৰ্য ত s. m. A bubble of water.

नजब्दों s. f. A kind of potherb (Hilancha repens).

ৰপমু s. m. A cloud; an aquatic plant (Commelina solicifolis or bengalensis).

असभीरा s. m. A water-bee.

जनमध s. m. A deluge, flood inundation. श्वमिषिका s.f. A water insect. जनमानुष *t. m.* A waterman, a mermaid. जनमाने *s. m.* A drain or issue from a pond.

जबमाजार s.m. An otter.

जबसूर्ति s. m. Shiv, of whom one form is water, implying his omnipresence.

সক্ষম s. m. A water-work, a machine for raising water &c., any contrivance connected with that element.

लखयनसङ्ग s. m. A house or fabric erected in the midst of water, or aubterraneous apartments constructed in the bank of a river, for retiring to in the hot season; a summer-house, &c.

जलयांग s. m. A boat.

जनवुमर s. m. A whirlpool

or small fish chiefly, and therefore haunting swamps &c.

नजरक s.m. A gallinule.

जनरम s. m. The Vsk, a kind of crans.

প্ৰবার s. f, A wave, a billow.

कात्रवापिक है s.m. The Hilsu or Sable कावताच fish (Clupea alasa).

जलवाना v. a. To cause to burn.

जलविकाल 8. m. An otter.

সন্ধিষ্ক s. m. The autumnal Equinox, the moment of the Sun's entering Libra, occurring near the close of the annual rains.

जनहर्षिक s. m. A. prawn or shrimp (water-scorpion). [pike.

जनवा s.m. A kind of fish, a sort of जलवेबा s.m. A burner.

ৰক্ষয় s. m. Vishau, who is supposed to sleep, borne by his serpent couch above the ocean, during the four months of the periodical rains in India. [waters.

जिल्लाई s. m. Vishnu, as sleeping on the जिल्लाई s. m. A fish, a sort of pike (Esox scolopus) the gangetic porpinoso, an aquatic plant (Trapa bis-

जबसूत s f. The guinea-worm (Filaria medinensis).

जनसेनी s. f. Sleeping in water by way of mortification; a fish.

লবহু s. m. A small water (or summer)
house.

जनहास s. m. Cuttle fish bone, considered as the indurated foam of the sea. जना s. m. A lake. [of water.

नवाकार s. m. Appearance or semblance नवाक s. m. An otter or water-cat.

লভাষ্ট s. m. A natural water-course or channel; a plant (Vollisneria).

नवाबार s. m. A pond, a lake, a reservoir, any piece of water.

जनाता o. a. To burn, kindle, inflame, fire light, make jealous.

नवानका } adj. Fretful. passionate, hot-नवानुना fempered; scorched.

जलामय adj. Full of water, wet.

अवाश्विका 8. f. A well.

of fresh water; an inundation, a flood, a deluge.

बनाहा ady. Wet, charged with aqueous moisture.

जलाजुका } 8. f. A leech.

नजारन s. f. Firewood.

reservoir, or any piece of water; the ocean; a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum). adj. Stupid; dull, cold, apathetic.

जिल्हा } s. f. A leech.

जिया s. m. A fisherman.

बर्धेक्या s.f. A plant (Heliotropium indicum).

जनेयन s. m. Submarine fire.

अनेवी s.f. A kind of sweetmeat.

अभेषर s. m. The mythological deity of water, Varun ; the ocean.

अलोका s.f. A leech.

made on purpose for carrying off an excess of water, or such a channel made naturally by the overflow of a river, &c.

अलंदर s. m. Dropsy.

जलीरगी जलीबस जलीबा अलीबा

wes s. m. Dissenison, wrangling; prate,

and foolishly or improperly.

wa s. m. Barley. Jow jow hisab lena, To take a strict account, the mark between the joints of the finger.

नकी s. f. Mace.

country, Ionia or Greece; a Greek or Mahomedan.

gers; a flower, the Chinarrose (Hisseus reso sinensis); a clove of garlic, a kind of stitch in needle-work.

Jawedon, Served in a particular manner.

संग्रह s. m. A son-in-law.

जनाइन A kind of eating fruit.

जनाचार s. m. Impure salt-petre.

ley presented by Brakmans to their disciples at the feast of Noaratr.

अवापुष s. m. The China rose, the plant or its flower.

जवार s. m. The rise or flow of the tide

as food for cattle.

27-29

जवाजी s. f., Mixed wheat,

nature a.m. A prickly bush of which tattis are made, and with is eaten by eamels ( Hedysarum athagi ).

reputation, fame, character, celebrity, reputation, fame, renown, luck Jasap, as, s.m. Good and evil, or the favourable and unfavourble traits of one's character.

असपत } cdj. Reputable, renowned.

जनवन जनस्ति क्रमा क्रमा

नव है s.m. Pewter.

The straggle, to which place, which place. Johan tahan, Here and there, every where. Johan ka tohan, Everywhere, in the same place as before. Johan jahan, adv. Wherever. Johan takin, adv. Wherever. Johan takin, adv. As far as. Johan-se, Whence, from which place. Johan-tahan phirna, To straggle, to wander.

resemble those of the kadamb.

The period of the total destruction of the world.

s. m. The name of a king or saint.

The Ganges; the river in its course is said to have disturbed the devotions of the saint Jahnu.

upon which he drank up its water; having released them at the intercession of the gods, he is thus considered the parent of the stream.

जा pron. sing. Whom, what, which, any one.

जाई edy. f. Born, s. f. A daughter.

লামভ s. f. Money tor other pleage) left

for a thing purchased, while it is carried away to be finally approved, with s. m. The thigh and leg.

जांनर s. f. Strength, power.

जांगर adv. With force, powerfully, loadly.

जांच s. f. The thigh. [indico).

সাহত s. m. A kind of heron. ( Ardes কৰিবা s. m. A kind of breeches that do not cover the thigh.

লাৰ s. m. Trial, examination, test, assay, proof.

ৰাখনা v. a. To examine, enquire into, ascertain, try, prove, assay.

ৰান s.f. A wooden trough for raising water.

जाता s. f. A stone-mill for grinding corn, a handmill of two stones, one over the other; a pair of bellows.

লাকড় s. m. Money (or other pledge) left for a thing purchased, while it is carried away to be finally approved.

चान s. m. A religious, sacrifice. vigils.

जागत s.f. Watchfulness, waking. ज्ञागती ज्योति adj. Possessed of or exerting miraculous powers. [wake.

जागना e. n. To awake, to be awake, to जागरच s. f. Vigil, wakefulness, keeping watch, sitting up at night (in a reli-

gious ceremony er prayers), vespers, जागति s.f. Waking, vigilance.

स्रायह s.f. Place.

जाना s. m. A cast of Rindus.

जागावंदी s. f. Drowsiness, sleepiness,

जागू adj. Wakeful, watchful.

সামৰ s. m. The francoline partridge. সামনী adj. Rural, picturesque, diversified with hill, vale, wood, and water (country); wild, jangli, barbarous, savage. s. f. Cowach (Corpapagen pruviens).

जाइन s. m. Poison, venom.

লাম্বলি } s. m. A snake-catcher, s

smake doctor, one who pretends ' जातपात s. f. Pedigree. · chiefly by charms to cure the bite of snakes or other venemous animals.

जार की s. f. Knowledge of poisons, the possession of charms or drugs, and · employment of them as antidotes; a potherb ( Luffa acutangula ).

arte s. m. A suitor, a solicitor, a candidate, a beggar, a person who goes about singing for charity, a petitioner, one who asks or solicits.

बाचना v. c. To want, need, require, . implore, solicit, ask, beg.

वानक s. m. Brahman who presides at the performance of a religious ceremony, an officiating priest; a player on cymbals or on the tabour.

बाजम s.f. A cloth thrown over the carpet to sit on.

ates. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

बाटिंब s. m. f. A plant' (Bignonid snoveolens).

बाठ s. m. The axis of an oil or sugar mill which presses the grain or the canes; a post placed by Hindus in the centre of a tank to mark its being dedicated.

नाइ t. m. The gums ( of the teeth ). वाड़ा s. m. Cold, coldness; the winter. नाही s.f. A row of teeth.

काख s. m. Coldness, apathy; folly, stapidity, dullness of intellect; cold-. ness, frigidity.

नात adj. Born, produced, engendered; a child, offspring: s. m. Kind, sort, class, species, cast, sect, tribe, race; birth, production.

बातच s. m. A mendicant ; astrological -calculation of a nativity. .

कारक्म s. m. A sacrificial ceremony directed to be performed at the bifth of a child.

जानि s. f. Kind, sort, species, class, tribe; birth, production; lineage. race, family.

जातिलच्च s.m. Specific or generic distinction or characteristic; mark of rtibe or caste.

जातिसभाव s. m. Specific or generic character or nature.

जातिकीन adj. Outcaste, void of easte.

जाती s. f. Great-flowered jasmin ( Jose : minum grandiflorum ); mace, nutmeg. जातीपद्ये *इ. र्र*. Mece.

जातीप्तज s. m. Nutmeg.

कातीर्स s. m. Gum-myrrb.

সাব adj. Well-born, of good family. जानम adj. Born blind.

आया s.f: A moment (generally imploy-(ing a fortunate moment); pligrimage; departure, march, journey v procession, a festival.

s. m. A pilgrim.

आदव s. m. The lineage of Krishna, one of that race.

जान s. m. A conjurer, an astrologer. part. Knowing adj. Wise, intelligent. Janbujhkar, adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely.

नानत adj. Knowing, understanding.

जानना v. a. To know, to understand, 'to comprehend, to suppose, to trust.

नानना v. a. To know, understand, क comprehend, to suppose.

जानपहचान s.m. An acquaintance, an intimate friend.

जानवसूचे adv. Knowingly, wilfully. purposely.

आनदार adj. Going, passing away.

जाना e. n. To go, be, pass, reach, continue. Jata-rehna, To be lest, missing, to die, disappear, vanish, go AWAY, PASS AWAY,

ৰাৰ s. m. The kneepsn or patella.
আনুদ্ধি s. f. The kneepsn or patella.

आने चनवाने adv. Wittingly or unwit-

excuse, pass over (as a fruit). Janedo, Never mind, let alone, don't.

जानी v. n. To go; understand, suppose; that is, videlicet, to wit.

prehend, suppose, believe. deem, think, faney, conceive, judge, account, esteem, to trust.

from the shasters, charms, names of a deity silent meditation, muttering of prayers, counting silently one's beads.

The shasters of a deity silent meditation, muttering of prayers, counting silently one's beads.

The shasters of a deity one's beads.

net for fruit; a sort of grass.

will s. f. Muzzle for small cattle.

jambos, &c.); the eighth part of a day, watch of three hours.

(Calyptranthes caryodhyllifohis; Eugenia Jambolaus). s. m. Sour milk, used to coagulate fresh milk, rumet, coagulater.

भागनी adj. Grecian, Mahomedan, or their language, [husband. सामास s. m. Son-in-law, daughter's within s. m. A daughter's husband, a son-in-law; a husband, a lord or master; the sun-flower ( Helianthus annims).

आंमिनी s.f. Night.

भागी s.f. A virtuous and repectable woman; a sister.

সাক্ষর s. m. The rose-apple, the frait-সাক্ষর s. m. A fubulous bear, fatherin-law to Krishna.

क्स कावती s. f. The wife of Krishus, daughter of the bear:

आविदान s. m. Name of a bear, who assisted Rám.

सायपनी s. f. Mace. [chola. सायपन s. m. Nutmeg (myristics mos-स्मया s. f. A wife, one wedded according to the perfect ritual. edj. m. Bem. A. m. A son.

जायापती s. m. dual, Husband and wie. जार s. m. A pavarnour, a gallant; virulence.

of a woman by her gallant.

कारण s. m. Firewood, fuel.

जारना v. a. To light, kindle, burn, is flame.

बारने v. s. To boan, kindle, infane, बारन s. m. A kind of wood (Lagranamia flos regimes).

AIS part. Burning.

a lattice, an eyelet, or loophole; magik, conjuring, illusion, supernatural deception. Jáldar. adj. Resculated. Jal-lakri, s.f. Valerias.

north-west of India, apparently pri of Lahore, and perhaps the meion Jallindhor.

जाया adj. An inhabitant of John जाया s. m. Cobweb, a pellicle ; a jar; apeck on the eye, a catarset.

arfau e. m. A spider; a fishermu; hunter using nets.

जाविकी adj. A cheat, a rogue, a vel bond, a conjurer, or juggler; of who employs nets, &c., for a limit hood. work; the integument in which a feetus is enveloped; a coil; a lattice, grate, trellis-work. Jáli parna, Expresses the hardening of the stone of a mango.

ed tribe or business. adj. Cruel, harsh, severe; inconsiderate, rash, acting without thinking.

from the lakh insect.

खान्ती र s f. Mace (the spice so call-. चानि वे र टर्फ

जावनीभाषा s.f. The language of the Greeks or of the Mahomedans.

with adj. Twins.

are pros. From or of whom.

ante pron. rel. sing. In the dative cuse, to whomsoever.

forum); a fire-work resembling that flower.

जिनिजनिया adj. Fawning.

बिगांबनी s.f. An exclamation expressive of surprise and pleasure. Jigjigi karna, v. a. To fawn.

जिनीवा s. f. Emulation, wish to excel or overcome. [ jith ).

জিলি s. f. Bengal madder (Rubis man-জিলিয়য় s. f. A sister, a dug, a breast.

विश्वास :. f. Asking, inquiring.

बिहानी s. f. Husband's elder brother's

fan odv. Where.

जियमीय adj. Of subdued passion, not to be provoked or made angry.

বিন্দা ) adj. How much, so much, as fund } much as, as many, Jitnemen, In as much (time) as,

adj. As much as, as many as.

जितासा adj. Self-subdued, void of passion. [ quer.

জিনাৰা v. a. To cause to win or con-জিনাহিয় ? s. m. An ascetic, a sage, জিনাহী } one who has completely subdued his passions.

खिते दिवता s. f. Continence, subjugation of the senses or passions. [ ses. खिते दिया adj. Having subdued the senfact adj. Conquerable, vincible.

जिल्हरी adj. Victorious, triumphant. s. m. The city of Benares.

there. Jidhar tidhar, adv. Whither, here and there; every where.

which. A negative particle, No, not. A prohibitive particle, Don't s. m. A jin, the generic name of the personage peculiar to the Jyn sect. who is ranked by them as superior to the gods of the other sects; a saint and teacher; twenty-four Jins are supposed to flourish in an Uvasarpi, or Jyn age, and their writers enumerrate those of the ages past, present, and to come; a Buddh, a generic term applied to the chief saints of the Buddh sect, in the same manner as to those of the Jyns.

जिमारा adj. Abusive, foul-tongued, talkative.

বিষয় conj. Like, as, in such manner as. বিষয়াল v. a. To feed, to entertain.

जियरा s. m. Life, soul. adj. (met).
Beloved.

বিষয়া v. a. To give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, to patronize; to cause to live.

जियुका है s. m. Life, soul, sweet-heart, जियुका beloved; annual wages to washermen and others.

जियोड adj. Brave, courageous.

লিখালা v. s. To give life to; to vivify, animate, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, patronize.

বিশ্বাৰা v. a. To feed, to entertain; to give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to cause to live; to foster, to patronize.

whom. which, any one, Jis-tis, Whomever, whatever, some or other. Jis-jis, Whichever, each of which Jis jagah, adv. Where, wherever, Jis dam, adv. When, while, whilst. Jis tarah, adv. What fashion or manner. (in) what manner, according to, as Jis taraf, adv. Wherever, Jis-kadr, adv. To what degee, as, as much as, whatever, whatsoever, Jis-kisi ka, Of whomever, whosesoever, Jis kisi-ko, To whomever.

বিছা infl. tron That, what, who, whom.

चित्राम्ल s. m. The fir of the tongue. चित्राखाद s. m. Licking, lapping.

It s. m. Life, soul, self, spirit, mind.

Ji utháno, To withdraw one's friendship or desire. Ji bura karna, To vomit, to have a nausea; to be displeased. Ji barhána, To be moderately desirous Ji bikharna, v. n. To faint. Ji bharjana, To be at ease and contented Ji ajana, To have the mind suddenly fixed (on any thing). Ji bhar ana, To be touched with compassion or seized with grief. Ji bahlana, To amuse one's self, to dissipate reflection. Ji pana, To understand one's temper; to be highly.

pleased; to escape from misfortunes Ji pani karna, To harses, to tesse to plague, to perplex. Ji par kisi-ke chalaa, To obey. Ji par khelna, To risk one's life, to run the hazard. Ji pasijna, or,—pighalna, or,—pighal jana, To be compassionate, to feel affection, Ji pakra jana, To be sorry. Ji phat jana, To be broken-hearted. Ji phir jana, To be contented : to be satiated or disgusted Jijalans, To befriend; to plague, to perplex. Ji jalna, To be vexed or troubled in mind. Ji chahna, To desire. Ji chhipana, or. -churana, To do a work carelessly or lazily, to neglect. Ji chalana, To act bravely. Ji chulna, to desire. Ji-den. Granting life, pardoning a capital crime, permission. Ji den karna, To grant life, to pardon a capital crime. Ji dharakna, To have a palpitation of the heart. J. dub jans, To faint. Ji rakhna, To be easily pleased, to please. Ji se utar jana, To sink in the opinion of another; to be brokenhearted. Ji se márna, To kill. Ji karna, or,-hona, To desire, to wish for. Ji khol ke kuchh karna, To do with pleasure or cheerfully. Ji ki sman mangni, To preface a discourse with excuse. Ji ke badal ji dens, To take up the cause of another. Ji ghat jano, To detest. Ji laga a, To excite desire or lovet to place, or fix the mind. Ji lagna, To contract, affection for any person or thing, to hanker after. Ji lena, To penetrate one's thoughts; to excite one's desire; to kill. Ji marna, To mortify one's desire, to displease. Ji milana, To contract friendship. Ji-men and, To come into the mind, to occur to the

termented with envy or jealousy. Jimen ji ane, To be comforted. Jimen ghar karna, To be pleasant, agreeable or acceptable. Ji nikelna, To die; to desire or love excessively; to fear exceedingly. Ji kurna, To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless. Ji hat jana, To detest.

को adv. Yes. s. m. Sir, master, madam. कीका s. m. Pension, livelihood.

जीक राना v. n. To corrugate, to wrinkle. जीव s.f. Winning, victory.

जीतना v. s. To win, conquer, overcome, beat,

जीतप s. m. Life, existence.

जीतवना है है. 12. A winner.

बीता adj. Alive, living; over, more, above. Jiteji. adj. Alive, living.

served by women, who have lost several children, to preserve the remainder.

min's. m. A winner.

होपर ade. Where, wherever, there.

नोन s. m. An old man.

लोना v. n, To live, s. m. Living.

be lognacious and abusive; to pursue pleasures beyond one's reach Jibh pakarns, To silence; to interrupt one's discourse; to criticise minutely Jibh jhukans, To pretend to wealth; falsely. Jibh chátas, to long after of covet unttainable enjoyment. Jibh cholans, To boast beyond one's ability. Jibh dab ke bat kahna, To speak with reserve. Jibh batas, To forbid by signs; to grant the request of a petitioner; to be struck with

terror or astonishment. Jibk sikalna,
To be extremely fatigued or thirsty.
जोभारा adj. Plain-spoken, loquacious.
जोभी s. m. An instrument for cleaning
the tongue; a bit of a bridle,
जीमना v. a. To eat.

जीमार adj. Capital (as a crime); mortifying one's desires.

जीरक s. m. Cumin-seed.

जीरन adj. Old, decayed ; digested.

जोरा s. m. Cumin-seed. [cient. जोर्च s. m. An old man. adj. Old, anwithered, decayed; digested.

जीर्चता s. f. Old age ; infirmity, decay. जीर्चनस s. m. Old, wors, or tattered raiment.

লাখনমন s. m. A fragrant grass ( Cyperus rotundus ). [digestion. जीचि s. f. Old age, infirmity, decay; জীঅ s. f. A high note or tone in singing or music opposite to the bass, the treble.

alta s. m. Animated being, animal; life, existence; the sentient soul, the emanation of the deity which, it is believed, is incorporated with the animal body, and gives it life, motion, and sensation, hence also called Jivatman; it is opposed to that abstract state of the soul Parmatman, in which, by meditating upon its own divine nature and origin, the spirit is supposed to be set at liberty from human feelings and passions.

जीव s. m. A sweet heart, a lover. interj. Bravo!

tosa); a medicinal plant, considered as one of the eight principal drugs, classed together under the name Ushtvarg; an acimal, any being endowed with life.

जीवगर } adj. Resolute, bold, brave, जावट } courageous.

जीवजीव s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a sort of pheasant.

जीवचीव s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a pheasant; the Chakor or Greek partridge.

जीवड़ा s, m. The soul, life; a sweetheart, beloved; annual wages to washermen and others. [ rious.

जीवत part. Living, alive. adj. Victo-चीवतिया s.f. A Hindu fast observed by women who have lost several children to preserve the remainder.

जीवसीचा s. f. A woman whose children are living. [alive.

लोकपति s.f. A wife whose husband is स्रोतधन s.m. Living property, live stock, wealth in flock and herds.

जीवन s. m. Life, existence; livelihood, living, profession; water; a son.

जीवनस्र s. f. Root of life, any thing that gives or restores life.

कीवनी s. f. Jasmin.

जीवनीपास s. m. Livelihood, means of subsitence. [dead.

जीवनीषध s. m. A drug to revive the खीवन adj. Alive, living, existent.

जीवाना s. m. A fowler, a bird-catcher.

नीवनिका s. m. A parasite plant (Epidendron tesseloides, and other species); a plant Menispermum glabrum).

शोबनो s. f. A tree (Cellis orientalis); a plant (Menispermum glabrum); the Sam or Saen tree (Mimosa albida); yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

जीवपुतक s. m. A plant bearing seeds which are used in rosaries.

जीवमें व्हिर s. m. The body.

सोबनार adj. Capital, (as a crime); mortifying (one's desires). [spring. ] कींच %. f. The mother of living off-

कोनधान s. m. A joint, an articulation, कोनातु s. m. A drug for re-animating the dead; life, existence.

जीबाधार s. m. The earth.

जीवाचा s. m. The vital principle, or spirit; that spiritual essence which renders bodies susceptible of motion or sensation.

जोगनस s. m. A fowler, a bird-catcher. जीविका s. f. Livelihood, profession or occupation, by which a subsistence is obtained; pension.

को विश्व s. m. Living, life, existence.

जीवितकाख s.m. Period or duration of life, a life.

की विता anj. Living, slive, existent.

जोशित s. m. A name of Yam, regent of death; a lover, a husband; lord or master of existence; a drug to revive the dead.

जीवितेषा adj. Ruling life, master of being (applicable to objects either of reverence or offection).

जीवे adj. Alive, living, animate, a living being.

नीहारना v. n. To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless. ज्यारी s. m. A gambler.

ज् ग s.f. Emotion, impulse; a volume containing several books.

সা s. m. One of the four great Hindu periods; a term used in the game of chousar; a pair. Juganujug, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages. Jugjug, adv. Constantly, eternally. Jug phorna, or,—phutna, To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. সাম s. f. Address, dexterity, contrivance, counsel, wit, a pun, art Jugat bolna, To pun. Ju-gat-baz, Punster, quibbler. Jugatbazi, s. f. A quibble, pun, witticism, economy.

4.

nomical, facetious, punning.

चुननी s. f. Fire-fly, glow-worm; s ornament worn round the neck.

जुबन s. m. The fire-fly (Lampyris); a jewel worn about the neck,

সুৰন adj. Two, a pair, brace, couple.

স্থানা v. n. To be careful of, to keep
with care; to lend labour, i. e. To
assist another in his work in expectation of similar assistance being returned hereafter.

जुनाच odj. Two.

जुनासना v. a. To chew the cod.

जुरुपा s. m. \ Censure, abuse, reproach, कुरुपा s. f. \ reviling.

जुन्धित adj. Censured, abused, repreached, reviled.

चुन s. m. f. A potherb (Convolvulus argenteus). [abandoned. जुङ्गित adj. Outcast, deserted, injured,

বৃদ্ধ s. m. An engagement, a battle. বৃদ্ধাৰ বৃদ্ধান v. a. To sound warlike instruments in battle.

সূত্ৰ s. m. f. The matted hair of Shio or of ascetics; any knot or fillet of hair.

बुटना v. m. To close with, to engage in close fight, to unite, toclose, to join (as the edges of a wound); to stay, wait.

बुटाबा v. s. To conglutinate.

युद्धा . a. To be joined.

जुड़्हा s. m. Twins.

मुद्धारं s. f. The price of joining, mending, &c.

squar v. a. To cause to join, to cause to couple, to get mended; to tear the hair in token of grief and vexation.

जुदा s. m. Twins.

जुत (in compos.) With, connected with, united with, joined to, as, Dharmajut, adj. Virtuous.

ज्ञवाना v. a. To cause to join or yoke. ज्ञार adj. Arable. s. f. Tillage. Jutaina, v. n. To be joined, to yoke; to be tilled.

ज्ितयाना v. n. To beat with a slipper. ्

जुड s. m. Battle, war, fight.

जन 8. m. Time.

जुन्दरी s. f. A kind of grain.

जुन्हाई s.f. The moonlight.

ing many species, of which Indian corn is one).

जुन्हें बा s. f. The moonlight.

जुबती s.f. A young woman, damsel.

ज्या adj. Young.

ज्या v.n. To be procured or obtained, to come to hand, to be joined.

खुरने v. n. To unite, to be joined.

मुरा देवा v. n. To procure.

बुरना v. n. To be comforted or pacified, v. a. To procure.

बुरावन adj. Procurable. Jurao, s. m., Procurement.

ज्या & f. A. wife.

ৰ s. m. Deceit, cheating, a trick, Julboz, s. m. A knave, a cheat,

नुवाहा s. m. नुवाहित s.f. } A weaver.

बुबती s.f. A young woman, a damsel.

जुबराज s. m. A king's son, the heir-aparent, one appointed to the empire.

yoke, a young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy.

जुवार s. m. Large maize.

अवारी s. m. A gambler; a thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords,

28—ং⊊

whereby the sound is said to im-

भागक s. m. The water of boiled pulse, pease soup, porridge, &c.

The crumbs or remnants of a meal, or its leavings.

sar adj. Served, obliged, worshipped, gratified by service.

জাহাৰ s. f. Hindu salutation, obeisance. জাadv. Lord! master! sir!

জ্বা s. m. A yoke ; a die, dice, a gaming, gambling. Jua khelna, To gamble. Juakhana, A gambling-house.

आपाट s. m. A yoke.

stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords. where by the sound is said to improve.

Smooth-faced, hypocritical.

ज्ञात s.f. Manner, mode; skill, cleverness; a pun, or double meaning.
Jugatbaz, A punster, or rather one
who is fond of uttering double meanings.

চ্নানা v. n. To fight, to be killed in battle. Jujh marns, To die fighting. সত s. m. The matted hair of Shiv; the clotted hair of an ascetic.

जुड़ adj. Cold. s. m. Coldness, the cold. जड़ा s. m. Cold; the hair done up in a knot behind, the hinder part of a turband.

সুজী s. f. An ague. [famous. জনবাবা adj. Beaten with slippers; in-জনা s. m. A slipper.

with slippers; mean, abject. Juti pyzar. s. f. Scuffle. Juti-kari, s. f. Act of beating with slippers.

. জুম s. m. A band, a company, flock, , herd. ज्य s. m. A multitude of birds or beasts.

जुन s. m. Time.

twisted grass laid under a roundbottomed jar to prevent it from oversetting.

ज्या s. m. A yoke.

जन s.m. Guile.

জ্ম । s. m. The water, of boiled pulse, জ্ম । pease soup, porridge, broth &c., জ্ম s. m. A yoke.

जूरड़ s. m. Pits filled with water at the bottom of mountains.

जरी s. f. Jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum).

जुभा s. f. Gaping, yawning.

জ্মিনী s.f. A kind of mimosa ( Mimosa octandra ).

ने pron. Who, which, what.

अति s. f. A. heap.

नेड s.m. Husband's elder brother, name of the second Hindu month (May June). adj. Older, first-born.

जिउरा adj. Elder, first-born ; husband's elder brother.

নিতা adj. m. Elder, first-born; the first and strongest tint obtained from the kusum flower (Carthamus tinctorius).

जिठानी s. f. The wife of a husband's elder brother.

नेडीमधु s. m. Liquorice (Glycirrhiza glabra). [son.

जेतीत s. m. Husband's elder brother's जेता adj. As much as, so much. Jets-ki, adv. Though, although.

नेतिक adj. As many, as much.

तेब s.f. A pocket. Jeb-katra, s. m. A pickpocket.

जेवा adj. Conquerable, fit or subject to be conquered.

ज़िर s. m. The membrane in which the

feetus is enveloped, the after-birth, secundines.

A Jyn, a follower of the principles of a Jin, or teacher of hetero-

जेज s. m. A string or line of captives chained together, a string of buckets passed over the Persian wheel.

केंग् s. m. A cord, a string.

जेवडी s.f. A string, a cord, a worm. जेवडा v. s. To eat.

जेवनार s.f. A treat, feast, entertainment, banquet.

केवरी s.f. A cord, a string. केट alj. Eldest, chief.

নত s.m. Husband's elder brother.
name of the second Hindu month
(June-July). adj. Older, first-born.
নতা s.f. One of the lunar mansion
(the eighteenth).

water and placed one over the other in order to be carried on the head; a ceremony preparative to marriage, in which pots filled with water are piled over one another, the whole is crowned with a bowl of sharbat, and the friends watch by it during the night.

[ ment.

जेंडर s. f. The name of a female orna-जे adj. As much as.

a s. m. f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment, conquest, victory, bravo! huzza! all hail! Jyjykar, s. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation. Jyjykar karna, To huzza, shout. Jymalá, s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.

अजिन्ती s. f. A musical mode.

जैदद s. m. A kind of drum.

नेत s.m. A plant (Æschynomene sesben); a musical mode. [queror. जैनरघ s.m. A hero, a victor, a con-जैना s.m. A conqueror, a victor. कैमी adj. Victorious, triumphant. nn s. m. A Jyn, a follower of the principles of a Jin, or teacher of heterodox notions, the chief of which are, the supremacy of certain religious pontiffs over the gods of the Hindus, denial of the divine authority of the Veds, and a disregard of the distinction of castes.

जैपाल s. m. A plant (Crotom Tiglium). जैपेर adj. As many times, as often as. नैमान adj. Victorious.

जैमिनि s. m. A celebrated saint and philosopher, founder of the uttar mimánsá school.

what-like, as, such as, according as.

Jysá chahiye. As may be desired, as it ought, sufficiently. Jysa tysa, As well as, so so. Jysa ka tysa, Precisely the same unaltered. Jysa ki, As though, as if.

जै है v. fut. Will go, will be.

ने हों 2d pers. pl. fut. ton. of To go.

onj. rel. Who, what, which, that. conj. If, that, that which, because. Jo jo, Whoever. whatever. Jo chiz, What thing, whatever. Jo kuchh, Whoever. Jo koi, Whoever. Joki, Though, although, whichever.

नोचार s.f. A grain, Indian corn (Sor-ghum oulgaris). s. m. Flood-tide.

जीचार भाटा s.m. The flood-tide, and ebb-tide.

way. Jonton karke, adv. In some way, by some means, somehow or other, as it could be done. Jon karke, as it was, as in reality, unaltered.

affar s. f. A leech, Jonk lagina, To-

ब्रोकान्यों adv. In the same stall.

सींकर adn. In any way.

नोइन s.m. Aloe wood or Agallochum. ब्बीची adv. In some way or other, · some how.

जीहीं adv. As soon as.

जीब s.f. A leech.

कोच s.f. Weight.

जीवना v. a. To weigh.

जोश्विम s. f. Risk, venture, peril, danger, achievement, enterprize. uthána, To run the hazard, venture, risk.

जीखिमी s. m. A risker.

नोसों s. f. Risk, venture.

स्रोग s. m. Junction, fitting; a fortumate moment, opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, intense meditation; certain division of a great circle, measured upon the Ecliptic. adj Possible, capable, fit (in comps. it answers to, able, worthy, &c.).

जीनता . f. Suitableness, capability ability, fitness.

जीगनी s. f. A class, of female deities supposed to be attendant on goddess Debi ; ( in astrology ) spirits governing periods of good and ill luck.

जी गमाया s. f. A person's assuming any number of forms of his own body at pleasure; a deceptive power which Jogis are supposed to possess.

जोगा' adj. Opportune, fit, proper, able, capaele, adequate, advisable, apposite, applicable. Jogi.

जोगाभ्यास s. m. The life and practice of a जीगिन s. f. Female of Jogi.

जोगिनी s. f. A female fiend or spirit, supposed to be attendant on and created by Durya; (in astrology). spirits governing periods of good and ill luck.

स्रोगिया s. m. A colour. s. f. A musical mode; a kind of pigeon.

जोगी s. m. A Hindu mendicant, a devotee; a cast of Hindus who are commonly weavers; they do not burn but bury their dead; and the women are sometimes buried alive with their husband's corpse.

जीगेय रे s. m. A devotee, an adorer. जीनेषर (

ज्ञाय adj. Accomplished, fit, capable. जीवन s. m. A measure of four cos.

जीट s. m. A fellow, peer, one of a pair. a mate, a match. adj. Equal, ever, not odd. Jot bandhana, To pair.

जीइ s. m. Junction, joint, joining, connexion, conjunction, a patch; a seam, society. Jor dena. To cast up, to add the sum. Jortor, s. m. Contrivance. arrangement, mechanism, joint, joinng. Jorjar, s. m. Savings, collecting by small quantities, scraping together.

जोइती e.f. Calculation, reckoning. को डन s. m. Solder ; runnet.

को सना v. a. To join, mend, patch; to add together; to reckon, to cast or sum or add up; to get or rather to save and scrape up a fortune, &c. : to fabricate, cement, solder, unite, set (a bone, &c.), to tie, annex, affix, invent, contrive.

स्रोडा s. m. Joining, connexion, a pair, a couple; a pair of shoes; a suit ( of clothes); alchymy.

जोसाई s. f. Joining.

स्रोही s. f. A pair, a comple.

स्रोत s. f. Cultration, cultivated land, tillage.

the sunbeams; the flame of a candle or lamp; vision. Jot-man, adj.

Luminous, bright, Jotisarup, adj.

Luminous, self-resplendent (an epithet of God).

कोतना v. s. To yoke, to plough, to till. कोतार s. m. A ploughman, a husbandman.

स्रोतिष s. m. Astrology, astronomy.

जोतियो s.m. An astrologer, an astronomer.

जोती s. f. The string which suspends the scale of a balance.

जीधन s. m. Fighting, battle.

स्रोधा s. m. A warrior, a combatant.

खीन } s.f. Pudendum muliebre.

खोषन s. m. Puberty, adolescence, prime, youth, (met.) breast.

स्रोबनवती sdj. f. At the age of puberty, fit to be married, youthful.

जीय } s.f. A wife.

कोवा s. m. Fraud, deceit. Jola dena,

जीवत part. Sees, regards, observes.

जोवनी v.a. To see, to look at, to regard. जोषी s. m. An astrologer, an astronomer.

जोसी s. m. A trible of Hindus.

जोहना v. s. To expect, to look out for. जो conj. If that. adv. When, what time. Joulon, As long as.

\*\* s. m. Barley; the mark between the joints of the finger Jou. jou hisáb lena, To take a strict account.

जीवना v. a. To rail.

वीराभारा s. m. A retired room, a vault.

नास्रा (s.m. A grain, Joar (Holder) (cus sorgum).

ৰীবৃদ্ধ s. m. Dower, nuptial present.

जीन pron. Who, what, which.

जीनार s. f. A. feast, जीवन adv. Until, as long as.

ছবিন adj. Taught, expounded, made known.

sion, the exercise of the intellectual faculty. [derstood.

चात adj. Known, comprehended, un-चातिवद्यान s.m. A man completely versed in any science or Shastr.

মানা s. m. One acquainted with any thing. Gyatapurus, A learned man.

ज्ञातान्वय s. m. A name of Varddhaman, the last Jin or Jyn pontiff.

সাবি s. m. A father; a distant kinsman, one who does not participate in the oblations of food water offered to deceased ancestors.

মাত adj. Knowing, wise, intelligent. মানিষ adj. Relationship, affinity.

মাৰ s. m. Knowledge in general: understanding, inteliect, intelligence: knowledge of a specific and religious kind, that which is derived from meditation, and the study of philosophy which teaches man the ( now fallen) divine nature and origin of his immaterial part with the unreality of corporal enjoyments or worldly forms, and which, separating him during life from terrestrial objects, is supposed to secure him after death, a final emancipation from existence. and re-union with the universal spirit; or in other words, to exempt the soul from further transmigration. Gyan dourána. To meditate deeply.

जानद्पेस s. m. One of the Jyn saints.

সাৰবাৰ বৈdj. Wise, intelligent, know-মাৰী ing, judicious, a sage, one possessing religious wisdom. ज्ञानिन् s. m. An astrologer, a fortuneteller, a man prescient of future events; a sage, one possessing religious wisdom or gyan.

ज्ञानिनी adj. Wise, intelligent.

चानेन्द्रिय s.m. An organ of perception or consciousness, the skin, tongue, eye, ear and intellect.

जापक adj. Making known, giving information, proclaiming. m. One proclaims.

चापन s. m. Making known, apprising. communicating, informing.

आपित adj. Revealed, discovered, noti-ञ्चा s.f. A mother; the earth; a bowstring.

क्यानी v. a. To cause to live, to give life to, to recover any one almost dead: to foster, to paironise.

न्येष्ठ ødj Best, most excellent, eminent; very old, oldest; elder, elder-born. s. m. The month Jyeth ( May-June ).

क्येष्ठता s. f. Seniority; superiority.

, ज्येष्टतात s. m. A father's elder brother.

ज्येष्टवर्षे s. m. A Brohman, as elder or best-born.

चोहा s.f. One of the asterisms considered as lunar mansions, the 18th comprising three stars, of which one is Scorpionis, figured by a ring or earring; the middle finger.

च्यों adv. As, how much, the more so, when, asif. Jyan ka tyon, Precisely the same.

च्योति *इ. ∫.* Light.

ज्योतिष s. m. Astronomical and astrological science, astronomy, astrology. न्योतिषिक s. m. An astrologer.

न्धीतिषी s. f. A star, a plant, an asterism. s. m. An astrologer, or astronomer.

ज्योतिका ६. m. A planetary or heavenly body : the generic term for the sum, the moon, a planet, an astorism, a ster; the word in the m. pl. Jyotishka, implies all these five.

ज्योतिमान adj. Luminous, splendid, resplendant, glorious.

ज्योतीर्थ s. m. The pole-star.

व्योतसा s.f. Moonlight.

ज्योतकाषिय s.m. The Chacor or Greek partridge.

ज्योत्साइच s. m. The tripod or tree of a lampstand, a candlestick.

ज्योत्को s.f. A moonlight night, or a night in which the moon is full.

ञ्चर s. m. Fever, intermitting or continued.

ज्यानाम् adj. Anti-febrile, febrifage.

ज्यापि s. m. Feverish heat, or the hot paroxysm of fever.

करापदा s. f. A plant (Medicayo esculenta).

ज्यरी adj. Febrile, feverish, affected with fever.

अवस s. m. Flame, blaze, light.

व्यक्तका s. f, Flame.

zing. ञ्चलम s. m. Ugni or fire; burning, bla-

ञ्चलित adj. Burnt ; blazing, flaming.

ज्यार s.f. A grain, Indian corn. maize ( Holcus sorgum ).

ज्याला s.f. Flame, blaze.

ज्वाला जिल्ला **१.** m. Ugni or fire, whose tongue is flame.

ज्वालामुखी s.f. A place where subterraneous fires break forth. an object of veneration the Hindus; a volcano; a celebrated Jwala-mukhi or volcano exists near Balkh, to which pilgrimages are made from Hindustun, the soil abounding with hydrogenous gas which takes fire when coming in contact, with the external air; otherwise, vents being made, a light is applied to the orifice and flame being kindled is fed by the stream of gas that escapes.

## #

alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding in power to fh.

s. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms, as of sworbs, &c.

भंबार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing. भंदना रे. n. To be horrorstruck, have भद्दनी the hair stand on end, to shudder, rave, chatter, lament.

भंदाहा s.m. An elk; a tree without leaves.

चंगा s. m. An upper garment er vest, a coat a grown.

भंभवार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing. भंभवार s. f. Wrangling, perplexity, encumbrance.

भंगरी adj. Perplexing.

मधना adj. Peevish, fretful.

संस्ताना v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring, gingle, rattle.

संस्काइट s. f. Peevishness, clinking; tinkling, riuging.

मंभ री s. f. A lattice.

ৰ হা s. m. A banner, a flag, an ensign, a streamer.

age (a tree), with fine head of hair (a child).

To wash the feet by rubbing jhanwan.

To wash the feet by rubbing jhanwan.

To s. f. Passion, emotion. Jhak mara,

To act fruitlessly or absurdly. Jhaki,

adj. Passionate.

भक्षभीरी s.f. Scrambling and wrangling, snatching,

काना v. n. To rave, chatter, reflect lament.

कदरी s.f. A milk-pail or vessel.

भवाभव adj. Shining, glittering with gold and silver, &c. brocade.

भकोर s. m. Loss, misfortune.

भकोरा s. m. Raining, a shower, a squall, a breeze, gust.

भाकी गं v. s. To drive or beat as wind or rain in a squall. to shake.

भाकील s.f. The act of shaking in the water.

भकी जना v. a. To shake.

भक्ष s. m. A squall, a storm, a tempest. भक्षी s. m. A chatterer, a prater, an useless talker.

कखना v. n. To chatter.

अन्न इ. m. A kind of hawk.

क्रगङ्गा v. n. To wrangle, quarrel, dispute, cavil, contend, squabble.

contention, quarrel' squabble, strife. Jhagra pakarna, To engage in another's quarrel. Jhagra ragra, s. m. Squabbling and wrangling, brawl, squabble.

स्त्रण्डाना v. s. To set a wrangling.

भनणाविन } adj. Quarrelsome wrangtentious; a brawler, an arguer.

कना s. m. An upper garment or vest, a coat, a gown.

भगुवा s. m. A child's frock or shirt.

कामार s. m. A goglet.

काभ s. m. A long beard.

सक्तकारना v. a. To browbeat, to speak snappishly to.

कामचा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

मन्त्रन s. m. A indistinct noise like the

jangling of metal ornaments, a ringing, a rattling, &c.

कक्तरी s.f. A lattice.

want s.f. Wind, wind and rain, a hurricane, a gale; a sharp clanging sound, jangling; raining in large drops.

wind in the rainy season, a typhoon or the sort of tempest frequent in the south-west monsoon.

क्रम्भावात s. m. Wind with rain, a storm, a squall.

was adj. Quick, instantly. Jhot-se, or Jhotpot, adv. Quickly, hastily.

सदस s.f. Twitch, stitch, toss, throw, jerk, shake.

lean. v. a. To shake; to become lean. v. a. To touse, twitch, pull, jerk. Jhatak lenv, v. a. To snatch.

the head (in the Hindu way), broken asunder or torn by a sudden jerk, torn to pieces, s. m. A shake, a pull, a twitch.

कटकाना v. n. To shake, to pull.

भटपट odv. Quickly, hastily.

भटाच s. m. Flap, clap, rain blown with a strong wind.

ন্ধতি s. m. A small tree, a shrub, a bush. নাতিবি adv. Quickly, speedily, instantly. নাড় s.f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire. s. m.f. A kind of lock.

জন্মনা ১ v. a. To browbeat, ao speak snappishly to, to threaten, to jerk.

अङ्बामङ्बी s.f. Mutual wrangling. अङ्बाह्या v. n. To shake, to jerk.

कड़न s.f. The act of falling off ( as of fruit from a tree ); snuff.

अङ्गा v. n. To fall off (as fruit, leaves gc. from a tree), emit, drop, fall, pour, shake, strain, to be sounded (the noubut), to be discharged (a volley).

wइप s. f. Heat, fierceness ( os of pepper ), acrimony ; sparring, contention, अञ्चलना v. n. To spar, fight ( as cocks,

&c. ), to contend.
अक्षाभावती s. f. Fighting particularly

of birds ) sparring, contention. आइपाना v. a. To fight (cocks or other

birds), make to spar or contend.

भाइनरना v. n. To burn, to be all in flames.

आइवेर s. m. अइवेरी s. f. आइवेरा s. f. A wild ber tree Zizg. phus jujuba).

आइवाना v. a. To cause others to sweep.

आएं।क } s. m. Speed, haste, harry.

माड़ाखा s. m. A skylight.

आकृ। आकृ adj. Hastily, rapidly.

भाषाना v. a. To get swept; to cause to be exorcised.

भाषी s. f. Continued rain, showers, strom, wet weather; perquisites.

आफ़ोटा s. m. The end of the season ( of fruits, &c. ) going out season.

भाषक s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling. [ ring.

करावना v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, कड़ा s. m. A banner, flag, an ensign, a streamer.

age (a tree), with a fine head of hair (a child).

any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms ( as of swords, &c. ).

भागक s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling; clank, jingle.

क्कनकना v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring, jingle,

where s. A. Chinking, tinkling, ringing, clank, jingle, rattle.

40

कानकारना v. a. To ring.

काननां s. m. A kind of rice.

wit adj. Quick, adv. Quickly. Jhapse, adv. Quickly, in a tree. Jhap khána, v. n. To overset (a paper kite in flying).

आपच s. f. Fanning, winking, &c.

fro (a fan). v. a. To spring (ss a riger); to snatch; to wink.

भागकाना u. n. To wink, to twinkle.

भागनी s. f. A snatch, a spring ( as of a tiger ), drowsiness, wink, twinkle.

was s.f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), rash, snap. Ihapat lens, To snatch, snap up.

स्वारण v. n. To snatch, to spring, to attack, to attack saddenly, to spring or pounce upon, to fly at, snap at.

भाषा s. m. Assault, sudden attack; the spring of a tiger; a match. Jhopatts, marns. To snatch.

अन्याकायी s. f. Haste, hurry.

कपाट s. f. Quickness.

अपाना v. n. To take a nap.

भाषास s. f. A shower.

क्राविया adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

भावता . a. To astonish.

भाविया s. m. An ornament,

shaggy; bent curved, bending (as the bough of a tree).

WMI s. m. A tassel.

भनो s. f. Trappings.

ৰাজ্য adj. Long-haired (cattle or dogs), shaggy; bent, curved, bending ( as the bough of a tree).

भागक s.f. Glitter.

補作事實(8.m. Splendour,

अनवाग v. n. To glitter ; to dance.

clash or clatter of metallic substances.

भागकाणा v. a. To cause to glitter or dance.

क्षमको s. f. Glance, glare, glitter,

जनजान । adj. Heavily and during the जनगाज । whole day ( raining ).

कानकाना v. n. To sparkle, shine, glitter.

भागरभागर adv. Drop by drop ( as small rain ). [ness, haste.

जनाचा s.m. A heavy shower; quick-जनाचन adi. Heavily and during the

भागाभाग adj. Heavily and during the whole day (raining).

fire. Jhar barna, To burn, to be all in flames.

cascade. v. n. To spring, to flow; to fall off (as fruit, leaves, &c. from that tree).

आरपाम v. n. To spar, to fight (as cocks, gc.), to contend.

भागेखा s. m. A lattic, a window.

आभार s.m. A goglet.

was s. m. A skimmer; a spring, a cascade. v. n. To spring, to flow; to fall off ( as fruit, leaves, &c. from the tree).

was.f. Passion, anger, jealousy; the heat from a fire.

भाषा s. f. Brightness, glitter, glard, refulgence, reflection of light.

भाजभाग v. n. To shine, to glare.

अनुका s. m. A blister.

ন্ধৰাৰা v. s. To cause to shine, brightan, burnish. [splendour.

भावकार s. m. Burning, brightness, भावकी s. f. A glance.

अनुजान s. m. Glare, glitter.

क्षमकाना ए. स. To glitter, to glare; to be in a passion; to throb, ache, smart.

F.L.

29—<sub>7</sub>e

आवश्याचर s.f. Glitter, glare, splendour; smart.

mad v. a. To fan, to move to and fro (as a fan), to flap. v. n. To be soldered or repaired.

आविष्यामा v.m. Causal of jhalna.

आवषाबा adj. Suspicious; jealous.

embroidered. s. f. Splendour, glitter.

metal), to solder.

শ্বাদীৰ adj. Splendid, shining, covered with jewels and ornaments. s. f. Splendour. [wood.

研究 a. m. A thicket, copse, under. 転文 a f. Shadow; a freckle or black

mark on the face (not a mole). आंब s. f. A peep. s. m. A herd of deer, a flock of birds, &c.

कांचना v. a. To peep, to spy.

. 如何 s. m. Bushes, brambles, underwood.

आंचाओंकी . f. Peeping, bopeep.

will s. m. A kind of deer.

miw s. f. cymbal; anger, passion, pet, rage; stillness, dreariness; impatience (in a horse expecting his corn).

with s. f. Wrangling, squabbling, quarrelling.

with s. m. The name of an insect, caterpillar, cabbage-worm.

आंध्यया adj. Passionate.

ninits. f. A kind of play. (Children in the month of Asin go about at night, dancing, begging, and carrying on their heads earthen pots perforated on all sides, within which lamps are kept burning.

wiy s. m. A matted shutter.

आपिया v. s. To cover, to shut.

Mitte odv. Black.

कांखी s. f. A wink, coquetry; a

hot wind. Jhaonlibás, A coquette. Jhaonli lena, To ogle.

नांदा s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinder.

weedle, to coax; to be inclined, to be agog, to be intent or set (on), to covet.

with s. m. A flatterer, wheedler, seducer.

with s. m. A tree growing in marshy
ground, whose tender branches are
worked into baskets, and the dry
wood is used as fuel (Tamarix Indica).

জাৰ s. m. Foam, froth (of the ocean).
scum.
[ankles.
কাজাৰ s. m. Cymbals or bells for the
আজা s. m. An intoxicating mixture

made with bhung or hemp.

overgrown with creepers; a wood, a thicket.

a thicket.

WILL s. f. Jasmin. [phracts.

WILL s. f. A plant (Flacourtia cata
WILL s. m. Bushes, brambles, bush, shrub, brake, underwood; a kind of firework; a lustre or chandelier; a purge; continued rain. Jhar bándkna, To rain without ceasing. Jhar pahar, Digression. Jhar phunk, f. a Juggling, conquering, hocus pocus (particularly the bite of a snake or a disease). Jhar jhatak, s. f. Sweeping. Jhar jhankar, s. m. Brambles, large dry bushes. Jhar jhur, s. f. Sweepings; perquisites; thicket.

mique adj. Bushy. s. m. A forest, the forest of Byjanath.

आइन s. f. Sweepings; a coarse cloth for wiping furniture, &c.

भाष्मा v. a. To sweep, brush, shift, clean, strain, knock off, dash, strike, flap, strike fire (as with a fint), to

beat (bushes, &c.) Jhar pachhor kor dekhna, To try, to prove, to examine. Jhárna phunkna, To exorcise, to repeat spells or charms. Jhar dalna, To sweep out or away. Jhar dena, v. s. To brush, to clear away.

भाइन adv. Entirely.

माङ्ग्ब ३. f. Juggling, conjuring.

MINT s. m. A stool, a purge. Jhara jhapta jana, To go to the necessary. Jhara jhapta lena, To search. Jhara phirna, or Jhara jhatka phirna, To walk among the bushes (which means) to go to the necessary. Jhara dena, To submit to search. Dukan-jhara s. m. Sweepings of a (druggist's) shop. compound medicine.

आड़ों s. f. Forest, wood, underwood, brushwood, copse, bush, brake, shrub. आइ s. m. f. A besom, broom, a comet. Jharu-kash, or,—bardar, s. m. A sweeper; the caste of Halakhor.

काषा s. m. A narrow-mouthed basket. भाषर s. f. Marshy land, fen.

will s. m. A leathern pot for measuring oil, ghee, &c.

आनव s. m. A burnt or vitrified brick.

will s. m. A small whetstone, used chiefly by housewives for sharpening their spindles, needles, &c.

भा ना s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinder.

with s. f. A pitcher with a long neck and a spout to it, an ewer; forest, wood, underwood, brush-wood.

of pepper), acrimony; a large basket; joining or soldering of metals.

आवना v. a. To season (pickles); to polish, to clean (plate); to solder.

Fringed, Jhalarder, edj.

चावरा s. m. A spring ( of water).

भावरी s. f. Cymbals.

चार् s. m. A tree (Tamarix Indica).

阿勒斯 s. f. A start.

श्यिकवा ) v. n. To start or baggle, भाषाचा । to feel the sensation of the limbs being asleep, or as if pine and needles were striking through them.

किन्द्रवाना v. n. To start.

furya s. f. Threat, jerk.

चित्रकारा । v. s. To browbeat, speak काक्ष्यवा ) snappishly to, scold, threaten, jerk.

जिङ्बाजिङ्बी s. f. Mutual wrangling.

शिक्षी ) s. f. Rebuff, apappishness, कड़वी | frowning, jerk, repercussion. शिक्षिक्षण v. n. To rage, rail, storm. शिक्षका adj. Raw-bound.

िक्कारों adj. A shrub (Barleria cristata). विकासिकों s. f. The tinkling sensation felt when a limb is asleep.

furcing s. f. Running in a slender stream (water. &c.).

furtient adj. Very thin.

भिरभिरागा v. s. To trinkle, to rill.

िक्सी s. f. A cricket.

bed or couch when wern out and separated. adj. A couch or bed is said to be jhilgs, when the bottom is worn out or broken.

ways s. m. A kind of soldier.

the visor of a helmet. Jhilam ka top,
An iron helmet.

चित्रपाय s. m. A kind of gauze ; a shatter, a venetian blind.

श्चित्रविषय ody. Thin, sparkling.

श्चित्रसम्बद्धाः v. n. To undulate as the flame of a candle or as water twinkle, to scintillate.

pellicle; the membrane in which the foetns is enveloped (secundines); the caul (omentum).

भी जना र v. n. To grieve, lament, think of any thing with sorrow, recommend any thing seri-भोदना ously.

औंगट s. m. A steersman.

कौंगा s.f. A shrimp, a prawn s. m. Cucumis acutangulus: Lufa asutangula.

आविष्ड. m. A kind of insect, a cricket.

adj. Fine, subtil, thin. भ्रीमा

will s. f. A lake.

भीसी 8. m. A shower.

का बाबा v. n. To nod, to bow, to stoop; to be bent, especially downwards (as the bough of a tree), to be tifted; to be amgry, to be perplexed.

कडाना v. a. To cause to stoop, to tilt, bend downwards; to bow, incline; to nod or make nod.

किसान s. m. The state of being bent downwards, stoop.

काबावट s. f. Stooping, modding, bending downwards.

क्रकालाना . क. To be peevish or fretful, to be petulant or irretable, to rage, to storm. Jhunjhlahat, s. f. Peevishness, raging, storming.

भ्रुटलाना । भ्रुटलाना । s. a. To belie, to falsify,

काटालना ? v. o. To prove to be false, कुंडाबना J to prove one in the wrong ; to pollute victuals by touching them, &c. Munh jhutalna, To eat something. Munha munh jhutalna, give a man the lie to his face.

m. A bush, bramble. 8. m. A shrub, a bush.

7.

final s. f. A cricket; a thin skin, s | W S. m. A crowd, a swarm, troop; the buzzing noise of a crowd; a clump of trees. Jhund ke jhund, Crowds, &c. used intensively.

trus s. m. A standard, a banner, a flag भाष्ट्री s. f. A bush, a tuft of grass.

क्रन s. f. Slight resemblance.

आतम आता . m. A child's rattle.

आनुनक्तनी s. f. Little bells worm on the feet.

आत्रका s. m. The bell-shaped pendant of an ear-ring; the wain, Ursa Major; a bunch of flowers or fruits; name [ grief ), to pine. of a flower. wrent w. n. To wither, to fade (from

withe s. m. A multitude, a erowd, assembly, ball; a battle, conflict; : shawl twisted round the head.

आदियाणा थ. a. To weed; to wipe, clean, and plaster a house, &c.

आरी s. f. A wrinkle.

अक्रुबकाना v. a. To scoreh, to singe (s the small feathers of a plucked foul). आजना v. n. To swing, to dandle.

भागा जाना v. n. To be scorehed at signed.

भाजस देना v. c. To scar, to singe.

अनुवासना v. n. To be singed, scorelied or seared.

भरवासाना v. c. To cause to singe, w singe, sear, scorch.

काना v. a. To swing, shove a swing to rock (s in which others are, eradle); to dangle, to hang; " make another (as a dan) dane after one.

ज्युजा s. m. A shirt or vest that cores the body from the shoulder down wards.

का कि कि A bird's west.

peevishnen Petulance, भा भाग 8. र्र. irritableness, rage.

Digitized by GOOGLE

भूटर है s. f. Ground that produces भूटर two crops yearly.

स्ट्रनश्चांदन s.f. Leavings.

कड़ी s.f. A bush, a clump of grass.

Jhuth muth, False, untrue. adv. Falsely. Jhuth bolna. To lie, to tell a lie, speaking falsehood.

adj. Liar, false; (among Hinder) dus) that which has touched food and is thereby defiled, affal, refuse, left (food) s.m. Leavings of food. Jhuta jhuta. s.m. Offals, left food. Jhutha chatna, To eat leavings, to be very wretched. Jhuthi no puchhna, To refuse even common eivility.

ளுக்க. ஊ. A bush, bramble.

क्या s. m. A ripe cocoa-nut; a kind of muslin.

waving, undulating. Jhúm jhúm, Gathering of the clouds.

स्मा s.f. An assembly, a ball; (met.)
a battle, an engagement.

of an ear-ring; the constellation of the bear.

भागकी s. f. A kind of ear-ring.

आभूमा v. m. Gathering of the clouds. भागा v. m. To wave, move the head up and down, slumber, move losse, gather ( the clouds ).

करना ५. इ. To pound, to grind; to shake fruit from the tree. ५. त. To pine.

करा adj. Withered.

ings, a bag, a wallet, a knapsack.

swing, dangle, hang, oscillate, s. m. A kind of poem.

people swing, the rope on which

अनुसा s. m. Mizzling rain.

will s.f. An town opposite Allahabad.
will s.f. A shove or push in swinging;
the impulse of a squall or sudden
blast of wind. Jhenk dena, To set
fire to (particularly straw, &c.); to
throw dust, &c.; to throw away (the
lives of men uselessby). Jhonk khana,
To roll.

भोजना v. a. To cast, push, throw, tess, to cast fuel (into an oven).

witz: s. m. The hair of the back part witz: s. f. of the head; the motion of a swing. Jhonto dena, To shake ene's head with violence.

भोपड़ा s. m. } A cottage, a hut.

willy s. m. A bunch of fruit; a cleth with eyelets which covers the whole body; a spike.

कोरा s. m. A bunch, a cluster (of fruit). भोज s. f. A. jolt, a puff or gust.

a gust, blast, breeze or current (of wind). [dulous helly.

with s. m. A nest; the stomach; a pen-

of ill made clothes); a litter, broad, farrow, batch, a birth.

wilds s.m. A stroke of the sun; the palsy; a knapsack, a wallet.

क्रोजी s. f. A wallet.

कौरा odj. Tawny. कौंसा adj. Greatly burnt or scorched.

strings of a musical instrumentate once.

भोरा]s.m. A tree (Tamarix Indica), whose branches when tender are made into baskets, and when dry are used as fuel; it grows in marshes; a basket without a cover.

## ढ

The eleventh consonant of the Nagri alphabet, and answers to the Enghish t in tin.

z = s. m. A weight, equal four máshas: a sword.

टंपाणा v. n. To be stitched.

टंबार s. f. The twang (of a bowstring). टंबोरना s. n. To twang.

दंगमा v. n. To be hung, to be suspended. टंगरी s. f. The leg.

टंगारी s. f. (dim of टंग्बी) A small axe. टंच adj. Miserly; hard; untractable. टंटा s. m. Wrangling, alterestion. squabble, strife.

Tak bandhad, v. a. To stare, to gaze.

Tak lagana, v. a. To expect, to long for.

ट्याटको s. f. Staring, fixed look, to gaze.

Tutaki bandhas, To regard with a fixed look, to gaze.

stare at, to aim, peep, see, spy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend.

heads of two people, to dush the head on something, to dash together, to butt, v. n. To grope in a dark place or passge.

adj. Spoilt in education. Taksal ka khota, adj. Spoilt in education. Taksal charhna, v. n. To be educated. Taksal Bahar silj. Uneducated, unpelished, rude, unclassical.

ट्रवानिया है s. m. Officers of the mint.

equal in value to a penny. English money, or about two thirds of an anna.

zwit s.f. A tax, duty, collection, imposition; a cheap trull.

टबी s.f. Stare, fixed look ; aim, टब्रुपा s. m. A spindle.

टबीत ) adj. Rich, possessed of ready टबीत ) money.

zalt s.f. The sound of a drum; a fillip, tap.

टबीरा s. m. A fillip, a tap; a very small unripe mangoe; the sound of a drum. टबीनां v. a. To forment.

टबीमा s. m. Two pice or two-thirds of an anna, of Delhi, nearly a penny, English money. [album].

ZWEN s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium ZWEN s.m. Shoving, pushing, shouldering, knocking against, collision, striking a blow, butt, butting, the knocking of head to head; equality Takkov khana, v. s. To stumble; to be dashed against any thing; to meet with a loss or misfortune. Takkov pahár se isna, To enter the lists against an antagonist of greatly superior force. Takkav marna, v. s.: To knock against; (met. from the suppliant's striking their heads on the ground) to pray; to curse.

टचना s. m. The ankle joint.

wandering of the mind, confusion, per plexity.

टनरना v. n. To roli.

ट्या adj. Squint-eyed.

टनराना है v. c. To roll.

टबराग ७. त. To roll

श्चनना v. n. To roll; to be melted, to rarefy.

टचवाना v. a. To toll.

zw s. m. A kind of elephant or wood apple; Betax; a spade or hoe; a hatchet, or stone cutter's chisel; a sword, a seimitar, a sacrificial hatchet or knife; a weight equal to four mashas; a weight of silver put for a coin.

टहणति s. m. The master of the mint. टहणावा s. f. A mint. [fc. टहा s. m. The jingle of plates, diches, टहाबद s. m. The mulberry ( Morus Indica ).

टहार s. m. Surprise, wonder; fame, notoriety, the twang of a bow-string. टहोरना s. n. To twang.

zw s. m. The leg; Borax.

टइजाना रे v. s. To be hung, to be sus-

बक्की s.f. The leg.

टिशिनी s.f. A plant ( Oissampe les hexandre ).

टड adj. Miserly ; hard, untractable. टटका adj. Fresh, new, recent.

टटको s.f. The crown of the head; a fence, a hedge.

टटप् जिया adj. Bankrupt, or reduced in circumstances ( a merchant ).

दहनानी s. f. A pony mare.

टरिया s. f. A screen, a matted shutter.

टिंदी है s. f. A bird, a sandpiper दरीहरी है Trings goensis).

टरीजना v. a. To feel for, grope, search for by feeling, touch, finger.

THE s. m. A matted shutter. [drum. ZFG s. f. A lie, a falsehood; a kettle-ZFI s. m. A screen.

a necessary office; a frame for illumination. Tatti bándhna, v. n. To draw up men in a close rank, Shikar ki tatti ki ot bythno, To do secretly; to form an ambuscade.

टह् 8. m. A.pony.

टेडिया s. f. A flat dish used by Hindus, टेब्स s. m. Wrangling, alterestion, squabble, strife.

za s. m. Twang; pride, conceit, vanity.

Tan. A sound.

হনম s. f. A harsh sound. [&c.) ব হনমা s. m. The jingle (of plates, dishes, হনা s. m. Pudendam muliebre, clitoris. হনানা v. a. To extend, to stretch.

eq s. m. A spring, leap, bound, a drop of rain or other liquid; sound.

by dropping. Tapak nawis. s. m. One who reports erroneously what he pretends to have overheard. Tapak parna To drip.

टपचना v. n. To drop when ripe ; to drip, distil ; to throb, palpitate.

when ripe ( particularly mangaes ); a windfall.

टपकाना v. s. To cause to drip, to distil, टपकान s. m. Distillation.

ठपकी a. f. A small drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangott); a windfall.

टपना v. a. To jump over, to leap over, टपना v. a. To jump over. Tap-a-tos, part. Groping.

other people's concerns, to intermeddle, to interfere.

द्रपाना v. a. To cause to jump ever, to cause to leap; to make to bound.

music; the bound of a ball, &c.; sort of hook; a jump, a bound. Tap-

pa khana, v. a. To bound or ricochet (a shot). Tappe marna, v. a. To sew or stitch with intervals; to read in a desultory manner.

द्रवार s. m. Family.

ze adj. Intoxicated; inattentive, regardless, like one intoxicated.

टरटर s.f. Chattering.

टरटराना v. a. To chatter.

इरटरी s. f. Chattering.

देशना है v. n. To give way. to shrink देशना है from, flinch; to pass away. disappear. retire.

zir adj. Wicked, vicious (particularly a horse); stout.

द्वीना v. a. To chatter.

হল কাৰা v. n. To get out of the way, to disappear, vanish, pass away.

zan v. n. To give way, shrink from, from, finch; to disappear, pass away, retire.

टबप s.f. A piece, a fragment. टबमबाना v. a. To tantalize.

देखाबा v. c. To cause to disappear, to cause to give way.

হৰুষা s. m. A man who watches over a tal or stack of wood.

ट्रेनियोधी s. m. Unprofitable employment, wasting of time.

टसक s. f. Shooting pain, stitch, throb. टसका v. n. to move, to shake to have pain, to decline in quality.

टचवाना v. s. To move, to shake; to shoot with pain.

हरना v. n. To burst ( as tight cloth or a pillow stuffed too full ). to split, to erack.

249 8. m. Tears.

244 8. f. Pain in the joints.

Brant v. n. To pain.

ZVZVI s. m. Beauty, freshness or splendour, conspicuous at a distance. हरना s. m. A branch or large bough of a tree.

टहनी s.f. A branch.

\*\*State of the server of the s

হত্তা ৩. n. To walk backwards, and forwards, to take the air, to rove, to ramble.

टक्सनी s. f. A housewife.

walk backwards and forwards ( as a horse or child); to make dance attendance.

टरपुषा s.m. A manager of household concerns, a servant, a drudge.

टडव्दे s. f. A housewife.

zwis. m. A poetical form of zwi !
zwis. m. The voice of a new born child.

टडीका s. m. A blow.

ziw s. m. A weight equal to four moshas. s. f. An iron pin; a stitch.

होताना v. a. To stitch, to cobble.

ziw s. m. A blackguard, a lecher, a libertine.

zian s. m. A stitch; a tub made of stones; solder. Tánks lagána, v. c. To stitch; to solder.

zial s.f. A venereal chancre; a square piece cut of a melon to examine its quality; a chisel.

হাৰ জনালা v. a. To stitch; to solder. হাৰ s. f. The leg. Tang uthana, To hang up, to hang; to be a catamite. হান্ত s. m. A kind of horse, a highland pony.

टोजना v. a. To hang up, dangle, hang by a string. &c. (not on a reg.).

द्रांगी s. f. A hatchet.

হাৰৰ { s. m. A kind of horse, a high-হাৰৰ } land pony. Tanghan-numa, adj. Like a tanghan.

হাৰ } adj. Perverse, audacious, হাৰজ্য } troublesome.

ziz s. f. The crown of the head.

হান্ত adj. Powerful, strong, firm, solid. হান্ত হৈ s. f. Solidity. [form.

হাত s. f. A stage, a raised seat, plat-হাতা s. m. A venture (of goods); name of a place in Oudh; the goods of a Banjara.

ziz s.m. Canvas, sackcloth. Tatháf. s.m. A weaver of canvas. Tathafi, s.f. Embroidery.

टाउन करीं. Fresh, new, recent; juggling. टाटो s. f. A screen, a matted shutter.

टाड़ी s. f. A small hatchet or axe.

द्रानमा v. a. To stretch, to pull.

ZIU s. f. A stroke with the fore foot of a horse; the sound of a horse's hoof in travelling; a frame made of bamboo for catching fish.

হাম্বা v. a. To paw with the fore feet (as a horse that is impatient): to whore (a low phrase).

Ziu s. m. A hen-coop. Tapa-toi karna, To trifle; to grope, to rummage.

ZIU s. m. An island.

टावर इ. f. A small lake.

टारना v. a. To move out of the way. टारी s. f. Distance.

putting off or out of the way, rejecting a request. s. f. A heap (of grain, &c.), a stack, a rick; baldness from age; a turn or trick, in wrestling. Tal karna, To put off; to heap. Tal marna, To heap; to turn the scale fraudulently in weighing.

zান্তীৰ s. m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane.

zाजना v. a. To evade, prevaricate, avoid, put off, postpone, defer; / drive out of the way, put or / aside, ward off, fend, obviate, remove, prevent.

टालमटीव s, m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane, fraud, deceit.

হালা s.m. Evasion; a rick, heap, stack.
Tolo bala batana, To put off.

टाचो s.f. A sort of musical instrument. टिकटिका s.f. A lizard.

रिकडी s. f. A teapoy or stool.

を新可 v. n. To stop, remain in any place, to be detained, to lodge, stay, tarry.

হৈৰণ s.f. A wafer, a small round cake; an ornament worn on the forehead.

टकान adj. Durable, lasting.

হিন্দা v. a. To retain, fix in any place, stop, billet, lodge, station.

दिकात s. m. Stability, permanence.

दिक्किया s. f. A. small cake of bread, a little cake charcoal for the hukka, a water, a bolus.

टिकीर s. m. A cataplasm, a poultice.

टिकड़ s. f. A thick cake of bread.

「記載 s.f. A small cake of bread. Tikki lagana, v. a. To form a connexion, make interest, earn a scanty livelihood.

दिचलना v. n. To be melted, rarely.

टिटबारना v. a. To urge an animal by titkari

ing the tongue from the roof of the mouth, to make horses, &c., proceed.

टिटोइरा } A sand piper (Trinya or go-टिटोइरी } ensis).

टिष्टिम s.m. A bird (Parra jacana, or goensis).

Zest s. m. A grasshopper.

टिडडो s. f. A locust.

fzq s. m. A stain of any colour applied by the finger.

टिप्पन s. f. Annotation.

टिपानी s.f. A gloss, a comment.

टिप्पच s. f. Pride, arrogance.

হিদাৰা v. a. To give small daily allowance, such as merely to save one from starving.

दिभाव s. m. A small daily allowance.

टिमरिन s. m. A sound.

टिमटिनाना v. n. To give a faint light.

दिखिया s. f. A young hen.

दिल्या s. m. A flatterer.

टिश्रा s.f. A small village.

ziz s. m. The ripe fruit of karil; a speck on the eye. [neck.

coloured earths or unguents upon the forehead and between the eyebrows, either as an ornament or sectarial distinction; an ornament worn on the forehead; the nuptial gifts or engagement; inoculation, s. f. A commentary. Tika bhejna, To send the nuptial gifts, which are present-

the nuptial gifts. टीकेन odj. Invested with the tiká or of sovereignty.

ed by the relations of the pride to

the birdegroom, Tika lena, To accept

टौटबी s. f. A sort of medicine.

टीड़ी s.f. A locust.

drawing a card; raising the voice in singing; the noting of any thing; the act of pressing, compressing.

Tip lena, v. a. To draw a card.

होपदाप s. f. Ornament; the act of pressing or compressing.

टोपना v. a. To press, to compress, to grope, feel, squeeze.

z) s. f. A transverse piece in cloths, or a breadth cut diagonally.

zীল s. f. A young hen; a woman (so named in contempt).

হীৰা s. m. A rising ground, a small hill, a mount, a ridge, a hillock.

zit s. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain. Tis marna, To throb, shoot. Tisna, v. n. To palpitate, throb.

z ital adj. Tiny. Tuniya tota, A kind of parrot.

₹ adj. A little.

sion, morsel. Tukra-yada, A beggar for a bit of bread.

टब्स बर्धा. A little.

टका s. m. Scut, a short tail.

&c., more for amusement than from appetite.

zu s. m. A rake, a black-guard.

ट्रब्नाना v. a. To tune slowly.

z ws s. m. A hand or branch that has been cut off.

been cut off, or one born without hands. s. m. The knob in the back part of a turband. Tundedar, s. m. A turband which has a knob in the hinder part.

Tundiyan kasna, or,—charhana, or,—bandhana, To tie the hands behind the back.

ट पाना v. s. To have buried, to cause to cover.

ट्रनक s.f. The sound of water dropping; sound of gurgling.

ट्राचना v. n. To cry, to weep.

ट इकना v. n. To cry.

Crepitum ventris edere.

दंगना v. a. To peck, nibble, chew straws, &c., for amusement; to pick: to piddle.

ट्नाटांगी s.f. Pecking and nibbling.

टंडी s.f. The navel; a small branch or stump of a tree, broken at the end and leafless.

s. m. A piece, a little, particle, an atom, a bit; a single beat of a drum.

ZZ s. f. Fracture, breaking, break; mis-understanding of coolness between friends, harm, loss, deficiency; a passage omitted in the writing of a book, which is afterwards written in the margin. Tut jana, To be broken; to become ill, to pine. Tut parna, To break in upon, to rush in, to be collected in crowds. Tut rahana, To be distressed, to be weary, to be reduced to poverty, to pine away; to be separated.

ट्रा v. n. To break, to be broken, to burst, fail, break forth or rush upon, to assault, to attack, to charge, to invade.

ZZI part. Broken, decayed. s. m. Loss failure, deficiency. Tuts-phuta, adj. Fragments, broken to pieces.

दम s.m. Trifles; an ornament; a frame for pigeons to perch on. Tum tam, s. m. A few trifles; an ornament. Tum dena, To push gently.

टमौ *s.f*. A bud.

टेंगरा *s. m.* } टेंगरी *s. f.* } A fish ( Silurus ).

टें भी है. f. Teasing.

ZZ s.m. The ripe fruit of karil; a speck on the eye.

ZZT s. m. Name of a fruit.

ž s. m. Ventris crepitus, Tun karns, | žzi s. m. A large ripe fruit of karil: a fizgig; speaking inconsiderately.

> ਟੌਂਟੀ s. f. Name of a fruit; speaking inconsiderately.

टेंट्या s. m. The windpipe, the throat.

ਟੈਂਡੇ s. m. An imitative sound, an inarticulate sound.

ठेक s.f. A. prop, a pillar, reliance; a promise, a vow. Tek rahana, To lean upon.

टेकन s. m. A prop, support.

टेबना v. a. To support, to prop.

s. m. Rising, ground, a height.

टेगरा s. m. Rising ground.

रेड़ा s. m. The trunk of a tree; an instrument for twisting coarsethread or twine.

Zei adj. Crooked, bent, awry. Terhas karna, v. a. To bend, to crook, to distort. Terha bera, adj. Orooked.

टेढाई s. f. Crookedness, obliquity.

टेढ़ी s. f. Pride, vanity, haughtiness; perverseness.

टेना s. m. A cock of the breed of fowls called teni.

ટેની s.m. A partirular breed of fowls. adj. Tiny, small.

देन s. f. Snuff of a candle, the flame of a candle or lamp. Temtem, s. m. Dressing.

टेर s.f. Tune ; voice, call.

ट्रेस्स v. n. To bawl, to roar to, to call loudly, to shout, to holla; to tune.

Z T s. m. A curtain. adj. Squint-eyed, cock-eyed.

टेलना v.n. To remove.

टेल्पा s.m. Abeam.

Za s.f. Habit, custom.

टेबकी s. f. A prop, a pillar.

टॅबना v. a. To sharpen. [ custom.

241 8, m. Calculation of nativity; habit,

टिसू s. m. The blossoms of the Palas tree (Butea frondosa); a kind of play.

टेइरा s. m. A village.

देखा s. m. The customs of marriage.

टोषा s.f. Act of feeling or groping.

রামারাই s. f. Searching, feeling for, feeling.

zizi s. m. A cracker, a serpent in fireworks; a joint of bambu, &c.; a cartridge. adj. Handless.

टोंटी ह. f. A spout.

37 s. f. Hinderance, prevention; the influence of eye.

टोबटाक s.f. Hindrance, prevention.

হৌৰনা v. d. To interrogate, prevent, challenge, envy, accost; to look at with an evil eye,

Zोकरा s. m. A large basket (without a lid). [lid).

टोकरी s.f. A small basket (without a टोकाटीकी s.f. Hindrance, prevention.

হাঁহৰা s. m. A. charm, an amulet, a philter, a superstitious remedy.

होटइ s. m. A kind of turtle-dove.

zizi s. m. Loss, deficiency; detriment; a cartridge; a candle's end.

s.f. The name of a musical mode or ragini. [ment.

द्रोनग s. m. A kind of hawk; enchant-द्रोन्स s m. A juggling man, a conjurer.

তীৰ্ভাই s. f. A juggling woman, s female conjurer, a witch.

होना s. m. Enchantment, fascination. v. a. To feel, grope, handle.

होनाटानी s.f. } Hocus pocus, juggling.

टोप s. m. A hat, cap, helmet, head cover, thimble; bait; a stitch.

হীনা s. m. A helmet, cap, hat.

टोपी s. f. A hat. Topiwala, One who wears a hat, or an animal with a

comb. crest, &c. It is used also to express the *Persian* or *Moghal* troops but now more generally applies to every European (from wearing a hat or cap).

ziti s. m. A ledge extending out from a wall, to keep off the weather without pillars; eaves.

হাল s. m. A company, society; a hamlet. Tol marna, To dash one top against, another while in motion.

হীলা s. m. A quarter or section of a town.

zोন্তা s. f. A company, a society, a crowd. ত্ৰীন্তা s. m. A juggler, a conjurer.

## 3

The aspirate of the preceding letter, corresponding to the in pent-house.

ठकटक s. m. f. Hard work, harassing labour, difficulties; a sound.

उक्तत्रकाना v. a. To tap, to rap, to pat. उक्तत्रकाश s. m. A stickler, a wrangler. उक्तत्रेका adj. Stuffed together in a crowd,

crowed.

ठकटीय s.f. A small boat so called, a shallop, skiff.

ठइराई s. f. Godship, divinity; chief ship, mastership.

বজ্ববেদ s.f. A female divinity or idol. হল s. m. A robber, assassin, cutthroat; a cheat, impostor. Thugbazi, or, Thagbidya, s. f. Cunning, fraudulent, art, dexterity. Thag lana, To rob, to cheat. Thag lena, To cheat.

ठगई s. f. Robbery, theft, cheating. ठगना v. s. To cheat, to deceive.

ठमनी s. f. A female robber or cheat. ठमाई s. f. Robbery theft, cheating.

ठगाना v. n. To be cheated.

उ(गन s. f. A female robber or cheat.

ठिनिया s. m, A cheater.

डबौरी s. f. Cheat, trick.

32 s. m. Bank, shore.

डट्र s. m. Frame made of bamboo for thatching, shell of a house.

हरू s. m. Fun, sport, joking, jest; name of a place. Thatthe karna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule. Thatthebaz, A jester; a humorous person, a funny fellow, jocular, arch, waggish, comical, facetious. Thatthebazi, s.f. Jesting, sporting, fun, jocularity. Thuttha marna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule.

38 s. m. Throng, crowd.

ठठर s. m. A. fence.

ठठरी s.f. The frame of a matted screen, the frame (bambu work) of a thatched roof, shell of a house; a bier; a skeleton, a very thin person.

তৰ্ণা e. ম. To stop, to stagnate, to stand amazed, to draw back in surprise, to shrink, to boggle.

ठडा।ना v. a. To strike, beat, beat one's own head, &c. (in token of vexation); harass one's self.

ठटेरा s. m. A brazier, a tinker. Thathere Thatthere ki badli, A bargain between · two people equally acute or knowing, diamond cut diamond.

उदेश s. m. The stalk of the joar (Holcus sorgum).

ढरेरी s. f. A female brazier or tinker.

ठडोर } adj. Banterer, waggish, jocu-ठडोस } lar, jocose, jester, wag.

डडीची s. f. Fun, humour, sport, joking, jesting, jocularity, comicalness, derision.

**5** s. m. The beak of a paper kite.

s. f. Coldness, cold, a cold.

35 8 8. f. Coldness.

ठबा adj. Cold. Kalejo thando karna, । उनना ६. f. A rammer.

To be pleased, to be happy (by seeing a friend, son, &c.); to have one's revenge gratified. Thands karna. v.a. To make cold, cool, ; to extinguish; to comfort, to assuage, to pacify, appease. Thanda parna, To abate (anger, virility or wantonness). Thanda hona, To become cold, to cool; to be extinguished; to be comforted or pacified; to rest; to lose virility.

ठकाई s. f. Refrigerant medicine; the intoxicating drug made of bhang.

ठडी adj. f. Cold. Thandi sans bharni, To sigh.

ठव्हा adj. Cold.

ठनक्ना v. n. To throb, to shoot ( as the pain of head-ache ); to jingle, tinkle,

ठनठनाना v. a. To jingle, to rattle.

ठनाक s. m. A jingle, tinkle, clink.

ठबा v. n. To be fixed, to be ascertained. ठपना v. a. To strike,

ठव्या 8. m. An instrument for stamping leather with, a die, a stamp, a printing type; printing.

उरक र s.m. Snore. Tharak parna, v.n. To snore. ठरर ∫

ठरा s.f. Λ kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

ठरिया s. m. A kind of earthen hukka.

ठर्ग s.f. A kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

उस An imitative sound, as of a musket ill charged or flashing in the pan.

ठसक s. f. State, dignity.

उसकारा v. a. To break a piece of an earthen ware vessel (by knocking two vessels together) without completely destroying it.

डमाउन adj. Filled, crowded.

उस्ता s. m. A mould or form into which plates of metal, &c., are beat to take the form of pastes of ornaments, &c.; pride, vanity.

to stop, stay, remain, abide, rest, stand, last, to be fixed on, concluded, settled, determined, proved.

उद्दाना v. a. To fix, stop, determine, appropriate, settle, ascertain, appoint, fix on, demonstrate, prove, conclude or consider, ascribe.

टहराव s. m. Settlement, fixture, permanence, appropriation, proof.

दशका s.m. A peal, a succession of loud sounds, an explosion. Thahaka ki mulakát, s.f. Meeting with great demonstrations of friendship.

চা } s. m. f. Place, residence, a situsia } ation.

ठांसना v. a. To stuff, to cram.

37 s.m. A sound made by striking one thing against another.

Tigs s. m. The divinity, an idol; a lord, master, chief (among Rajputs); a land-holder; a barber.

ठाक्रहारा s. m. An idol-temple.

Its. m. The frame of a roof for thatching, on which the straw is laid; arrangement, adjustment.

pomp; conveniency, plenty.

ढाड़ा adj. Frect.

ठढ़ adj. Steep.

ठाढ़ना v. n. To be fixed, to stand.

ठाढ़ा adj. d. } Erect, standing.

s. m. The report of a musket.

তালা v. a. To resolve or fix (in the mind), to determine, be intent on,

intend, set one's heart on; to settle, perform.

ठार s. m. Determination; snow, frost.

ठाच s. m. A branch.

at leisure, unemployed.

ठाली s. f. A branch.

ठासना v. a. To stuff, cram, ram down.

vessel, a shard, potsherd; a vessel for carrying fire, such as mendicants use.

site, abode, dwelling; boundary, limit, fixing. Thikana karna, v. a. To account for, to search or trace an affair to its commencement. Thikana dhundhana, v. a. To seek a residence or employment. Thikane lagna, v. n. To be killed, to die, to be put an end to, to be terminated. Thikane lagana, To put to death, to kill, to waylay, to make away with, to despatch, assassinate; to establish, settle, arrange, prove; find out one's residence. Town adj. Short, dwarfish.

डिक्नाई s.f. Lowness ( of stature ).

ed. Thithak jana, or,—rahna, v. n.
To stop short.

তিউল্লা v. n. To stop, stagnate, stand amazed, draw back in surprise, shrink, boggle.

ed, to be chill. [totpid.

factive s. f. Numbness, numbedfactive s. f. Numbness, numbedness, chilliness, torpor, torpidness.

ed, to be chill. Thithurana, v. a. To chill, benumb, numb.

fazzı adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, torpid.

ठिनक s. f. Sob.

ठिनक्ता v. n. To sob.

fat s.f. Frost; coldness.

ठिरना v. n. To freeze, to be chilled.

ठिराना v. n. To cause to congeal.

ठिलिया s. f. A water-pot.

plete, just, fit, meet, proper, reasonable, true, regular, right; (met.) parsimonious. adv. Exactly, &c. s. m. Sum, addition. Thik ana, v. n. To fit, correspond, suit, answer, apply. Thik karna, v. a. To put to rights, to correct, to adjust, to adapt fit; to beat. Thik thik, adj. Exact, fit, proper, accurate. adv. Properly, fitly. accurately, adequately, Thik t hak karna, v. a. To put to rights, correct, adjust, fit.

होक्सहोक adv. Exactly, truly, rightly. होक्सहोका s. m. Abuse. [ware. होक्स s. m. A broken piece of earthen-होक्स s. f. A broken piece of earthenware, a potsherd: mons veneris. Thikri chunna, to be mad.

ठीका s. m. Hire, fare, fixed price; work done by contract, a task.

होप s. f. A kind of lamp.

ত কাৰা s. m. A bit, a piece (of bread &c.). ভূৰাৰো v. d. To kick or strike with the toes.

Thuddi pakarns, To flatter; to carry favour.

ह अवान v. o. To cause to knock or hammer.

ठ नुक s. f. Sob.

ठ नुकाग v. n. To sob.

ing with a graceful easy air, Thumak

chal, A dignified pace, stately gait, graceful carriage.

ते, मकना v. n. To walk with grace and and stateliness, to strut, to walk with dignity.

उ,मका adj. Short, of low stature.

ठ मकी adj. Lazy. s.f. The playing of a paper kite to keep it up when the wind is light.

उ सकना v. a Peditum ciere, suppedere; to weep but not aloud.

ठुसको s. f. Ventris crepitus surdus.

ठ सना v. n. To be stuffed, to be crammed.

टुमाना v. a. To cause to stuff.

ठूं दिया s. m. A eunuch.

ত s. m. A stump, a branch of a tree (broken off at the end leafless); an amputated hand.

বু বা } adj. Having the hand ampu-ব বিষা } tated; having its branches lopi e l and leafless (a tree).

ड**ंडी** *इ. f*. Stubble.

हेडना s. m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

डॅनना adj. Short, dwarfish.

डेंगा s. m. A stick, a small club; a tool (penis).

हें गाबा भना v. a. To spoil.

รัช adj. Pure, genuine; contentious.

डेंडो s. f. A cork, a plug; a ball of ear-wax; a dhoti or cloth reaching no further than the knee.

રેના s.f. A support, a prop; a large sack filled with grain.

डेका ह. m. A plng.

डे की s.f. A act of resting on the way (a porter carrying a load). Theki dena, or,—lagana, To rest (a porter carrying a load).

ਰਰ adj. Pure, genuine; contentious.

हेपी s. f. A cork, a plug, a stopple. Thepi munh men dena, To be silent. কৰা v. a. To shove, to push, to move forward by pushing. s. m. Acting the buffoon.

s. f. Shoving and shouldering.

है बना s. m. The knee; the pastern ( of a horse).

against a stone, &c., a shove, a push, a thrust.

उसमा v. a. To pierce; to knock against; to stuff, to cram, to ram in; to eat ravenously.

हेसरा s.m. Sneer, oblique reflection or innuendo.

drive (as a stake); to thrust with the finger, to fillip, to drive, to beat, to tap, to thump. Thonk dena, To hammer or drive down, to knock, pith thonkna, To pat on the back.

ठींग s.f. The act of striking with a finger or beak, peacking.

डोंगना र v. a. To strike with the beak, डोंगाना to peke.

होता s. m. Striking with the beak.

होंड s. f. Beak, bill ( of a bird ).

ठोकना v. a. To beat, strike, drive ( as a stake ).

floot against any thing, a beat of the foot, a kick, a stumbling-block.

ঠাৰে ব্যালা v. s. To trip, to stumble; to meet with a loss or misfortune.

ठीकर समना v. a. To strike against the foot (a stumbling-block or obstacle).

ठोकरा s. m. A fillip. adj. Hard ( as bad bread ).

होदो *s. f.* The chin.

डोर s. f. Beak, bill.

डोजा s. m. A cup for the food and drink of a bird in a cage; the

knuckles. Thela marns, v. a. To strike with the knuckles.

डीस adj. Solid, compact.

ठीसना v. a. To stuff.

होसा s. m. The thumb presented in token of denial.

ठसाई s.f. Solidity.

ਹੀ s. f. Place, room, residence. adv. Upon the spot. Thear rahna, To be murdered, to be knocked down lifeless upon the spot.

3

The thirteenth consonant of the Nogari alphabet, or the third letter of the lingual or cerebral class of consonants. It is often confounded in pronounciation with a hard r or l, sounded as in the Northumbrian bur. It has the sound of the English d in dun, and is pronounced by applying the tip of the tongue inverted to the palate.

डकराना v. n. To cry bitterly.

watt s. f. A belch, eructation, bellowing. Dakárna, v. n. To belch; to bellow, to low. Dakár jana, or,—by-thna, v. n. To embezzle. Dakár lens, To belch.

चन्ति s. m. A robber, a pirate.

डकेती s.f. Robbery, piracy.

ভৰীন ১ . m. A caste of Hindus
ভৰীনিয়া descended from a brahman
on the mother's side. They subsist
on alms on saturday, and are skilled
in astrology,

खन s. f. A space, one step (measure. खनडनाना v. n. To shake; to burn brightly, to burn clear (charcoal). Dagdágakar pani pina, To drink greedily, or a large quantity at a draught. स्वतः adj. Unsteady, tottering.

कनमगाना v. n. To totter, stagger, shiver. चबर s. f. A road, a highway.

डनरना v. n. To travel, to walk on the road, to roll.

खगराना v. s. To roll.

जनना s. m. A lean, long-legged horse, a Rosinante, a garran.

s. m. The sting of a reptile or wasp. &c., but particularly of a scorpion. Dank marna, v. a. To sting.

str s. m. A double drum, a kettledrum.

डिनी s. f. A witch, a kind of female imp or evil being.

चियाना v. s. To sting ( se a reptile ). water adj. Armed with a sting, stinger. चटना v. n. To stop, to stand still.

321 s. m. A plug, spigot, stopple, cork. डडा s. m. A stalk.

डद्रमुखा adj. Beard-shaven, beardless. डियस adj. Having a long beard.

s. m. The arm above the elbow; a kind of exercise, placing the hands on the ground and then bending down so as almost to touch the earth with the breast.

डब्देंब s. m. One who exercises himself at the dand.

डब्बन s. f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prestration.

s. m. A staff, an ensign-staff; the beam of a pair of scales; a collector of market duties.

डिया s.m. A kind of garment for women; a collector of market duties.

s.f. The tube of the corolla of the Nyctanthes arbortristis, which is used for dying; a handle; the beam of a pair of scales. s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand pag dandi, ē. f. A footpath, by-path. track. ment.

डकोर s. f. A line, stripe, score, lines-डबीत s. f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

डपटना v. n. To call, bawl at, hallon. rebuke, gallop.

उप s. m. A tambourin.

ভদাপো v. n. To cry bitterly, to blubber, roar.

डफाडी s. m. A kind of Mahomedan mendicant, who always plays upon a musical instrument called def; chatterer.

खब s. m. Strength, power, authority ; a kind of pocket; the leather with which oil-pots are made. Dabgar, s. m. A currier.

डब्बना v. a. To glitter.

खनका s. m. Fresh water drawn from a well. adj. Fat, corpulent.

डबडबाना v. a. To fill with water or tears (the eyes). Ankhen dab-dabána: or, Ansu dabdabána, To be on the point of shedding tears.

डबरा s. m. Marshy land, a puddle.

डबराडइरा s. m. A hole or pit of water, a puddle.

चवरिया adj. Left handed.

डवस s. m. Provisions, sea-stock, stores. खबीना v. s. To drown, immerse, flood to rmin, &c.

डबा s. m. A leathern vessel for holding oil.

डब s. m. A iron spoon.

डमड s. m. A musical instrument, a sort of small drum shaped like an hour glass, held in one hand, and beaten with the fingers.

डयन s. m. A car or litter carried on men's shoulders, a palankeen, a ; dooly flying in the air, the flight of a bird.

ST s. m. Fear, dread, awe.

डरना है v. n. To fear, be frightened, डरपना dread.

TT adj. Afraid.

डरपीकना adj. A coward.

डरवेया adj. Fearful ; (met.) A coward.

पराज adj. Terrible.

डराड adj. Fearful.

चराना है v. a. To frighten, scare, चरानना है cause to fear, terrify, alarm, daunt, deter. adj. frightful, terrible, terrifying.

ष्ट्राच् adj. Timid, fearing.

carried on men's shoulders by means of a stick and ropes like the beam, and strings of a balance; present of fruits, sweetmeats, &c. are usually sent in this manner. s. f. Glitter.

प्रचा s. m. A large basket (without a lid).

or to throw, to occasion, &c.

THI s. m. A large lump, a clod; a large basket. [like a tray].

like a tray). दिया s. m. A basket ( without a cover,

প্ৰী s. f. A lump (of sugar, meat, &c.) ভবা s. m. A large wooden spoon.

are suspended (or held in the hand); the threads of the warp at the end of a piece of cloth which are left unwaven; the end of a piece of cloth.

चिना v. a. To bite or sting (as a venemous animal).

ड्सीना s. m. Bedding.

TEN s. m. A cavern, abyss, a pitfall.

पदमाना v. a. To deceive, disappoint, balk, tantalize; to spoil, throw away uselessly.

Flourishing, blooming, green, fresh; pleasing.

ভাজ s. m. Foil (under precions stone); the sting of a scorpion (and sometimes of other animals).

win s. f. A stick, a club; the greatest height or summit of a mountain.

wiबर adj. Thin lean. s. m. A lean, beast, a starveling; the flowering stem of radishes or mustard; cattle.

wizeuz s.f. Gallop. [menace.

ভাবেৰ v. a. To snub, rebuke, threaten, ভাবেৰ s. m. Pedicle, petiole footstalk, ভাৱি s. f. A straw, stubble, pedicle.

संडी s. f. A straw, stubble, peciale, stalk.

penalty, fine amercement, mulct, revenge, forfeit, an oar; the backbone; a stick; a line.

wigना v. n. To retaliate, to take revenge, to fine, to punish.

सांस भरना v. a. To pay a fine.

संस्थेना v. a. To take a fine, to fine, to amerce.

wier s. m. Landmarks; road.

between the lands of two proprietors.

डांडी s. m. A rower, a boatman. डांबर s. m. A tiger's cub or whelp.

or home, errant, ruined, lost, destitute. Danwa doli, s.f. The wandering without house or home, destitute state.

wis s. m. The sting of a reptile; a large musquito, a gadfly.

letters, also relay of horses or of palki bearers); a post-office; perpetual vomiting. Dak.lagni, To be seized with constant vomiting.

साम s. m. Husband of a dakini. सामना v. s. To vomit. ka parns, or,—dena, or,—dalns, To rob.

श्वांतिन रें s. f. A kind of female imp शिवानी र् or evil being; a witch, a termagant.

साबिया s. m. Robber ; postman.

Tell adj. Gluttonous.

তাৰ s. m. A robber, a pirate.

siz s. f. Threatening, snubbing, browbeating, checking.

wारना . a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, browbeat.

चाद s.f. A jaw-tooth or grinder.

हाड़ी s. f. A beard.

wive s.f. A sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides). s.m. A sword-belt; an unripe cocoa-nut. [well.

ETTE s. m. Fresh water drawn from a ETTE s. m. A vessel for washing hands in; a round tank.

शाबरनेनो adj. Having large eyes (epithet peculiar to women ).

TH s. m. A sacrificial grass ( Poa cynosuroides ).

चामर s. m. Resin, a torch.

सायन s. f. A witch,

Wit s. f. Branch, bough; line, row. Dár ki dár, Company, band.

ahed, pour, inject, lay, throw down, throw away.

हारिम s. m. A pomegranate.

wis s.f. A branch, a bough. Ek dal, adj. Of one piece, without joining.

cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, put, push, set, shake, submit, throw, hurl, thrust, destroy, throw away; cause, occasion, produce, excite. Dal dena, v. s. To throw away, cast, cause, occasion, &c.

स । जा s. m. A litter, a large branch. स । जिल s. m. A pomegranate.

wreth s. f. A present of fruit, &c., a basket of fruit, &c.; a branch, a bough. [burning.

ভাছৰ e. f. Malice, spite, envy, jealousy. ভাছৰা v. a. To be malicious, to burn with spite; to be fused (as metal); to heat (metal).

हाइस s. m. The name of a country, also Tripura.

with adj. Malicious, spiteful, envious.

चित्रमा v. n. To shake, vibrate, tremble, quiver, move; to shrink, to go back. चित्रस्तामा v. n. To go away.

िस्ताना त. o. To cause to shake or move.

slave; a rogue, a cheat; a low or depraved man.

चिटना है v. n. To see ; to take aim, to चिटना है look at.

डिडियारा adj. Seeing, the opposite of blind.

हिन्छिम s. m. A musical instrument; s kind of small drum or tabour; a plant bearing a small fruit (Carisso carandas).

ed to be the foam of the sea.

िंबरिया adj. Left-handed.

चिवा s.f. A very small box.

दिना s. m. A small box.

ভিনা s. f. A cartouch-box, a small box, ভিন s. m. A dramatic entertainment, dramatic exhibition of battle or tumult.

bladder; the spleen; the uterus; any young animal.

हिन्दा s. m. A libidinous woman.

for s. m. Pride, vanity; any young animal; a fool, an idiot, a blockhead.

frant s. f. An infant.

चौन s. m. Pride, vaunting, boasting.

चींग मारना v. a. To make boast (of ), to boast.

ভীত s. f. Sight, look, glance, vision.

ভोडबंद adj. Enchanting the sight, preventing one's seeing by conjuration, a juggler.

wोडवरी s.f. Enchanting the sight, preventing by conjuration one's seeing. कोल s. m.f. Stature; body, bulk, size. कोइ s. m. A haunt, place, dwelling village.

with s. m. A bank, a mound.

Ta s. m. A blow with the first.

ड्करा s. m. Advanced in years, old, aged. ड्करिया odj. f. Old ( woman ).

ड्रगड्गामा v. n. To sound (& kettle-drum), to twinkle,

TW \ s. m. A kind of snake Amphisbæna).

द्ववही s. f. A. dip, dive, plunge.

खननाग v. c. To cause to drown, &c.

हवाना v. a. To cause to sink, to immerse, dip, to demolish, ruin, destroy. हवाव adj. Out of man's depth, deep (enough to drown in). s. m. Drowning.

ड्योगा है v. a. To drown, immerse, ड्योगा है flood; to ruin. Dabo-dena, v. a. To exhaust, to ruin, to demolish, to drown.

डिरियाना v. a. To lead about (as a horse), to lead in hand.

जुलाना v. a. To move, shake, swing, agitate. [tle.

ভূতি s, f. A small turtle; a female tur-ভূতিৰা s. f. A small bird resembling : a wagtail.

TIS. m. A dip, a dive, immersion.

immersed or deluged; to set, to sink; to be destroyed or rained; to

be absorbed (in business, study, Juli dubna, To faint.

डेग s.m. Step, pace.

Tet adj. (Ine and a half. Derha int ki masjid judi banani (lit. to build a separate mosque of a brick and a half), To withdraw, through pride, from the society of others. Derh pao, Three-eighths: Derh pouwa, A weight, three-eighths of a ser. Derh bakayan miyan bagh men, lit. The gentleman in his garden consisting of a tree and a half. (and the bakayan, Melia sempervirens, here mentioned, is a tree of no use or estimation) is applied to a person who assumes consequences without reason.

डेदबत s. f. A kind of dance.

डेना s.m. A log tied to the neck of a vicious ox.

हेरा s. m. A dwelling, a tent. asj. Squint-exed.

देख } s. m. A lump of earth.

देवदा s. m. Half as much again; a mode of reckoning.

डेग्दाना v. o. To take once and a half.

डेबढ़ी s.f. A threshold, a door, antichamber, porch.

डेवड्रोदार s.m. A door-keeper.

city s. f. A. volley, several muskets discharged at once.

eyel s.f. A threshold, door, antichamber perch.

🖦 s. m. Wings of birds.

Sat s. m. A branch, a bough.

wit s. f. A wooden spoon, ladle.

Wints. m. A mountain.

होंगा s. m. } A. spoon; a cance; a सानी s. f. } trough.

सी s. f. Proclamation by beat of drum.

with s.f. A species of snake.

ম্বীৰ s.f. Vomiting.

सीवना v. n. To vomit.

चोचरा adj. m. Old (man).

सोबरी adj. f. Old (woman).

होबी part. oct. Vomiting

होद s. m. A dip, a dive, a plunge (in dye or colouring).

द्वीबा s. m. Reservoir; fainting.

the name of a caste of Mahomedans, the males of which are musicians, and the females sing and the company of females only.

होसनपना s. m. The art or practice of a male or female of the dom caste.

होसनी s. f. A female of the caste called dom.

A fillet of thread or cord tied round the arm or wrist.

tied round the arm or wrist; it is also applied to the string tying a packet or parcel.

sword; Ankh ka dora, A bloodshot eye, vessels distended with blood on the tunica conjunctiva of the eye (from intoxication or other eause). Gardan ka dora, A graceful motion of the neck in dancing. Dore dalna, s. s. To stitch a quilt; to utter a long continued sound like the Amaduvade (Fringilla amandava).

डोरिया s. m. Stipped muslin; a dogkeeper; lace.

তাৰ s.f. A string, cord, thread, rope. ভাৰ s.m. A bucket for drawing water. ভালবাs f. A small bucket for drawing water.

होसहोत s. m. Roving, perambulating. होसना v. n. To move, to shake or be shaken; to roam, ramble, move,

wander; to swing.

from an inferior family, married by a person of rank, who gives a present to her parents. She ranks below wives of equal family, but above concubines.

चीका s. m. Manner; coition.

wोबादेगा . a. To give a daughter to a superior by away of tribute.

ছৌলী s. f. A kind of sedan (for women). ছীলো s. m. A scaffold.

रोहो s. f. Proclamation by beat of drum. चौदो s. f. Threshold, door, anti-chamber. adj. f. Half as much again; raised one half higher (s tone in music).

shape, fashion, form.

## ढ

The fourteenth consonant in the Nágri alphabet, or the fourth of the third series, and aspirate of the preceding letter; it has the power of dh in Holy-rood-house.

हरिया v. s. To force an invitation, by fixing one's self in a house till dinner comes on table.

दंग s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

देशिश s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.

दंशीह्या s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

an s. m. A weight.

বৰ্ষা v. a. To cover, to conceal. s. m.
A lid, cover, potlid.

डबनी s. f. A lid, cover ( of a pos). डबार s. f. A belch, eructation, bellowing. डबार बेना v. n. To belch.

डकेल s. m. A shove, push, thrust. डक्केसदेना v. a. To push, precipitate.

ढकेलना v. s. To shove, push, justle. ढकेलु s. m. A pusher.

s. m. A city or district, Dhaces or Daces; covering or disappearance.

set s.f. A large or a double drum.

TW s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

ढटिया है s.f. A cord used instead of ढही है a bridle.

del s. m. A plug, cork, bung.

ढणुकीवा s. m. A raven.

swar s. m. The name of a bird a kind of myna.

sells s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.

डचीरिया s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

डनमनाना a. int. To roll, be tossed about. डनमनी Upset, spilt.

डनमनीखाना v. n. To roll down or along. दना v. n. To be demolished, razed, destroyed.

दनेक s. m. A bird with a very large bill (Buceros ).

हपदपाना v. a. To thump a drum ( as children do )

हपना v. a. To be covered, to be concealed or hidden. s. m. A. cover, covering.

**ET s. m.** Shape, from; manners, breeding, behaviour, mode, method, manner, knack, knowledge, fashion, style, way, address, dexterity, art, position.

squ adj. Turbid.

डवीचा adj. Well-made, graceful.

star s. m. A copper coin equal to a pice ( pysa ).

डम s. m. A tambourine.

डमलाग, v. n. To roll.

टरकना v. n. To drip.

टरका s. m. A horn for giving liquids to cattle, watering of the eye.

ढरना . n. To draw near, come.

रखब s. f. Rolling, tilting.

दक्षना v. n. To roll, be spilt.

दलका adj. Blear-eyed ; spilling.

दश्याना क. a. To tilt, overturn, spill, pour, roll.

poured out, to flow, spill; to roll; to incline, decline. Din dhalns, To decline the day (towards evening). Dhalti phirti chhaon (lit. rolling and turning shade), is applied, to the changeable state of worldly concerns, (mei.) to a person of a capricious or unsteady temper.

दवनवाना v. n. To move from side to side, to totter.

दबाना v. a. To cause to cast (meial), to cause to pour.

दबैत s. m. A person in the equipage of great men armed with sword and buckler; a constable, a targeteer.

दवाना v. c. To cause to be knocked down, razed or demolished.

to tumble down (as a house &c.) to be razed, destroyed.

डइ पड़ना v. m. To fall, to soss, डाई adj. Two and a half.

डोबना v. a. To cover, to shut.

Time! O. G. TO COVER, to shut

डांच s.f. A precipice, cliff.

दोचा s. m. A frame, a plan.

ढांपना v. s: To cover, concest, hide.

दोस s. m. A cough, cold.

ढांसना v. s. To blame, to accuse.

टांसा s. m. Calumny, undeserved, abuse, defamation.

खाँची s. f. A cough, cold.

ভাৰ s. m. A tree ( Butes fron loss).

a city or district, Dhacca or Ducca.

TIZI s. m. A handkerchief tied over the turband and over the ears.

डाडी s. f. Rack, torment, torture; a noose or gin fastened on a horse's nose.

ढाइन s. f. m. Firmness of mind, cnofidence, animation, encouragement, comfort,

ढोड्स देना v. a. To animate.

ढाइन बंधाना v. a. To encourage, comkeep in spirits.

डाइन s. m. A kind of musician, a singer. डाइन s. m. f. Firmness of mind, confidence, animation, encouragement, comfort,

डाविन s.m. } A kind of musician, a डावी s.f. } singer.

ढान s.m. Hedge, enclosure.

ढाना v. a. To break, batter, knock down or raze (a building &c.), to demolish.

extending three or four cubits beyond the wall, so that people may sit under them.

sit s. m. A declivity, a heap of corn.

ढारी s.f. A certain Hindu caste.

दाद adj. Slaut, sloping.

ভাল s. m. Declivity, slope, & f. A shield, target, buckler.

ठावना v. a. To cast (metal in fusion); to pour out, tilt, spill; (met.) to do mischief, mar, spoil.

কাৰবা adj. Sloping, declivitous; cast (metail).

a shield-bearer.

डान् ady. Slant, sloping. part. act.

Spoiling, doing mischief casting, &c. Dhalubhar karna, To shift goods, &c. occasionally over shallows, &c.

ढाडा s. m. The precipitous or high bank of a river.

दिन s. m. f. Side; near, close to.

impudence, audacity, audaciousness, boldness, presumption, presumptuousness, petulance, pertness.

दिवसा s. m. Protuberance.

दिमदिमी s.f. A kind of tambourin.

ढोन्न वर्ता. Lazy.

ढोड } odj. Forward, impudent, fam-ढीडा } iliar, bold, daring, presumptuous, confident. pret. part. pass. Seen.

होड s. m. Pregnancy ; a large belly.

ढोल s. m. Looseness, relaxedness, remissness, laziness, inattention, delay.

alary, inattentive, dilatory.

होसाई s. f. Looseness, remissness.

दोश s. m. A rising ground.

ड डना v. s. To seek, to scarch for.

दुवनाडांद्रमा v. a. To search-for, to seek. दुदरामा v. a. To cause to seek.

ढ क्या v. n. To enter, penetrate; to take aim, look, have regard or inclination (to); to sympathize.

ढ क्रोलगाना v. c. To take aim.

ह बना v. n. To be poured out, to be spilt, to roll.

ढ जवाना । n. a. To cause to be carried; to spill (water, gc).

s. f. Act of carrying; price paid for carrying, or for transporting.

ह्या s. m. A bank, a mound, a clod of earth.

द्र इंड्राइ 8. m. Search.

Zzs. m. Search.

ड देन s. m. Seeking, searching, investigating. a zai v. a. To seek, search for. Dúndhna-dhandhna, To search for, seek.

ड्रिया s. m. A mendicant of the Jyn sect.

ব আৰা v. n. To shut, close; to steal on, draw nigh, approach; go into, enter.

of calling the attention of one spoken to.

ढ कादेना v. o. To peep, to tap.

ढ रवा s. m. A pea.

ड्रेडी s.f. A bundle of one hundred betel-leaves. s.m. A drummer.

द्वसर s. m. A caste of Hindus.

देख s. m. A wave.

Fig. 5. A mode of joining breadths of cloth or of cutting out cloth; a machine for drawing out water, being lever supported on a long post, having a bucket supended to one end, and a weight of earth or stone to the other.

इंसा s. m. A ma hine for pounding with.

दें इस s. m. A kind of gourd.

The capsule of the poppy (or of the cotton tree), a poppy head; an ornament worn in the ear.

देखा s. m. Pregnancy; a large belly.

2 s. m. Name of a tribe of workers in leather: a crow.

हेडी s.f. An ornament worn in the ear. इंदो s.f. A pounding machine.

देइचा The unstamped lumps of copper used in India as "pice."

37 s. m. A heap, accumulation. adj. Much, abundant, enough.

देश adj. Squinting, squint-eyed.

हेरी .. f. A heap.

देखवांच s. m. A sling.

दे सवासी s. f. A slinger.

In s. m. A clod of earth, a lump of clay, chalk, &c. Dhalo-chouth, s. f. The fourth day of the bright part of the Hindu month Bhodon, a festival on which the Hindus pelt each other with stones, throw them into each other's houses, and if abused, consider the abuse an houor.

देलाचीय s. f. The fourth day of the light half of Bhadra.

a tribe of Jats. [ser.

हैं या s. m. A measure of two and a half है याटेकर adj. Desolated.

by inferiors on festival days.

ढोंचा adj. Four and a half.

डॉड s.f. A capsule or seed-vessel ( especially of the poppy ).

डोब s.f. Salutation.

डीचना v. a. To drink, to tope.

डोबा s. m. A piece of stone.

होटा इ. m. A child.

ढीना v. c. To carry, to bear.

डीर s. m. Cattle.

gives s. m. The representation of a tomb carried about in the muharram.

ढोरी s. f. Eagerness, ardour.

होस s. m. A large drum.

ढोलक } s.f. A small drum.

डोलिक्स s. m. A person that plays on the dholak.

डोजन s. m. A friend, a sweet-heart.

दोलना s. m. A little amulet in the shape of a drum.

in Hindustan. s. m. A boy.

डोबिया s. m. A drummer.

sien s. f. A bundle of one hundred betel-leaves. s. m. A drummer.

डॉचा adj. Four and a balf.

The fifth letter of the third class of consonants in the Nágari alphabet, or the fifteenth consonant; it is scarcely ever used as an initial letter. It has the power of n. uttered with the point of the tangue pressed back on the palate.

## त

The first letter of the fourth or denaticlass of consonants, or the sixteenth consonant in the *Nágari* alphabet. It has the sound of t in most of the continental languages of Europe, or, as expressed in the provincial prenunciation of butter in Yorkshire.

s. f. A large cauldron or boiler for oil, butter, &c.

নাই adv. Till, up to, while, toward, near to, to, at (or denoting ofter a genitive form, the objective case).

বন্ধ adv. Still, yet, nevertheless. বৰ s. m. A girth of a horse, saddle girth. বৰ্ষৰ s. m. The sound of feet.

observe, to aim at, to watch. v. n.
To be looked at, to be stared at.

तद्वा s. m. A spindle.

तक्षी s.f. A weaver's reel:

superintending, looking sharp after ( as after a silversmith ).

तकाण s. m. Motion, agitation, gesture.

बकाना v. a. To aim.

तिक्या s.m. A pillow.

वदीवी s. m. A small pillow.

क्रमा s, m. A spindle.

तक s. m. Buttermilk, with a fourth part water.

तकाट s. m. A churning stick.

त्यच s. m. One of the principal mythological Nagas or serpents of patal; a snake of a middle size and of a red colour.

तचय s. m. Time present, time being.

त्रचची s.f. A carpenter's adze.

तचन s. m. A carpenter.

বৰ্তমন্ত্ৰ s.f. The name of a city, the Toxilo of Plolemy in the Panjab.

तचरी s.f. Scales.

तक्त s. m. A throne.

सञ्चता s. m. A plank, board, a stool.

तच्यो s. f. A small plank, a little board like a slate.

तचन Then.

तवान s. m. A carpenter.

तमना v. a. To quilt, to stitch together.

तन् s. m. A tree (Tabernamontana corcoronaria).

तकारं s. f. The price paid for quilting, &c.; the act of quilting.

तवाना v. a. To cause to be quilted, to get stitched together.

तगार s. m. A tub, bucket, trough.

तम्बा s.f. A strand or thread of a twist. तस्वी s.f. A strand or thread of a twist; a kind of fishing-line not used with a rod. Tri-taggi, A thread of three strands. Choa-taggi, One of four strands.

तका s. m. Two pice ( pysa ).

तचना v. n. To be, heated, to parch.

तचाना v. d. To parch, to scorch,

an s. f. The bay tree or its bark (Laurus cassia), woody cassia.

নম s. m. A knower, one who understands, is acquainted with. [leave.
নজনা v. s. To abandon, desert, quit,

तट s. m. A field ; a shore or bank,

32-- २२

neither a friend nor a foe.

s.m. Party, division, faction; an imitative sound.

क्षण्या v. n. To be cracked, to be split, to burst, to crack.

In the morning early, at dawn of day.

तक्षक s.f. The act of dropping. तक्ष s.f. Haste, hurry, outrageousness, explosion, fury, leap, jump.

सम्बद्धा s. m. The noise of falling water. सम्बद्धा s.f. Flutter, palpitation.

त्र प्रमा । v. n. To flutter, palpitate, त्र प्रमा । flounce, be agitated, writhe, jamp, spring, bound, wriggle, toss; to be very desirous about any thing. सप्राचा v. a. To put in great agitation; to cause to flutter or stumble.

संस्पीला adj. Hasty, hurrying.

awa s.f. Agitation, tossing about, palpitation.

वक्षकाण v. a. To flatter, to palpitate. वक्षकाण्ड s. f. Act of fluttering, palpitation.

to be very desirous about any thing, to be agitated, to writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss.

सम्बामा v. s. To put in great agitation; to cause to flutter or stumble.

त्रावही s.f. The beam of a balance.

महाचा adj. Pretty, showy, gaudy. s. m. The sound of striking.

enough for the growth of the lotus and other aquatic flowers; a trap for catching deer.

awie s. m. Throwing water.

nwill s. m. Gaudiness in dress, wearing smart clothes, Tarayadar, s. m. One who dresses well and is particular in having fine and well-made clothes.

तकाश s. m. Show, estentation, vanity. तक्ष s. m. Rice teleaned from the husk), any grain after threshing and winnowing; a vermifuge plant.

वस्य s.f. A plant of which the seeds are used as a vermifuge.

सन् pron. That.

सत्तरी s.f. A playful, wanton girl.

ततस्य s. m. A vessel for warming water, a kettle.

तताना v. a. To warm.

on a deceased part. Totarno, v. a.
To embrocate.

तत्वाच adv. At that time, then, s. m. Present, time being, or the time when an act occurs.

বন্ধাৰণী s. m. A man wise or intelligent for the time being, one having presence of mind, &c.

तत्काजीन adv. At that time.

adv. At that time, instantly, immediately. [outrageous.

तसा adj. Hot, fiery, passionate, furious, तसर adj. Diligent, attending to any thing closely and anxiously, engaged, attentive, addicted to, adept.

तम adv. There, therein.

तवस्यत adj. Venerable, respectable, reverend.

essence; essential nature, the real nature of the human soul, considered in the shasters, as one and the same with the divine spirit animating the

universe: the philosophical etymology of this word best explains its meaning तड् that, that divine being, and a thou, that very God art thou, the Supreme leing or Brahma; truth, reality, the essential substance, opposed to what is illusory or fallacions; an element or elementary property differently enumerated in different systems, from the three which are the same with the three guns, to twenty-seven, which include the elements, organs, faculties, matter, spirit, life, and God; a first principle, an axiom; mind, intellect; low time in music; a musical instrument. तस्त्रज्ञान s. m. Knowledge of divine truth. सच adj. True, right,

तवा s. f. Power, ability, might. adj. or cong. So, thus, ditto, and.

तथाबत s. m. A Jyn or Buddha.

तथापि adv. Nevertheless, yet, even. तथाका adv. Be it so, ves.

तमें adv. In that manner,

Tod v. Then, at that time, afterwards, in that case, therefore, so soon. Todonantar, adv. After that, after which. Tod to, adv. Then, in that case. Tod bhi, adv. Still, nevertheless, however, notwithstanding. Tod se, adv. Thence, since that time. Tad hi, adv. At that very time, in that case only.

Toni-

Tan-o

तद्वनाव adv. After that.
तद्वनावंद p. Within that.
तद्वनावंद p. Within that.
तद्वा adv. Still, nevertheless.
तद्य adv. Then, at that time.
तव्य adj. Missrly, niggardly.
तवी adv. At that very time.
तव s. m. The body, person.
tanha, adv. Alone, solitary.

man marna, To restrain one's desires

and be silent. Tan-di, A person of application. Tan-dihi, s. f. Application, exertion, attention, diligence. Tan-durust, adj. Healthy, vigorous. Tan-darusti, s. f. Health, vigour. Tan-dena, To pay attention. Tan-parwar. Careful of the body, overattentive to the body. Tan-parwarias. f. Self-indulgence.

तवस बन्धे. or adv. Slight, small, s little, adv. Slightly.

तनकीन f. α. A slender bodied person. | तनका σ. t. To stretch, pull tight.

तनमन s. m. Body and soul.

तम्ब s. f. A son; a male descendent,

तनवा s.f. A daughter.

तवाक s.f. A tent rope.

nam adj. Small, slight,

নদিন্ধী Small, slight. [waist. বাদিনা s. m. A kind of covering for the নদী s. f. A string with which garments

are tied; a denghter.

तमुद्ध adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little, adv. Slightly.

तनुज s. m. and s. f. Offspring. child.

तर्जा s. f. Offspring, child.

तमुक्त s. m. A pere of the skin.

तन्तनाया v. n. To twang, to tingle. तन्तनायट a f. Sharp pricking pain from inflammation.

तन्त s. m. A weaver, [scendants, तन्तु s. m. A thread; offspring, race, de-तन्तु भीड s. m. A silk-worm.

by the Hindus; a religious treatise teaching peculiar and mystical formula and rites for the worship of the deities, or the attainment of superhuman power; it is mostly in the form of a dialogue between Ships and Duryá, who are the peculiar deigo

ties of the Tantrikas: there is a great number of these works, and their authority in many parts of India seems to have, in a great measure, superseded that of the Veds: according, to one account, a Tantra comprises five subjects, the creation and destruction of the world, the worship of the gods, the attainment of all objects, magical rites for the acquirement of six (superhuman) faculties, and four modes of union with spirit by meditation; a variety of subjects are however, introduced into many of them; whilst some are limited to a single topic as the mode of breathing in certain rites, the language of birds, teasts, &c. : a branch of the Veds, that which teaches mantras or mystical and magical formulæ; demonstration, clear and right conclusion; raiment, vesture; a medicament, a drug; a principal medicament, or perhaps a charm, considered as producing medicinal effects; a charm, an enchantment.

तकी s. m. A musician.

वद्धा s.f. Lassitude, exhaustion, weariness, syncope.

क्षानु adj. Slothful, sluggish, overcome with sleep or fatigue.

तन्त्री . f. Sleepiness, drowsiness; lassitude, fainting, exhaustion.

man v. n. To stretch, pull tight; to sit upright.

तकाना v. n. To twang; to have a sharp pricking pain from inflammation.

तनाप Up to the limit, up to hand.

त्य s. m. The hot season, summer; devout austerity, religious penance. 's, f. Heat, warmth.

तप्राण v. n. To throb, to palpitate. Ta-

pakna phore ka, the throbbing of sphlegmon or boil, when coming to supperation.

नपन adj. Het, warm, fervent. s. f. Heat. नपन s. m. The sun; a division of hell, The het season; mental distress, pining, grieving. s. f. Heat, glow, fervour, warmth, lurning.

तपना v. n. To be glorified ; ] to glow, be heated, frisk about.

तपनि s. f. Hot, sultry.

तपनी s.f. The Godsveri river.

तपरी s. f. A mound, a small height, an acclavity.

तप्रवाह s. m. The power or strength acquired religious exercises.

mortification, the practice of mental or personal self-denial; world, the religion inhabited by saints or devotees after death; virtue, moral merit; duty, the special observance of certain things, thus the Tapas of a Brahman is sacred learning; of a Kshatri, the protection of subjects; of a Vys, almsgiving to Brahmans; of a Sudra, the service of the same sect; and of a Rishi or saint, feeding upon herbs and roots.

तपची s.m. A religious devotee,

तपसी s.f. A kind of fish.

तपस s. m. The month Phalgun (February-March).

तपसा s.f. Devout austerity, religious penance, devotion.

तपस्ति । s. m. An ascetic, a religious तपसी । engaged in the practice of rigorous and devout penance.

nuell s. m. A devotee, a performer of austere devotion, an ascetic. adj. Devout, practising austere devotion. Topsi, or Topasi-machhli, s. f. The mango fish (Polynemus paradises).

and a m. A worshipper, an ascetic, a devotee.

equal v. a. To pour out a libation; to heat, to warm, to cause to glow, to make another warm himself at the fire or in the sun.

तपाद s. m. Affection, ardour.

arque s. f. Sunshine, the sunteams; toil, labour.

नपी s. m. A devotee, a worshipper.

क्षोधव s. m. A devotee, an ascetic, one who performs religious persance.

क्योबड s. m. A country, part of central India, or Holy land.

तव odj. Hot, warm, fervent, heated, inflamed, turnt with heat, pain or sorrow.

नमस्य s. m. A sort of penance, drinking hot water, milk, or ghee, for three days.

au s. m. Division, district, parish.

na adj. Then, at that time, so soon; afterwards. Tab tak, Till then. Tab-tori, or, Tab-tain, or, Tub-lag, adv. Till then, so long.

and From that time.

त्रवान adv. Since this time.

व्यक्त prep. Till this.

and sdv. At that time. Tabhi-to, then indeed. Tabhi-se, Thence, thence-forth.

तवे adv. Exactly then.

वृत्तः s. m. Darkness, gloom; the quality of darkness, incident to humanity; illusion of mind, headstrong passion, anger; irascibility or promptitude to the vindictive passions.

The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the Tomahgua, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion,

&c.; darkness, gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमक e.f. Vanity, arrogance, pride; growing red in the face.

to be enraged without cause, or to break out into violence at a temperate and reasonable speech.

तमका s. m. A stroke of the sun.

तनत adj. Desirous, cupidinous, longing or hankering after.

वसवसाया v. s. To grow red in the face; to glow, to sparkle, to twinkle, to flash.

तमतमास्ट s. f. The state of growing red in the face, glow.

one s. m. The third of the qualities incident to humanity, the Tamah-gum, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, wordly delusion, &c.; darkness (physical or moral), gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमखिनी s.f. Night.

বৰাৰ s. m. The sectarial mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead; a tree bearing black blossoms (Xanthocymus pictorius).

বৰাজৰ s. m. A kind of potherb (Marsiles dentats).

तवादिया s.f. A district in Bengal, the mordern Tamluk.

तमाची ...f. A medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and fauces.

तिमसा s. f. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon. s. m. The dark half the month, from the full to the change.

तनीगुष s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the property of darkness, whence

proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c.; darkness, gleom; sorrow, grief.

तमोच्च s. m. The legislator of Buddh.

क्मोक्सि s.f. The district of Tank in Bengal.

तमीवत adj. Overcome with rage, fear, &c., or any of the effects of the property of darkness.

तव्यासू s. m. A pot, pipkin.

तिव्या s. m. A. pot.

तम्ब s. m. A tent.

To bleed from the bridle (a horse's mouth).

तन्तिक s. f. A woman whose business it is to sell betel leaf; name of a tree. तन्त्रीची s. m. A caste whose business it is to sell betel leaf.

नर adv. Under, beneath.

तर्दे s. f. A star.

with s. f. A beam, a rafter.

तरकारो s. f. Esculent vegetables.

atsa s.m. The fruit of the tar tree (Borassus flabelliformis).

तरका adj. Rapid ( a streem ).

attr s.f. A wave, an emotion; whim, conceit, fancy, caprice; becoming state and dignity.

तरक्षिणी s. f. A river.

al. whimsical.

Trees, sediment, less.

paradise; crossing over, passing across; escaping, being saved; one who is saved or delivered.

নংৰি s.m. The sun; a ray of light, a float or raft,

तर्षि है s. f. A ship, vessel, boat; the succotrine aloe (A perfoliata); a plant ( Hibiscus mutabilis ).

bambus, &c. tied together, and sometimes floated upon jars or holious gourds inverted; the float of a fishing line.

तरको adj. A boat, a vessel.

तरनरा s. m. A kind of dish.

being saved; one who in saved or delivered.

to be ferried; to be saved.

वस्त s. m. A fog; a hard shower, se torrent of rain; the ocean.

वरंकी s f. A boat.

names of deceased ancestors; satisfaction, gratification.

flounce, be agitated, writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss; to be very desirous about any thing.

तर्वज s. m. A water-melon ( Cucurbita citrullus ).

inconstant, ticklish, volatile, unsteady; libidinous, lecherous, wanton.

kind of bambu; bottom, depth, lower or under part.

तरव s. m. A tree.

तरवर s. m. Any large tree.

तंपविश्वा 8. m, A sword; a swordsman, a fencer.

नरवार s.f. A sword, a scimitar.

वरसभा v. s. To long, desire anxiously, be agog; to pity.

तरा s. m. The bottom of any thing.

तराइन s. m. Stars.

Tordi khewa, adj. Living in, or near water (water-fowl, water-spaniel, &c.).

arrest s. f. The beam of a balance.

बराब s. f. A scale, balance.

aras. m. Revenue.

नराना v. a. To cause to pass over or swim; to save.

तरी s.f. A boat.

तह s.m. A tree.

सक्जीदन s. m. The root of a tree.

thes aspera ?); a young man, one of the virile age. adj. Young, juvenile, adult; new, fresh, novel.

त्ववादं s.f. } Adolescence, youth, कव्यापा s. m. } puberty.

त्रवर्षो s.f. A young woman from 16 to 30 years of age, generally however one about the first ago.

सरी ado. Under.

न रेड्डा s. m. The falling of water from a spout, or from any height.

स्तरेव s. m. A buoy.

त्तरेवा e.f. A star.

s. m. Doubt, disputation, discussion, reasoning; the science of reasoning, logic; (in logic) a preposition.

नविद्या s.f. The science of reasoning or logic.

क्यांरी s.f. Esculent vegetables. विकात adj. Doubtful, disputations.

বাজিন s. m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Tark shastr.

सर्वित s. m. Caseis tora.

ears made of the leaves of the tertree. s. m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Tark shaper.

which the cotton is first drawn out; it also serves as the distaff, the cotton being next transferred from it to the wheel.

तर्जुट s. m. Drawing out the cotton upon the distaff or upon the wheel.

तर्जुटी s. f. A spindle or a distaff.

तक पिछ s. m. A ball of clay, &c. तक पीठी s. f. Inpon the lower end of the spindle to assist in giving it a rotatory motion.

ৰঙ্গৰ s. f. The fruit of the tar rree ( Borassus flabelliformis ).

cer in which the lower end of the spindle is placed and whirled round.

বস্তুসাৰ s. m. A small whetstone for sharpening spindles, &c.

तर्का जतां. Rapid (a stream).

तर्जन s. m. Wrath, anger.

सर्भेगी s.f. The fore finger.

तर्तेषता adj. Very greasy; dripping with moisture.

नर्तराना v. n. To bluster, to boast.

तर्तराष्ट्र s.f. Bluster, boast.

ed; either the act of pleasing or the state of being pleased; satiety, fulness; a religious rite, presenting water to the manes of the deceased.

वर्ष s.f. A musical tone, [mur. तरांचा v. n. To grudge, grumble, mur-तरांचा s. m. Rapidity, flow. Tarara bhar-

na, To gallop. [feacer.

सर्वेदिया s. m. A. sword; a swordsman, a सर्वोद्ध s. f. A sword, a scimitar, तुषे s. m. Thirst, wish, desire.

used metaphorically.

निर्मत adj. Thirsting, athirst, thirsty. तर्थे s. m. Compassion, mercy. Tars kha-

sa, To compassionate, to pity. तर्भेगा v. a. To cause to long, set agog,

तराना v. a. To cause to long, set agog, tantalize, tease, vex.

nd adv. The third day past or to come (not including the present, i.e. two days intervening).

सब s. m. Depth, bottom, lowness, inferiority of position, the place under or underneath; the sole of the foot. वस्त्रपर adj. Upside, down; confused.

सत्तव adj. Bitter, rancid.

त्रबद्ध s.f. Dregs, refuse, scum, sediment, offals, leavings.

तत्तत्ताना .n. To shake.

तखना v. a. To fry.

त्रखपट adj. Ruined, destroyed.

तस्यमा । त. त. To flutter, to palpitate, be restless, be agitated, to flounce.

तलमजाना v. s. To be tantalized; to grieve, to be agitated.

तत्त्विरा s.f. A scimitar. s.m. A swordsman, one armed with a scimitar, a sword-player, a fencer.

त्रचार s.f. A sword, a scimitar.

तवारायना v. a. Spoken of the feet of animal which are worn by treading on hard rocky ground.

archers on the left arm. s. m. The stand or support of any thing, that which is under or below it; the bottom of any thing; the sole of a shoe; protection.

तवासन s. m. One of the seven divisions of the infernal regions.

বৰাৰ s. m. A pond, reservoir of water.
লাম্ম্ adj. Inferior, next, below, one
who acts at the command of another.
লাম s. f. The bottom of any thing; the
sole of a shoe; beneath, under; impalpable powder.

THE SILVE TO THE SOLE OF THE FOOT.

THE STATE TO THE SOLE OF THE S

ing in the soles of the feet ) Implies excessive anger.

Tale-upar, aaj. Upside down; confused. Tale tale dekhna, To see clandestinely. Tale ki zamin upar honi, Is used to express great disturbance and confusion.

त्वेवा s.f. A small pond.

तवेश s. m. A turtle-dove.

विश्ववा s.f. A key.

त्वक s. m. The dental class of letters in the Nágri alphabet, beginning with a tah. [saucer.

तम्तरी s.f. A salver, a small plate, अ

silk the produce of a particular worm (Bombyx paphia), that feeds on the san (Terminalia state tomentosa), fc.

तसदा s. m. A vessel used by Hindus to dress their victuals in.

a kind of potherb ( Medicago esculents); a tree ( Vangueris spinoss).

तकरी s.f. Theft; a passionate woman, तक s.m. A razor-strop.

तम् s. m. An inch. [spersed. तस्यमस्य odj. Ruined, destroyed, dis-

and odv. Thither, there, Tahan tahan, In each place.

avi At that place.

तदाना v. s. To fold, to ply, to wrap.

at ado. Thither, there, exactly there. at inflect. of the 3rd pers. pron. sing. Him, her, it, that.

without covering, and on which one person only can sit. Tanga-sawer, One who rides on a tanga.

tives s. m. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation, and particularly

applied to the frantic dance of the god Shiv and his votaries.

string of a musical instrument. Tantbaji our rág bujha, He understood from the first word. Tant bándhna, To pat to silence an idle talker.

नाता s. m. A string (of comels, horses, oc. ), a drove; a train, a series, a row.

ताती s. m. A weaver.

बंग्यहा s.m. A copper colour (in pigeons); a false stone resembling a ruby.

नावा s. m. Copper.

त्यस्य s. m. An amulet or charm.

mit s. f. An aunt, paternal uncle's wife, father's elder brother's wife; an earthen frying pot.

ताज है s. m. A paternal uncle, father's elder brother.

wit s.f. Look, fixed regard, glance, peep; aim, view, the act of aiming, pointing (of a dog). Tak bandhna, To covet, to point (as a dog). Tak rahna, To aspire.

ताबना v. a. To stare at, aim, peep, see, spy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend.

वासवास s.f. Nick of time.

ताम } s. m. Thread.

वानतीष् s. m. Lace.

ताबला v. a. To thread. नाबा s. m. Thread.

And s. m. An Arabian bosse. [ear. All s. m. An ornament worn in the size s. m. The plan tree (Borossus fabelliformis) s. f. Understanding. Tarbaz, edj. Intelligent, quick of apprehension. Tarbazi, s. f. Quickness of apprehension. [timer. diagrams. m. A reprover, pupisher, chas-

ear. An ornament worn in the

s. m. Beating, whipping, punishment, admonition, reproof, penalty, Tárna kárna, To reprove, punish, chastise.

ताइना v. a. To understand, conceive, comprehend, guess, apprehend.

वाइनीय adj. Reproveable, worthy of admonition, punishment, &c.

ताड़िया ) s. f. Wife of a demon (rakshās) ताड़्का | killed by Rám.

ताको s. m. The juice of the palm tree (toddy); hilt of a dagger.

violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Ship and his votaries.

तातः adj. Venerable, reverend, respectable.

तात s. m. Father. odj. Hot, warm.

वातनी pron. inflect. f. Of her, that or it, सातनी pron. inflect. m. Of him, that or it, सातन adj. Hot, warm.

बावा adj. m. Hot, heating (food).

ताते pron. inflect. From him, her, it, or that.

हात्क्रांक्ट adj. Of that time or period. तायर s. m. Object, purpose, intent, design; meaning, purport; explanation; the apprehension of an implied wish or thought; need.

तदासम्ब adj. Likeness, similarity.

নাৰজ s. f. Such like, like him or it, &c.
নাৰ s. f. A tune, a tone, the key note
in music, stretching, tension, knitting
(eye-brows). [culation.

नानस्व s. m. Dancing with violent ges-वानतीस्त्रा e. a. To crack a joke, to drop a word which excites quarrelling or induces conversation, to animadvert; to strike up a tune.

33-22

Time s. m. The warp, the threads that are extended lengthwise upon a loom, Tána bánka karna, To fidget, to dance attendance. Tane tanna, To wander. here and there without profit.

सामा v. a. To heat, prove, assay.

বালী s. f. The warp; the price paid for wearing.

বাৰিজ s. m. A scholar, a man completely versed in any science; a follower of the dectrine taught by the Tantras. বাজা v. a. To extend, stretch, expand, pull, knit (the eye-brows). Tambu tan-

na, To pitch tents.

or physical): pain, sorrow, distress.
s.f. Fever. Tap-tilli, s.f. An induration of the spleen, attended with, or preceded by fever; splenitis, aguecake.

Burning, inflaming, heating.

सापन s. m. The sun; heating, inflaming. सापना v. a. To bask in the sun or before fire, to warm one's self at (or over) a fire, to warm, to heat.

বাদৰ adj. Performing penance. s. m.
A practiser of devout austerities, a
devotee, an ascetic.

सापित edj. Inflamed; distressed, pained. सापी e. f. A name of the Tapti or Sarat river; a name of the Jamna river. adj. Oppressed by heat, morbid, moral or physical; any thing heated or glowing.

নাম s. m. A mineral substance, sulphuret of iron, said to be procured from the Tapti river.

वान्ड्नीड़ adv. Successively, repeatedly. बामबीनी s.f. Enamelled copper.

THE s. m. A gem of inferior value of a copper colour.

नामरस s. m. A lotus (Ngmphá nelumbo); copper; gold.

तामलको s. f. A plant (Flacourtis cataphracia).

तानिविष s.f. A district in the south of Bengal Tomluk.

other adj. Affected by or appertaining to the third quality, that of darkness or vice; partaking or influenced by the principle of inertness, ignorance or mental darkness, inert, stupid, ignorant. s. m. Darkness, illusion, irascibility; an incendiary, a malignant and mischievous man, a villain.

तामसी adj. Dark, irascible, vindictive.

तामा है s. m. Copper.

तामिष्य s. m. Calx or scorize of copper. तामा स s. m. Betel-leaf, the areca nut.

तान्य जराग s. m. A kind of pulse (Ervum lens).

leaf, which with the areca nut, a small quantity of caustic lime or chunam, and catechu, and occasionally cloves cardamoms, &c., from the Pan or betel of the Asiatics (Piperbetel), and of s. f. Betel (Piper betel) or its pungent leaf, which together with the areca nut is eaten very generally by the natives of the east. s. m. The Pan bearer of a prince or sovereign; a servant whose business it is to prepare and furnish the Pan.

तवा s. m. A copper colour (in pigeens); a false stone resembling a ruby.

wood represented as of a dark red colour and smelling like a lotus; a dark or coppery red.

ताबबर्गे s.f. A name of the female elephant of the west. ताबनार s. m. A brazier, a copper smith. ताबना s. f. Blue vitriol or sulphate of copper.

ताबवह s.m. A copper plate, such as Hindu grants of land, &c. are frequently inscribed on.

and the district in its vicinity.

variegata); a plant (Kempferia rotunda). [suave-olens).

तासपुष्पा s. f. Trumpet flower ("Bignon a तासपुष्पी s. f. Lythrum fruticosum,

ताबपाच e. m. Alangium hexapelalum.

तासाची s. f. The blossom of sessmum.

बायवज्ञी s. f. Bengal madder (Rubia manyith).

ताबरीज s. m. A kind of vetch.

तायार्थ s. m. A sort of sandal wood.

वाससार s. m. A red kind of sandal (Pterospermum santolinum).

বাৰাক s. m. One of the eighteen divisions of the known continent.

बाधिक s. m. A brazier, a coppers-mith. वाधिका s. f. A copper vessel for marking time.

नाको s.f. A copper of metallic cup of prescribed capacity, and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, answering the purpose of an hour glass; it is put into a vessel of water, the water gradually filling it and the sinking marks the time that has elapsed.

art s. m. A high note or tone in music; a wire, a chord.

तारच adj. A protector, a preserver.

तारहरना v. m. To be disjointed, to be separated.

freeing, salvation, deliverance; one that sets free or delivers.

तारपतरण s, m.f. The Saviour, and the person saved.

further transmigration, absolve from sin, save.

नारतम s. m. Distinction, discrimination. नारतीष् s. m. A kind of sewing or needle-work, open work, pulling out some threads, &c.

तारना v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmingration, to absolve from sin, to save.

तार्पतार adj. Dispersed, &c.

বাংৰাখনা v. s. To continue or repeat an action without interruption.

Tare ginna, To count the stars, i. c. to get no sleep.

तारायच s. m. The atmosphere, the firmament, heaven or sky.

तारामस्त s. m. The starry sphere.

तारिका s. f. The apple of the eye; a star.

तारिको s.f. A goddess peculiar to the Jyns; a name of Durgá; deliverer.

art s. f. The clapping of hands; a key; abstraction, absence of mind, absorption in thought or devotion.

तार s. m. The palate.

বাৰিত s. m. A philosopher, a sophist, a follower of either of the six schools of *Hindu* philosophy.

নাৰিম: ddj. Relating or attached to the science of reasoning.

नानों v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmigration, to absolve from sin, to save.

music, musical time or measure, chime; slapping or clapping the hands together or against the arms previous to fighting; a musical instrument of bell metal or brass (a sort of cymbol) played with a stick; the palm tree (Borassus flabelliformis). I'al dena, To chime; to slap the bands on the arms before fighting. Tal marna, or—thokna, To strike the hand against the arms preparatory to wrestling.

त्राज्य s. m. A bolt, a latch, a kind of lock for fastening a door with.

सालपत s. m. A hollow cylinder of gold with or without a ring attached to it thrust through the lobe of the ear, and worn as an ornament.

বাজাঘৰ্ণী s.f. A sort of anise ( Anethum panmorium ).

तालपुर्वक s. m. A medicinal application to the eyes.

तालमञ्जाना s.m. A medicinal herb (Barleria longifolia).

सासम्ली s. f. A. plant (Curculigo or-

तालहका s.m. A fan.

साला s. m. A lock.

ताखाच्या s.f. At perfume.

nicil s.f. A sort of key or pin; clapping of the hands together; a species of the mountain palm (Corypha tuliera); a plant (Flacourtia cataphracta). Tali ek hath se bajni, Is used to express an impossibility. Tali bajana, To clap the hands (generally by way of censure and ridicule); to hoot, Tali marna, To hoot.

काख s. m. The palate, the ridge or slit in the roof of the mouth; a disorder in horses, the lampreys.

साव s. m. A sheet of paper; proof trial, easy; speed.

power; splendour, dignity; twist, coil, contortion. Tao dena, To twist;

to stroke the whiskers; to heat (as iron). Too pech khana, To be heated; to be angry.

तावत् adv. So much, so far, so many, unto, until, the correlative to बाबक् yowat.

blowing with bellows, to anneal; to prove; to assy; to twist.

साम s. m. Cloth of gold, brocade.

लास s. m. The cards, a game at cards ; brocade, cloth of gold.

तामु है pron. Of him, that or it.

atfr pron. To him, her or it.

तापियों s. f. A kind of dish, viz. riesboiled with bar-i, which consists, of pulse (Phosoolus radiatus) gound in a wet state mixed with giuger, pepper, dec. and dried in small lumps. विवादक s.f. A sound used in driving

a cart.

तिकीनिया adj. Triangular.

fam s. m. A small piece of fiest, a steak, a chop, a collop, a slice.

fam adj. Bitter; fragrant s. m. A bitter taste, bitterness; fragrance, perfume.

famon s. m. A kind of gourd (Trichosanthes diæca); a sort of Gentian (G, cherayta). [catam).

तिक्षमण s. f. A plant (Lycopodium imbri-विकास के s. f. A bitter gourd.

तिसङ्ख्या s: f. A medicinal kind of moonplant.

तिसापक s. m. A. oucurbitaceous plant ( Momordina mints ).

तिज्ञाप्येन् e.f. A potherb ( Hilonoho repone ); a: plant ( Monispormum globrum ).

तिसमञ्ज s. m. A kind of oucumber (Trichosanthes diæcs ). विश्वरीदिवा s. f. A medicinal plant.

विकार s. f. A plant ( Aletris hyocinthoides ).

विश्वचाच s. m. A plant (Capparis trifolista).

विश्वचार s. m. A sort of Mimosa ( M. catechu ).

तिविचा . f. A bitter gourd.

तिचरा बरना v. a. To triffallow, to plough

विचारना ाः a. To confirm, to prove, to establish by argument; to inquire earnestly; to trifallow:

fugu s. m. A stone in music. adj.
Threefold, triple.

तिनुना adj. Threefold.

first s. m. Heat, also the heat of spices, or pungency. adj. Hot, pungent, aerid; sharp ( ds a weapon).

নিজন adj. Sharp, virulent, bitter, severe.

तित्ररों रूड. f. A tertian fover or निकारों र्वे agne.

নিতী s. f. A plant; commonly called Teori.

Re adv. Thither, three:

तितना } adj. So many, so much, Titne-तितनो } men, in so much ( time ).

तितर्वितर ब्लंग्. Dispersed.

तिनिया s. f. Patience, resignation, sufferance, endurance.

तितिचत } adj. Patient, resigned.

विविधा s. m. An obstacle; impediment, stratagem;

aritims. m. One of the seven Karans or astronomical periods so called; a sort of sweetment made of sesamum; ground; and baked with sugar;

तिति s. m. The Francoline partridge. तिति s. m. The Francoline partridge; the name of a muni, and one of the early teachers of the Tyttiri, or black Yajur Ved; the Yajur Ved, named after its teacher.

तिष है s. m. A luner day, one thire तिथि stieth of a whole lungtion.

तिविचय s. m. Day of new moon.

तिहरी adj. Three-deored!

faut adv. There.

तियास s m. A plant (Euphorbia iquorun); the meeting of three streams.

first prom pl. inflect. Them, those. He; she, it, that. Einhen, Te them or those, &c; [thtob.

finum v. n. To flatter, palpitate, farm s. m. A straw, a bit of the stalk of grass. Tinka danson men lena, Tomake submission, confess inferiority, or ask for quarter. Finds chance (lit. to pick straws), To be intoxicated:

तिनिक्त s. m. The tamarind tree.

तिकी s. f. A kind of rice:

face s. m. A species of ebony, from the fruit of which a kind of resin in obtained, that is used in India as pitch for caulking vessels, &c. ( Disspyros glutinesa).

विकाश s.f. The resineus fruit of a sort of elieny.

room with three doors.

Tojone long:

विभिक्षित . m. A large fabulous fish.

fairs a few s.m. A fabulous fish larger than either of the preceding.

farm ad), Wet moist; moistened damp; steady, fixed, unmoved, unshaken.

faffer s. m. Larkness; gutta serens, total blindness from affection of the optic nerve.

বিনিধ s. m. A kind of pumpkin ground; a water melon.

तिय s. f. A woman, a wife.

fitter: s. m. A mixture of dry ginger, long pepper, and black pepper.

तिरचा s.f. Thirst, desire.

तिरचंडी s. f. A trivet.

bent, oblique, awry, askant; perverse; affected, foolish. Tirchha dekhna, To squint, to look askant. Tirchha logna, v. n. To strike obliquely, to glance. Tirchhi ankh korna, To look nngrily, to cast unkind looks. Tirchhi nazare, Leer, ogle, side glance, squint.

तिर्देशना v. n. To crook, to place in a transverse position, slant. v. n. To be perverse; to be affected.

तिरिक्याना v. n. To edge, to go obliquely. तिरिक्रामा v. n. To trickle, to drop.

तिरना v. n. To swim.

विर्पष् s. m. A tripod.

faces odj. Fifty-three.

तिरवीचिया s. m. A building with three deors or arches.

facture s. m. A medicine composed of three myrobalans.

तिरवाचव s. m. An agreement confirmed three times.

factor adj. Standing awry, or bending (properly with legs, loins and neck bent).

THE WIT adj. Having the position described under tirbanga, and epithet of Krishna. s.f. A species of poetical measure.

face adv. Indirectly, underhandedly, secretly, covertly; crookedly, awry; a particle of abuse or depreciation.

factor odj. Sixty-three. [proach. factor s. m. Disrespect, abuse, re-

तिरस्क्रिया s. f. Disrespect, contempt, reproach.

faten adj. Reviled, abused, reproached, censured.

fati ( contraction of Tera ), Thy, thine.

বিবাদা v. v. To cause to pass over or swim; to save.

तिराचे adj. Ninety-three.

तिराच a. m. Swimming.

तिरास s. f. Thirst.

तिरास स्थाना } v. n. To be thirsty.

तिराची adj. Eighty-three.

तिरिया s. f. A. woman, maid, female, wife.

तिरियाचित्र s. m. Female wiles.

तिरिवारेट् इ. m. The science of women, knowledge of women.

तिरिवारी**व्य s. m.** Amazon country, petticoat government.

fatt adj. Three.

तिरीविरी adj. Dispersed.

तिरेच s. m. The float of a fishing line, a float or buoy.

तिरेका s. m. A float.

तिरोधित adj. Covered, concealed, hidden, removed or withdrawn from sight.

तिरींदा s. m. A buoy, beacon.

चितिरा s. m. A pot of oil, &c., swimming on water; an ocular spectrum or spark appearing before the eye from the internal state of that organ. चितिराण v. n. To. vibrate, dazzle, thrill, shake; to glisten as grease or oil, swimming on water.

तिषिदाष्ट s. f. Vibration.

विभिन्नी s. f. Vertigo, darkness (Perhaps amourosis or blindness from disease).

fay a s. f. A district on the Gandok, Tirhut.

fing fire saij. Belonging to Tirhut, produced in Tirhut. first s. m. A plant hearing an oily seed; the oil and seed being both much used in oriental cooking (Sesa-(mum orientale); a mole or spot, compared to a seed of sesamum. Tilon men tel nahin kahna, (lit. to say there is no oil in the seeds of sesamum, is) To say snow is black, to deny the most evident truth.

favor s. m. A mark or marks made with coloured earths or unguents upon the fore-head, and between the eye-brows, either as an ornament or a sectarial distinction; a freekle, a mole, a natural mark on the person; a title, especially in composition, implying pre-eminence.

Spotted, freekled, a person having moles or spots; chief, principal.

तिसक्ट s. m. The farina of sesamum. विसंदासक्द s. m. A mole or spot on the

body; a man so marked.

fings s. m. A sweetment, composed of pounded sesamnm and sugar.

Repri s. m. An inhabitant of Tylongo, in which the first soldiers were clothed and disciplined in the European manner; (hence) a soldier or rather sepoy.

विषय s. f. A kind of (child's) kite. विषय s. m. A cook roach (Blatta).

तिवासनी s. f. Mixture composed of rice and sesamum seeds; a mixture of black and gray hairs in the head.

तिसम् s.f. A kind of sweetmeat. विसम् s.m. A necklace of three strings. विसमेश s.m. Sesamum oil.

विवादेश s. f. Sesamum made up in the shape of a cow, for the purpose of being presented to Brahmans.

নিবাদৰী s. f. Red sandars (Pierocarpus santolinus).

तिसपिषट s. m. A sort of sweetmeat made chiefly or ground sesamum.

নিজ্বিদ্ধ } s. m. Barren sesamum, bear-নিজ্বিদ্ধ ing no blossom, or its seed yielding no oil.

तिसन्द s. m. A kind of bird.

तिलमय adj. Made or composed of sesamum.

निजनस्ह. m. A kind of pea-fowl, marked with spots resembling the seed of the sesamum.

तिवस्तरो s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made of sesame and sugar.

तिश्वषा adj. Oily.

तिवार s. f. A small frying pan.

নিজাৰকী s.f. A plain in the vicinity of Sirhind, abounding in robbers; hence, it is applied to any situation of danger.

तिस्पा s. m. A kind sweetmest (eaten particularly by the Hindus when the sun enters capricorn).

নিজীয়া adj. (Spoken of a lamp) Sloped so that the oil may reach the wick.

नियोत्तमा s.f. One of the courtezans of Swarg, the paradise of the Hindus.

নিবাহন s. m. A dish of milk, rice and sesamum.

fault s. f. The spleen or milt. Taptilli, s. f. Disorder of the spleen.

fragges. m. A hall or building with three doors.

तिवासी adj. Stale, three days old.

तिष 3.f. Thirst.

तिया s.f. Thirst; temptation.

new s. m. The eighth nakehotra or lunar mansion, an asterism figured by an arrow, and containing three stars, of which one is Concer, adj. Auspicious, fortunate, lucky.

faur | s. f. Emblic myrobalan (Phylfaugu | l. a. hus emblics), or auspicious flower.

fine inflect. pron. That which &c. Tisuprant, adv. Moreover. Tis-per, or,
Tis-pi, adv. Besides, over and alve,
moreover, by, nevertheless, still,
then, after that, thereon, whereat.
Tis-per-bhi, adv. Thereon, neverthe
less, yet, still. [pire.

किस्तायत e.m. A third person, an um-

तिकृत s. m. Name of a medicine. तिकृतर adj. Seventy-three.

favor adj. Triple, three fold.

तिशराना v. a. To tertiate, to do the third time, to triple.

तिकरावट s. f. Triplication.

fast pron. Your, of you.

forth s.f. The third part; the third part of a piece of cloth for making trousers.

fargum s. m. A third person; a court of inquiry, three or four persons by whom any cause is arbitrated, an arbitrator.

तिकारी | pron. Your, of you. तिकारी

কিছি pron. pl. These very, them, themselves.

an' ad. Three.

fave adj. Pungent, hot; angry, passionate; sharp, acute, penetrating, ardent, virulent, bitter, evere.

सीवड s. m. Posteriors.

तीक्र s.f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma angustifolia.

all ward. Hot, warm, pungent, ardent, zealous, active, warm; keen, intelligent; angry, passionate, sharp (as a sword) penetrating.

तीचवरन s. m. Thorn apple ( Dature metel ).

तीचद्र s.m. The onion.

ती वार्वांग adj. Active.

तीश्वत्य s.m. Morunga Hyperanthera; the gum olibanum tree, small cardamoms.

वीचानस s. f. Mustard seed; orris root, Pandanus odoratissimus.

तीयतेष s. m. Resin ; the milky juice of the Euphorbia, spirituous or vinous liquor.

तीखपन है s. m. Coriander.

तीखपुच s. m. Cloves.

तीकार्स s. m. Saltpetre.

तीषाध्य s. m. Barley.

passionate; sharp (as a sword), penetrating.

तीची adj. f. Sharp ( tone in music ).

लोक्टर s. f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcums augusticities.

নীজন adj. Ardent, sharp. [night, নীজ s. f. The third day of a lunar fort-নীজা s. m. The third day after the death of a relation, on which oblations are offered (used among Mahomedans).

तीत } edj. Bitter; pungent, hot, तीता | acird.

ant e.m. A partridge (Perdic Frencolinus). Titar he munk lackimi (likgood fortune proceeds from the mouth of the partridge, which is a small bird of little estimation), A saying used whom a person of mean understanding is chosen to decide in matters of which he is incompetent to judge.

सोतरी & f. A. butterfly; a sort o medicine.

तीता adj. Bitter; pungent, hot, acrid. तीन adj. Three.

तीनतर adj. Dispersed, scattered, ruined. [(owly).

নী নহাৰ s. m. (see ইণ্ছৰ, দিৱস্থ ক্ষিত্ৰ, the three kinds of human obligations.

नीज बाखवा s. f. The three periods into which human life divides itself, viz., childhood, manhood, sevility.

तीनोबाब s. m. Present, past, fature. तीनवृत s. m. The principle of truth, the love of sensual enjoyment. Dark-

ती[मर् s. m. Darkness, obscurity.

होब s. f. A woman or female in general. होबड s. f. A suit (of female's clothes). होर s. m. A shore, a bank; an arrow. adv. Near.

बोरड s.m. A holy spot visited by pilgrims, especially at sacred waters. वीरना v. To swim, float, cross over.

बोरमुचि s. m. Tirhut, a province in the east of central Hindustan, lying on the north of Behar: being bounded on the west and east by the Gandaki and Kausika rivers, on the south by the Ganges, and on the north by the skirts of the Himalaya mountains.

नीराषा s. f. The junction of three rivers, lit, having three mouths or faces.

बोचं adj. Crossed, passed over ; spread, expanded.

बोर्चपदी s.f. A plant (Curculigo orchioides).

any place of pilgrimage is Bonares; any place of pilgrimage is Bonares; Gyo, Jaggernauth, &c. but especially particular spots along the course of sacred streams as the Ganges, &c. and in the vicinity of some piece 'of water or sacred springs.

तीर्वरास s. m. The city of Pryag or Alluhabad.

तार्थराखी s.f. The city of Benares, the most eminent of the Tirths or places of pilgrimage.

लीवंगाची s.m. One who resides at places of pilgrimage.

तीनी s. f. A bar (of a cage, &c.); the calf of the leg.

तीवर s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game; a fisherman, one who lives by fishing.

तीवसे s.f. The wife of a hunter.

तीन adv. Much, excessively, endless, sdv. Much, excessive, endless, unbounded, unlimited; pungent, het, warm.

तीववेदना e.f. Agony, excessive pain, the pain of damnation.

तीना s. f. Me river in the east of Bengal, तीस adj. Thirty.

तीसरा s. m. A third party.

तीसरा वर्तां. Third.

तसरे adv. In the third place, thirdly,

तीची s.f. Flax ( Linum usitatis simum), बुष adj. Your.

तुन s. m. Prominent, high.

तुंच adj. High, tall.

तुंड s. m. Face.

aw s. f. Beak, snout.

हुंदी .m. (adj.) A person having st large stemach or navel.

त्य s. f. One line of a poem, a ryhme; a moment.

तुक्ता s. m. तुक्ता s. f. A kind of paper kite.

तुकाचीरी } s.f. The manna of bam तुमा boos.

\*\* adj. High, tall, elevated, lofty.

\*\* s. m. A tree (Rottleria tinctoria) ;

\*\*top, vortex, altitude.

तुक्रभद्र s. m. A restive elephant, or one

34---₹8

in rnt. s. f. A river in the Mysore country, the Tumbhadr.

हुइसम्बा s. f. A river in Mysore.

तुकी s.f. A kind of basil Ocymum gratissimum).

तुष्ट adj. Void, empty; contemptible, तुष्ट्यता s. f. Worthlessness. [sap. तुष्ट्यत The castor oil tree as having no

तुष्णाना } v.s. To cause to break.

तुत्र s. f. A vessel with a spout.

तुतराना है o. n. To lisp, speak imper-तुत्रज्ञाना है feetly as a child.

The Anomam Zanthorhiza; blue vitriol sulphate of copper, especially medicinally considered as an anyun, application to the eyes.

ব্ৰামণ s. m. Blue vitriol, considered as a medicinal application to the eyes.

तुन्ब s. m. Cross, out of temper.

নুৰ্মী s.f. A fine kind of bread or wafers thin as muslin.

तुन्तुनाना v. n. To sound.

तुन्द s. f. The navel.

तुन्दक्षपी s. f. The navel.

तुन्दपरिमार्क है s. m. A lazy man, a तुन्दपरिचन है sloth, a sluggard, passing his whole time in stroking his sides. [vated navel,

wated navel.

The app. Having a prominent or ele
The s.m. Toon, a tree of which the

wood bears some resemblance to ma
hogany and is used for furniture, &c.

( Cedrela tuna ). adj. Tormented,

vexed, injured, cut, broken, cut

down, &c.

तुष्रवाय s. m. A tailor.

तुपच s.f. A musket.

বুদ 2d. pers. pron. pl. You Tum ap, You yourself. Tumko, or, Tumhen, To you. Tum tano, pnon. 2d. pes. mas, gen. pl. You, of you.

तुम्ब s. f. A troop of soldiers.

तुमरा adj. Your.

तुनसा adj. Like you.

तुनाई s. f. The price of carding.

तुमाना v. c. To cause to be carded.

मुझार adj. Your.

jus. m. Mingled or tumultuous combat; uproar, clangour, tumult, tumultuous sound or noise; Beleric myrobalan.

gai s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.

तुष्विद्या s. m. A pot.

and s. f. A long gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria); a small hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.; a kind of pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibit snakes).

acutangulus).

तुरक s. m. A Turk ; a soldier, a Mahomedan,

तुरम s. m. A horse.

ব্যক্ষমন্ত্ৰ s. m. Necessary celibacy, leading a life of continence in consequence merely of being without female society.

त्यो s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). तुरवी s. m. A horseman, cavalier, &c. odj. Equestrian, riding, mounted, or earried on a horse.

तुर्च s. m. A horse.

तुरत } adv. Qnickly, instantly direct-तुरत } iy.

तुरपन s. f. A kind of stitch.

तुरपना v. a. To sew (in a particular manner), to stitch.

तुरपाना v. a. To stitch, darn, hem.

तुरमती s.f. A kind of hawk- (Falco fasciatus, or Falco dubius). तुरकी } s.f. A trumpet, a clarion.

तुसाई s. f. Your.

तुरावान् वर्ताः. Quick, soon:

तुरावती adj. Quick, swift, expeditions.

used by weavers to clean and separate the threads of the woof; a painter's brush or fibrous stick used for that purpose.

त्रीय s. m. The divine Being, or universal Spirit.

Turan or Turkistan, the original country of the Turks.

নুম্না s. m. pl. The inhabitants of Turushk.

तुने तुनंपूर्व तुनंपूर्व तुनंपूर्व त्रिक्टिंग् स्टिंग् स्टिंग स्टिंन स्टिंग स्टिंन स्टिंग स्टिंग स्टिंग स्टिंन स्टिंग स्टिंन स्टिंन

तुन्त adj. Nimble, active ; flippant.

weighed against valuable things, which are to be given in alms; to sit straight and compact (as in a boot which might be overset by sitting uneven or caretessly). Tul rahms, To stand front to front, ready for battle or opposed.

क्रमुवाना v. n. To become soft (from moisture as a mud wall in the rains, as a sore or boil when suppurating, or as fruit getting rips).

तुषाना v. a. To be weighed or balanced; to be drawn up in array (as one army against another).

त्ववृत्त adj. A stutterer, a stammer.

तुलव्याना v. To articulate imperfectly as a child.

तुष्ति s. f. A small shrub held in veneration by the *Hindus*, Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum); Tulsi is said to

have been a nymph beloved by Krishn and by him metamorphosed into this plant. Tulsi ka hira, Bead's made of the wood of the Tulsi plant. Tulsi dana, A gold ornament. Tulsi das, n. prop. Name of a Gosain, and author of the Tulsikrit-Ramayan.

तुष्योदण s.m. The leaf of the Tulsi-plant.
तुषा s.f. Measure by weight; a measure or weight of gold and silver,
100 pales or about 125 ounces troy;
a balance, especially a fine balance,
goldsmith's or assay scales; the
sign L bra of the zodiac; the practice of being weighed against gold or
any kind of valuable substance, which
is afterwards given to priests.

নুৰ্নীৱি s. f. An ornament of the feet or toes; a hundred millions.

নুবাৰীয় s. m. A sort of ordeal, in which the accused is tried by being weighed in a scale.

तुबाहाज s. m. A gift of any articles to Brahmans equal in weight to the person of the donor.

precatorius, from which the gold-smith's or jeweller's weight in India is taken; the berry weighs  $1\frac{5}{16}$  grain troy, the factitious weight about  $2\frac{5}{16}$ .

which rests on the axletree arm and supports the body of the carriage.

तुलिका s. f. A small bird said to resemble the wagtail. [tree.

বুলিক্লা s. f. The Simal or silk-cotton বুলী s. f. A steelyard; a fibrous stick or brush used for weavers for cleansing the threads of the woof; a painter's brush or fibrous stick used for that purpose. [logous to.

तुल odj. Like, resembling, equal or ana-

तुष्यपान s. m. Drinking together-

तुवर s. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

तुवरी s. f. A kind of lentil (Cytisus cajan). | तुव s. m. The husk of chaff or rice, &c.; |

Beledic myrobalan.

or of the husk of corn; a capital punishment; burning; twisting dry straw, &c., around the limbs of a criminal, and setting it on fire.

guit s. m. Frost; cold; thin, rain, midst; ice, or snow.

ज्ञारा adj. Cold, frigid, frosty.

ত্তবিষ্ক s. m. A kind of subordinate derty, one of a class of thirty-six.

gratified. Pleased, satisfied, rejoiced, gratified. [fication.

तुष्ता s.f. Dolight, satisfaction, grati-तुष्टि s.f. Pleasure, satisfaction, gratification, content.

নুষ s. m. The husk of corn or rice. বুছিৰ s. m. Frost, snow.

m pron. 2nd. pers. sing. Thou, Too too, sound of calling a dog.

त्यर s.f. A kind of pulse (Cytisus cajan). क्रांत्रकरना v. a. To dispute, to wrangle, to abuse.

ब्बा s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars easry water, &c.

त्वी s. f. A small gourd; the snout of a crocodile, alligator, &c.; a kind of musical pipe (chiefly used by these who exhibits snakes).

क्यारना v. o. To thou.

ne s. m. A quiver; a tree the wood of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela toona).

तृषीर इ. m. A quiver.

त्व s. m. The mulberry tree.

त्तर्भ इ. f. A vessel with a spout.

त्तक } s. m. Blue vitriol, tutty.

त्ता s. m. Chips, clippings, filings, fragments.

त्ती s.f. A parrot, parroquet.

of which bears some resemblance tomahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cledrels toons).

कमना v. a. To card or separate (wool or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.

तूमरी s. f. The snort of a crocodile, alligator, &c.

त्मिया s. m. Thread made of carded cotton, in opposition to that made of what has been beat only.

cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.

बूर्ण adv. Quick, swift, quickly. adj. Quick, expeditions.

त्व s. m. Resembling.

वृत्रानाकी & f. A thick roll of cotton, from which it is drawn out in spring.

and s. f. A steelyard; a weaver's fibrous stick or brush; a pencil, a painter's brush or a stick with a fibrous extremity used as one; a rod, &c. dipped into crucibles to tayif their contents are in fusion.

without horns though of an age to have them; a beardless man; a eunuch.

तूडिन 8. m. Snow, frost.

त्री pron, Thou, thyself.

ৰৰ s. m. Grass, any gramineous plant. হৰণৰ adj. Graminivorous, one whose food is grass.

वयकाति s. m. The vegetable kingdom. वयरात्र s. m. A palmyra tree. worthless, insignificant.

द्वार adj. Grassy, made, &c. with grass. द्वारिष s. m. Conflagration of chaff; burning a criminal wrapped up in straw.

eries s. m. A certain Rakshas.

A cunuch; the neuter gender.

दम adj. Pleased, satisfied, contented. दमम्बा adj. Contented, satisfied, tranquil. दिन s. f. Pleasure, satisfaction, content. द्याना s. f. The three myrobalans.

हमति s. f. Trinity; the three principal Mindu gods.

zen s. f. Thirst, wish, desire; a plant (Commelina solicifolia).

द्यावन ady. Thirsty.

दिवस adj. Thirsty, thirsting (physically or metpohorically).

phorically), desiring, longing for cupidinous.

[avarice.]

en s. f. Thirst; ambition, desire, wish,

ट्याच्य s. m. Content, resignation, patience.

हम s. m. Grass, grass-blade.

ते They, those postpos. From, by, with, in, than.

a prepos. From, by, with, in.

तिवासीस क्यों. Forty-three.

तेलीस adj. Thirty-three.

तंदुषा's. m. A leopard (Felis leopardus). तंदु s. m. A fruit (Dyospyros ebenum er glutinasu).

नेरंस adj. Twenty-three.

ने ज s. m. Ardour, splendour, glory, refulgence, [strength, energy; fire, sharpness pungency. [Stara.] नेजनज्ञ s. m. A kind of reed (Saccharum बन्नो s.f. A plant (Alctris hyacynthoides).

तेजपात a. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassia, cassia. [tic. तेजमान adj. Glorious, splendid, energe-तेजमान adj. Glorious, splendid, energe-तेजमा adj. Glorious, splendid, energe-तेजमा adj. Glorious, splendid, energe-तेजमा a. m. Splendour, light, lustre. केजमा adj. Glorious, refulgent, splendid. तेजमार adj. Restorative, invigerating, productive, tonic.

तेजकी है बर्कें: Glorious, luminous, वेजीवव } brilliant, splendid, energetic; famous; celebrated.

तेजीवन s. m. A tree (Premna spinosa). तेजीवनी s. f. A plant bearing a fruit resembling peper.

नें तर adj. A fe urth son or daughter.

नेता adv. So much, thus, much.

तेपणी s. f. A kind of stitch.

तेमन s. m. Wetting, moistening, moistture wet, damp; a sauce or condiment.

वेमनी s. f. A chimney, a fire place. तरा pron 3d per. gen. case, Thy, thine. तरम s.f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

तेरह adj. Thirteen Terahwan adj. Thirteenth.

तेदस s. m. The third year past or to before last, year after the next.

anoint the head; shoulders, hands, and feat of the bride and bridegroom with oil mixed with turn enic 'during the marriage ceremony.

तेशिक s.f. Wife of an oilman.

तिक्या s: m. Name of a colour, dark bay. Telips sures, edj. Light bay coloured.

तेजी s. m. A caste whose business is to sell oil, an oilman.

तिश्र s. m. A garden, a pleasure garden or play-ground; play; sport pastime. तेवर s. m. Swimming or giddiness in the head.

ने बरस s. m. The year past or to come, year before last, year after the next. त्यसमा v. a. To have a swimming in the head, to be giddy, to be faint, to stagger, to fall down senseless from a blow.

तेवरी तेवरकी t. f. A frown, Teori charkdna, तेवकी frown to come on.

तेवचार s. m. A holiday, a festival.

तेवी adv. So, in like manner, as; at the same time, then.

तेवींचा odj. Dim-sighted, purblind.

तिष s. m. Anger, passion, vehemence.

तेष्ट् s. m. A female ornament worn round the ankles.

riness, perserverance, speaking with warmth, vehemence.

तेषी adv. Exactly then.

ते adj. So many. Tybár. So often.

त pros. Thou.

तेंतीस adj. Thirty-three.

तैतिस s. m. One of the astronomical periods called Karan.

तेतिर s. m. A flock of partridges, a Francoline partridge.

portion of the Veds. as a student, a text, teacher, section of, &c.; the texts of this Ved being disgorged by Yajayawalkya in a tangible form, and picked up by the rest of Vysampayana's disciples, who for the purpose assumed the shape of partridges.

वैतिरीयक s. m. A follower of the Tititri branch of the Veds. तैरना v. a. To swim, to cross over.

বৈশ s.m. Oil, expressed oil, prepared from sesamum, mustard, &c.; storax, gum Benzoin, incense.

तैलाबिङ s. m. The oil cake, a cake made of the oily seed, after expression.

तेषस s. m. The part of the peninsula south of Orissa, the modern Carnatic. तेषस s. m. An inhabitant of the country called Tylanga, or the Carnatic; a sepoy or native foot soldier dressed

तेलचीरिका s.m. A. cockroach, or oilsteader.

in the European costume.

तैलमाली श.f. A, wick, the cotton of a lamp.

तैवषटिष s. m. A sort of gem (Amber ?) तैविको s. f. The wick or cotton of a lamp.

वैविद्याद्या s. f. A oil mill.

तेची s. m. An oilman, an oil grinder or preparer. adj. Relating or belonging to oil, oily, &c.

तैषा adj. Such. adv. So in that manner, in like manner, at the same moment.

A conjunction introducing the answer to a conditional proposition; Then, that; as, Jo tu aways to passega, If thou wilt come, then shalt thou recieve. An adverb denoting asseveration or emphasis; as, Myn to ata tha, par usne ane nah diya, I was in fact coming, but he prevented me.

तो adv. Sc, in that manner, then.

तोंद s. f. A pot belly.

तीही s. f. The navel.

तीरेन } adj. Pot-tellied, gor-bellied, तीरेना \$ corpulent.

तोंची edv. Exactly then.

तोष s. m. The breach made ly a gun,

&c.; the strength of a current; whey. Tor turns, To make a breach (as a ball). Tor jor, s.m Cutting out (as cloth by a tailor); arranging a speech; &c. Tor dains, To break and destroy, to pull down. Tor tar, s.m. Breaking and destroying; plain speaking. Tor dens, To break, to spoil. Tor phor, s.m. Breaking, plain speaking, Tor lens, To gather, to pluck (fruit).

तोड़ } s.f. A net work thrown o ver a तोर } woman's palki, &c.

तोक्तः s. m. A dried pod of tori, kept for seed.

split, demolish; to change (money), to pluck or gather (fruit, flowers, &c.), to reduce (in arithmetic). Dam torna, To be at the point of death.

Roti torna, To eat the bread of idleness. Torna jorns, (to break and join), Expresses absolute power over any thing.

[the wrist.

any s.m. A large thick ring worn on any this.]

बोड़वाना v. a. To cause to be broken, or to be changed ( coin ).

changing coin.

the match of gun; a bank, an island, a bar; a ploughshare; a piece of rope; an ornament like a chain.

Toredar, A matchlock.

নীড়ালা v. s. To cause to be broken or changed (as money).

तोषी s.f. Mustard seed. adv. Till, up to. तीलमा v. a. To weave tape or ribland. तो । आ adj. Stutterer, stammerer, lisping, lisper, stuttering, stammering, speaking imperfectly as a child. तीतपाचा v. a. To lisp, to speak imperfectly as a child.

तीता s. m. A parrot; the cock of a matchlock.

वोसी s.f. A female parrot.

त्रीप**ड़ा s. m.** A fly ; a kind of pigeon.

तोपना v. a. To bury, to cover.

तोपाना है v. a. To have buried, to cause तुपाना है to cover.

तीवड़ा s.m. The bag in which horses eat their corn.

तीमण्डी s.f. A hollowed gourd ( Cucurbits lajenaris ).

त्रेय s.m. Water.

तीयवान s.m. A sort of cane, growing in or near water ( Calamus fasciculatus).

নীৰজন্ম s. m. A sort of penance, drinking nothing but water for a fixed period.

तोषद s.m. A fragrant garss (Cyperus rotundus).

तोषधर s. m. A potherb (Masilia denaro), तोषधिपाची s.f. A plant (Jussieua repens).

तीवपुची s. f. Trumpet flower.

तीयसादन s. m. The clearing nut-plant Strychnos poratorum): the nut being rubbed upon the inside of a water jar, occasions the precipitation of the impurities of the water poured into it.

तीवनहीं s.f. A kind of gourd ( Momordics charantis ).

तोर s.f. A kind of pulse; a net thrown over a woman's palti.

nter s.m. The ornamented arch of a door or gateway; decoration of a gate-post; a bundle of flowers enclosed in a cloth of god tissue and hung at a gateway or door; strings of flowers suspended across gateways on public festivals.

ing various dishes of food, presented to others by great men; a nobleman a minister of state; pride Torahposh, s. m. A covering for dishes, dec. Torah-bandi, s. f. The arrangement or sending out of trays of food as presents.

ते रही s.f. A trumpet. तीरी's.f. A vegetable.

तीन है. m. Weight, weighing. Tol all s. m. A tola, a weight of gold or silver; it is stated in books at 16 mashas of 5 rattis or 6½ grains each, and weighs therefore 105 grains troy; in practice it is calculated at 12 mashas jeweler's weight, and weighs nearly double, or 210 grains. ति इ m. Pleasure, joy, happiness.

an adv. Then, that time, in that case, moreover, that also, for, yes, well. Toa bhi, adv. Even then; still, yet, nevertheless. Tow low, or, Tow lag, adv. Then in that ease, till, then, so long.

तौ adv. So, in that manner, then.

त । सना u. a. To be affected or overcome with heat.

तीन pson. correl. That.

होन s. m. Weight, weighing, Tool tol, Weighing and measuring.

होनना v, a. To weigh, to balance; to confront (as two armies). Tealna nasuren men. To estimate the worth of any one.

कीवनमें } s. f. The price for weighing.

बोकाना v. a. To comes to be weighed.

भौजिया s. m. } A vessel used by Hin-तीवी s. f. } dus. alst adv. Then, even, still, in that case only, at that very time.

तोड़ ade. Still, them, even, nevertheless.

चक्क adj. Left, resigned, abandoned, deserted.

विज्ञा v. s. To quit, to abandon, to leave, or resign.

लाव s. m. Abdication; leaving, abandening, renouncing, parting from, seperation, deserting.

बावना v. s. To leave, to abandon, to desert, to forsake, to quit, to abdicate, resign.

चानिन s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons terrestrial objects thoughts, passions, &c.

abandoning. s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons, terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c.

wrote adj. Fit to be left, forsalien or avoided.

all odv. So in like manner, as; at the same time, then.

बॉक्स बतेर्. Dimesighted, pushlind

my m.f. The city of Harischandra suspended, it is supposed in the sir.

wit s. f. An unchaste woman (a shame to her family ).

नपारचा s.f. A. whoreta harlota

and only. Three,

atl s.f. The three Veds collectively, that is, comitting the Utherway, which not being a text-book for the customary religious rites of the Hisdury is commonly rather as an appendix to the other

three, than a fourth work of equal authority; a plant (Conysa serratula).

स्पोधचं s. m. Duty enjoined by the Veds, modes of sacrifice, &c., prescribed by them.

बबीदकी s. f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

au adj. Timid, fearful.

and s. m. Safety; preserving, protection; deliverance, salvation; a coat of mail. Tran karns, To free, to protect. Tran karts, s. m. A saviour, a deliverer.

बाबा s. m. A saviour, a deliverer. बाबनाच a ij. A preserver, preserving. बाब s. m. Fear, alarm, terror.

बास्टायी adj. Terrifying, fear-exciting.

बामा } dj. Afraid.

লাভ interj. Mercy! save! Trah!

Trah karna, To complain, to
repent of sin, to cry, for mercy.

ance or mercy, cry out for mercy. fa ddy. Three.

fines. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia).

in the aggregate of three spices, viz. black and long pepper, and dry ginger.

विश्वच्या s. m. A short of fish (Silurus) ; a plant (Ruella longifolia).

faur s. f. A triangular frame or bar across the mouth of a well, over which passes the rope of the bucket, or to which one end of it is tied to guard against its slipping; a frame at the bottom of a well. on which the mesonry rests.

factures. m. A name of Buddh, founder of the Buddhs sect. adj. Omniscient; who knows or is acquainted with the past, present and future. a name of Buddh. adj. Omniscient.

The name of a mountain in the peninsula; any mountain with three peaks; sea-salt prepared by evaporation.

विकोष s. m. The vulva ; a triangle, विवष s. m. The aggregate of three hu-

man objects, or virtue, wealth, and love.

हिन्दी s. m. A country, in the northwest division of India, or m. pl. Trigarta, its inhabitants: apparently part of Lahore, said by Mr. Wilford, to be the modern Tahora, but differently described in the various Cosh.

निवर्ता s. f. A lascivious woman, s wanton.

possessing the three gunas or properties; the aggregate of the three qualities incident to human nature.

विष s. m. Grass, meadow grass.

faunt s.f. The state or abstract property of grass.

िक्यानिकेत . m. A portion of the Yajur Ved; A follower of that branch of the Ved.

manufactures three long bamboo stavesin his right hand; the religious man who has obtained a command over his words, thoughts and actions, or, mind, body and speech.

নিহলা s. f. A creeping plant ( Ciscus pedate ).

fagm s. m. A god, a deity, an immortal; from enjoying perpetual youth, or being subject, as well as mortals, to the three conditions, of birth, being, and destruction.

विद्याचार s. m. Amrit or Ambrosia, .,

जिहीब s. m. Disorder of the three humours of the body, vitiation of the bile, blood, and phlegm.

নিবাৰ s. m. The forehead marked naturally with three horizontal lines. faus s. m. A place where three roads meet.

faue s. m. A tripod.

विषदी s.f. A creeper ( Cissus pedato ); the girth of an elephant.

demon of fever as described in the Puráns, with three feet, and three heads, alluding probably to it; three stages of cold, hot, and sweating.

marks made across the forehead with cow-dung ashes; they are worn especially by the followers of Shin, or Sakti, and are indispensible in proceeding to worship the former.

fay: s. f. A district of Bengal, the modern Tiperah.

बिपीलिया s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

faure s. m. A medicine composed of the three myrobalans.

rivers; especially that of the Ganges, Januard, and supposed Saraswati, under ground at Allahabad, which city, is also so named.

farms adj. Standing awry or bending (properly with legs, loins, and neck bent).

লিমনী adj. Having the position described under midhanga. s. f. A species of poetical measure.

heaven, earth, and hell; the universe. Tribhussant-njagar, adj. Splendour of three worlds.

from s. m. A portion of the Rig Ved; a follower or student of the Trimedhu section of the Rig Ved.

विमानी s. f. The meeting of three roads. विमुद्ध s. m. A mountain with three peaks.

ৰিমুদ্ধানী adj. Having three mouths, a meeting of three waters, roads.

form of Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiv, or the Hindu triad; one possessing three forms or modes of being. s.f. Trinity.

faule s. m. A medicinal plant (Mollugo pentaphylla).

faur s. f. A woman, maid, female. wife.

Tiriya-charitra, s. m. Female wiles.

Tiriyabed, s. m. The science of woman, knowledge of woman. Tiriya-raj, s. m. Amazon country, petticoat government.

चियामक s. m. Sin. as the impeder of the three objects of life. [river. चियामा s. f. The Yamuna or Jamas चिराच s. m. Three nights collectively, or the duration of three nights. [चिरोक s. m. The three worlds, i. s. heaven, earth, and the regions under the earth; the universe.

worlds, or, heaven, earth, and hell collectively. Trilohinath, s. m. Lord of the universe.

purents; as, love, duty, and wealth; three conditions of a king or state, prosperity, evenness and decay; or loss, gain, equality; the three qualities of acture, purity, blindness, and deprevity.

[folio]

[folio]

[vivi s. f. A name of the Ganges;

the name is especially applied to the river at Allahabad, where it receives Jamuná and is supposed to receive under ground the Saraswati.

विद्यात पर्वी s. f. A. potherb (Hilancha repens).

বিষয়

fauta s. m. A sanctified teacher of the Jym sect; the refuge or asyulum of the three worlds.

from s. m. A trident, a three pointed spike or speed, especially the crest of Shiv.

free s. f. A nort of metro, the stanser consisting of three lines of various lengths. [terangle,

বিষয়া s. m. A kill with three peaks; বিষয়া s. m. A kind of fish (Oyprinus denticulatus).

चित्रस्या adj. The three periods of the day, er, dawn, soon, and eve.

विज्ञान e. m. A portion of the Rig and Yojur Veds.

TE S. f. Loss, destruction.

the Hinkles, said to consist of 1,296,000 years; the silver age.

nge s. m. The modern city of Tipperah in Bengal.

Veds, or one who possesses three sciences.

নীবনী s.f. A Rágini, or one of the female personifications of music.

चोडी s. f. The beak or bill of a Lird; a kind of pike ( Esor scolopax ).

लब s.f. The lark of the bamboo; bark in general.

लवाक्र s. m. A sore or wound.

सम्बोदा s. f. The manna of the tamboo. सम्ब s. f. Skin; bark; rind; woody cassia. लदा s. f. Haste, speed.

Quickly, swiftly. adj. Quick, swift, expeditious.

घ

The seventeenth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and second of the dental class, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by th.

at s.f. A heap of clothes, &c.

थंब s.m. A pillar, a post.

संभना v. n. To cease, to be restrained, to stop, to be supported.

যক } s. m. Clot, lump (congealed).

Thakke ke thakke, adj. Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

ward adj. Very wet, drenched.

चन्ता v. n. To be wearied or fatigued, to tire, to fag.

wan adj. Tired, weary.

चनाना v. a. To tire, harass, weary, fag, fatigue, fade.

বৰিন adj. Wearied, stopped, motionless, astonished.

Thakks ke thakke, adj. Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

with a large udder, or having an udder.

यनी s. f. A blemish in horses.

यनेजा s.m. Inflamed breast (of a woman); name of an animal.

घनेष्ररी s.m. A Brahman or Thaneshwar, a famous Hindu shrine in Kurukshetra, near Kornaal.

चपच s. m. A pat, a tap.

squi s. m. A box, slap, claw, cuff.

pri bajans, To clap the hands. Thepri marna, To hoot.

चपेड़ा s.m. A slap, a box, a clout, buffet; scalp.

चपड़ s. m. A box, a slap, claw, cuff.

सम् s. m. A piller, a post.

सम्हा adj. Thick, corpulent.

খন্দা

v. s. To cease, to be restrained, to stop; to be supported.

■ s. m. A lion or tiger's den.

चर्चर adj. Trembling.

बरबराना v. n. To tremble, quiver, shiver, shake, quake, vibrate.

अरबराष्ट है s.f. Tremour, shaking, trem-चरवरी bling, quivering, shivering, vibration.

बरहरना बरहराना कर्मना

we s. m. Place, firm, or dry ground; a lion's or tiger's den.

वस्त्रा v. n. To palpitate, to flutter.

**THE adj.** Moving on land, terrestrial (an animal).

वस्य करना । v. n. To undulate, to वस्यवाना । fluctuate as a thick or glutinous fluid, to shake as the flabby flesh of a fat man.

चन्द्रेष्ट्र s. m. Place of abode, and means of attaining one's desires.

चित्रा s. f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish, generally of brass.

सबर्द s. m. A mason, a brick-layer, an an architect.

बा v. n. past tense. Was.

चांग s. f. A den of thieves.

चानी s.m. A receiver of stolen goods.

wiw s. m. A post, a piller, a support, prop, an obstacle.

when v. a. To support, to prop; to shield, protect, keep, retain, main-

tain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (a horse), to bear, assist, resist.

बांबबा s. m. A mound or bason of earth about the root of a tree.

चावना v. s. To fatigue, to be tired.

वाती ) s. f. A trust, what is given वाबी ) in charge, a charge.

जान s. m. A piece of cloth; a stall for cattle, a manger, a piece ( of coin ), as Ek than askruft, One gold mohur.
Tinon than, The private parts of a male.

side of the lines of an army; a heap of bamboos.

कानी s. m. Householder, master of the house. s. f. A den of thieves.

चाप s. f. A tap, a pat, a flap, paw; the sound of small drum.

condung); to tap. s.f. A religious ceremony performed at a certain season, at Agra and its vicinity.

will s. m. A mark of the paw.

भागे s. f. The noise of tapping; the instrument with which potters beat their earth, or with which terracest are beaten.

भाग s. m. A post, a pillar, prop, support; an obstacle.

with v. a. To support, to prop; to shield, protect, keep, retain, maintain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (shorse); to bear, assist, resist.

बार } s. m. A large flat dish.

tree for holding water: the excavation in which a tree is to be planted; a large flat dish. dish; a mount or basin about the root of a tree for holding water.

बाह s. f. Bottom, ford.

বাছী s. f. Fordableness.

বিৰ adj. Fixed, stable, settled, tran- quil, calm, smooth.

বিৰক্ষা v. n. To set one's self off well in dancing, to dance with expressive action and gesture.

विरसा s. f. Rest, settlement, tranquility, steadfastness.

विराणा v. m. To settle (as liquor). बोर adj. Tranquil, calm smooth.

ত্ৰৰ ৰাখা o. n. To spit on the mention of any disease, as a preservative against it, or, as a caution against an evil eye.

serit adj. Base, contemptible (fit to be spit upon).

ৰ্কাল v. a. To cause to spit; to cause to repreach.

बुक्टिया adj. Miserly, narrowly.

वस्तारना v. s. To drive away scornfully. वसनी s. f. The mouth of a camel, horse, &c.

बुबाबा . a. To frown, scowl, or pent. बुबाबा . a. To cause to be supported, propped or plastered.

नुबन्ध adj. Gently falling or dropping (as water from a small height).

To break one's promise. Thuk deno, to leave, to give up. Thuk lagakar chhorna, To treat with sovereign contempt. Thuk lagana, To apply spittle (a term of abuse and of most indecent meaning).

चुना v. a. To spit.

...f. A pillar, post, column.

Mouth.

चूचना s. m. The mouth of a camel, चूचनी s. f. horse, &c.

चूनी s.f. A pillar, post, column.

TT s. m. A plant (Euphorbia neriifelia)

did s. m. Merry-making. The i-the-ikarne, To make merry.

वेगली s. f. A patch (in a garment).

विवोचियो s. f. Merry-making.

वैदा s. m. A stone set in a ring.

चेंचा s. m. A purse tied round the चेंचिता s. f. waist; a bag; the scrotum.

share, portion. Thokder, s. m. A wholesale dealer.

siy s. m. The spathe of a plantain tree before it shoots from the stem.

scanty, seldon, some, less. Thora thora, A little by degrees. Thora thora hona, To be ashamed, to shrink with shame. Thora-bahut, adj. More or less. Thore se thora, adj. Very little.

बोबरा adj. Bruised and spoiled (as the head of a mallet); toothless.

बीवला adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull.

out a point. adj. Hollow, empty; toothless. Thothe bat, Word without meaning, nonsense.

at the end of the pole of a paiki, &c.; head, topping.

बोपना v. a. To support, to prop; to plaster; to pile, to heap.

चीपिश्वाना v.n. To trickle.

चीपौ 8-/. Box, thump.

ची इर s. m. A plant (Euphorbia neriifolia).

The third letter of the dantal class and eighteenth consonant in the Nagri alphabet, corresponding to the letter d, uttered with the point of the tongue pressed on the upper foreteeth.

the Deity. s.f. The Godhead. Dailogna, To be unfortunate. Dailmara, adj. Struck by the Deity, accursed.

ty, punishment, castigation by amercement or putting to death; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

इंडात s.f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

दंडी s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis.

दंदनाना v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to have at one's ease.

इंदाइ s. m. A blister, a pimple.

Ex s. m. A gadfly; a tooth; the sting of a snake.

दंवन s. m. Biting, stinging.

दशसूत s. m. A plant (Hyperanthera morunga).

इंदिन adj. Bitten, stung.

हंगी s.f. A small gadfly.

इंबेर adj. Mischievous, noxious.

have been born from the thumb of his right hand, for the purpose of peopling the word. Datsh is said to have had sixty daughters, of whom twenty-seven are represented as the nymphs who form the lunar asterisms, and wives of the moon: one of his daughters also was Sati or Durga, the wife of Shiv, and seventeen were

married to Kasyap, and were the mothers of all created beings. Daksh was on one occasion decapitated by Shiv; he is sometimes regarded as an Avatar of Brahma himself; a muni and legislator who flourished in the beginning of the Treta yug; a scholar; a pundit; a dexterous or clever man. adj. Clever, able, dexterous.

द्वता s. f. Dexterity, cleverness.

Daksh having on one occasion made a sacrifice, to which he invited all the gods, except his son in-law Shie, and his wife San, they went unbid, and being received unpolitaly, the latter threw himself into the fire, and was burnt; a furious quarrel ensued between Shio and Duksh, in which the god decapitated his-father-in-law.

द्विषपूर्वा s. f. The south-east quarter.

upon solemn or sacrificial occasions, a fee, reward; a form or figure of Duryo, in which the right side is said to be advanced; donation to Brakmans personified as a goddess, said to be born from Krishn's right side.

that which is taken from the domestic or conscorated fire, and is placed to the south.

इचिपापस s. m. The Malaya mountain. इचिपासुच adj. Turning the face southwards.

द्विचायण s. m. Southing. Dakshinaysa sunja, The winter soletice, sun's southing, the persod of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.

स्थियोव adj. Meriting or deserving a reward.

द्विचेत्र adv. Southward, southerly.

reward.

द्वी बतुं. Capable, able, well qualified. द्वान s. m. South; the southern part of India.

हमानी adj. Southern (generally, things or persons from the south). Dakhani pudina, Horse-mint. [India. हिला s. m. South; the southern pertof स्थान adj. Eduthern. s. f. Southerly wind.

surja, The winter soletice, san's southing in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.

or persons from the south). Dakhina medina. Horse-mint.

engs. m. A kettle-drum. [mony. engal v.s. To dishelieve a true testiengs s. m. Highway.

anymen a. To propel, to roll.

ENGINEER Shining

दबदबाबा v. n. To glow, gleam, twinkle. दबदबाब्द के f. Splendour, sparkling, twinkling (as of a star)

to chide, threaten, upbraid, revile, pester.

इबसवाना v. a. To tremble.

equipment with a stand of quipment vest worn as armour.

essendi. Burnt, schorched, cansumed by essentiation. A naven, or perhaps the carrier erow.

Two s. m. A kind of chair,

दशा s. m. Wrangling, confusion, mutiny, sedition, rebellion.

दक्त adj. Mutinous, turbulent, mentineer, seditious.

दक् s.m. See दच.

दक्तिगा अ. f. Sen दक्तिय.

दटना v. a. To oppose, confute, fight, दंखनगर. n. To spilt, to be rent or

torn, to crack.

दक्षा si m. Hard, impetuous rain.

दरमुखा adj. Beard-shaven, beardless. दरियच adj. Having long beard.

castigation by amerganent or putting to death, fine, penalty; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

of which exceeds 27 syllables and may extend to 200.

east coast of the peninsula, containing the celebrated forest. Randka-ranyah, in which Ram resided some time.

दखडबा s. f. A sort of drum.

of given capacity, placed in a vessel of water: when filled with water it sinks, marking a certain portion of time.

दश्जीति a. f. Ethics, the system of morals taught by Chanyakyah.

रखनीय acij, Punishable, deserving punishment. [ prinus barbiger १)

द्यान s. m. A small kind of fish (Cy-द्यान e. f. Hindu salutation, bow, cheisance, prostration.

द्यावयो s. f. Single stick; cudgelling, fighting with sticks or staves. द्यायनान adj. Standing effect.

tenced, fined.

इंडिन s. m. A staff or mace-bearer. इसी s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis.

रखा adj. Punishable, deserving punishment.

इतना v. a. To oppose, confute, fight.

इतरण है s. m. A tooth-brush, generally इतीन है of a twig.

or surname of a man of the Vys or third tribe. adj. Given presented, made over, assigned.

evages. m. A son given away by his natural parents to persons engaging to adopt him: one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old *Hindu* law.

इनप्रदानिक s.m. Resumption of a gift, taking back a thing given.

हत्तावान् s. m. A youth or orphan who gives himself to persons disposed to take the place of parents.

इतामपद्मकीन s. m. Non-resumption of gifts.

इति s. f. Gift, donation.

इरबागा . a. To chide, to snub.

হহিষাৰ s. m. Descent (by ancestors), pedigree, ancestors, paternal grandfather's family.

हरीष्ट्रा s. m. A bump (occasioned by the bite of an insect).

इहे s. m. Cutaneous and herpetic eruptions. [pes.

दहरीनिन् adj. Herpetic, diseased by Her-दह s. m. Herpetic eruptions.

effers. m. Sour thick milk, milk curdled or coagulated by heat; or by the addition of buttermilk: it is an article of food of general use and high estimation among the *Hindus*, and is considered medicinally as the remedy or preventative of most disorders. Dadhi-kado, Coagulated milk and clay,

thrown by people at each other in sport, on the festival of Krishna's birth-day.

द्धिपुचित्रा s. f. Λ flower (Clitorea terna(a). [spple.

ব্যাদ্ধ s. m. The elephant or wood হথীৰ s. m. The name of a muni or saint, famous for having devoted himself to death, that the gods might be armed with his bones in lieu of thunderbolts: they being the only effective weapons against the demon Tarak.

द्भावि s. f. A medicinal plant.

दल s. m. A tooth; an elephant's tusk or tooth.

tringent resin (Mimosa catechu); a plant (Mimusops elengi); a tooth-brush, or a fibrens stick used for cleaning the teeth.

minum pubercens); the petals, or leaves of the flower, resembling teeth in colour and shape; this comparison is frequent among the poets.

दनापीर s. f. The tooth-ache.

which is compared to a tooth (Stryck-nes potatorum).

दमस्य s. m. The tartar of the teeth. दमसंघ s. m. The gams.

common lime (Citrus acida); a plant bearing an acid fruit (Averrhee carambola):

दनामडा s. f. Wood sortel (Oxalis monodelpha).

হৰ্মমাৰ s. m. A dentifries, composed chiefly of the powdered fruit of the Chebulic myrobalan and green sulphate of iron.

द्वाह्य s. m. The tooth-ache.

दन्तावजी s. f. A harrow or rake.

इपाञ्ड इ. m. A disease of the teeth or gums; gam boil, ulceration of the gums. [tusked.

इसी s. m. An elephant. adj. Toothed, इसीवीज s. m. A strong purgative nut, the fruit of the croton.

हनेत } edj. Having large or prominent tusks, tusked (an elephant, bear, &c.)

হলা adj. Dental, of or belonging to the teeth (as a class of letters in the Nagari alphabet).

इन्द s. Enmity.

e्यनाना v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to live at one's ease.

বৰাৰ s. m. A blister, a pimple.

Al s. m. Membrum virile,

इपड s. m. Course, gallop.

इपटना v. n. To gallop, to rush; to rebuke, to reprimand.

इपटाना v. a. To gallop.

द्वहपाना v. a. To shine.

स्पदपास्ट s. f. Shining, splendour.

wed, to lie in ambush, to lurk, to set (a dog), to twinkle. Dubak and or,—jana or—ruhna, v. n. To sneak, to skulk, Dabak bylkna, v. n. To crouch.

दववर s. f. A trap.

स्वकाना v. a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, awe, daunt; to conceal, hide.

द्वती s. f. Ambush, crouching. Dabki narna, To lie in ambush.

दनकीचा है adj. Skulking, skulker.

adj. Ill-bred, brutish, barbarous, dolt, foolish, lout. to shrink, to be snubbed, to crouch, to shrink, to be pressed down, be mowed down, give away, to be awed, to be concealed. Dab chalna, or—nikalna, To be awed, be overpowered. Dab jana, To retire, to withdraw, to be mortified, to be suppressed. Dab marua, To be crushed to death. Dabana, v. n. To advance. Dabe paon, With silent steps, softly, gently.

Tar s. m. Ambush. Duba marna, To lie in wait.

द्वाक An oppressor.

chide, keep under, to check, curb, restrain, repress, awe, depress, bow down, suppress. Dsbae dains, To keep concealed, to hide (generally fartively). Dabd marna, To overcome, to get the better of; to crush to death. Dabd lena, To encroach upon.

pressure, crush, suppression, depression, resignation, submissiveness.

Dabao manna, v. s. To stand in awe. [paddle.

दवीचा s. m. Name of a medicine; a इवेपोन adv. With silent steps, softly, gently. [dominion.

द्वेज s. m. A subject, a person under स्वीचना v. a. To conceal, to hide ( generally furticely ).

इंबीस s. m. A flint.

द्वीसना v. a. To tope, to tipple.

Taming, subduing; selfcommand, endurance of the most painful austerities; self restraint, subduing the senses, suppressing the appetites, passions, &c.

হৰৰ s. m. A tamer, a subduer ( of the passions, appetites, &c. ) s. f. Ardour, glitter.

€6—**३**€

इनकम v. n. To shine, to glow.

हमका s. m. A squirt, a fire-engine; a jack or crane ( for raising weights ).

दमघोष s. m. A certain king of the lunar race.

· इमका s. m. Gold, silver, riches.

or pice. Damri ke tin tin hona, To be ruined, demolished.

इमदमाना v. n. To shake ( es the branch of a tree).

হনৰ s. m. A hero; a kind of flower (Artemisia); taming, subduing.

द्यना v. n. To glitter, to flash; to bend with elasticity, to spring.

दमान v. s. To bend ( with elasticity ). दमामा s. m. A large kettledrum.

इसयनी The heroine of a tale in the

Mahabharat.
The eighth part of a pysa.

दमा Powerful, terrible, fierce. इमाद Son-in-law.

हम्पति } m. du. Husband and wife.

स्य adj. Arrogance, pride, boast; hy-

হয়া adj. Hypocritical, proud. s. m. A. hypocrite, as imposter.

इस adj. Subjected or tamed. s. m. A steer, a young bullock.

sympathy, compassion, mercy, clemency; kindness, favor.

दशासर s. f. adj. Kind, shewing compassion.

स्याज्ञत adj. Compassionate.

दयामान adj. Charitable, merciful, kind. दयायुक्त } adj. Kind, compassionate, दबायुक्त } benevolent, friendly.

द्याल | adj. Tender, compassionate, द्याल | merciful, gracious, liberal, generous, beneficent, kind. द्याजुल s. m. Tenderness, compassionateness.

दयावत दयावन दयावन दयावन table, kind.

दयात्रील adj. Kind, compassionate; affectionate.

देयासागर } s. m. Great love.

स्यौ pret. Gave ; given.

दियत adj. Beloved, dear, desired.

दिवता s. f. A wife. [wife. दिवताधीन adj. Hen-pecked, subject to s

दर s. m. Price. दरक्षना v. n. To split, rend, be torn, to crack.

इरका s. m. Crack, crevice, cranny.

दरकाना v. a. To cause to crack or split. दरदर s. m. Cinnabar.

दरदश adj. Half-pounded, coarsely ground.

हाइ। s. f. A country bordering on Cashmir, the mountains about Cashmir and above Peshawar. s. m. A tribe of barbarians.

दर्बद्धरा 8, m. An intoxicating spirit drawn from rice.

दरमा s. m. A kind of mat.

दरस s. m. See दर्भ dursh.

द्रसन Looking, view.

दर्बी One who comes to see or visit.

হংগী s.f. A fish, a sort of carp (Cyprinus.).

दरा है s.f. A natural or artificial ex-दरी cavation in a mountain, a cave, a cavern, a grotto, &c.; a valley.

दरांती s. f. A sickle.

ETIT s. m. A fissure, rift, rent, breach.

दरित्र adj. Poor, needy, indigent, distressed, wretched.

दर्भिता s.f. Porerty, indigence, wretch-

इरिडी adj. Poor, wretched, indigent. दरीवा s. m. A stall (in a market) where betel is sold.

इरेन s. m. A sigh, sorrow.

दर्दर s. m. Frog.

दड़<sup>6</sup> s. m. Cutaneous eruption, Herpes. दहोरोगी odj. Herpetick, afflicted with Herpes.

हर्ष s. m. Pride, arrogance, boasting. हर्ष s. m. A mirror, looking-glass.

दर्व s. m. Wealth, property; substance, matter, a thing.

दर्भ s. m. Kuss or sacrificial grass (Pos cynosuroides); a kind of reed (Succharum spontaneum); another species (S. cylindricum).

दर्शना v. n. To go straight and quickly, without fear or delay. adj. Straight forwards.

दवे s. m. Substance, thing, wealth. दर्भी s.f. A ladle or spoon.

दर्भ s. m. Sight, seeing; the junction of sun and moon, or day of new moon when it rises invisable.

द्रश्रें adj. Who or what shews, displays, explains, makes clear, &c. s.m. An exhibiter, one who points out or shews any thing.

दर्भन s. m. Sight, seeing, looking; aspect, appearance; interview; a shashtr, one of six religious or philosophical systems, the Patanjal, Sankhyah, Vyseseshikah, Nyayah, Mimansa, and Vedant; visiting any sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of any image.

दर्भनभारी adj. Beautiful, handsome. दर्भनभाराम् s. m. A surety for appearance. दर्भनी adj. Payable at sight (a bill of exchange). s. f. A ball of exchange Payable at sight; offering, present. adj. Handsome, sightly. Darskamijswan, A beautiful youth.

इन्नेनीय adj. Beautiful, handsome, sgreea'le, visible to be seen.

दमेनीयमानी adj. Vain, conceited, thinking one-self handsome:

दर्भाया Shewn; seen.

दर्भाग To show.

दक्षित adj. Visible, apparent; skown, displayed; explained, seen.

army; a heap or quantity; wild rice.

Daldar, adj. Fleshy, thick. Dalwal,
Commander of an army.

दलक s. f. Glitter.

दलकना v. m. To glitter.

दलकपाट s. m. A folded petal of leaf.

दलकी घ s. m. A sort of jasmine ( Jasminum pubescens ). [bog.

दश्वदल s.m. A quagmire, a slough, a इश्वदला adj. Quaggy, boggy.

इबद्दाना s. m. To shake, to undulate.

द्वद्वाइट s.f. Tremour.

दलदली adj. Swampy.

इन्द्रहर्य adj. Broken-hearted, cut to the heart, &c.

द्वन s. m. Breaking to pieces, dividing, tearing asunder, splitting.

হৰনা v. a. To grind coarsely, to split pulse.

दश्चित्रशींक s. m. The Bhojpatr tree, the i bark of which is used for wrapping woollens in, and for hukah snakes, &c.

दलप्यो s.f. A fragrant plant ( Pandanus odoratissimus ).

दणबादण s. m. A mass of clouds; a large army; a large tent.

दशस्य करना v. a. To thrash, crumple, rample, ruffle.

ground corn).

दक्षवेद्या s. m. One who grinds corn ). इससूचा s.f. The fibre or vein of a leaf. दक्षहारन है s.f. A woman whose busi-दक्षहारी है pess is to deal in grain.

दबचारा s. m. One whose business is to sell grain.

spontaneously; an acquatic plant (Pistic stratioites); a plant commonly called Nagesar (Mesua ferrea); a tree (Mimosa sirisha); a sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

হলাগা n. a. To cause to be coarsely grounded.

दनामन s. m. A tree (Vongueria spinosa). दनाच s. m. Broker.

दलाजी Brokerage.

ৰণিত্ৰ s. m. } Wretchedness, poverty, বিভিন্নৰ s. f. } indigence.

दलिको odj. Poor, wretched, indigent, needy, unfortunate.

दिखिया s. m. Half-ground or coarsely pounded grain, plit pulse.

दिलिहन s. f. Any sort of pulse which may be split, as dal.

दली s. f. A clod of clay or mould. दलेंती s. f. A handmill.

दखेगिन s. m. A plant (Echites scholaris) दब s. m. A forest conflagration.

दवाई s. f. Medicine.

दवाधि s. m. A wood on fire or the conflagration of a forest.

दंशनख A forest conflagration.

gions, sides or quarters (of the world).

Dasan dwar, The ten passages for the faculties, viz, the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head. It seems, however, that properly there are only nine, the last not be-

ing acknowledged in any Sanskris works of authority which have been consulted.

इम्बन्ध इम्बन्ध म्बन्धर

द्यवानजञ्चसन s. m. The aggregate of ten vices proceeding from the quality of desire, viz. hunting, gambling, sleeping during the day, abusiveness, lechery, drunkenness, dancing, playing and hypocrisy.

दश्रुष adj Ten times, tenfold.

दश्याम s. m. A district or collection of ten villages.

दश्य s. m. A tooth.

rotundus); a district part of Maloos in Bundelkhand.

इसम adj. Tenth. [lands. इसमाज s. m. A collection of ten gar-

दशमी s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight; the tenth or last stage of human life, the last ten years of a century. alj. Very old or aged.

दशस्य s. m. A tonic medicament prepared from the roots of ten plants.

दश्राच s. m. A proper name, a severeign of Ajodhyá or Oude, and father of Ram.

द्यज्ञच s. m. Ten marks or attributes.

दश्यीस दशम्भ } इ. m. "Ravan." दशानम

दशसन odj. A thousand.

envers. m. The tenth of Jetha, shuklapaksha, which is reckoned the birthday of Gangá: whoever bathes in the Gangá on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins The tenth of Asin, shukla-paksha, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (navaratri), they throw the images of Devi into the river. On this day, it is said, Ram marched against Rávan, for which reason it is called Viya dosami: the day is celebrated with great pomply Hindu princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended the campaign is then opened.

ৰেষা s. f. A state, condition, period or time of life, as youth, manhood, old age, con,; circumstances.

हमाम s. m. Tenth part. [ drum ). दशानिक s. m. A plant ( Creton polyan-दशापन s. m. Result of circumstances, or of condition of life.

दशार्च s. m. A country, part of central Hindustan, lying on the S. E. of Vindhya mountains.

enter s. f. A river rising in the Vind'hys hills, the Desarene of the ancients.

India, the kingdom of Yadu. m. pl
The Yadava or people of Dasharha.

deity of whom there are said to have been ten descents from heaven, for the purpose of protecting or punishing mankind.

दमानिशेष s. m. Existing circumstances, peculiar condition.

ৰম s. f. Thread; the unwove threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

दबीजा adj. In good circumstances.

and action, viz. the skin, eye, tongue, abse, ear, organ of speech, hand, foot, anus, and pudendum.

ten regions, sides or quarters (of the world). Dusan dwsr, m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz., the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head.

दशन s. m. A tooth.

इनम } odj. Tenth.

दसमी s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight.

दसप्रा s. m. The tenth of Jeth, shukl ssuksha, supposed to be the birth day of Ganga: whoever bathes in the Gangá on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins. The tenth of Asin, shukla-paksha, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (navardtri), they throw the images of Devi into the river. On this day Ram is supposed to have marched against Ravan, for which reason it is called Vijud dosomi: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hin hu princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended, the campaign is then opened

at the end of a piece of cloth.

रवीचा adj. In good eircumstances.

दशोका s. m. Moulting ( of birds ). Dssokha jharna, To moult.

दसोदिसा f. pl. The ten regions, sides, or quarters (of the world).

actions of the faculties; viz. the eye, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head.

हर्से। है s. m. A panegyrist.

इसा s. m. Zinc, tutenag, Lapis calaminaris.

pressor, a violator, a committer of injustice, &c.

दख्डित s. f. Theft, dishonest mode of subsistence.

water, an abyss. Kanwal-daha, A place abounding in water-lilies.

दश्च s. f. Ardour.

दशक्ता v. n. To burn, to be burnt, to be ruined, lost, destroyed; to regret.

रफाना v. a. To burn, to kindle; to ruin, destroy, lose; to cause to regret; to heat (iron &c.).

दरण्दर ज्ञाना v. n. To lurn with great fury.

दस्त adj. Scorching, burning.

বছৰ s m. Burning, combustion; fire, or the deity Agni; the marking-nut plant; lead-wort (Plumbago zeylanics, &c.).

हरना adj. Right, the opposite of left. दहिनावसे s.m. Circling towards the right in worshipping.

दइनीय adj. To be or what may be burnt, combustible.

इडनोपल s. m. The sun-gem, a crystal lent. [ fear.

दश्यना v. s. To shake, to tremble, to दश्याना v. s. To agitate.

द्षसेरा s. m. A weight of ten seers.

part; the decimal places of figures in arithmetic, the tens.

दशादना v. n. To roar ( as a tiger ). दशाना v. a. To burn.

.दिक्ति part. pass. Burnt.

दिना बर्जु. Right, the opposite of left.

milk. Dahiwala, s. m. A seller of sour milk.

दहेंबर s.m. A vessel for carrying sour milk in ( particularly at festivals ).

হণ্ডিল ১ s. m. A dowry, portion, every thing a wife takes with her husband.

दहेड़ } s. m. A bird ( Coracias ).

दहें इ.f. A vessel in which sour milk is kept.

हाइके } s. m. Giving, an honor, a giver.

ko sompna, To put out to nurse. Dai khilai, A dry nurse. Dai janai, s. f. A midwife. Dai pilai, s. f. A wet nurse.

दाज s. m. An appellation of a father or of an elder brother. .

হাজাই s.f. A shrub that bears a flower like chamomile (Chrysanthemun indicum); a kind of firework like that shrub; a kind of armour. adj. Relating to David, of David.

दाएजा s. m. Dowry dower.

दांपनीए adv. On the right and left.

sion, injustice, injury.

elडामेंडा s. m. The frontier or boundary between the lands of two proprietors. हाडी s. f. A balance.

To bite the finger, is a term expressive of being surprised. Dant kachkachna, To grin, to shew the teeth. Dant katkatana, v. a. To gnash the teeth. Dant kati roti khana, To be the most intimate friend or any one. Dant ka dard, The tooth-ache. Dant khatte karna, To dishearten, to dishearten, to dis-

please. Dant tale ungli dabana, or, katna, To stand in amaze, to be amazed, to wonder, Dant nikalna, To laugh, to grin; to express or confess inability and helplessness. Dant per charhana. To detract from the virtues or praise of another. Dant pisno. To gnash the teeth, to grin. Dant bujna, or,-bajna, v. n. To chatter the teeth, squabble, wrangle, chattering of the teeth, squabbling, wrangling, sparring. Dant rakhna, or,-hona kisi-par, To desire any thing exceedingly; to hate. Dant lagna, s. m. Trismus or locked-jaw. Dant lana, or,-nikalna, To teeth, grow (as teeth). Danton zamin pakarni (lit. to bite the ground), To be reduced to extremities, to suffer great pain. Danton marna, To' gnash the teeth ( with anger ).

हांतन s. m. A tooth-brush made from the branch of a tree. [grin. हांतपी सना v. n. To gnash the teeth, to हांता कि बाक्स s. f. Quarrel.

tian s.f. The tooth of a saw or other instrument, cog (of a wheel). Danti dena, To insist upon. Danti parna, v. n. To be notched or indented (the edge of a tool). Danti lagna, To have a locked jaw.

time, turn, opportunity, vicissitude; twisting of one another in wrestling.

Daon chalns, To have the advantage of. Daon chalans, To take advantage of. Doon pakarns, To wrestle.

Daon bythns, To lie in ambush, to luck.

হাৰাৰ s. m. Burning, stubble, &c. দ্বাৰ s. m. A donor, one who makes presents, especially to Brahmans; a sacrificer, one who pays all the expenses of ceremony, and employs the officiating pricets.

दाई विवाद s. f. A dry nurse.

चार्वावचो f. pl. The twenty-seven lunar mansions, considered mythologically as the daughters of Daksh, and wives of the moon. s.f. The nymph and asterism Rohini; a plant (Croton polyandrum).

বাৰিকৰা s. f. A place in the north of India, in the country of Vahlik or Balkh.

दाचिक्रयीय adj. Produced or born, &c. in Dakshikantha.

हाचा s. Cleverness, dexterity, ability. हाख s.f. A raisin grape.

trix, blemish, freckle, speck, a mark by burning with a hot iron, brand, stigma, cautery. Dag charhana, or, lagana, To vilify, to defame. Dag dena, To mark by burning with a hot iron, to cauterize, brand, scar; to blemish. Dagdar, a.j. Scarred, cauterized, spotted marked. Dag lagna, To be damaged, to get a bad name. Dag lana, To vilify. Dag hona, To be cauterized or scarred.

हानना v. a. To canterize, to mark by burning with a hot iron; to fire ( s gan, &c. ).

マママ s. m. A tooth, a tusk.

हाडिन } s.m. The pomegrante tree, इंडिन or its fruit, (Punics granatum).

हाड्निप्यम s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonia rohitaka).

दाष्ट्रिमिय s. m. The parrot, as being fond of the pomegrante.

दाक्रामेड़ी s. f. The frontier or boundary between the taws of two proprietors. हाद : f. A jaw-tooth, or grinder. हादा 8. f. A large tooth, a tusk.

हादिका है s. f. The beard. Darhi ba-हादी किताब, or,—mundhaa, v. a. To have.

दात s. m. Bountifulness.

इतन s.f. A tooth-I rush made of the branch of a tree.

हातज्ञ adj. To be given, what may or ought to be given.

Trat Liberal, generous. subst. Giver, benefactor, donor.

stowing. a giver, giving, be-

हात s. m. A sort of sickle, large knife इन्द्र s. m. A ringworm, Herpes.

दादन s. m. } Advances (of money).

हाइपनी s. m. A follower of Dadoo.

हाइमहेन s. m. A plant used to cure the ringworm ( Cassia slate).

हाइरा 8. m. A kind of song.

हाइ। s. m. Paternal grandfather; elder brother.

हाइरे a.f. Paternal grandmother. इत्दर s. m. A frog.

prop. A Hindu founder of a sect, born in the state of Jypur. Dadupanthi, A followor of Dadu.

दाधना v. n. To burn.

gift, donation; a present, a special gift; alms, charity; anything demanded by law or custom, as toll, &c.; the fluid that flows from the temples of an elephant in rut. Danpatter, s. m. A deed of conveyance or gift. Dan-pun, s. m. Charity, alms. gifts s. m. Almsgiving, charity; the rules for making donations.

दानपति s. m. A liberal or munificent man.

हारापण s.m. A deed of conveyance or gift. [nation.

दानयोश्व adj. Fit for or meriting a do-दानद s.m. A demon, a Titan or giant. दानशेख adj. Liberal, munificent.

हाना s. m. Gfain in general, a grain, berry, seed, corn, speck, pimple,

दानापानी s. m. Food, victuals.

दानी s. m. Beneficent, liberal.

दानी odj. Munificent, literal, bountiful, charitable, giving.

हानीय adj. Worthy of having any thing given, or worthy or fit to le given.

to snub; to squeeze. Dab rakhs, To conceal, to steal and conceal; to press (particularly with the thighs), to retain by pressure, to gripe (so money). Dab lena, To outgrow.

हाबाबल s. m. Fire in a forest.

हान s. m. Price, the twenty-fourth part of pysa or pice. s. f. A string, s cord, a thread or rope.

हामनी adj. Relating to the artemisis flower. s. f: A string, a rope, especially for tying cattle.

हामिक्स s. m. A county, the modern district of Tamluk.

हामा s. m. A rope, a string, a cord.

हामासाइ n. prop. A merchant, who dying insolvent, his effects were divided among his creditors in proportion to their claims.

हाबादा डो. f. Proportioning, equal assessment, dividend (of a bankrupt's property).

इतिनी s.f. Lighting.

हानी s. m. An assessment. Dami lagana, To assess.

हानीहर s. m. A name of Krishaa: Yosodhe his foster mother having in vain, passed the folds of a rope round his confinement.

कानिक adj. Hypecritical. s. m. A hypecrite; a kind crane ( Ardes nives). হাৰ a.m. Inheritance; a naptial present

रावच adj. Liberal, giving, a donor.

हायका e. m. A dowry, portion, nuptial present.

इत्यमाच s. m. Partition of heritage, apportioning inheritance. &c.

इ।यविभाव s. m. Portioning or portion of inheritance, division of property. amongst different heirs.

दाया s. m. Demand, claim, plant.

हायाइ s. m. A son ; a kinsman, near of remote ; an heir.

इ।याइन s. m. An heir, a kinsman.

इायाही s. f. A daughter, an heiress.

कायापनचेन s. m. Privation, forfeiture or property.

हाबिव edi. Condemned. sentenced: awarded, adjudged,

s.f. A wife, इरा ∫

हारचीनी अ. f. Cinnamon.

The clearing nut plant (Strychnos potatorum).

TITE s. m. A sort of poison brought from the country named Darad,

कारामीन वर्तु. Dependant upon a wife, subject, to her.

हारिका s.f. A daughter.

हारिकाहान s.m. Giving a daughter in marriage.

टारिङ l 8. m. Poverty, indigence, इगरेका 💲 wretchedness.

बारिडी adj. Poor, indigent, needy, wretched, unfortunate.

हारी s.f. A female slave taken in war. ₹1₹ s. m. Wood, timber; a sort of pine (Pinus devudaroo).

body, whilst a child, to keep him in | राज्य adj. Made of wood, wooden, &c. TITE adj. Horrible, anstere, terrific, frightful, fearful; dreadful, shocking. s. m. Horror, horribleness; Wort ( Plumbago zeylanica ),

दावनारि A female doll. दाववीचित 🕻

हार्चनिया s. f. A plant (Curcuma zsnthorrizon). [wooden.

हादनय *adj*. Made of wood; weedy, हावस्त्री s. f. A doll.

TITE THE S. S. A. Kind of Carcuma C. zanthorrhizon).

E(C s. f. Spirituous liquor; gun-pow-

**इंडिड़ा** ड. m. रे Wine, spiritaous liquor. ष्टाव**ष्टी** ८. त. 🕻

हाटा s. m. Hardness, fixedness, stablity.

हार्विका है ...f. A sort of collyrium हार्ची from an infusion of the Curcuma zentherrhizon; a sort of potherb.

ere s.f. Pulse, vetches: s.m. A sort of grain ( Pospalum frumentaceum). Dal galni kisi ke v. n. To have an advantage, to avail.

हाबा s.f. Colocynth.

दालान s. f. A hall, दाजिइ s. m. Poverty, indigence,

हास्त्रिको odj. Poor, indigent.

दालिम s. m. The pomegranate.

₹14 s. m. A bill or kind of hatchet with a hooked point; vicissitude, turn, opportunity, stake, wager, a stroke at any game; a bet, &c.: a forest, a forest on fire, Dao bandhna, or,-badna, To bet, to wager.

हाबता v. a. To thrash, to tread.

दावन s. m. Destruction; protection.

दावना v. To thresh, tread.

हादा s. m. Claim, plaint; demand. .

s. m. The huband of a nurse. हावा 🕻

*37—₹*●

হাৰাখি ১. m. The conflagration of a grand forest, kindled by a tempest or some other cause.

THE S. m. A servant.

हाजपुर s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

हाबेरक s. m. Malwa, ( the province).

or man of the fourth tribe; a Sudraffix or appellation.

दासन s. m. Bed.

हासल s.m. Slavery, servitude.

इत्तरावी s. f. The female slave of a slave; male and female slaves.

FIGURE 8. m. A fragrant grass (Cype-rus rotundus).

out from a wall to support the thatch or chhappar; a reaping hook.

हाना s. f. A maid-servant.

हासीपुत s. m. The son of a slave girl.

हास s. m.  $\Rightarrow$  Slavery, servitude.

flagration, ardour, inflammation; morbid heat; actual or potential cautery. Dah dena, To light the funeral pile. Dah rakhna, To grudgo.

THE adj. Burning, inflammatory; cauterising, caustic. s. m. A plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

₹1₹₹ s. m. Inflammatory fever.

canterising. (left).

हासना v. a. To burn. adj. Right (not हासना s. m. A place where dead bodies are burnt.

grass (Andropogon muricatum). this root being woven into screens, and kept wet, for the purpose of excluding to tempering the hot winds.

हाड़िना adj. Right (opposed to left). हाडी s. m. (a.) Settling on fire, inflammatory.

हिंचा s. m. Lamp.

s. m. Quarter, region, side; point (of the compass).

Saturn of the west; Mars of the south; Mercury of the north; Venus of the south-east; Ragu of the south-west; Chandra of the north-west; and Jupiter of the north-east.

fraging s. m. A regent of a quarter of the universe, as Indrá of the east; Ugni of the south-east; Nyrit of the south-west; Varun of the west; Marut of the north-west; Kuver of the north; and Eesan or Shiv of the north-east; this word is applicable to the Dikpatis, as that term is to these also.

হৈৰ্ম্ব s. m. An inauspicious planetary conjunction, as for the Sun and Venus to be in the west, &c.

हिन्याना v. n. To show, exhibit, denote, direct. Dikhlai deno, To appear, be apparent, seem.

दिखालावा s. m. Show, pageantry,

হিৰাই s. f. Showing, show, display, appearance. Dikhai dena, To appear. হিৰাজ s. m. (a.) Fit to be shewn, covety.

হিৰাৰ adj. Comely.

दिखना v. a. To cause to see, to show, exhibit, display, expose.

दिखाव s. m. Display, show.

Rem s. m. Quarter, region, tract, side, way; (in compos.) wards, as utterdig, North-wards; point (of the compass).

दिगन s. m. The horizon.

हिगलार s. m. Space, the a tmosphere

dressed in, or enveloped by the atmosphere, clouds, &c. s. m. A Budhh mendicant, wearing coloured clothes, or going naked; any mendicant not wearing clothes; a name of Shiv, from his being naked; a Jyn of the great division, which represents the images of their saints, either naked or plainly attired.

हिननार है s. m. A watchman, a guard.

is deemed unlucky to travel or particular days.

or point of the compass, one of eight supposed to be attached to the north, north-east, &c., supporting the globe.

हिन्यों s.f. A large tank, or reservoir, in form of an oblong square.

दिन्तिवार s. m. Subjugation of an extensive country, either in arms or controversy.

दिनिकारी s. m. A conqueror or subjugator of an extensive tract of country, or the world.

हिन्तिकश्वास s. m. Invasion, going forth to conquer the world.

ड्बिमाब s. m. A quater or point of the compass. [ space.

द्विन्द्राणी adj. Spreading through all दियो s.f. A large tank, or reservoir, in form of an oblong square.

feer't s.f. Hardness, solidity.

दिरीया s. m. A patch, an artificial mole on the face.

हिंद } ब्लं. Firm, strong.

दिस्ता है और Firmness, strength. दिस्ताना ७. व. To prove, to strengthen. and mother of the Dytnas or infernal race, opposed to the gods.

दिविन s. m. A domon or asur.

বিজ্ঞা s. m. A Titan, a demon or giant. বিহাৰ s. m. An interview, an overseer. বিধা ind. Of two kinds, in two ways.

दिषि s.f. Firmness, stability, fixed state of mind or being.

fra. s. m. Day. Din kátno, To pss time with difficulty. Din ko din, rat ko rat nah janna, To be totally absorbed in thought or business. Din khulne, To begin to prosper after adversity, Din ganwans, To spent carelessly, or trifle away, time. Din charhna, The day being far advanced: the period of a woman's menstruction being protracted. Din charhana, To commence any business late in the day : to eat the bread of idleness, or earn one's wages without labour. Dis dhalns, v. n. To grow late, to decline (the sun). Din dhoule, In day-light. Din parna, To be unfortunate. Die phirns, To begin to prosper (after adversity). Din badin Day by day Din bharne, Expresses time spent in pain and trouble. Din mundaa, To grow late, to close ( the day ).

हिनकर s. m. The sun. दिक्कोतिस s. m. Sunshine, daylight.

दिनदानी s. m. Giving daily. दिनदिन Every day ; daily.

दिनन pl. (Sing. दिन) Days.

दिनपति s. m. Sun.

दिनप्रति Every day.

दिवभर Whole day.

दिनमान s. m. The length of day.

दिन्दावि Night and day.

दिनास s. m. Day-blind, i. s. the owl. दिनास s. f. A tetter, a ringworm.

fragm s. m. Evening, sun-set, close of day. ferrent s. m. Morning. दिनावसान s. m. Evening, (to animals).

दिनी adj. Aged (generally applied to anîmals.

दिशीचा s. m. Disopia or dayblindness. fayfa a. Brilliant, radiant, splendid. Reg 8. m. An oat; brilliant, Heavenly furniture.

दिया 8. m. A lamp. part-past. Given. दियानत है. f. Honesty, probity. दियार s. f. White ant.

दियाचेलाई s.f. A match (for catching **∮уау**, fire),

दिखवाना v. a. To cause to give or to दिखवासी s. m. An inhabitant of Dethi. दिसर्वया s. m. One who causes to give or pay.

दिलाना . a. To cause to give, to oceasion, cansign, assign, to cause to ' yield, so cause to give up.

दिखाचा s.m. Comfort, consolation, encouragement, support ( of mind ).

दिखीप s.m. The name of a king and ancestor of Ram, the ruler of Delhi or Hastinopur.

दिश्वर ady. Bold, courageous.

रिवेरी s. f. Intrepidity, boldness.

दिखी p. n. Delhi. adj. Hearty, sincere. **探酬 s.** A. The name of a city, once the metropolis of Hindustan, called also

Shahjehanabad. दिव s. m. Heaven, day.

दिवरानी s.f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

दिवस रे s. m. A day. दिवा 🕻

दिया s. m. Day, day-light.

दिनाबार s. m. The sun.

दिवातन adj. Daily, diurnals of or belonging to the day.

दिवानिक s. m. Day and night. दिवान odj. Being blind by day s. m. An owl.

चिवामध्य s. m. Mid-day. moon.

femmes. m. A day and night.

entite a f. Day or night; a day and night. nose.

विवास s. f. Wall: the bridge of the दिवासा s.m. Insolvency, bankruptcy.

दिवाची s. f. A Hindu festival, celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kartik, when the Hindus, After bathing in the Ganges, or other river, put on their best attire, perform a eroddh, an at night worship Pokshmi, and indulge in excessive gambling. The houses and streets are illuminoted at night; and in Hindustan. the night is universally spent in gamino.

दिनीदाच s. m. A king of Benares, and founder of the Indian School of mediaine.

fam adi. Divine, celestial; beautiful, agreeable, charming; in ordeal; an osti. 😥

fenual adj. Virtuons, agreeable.

दिव्यप्याचत s. m. A mixture of five artic cles, ghee, eards, milk, butter took sugar. mani.

functions. m. The famous gem Chintafares s. m. Quicksilver.

विवादक adj. Clothed or invested in celestial raiment.

हिब्बीपपाद्य क्षेत्रें. Divine, celestial, of heavenly birth or being.

was e. A Region, space, quarter, part. few a.f. Side, region, quarter, point ( of the compass ).

दिशागुद s. m. A sign in the heavens consulted on commencing a journey the quarter towards wich it

deem unlacky to travel on particular days.

[Signs. f. Sight, look of, seeing.

हिस्सा v. n. To appear, be seen, to seem. v. a. To see.

feer s. f. Side, region, quarter, peint

(of the compass). Dien karna, To go into the fields (for a privy).

दिसावर a.m. A climate.

fenistics. f. A sort of paintor botof leaf.

हिस्सा s. m. A idol temple;

दिश्वी ८ र्र. Arthreshold.-

विश्व s. f. Ehresheld, deor. Diheridar, s. m. A door-keeper.

fent s. A Name of a city, the metropolic of Minduston, called also Shahjahanabad.

हीषट s. f. Lampstand,

clust s. f. Sacrificing, differing oblations, receiving the initiatory manter or in cantation.

क्षित adj. Initiated; performed tas

elear s. m. A spiritual father, the gommomicator of the initiator of the initiator of the

दीसना v. n. To look, to appear.

बीड है 4. f. Sight, glance, look, wis-दोडि हैं ion.

character and the state of the

tressed; humble Din-dypl, adj. Merciful to the poer; Din-auth, Lord of the poor; Din-bandhu, The friend of the poor; are all epithets of the Deity.

दोन चेत्रम् त्यां Distressed, deiecied.

There & s. f. Paverty indigence;

ings .edj. Down-east, of melancholy .

होगा अ. a. To give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, emit, let, produce, lay ( eggs), s. m.s Giving.

होनार ह. m. d. weight of glod; a ceit, a ainm.

होनी 8d, pers. sing. per tense of दनी To give.

tinent, a region or time of the earth, a region or time of the earth, a region or time of the earth, an aromatic seed (Engastisum aponon); a muscial mode, sung at meen in the hot weather; a kind of firework. Why. Making luminous; kindling inflaming.

दोविषाह á. m. Liamp-black, 2004. 👉 .

कैपब्रमी होपबोरी } s. f. The wick of a lamp.

sed smoke or soot of a lamp:

दीप्रवान दीप्रव क्लो. Inflaming, light or heates citing; tonic, stimulant; stimulating, exciting.

champaca ).

होपनाच . है के क A sew of laws s, in होपनाचिका 🛴 illumination.

then a m. The stand or stem of a

हीपश्चिम कर्<sub>या</sub> The pame of a lamp.

frequents. f. The day of new moon in the month Aswin or Kartik (September-October), a festival, with necessarilluminations in honor of Kartikesch; the Devoli, as it is usually termed; a row or range of language.

Rin adj. Luminons, aplendid, radiants, Rin s. J., Light, Instigutablendour, Ring s. J. The white ant. or time. e. m. The Sal tree; a long vowel.

होचुंबखब } s. m. A sort of crane (Ar-होचुंबखर } des nives).

होपेबाब s. m. A long time, a long period. होपेबोब s. m. A tree (Alangium bexapetalum).

होचेंचेच adj. Long-haired.

होचेंबक्स s. m. A kind of fish.

होचेब्रण बर्जु. Long-thighed. s. m. A crane, a camel.

होपेतिया s. m. A make.

कीमनीय s.m. Long life.

होचें जीवी क्लें, Living or existing a leng.

दीवंतन adj. Tall, long.

इपेइसी बिक्री. Far seeing, provident, wise. s. m. A wise and learned man, a seer, a prophet.

दोचेडिंड. m. A wise or provident man. adj. Wise, provident, far-seeing.

होचेनिका र. f. Death. [sigh, होचेनिकास है, m. A long or deep-drawn

River s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

होचेपन adj. Long-leaved, longifolium. s. m. Garlic.

होचेपनच s. m. Garlic; a thorny plant; a kind of growing in marshy places. होचेपना s.f. A sort of Eugenia.

राज्य adj. Long-leaved, longifolium. राज्यसन adj. Having long shoots or tendrils. s. m. The sun plant (Crotolaria jances).

दीवेपाइ s. m. A heron.

होषेत्रच s. m. A plant (Cassia fistula). होषेत्रच adf. Having a long root. s. m. A kind of Bibos tree; a sort of sensitive plant.

endiger s. f. A oreoper (Echites frutescens); a plant (Hedgeatum gangeticum). होचें मूजी s.f. A plant (Hedysatum alhagi). [night, होचेरान s.m. A long period; a long

होचरान ड. m. A long period ; a lon होचरानी adj. Being long ill.

होचेंचन asj. Being of an ancient family. दीर्घेच्च s. m. A long vowel.

होषेडण s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). होषेडणिका s. f. A. plant (Mimoso oct andra). (Fobusta).

दीचेवाच s. m. The Sal tree (Shores दीवेचन adj. Dilatory, slow, tedious.

होषं नृतता s. f. Dilatoriness, tediousness. होषंन्नी adj. Dilatory.

होबेसर s. m. A. long vowel; a long note, a minim or semibreve.

होषांबु s. m. Long life.

होषांबुद् adj. Long-lived. s. m. The silkestton tree ( Bomban keptaphyllum ).

दीवट s. f. A lamp-stand.

होनची s.f. A small lamp.

होरा a m. A lamp.

होगाची s.f. A leather strap, a bols.

दीनि s. m. The blue jay.

to te visible. Dise, adj. Like, adv. Likely.

receiving the initiatory mantr or incantation.

शिक्ष adj. Initiated; performed (as the Diktha ceramony).

communicator of the initiatory meter or prayer.

इंद्रमी s. m. A large kettledrum.

affliction, distress; unhappiness; difficulty, trouble; labour, fatigue; annoyance. Dukhko máro, odj. Afflicted. Dukh ká hárto, s. m. Dispeller of grief or pain. Dukh-daí, of Dukhdani, adj. Giving or occasioning

pain, troublesome, vexatious. Dukh pana, To be afflicted. Dukh bharna, To labour, to toil, to suffer distress or trouble. Dukh-háran, Anodyne. Dukh hárta, Dispeller of grief or pain.

3: TT adj. Causing pain; afflicting, occasioning sorrow or trouble.

इ. चित्र adj. Afflicted, pained, distressed.

दु:यजीवी वर्तुं. Living in pain or distress. दु:यहा s. m. Misfortunes, calamities.

इ बहार adj. Afflicted, pained, distress-

दु:बहारी } adj. Giving or occasioning दु बहारी } pain, troublesome, vex-

दुःचना v. त. To ache, pain, smart.

दु:चन्द्रच adj. Painful, distressful, abounding with trouble, &c.

दु:बमाबिन } adj. Suffering pain, hav-दु:बमाबी | ing pain as their portion.

इ: चुच्य adj. To be obtained or effected with difficulty.

इ:चसावर s. m. Deep distress; the world. इ:सम्म odj. Removing pain.

इ.बाबा . a. To inflict pain, to torment, to hurt, to pain.

s fee odj. Pained, suffering pain; afflicted, in distress or pain, sick,

दु:चिदा adj. In distress or pain, unfortunate, poor, in digent, afflicted.

इ: विवारा m. } adj. Afflicted, in dis-ह: विवारी f. tress or pain, sick, sor rowful, sad, wretched, grieved.

বু:বা sody. Suffering pain, sorrowing; afflicted, in distress or pain; sick; affected.

इ:बायन बर्के. Ungovernable, ill-managed, intractable.

য়নীৰ adj. Ill-behaved, reprobate, alandoned. द:सम adj. Improper, unseasonable.

दु:समत्र .e.m. Time of affliction, distress or trouble.

दुःस्**ष** वर्ताः Intolerable, difficult to be borne.

दुःसाध्य adj. Difficult, arduous, not easily accomplished.

दु सामें adj. Difficult or unfit to be touched. s. m. A plant (Hedpsarum alagi).

दु:समा s.f. A prickly sort of nightshade, दुबदा s.m. The fourth part of a pysa or pice.

दुक्को s. f. A snaffle.

दुकान 's. f. A shop.

दुवानी दुवानदार } s. m. A shop-keeper.

दुवाब s, m. Famine, scarcity.

र देव

इन्न s. m. A cloth worn around the moist.

इन्दर्भ s. m. Pain, imparting, affective.

**रुवा**पद

दुनप s. m. A second degree or tone in music.

हुनका हुनुषा } हुनुष

दुन्द s, m. Milk.

इन्दर्श s.f. Milkiness, the nature of milk. इन्दर्शनाचीय s.m. Milk and mangoes, mango fool.

दु:लक्षेत्र s. m. The froth or skim of milk, syllabub, cream.

दुन्तकिनी s. f. A small medicinal shrub so called.

grams. f. A sort of Asolapias (A. rosea): the Hindi deprivative Dudki, is also applied to Euphorbia kirta and thymifolia.

इन्धिन } adj. Milky, having milk.

दुन्धिन जा s. f. A plant described as a red corb of Apang (Achgranthes aspera).

द्वित है वर्ज. Of two two minds, wa-द्विता है vering, distracted.

ga interj. Away! begone! avaunt! s. f. Splendour, light, beauty spite, malice. Dut debak, Reproof, reprimand.

इतकार s. m. } A reproof. Dulkarna, इतकारी s.f. } reprove,

दुताना v. a. To press down; to snub, to chide, to keep under.

द्रति.s.f. Splendour, light, beauty.

इतादेना o. a. To drive away scornfully; to deceive, balk, cheat.

हुवी s. f. A medicinal herb (Euphorbia hirta and thymifolis).

हुधार } adj. f. Milch, giving milk.

इन्द इन्दम इन्दम } s. m. A sort of drum, a large इन्द्रम

दुन्सार s. m. A sort of red worm.

som s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Dupatts tanks sona, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and carelessness or after death). Dupatta kilana, or, phirona, v. s. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to swerender (a fort.)

इपकरिया s. f. A kind of flower ( Pentapstes: phunicso )। adj. Meridian.

grui s. f. Doubt, suspense, uncertain-

हरणा *adj*. Lean, thin, poor, barren, meagre, weak.

हुबलाई s. f. दुबलापका s. m. दुबलापा s. m.

दुशाविया s. m. An interpreter.

and & s. m. A famine, a scarcity

st prep. A depreciative particle, implying pain, trouble, ( bad, difficulty. ell ). Inferiority, ( bad, vile, contemptible). Prohibition, (sway, hold, forbear.) It corresponds in general to the English prefixes, in, un, &c., as infamous, unbearable, and the like. Dur-jan, s. m. An enemy. Dur-din, Day of adversity. Dur-nam. s. m. Infamy. Dur-bochan, s. m. Abuse. Dur-bal, adj. Weak, nerveless, faint. Dur-balta, s. f. Weakness, faintness. द्रशा v. n. To be hidden, or concealed, to be absent, to disappear, to lurk. दरहर s. m. Bad luck, misfortune. द्रक adj. Ending ill, having a bad end. इरनिषक s.m. A tree ( Achyranthes øspera ). इरिभयका s.f. Cowach. हराचार } adj. Wicked, depraved, fol-e राचारी } lowing evil practices ; disregarding or deviating from established practices : irreligious, profligate. द रात्मा adj. Vile, wicked, bad. s. m. A rascal, a scoundrel, a villain. इराधर्ष s. m. White mustard. इराना v. a. To hide, to conceal. द्रारोप adj. Of difficult ascent, s.m. The palm tree; the date tree. इरारोडा s.f. The silk-cotion tree.

ase (Hedysarum elhegi). इराहाप s. m. Abusive or scurrilous language, abuse. इति adj. Sinful, wicked. s. m. Sin.

इराजभा s. f. A prickly plant, the Jaw-

इराका adj. Difficult of attainment.

gfts adj. Very bad, very wicked. s. m. Great crime, extreme wickedness.

दुरी s. f. The two on dice.

the same on both sides, not having a wrong side.

sang adj. Unanswerable.

wh adj. Difficult of access or approach, inaccessible, impervious; impenetrable, impassable; difficult of attainment, unattainable. s. m. A fort, a strong-hold, a Drug or hill fort; a pass, a defile, a difficult or narrow passage over a stream, or a mountain, or through a wood, &c.

हुनैहर्च s. m. Enterprise, diffigult undertaking,

इबेन adj. Poor, indigent, 'distressed; suffering pain or affiction.

र्वति s. f. Hell; poverty, indigence; meanness, subjectness.

s. m. Any ill-smelling, ill-scented, fetid. s. m. Any ill-smelling, substance, stink, stench. Durgendh dns. To stink.

इनेथी adj. Ill-smelling.

हुनन adj. Inaccessible, difficult of access or approach; unattainable, difficult of attainment; deep, profound. इवता s. f. Depth, profundity.

In s.f. The goddess Durgs, the wife of Shiv, and mother of Kartikeysh and Ganes; also called Uma. Bhawani, and Pareati: as Durgs she is a goddess of terrific form and irascible temper, and particularly worshipped at the Durgs pujs, held in Bengal in the month of Asvin or about October; a word; a Hindu book containing the narration of the goddess Durgs.

हुनंधिकारी है s. m. The governor of a

हुबांनरनी s. f. The ninth of the light half of Kartik, sacred to Durgs as Jaggadchatri.

हुनोमध्य s. m. Taking refuge in a for-

anduous.

हुर्जेच adj. Bad, wicked, vile; malicions, mischief-making. s. m. A bad man,

इजेनल a. m. इजेनलाई a. f. Wickedness, villainy.

इक्ष च रहें। Inviscible, difficult to be subdued or overcome.

इचर ब्लंड Difficult of digestion, indigestible.

guid adj. Inampiciously born or produced; improper. s. m. Misfortune, calamity; disparity, unconformity, impropriety.

ह्यांति adj. Vile, wicked; low, out cast. इयौत adj. Ill behaved, ill-governed; impolitic. s. m. Misconduct; impolicy.

इबीति s. f. Impolicy; misconduct..

रहेम adj. Difficult to be subdued.

हाई में adj. Difficult to be seen or met with.

इंदेश ...f. A state of calamity or misery, or adversity.

Fire s. m. A dark or cloudy day; rain or cloudy and rainy weather.

tively), ill-examined, imperfectly investigated; looked at with an evil eye.

इंदें s. m. Bad luck, misfortune.

पुनीम s. m. Infamy, a bad name, obloquy, a discredit, slander.

हुनीमा s. m. Piles or hæmorrhoides.; इनोमी adj. Infamous.

hindered, contradicted, &c.; invincible, unsonquerable.

weak, impotent, infirm, faint, powerless; poor. इनेबसा s. f. Feebleness, weakness, impotence.

यर्ने वि adj. Silly, ignorant.

The adj. To be eaten with difficulty.

The adj. A wife not loved or liked by her husband; a had or ill tempered woman.

दर्भाव adj. Unfortunate, unlucky.

इसीन s. m. Bad disposition, ill-temper, bad behaviour, ill-manners.

रिशेष s. m. Dearth, famine.

चुनि adj. Silly, ignorant, simple, a blockhead. s.f. Folly, foolishness. क्षेत्रा बत्रु. Sad, distressed, meditating or thinking sorrowfully.

इंबंच adj. Scurrilous, foul-mouthed;, hideous, ugly.

र्फंस s. m. A pounder, an instrument for pounding pavements with, a rammer.

price. s.m. Dearness, any thing of high price or value.

understanding, dull, stupid, ignorant, uniformed.

হ আঁথৰ s. m. The elder of the Kuru princes, and leader of the war against his cousins, the Pandus and Krishna.

equirement, hard to be got or met with; scare, rare; excellent, eminent, dear, beloved. s. m. A plant, a sort of Hedysarum.

हमें s. J. A sort of prickly nightshade.

द संचय s. m. An evil mark, an unlucky sign, au evil omen.

ह अंत्रण } s.m. Censure, abuse; any क्षेत्रण } unlucky or ill-omened speech.

द इच adj. Vile, wicked, leading, a low

or infamous life, following disreputable habits or business, a cheat, a juggler, a rogue, a blackguard: &c.

र र ति s.f. Leading a disreputable life, following a degrading business, &c.; jaggling, fraud.

दुष्य कर्ता. Evil-minded, badhearted. दुष्य है. f. Trot. Dulki jana, or, chelse, v. n. To trot.

इच्छा ady. Two-fold, of two rows or strings. s. m. A necklace of two rows or strings.

दुवड़ी s.f. A necklace of two strings.

ৰ আনী s. f. A kick of the two hind legs of a quadruped. Dulstti marns, To wince, to kick with the two hind legs.

বুকাৰত s. m. A turban, or the fine cloth of one.

दुखनियान s. m. A small purse.

दुष्ट्न } दुष्ट्रिन } s.f. A lride. देख्हिया

दुलका } s.m. A bridegroom.

soft s.f. A sheet or covering of two breadths used by females.

दुलाना v. a. To agitate, toss, shake.

दुखार s. m. Love, affection.

द्याला s. m. A shawl.

इषरा adj. Acting ill, behaving wickedly. इषरित adj. Misbehaving, doing or designing ill. s. m. Evil purpose or action, misconduct, error.

दुक्तर adj. Difficult to be done.

दुष्पाचं 8. m. Wickedness, sin.

दुलानी s. m. A wicked person, a sinner, a criminal.

इन्ह्रज्ञ s. m. A low family or race.

दुम्म जीन adj. Of a low or degraded family.

दब्द त s. m. Sin, crime, guilt.

हुक्कृती बर्के. Wicked, an evil doer. हर्ष s. m. Pain in general.

दृष्ट 'adj. Low, vile; wicked, deprayed, bad, faulty; enemy.

दृष्टचारिची s. f. } adj. Wicked.

द प्रचेता adj. Malevolent ; stupid.

इस्ता s.f. Wickedness, badness, depravity.

हुष्टमाच adj. Innately bad.

हेड्डमानना s. f. Wickedness, innate depravity.

दुष्टमति adj. Wicked, depraved.

र्षा इ. f. A harfot, a wanton.

द् चाम s. m. Abuse.

द्यर्भ m. adj. Not to be touched, unpleasant to the touch. s. m. A plant ( Hedysarum alhaji ).

द प्रकृति adj. Of a bad nature or dis-

र पाप odj. Difficult of attainment, difficult to be got or reached.

द्याच ddj. Remote, unattainable, difficult of approach or attainment.

इ स्थान adj. Difficult to be relinquished or parted with,

द् आर s. m. Double stakes at dive, &c., playing double or quits.

इ. इन s. m. Milking.

द्रवा v. n. To be milked.

द इरा ahj. Double.

द् इरांगा v. c. To fold. to double, to repeat, to reduplicate.

Evit s. f. Crying out for justice, exclamation, an oath, plaint. Duhai tihai tarna, To make reiterated complaints.

द रामा v. a. To cause to milk.

TIT s. m. A milker.

द दिता इ. में. A daughter.

द विजया s. m. A son-in-law, a daughter's husland. o fee s. f. A daughter.

द्रहेला adj. Difficult, weighty.

र भा adj. To be milked, milkeble.

ह्या s.m. The two or detect at cards, dice, &c.

द्रमुका adj. Double, two-fold.

En s. f. The second day of a lunar fortnight.

दूभवर s. m. A man who marries s second wife, a bigsmist.

इना alj. Second, other.

gas. m. A messenger or envoy, a newscarrier; an ambassador; a go between, an angel who passes between God and man.

द्रतिका s. f. A female messenger, a confident, &c.

इतिया adj. Sceond.

নী s.f. A female messenger, a confident, a procuress, a go-between, a bawd.

certain bushes. Dudh-adhari, adj.
Living on milk. Dudh-pildi. s. f. A.
wet nurse. Dudh pilana, To suckle.
Dudh barhna, v. n. To be weaned
(a child). Dudh bhat, s. m. A forter
brother. Dudh bhati, s. f. A certain
mony performed the fourth day after
marriage, wherein the bride and
bridegroom eat milk, boiled rice and
sugar, together.

Full odj. Giving much milk, milch.

plants with milky juice. Dudhiya patthar, A white stone of which plaster is made, and utenails are formed.

s. f. Starch; name of several plants with milky juice, as, various species

of Asclepias, Echites, Eupherbia, &c. (Asclepias roses, ईc. ) इस adj. Double, two-fold. इस s. m. Name of a grass (Agrostis

linearis).

gas vas adji Unknown, insignificant,

helpless, hiding through weakness.

yet adj. Weak, lean; difficult.

क्षिया t.f. A kind of green ( colour ), grass-green,

इनक s. m. A famine, a scarcity.

eff; widely. Dur blagma, To abstain from, to abhor, abominate, avoid, shun. Dur karna, To remove, to dispel, to reject, to avert, to keep at a distance. Dur hona, To be removed, to be remote, or dispelled. Dur ho, Begene, avannt, be off!

द्रवामी ब्लां. Going far.

हरता s.f. Remoteness, distancé.

दूरद्वेत s. m. Foresight ; long-sightedness.

(literally or metaphorically). s. m. A pundit, a learned man, a teacher; a prophet, a seer; a vulture.

ETER s. m. A learned man; a vulture.

ETER s. f. Long-sightedness; foresight.

हरवासी m. हे odj. Residing in a foreign हरवासिनी f. है land, outlandish.

Remote, far of.

Removed, placed far off.

ह्राभूत adj. Remote, far off.

बुवां s. f. Bent grass, the Dub (Panicum dactylon).

दृष्ण १. m. A bridegroom.

हमस adj. Ill, low, contemptible, in-

ৰ্বৰ s. m. Blame, fault, defect, offence. ব্ৰিৰ odj. Calumniated, falsely accused, especially of adultery; contaminated, corrupted, spoiled; violated; blamed, censured.

বুদিনা s.f. A girl who has been violated or deflowered.

ह्यो } s.f. The secretion or rheum द्योब of the eye.

र्ष adj. Reprehensible, contemptible, vile, bad.

द्घर s. m. The second.

match. Durse, In the second (place ), secondly.

द दिया s. m. A kind of fireplace.

his ears: in the opinion of the Hindus, the snake has no visible external ear.

ET s. m. The eye.

हम्नीच s. m. A small circle on the axis of the earth, within the greater circle of the armillary sphere, and accompanying each planetary circle.

great circle of the armillary sphere, accompanying each planetary circle or orbit.

bulky, massive, solid; strong; confirmed.

डदबास s. m. A bamboo.

इद्भारी adj. Persevering, determined.

हरता s.f. Firmness, hardness; steadiness; solidity; strength.

हदन्यिय adj. Certain, confirmed, corroborated, undoubted,

grue s. m. The cocoanut.

इड्बांबनी s. f. A cresper ( Echites fruisscens ).

हड़मित adj. Faithful, devoted.

हरमुखि adj. Miserly, niggardly, clossfisted. हरनीय adj. Having coarse hair on the skin. s. m. A wild hog; coarse hair, bristles.

हरस्मिका अ.f. A plant, from the fibres of which bow strings are made.

हरूबीहरू adj. Firm in friendship, constant. [sops.

ETHER s. m. A plant, a sort of Minuters adj. Firm-bodied, hard, strong. s. m. A diamond.

हडाना v. a. To strengthen; to prove. इटामित s.f. A faithful mistress or wife.

हराव्य s. m. A hero, one firm in battle.

हमा } s. f. The eye.

हजीपम s. m. The white lotus (Nelumbium speciosum).

gra adj. Visil le, to be seen; beautiful, pleasing. s. m. (In arithmetic), A given quantity or number.

ewe s: m. Vision, sight.

Eve adj. Seen, visible, apparent.

Evaz s. m. A riddle, an enigma.

इटवन् रे जत्यें. Seeing, beholding, has

serm s. m. An example, illustration, a parable, simile, trope.

Tive s. f. The eye; sight, seeing, vision, view. [bilis ].

हरिक्र s.m. A flower (Hibiscus muta-दर्शिक्ष s.m. A look, a look at, or on. हरियक s.m. A look, a glance.

Eurs. m. A white-ant bill.

ceive, experience. Dekins Mains, To see, to look at. Dekins Mains, To see, to look at. Dekins dekins, & Kennlation, competition, the looking at each other, or being within sight (of objects).

हैसनैवा ) s. m. A spectator, beholder, दिसनैवा | observer, viewer.

रेका s. m. Sight, seeing.

the looking at each other, or being within sight (of objects).

देवनर adj. Naked.

देशा s. m. Dowry, portion.

देनू s. m. Part of a portion or dowry.

देन verbal n. To give, giving.

देनवेन s. m. Pecuniary transactions apon interest, debts and credit; barter, traffic.

afford, allow, permit, emit, let, resign, cause, occasion, produce, to lay (egys). s. m. Giving. Dena pana, s. m. Profit and loss, settling of one's affairs. [folia].

देवहार The mast tree (Uvaria longi-देवी s.f. A Hindu goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the goddess Durgs; a queen.

देक्रा adj. Left, opposite of right.

देनारणा v. a. To dish on the ground, to throw, to stamp.

Ru adj. To be given, fit or proper for a gift.

₹ s. m. A dwelling, a tent.

24 a. m. A deity, a god; a husband's brother, a term or surname applicable to a Brohman, also to a man of the Kayoth class.

श्वा adj. Divine, celestial, like a deity श्वाहम s. m. A fragrant paste of sandal, agallochum, camphor, and safflower.

दिनक्षित & m. Water-cresses.,

Evens s. m. A kind of pine ( Pinus devdaru).

हिन्दि ...f. One of the female personifications of the modes of music. end s.f. Wife of Vasudev, and mother of Krishna

देशकीय adj. Divine, belonging or relating to a divinity.

देवहुन्द्र s. m. A natural spring.

देवजुस्म s. m. Cloves.

Remain s. f. One of the Raginis, or female personifications of the modes of music.

इ बनावन s.m. A celestial chorister.

हे बांबरी s.f. One of the female personifications of music.

इन्दर s. m. A celestial or planetary sphere, the dwelling of the gods; a temple.

हे बही s.f. A sort of gull ( Larus ridi bundus ).

of Kartik shukl-paksh, on which Vishnuis said to awake from his sleep of four months.

paradise; the tree of plenty; any venerable and ancient tree; usually the place of assembling in a village.

देशता s.f. A god, a deity or divine being; divinity.

इ बताइ s. m. A kind of grass (Andro-pogon serratus).

हे बती s. m. The part of the hand sacred to the gods, the tips of the the fingers.

हे बल s. m. Divinity, the abstract attribute of a divine being.

given, or given to the gods (a name or epithet).

इंबदानी s.f. A sort of creeper, commonly called Hatighosh.

deviceru): in Bengal it is usually applied to the Uvaria longifolia, and

in the peninsula to another tree (Erythroxylon sideroxylloides).

ই ব্যাস s. m. A sort of grain entitivated in many parts of *Hindustan (Andro*pogon Saccharatus).

हे क्यूप s. m. A fragrant resin (Bdellium) used in incense.

हॅ क्वल e.m. A kind of reed (Arundo bengalensis).

इंबनावरी s.f. The Devaguri character used by the Hindus in their sacred writings.

इ देना मरवा s. m. A shrub (Ocymum).

हे विनम्ब s. m. A heretic, an unbeliever, a reviler of the gods.

हे विनदा s. f. Heresy, atheism.

इ विविधित adj. Natural, created.

देवपच s. m. Heaven, the firmament, the celestial path or way.

हे बप्तच s. m. A worshipper of idols, or the gods. [gods.

हे बपूजा s.f. Idolatry, the worship of the हे बब्बा s. m. A tree used in dying (Rottleria tinctoria).

हे ब्रम्बन s. m. The holy fig-tree; paradise; a temple. dnancy.

dise; a temple. disacy.

Res of s. m. A husband's brother, particularly his younger brother.

हे बराची s.f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

हें बद्दवी adj. Godlike, of divine form.

होत्य s. m. A temple where idea are worshipped, a temple, a pageda.

क्रेन्स्ता कर्त. Double jasmine.

इंग्ली s.f. A fish-scale; the scale or scale of small-pox; a small lamp.

one of the seven superior worlds, from earth to the highest or Satyah lok, in opposition to those below the

earth; the particular sphere or heaven of any divinity.

दे बदर s. m. A divine boon or blessing. दे बदाबो s.f. The language of the gods, the Sanskrit language.

a tree of heaven or paradise; a plant yielding a fragrant resin ( Bdellium).

इंबनत s.m. Any obligation or vow of a deity.

देवसाम s. f. A place of idols, a temple. देवसमा s. f. An assembly of the gods.

देशस s. m. The property applicable to religious purposes, endowment, & ..

ই বা s. m. A god, a deity; a giver. s.f.
A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis); a
plant (Morsiles quadrifolis).

इ नामत s. f. Sudden misfortune, accident. देवाल s. m. A giver.

देवालर्थ s.m. A division of heaven, the residence of the gods; a temple.

हेबाबा e. m. Bankruptey.

डेवािका adj. Bankrupt.

واو

रेगाजो s.f. Hindu festival (celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kartik).

The houses and streets are illuminated all night; and in Hindustan the night is universally spent in gaming.

रगर्बर s.f. Barter, traffic.

₹ 8. f. A goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the goddess Durgs; a queen; a plant (Trigonella corniculata).

ूर वीकीह s. m. A town, the city of Van.
probably Davicates on the Coromandel coast.

ह दे बीजान s. f. A place of idols; a temple.

\* s. m. A country, a region, whether inhabited, a territory.

\* The morning.

दे मचारी s, f. A mode of music, a Ragini. दे ज्ञान s. m. Abandoning one's country, emigration.

इंसपर्य s. m. Local-law, the .law, or usage of the country.

हेशनिकाखा s. m. Bunishment, exile.

इ. च्यावहार है s. m. Local usage, custom
इ. म्बेवहार है of the country.

दे समापा s.f. The language of the vernacular dialecta

है गांच s. m. A musical mode sung at noon in the spring.

देशापार s. m. The custom and usage of the country.

इ शादन s.m. Wandering through the country.

दे माधिपति s.m. The ruler of a country. a governor, a king.

देशानर } s. m. A foreign country

इंगावरी s. m. A kind of betel-leaf; a kind of dove.

हों adj. Of or belonging to a country; indigenous. s.f. Appearance.

इंभा adj. Local.

₹ ₹ s. f. The body. Deh durana, To conceal or cover the privities. Deh sambhalna, To keep up one's spirits, to be firm, to recover one's self.

दे प्रचय s. m. Disease, sickness.

the body (as excrement or the spirt. &c).

इंडचान s. m. Voluntary death; death in general.

देशवाबा s. f. Death, dying.

देशा s.f. A temple where idols are worshipped by Jyns, a Hiniu temple.

lower part of the wooden frame of a door, or a raised terrace in front of it.

देशवत } adj. Corporeal, inhabiting a corpore

देशास्त्राही s.m. A. Chaorak, a materialist.

dj. Corporeal, embedied, having being. [give. 22 pers. sing. imper. of Dena, To

Zars. m. Dowry, portion.

Rus. m. A demon, a Titan or giant of Pindu mythology.

ह लावुन s. m. An age of the demons, consisting of 12, 000 divine years, or the sum of the four yoogs or ages of men.

day. s. m. Poverty, wretchedness.

हे निम adj. Diurnal, of or relating to a day.

इनिकी s. f. A day's hire or wages.

हे ज s. m. Meanness, covetousness; poverty, humbleness.

children run to in playing at hide and seek.

हैं वी Gave, given.

a doity, divine, celestial, &c. s. m. Destiny, fate, fortune.

देविकास s. m. A fatalist.

ইবিকা s. f. Fatalism, reliance on fate. ইবল adj. Prophetic, foretelling, acquainted with fate. s. m. An astrologer.

देवा s. f. A female fortuneteller.

चेत्रज्ञ s. m. An age of the gods or immortals.

इ वरीन s. m. The occurrence of any unforeseen event, the intervention of destiny. [teller.

इ विश्वक s. m. An astrologer, a fortune-इ ववाची s.f. A voice from heaven. द्वानन s. f. Sudden misfortune, accident.

देशात adv. By chance, by accident, देशी unavoidably, accidentally; an fatally; at length.

देख s. m. Fate, fortune.

el adi. Two. Do-kal, s. m. Both worlds. Do-gandi chitti A fomenter of quarrels : a go-between, one who flatters both parties in a dispute. . ( Allusion to a game among children, who rub a tomarind seed on one side till a mark is made, then throw it like a die: the caster wins if the mark turns up. The seed thus prepared is called chittee: ana if it be fraudulently marked on both sides, so as always to win, it is called do-gundi), Do-ghariya, e. m. The space of two hours. Do-challa, s, m. A roof sloping two ways. Dochitai, s. f. Suspense, absence, absence or abstraction of mind. Dochitte, adj. Wavering, doubtful, of two minds, absent or abstract ad (is mind), Do-jiyo, or Do-giwa, adj. Pregnant. Do-ji se hona, To be pregnant, Do-tuk, adj. Two-pieced; clear, plain, clean Do-tuk hone, To be adjusted, to be completed. Do-dhara, adj. Two edged (sword). Do-parta, adi. Donbles of two folds. Do-palks. (having two eyelids), s. m. A kind of pigeon; a kind of stone for a ring. Do-pahar, s. f. Mid-day, moon. Dopahriya, s. m. A kind of flower (Pentapetes). odj. Meridian. Do-pahri. adj. Of moon or mid-day, Do-patta (two:breadthed), s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Do-pahri, tanks sons, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and carelessness or after death). Do-patto hilano,

or phirana, v. n. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (s fort). Do-bhashiya, s. m. An interpreter. Do rang, adj. Piebald, of two colours; hypocrite. Do-ranga, adj. Capricious, double-dealer. Dorangi, s. f. The property of having two colours; duplicity, hypocrisy, double-dealing, deceit, capriciousness. adj. Of two colours, capricions, double-faced. Do-lara, s. m. A necklace of two stings., Do-lohi, s.f. A scimitar made of two plates of steel joined together. Do-suta, s. m. A kind of cloth, the threads of which are double. Do-sera, s. m. A weight of two seers.

होंकना v. n. To growl.

होंकी s. f. Bellows,

होर s. m. A species of snake.

होस adj. Both.

होन s. m. A two year old foal.

दीमाडा adj. Twice, doubled; a musket carrying two balls.

होजीवा adj. Pregnant.

होका adj. Married to a second wife.

होदना ए. n. To deny.

दोना s.m. A flower ( a species of Artsmisia): leaves folded up in the shape of a cup for holding betel, flowers, sweetmeats, &c.

नेनाकी adj. Double-barrelled ( a gun').

होनी asj. Both. Donon wakt milne. Expresses the evening twilight, when day and night meet.

दीपसा adj. Pregnant.

होंबर adj. Double.

होने s. m. A title of Brahmans.

हीं भवान बदों. Two-fisted, ambi-dextrons, strong.

दीवृद्धा करीं. Having two mouths, s.m.

A serpent which has two mouths (Amphisbæna).

सेस

दीव s. m. Swimming; a festival on the 14th of Phalgun, the swimming of the juvenile Krishna; a litter, swimming cot, a dooly; a swing. Dol-mal karna, o. c. To wave, swing, undulate.

दीवाबनान adj. Swimming, being swnng; doubting, perplexed, vacillating.

दोलिका s. f. A swing, दीव s. m. Fault, blame, vice, defeat, blemish; sin, offence, transgression. crime; disorder of the humours of the body, or defect in the functions of bile, circulation, or wind. Dosk

hona, To be sick after child-birth, from neglect of regimen.

दीवज्ञान s. m. Reprehending, condemn-Sorious

होषवाषी adj. Malicions, malignant, cen-

होषण s. m.. Objection, blame.

द्योगना न. a. To accuse, to blame.

होषतत } adj. Faulty, defective, wicked.

होविक odj. Faulty, defective, bad.

दीविन १ adj. Fanlty. defective; bad, ही वी wicked; criminal.

दीसाद's. m. A low cast of Hindus. reresiding in Patna, hog-keepers.

होती s m. Thick sour milk ; a Musa'm n milkman.

दीप दिका s. f. The Prakrit metre, called Doha; a stanza of four lines, containing thirteen and eleven syllabic instants alternately. Thands.

दीइनइ s.f. A slap or pat with both रोइता s. m. Daughter's.

दोइती s.f. Daughter's daughter.

दीष्ट s. m. Wish, desire; the longing of a pregnant woman, especially as a a sign of impregnation.

89-24

sometimes confounded with the womb.

होइहरती } s. m. Apregnant woman होइहानिता | longing for any thing. होइन s. m. A milk vessel, a milk pail; milking.

होइना v. a. To milk.

होइनी s. f. A milk pail.

होइर s. m. A double sheet; a sheath.

दीइरा . m. A distich. adj. Double.

বীষ্ণাৰ s. m. Repetition, doubling, reduplication.

हो इस्वती s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

ers. m. A couplet, distitch.

exclamation, an oath, plaint (crying twice alss). Dohai tihai karna, To make reiterated complaints.

दीशान s. m. A young bullock, a steer.

होडिन s. m. होडिनी s.f. } adj. A milker.

₹ s. f. Fire.

दौनड़ा s. f. A heavy shover.

दौता s. m. A scaffold.

endeavour, struggle, effort, race, running, course, career, military expedition.

bustle. Dourdhup karna, To use great labour and exertion for the accomplishment of any object, to bustle, toil.

दोणना v. s. To run, to gallop, course, drive, assault, rush, invade; toil.

दीकृता घपना v. n. To run violently, to use great exertion, to toil.

होड़ा s. m. A large basket (without a lid); a highwayman (who robs on herseback).

रीकृत्य s. m. A racer, a runner. रीकृत्योकृत s. f. Running, contest in rusning, race, hurry.

रोड़ना v. s. To cause to run or gallop, to run, drive, impel, actuate, expedite, speed, despatch.

होड़ाइ। s. m. A messenger, runner, courier, guide.

दीको s.f. A drawn game at Chaupar.

হীৰা s. m. A flower (Artemisia Indica); leaves folded up in the shape of a cup holding tetel, flowers, sweetmeats &c.

दौरा s. m. A large basket (without cover).

दीराब्य s. m. Wickedness, depravity.

होरो s. m. A basket ( without a lid ); a rope with which a string of cattle are bound together.

दीवानिष s. f. Fostor, bad smell.

रीजेंच s. m. Wickedness, depravity, vileness.

दीर्वस्व s. m. Weakness, debility.

दौर्माम्ब s, m. Ill luck, misfortune.

दौदिन s. m. A daughter's son.

दौरियो s. f. A daughter's daugter.

चृति । s. f. A place ( Hemionites cordifolia ).

any thing not possessing life.

च तकार s. m. The keeper of a gaming house; a gambler.

चन्द्रिया s.f. The day of full moon in the month Kartik (October-November); the night of which is spent is games of chance, in honor of the fortune, Lakshmi.

च्यासा s. f. A gaming house or assembly.

य तारिकारी s. m. The keeper of a gaming house.

चौरानो इ.र. Husband's younger brother's

descended from a degraded Kshattri.

Fig. s. f. One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.

द्रविचनाञ्चन s. m. A plant (Hyperanthers morungs).

manner, thing; elementary substance, manner, thing; elementary substance, nine kinds of which are reckoned: viz. earth, water, fire, air, ather, time, space, soul, and intellect; a drug, a medicament, any thing used in medicine.

इव्यवत } adj. Rich, wealthy.

द्रव्यच्यव s.m. Accumulation of property.

इज्याच न s. m. Gain, acquisition, acquiring property.

RITE s.f. A grape.

द्राविषा s. m. Length.

RIVE odj. Diuretic; solvent, discutient.

द्वारण s. m. The clearing nut; fusing. द्वारिका s. f. Saliva.

Rifig s. m. A country; properly the coast of coromandel, from Madras to Cape Camorin, or the country in which Tamal is spoken; a native of Dravir or Dravid; a Brahman of Dravir, or rather of the south, five Dravirs being specified, or Dravir, Karnat, Gujerat, Maharashtra, and Telunga.

Tifers s. m. Zedoary (Curcumo zerumbof); black salt.

द्राचा s. f. Grape.

हिंदिशिश s. m. A tree, a sort of pine (Pinus devdaru).

हत adj. Quick or swift; flown, escaped, run away. [Quickly. हतपद s. m. A quick pace or step. adv. हुम s. m. A tree in general; a tree of Swarg or paradise.

हुनव s. m. A thorn, or claw of trees.

हुनचाचि } s. m. Lac, the animal कें., हुनानव } or disease of tree.

हमेचर s. m. The palm tree, or sovereign of tree.

हचार s. m. A tree (Chironjia sopida). हे बाज s. m. The regent of one-third of a planetary sign, the Decemus of European astrology, whence the word is probably derived.

same as an Adhak; a measure of capacity, the same as an Adhak; a measure of four Adhak; in common use, a measure of thirty-two seers, or rather more than sixty-four lbs. avoirdupois; the sixteenth part of a Kheri, or forty-eight gallons; a proper name, the military preceptor of the Pandwes a raves, or perhaps the carriors crow.

givers s. m. A raven.

होचार । s. m. The capital of a dis-होचार । trict, the principal of four hundred villages.

the s. m. Spite, malice, hatred, mischief, trespass, injury; offence, wrong; rebellion.

রাছবিশব s. m. Injurious design, malice prepense; the wish, thought or attempt to injure.

होशांट s. m. A sort of metre, the Dokes er stanza of Hindi poetry.

হাতী ddj. Hurting, harming, euহাত্যা deavouring to hust, mischievous, spiteful, malicious, malignant, inimical, rebellious.

क्रीविको s fi A vessel holding a drong

see s. m. A pair, a couple (male and female especially).

grees. m. A pair, a brace; a comple of animals or male and female; union of the sexes or coupling.

in couples. [ca).

इसासि s. n. A plant (Plamboga seylani-बादम adj. The twelfth.

बादको s.f. The twelfth day of the half month.

or great periods, comprising 864,000 years; doubt, uncertainty.

expedient, a medium or way by which any thing takes place or is effected.

door or gateway, a passage, an entrance; a way, a means, a medium or vehicle.

Keichae, supposed to have been submerged by the sea but represented by a small island of the north part of the Malabar coast.

वारपाच s. m. A warder, a door-keeper. वारपण्यम् s. m. The Vok, a sort of crane (Ardea nivea).

are selv. By means of.

वारिन् } s.m. A porter, warder, door असी } keeper.

ft dual only, adj. Two.

fenguadj. Twice, two times; multiplied by two, doubled.

विग्रजीकत । adj. Doubled, increased, विग्रजीकृत । augmented.

fun adj. Twice-born. s. m. A man of cither of the three first classes, a Brahman, a Ksheliri, or a Vys, whose investiture with the characteristic string, at years of puberty, constitutes, religiously and metaphorically, his second birth.

বিসন্তবিধান e. m. A tree (Cordia mysa). বিলয়ের s. m. A Sudra or man of the fourth or servile tribe.

विज्ञास कते. Twice-born, regenerate. . . m. A Brahman. [acida]. विज्ञासिया s. f. The moon-plant (Asclepius विज्ञासिक s. m. A man of the fourth or servile tribe, a Sudra.

বিসা s.f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indiqus); gum olil anum.

বিসামনী s. f. The chara teristic thread or cord which designates the three first classes of the *Hindus*.

वितीय adj. Second.

चितीया s. f. A wife, according to the ritual, a woman wedded after the ceremony prescribed by the Vode, a second self as it were; the second day of the fortnight.

दितीयाभा s. f. A scitamineous plant (Curcums zanthowhiza.).

तिथा adv. Of two kinds, in two ways. विधान adj. Having two natures.

fug s. m. A plant (Nesua ferrea), fugu s. m. A place where two roads meet.

frug adj. Two-footed. s. m. A biped, including four genera, gods, demens, men, and birds.

বিষয়ে A serpent. s. f. A leech.
বিষয়ে s. m. A sort of serpent
(Amphishana).

বিষয় adj. Repeated, said twice; said or told in two ways.

त्रिवृत्ति s. f. Tautology, repetition.

दिषप adj. Of two forms.

বিষয় adj. Of two kinds, in two ways.
বিষয়ে \*, m. Any cloven footed animal.

चित्राच s. m. A fortnight.

चित्रद्या s. f. A pregnant woman, चोप s. m. An island, any land surrounded by mater; the world is hence applied to the seven grand divisions of the terrestrial world, each of these teing separated from the next by a peculiar and circumambient ocean; the seven Durips, reckening from the central one, are Jambu, Kus, Pluksh, Salmali, Kreunch, Sak. Pushker: the central Durip, or the known continent, is again portioned into ten divisions, likewise termed Durips: viz. Kuru, Chandra, Varun, Sounzyah, Nuy, Kumarica, Gabhashinam, Tamrapurna, Kaseru, and Indra.

दीयो adj. Islander. s. m. A tiger. देव s. m. Enmity, hate, hatred.

देवी adj. Hostile, inimical, adverse, abenoxious. ३. m. An enemy.

रेष adj. Mateful, detestable.

tann s. f. Aversion, dislike, detestableness.

doubled; duality, in philosophy, the assertion of two principles, as the distinctness of life and soni, spirit and matter, God and the universe.

देतवादी s. m. A philosopher who asserts two principles.

Two-fold, of two sorts.

रेपीबरच s. m. Making two, separating, disuniting.

two things; having two objects.
s. m. A two-fold meaning, double entendre.

## 84

Wagari alphabet; it is the aspirate of the preceding letter, and express-

ed by dh, as in mud-house, but a soft dental.

पंतर s. m. Cowherd, shepherd.

vier s. m. Work.

vium s. m. A kind of drum.

चंचरी a.f. A small drum.

शंपला e. m. Deception, trick,

अंधवाना v. a. To trick.

dut s. m. Business, employment, work, avocation, occupation.

धंपार adj. Solitary.

viviti .. f. Bolitude.

dujui s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

शंदना v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to be thrust into, to sink, to enter, run into.

चन्यम s. m. Palpitation, perturba-पन्यमी s. f. tion, apprehension.

पक्रभकाना v. s. To palpitate.

भक्रकृताता v. s. To be confounded at s audden disaster.

dena, To push, to precipitate.

चकेषना v. a. To shove, to push, to jostle.

धनेनु s.m. A pusher.

धन्नसंद्रा s. m. Shoving and jostling, justling.

wer s. m. A shove, jolt, push, jog. Dhakka dena, To shove, push, jolt.

baz, s. f. An adulteress,
Kazi, or, Bakhshi ka dhaggar, Independent of judge or general ( as expression of pride).

भगीवाना v. s. To roll, to wallow.

धवना . n. To give सक्y, sink ( का क bog, slough, fc.).

time; figure, appearance, person.

Dhoj polatno, To change one's attitude in sword-playing, &c.

धनमंत s. m. Impotency.

धना s.f. A slip of cloth, a standard, a ship's pendant, a flag, a banner. s. m. attitude, posture.

धृत्रीचा adj. Well-looking, personable.

धच्ची s. f. A slip of cloth or paper, a shred. Dhajjian urana, To disgrace. to expose one to infamy. Dhajjian karna, To tear to pieces.

The body.

भड़क s.f. Palpitation ; fear.

धक्कना v. n. To palpitate ; to blaze.

धंदवा s. m. Fear, doubt, suspense; palpitation; thunder.

पद्याना v. c. To affright, to frighten.

अक्ष्यक्रवा v. a. To burn with great fury. Dhardhar rahnd, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate.

चक्षकाना v. m. To flutter, to palpitate. uper s. m. The sound of hammering, &c.; frightening, alarming; a crowd. भूका s. m. The sound of hammering :

frighting, alarming; bullying, bravado : a crowd.

Wi s. m. A party; a weight, Dhara bandhna, To make up a standard to weigh by, with bricks or any thing else; as, by having one weight ( of a pound suppose) it is doubled, quadrupled, and so on, till the weight requisite is obtained.

WIGHT s. m. A crash, report, of gun, explosion.

s.f. A line, particularly the black lines made on the lips with missi; a weight of five seers: the quantity weighed at once.

भूषा है . m. A bird, a kind of myna धक्रवा 🖇 or jay.

यत s.f. A word used to encourage elephants.

चवीननर adj. Ignoble, spurious.

धत्रा s. m. A plant ( Datura fastuosa or thorn-apple).

धतरिया adj. A cheat, an impostor. धधवना v. s. To blaze.

प्रचर् s. m. In versification, certain words or letters, which are reckoned by poets to be unlucky. ( The letters, Th, Ag, An, in begginning of a verse: र r, ज j, च's, in the middle ; and च k, z i, A gyu, in the end of a sentence are of this description ).

धन adj. Fortunate. interj. Well done ! what happiness; how fortunate. s. m. Fortune, prosperity, an expression. of praise, thanks, riches, property of any description, thing, substance. wealth, opulence. Dhan-pair, s. m. An inventory of property. Dhanman, or, Dhanwan, adj. Affluent, rich, wealthy, Dhan manna, To thank, Dhon-andh, adj. Blinded with wealth or riches, purse-proud.

षणंजय s. m. Fire ; a tree (Pentapters arjuna).

षनव s. f. Embroidery, lace.

धनवटी s. f. The season for cutting rice. धननियंत adj. Perse proud.

ष्यचर adj. Opulent, powerful,

पनस्पा s.f. Covetousness.

चनर adj. Beneficent, liberal, who gives away property. &c.

धनर्थ s. m. Fine : amercement.

षबद्प s. m. Pride of wealth.

पनदानी edj. Liberal, munificent, s. m. A benefactor, a donor.

धनकार है a. prop. The name of a phy-षगनारी ∫ sician in the court of Indra,

adj. Powerful, strong, wealthy.

धनपति s. m. The god of riches, Kuver.

भनपान 【 A wealthy person. धनिषय adj. Fond of wealth.

धनपिया s. f. A vegetable (Ardisis solanacea).

घनसङ् odj. Proud, inflated with the pride of wealth.

भवकीभ s. m. Desire of wealth, greediness, avarice.

धनवन धनवान धनाडत्र

धनव्य s. m. Expenditure, extravagance. धनसञ्जाच s. f. Accumulation of wealth. धनस् s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

धनपूरी adj. A chief, a pilferer. s. f. A sort of perfame commonly called Chor.

(Of a country) in which rice is cultivated.

धनदीन adj. Poor, reduced to poverty. धनाबार s. m. Treasury of wealth.

भुगादा s. m. Abounding in riches, wealthy. [property.

चनाचित्रार s. m. A title or right to चनाधित्रारी s. m. An heir.

धनाधिकारिषी s.f. An heiress.

धनाध्यस s. m. A treasurer.

धनार्की a.s.m. Acquisition of propery. धनार्की adj. Seeking for wealth, covetous, miserly.

থকালা s. f. Thirst of wealth, longing after riches.

ঘৰাৰী s. f. One of the musical modes. ঘৰিৰ adj. Pious. s. m. A creditor.

पनिया s. m. Coriander seed (Coriandrum sativum). Dhaniye ki khopri men pani pilana, v. a. To harass, to disturb, to tantalize.

or lunar mansion; the dolphin; it comprises four stars and is figured by a drum or tabor.

with adj. Rich, wealthy, fortunate, an

epithet of Deity. s. m. Owner, proprietor s. f. A beam.

Now: the sign Sogittarius.

Now: A bow: Dhanukdhari, s. m.

An archer. Dhanuk-dhar, s. m. An archer, armed with a bow, an epithet of Krishna. Dhunuk-dhara. s. m. A ceremony in honor of Shiv. Dhanuk-bae, s. f. Tetanus.

ষন্তকী s. f. The bow with which cotton is cleaned. adj. Arched.

पनु:पट s. m. A tree (Buchanania-latifolia).

of which a tough thread is extracted, of which bow-strings were formerly made (Sansiviera zeylanics).

घतुष्रं s. m. An archer, one armed with bow.

धनुधारी s.m. An archer, a bowman.

ষর্ত্তান্তা s.f. A plant, from the leaves of which how strings were made.

धनुर्धता s. f. The meon-plant.

धनुष s. m. A bow.

भुषकोटि :. f. The points or ends of a bow.

धत्रदेकार s. m. The twang of a bow.

भनुषभर } s. m. An archer, bowman.

vageum s. m. Any religious ceremony in which the bow figures as an emblem.

watts. m. Bow.

भवादी s. f. Small bow.

भनेश s. m. The name of a bird with a very large bill ( Buceros ).

ঘৰীৰ s. m. Kuver, the Indian Plutus. খনাইত adj. Successful; true speaking. খনীয় s. m, Cross beams that sustain the supports of a thatch.

virtuous, interj. Well done! what

happiness i how fortunate an expression of praise, worthy of greatness or glory!

pungent seed used by the Hindus as a condiment (Coriandrum sativum). খননা said to have been produced at the churning of the ocean; a celebrated physician who appears to have been the founder of the Hindu medical

धनगरा s. m. A plant (Hedysorum olhogi).

school.

with water, a desert, a waste, a firm spot, land, ground.

পৰী s. m. An archer, a bowman; a name of Urjun; a tree (Pentaptera arjuna); a wag, a wit, a sharp or shrewd man.

W. s. m. Voice, sound, noise, crack, will s. m. Running, race.

भेषा s. m. A stain on cloth; a slap, box, thumb, blow; deception.

धना s. m. A stain on cloth.

भनक s. f. Noise of footsteps over-head, thumping, &c.; threat, threatening, awe. s. m. A blacksmith.

vanue. n. To throb, to shoot (as the pain of a head-ache): to palpitate, to thump; to flash, to glimmer.

chiding; thump, noise produced by the fall of any heavy body.

भनपाना v. a. To threaten, menace, chide, snub, cow, daunt.

धनकाष्ट } s. f. Threatening, threat, धनको menace.

ঘৰঘৰাৰা v. n. To make a noise (with the feet by running about over-head). মুন্ধুৰ adj. Corpulent. धनाबा s. m. A kind of cannon carried on an elephant.

चनाचीचरी s. f. Noise, tumult, bustle, चनाचन s. m. The sound of stamping, thumping.

WHIT s. m. A chime or time in music; running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahamblan mendicants).

a kind of song which is sung during the Holi, or testival held at the approach of the veral equinou; running through fits on religious occasions (among Mahomedan fakirs).

भूमीका s. m. A kind of tambourin.

religious occasions (among, Mahomedan mendicants).

Ψτ s. m. The body, trunk.

the navel (or rather the umbilical vein, perhaps the aorta or caliac artery, as it is said to pulsate) which is supposed by the Hindu physicians to be occasionally removed from its place, and thus to occasion various morbid symptoms. This is called dharan digni, or, not tatia, or, utharna, and the cure is attempted by friction of the belly. s. m. Holding, possessing, having; a measure or weight; a breast, a female breas.

A mountain; a name of Sheshnag, fabulous serpent, said to uphold the earth; a name of Viehnu, in the form of a tortoise and of a boar.

भ्रतिहरू s. m. An esculent root or bulb. भ्रतीभ्र s. m. An epithet of Seshney; mountain. भरवीवृता s.m. A name of Sita, the wife of Ram, earth-born, being turned up from the soil ly a plough, as Janaka was ploaghing a spot to prepare it for a sagrifice.

with s. m. A debtor.

करनी s.f. The earth. Dharti ka phal, . s. m. A mushroom,

भरभगसना v. s. To proceed with tumultuous rapidity; to move with violence, to rush.

भारत s. m. A beam.

sume, put on, apply; to give in charge; to seize, catch, lay hold of, hold keep. Dharana dena, or, bythna, A mode of extorting payment of a debt or compliance with any demand.

भरनी है. m. Adun.

भरवाना v. c. To cause to place, &c.

witt s. f. The earth.

सराना v. n. To owe.

भरिनी s.f. The earth,

Hindu widow among the lower classes: this connection, being connection, being connection, being contrary to the spirit of the Hindu institutions, is formed without any particular ceremony, except marking the bride's head with minium.

thing given in charge, a deposite.

uni s. m. A debtor.

we s. m. Virtue, moral and religious merit, according to the law and the Veds justice, usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, sect, &c.; duty, especially that enjoined by the Veds; fitness, propriety; inno-

cence; any peculiar or prescribed practice or duty; thus, giving alms, &c., is the dharma of a house holder; administering justing, the dharma of a king; piety, that of a Bráhman; courage, that of a Kshettri, law.

भूमें बार्च s. m. Any indispensable act of religion.

भूग किया s. f. Righteous conduct, acting according to law; any religious act. भूगेचेब s.m. A plain in the north-west of India near Delhi, the acene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pandus.

धर्मयक्ष s. m. Observance of moral or religious institutes, accepting or following the law.

धर्मचारिको s. f. A virtuous woman, an honest wife.

धर्मवारी क्यां. Virtuous, moral, dutiful.

भर्मेचिना है. क. } Virtuous reflection.

भूमें adj. Knowing one's duty, conversant with virtue.

ধুনীয়ৰ s. m. Knowledge of moral, legal, and religious duty.

घर्षेष s. m. A sort of tree ; a kind of large snake, not poisonous.

भूमेंब s. m. Morality, piety; inherent nature, peculiar property, देख:

भ्रमस्याव s. m. The abandonment of religion.

षमें वानी s. m. ( s. ) A renegade, a a postate.

धर्महोषी adj. Wicked.

भ्रमंभ्यम s. m. A hypocrite.

ফুর্মজনী s. m. A religious hyprocrite or impostor, one who makes a livelihood by assumed devotion.

भ्रमंगिवन्ध s. m. Piety, virtue.

भ्रमीनवृत्री adj. Pious. holy, engaged in or conducive to virtue.

40—s•

দ্বলিছ a. m. The ordinances of religion.
দ্বলিমান s. f. Duty, moral or religious
observance, discharge or fulfilment of
duty.

भूभेपको s. f. A man's first wife and of the same class.

धुर्भेषत s. m. Glomerous fig tree ( Ficus glomerata ).

धमेपाख s. m. Law-abiding.

भ्रमेष्ठव s. m. A name of the Pándu prince Yudhisthira; a pious and dutiful son.

धर्मप्रभाग adj. Eminent in piety.

भूमभाजिनी 8-f. A virtuous and amiable wife.

भ्रमेस adj. Moral, rightcous, made up of or replete with virtue, &c.

भूम ज s. m. The foundation of Hindu law and religion ( the Veds ).

भूगेराज s.m. A name of Yam, the regent of the dead; of Yudhisthira; also of Arjuns, a king in general.

भगेरीभी adj. Illegal, immoral.

भनेतत s. m. ) adj. Virtuous, pious, up-भनेता s. f. भनेता s. m.

क्षित्राच s. m. Legal marriage of five sorts, as the Brahma, Dyva, Arsha, Gándharba, and Prájápatya.

भुगंदिवेषण s. m. Judicial investigation.

भूगेमाचा s.m. A court of justice, a tribunal.

भूनेबास s. m. The body or code of Hindu law; any work on the subject.

धर्म बीज adj. Virtuous, just, pious.

भूगेबंदिता s. f. A code of laws, especially the work of some saint or divine person, as Manu, &c.

स्पेसभा s.f. A tribunal, a court of justice.

जबेंचेतु s. m. Bridge of justice. (met.) Extremely just, भर्मशीन s. m. Unrighteous, faithless. भर्मीत्मा s. m. A saint, a pious or virtuous person.

घर्राधमेपरीचा s. f. Ordeal by drawing lots or slips of black and white

paper.

चमाधिकारी s. m. A judge. [coc. धमाधिकारी s. m. A magistrate, a judge, धमाधिकार s. m. Conformity to law or virtue, course or practice of duty.

धर्माधीं s. m. One who is jealous for justice or religion.

भुमाननार s. m. An incarnation of justice, used as a term of respect.

भनोसन s. m. The seat of the judge, the bench.

भ्रमिष्ठ adj. Very pious or virtuous.

चर्नी adj. Virtuous, pious, just.

भ्रमीपदेश s.m. Moral or religious instruction. [preceptor.

भ्रमीपदेशक s. m. A guru or spiritual भर्ष s. m. A taking, seizing.

was s. m. A husband; a tree ( Grisles tomentosa).

भवता है s. m. The colour white.

s. m. White ; handsome, beautiful.
s. m. White (the colour); a tree
(Grislea tomentosu); an inferior
mode of music.

ম্বৰ্থৰ s. m. The fortnight of the moon's increase.

भग्नम्तिका s. f. Chalk.

भवित adj. White, whitened.

भवनीक्रम adj. White, made white.

भवजोभूम adj. Become white.

will s. m. A caste of palki bearers who are Musalmans.

भवसना v. n. To give way to sink (usa quagmire or slough).

ঘৰণ s.f. A quagmire; the state of being thrust into.

to be penetrated, to be thurst into, to sink, to enter, run into.

ычы в. т. А вwamp.

wain } s. m. A slough, bog, quagmire.

yeigi v. a. To cause to be thrust into, to sink.

wing s. m. A caste whose business it is to dig the earth.

श्रांभना v. a. To gormandize..

with s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, trick, cheating, juggle, chicanery. Dhandhalpano, s. m. Chicanery, juggle, cheating, subterfuge.

श्रांश्वी A wrangler.

wingle s. f. The report of cannon heard at a distance; a sound made by burning any thing.

श्रीवेवा s. m. A thrasher.

श्रास्त्रा v. n. To cough ( a horse ).

भांची s. f. A cough ( of a horse ).

ung s. f. A nurse.

भारमारणा v. n. To cry, to groan. Dhae mar rone, To cry, to groan, to weep bitterly.

fear, terror; a tree (Butea frondese); a post.

wats. m. A mongrel.

भाषा s. m. A swing; a tree ( Butsa frondoso).

चाना s. m. A thread. Dhaga dolna, v. o. To quilt.

will s.f. Advancing towards or confronting an enemy.

u. s. m. A crowd, a multitude.

भाइस s. m. Firmness of mind.

ধান ) s. m. Ore, metal, mineral; San-খানু } skrit root. s. f. Semen virile. খানৰী s. f. A tree ( Grisles tomentoss).

wint's. m. A supporter.

body, as phlegm, wind and bile; any constituent part of the body, as blood, flesh, &c.; a primary or elementary substance, viz., earth, water, fire, air, and Akssa or atmosphere; the property of a primary element, odour, flavour, colour, touch, and sound; an organ of sense; a mineral, a fossil; a metal; a grammatical root.

भात्यात्रीह s. m. Red sulphate of iron: भात्प s. m. The alimentary juice or chyle.

भातुमत adj. Promoting the animal secretions.

भातुमाचित्र s. m. A mineral substance, a sulphuret of iron.

भातुमारियो s. f. Borax. [fluid] भातुराजक s. m. Semen, the seminal भातुराजक s. m. Borax.

भातनाही s.m. An assayer, a miner, se mineralogist.

भातुवैरी s. m. Sulphur.

भारतिकर s. m. Green anlphate of iron;, or green vitriol.

भातुपन s. m. Chalk.

nurse; the earth, Emblick myrobalan. (1056).

ভাৰীদুখিবা s. f. A tree ( Grisles tomen-খাৰিবা s. f. Emblick myrobalan-ভাছৰ s. f. Fraud, deceit.

भ्रांभुजी है, m. A cheat, swindler.

धान s. m. The rice-plant, or rice before it is separated from the husk.

toil and labour, to drudge; to wor-ship.

भागी s. f. A kind of rice in the husk; a light green colour,

watchman armed with a bow; a caste of hill people using bows and arrows.

বাৰুৰ s. m. A bowyer, an archer.

Pero). A tree (Achy ranthes as-

ally rice (Oriza sation); coriander, a measure equal to four sesamum seeds.

धानाराज o. m. Barley.

भागवत् adj. Abounding in corn, having abundance of it.

man can run without taking breath.

will An upper story.

भाभाई s. m. Foster-brother.

धान s. m. A dwelling, a house, a place. धाननी s. f. Any tubular vessel of the body.

भागवत् adj. Splendid, luminous, eminent, exalted, illustrious.

चाँचा s. m. A large cane basket.

धानिन s. m. A kind of serpent ( which is said to suck cows and to be harmless); a kind of wood; a kind of bamboo.

भाग s. f. A nurse.

भारमारणा v. n. To cry, to groan. Dhas mar rona, To cry, to groan, to weep bitterly.

eurrent; edge (of a sword, &c.); sharpness. Dhar par marna, or, Dhar marna, To contemn, to despise.

भार s. m. Debt; slight sprinkling rain; end, lound, a line or limit.

धारक s. m. A debtor.

Holding, having, keeping,

maintaining, bearing, upholding, such taining, assuming.

keeping in the right way; fortitude, firmness, steadiness, resolution; mental retention, memory. e. a. To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; to pour (water).

body.

taining, upholding, assuming, keeping.

place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; pour (water).

wret s. f. A stream, a current.

withing s. m. A heavy fall of rain, a large drop or shower.

wifer adj. Upheld, assumed, sustained, with s. f. A line, lineament; a small buttress; a plant used in dying (Lythrum fraticosom: Grisles tomentosa); (used in comp.) bearing, holding, having, wearing. Dharider, adj. Lined, striped, streaked.

भाषिक adj. Virtuous, pious, just.

धान s. m. A plant ( Grisles tomentose ). धानम adj. Running. going, swift, expeditious; cleaning, what cleans er eleanses.

भागत adj. Running, going quickly.

purifying.

भागा ज. म. To range, roam; rove; to run, run at, attack; to trudge; to worship.

भावनिका s. f. A prickly night-shade.

भावनी s. f. A sort of creeping plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

पावनाच adj. Running, going swift, ex-

enemy's country, attack, assault; a stock, a store; crewding together; name of a tree. Dhawa marna, To go expeditiously from a distant place, to run on or about.

भावित adj. Purified, cleaned, cleaned; gone, gone or run away; run to, advanced to or against.

WIV s. f. Cry, noise. Dhaha marna, To cry, to groan.

for adv. An interjection of repreach or menace, or of contempt and aversion, fie, shame, &c.

বিষাৰ s. m. Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt; curse, anathema.

चिद्यारना v. c. To repreach, to curse.

नियारी adj. Damned, oursed.

चिंनामा s. m. Clamour, oppression.

funds. m. A kind of tamarind.

for s. f. A daughter.

furum s. m. Disrespect, repreach, consure, contempt; curse, anathems.

Future s. m. A caste of people who work on bamboos.

বিবাস s. m. A potentate, a monarch, an emperor.

चिराम e. a. To threaten, to bully. भी s.f. Understanding, intellect,

धींब है s. m. A paramour.

धींन पांगी s. f. Teaming.

ঘীত ৱ জ. (a) An impudent person.

भीदा s. f. A virgin, a maid.

धीन्द्रिय s. m. An intellectual organ, as the mind, the eye, ear, nose, tongue, skin.

चीम s. m. Slowness; gentleness.

चीनत s.m. } adj. Sensible, wise, चीनती s.f. } learned.

भीमर s.m. A fisherman; a caste of fishermen.

चीमा s. m. ( a ) Lazy, slow.

घोमा adj. Slow, lazy, gentle, mild, temperate, abate, allayed. Dhime dhime; adv. Gently, softly.

चीनाई s. f. Slowness, tardiness, gentleness, mildness.

धीनान् adj. Sensible, wise, learned. धीनेधीने ( ddn. ) Slowly, gently, softly.

adj. Resolute, firm, steady, patient, sedate. s. m. Resolution, firmness, patience, deliberateness, sedateness,

भौरक s. m. } Patience, sedateness, भौरता s. f. } gravity ; firmness, de-

भीरल s. m. Firmness, fortitude.

भारा asj. Gentle, patient, deliberate, sedate, grave.

षोरिया s.f. A daughter.

भोरेशोरे adu. Slowly, gently.

fishermen.

भोपरी s.f. A fisherman's wife ; a sort of harpeon for catching fish with.

चीवान् adj. Intelligent, renowned, famous.

while s. f. An intellectual faculty or power of the understanding, as attention, comprehension, &c.

दुंबार s. m. Seasoning with which any thing is fried.

भुंबारना v. a. To season with spices.

y't s. m. Dim-sightedness; haziness, mistiness. [tiness.

y units. m. The sen of Atmdeb who was a demon.

चुंधराना v. n. To be dull, misty.

gway adj. Foggy, misty, dull.

guart s. f. Dimness, cloudiness, mis-

y dat adj. Kusvish.

TI s. m. Smoke.

भक्षक क . f. Palpitation, agitation.

भुकाको अ. f. A purse.

yৰম্বা s.f. An ornanent worn on the breast; perturbation, anxiety, apprehension; consideration, reflection.

धून s. m. Shaken, agitated.

धवना v. To cheat.

चती s. f. Cheat.

भूसा s. m. Trick, deception. Dhutta. dena, To deceive.

ys s. f. Inclination, propensity, application, diligence, perseverance, ardour, ambition, assiduity; pains in the bones; sound, musical sound.

सन्दर्भा v. a. To card or comb ( cotton ).

भुनन। (v.) To comb, card (cotton).

धनशे s.f. The bow with which cotton is carded.

ধুৰি s.f. Sound, musical sound.

धुनिया s.m. A carder, a comber (of cotton).

ধুনিয়ার s. m. Pains in the bones. [er. ধুনীয়া s. m. A carder of cotton, a comb-

भूम आर s. m. An insect ( Coccinella ).

beat (the head). Sir dhunna, To beat one's head with vexation, &c.

garment for covering the legs.

भ्रमस adj. Blind, dim-sighted.

भुनवाई e.f. Gloominess.

st s. m. Beginning; limit, end. Daur se dhur tak, From beginning to end.

पुर्वह s. m. A kind of song.

भुरसामा v. a. To throw dust; to winnow, to sift.

ध्रो s. f. An axletree.

- भुक्षवाना v. a. To cause others to wash.

भुजार s. f. Washing ; price of washing.

পুৰুৱী s. f. The first day of the wife mouth Chytra, on which it is the practice to scatter ashes.

धुरेबा s. f. The introductory stanza to a song, forming afterwards the burthen of each verse.

भुगंधार Much smoke, smoky.

भुवद्धि s. m. A chimney.

धुविया s. m. Washerman.

पुरुष् s. f. Thorn-apple ( Datura fastuoss).

yer s. m. Flannel, a kind of coarse stuff made of shawl-wool.

भूषां भूवा } s. m. Smoke, steamer.

W W. s. f. Fogginess, dulness.

भू भरा adj. Foggy, dull, gloomy.

weather, gloominess; desolateness; name of a game.

चूंबारा s. m. A chimney.

भू गराना v. o. To smoke.

भूनक } s. m. Rosin, resin.

धूनी ady. Persevering. s. f. fumigation by way of exercising one possessed; or, as a medical application; a fire lighted by a Hindu mendicant, over which he sits, imbibing the smoke, by way of penance. It is often practised by them in the manner of dharns, to extort compliance with their demands: hence. Dhuni dena, To dun, to importune : to smoke. Dhuni lagani, To insist obstinately, or to persevere in a demand; fumigation by way of exorcising one possessed; or, as a medi-Dhuni lens, To incal application. hale smoke, or undergo fumigation.

that proceeds from the combustion of any fragrant gum or resin, the use of which is authorized by the shasters; the perfume burnt by Hindus at the time of worshipping. s. f. Sunshine, the heat of the sun. Dhupdani, s. f. A pot for keeping dhup.

चूपहोप ड. m. An offering of incense to an idol.

घूपना v. c. To smear with pitch, to pitch, to perfume.

च्यक्र s. m. A species of pine ( Pinus longifolia).

चूपाङ s. m. Turpentime.

चन s. m. Smoke. s. f. Tumult, bustle, noise, fame, rumour, report.

भूसकेतु s. m. A comet or falling stars.

चूनधाम s. m. Pomp, parade, tumult, bustle, noise.

भूमप्रभा s. f. A supposed division of hell, the hell of smoke,

पनरा इतेचा the colour of smoke, compounded of black and red.

धर 8. f. Dust.

भूरभानी s. m. A tall stout fellow. s. f. A firelock (without a chamber).

ध्रसंभा s. m. Evening.

ध्रादेना v. a. To deceive, to wheedle, to take in.

धूरिवावेचा s. m. A species of jasmine.

घरियानशार s. m. A musical mode (particularly suny in the beginning of the rains). [evening.

भूतिवादेका s. m. A kind of Jasmine; भूति कार्गु, Fraudulent, crafty, cunning, sly, dishonest, knavish, &c.; mischievous, injurious. s. m. A gamester, a rogue, a cheat. भूती s.f. Knavery, roguery, knavishness, cunning, slyness.

ध्तनी s. f. Conning, knavish.

धंल भेषि । s. f. Dust.

भ लग s. m. Poison.

der thrown about at the spring festival called the Huli.

धूसना v. a. To ram, to stuff; to butt (as hornea cattle-).

भूमर adj. Grey, of that colour. s. m. Grey (the colour); any thing of a grey tint.

घुषाधानी s. f. Cramming and stuffing. घुषा s. m. A scarecrow.

ध्य } interj. Fie! shame!

ध्रत adj. Possessed, held, contained.

ef Durysdhan, and uncle of the Pandu princes; a good king. [ed. भुताला adj. Firm, steady, calm, collect- धृति s. f. Steadiness, firmness; a metre, a stanza of four lines of eighteen syllables each.

हतिमत s. m. हतिमत s.f. हतिमान s.m. adj. Firm, steady, culm.

धेगामृष्टि s. f. Fistienffs.

चेतु s. f. A milch cow, one that has lately calved.

चेतुमती s. f. The Gourtee river.

चेरा adj. Squint-eyed.

चेता s. m. Half a pice or pysa.

चैक ह. m. Steadiness, firmness.

भैयंबाजित adj. Steady, calm, assuming firmness or composure.

भैवत s. m. The sixth note of the gamut.

भीषा s. m. A present of fruit.

with s. f. Pulse which has been soaked previous to boiling, a mash.

(met.) a pot-belly, a large belly.

भौवाना s. m. A chimney.

भी इ. f. Salutation, lowing down to idols.

भोक्ष adj. Robust, athletic.

धीका s. m. Deceit.

blunder; disappointment; doubt, hesitation; a scarecrow; anything imaginary, not real, a vapour resembling water at a distance. (French mirage).

Dhokha khona, To be deceived. Dhoka dena. To deceive.

water-snake.

भाग adj. False, treacherons, perfidious. भोगी s. f. A cloth worn round the waist, passing between the legs and fastened behind

भीना v. a. To wash, s. m. Washing.

will s. f. A kind of sword.

भीष s. m. Washing.

দীবিদ s.f. A washer-woman, washerman's wife.

धोबी s.f. A washerman.

भोवें जीवनार s. f. A sour belch.

भीरि s. f. Tradition.

भीरा s. m. Name of a medicine.

भीरी 8. m. A bullock.

भीवा adj. Washed.

चीचा s. m. A coarse kind of shawl.

\$ s.f. A kind of wood. (Lythrum fruticosum; Grislea tomentosa).

wit s. m. A weight of 20 seers. pron. Whether.

वीच s. f. Breathing, panting; the asthma. [&c.

भोजना v. c. To blow with the bellows, भोजनी s.f. Bellows.

খাৰ s. f. Thought, consideration, contemplation, reflection. dinin edj. Rich, wealthy; strong, stout; bold; violous, mischievous.

चैताची s.f. Riches; strength; courage; viciousness, mischievousness.

vite s. m. Assault, threatening.

भो (संपद्धा s. m. Blustering, bullying, tumult, the impetuous assault of a crowd or body of men.

witer s. m. A large kettle-drum.

भौ जिला s. m. The leader of a hue and cry or posse comitatus,

An adj. Washed, cleaned, purified.

भौतिविश्व s. m. Crystal.

भौर s. m. A large kind of dove.

भौरा } adj. White.

भौति क sdj. Belonging to a cheat, knsvish, fraudulent, dishonest, &c.

भीज s.f. A thump, a rap, a slap.

धीलक्षड़ना है v. a. To thump. Dhoul धीलकाड़ना lagna, v. a. suffer To धीलकनाना loss.

পাৰা s. m. Thumping and slapping. পাৰা adj. White. Dhouls-gir, s. m. Name of a mountan.

भीवाई s. f. Whiteness.

. धीखानिरि s. m. Snowy mountaine

धीलाजा है v. o. To thump, to box, to धीलियाना है slap, to cuff.

reflection, thought, consideration, imagination, advertency, but especially that profound and abstract consideration which brings its object fully and undisturbedly before the mind; mental representation of the personal attributes of the divinity to whom worship is addressed.

ध्यानवीच s. m. The performance of religious abstraction.

ध्याना v. a. To meditate on, to think on, to adore, to know.

given to meditation ( on divine matters ), religious.

ध्वाणीय adj. To be meditated upon.

ध्यानी है ७. ७. To meditate on, to think ध्याननी on, to adore, to know.

ya adj. Fixed, stable, firm; true, right. s. m. The polar star or north pole itself.

भुवतारा s. m. The polar star.

भ्वपद् s. m. A kind of song.

yer s.f. A plant (Hedysarum gangeticum); a small tree, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made; the introductory stanza of the song, it is distinct from the verses of the song, after each of which it is again repeated as a burden or chorus; a virtuous woman.

us. m. The pole) of the earth ), polar.

चंत्र s. m. Loss, destruction.

ध्य सन s. m. Loss, destruction.

भ्य चित adj. Lost, destroyed.

जंबी s. f. A mote in a sunbeam. adj. Destructive, destroying.

ard, a ship's pendant; a flag-staff.

भनी s. m. A standard-bearer.

भारती s. m. The humble bee.

আৰী s. m. Sound; the sound of a drum. আৰম ady. Sounded, making a noise as a drum, &c.

ध्विनगला s.f. The Vina or lute; a pipe, a fife; a sort of trumpet.

a gull, &c. feeding upon fish.

ध्यावना v. To meditate; reflect.

भाग s. m. A flag or banner. ,

## म

alphabet, having the sound of. adv. No, not.

in adj. Naked; shameless. Nanga
in karna, To bare, to uncover.

Nanga jhuri; s.f. Searching, examining (as people leaving a workshop, to prevent pilfering). Nangamádarzad, Stark-naked. Nangamanga, or Nanga munang, adj. Naked.

Nanga-sir, Bareheaded. Nanga talwar, A drawn sword, Nangi shamsher,

A drawn sword; one who speake
his mind freely and without reserve,

Nange paon, or Nange pyron, Barefoot, bare-footed

नंगठा adi. Naked.

नंगधड़ न adj. Stark naked.

भंगाकीरी s.f, A searching.

नंनमुनंत s. m. (a.) Stark naked.

नंगियासेना v. a. To take and strip.

नंद s. f. A sister-in-law, husband's sister. s.m. The foster-father of Krishna.

भंदन s. m. A son ; the grove or garden of Indra, Elysium.

नंदनदन s.m. The foster son of Nanda, i, e. Krishna.

मंदीला s. m. An earthen vessel.

नंदीसी है s. m. Husband's sister's hus-नंदीर्स band.

नंधना v. n. To begin.

na (In comp.) Nose, as. Nak-glusni, s. f. Rubbing the nose on the ground in prostration, or by way of humiliation.

नकिषयनी है s.f. The rubbing the nose नकियाँ on the ground in humble prostration.

नकपड़ा adj. Angry, fretful, ill-tempered, warm, passionate, fastidious.

41-88

প্ৰভিন্তপী s. f. A sternutatory plant, (Artimisia sternutatoria).

hazi adj. Nose-clipt, noseless. s. m. A rogue; name of a lird.

जबका s.m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

भवनीका adj. Droll, waggish, roguish.

जनायानी s. f. At the last gasp, at the point of death.

সন্ধাৰা s. m. Name of a disease.

Noksirphutna, To bleed at the nose.

wart s. m. Refusal, denial.

नवारना v. s. To refuse.

পদাবা s. m. (d: Worthless.

নৰিবালা v. To speak through the nose.

गङ्कं Nothing, not any thing,

The nose.

ৰয়ৰ s. m. The Bengal mungoose (Virerra ichneumon).

if wounded in a conflict with a poisonous snake, is supposed to prevent the effects of the venora by the use of this plant.

जञ्चा s.m. The nose; a disease of the point of any thing.

ment fixed to a camel's nose, and to which the string by which he is led is fastened; a cavesson.

Nakka dua, A kind of game at dice.

नहीं s. f. speaking through the nose, nasal sound.

ग्योतंड e. f. Name of a game.

नह adj. Infamons.

नस्माच s. m. A tree (Galedupa arborea). नस s. m. An alligator; the nose.

नकराज s. m. A shark.

नचम s. m. A star in general; an asterism in the moon's path or lunar mansion of which twenty-eight, dis-

tinct in name, figure, and number of stars, are enumerated: the Peuranic and popular enumeration of those constellations is twenty-seven; Ubhijit, the twenty-seventh, being considered as formed of portions of the two contiguous asterisms, and not distinct from them. Besides the common division of the zodiac into twelve signs, the Hindus divide it into twenty-seven Nachatras, each of which has its appropriate name, and two and a quarter of which are included in each sign.

ন্দ্ৰশন্ম s. m. A particular diagram for ] astrological purposes.

नचननाजा s. f. A necklace containing twenty-seven pearls; the table of the asterisms in the moon's path.

नचनी adj. Born under a lucky planet, fortunate.

nus. m. A finger or toe nail. Nakh-sikh or, Nakh-seh sikh-talk, From top to toe, entirely, throughout, (lit.) from the (toe) nails to the hair on the crown of the head.

नवाह . m. The string of a paper kite. नवाह adj. Who or what eats with nails or talons.

नचन s.m. A star; a constellation.

नचनी adj. Fortunate, born under a lucky planet.

नवपद s. m. A scratch, the mark of a finger nail.

नषरेबा s. f. निष्ण marks left by the nails, a scratch.

निषयाना v. d. To claw, to scratch.

and s. f. A perfume, a dried substance of a brown colour, and of the shape of a nail; apparently a dried shell-fish, used as a perfume; a vegetable perfume, different from the one above, though know by the same name. Nathi, adj. Nailed, clawed, having nails or talons.

नव s. m. A mountain; the stone of a ring, or a stone on which a name &c., is cut, a jewel, gem, precious stone.

नगचाई है. f. Approach.

नवच:ना v. n. To approach.

नमञ्ज क dj. Mountaineer.

नवस s. f. Heart-pea (Cardiospermum halicacabum).

नगदीना s. m. Wormwood.

नगन odj. Naked.

नवपति s. m. Himalayah, the personified range of snowy mountains dividing India from Tartary, &c.

नविषद् s. m. A plant (Plectronthus scutellaroides).

अनम् adj. Mountain, mountaineer.

नगर s. m. A town, a city. Nagar-nari. s. f. A courtezan.

वगरञ्जन s. m. Town's-folk, citizens.

नमस्वासी s. m. One who resides in a city. [city.

नगरनियासी s. m. One who resides in a नगरा s. m. A raised seat or platform on each side of a doorway.

नगरीक्षदिपची s. f. A species of metre.

नगरी s. f. A town, a village. adj. Of er belonging to a town or village.

नवरीपान s. m. Suburb, skirts of the town.

कारा e. m. A kettle drum.

ৰৰাম্য adj. Living in or frequenting. mountains. [ring.

नवीना s. m. The stone or bezel of a

ৰম্ব adj. Naked. s. m. A naked mendicant.

and s. m. Nudity, nakedness.

throw the mixture for spirituous liquors into fermentation.

नमा s. f. A naked woman.

a kind of religious mendicant, who wanders about without clothes; a Bouldh, a Jyn.

निकाड. f. A girl before menstruction or about ten years old; naked woman.

नदीक्षरक s. m. Stripping, undressing, नदीक्षत adj. Stripped, undressed, nakedi. नदनिक्ष s. m. Dancer.

नचना है v. a. To make to dance.

नचवैद्या s. m. A. dancer.

a tribe who are generally jugglers, rope-dancers, &c., a tumbler in casts, the son of a degraded Kehattri by a woman of the second class or casts; a sort of reed (Arando tibiolis, or, A. karka); a subordinate mode of music.

news adj. Reguish, waggish, artful, trickish, shrewd. s. m. A cheat.

बटचरी s. f. Trick, roguery, artifice, artfulness.

नहन s. m. The art or act of dancing, ] pantomime, &c.

नटना v. To deny.

नदनारावच s. m. A Rag or mode of music, according to some, the sixthor to others, a subdivision of Dipak or of Magh.

नहपनिका s. f. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

नहबर है. m. A juggler, rope-dancer, नहबर है mimic, actor, &c.; a chief dancer or actor.

नडन अन a. m. Yellow orpiment.

Azı s. f. A shrub (Cæsalpinia bon-duccella).

নহিন ) s. m. A female ropedancer, নহিনী b tumbler, mimic.

ৰহী s. f. A medicinal plant; a whore.
. a nack girl, a dancer, an actress; red arsenic.

\*\* s. m. A sort of reed (Arundo tibiolis, or, A. karka); a particular trile whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelets.

मञ्ज्ञीय adj. Abounding in reeds ( a field, &c ).

म्म्भीन s. m. A small fish a kind of sprat hunting reedy places.

नदीन adj. Reedy, abounding in reeds.

ৰব s. m. The arc or distance of any planet from the zenith.

সৰমূল ady. Down-faced, looking down.

नतांत्र s. m. Zenith distance (in Astronomy).

नवाक adj. Bent, curved, bowed, stooping.

नताकी s.f. A woman.

नित s.f. Bending, bowing, stooping, curvature, crookedness.

निवा s. f. Grand-daughter, daughter's daughter.

नतेत s. m. A relative.

nose (on the left nostril); a rope passed through the nose of a draught ox.

সমনা s. m. A nostril, a ring for the nose, v. n. To have the nose pierced (a bullock), nathna charhána, To be angry or displeased.

नथनी s.f. A small ring worn in the nose; a ring inserted in the hilt of a sword.

75 s.m. A river, applied only to one

of which the personification is male, as the Brahmaputra, Sone, Indus, &c.

নতীৰ s. f. A river in general; the common personification of rivers being female.

नदीकाचा s.m. A tree (Burringtonia ocutangula); a small tree (View negundo).

नदीबाना s. f. The rose apple ( Eugenic jumbu ); a shrub ( Lees hirts ).

नदीकुल s. m. The bank or shore of a river.

नदीकुलप्रिय s.m. A sort of reed (Calamus rotang).

ৰহীজ adj. Acquatic. water-born, a tree ( Pentaptera arjung ); the marsby date tree.

नदीतोर s. m. The bank of a river.

नहोसर्च s. m. A tree (Pentspiera ar-

नहेंथा s. f. A plant ( Premna herbacea ). नहोंचा s. m. A large earthen pan.

ननका s.m. A little child, a son; an expression of endearment.

ननह नंह े s. f. A sister-in-law hus-ननहिंग band's sister. ननहों

मनीकाल s. m. Maternal grand-father's family.

नन्दिक्वीर नन्दकुमार The forster son of Nanda, नन्दमात i.e. Krishna. \ नन्दमन्दम

नन्तीप s. m. An epithet of the cowherd Nando.

नव्दन s. m. A son; the grove or garden of *Indra*, elysium. adj. Delighting, rejoicing, making pleased or happy.

नन्दनक The pleasure grove of the Gods. नन्दराकी s.f. Wife of Nando (Yashoda). नन्दराब s.m. Krishno's foster father.

नदलाल । s. m. The beloved of Nanda नद्युत् । (Krishna). শব্দি । s. m. Toon, a tree the wood পৰ্টিয় of which resembles mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrella Tuna).

निद्नी s. f. Wife's sister.

नन्दो नेल s. m. The bull of Sivs.

बन्दीर } s. m. Husband's sister's hus-नन्दीसी } land.

ब्दोबा s. m. A large earthen vessel.

now; adj. 'Small, diminutive, neat, nutty, tiny.

সমুখা s. m. A vessel for measuring with.

नपुंचक adj. m. Of neither sex.

dite; an impotent or imbecile man; the neuter gender. adj. Unmanly, coward.

मधुस्वता s. f. Unmanliness.

THE s. m. Grand son.

न्या s. m. Profit, benefit.

नफीरी s. f. A kind of trampet.

नवीन adj. New.

नचे Ninety

न्य s. m. The sky, ether, atmosphere. न्यन adj. Moving in the atmosphere.

नभगनाय s. m. Lord of the birds (adjutant).

नमनिरा s.f. A voice from the skies. नभनेश (Crane, adjutant.

नमचर adj. What moves in the sky; aerial. s. m. A bard; a cloud; air wind.

লগাছিল adj. Abiding in heaven or in the sky, s. m. A division of the infernal regions, a hell.

नमः s. m. Salutation, reverence, bowing, obeisance, adoration.

नयकीम s.f. Pickled lemons.

मनत र adj. Bending, stooping, bow-

नमन adj. Like, resembling.

नमना unt. Te bow in obeisauce.

ननिवच adj. Reverenced, respected, worshipped.

नमसार s. m. Respectful or reverential address or salutation, adoration.

नमकारी s. f. A sensitive plant.

নন্দ adj. Venerable, respectable, entitled to salutation or civility.

ननस्ति adj. Reverenced, respected, worshipped.

ननेष s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpus. ननेष्य s. m. A spiritual teacher.

नव adj. Bending; (met.) Courteous. नवता s. f. Condescension.

नवस्य s.m. } odj. Looking down, नवस्यो s.f. } having the head bent.

नयन s. m. The eye.

नयना s. f. The pupil of the eye.

नयनीत्सन s. m. A lamp; any lovely or desired object.

नयानम s. m. New birth.

नवानीपाचन s. m. The outer angle or canthus of the eye.

नवनीयभ s. m. Green sulphate of iron, or the salt in a state of partial decomposition by exposure to the atmosphere.

नया adj. New. Nych sir se, adv. Anew, afresh.

at s. m. Man, individually or generally, a man, a male, mankind. adj.

Masculine, male.

including a number of places of torture of various descriptions.

tarus, eighty-six such are enumerated,

नरकशंका e.f. The Torments of hell. नरकी Hellish.

नरकूट है s.m. A reed of which mats नरकूच है are made ( Arumdo tibiails ). The wind-pipe.

नरकुखा s. f. The river of hell.

मरका s. m. Small scales.

जरदेव s. m. A king.

नरपति s. m. A king, a sovereign prince. नर्भित्र adj. Favourable or friendly to mankind.

লংপুর s. m. One of the three loks or regions of the universe, the abode of

man, the earth. [Narain. नरवाइन s. m. Kuber, the treasurer of नरम् s. f. Varat Varsh, India, or the central part of the known continent; the birth place of men.

MEMINI v. a. To soften.

जरनेष s. m. A human sacrifice.

मरदप ady. Having the human form.

नरदपी adj. Having the human form.

नर्जिपि s. m. Human writing.

सर्वोच s. m. The Earth. [being. सर्वोच s. m. The sacrifice of a human सर्वित s. m. A horn (musical), a wind instrument.

नरींसन्ति . m. One who plays on the horn.

नदसिंह s.m. The fourth Avatar or incarnation of Vishnu, which is said to have happened in the Sat-jug, upon the following occasion, Hinnya Kasyap, an impious prince, was engaged at his son Prahlad for worshipping the Almighty, and tried every means of destroying him, by poison, by throwing into fire, into the ocean, &c., yet Prahlad lived. "If your God is present every where," says Hirnyah Kasyap, let him come from an alabastar pillar;" on which, it is said, Narasingha appeared, with the lower part of a man and the upper of a lion, destroyed the father, and set the son on the throne, &c.

नरवी solv. The fourth day past or to come, some day ago or hence.

नरक्ष s. m. Shank, leg.

नरशिंसा s. f. Homicide, murder.

नराधन s. m. A low or vile man, a wretch.

नरिवा ८. f. A tile.

नरी s. f. A kind of leather, skin; a weaver's shuttle.

नद्भ adj. Male, masculine.

নবৈ s. m. নবৈ s.m. ম Nareti dabana, To throt-নবি s.f.

नरेन्द्र s. m. A king, an anointed sovereign.

नरेश नरेशर } s.m. A king.

नक Hell.

नर्गक s. m. An actor, a mimie; a juggler, a dancer, a player of any description; a reed ( Arando karka).

नर्गचो s. f. An actress, female dancer or singing girl.

नर्भेग s. m. Dancing, gesticulating, seting.

ন্ত্ৰ s. m. A stanza of four parts, having seventeen syllables in each.

river, which rising in the *Vindhys* mountains, runs westward to the gulph of Cambay.

name of a king, and hero of several poetical works famous among the Hindus, especially the poem called Nyshudh; a tube, spout, joint of bamboo or other hollow wood; the bamboo which fowlers use to entangle game by applying bird-lime to the top of it. Nat chalana, Setting the bamboo in metion, denotes a magical

practice adopted for the discovery of theft. Two pieces of split bamboo, of equal lengths, are applied to one another side by side, and held by two men, one at each end. It is said that any persons taken at random may be employed for this purpose. Then the magician prenounces certain incantations, the efficacy of which is pretended to be such that bamboos spontaneously move towards the place where he thief or the stolen goods are, and drag the men along with them. Nal dar nal, One tube within another.

Akani nala, or Bhuin sala, A sort of fireworks, roman candle, made of iron, buffalo-horn, or bamboo, placed on the ground. Dam sala, A variety of the above-mentioned, but with occasional globes of bright light bursting up Hath sala, Of the like sort as above, but small, held in the hand.

after s. m. A lotus or water-lily (Nelumbium spec osum, or Nymphoso nelambo); the Indian crane.

निखनी s. f. An assemblage of lotus flowers; a place abounding in lotuses.

निवा s. m. A caste whose employment is to catch birds with birdlime by means of the nal, or reed.

nols. f. A tube, pipe, spout; the windpipe, ureter, &c.; a gun-barrel; the bone of the leg, the tibia; weaver's shuttle, or the little tube within the shuttle on which the woof is wound.

THE IS. M. A tube, a joint of bamboo to convey letters in; straw.

লক s. m. A furlong, a distance measure ed by four hundred cubits.

नव: adj. New, nine.

one recently married, or one in whom menstruction has lately commenced.

नवपड s. m. The mine planets.

natur s. m. pl. The nine planets, or sun, moon, five planets, and the ascedding and desending nodes.

बरकाव s. m. A student, a novice.

नवद्धावर } Sacrifice, victim.

नवजीवना s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

ननता s. f. Novelty.

that applied to the body, which has nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, eyes, anus, &c.

नगवामित s. f. The nine kinds of devotion recognized by Hindus.

कानागरी s.f. (a.) Female who has never known a male.

ৰৰ্থিষি s.f. The treasure of Kuver, the god of riches. consisting of nine falulous gems.

भवनी s. f. नवनीत s. m.

नवपत्तिका s. f. A bride, a newly married woman; a girl in whom menstruation has recently commenced.

नवच्च s. f. A bride, a newly married woman.

करवाचा s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

नंदण adj. Nicth.

नवस्तिचा s. f. Double jasmine ( Jasminum zambee). [month. गवमो s. f. The ninth day of a lunar half नवसीवना s. f. A young woman. pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Gomed; the nine men of letters at the court of Vikramadityah, or, Dhanwantari, Kshapanakak. Umarsingh, Sanku, Vetalubhatt, Ghatakarpur, Kalidas, Varahamihir, and Vararuchi.

from the first of the light half of Aswin to the ninth; part of the time devoted to the worship of Doorga.

नवस adj. Beautiful. s. m. A sapling. नवनरिका s. f. A newly married woman. नवनका s. m. New cloth.

name s. m. A name given to any of the nine inferior classes, the cowherd, gardener, oilman, weaver, confectioner, water-carrier, potter, blacksmith, and barber.

collectively, or funeral offerings on the first, third, fifth, seventh, ninth, and eleventh days after a person's demise. [vered.

नवसृतिका e. f. A woman recently deli-नवा adj. New.

वर्ग इ. m. A ninth, a ninth part.

जाए। s. m. A boat; a particular kind of boat, a barge.

স্থানা v. a. To bend bownwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

প্ৰায় s. m. New rice or grain; a ceremony observed on first eating the rice, &c. of the last harvest.

नवासर s.m. New and unbleached cloth. नवारना v.n. To travel, to walk, to wander, to go round, to sarround; to shut out, to exclude.

नरारी s.f. A flower, a sort of jasmine.

नवी s.f. The string with which a cow's feet are tied when milking, a tether. नवीकत sdj. Renewed, revived, done or made anew.

नवीन adj. New ; youthful.

नवीनवा s. f. Newness.

नवीमत् adj. Renewed, revived.

नव odj. New, recent, young, &c.

নমান s. m. A bird, said to be a sort of crow.

नमान adj. Perishing, decaying, decaying. wasting, being destroyed.

नवर s. m. } odj. Mischievous, destructive.

नष्ट adj. Lost, destroyed, removed, annihilated.

नष्ट s. m. Destroyed, spoilt.

नटपन् s. m. The moon on the fourth lunation of either half of Bhadr.

नष्टचेतन adj. Fainted, insensible.

नष्टवा s. f. Destruction, annihilation.

नहां s. f. An adulteress.

नमा s. f. The nose.

नसाना v. Spoil, squander.

नसाना v.a. To destroy, to annihilate, to spoil, to squander. v. n. To be destroyed or annihilated.

नसी s. f. A coulter, a ploughare.

नसीड adj. Ill-omened.

नसीसी } क्यां. [Intoxicating.

नरीनी Stair.

नस ३. m. A. sternutatory, snuff, &c. the nose.

नदा s. f. A hole, bored in the septum of the nose.

নম adj. Nasal, relating or be longing to the nose. s. m. A sternutatory.

ৰম্ব s. m. Nail (of the finger, &c.), talon.
Nah long, To trip, to stumble.

new odi. Meagre, leal.

कहा a. m. A scratch with the nail or talon. नहनी s. f. An instrument for cutting nails; a kind of chisel used in polishing. and turning brass, &c. जंदरची & f. An instrument for paring the nails with. সঙ্গৰা ? s. m. A kind of disease of Tive She skin. अफबराना v. d. To cause to be buthed or washed. नेक्षामा o. a. 'To entise to bathe. " were s. m. Bathing ablittion. . 14 15 नहाना रु. भे. 'Po bathe, to wish. **विश्वाद्य के जिल्लाहर्ग के आ**enses के नेंद्री के देखें. Williont enright. नहाइपा s. m. A ghinea worm (Filaria I - 15 medinensis ). #ff ado." No. not. "" Wife's family. नहीं ado. No, not, nay: महीती adv. Otherwise, else. of ddv. No, not. ₩ñe: जारीन s. f. Female of Not; 'a balber's 8. m. A barber. नंहिया अ म. Pho bull and vehicle of Shiva. ৰাৰতাৰ Name and place, সাল কিন্দ্ৰান wir ado. Nonpay. MIT & f. The nose. Nak katang, To dishonour. Nak kati honi, To, lose one's honour. Nuk charkana, To be angry or displeased. Nak rakhna, To preserve one's honour. Nak sakorna, To turn up one's nose, to be displeased. Heaven, paradise, ether, sky, atmosphere. नावका के क An inflammation in भी nose, the polypus. Tiers s. J. A female dancer of the

court of Indra.

The extremity of a road: the eye of a needle; an alley, avenue, Inne Nakeh bands, Shutting up नाका s. m. An alligator. A ो ाहालीमा नाइन adj. Relating or belonging to an ichneumon. नामुनी s. f. A plant; the ichneumon plant, a vegetable supposed to furhish the mungoose with an antidote, when bitten in a conflict with a snake (Serpent ophicaylon )). the moon's passage through the twenty-seven mansions, or of thirty days of sixty gharis each. नाचितवा अलें। Balating for belonging to the lanar asterisms. The state or condition to which a person is subjected agreeably nativity, aerolid presiding over his am 3: M. A demigod so called, having a human face, with the tail of a ser-Kolaber Naga; the race of these beings is said to have spring from Kadru, the wife of Kasyap, in order to people Patal or the regions below the earth; a serpent in general or especially the spectacle snake or Cobra di Capello (Colober Naga) small tree (Mesna ferrea); a sort of grass (Cyperus pertennis), a trea used in dying (Rottlerie finctoria); one of the astronomical periods called Karan: it is one of those termed invariable, and always corresponds to the last half of Anawaya or new moon. mioni. जार जार जार कार्य कर्म पूर्व hear ed of नागकचा s.f. A race of females said to inhabit Patal or the regions under 42-83

the earth, and to be of serpentine extraction, but very beautiful. नावक्षण s. m. . A small tree ( Mesus ferres ). भाविषया s. f. A plant (Asclepias pseudosarsa). नागनिश्चिता s. f. Red arsenick. नागक्तीवन s. m. Tin. नागरमा s. m. Elephant's tooth or ivory. नागहनी 8. f. A sort of sun-flower ' (Heliotropium Indicum). नागहीन s. m. A kind of wood, by touching it is said that fetters spontaneously fall off. बानहींना s. m. Aplant (Artemisia vulgaris ). नानम है। दे. f. A sarpent ( female). जानप्रामी s. f. A Hindy holiday, the 5th of Srawan, sukla-paksha, on which day they worship a anake to procure blessing on their children. नावमंदी ...f. A female of the serpent race. The control of the control of the control of नावपात्र s. m. } A running poose of a नागसींध s. f. } rope, &c., a sort of nose or knot, used in battle to entangle an enemy. and s. m. A tree naed in dyeing (Rottleria tinctoria); a small tree (Mesua ferrea); a flower (Michelia Champaca). भागवनी s. f. A hedge plant (Cactus भागमञ्जू e. m. The holy-fig tree (Ficus religiosa). नानवा s. f. A creeping plant (Hedysorum logopodioides ). नानवेल s. m. Betel plant (Piper betel). नानभाषा s. f. A Prokrito language, said to be used by the serpentine race who inhabit Potol.

न्युप्तिद् s. m. A sort of snake ( Amphisbæna ). नाननाद s. f. A name of Manasa, a goddess supposed to preside over snakes; red arsenic. नानर adj. Clever, sharp, knowing (as a buck, a blood, a wag, &c. ); town-horn or bred. s. m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertinuis); a form of writing, ... the Denger againgliphabet. नागरक s. m. The orange ; in India usually applied to the Silect, orange (Citrus Cyperus). नागरमुक्ता *इ.: f., ≜, grasa़: ( र्प्युप्रस*्प*६ }-*नावरमोबा s. m. A spect smelling grass (Cyperus pertinuis, Or juncifolius, or. rush leaved Cyperus). नामरी s. f. A sort of Euphorbia, a clever or intriguing woman. adj. The most common Hindi character, of writing, called Deva-ndgary, .... नावस s. m. A plough. नावकोक s. m. The region under the earth, the abode of serpents and hydras, Patal; not being accessible to the sun, it is supposed to be illuminated by very resplendent jewels. नामका Suddenly. नागकानी Suddenly. नाना s. m. A caste of Hindu mendi-नानाच s. m. Hastinapur, or ancient नागायका s.f. A stick or pole driven into a square piece of earth in the centre of a newly dug pond, a boring rod. बाबाह्रा s. m. Hastinggur, or ancient Delhi. गामिन } "s.f. A sorpent (female). नाने बर s. f. A flower ( Mésus ferres ). Indian rose, chesnut.

न ने बंदी करेंगे? Of the colour of the Nagesh-· .. · . · wara, yellow. नानीइ s.m. Armour for the front or the belfy." नाबोदर s. m. A breast-plate, a cuirasis. नागीर ] s. m. A country near Mor-नागपास **र्ड** war. नाइना v. a. To step across, cross, jump over, pass, leap over. ny s.m. Dance. Nuch nachana, To make to dance; to tease. नामना v. n. To dance. नाज s. m. Contraction of Anaj, grain. नाट s. m. The Carnatic. नाटक s. m. An actor, acting, dancing, &c.; a play, a drama; 'the first of the ten species of dramatic compo-· sitions of the first order. निरंबीय bej. Dramatic. माटा adj. Dwarf, dwarfish, dapper. We will a series नाटाप्रक s. m. Lowness ( of stature) े ः नाटिका s. f. A short or light comedy, the first of the dramas of the second order. बाटा s. m. The science or art of dancing or acting, or the union of song, dance, and instrumental music. बाटाजाका 8. m. A thestre, a building for dramatic exhibitions. wis 1. m. Non-existence. नाठी Stick. नाष्ठ s. f. The pulse. नार्भिका उ. f. An Indian bour, or twentyfour minutes. नाचित्र s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia). मार्चिष्ड s, m. The celestial equator. नाषी s.f. Amy tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intes-. tine; a figtulous sore, a fiscula, a sinus; an hour of twenty-four mi-

mutes ; the pulse, oither at the hand or feet, &c. नाकीय s.m. An oscalent root (Asum colocaria). [newvier. नाक्षीनवर्ग हर ल. The planet of a person's नाष्ट्रीतप s. m. An ulcer: " o felse. give selv! (Himmer (shen's otherwise, Tint s. f. Rebelienaleity kin, alliance. · Natihdar, is, m. f. Relation, relative. वाचिव s. f. Granddaughter, daughter's " daughters with the American part to mile e. m. Grandson, daughter's son. with If note the state of the state of भावेदारी प. f. Kinsmanshippselationship. नाम s. m. A mostor; से bushand, si lord : of a chief of local and the manner of a chief of Yogis, as Gorabhadtha : a tope passed . through the mose safe a draft one all fa 🖈 notóm. 1911 yr. 1911 - 1911 (1914) with a ballock a ballock at anse and put a string in it to guide him Monte of audient. नाचनत् adj. Dependenty'i sub-servient. नाद s. m. Sound in general ;. a semicircle, used especially as an abbreviation or hisroglyphic in mystical a works a . A . . A be se नादाका s. m. A spout, a canair: 🕟 बादेयी अ.f. A make of reed grouser union inky near) water (Calamus fascibilistus) ;a plant (Premno herbasis ) the China rose. माधेमा v. a. To yoke. नानक n. proper. Name of a religious mendicant, the founder of the sect of Sikhs. नामकपंची है . m. A Sikk or follower नानकनता नानकमादी of Nanuka. wift r. m. Maternal grandfather, adj. Various, many, v. d. To bead, to

monthsix & collision Of a various, kinds. sorts, modes, methods. MINIST aday Mulliform, various, Bir is winiwadj. Variegated, many coloured. surfice do Independent of Property min wife Maternal grandmothers to the . with the faciliarne continue pan where of the bull and valuels of சா**சிய்து**ம் பிர்பட்டும் **வழும்**போ नान्दीस्य s. m. A shraddhaior funbral .adas aquies gerforpaed on Byons och sione, as initiation, marriage, &cosin which aim o balland a mout are officed . to the decembed in their paternal grandi father, and great grandfather; to the -maternal : grantifathery great grand-. fathery and greategrees drainliather: and to the mother, paterned grande-mothery and paternal great grandmothers . 化复数电流 化二十二 apagis, m. Small. arragrica d. To begin. THE SE. Of .. Monstage. W. Col. C. S. 1.5 wording. A Measuring and maighing. brimers, ou Tompesture, to weigh. नापित s. m. A barber, a shaver, a surgeother: \*\* . . . . . . . . . . . . materia printe de fre A barber's shipp. 明年 n. d. mytobalan (Terminalia ou**thebula ).** नामि 🚶 a. f. The navel. क्रानितीसक क m. A prominent or runtured navel माभिक्टेदन s. m. Division of the umbilical नाभिनाष्ट्री 🤰 \* f The umblical cord. भागिभाषा 🖇 वान s. m. Name, appellation, character, - Immeriephtution, honour. Nam nikalna, To become celebrated; to investigate the perpetrator of any crime. Mam

lekur manorkhana, To beg alms in the name of another. Nam leng, To praise; to repeat the name of God. Nam hong. To be conspicuous, famous, or reve see me S. react plant, abarryan नामकरच s. m. Naming a child first after birth; acquiring or taking a same (of नामकर्ना v. a. To become famous. apagalar, v. a. Lodose opeis honour or reputation. नामहेना v. a. To give name to, to make ·2 51 conspicuous. ज्यामधर्जा v. a. To name, to fix a name on ( particularly a had name), to nickname, to miscal. कामभूताना y, a. To be defamed; to give a name to a shild. जानगा v. a. To name, to praise, to pane-To name. कामश्रेष odi. Dead, decease. नामक्रीमा का का To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned, ... नामीक्रीना v. s., To be celebrated. नायक s. m. A guide, a leader, a conductor la chief, a head, pre-emient, principal; a native, officer of the lowest rank, corresponding to corporal in . . our corps; o person well conversant in dancing, singing, &c. जायज्ञ s. f. Female of Nai, a barber's जाविका 8. f. Female of Nagek; a dam-. sel, a lass; the mistress of a house, particularly (now) of a brothel; a bawd. नार s. f. A woman. s. m. Barrel of a gan; the fibre of which rope is made the stalk of the lotus; the neck mitm ( adj. Infernal, hellish. s. m. सारको ि Hell or the infernal regions.

**TR.** .

भारती adj. Infernal, being in hell, condemand to or deserving it. भारती के हैं. An orange ! Olives aurantium.

sage, the sea of Braken, and one of the ten original Munis or Rights; he is a friend of Krishm a celebrated legislator, and inventor of the Pind or lute; and who, by carrying tales, occasioned frequent quarrels among the gods; (met.) a disputant, one fond of altercation.

the feetus is enveloped, secundines.

नाराज्य s. m. A name of Vishnu, considered as the being who existed before all worlds, and moved on the waters of creation.

बारावण्येत s. m. Four cubits on either side of the stream of the Ganges.

बारावचरीय s. m. Au oil of great raputed efficacy in many complaints, expressed from a variety of plants.

बाराबची क. f. A name of Lakshmi, the goddess of prosperity, and wife of Vishnu; a plant (Asparagus racemosa). edj. Of or relating to Narayen.

बारियक } s. m. The cocoanut.

कारिया s. m, A person who feels the pulse.

male; the pulse, an artery; the umbilical cord; a kind of greens.

नारीच s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia),

in a weman, of which six cases are reckoned, viz. drinking spirits, keep-ing bad company, quitting a husband,

rambling abroad, and sleeping or dwelling in a strange house. नारीधन s. m. The duties, especially incombant on women. नारीप्रथक s. m. Libertinism, lechery. TIX .. m. The guinea-worm. arm rady. Along with, accompanying. ...s. m. A. tube, barrel, bore, or chase of a gun; the navel-string; stalk of the lotus. नाना s. m. A rivulet, brook, canal, gutter, furrow, ravine. was not a section of litter, generally need by people of rank. नाजिका : f. An esculent poot (Arum cologazia ). नाजिता s. ft A sort of potherb ( Hibiseus caunabinus). हाओं s. f. A stalk or culm; any tubular vessel of the body; the pulse. नाषीत्रण s. m. A fistulous or sinous sore. नाव a. f. A boat, ship, vessel, any thing long and hollow within. नावव a.f. A tube, canal. बारका v. a. To bend downwards, to tow; to cause to, submit to, cause, to stoop. as fau adj. Belonging to a versel, a कावियों ) boat, &c. s. m. The helmsman of a vessel, the steersman, the pilot : a sailor. \*\* Annihilation, loss, destrusction, non-existence, delin. जामक s. m. A destroyer. नामन s. m. Destruction, perishing." नामपाती s.f. A pear (Pyrus communis). कामयम् odj. Destroying, imminikating. नामित odj. Destroyed. " ) adj. Destructive, de नात्रिनी ४. 🏌 बाबी s. m. ) stroying, a destroyer. नास 8. f. Snuff. Nasdan, s. m. A shuff-

100 4 100 € 72% 12%

box.

s. m. Non-existence, annihilation, death. जासक s. m. A destroyer. नादना v. n. To flee, to run away. v. n. To destroy. , t . , नासपास s. m. The rind of an unripe pomegranate (used in dying). Nispalirang, The colour extracted from ind as the call Naspal. कासमा adj. Unintelligent, not understanding. 9.00 जासमध्यो s.f. Ignorauce." FIET s.f. The nose. s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus. नासादिक्यांवर s.m. Wearing the nosering in the right nostril by women who have money and children: जासार्वस s.m. The bridge of the nose. बाबाबाबाक्त 5. m. Wearing the nose ring in the left nostril, a mark of sorrow or distress. बाबाबीब s.m. Drying of the nostrils. वासिका s. m. The nose. बारियानव s. m. The mucus of the nose, anfar adv. Non-existence, not so, it is जाविष ) s. m. An atheist, but apdus to any one who denies the divine authority of the Veds, or doubts the legends of the Puráns. Timest s.f. Atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the divinity of the Veds: Bouddhism, heresy, in certain and a m Infidelity, atheism. जारिका s. m. Non-existence. The rein of an ox passed through the septum of the nostrils. TITES.m. A tiger. नाप dav. No, not.

नाडीनुडी e.m. Refusat: नि:बार्च adj! Causeless, unfounded. w: for adf. Thrown of sent away: spent; passed. will s. m. Throwing, sending, patting sway : spending (; passing (as time); wiping away ( as lears ). fortage s.m. hadj. Fruitless, barren. वि:च्या adj. Undoubted. **柯:東電 8. 72.** adj. Rearless. লি:ম্**সু**: 8. f. नि: भन्द adj. Silent, voiceless. कि जीव adj. Complete, entire. नि:येयस s. m. Final beatitude, the release of the soul from the body, and its re-union with the primary and universal spirit. ৰি: ৰাড's. m. Breathing out, expiration; sighing to be the them a नि:सक्त adj. Separated, unconnected. नि:संख adj. False, untrue. कि सत्यता s. f. Insincerity, falsehood. नि:सरच s. m. Death, dying; a means or expedient; exit, a going forth. or out; final beatitude." here if नि:सइ adj. Intolerable, unbearable; irresistible, unable to support or नि:सहल s. m. Inability to bear or support; impatience; unendurance. बि:सार बर्फ. Sapless, pithless; worthless, vain, unsubstantial s. m. A. plant (Trophis aspera). भि:सुन कर्णु. Disagrecable, distressing इ nnhappy, to as 4. 1 नि:बेहा s.f. Linseed (Limin utilitationum). লি আছ adj. Free from delifte; disregard ing, indifferent to. नि: ख adj. 'Poor, indigent. faire adj. Insipid, tasteless. fanca adj. Happy, without chuity or

.

opposition; plain, casy.

for for adj... Rooted up, extirpated. .... Town adi. Near, proximate. ada. About, with. gaive we refer to निक्टनर्दे अला Achymander का कर कर जिल्ला के रि. A balance, small seales. हो निस्दन.c. m... Destruction. fundamadis will though decent or funds sincere, candid. on exict. Francis of fines sassift wife reserved निकार s. m. jA dogk or multitude ; क heap, a bundle; pith, app, essence: 🗈 familian with To issue, in go forth or out, to be eximited, drawn, pulled r or taken out, however or getwent, secede, depart, preceed, to be untered, to appear, result, prove, to turn , out, to escape, to rise, slip, spring, ... निश्वलचलना v. n. To escape ५: ( met, ), to surpass another, to be advanged or - prombted; to speak much on display one's talent (apoken of a person who from the involvery of a stranger had formerly been silent). विवस्तान v. n. To escape, to go away, निकलना v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secode, depart, proceed, to be performed or accomplished; to exceed. to he uttered, to be taken off, to be produced, to appear, result, to program to turn out, to begin, to be invented. to escape, to rise, to slip, to spring. विश्वसम्बद्धा v. n. To come out, to be drawn forth. off, to be off. विश्वन्तानम् v. n. To run away, to get निक्यना r. a., To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get onto secede, depart, proceed, to be uttered, to appear, result, prove, to turn out; to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

লিকাই s. f. The price paid kr weeding a field; the act of weedings निकास adv. Voluntarily, willimgly: im-निकास s. m. Contrivance, outlet, issue, vent, discharge, expulsion, projection. Nikal datha To deduct, to strike out. With dens, To cashier, to exclide, to expel, to eject, to discard, to dilive of turn out. Nikal lang. To bring of Nikal lens, To dig up, to take out, to extract." जिन्नाजसा v. a. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel to cause to exceed, to utter, to discover or find out, to invent, to take off, to exclude, to extract, protrude, deduce, extricate, to exhibit to produce put forth, hatch, to pull, to do, to perform, to accomplish to pick, and the form of the form boundary of land attached tola topped . &c,, igque; outgoing, Rlightaugh; out? vent, songe, opigina spring i majant? . ment of accounts a mermalish ment of निकासना v. a. To cause के listue! % take -: out, toitamious, vio expel, to ditter to discover or find out, to invent, to exclude, to extract, to deduce, to extricate; to produce. विश्वासी's. f. Taxes collected on goods passing out of a town, duties, &c. Nikasi ki chitthi, s, f. A permit a passport. निकासा s. m. A prop, a pillar. লিখিত s. m. Ontogsta 🗦 🕚 ৰিক্স s. m. An arbour, a bower, a place · overgrowing With creepers. laumis. m. A plant Croton polyandrum).

नियात के A mansion. निक्षीचन s.m. A: tree (Allangiam handpetalum). निकोसका v. G. To grin. form adj. Dishonest, wicked, perverse; low, base, vile, ৰিছবি s. f. Wickedness, dishenesty. Tame adj. Outcast, despised, low, vile. ৰিবিষ adj. Rejected, abandoned, foregone, given or thrown away. नेचेप s. m., Abandoning, parting with, throwing away gets of the or of লিকার s. f. A quiver. fatz adj. Idle, thriftless, merciless. forthe adj." Half, mid. Mad Worthless, necless. निकरना रो. के. To be peeled, skinned, "cleaned, cleared, settled. faction of a. To settle, to purify, to of a disc clear. A billion. विषयं adj. mi Dwarfish, a dwarf. s. m. fried of f. Dwatfish, a dwatf. France Dankloyness. Int 10 V. D'felvar. former w. of To strain; to bleach to form adj. All, entire, complete. for the state of t without, blewish and o't familyat: [1943 Co.peels skin, desor-निकासना , ticate, clean, निक्रोंचना v. n. To grin. निवक's. m. An iron chain for the feet, a fetter, but especiatly the head 'chains of an elephant; fetters, the stocks. Plati adj. Naked. निनन्दना v. a. To quilt. निनन्दा ८. т. रे Quilting. 5,0000 লিনন্থাৰ্ছ *s. f*. निवम s. m. The holy maitings or Veds of the Hindus collectively; certainty, assurance.

निष्मन 8. m. Certain or logical conclusion, the winding apol'a syllugion. विश्र s. m. Eating, swallowing, . . . . निन्ता v. a. Tanwallow, galp केंज्ञा, निवाधी अ: f. A small heides enake, the wooden pipe of a hakku snake. . . . . . fors: asi. Profound, obscure, histon, · .. 15 6 purpose. concealed, विष्युक्त well. Having a hidden conse of निवीका a. m. Wratch, wight. निवयर कार्नुः Solid. four s. m. Aiversion, disfavour, discouragement, dislike. francis; m. A vocabulary, a collection of words of hames. mustant. f. An iron club or mace. foundj. Docile, subservient, domestic, dependant, of the contract of Tara . m. Certainly. fairs adj. Free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, carelesa, atleisure. Nichint kong. To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished. निविभागे s.f. Carelessness, fearlessness, unconcern, leisure. fight s. m. The end or termination of any affair; the burthen, or that on which any thing depends.' निची द्वा v. a. To wring, squeeze, press, strain, express, to extort, exact. May adj. "Rapacions?" May Without an umbrells, wet. dispossessed of rule of sovereignity. Manuel S. J. A propidiatory Mering, sacrifice. Victim. fin ddj. Own, particular, individual, personal. Nij-ka, adj. Own, peculiar. Nij-tij sen, Properly, as is requisite. Municipal s.f. Correctness, propriety, good order. Pomisi of a. To spy, observe, kakold.

hwilen v. o. To twitch.

ing or running smoothly without agitation (epithet of an elephant).

निशास s. m. Determination, final settlement, decree.

Pesai s. m. Idleness. adj. Idle.

निहर बंधे. Harsh, obdurate, relentless, cruel; sly, cunning, shrewd.

निह नता है इ. f. Cruelty, obstinacy.

Without fear, fearlessly.

নিত্রাম } adj. Still, metionless.

fan ado. or adj. Always, continually, eternally, ever, constant, invariable; the base of an obtase-angled triangle, Nit-prati, or, Nit-nit, Constantly, perpetually.

निसंड ade. Constantly.

fund s. m. A woman's buttocks,

বিৰম্প ade. Always, continually, eternally.

of Ptald or hell.

नियान adj. Much, excessive, adv. Much, excessively. [smiths use.

Fig. 8. f. Small scales, such as goldfine and. Eternal, everlasting, continual, perpetual; past, present, and future; regular, fixed, invariable. edv. Always, eternally, continually.

নিৰ্ম্ব s. m. Indispensable act or ceremony, as observance of the five great sacrifices, or any daily or necessary rite.

निवास s. f. Perpetuity, eternity.

নিত্র adv. Always, constantly, and eternally.

विकादान s. m. Daily alms.

निवासका s. m. The constant loss of living beings.

विक्रम् .adj. Always busy or engaged

লিবাৰিণ adj. Ever or always young. বিবাৰখাৰ s. m. A period when the perusal of the Veds is invariably prohibited, as the day of full moon,

new moon, the eighth and fourteenth days of the half month.

निवारिका बर्ज. Eternal and perimeble permanent and temporary.

Man adj. 'Clear (water whose impurity has subsided ).

or other liquid by letting the fecutent matter valuate and pouring off the cleary

निवारा s. m. Apart, along metals from their sacrine

निवारिका s. m. One who extracts...

from s. m. An example or illustration; injunction, precept; authority, text.

formation a.m. The hot meason, two months previous to the rains, about May and June.

free ade. At lest, at length, leasily, after all, altogether. s.f. (In medicine) Knowledge of the symptoms of diseases (Diagnosis).

निहिन्दिका s.f. A sort of prickly nightshade ( Solanum jacquini ).

णिदिष्ट adj. Ordered, directed; advised enjoined; explained, pointed.

निहेन s. m. Order, command, direction, instruction; the word of command.

निरंबी adj. Showing, directing, pointing out,

ৰিয়া s. f. Sleep, sleepiness, sloth.

निहासमास adj. Sleeping, a sleep.

নিয়াৰ adj. Sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, slothful. s. f. A sort of perfume.

निद्रित adj. Sleepy, drowsy.

forwar ade. or adj. Without fear, fearlessly, absuptly.

43-83

निषम adj. Poor.

जिधनमा s. f. poverty.

belonging especially to Kurer, the god of wealth; a receptacle, a place or vessel in or on which any thing is collected or deposited; place of cessation or rest; a place, house, mansion, abode, the subject in which any quality inheres.

infu s. m. One of Kuver's divine treasures, nine of which are enumerated, viz. The Padma, Makapadma, Sankha, Makara, Kachchhapa, Mukunda, Nanda, Nila and Kharba: their nature is not exactly defined, through some of them appear to be precious gems; according to the Tantrika system they are personified and worshipped as demigods; a receptable, a place of asylum or accumulation, as, a treasury, a granary, a nest, &c.; a treasure, any sum or quantity of wealth or valuables.

विनद् } s. m. Sound in general.

निनावा 8. m. A bug.

निन्दा s. m. The thrush, aphthae.

নিহৰ adj. Reproachful, abusive, scurrilous, censorious, querulous. s. m. A calumniator, scorner. [ness.

লিক্ষাই s.f. Querulousness, censorious-লিক্ষ adj. Abusing, blaming. s. m. Reproach, censure, blame.

লিক্সা v. a. To vilify, defame, revile, reproach.

ৰিন্ধা s. f. Censure, reproach, scorn, defamation, reproof, blame, abuse, reviling.

निन्हास s. f. Drowsiness. विन्हास adj. Sleepy, drowsy.

শিস্থাৰা বি ৪. f. Irony, ironical praise.

বিভিন্ন adj. Abused, reviled, reproved; low, despicable, worthy of being reviled. [hensible.

বিষয় adj. Bad, vile, despicable, repre-বিষয়ৰ adj. Ninety-nine. Ninnanusch ken pher me parna, To be entirely absorbed in the acquisition of wealth; to be involved in difficulties.

লিঘ s. m. Kadamba tree ( Naucles cadamba ).

fauz adv. Very, exceedingly.

লিঘ্টাল v. n. To terminate, to be finished.
লিঘ্টালা v. a. To settle, decide, conclude, terminate.

निपटारा s. m. End, finishing. [&c. निपटार s. m. Who finishes, terminates, निपतन s. m. Falling.

निपतित adj. Fallen, fallen down.

त्रिपाउ s. m. Reading, study of the sacred books, or public perusal of popular poems.

निपात s. m. Death, dying; falling. coming down, alighting; irregularity (in grammer); a particle (in ditto).

नियान s. m. A trough or ditch near a well for watering cattle; any reservoir of water.

नियुष adj. Clever, skilful, expert, conversant, eminent.

निप्ता adj. Childless, having no son. निवदेश s. m. Determination.

লিবস্থা v. n. To be accomplished, to be spent, to be ended.

বিষ্ণ s. m. Epistasis suppression of urine or constipation; binding, confinement,

निवस adj. Weak.

नियखाई s. f. Weakness.

नियायन s. m. Ending, finishing, cessation, separation.

नियापना v. a. To keep one's engagements, &c.; to accomplish, to perform, manage; to spend to end; to separate.

निवारच s. m. Prevention, hindering, forbidding, stopping.

निवारना v. a. To forbid.

facts s. m. Accomplishment, performance, sufficiency, supply, maintenance; performing or keeping engagement, keeping, guarding.

निवादमा v. a. To accomplish, achieve, perfect, perform; to protect, to gnard, to take care of; to keep one's faith; to behave; to afford; to conduct.

निवाक adj. Lasting, permanent, sufficient for one's purpose.

निवेद्यना v. a. To end, to put an end to, complete, perform, finish, spend.

निवेद्धा s. m. End, finishing.

निवेदन s.m. An address, a petition, representation to a superior.

निभना v. n. To serve, succeed, pass, live, last, to be accomplished, perfected, or performed.

निजाना v. a. To perform ; to guard ; to keep one's faith; to behave; to afford: to conduct.

निमकी s. f. Pickled lemons.

निमबीकी s.f. The herry of the Nim tree ( Melia azad-dirachta ).

निमन adj. Stout, strong, tight, good. निमनाई . f. Strength, stoutness.

निमनाना v. s. To strengthen, to ameliorate.

निमाना adj. Simple, without guile : singular, unlike to all others, sheepish.

निमिच s.m. A moment (of time), a twinkling of the eye.

निनित्त s. m. Cause, motive, instrumental cause; for the sake of; (met.) fortune.

विनिष s. m. The twinkling of an eye; | नियाय s. m. Justice, equity, right, de-

the twinkling of an eye considered as a measure of time.

निनीलन . s. m. Death, dying ; twinkling of the eye, shutting of the eyelids. winking.

निनेष s.m. Twinkling of the eye; & momentary space of time, the twinkling of the eye considered as a measure of time.

निष adj. Deep, profound (literally or figuratively), low (ground), stooping. निवता ट. f. Depth, profundity.

निष्य s.m. A tree (Melia azad-dirachta).

निव्यत्तद s. m. The Coral tree (Erythring fulgens), it is considered as one of the trees of paradise.

ৰিৰ s. m. The common lime ( Citrus acida). [strained.

नियत odj. Self-governed, subdued, re-नियकाना adj. Self-regulated, self-controlled or restrained.

नियताहार adj. Abstemious.

नियतेन्द्रिय ødj. Of restrained or subdued passions.

नियन्ता s. m. A charioteer, a coachman : a ruler, governor, a master.

नियम s. m. Agreement, contract, engagement, assent, promise; any religious observance voluntarily practised, as fasting, watching, pilgrimage, praying, &c.; a religious observance or obligation in general; rule, precept usage, practice.

नियमन s. m. Binding, restraining. cheek-नियमित adj. Regulated, prescribed.

नियर adv. Near.

नियराई s.f. Nearness.

नियासम s. m. A. boatman, a sailor, a steersman; a pilot, a helmaman; a charioteer.

cision. Niyayah karna, To judge, to administer justice, to decide.

नियायक s. m. A Judge.

नियायिष s. m. A reasoner, arguer, logieim, sophiat.

णियाची s. m. A distributor of justice; a logician.

faux s. m. Porage, fodder, food of cattle.

Multi adj. Apart, aloof, separate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon, s. m. The scoria left after refining gold, silver, or other metals; from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable, Niyarch adv. A part.

বিষাহিষ্য s. m. One who extracts metals from their scoria. adj. Prudent cautious, not easily imposed on.

fagua adj. Engaged in, applying or attached to authorized, called, appointed.

fague adj. A million; ten hundred thousand. [gle.

শিষ্য s. m. Close fight, personal strug-শিষ্য s. m. An order command; authority, appointment.

Final adj. Engaged in any pursuit, closely attached to it or engrossed by it; appointed, authorized, entrusted with authority, &c. s. m. A minister's deputy, an agent, &c.

निर्वोत्तन s. m. Ordering, commanding, directing.

Fights adj. Entrusted with, appointed to; directed, ordered.

ne udv. Negation, privation. prep.
Out, without (on the outside), without
(not having).

(In astronomy) The terrestrial equator.

ta or Ceylon, a place where the sun is alaways vertical, and the days and nights are equal; the equatorial region.

निरमार है adj. Without form (the निरमास किंद्राम किंद्रा

forest adj. Unsheeked, uncontrolled. self-willed. (see.

विरचना v. a. To look ar, to view, to

wastained, unblackened, s. m. The Supreme Being.

चिर्यमा s.f. The day of full moon.

ferre s. m. A dancer.

farm adj. or adv. Without interstices; without interval; continuous; uninterrupted, continual; incessantly, constantly.

futuremers. m. Private study, reading to one's self the sacred works; diligent and uninterrupted pursuit, exercise, practice.

निरयराध है adj. Faultiess, blameless.

or unconcerned with; careless, indifferent, negligent; without purpose or hope.

जिरमें क odj. V sin, fruitless, unprofitable, unmeaning, insignificant, obsolete.

Insipidity, want of flavour or passion; dryness; want of juice.

निरम ady. Expelled ; abandoned, deserted, left.

Firm odj. Without or destitude of arms, weapons, &c.

निरहरार adj. Humble, free from pride.

first adj. Mere, pure, only, unalloyed, single, simple.

incorporeal, the Divine Spirt, God.

Friend odj. Content, without desire,

not coveting any thing.

fract adj. Without respect; of bad dispositions, disrespectful, unceremonious, unpolite, disrespected.

किरायर adj. Without support or prop. विरायय adj. Prosperous, fortunate. विरायय s. m. The wild goat; a log a boar.

चिरामाधु a.m. The wood apple. चिरामिथी *adj*. Living without mest; free from sensual desires.

भिरावास adj. Not giving trouble, ready, easily attainable.

जिरावृक्ष adj. Unarmed, defenceless. निराजस adj. Not slothful, active.

fixing ad). Apart, aloof, retired, lonely, private; pure, mere, simple, unmixed, unalloyed; rare, strange, edd, extraordinary. Nirales, er, Nirales men, Apart, in private.

দিয়ে adj. Hopeless, despairing; disappointed.

निराधिस adj. Without a blessing.

भए। अत्याद्ध adj. Without refuge, destitute. भिराद्धार adj. Fasting through necessity or choice.

নিবিশ্ব udj. Imperfect, mutilated, নিবিশ্ব s. m. Looking at, regarding, seeing; expecting, hoping.

निरीचनाच adj. Looking at, regarding, hoping, expecting.

firthfure adj. Seen, beheld, looked at; heped, expected.

দিবীকা s. f. Looking at, regarding; hope, expectation.

from a. m. The body of a plough.

Man odj. Obseure, obselete. s. m. One of the Vedange or works considered as supplementary to and emmented with the Veds, forming part of scriptural or sacred science; glussarial explanation of obscure terms, especially those occurring in the Veds.

Main s.f. The Vedeng or pertion of scriptural science, which explains obscure, and obsolete terms.

नियमर वर्ता. Mon-plussed, without an

লিব্দক dj. Unequalled, having no resemblance or likeness.

force adj. Without form (the Deity) incorpered.

नियम s.m. Ascertaining, determining, नियम adj. Ascertained; appointed, deputed, directed to do any thing: नियम v. s. Te behold, to spp, to look out.

निरोत र ddj. Is high health and spi-निरोती र rits, healthy.

fine edf. Cone out or forth; expended, extinct, departed.

লিক্স adj. Inodorous, void of fragrance or smell. [tree.

विश्वयापी s. f. The Simul or silk sotion विश्वव s. m. Going forth or out, exis.

Figure 4dj. Void of all properties; bad, worthless, unskilful, having no good or estimable, qualities; unstrung, as a necklace. s. m. The Supreme Being, as being without passions on human qualities.

ণিবুৰজ's. m. The state of being free from all qualities, an attribute, especially of the Supreme Being.

fright s. f. A shrub (Vites negands); the root of the lotus.

নিষ্ট্ৰ e. m. A vocabulary, an index. নিষ্ট্ৰ sdj. Not odious, not detestable. ৰিপা ś. m. A kind of greens. (Corchorus capsularis).

निर्देश adj. Simple, guileless.

चित्रं adj. Without a person or individual, desert, uninhabited, lonely, unpeopled, unfrequented.

first adj. Immortal, imperishable, undecaying. s. m. Ambrosia, the food of the gods.

fair odj. Dry, desert, without water, void of water. s. m. A desert, a waste.

নিনিন adj. Conquered, subdued, over-come; unconquered.

निजीन adj. Lifeless, inanimate.

four sety. A caseade or torrent the precipitous descent of water from mountains, &c.

sion; investigation; (in law) sentence, decision; (in logic) complete ascertainment.

facility adj. Ascertained, determined; sentenced, decreed.

नितं . m. Dance.

निर्तेना v. a. To dance; to jump about playfally.

निताना To make dance; to make pure, to clean.

निहेंचे adj. Unkind, unmerciful, unfered, feeling, cruel, hard-hearted, devoid of pity or charity, merciless.

निर्देशन s. m. Marking nut.

निहंपनी s. f. A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made (Sanseviera zeylanica).

বিছিত sdy. Described, depicted, pointed out, shewn; ascertained, determined. নিয়ম s. m. Order, command; description; depicting, pointing out or

exhibitting.

निर्देशि । adj. Faultless, without de-निर्देशि । fect or blemish.

निर्मेख adj. Not double; free from either of two alternatives, neither glad nor sorry, &c.; not acknowledging two principles.

निर्धेन adj. Poor, indigent.

निर्धमं बर्जु. Impious, unrighteous, immoral, void of law or religion.

निर्भार ) s. m. Certainty, ascertain-निर्भारण / ment.

নিঘাবিন adj. Ascertained, determined. নিদ্যাব adj. Uncourteous.

লিকবি adj. Having no superior, master, protector, &c.

লিলাঘনা s. f. Being without a master; widowhood,

লিঘুৰ } adj. Helpless, friendless.

निपंत adj. Fruitless.

নিবঁম adj. Childless, without offspring; extinct (as a race or family).

লিবঁথ adj. Friendless, without relations.

ৰিম্ব adj. Weak, feeble, powerless; without strength.

निर्वेतता s. f. Wickness, feebleness, impotence, prostration of strength.

तिवैंग adj. Powerless, enfeebled.

গিনিবী s. f. Zedoary (a spicy plant somewhat like ginger in its leares, but of a sweet scent, Amomum sedoaris; Curcuma Zedoaris).

নিবীল adj. Without seed, childless; extinct (a race or family).

Magica adj. Ignorant, unwise, void of understanding, senseless, irrational.

শিৰ্ম adj. Not to be understood, incomprehensible.

निर्मेर adj. Free from hatred or enmity.

विमेद adj. Sober, quiet, unintoxigated.

s. m. An elephant after the frontal juice has ceased to exude, one out of rut.

বিষয়ৰ adj. Uninhabited, desolate. বিষয়ৰ adj. Disinterested, claiming or wishing for nothing.

निर्मल s. m. Disregarded of worldly interests or possesions.

লিম adj. Clear, clean, free from dirt or impurities (literally or figuratively), pure, limpid, pellucid, transparent, spotless.

निमंजता s. f. Pureness, limpidness, pellucidness, clearness, transparency.

निर्मेशस s. m. Purity, cleanness (physical or moral).

निर्मेश्वी s. f. A seed with which water is cleared (Strychnos potatorum ).

নিনাৰ s. m. Manufacture, production, making; pith, marrow, essence.

nains of an offering presented to a good; purity, clearness, cleanness.

निनित odj. Made; fabricated, artificial. विम् च odj. Baseless, unfounded; eradicated.

विमोडि adj. Not fascinated; without affection, free from attachment, unkind.

निर्वास s. m. Extract, decoction, infusion; any natural exudation of a plant, as gum, milk, extract, &c.

নিৰ্মন adj. Shameless, immodest, impudent...

নিষ্মির adj. Unsmeared, unanointed; undefiled, uncontaminated (by passion, &c.), s. m. A name of Krishns.

লিবলৈ ) adj. Without covetousness, লিবলৈ ) not covetous, void of avarise, contented.

निवेच adj. Bare, open ( a country ). निवोच adj. Liberated from existence ; dead, deceased. s. m. Eternal happiness, amancipation from matter, andre-union with the deity; it is especially employed in this sense by the Bouddhas and jyns, understanding by it perfect and perpetual calm.

विषात adj. Calm, still, not windy, having ceased to blow. s. m. A calm.

লিবাঁড় s. m. Accomplishment, completion, an end; carrying on, supporting, maintaining; providing means; sufficiency, adequancy. [uniform.

ৰিবিকাৰ adj. Unchanged, unaltered, বিবিকা adj. Unobstructed. s. m. Absence of obstruction or impediment. adv. Freely, unobstructedly.

निविमा s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhya mountains.

निविधे adj. Foolish, undiscriminating. निविधे s. f. A plant (Curcuma zedoaria).

निर्वोच adj. Seedless; impotent.

निर्देखि adj. Tame, feeble, spiritless ; impotent.

লিভ ব adj. Ended, terminated; happy, content; emancipated; free from occupation or interest.

Fig. f. f. Final emancipation from existence; death; happiness; rest, repose, tranquillity; ceasing or abstaining from; completion, accomplishment, conclusion.

निवंद adj. Not having the Veds, infidel, unscriptural.

निर्वेर adj. Friendly, without enmity.

निवरा s. f. A virgin, a girl unmarried.

निवान adj. Low (ground).

লিবালা v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

नियार s. m. Hindering, opposition, impediment. s.f. Tape (of a coarse kind). Nivoárbáf, A tape-weaver. forms, m. Hindering, opposing, an impediment.

বিষাবো হ. s. To prevent, to hinder, to prohibit. [posed. দিয়াবিম adj. Hindered, checked, op- দিয়াবা হ. f. A flower, a sort of jasmine. বিশালা হ. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause

to stoop; to double, to old.

Differ s. m. A. house, a dwelling, a

निवाकी s. m. } adj. Dwelling, abiding व्यास्थिती s. f. } in, inhabiting. s. m. f. An inhabitant.

বিষ্কৃতি s. f. Final emancipation from existence; rest, repese, tranquillity. বিবিহন s. m. An address, a petition, representation to a superior.

何期 s. f. Night.

residence.

fage adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion. adv. Boldly.

fine s. f. Night.

निज्ञाबर है s. m. The moon.

famure edj. Necturnal, night-walking, what goes or moves about by night. s. m. A Rékeles, a fiend, an imp er goblin, a demon; a robber, a thief; a necturnal animal, an animal that watches and feeds by night.

an assignation, a harlot, a whore; a she-devil, a female fiend; a sort of perfume.

s. m. A house, a dwelling; the end of the night, or break of day.

निमासनारी e.f. A female, a house-wife, निमास adj. Blind at night.

ণিয়ালুম s. m: The white water-lily. নিমিত্রনা s. f. A flower ( Nyctonthes tristis ). পিনীয় s. m. Midnight; night,
পিনীয় adj. Intoxicating, inebrient,
পিনীয় s. m. A crane (Ardes nivea).
পিনা s. m. Certainty, ascertainment,
positive conclusion; trust, belief,
faith. adj. Actual, real, ascertained,
certain, sure, indubitable. ado. Gertainly, actually, indubitably.

लियार s. m. A prowler.

विवर्ष s. f. Prowling, Nischerei barne, To prowl.

নিষ্য adj. Immovable, still, fixed.
নিষ্যা s. f. The earth.

नियमाप s. m. A kind of crane ( Ardea nives); a mountain, a rock.

निवित adj. Certain, ascertained, determined, concluded. s. m. Certainty, conclusion.

fortum adj. Thoughtless, inconsiderate, void of reflection; free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless, at leisure. Nuchinta hana, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

fragues. m. A sort of tooth powder prepared of sulphate of iron, &c, it destroys the tartar, but blackens the teeth.

nate adj. Powerless, helpless; incapable of effort.

fafag adj. Without flaw or defect; without vent, having no holes or rent,

নিম্বার s. m. Breath expired, breathing out, expiration.

frage s. w. Union, meeting, association.

Frage s. w. The name of a mountain or
mountanous range, forming one of
the principal ranges of the universe,
and described as lying immediately
south of Habrut, and north of the
Himologa range; a country in the

nouth-east division of India; the novereign of Nishadh.

বিষয়ৰ s. m. A sort of potherb ( Narsilea dentats).

दिवपाद s. m. The first of the seven musical notes, or more properly the last and highest of the scale; a man of a degraded tribe, or an outcast, especially the son of a Bráhman by a Sudra Woman.

निविद्य adj. Prohibited, forbidden.

विषद्वता *8. f.* है Prohibition, forbid-**किये**ध 8. m. ∫ dance.

निषेक s. m. The ceremony performed upon impregnation taking place.

किषेष s. m. Prohibition, negation.

निक्स एक वर्ता. Without thorns: free from trouble. [lista].

निष्कष s. m. A plant (Copparis trifo-निकापड adj. Without fraud or deceit, open, artless, honest, sincere.

चिक्क बं s. m. Certainty, ascertainment. निकाम adj. Free from wish or desire. adv. Unwillingly.

France adj. Causeless, groundless.

निक्तन s. m. Going forth or out; taking a child for the first time out of the house in the fourth month, considered as an essential ceremony, and accompanied by sacrifice &c.

fest s. f. Confirmation; faith, belief.

forms s. m. Sauce, condiment.

1984 adj. Harsh, contumelious (as speech); hard, solid.

निष्ठरता s. f. Hardness of speech, reviling, abuse.

निष्ति s. f. Completion, conclusion, termination, consummation.

निषम adj. Done, finished, concluded, completed.

नियराक्रम Weak, destitude of power.

निषादन s. m. Doing, effecting, accom-

plishing; concluding; producing, causing, engendering.

निषादित adj. Done, effected, made, produced.

विचाप adj. Sinless, innocent. निषापी

निष्य adj. Sonless.

निष्दिष s. m. A ennuch or impotent man ; a coward.

পিমুখী সৰ adj. Canseless, groundless.

निष्य adj. Content, not envying any person, nor coveting any thing; exempt from desires.

निकास adj. Barren, unfruitful; seedless, impotent.

निकाला } s. f. A woman past child-निकाली bearing, one in whom menstruction has ceased.

निस s. f. Night.

faut adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion. adv. Boldly.

forez adv. Without trouble or difficulty; with ease.

निसरीच adj. Without contracting; without shame or reserve.

निसंचर s. m. A night-prowler.

निसंबर्ग है . f. Night-prowling. Nisacharai karna, To prowl at night.

निसन्धाई s. f. Solidity.

निस्ति adj. Solid, tight, not leaky.

निस्ता v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out.

निसास s. m. Breath.

निसि s. f. Night.

निस्य 8. m. A shrub ( Vitex negundo).

निसेनी है s. f. A wooden ladder, a निसेनो | ladder.

freque adj. Without fraud or deceit. open, artless, honest, sincere.

निस्तार s. m. Release, acquittal, salva. tion, final liberation, beatitude.

44-88

লিবাৰেল v. a. To release, acquit; to beatify or exempt the soul from furthe transmigration.

লিকাবেৰীজ s. m. The cause of final liberation, faith in any deity, &c.

লিবাব s. m. Definitive settlement, decision, decree, adjustment; blessing.
লিবাৰ adj. Dull, obscure; dull, spirit-

less; powerless, impotent.

লিবীৰ s. m. Definitive, settlement, decision, decree, adjustment.

नियम् adj. Still, steady, immoveable.

निस्पृष्ठ adj. Content, unenvious.

ৰাণিয়া s. f. A plant (Gloriosa superba). fলভাই ছ adj. Free from doubt, undoubted. adv. Undoubtedly.

facts s. m. Breath, aspiration.

Nihan larla, A careless child or person.

fords. m. Certainty, ascertainment.

নিশ্বনা adj. Unarmed.

বিশ্বাৰা s. f. An iguana, or the Gangetic alligator.

बिहानी 8. f. The menses.

লিয়াবলা v. a. To look at, to regard, to watch, to look after, to spy, to see. বিশ্বাস adj. Exalted, pleased, happy.

> or bend downward, decline, to stoop, to bow, to lean.

বিশ্ববাধা ন. a. To cause to crook, to bend, to bow.

বিষ্ট্ৰা v. n. To hend downwards, to bow down, to incline, to stoop.

factor s. m. Favour, obligation, kindness; begging, requesting humbly, coaxing.

निचित्र adj. Thrown or sent away.

विश्रेष s. m. Throwing, sending, putting away.

★Net s. f. Sleep. Nind uchat hona, To be unable to sleep, or to have sleep broken. Nind bhar sona, To sleep sound, to be at ease.

नींदना v. a. To deny; to blame, to censure. v. n. To sleep.

नींडू s. m. Sleeper.

नींबु s. m. Lemon, lime.

नीका है odj. Good, beautiful, elegant; नीकी well.

नीष adj. Low (in stature), short, dwarfish; low (in condition), vile, base, mean, vulgar. Nich-unch, s. f. Inequality; the ups and downs of life.

नोचा sdj. Below, dewn, low. Nicha unche, Up and dewn, uneven ground, abrupt. Nichah suronseh 'bolna, To sing with a low voice, or hum a tune,

नीचाई & f. Lowness.

নীৰ adv. Below, beneath, under, down. Nicheh upar, Upside, down. Niche jana, To descend, to submit, to subside, to succumb.

नीति a.f. Polity, political science, treating especially of the administration of government, including the practice of morality in private life, both ly the sovereign and his subjects.

नीतिकथा s.f. Any work on polity or good government.

नीतिश्व s. m. A statesman, a politician. नीतिमत adj. Moral, eminent for royal duties.

नीतिविद्या s. f. Political science.

नोतिमास्त्र s. m. The science of political ethics, or any work treating of it.

नोह *s. f.* Sleep.

नोप s.m. The Kadamba tree (Nauclea kadamba); a species of Ixora (I. bandhuca); a sort of Asoca or Nil Asoka.

नोइ s. m. Lemon, lime.

नी म s. m. A tree (Melia azad-dirachta), the margosa tree.

नीमन adj. Strong; well-finished; solid. नीमावत् s. f. System of the followers of Nimonando, a Hindu mendicant. नीर s. m. Water.

Costus (C. speciosus); a lotus in general; an otter.

नोरज़स adj. Having no pollen (as a hower). s.f. A woman not menstructing.

नोरण adj. Fruitless, profitless, vain. जोरस adj. Dry, withered, insipid, devoid of taste, &c., morally or physically; tasteless, unpleasant.

नौरोन adj. Healthy, free from sickness. नौरोनसा s.f. Health.

जीव adj. Blue, dark, blue or black.

नील s. m. Indigo, blue (Indigofera tinctoria), the river Nile, the blue mountains, one of the principal ranges of mountains, dividing the world into nine portions, and lying immediately north of Pavrat or the central division; one of the divine treasures of Kuver; a gem (the sapphire; the blue or hill Myna, a bird so called; blue vitriol. Nil ka math bigarna, (lit.) A vat of indigo being spoiled, is used (met.) To express the persecutions of fortune : and on hearing something very wonderful and incredible. The phrase is said to originate from a notion entertained by dyers, that when their dye, through any accident, has been spotted, it may be restored by telling some mirraculous

भोषम aij. Blue (stained or dyed blue). s. m. One of the terms used in Bijganit, a we use the letters, a, b, x, y, in algebra.

lensis); a name of Muhader; (he is called by this name because his throat was stained blue by swallowing the poison produced by overchurning the ocean, with the mountain Mandar, by the Surs and Usurs, to procure the Amirita); a gallinule; a sparrow; a wagtail; a peacock; Morunga (Hypheranthera morunga); a blue jay.

नीखनस्थाच s. m. The Elæocarpas seed. ा नीखनस्य s. m. The blue lotus.

নীবন্ধ s. m. Blue Barleria (B. cærulea). [heron.

नोजनीय s. m. A sort of curlew or कोजनाय s. f. An animal (known by the name of Lil-gai and Rojh), the whitefooted antelope of Pennant and Antilope picts of Pallae.

नीलज s. m. Blue steel.

गौलिकस्टी s. f. Blue barleria.

नीजपन्न s. m. The blue lotus (Nymphæa cærulea). [of indigo.

नीवपाचन s. m. Steeping or maceration नीवपाचनमाच्छ s. m. An indigo vat.

नोजपिक 8. m. A falcon.

नीलपुरियका s.f. The indigo plant.

नीलपृष्ठ s. m. A sort of fish, the Rohi (Cyprinus denticulatus).

नीलवड़ी s. f. A lump of indigo.

नीलन } s.m. A gem of a blue colour, नीलनिख f the sapphire.

नीसस्तिका s. f. Iron pyrites; black mould. [ment.

नोलम्बर s.m. Black or dark blue rai-नोलजीइ s.m. Blue steel.

नीजनोड़िन adj. Purple, of a purple colour. s. m. A mixture of red and blue, purple.

নাৰৰ adj. Blue, of a blue colour. নাৰা adj. Blue, dark blue or black. Nilo-pilo, Black and blue. Nilo thotho, Blue, vitriol.

भोसाई s.f. Blueness.

कोषाक s. m. The Indian crane ;: the blue jay.

भोजाचन s. m. Blue vitriol.

नीवाभ s.m. Auction.

नोजानर adj. Dressed in dark blue cloth, s. m. Black or dark blue raiment.

नोलासन् s. m. A blue stone, a sapphire. नोलिसा s f. A plant (Nyctanthes tristis), a species with blue flowers; the indigo plant.

नोचीनी s. f. Indigo (Indigofera tinctoria.) [lazuli).

नोबोपस s.m. A blue stone (Lapis नोबाs.m. Stillness.

नीसरना v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out.

There s. m. Frost, hoar frost; heavy s. m. Nail, (of the finger, §c.); talon. Nuha lena, To trip, to stumble.

Twee s. m. A scratch with the nail or talon.

न्तम adj. New, recent, fresh, young, &c. नृतमल s. m. Newness, novelty.

Indica).

न्धा s.m. A sort, of tobacco. नव s.m. Salt.

नृतिया s. f. A sort of greens, purslain (Portulaça oloracea).

finger and half in breadth, used as an ornament for the ankles and toes.

(In it are bits of copper or iron, of the size of a vetch, which cause it to sound like a number of small bells, when the wearer walks).

चित s. f. Dancing, the science or prac-

ৰম্ভ s. m. A dancer, a mimic, an actor. কুম s. m. Dancing, acting the actor's practice in general.

क्हेंब s. m. A king.

क्रमचे s. m. Mauly property or duty.

हप है. m.. A king, a sovereign.

स्पनीति s. f. Royal policy.

चपहुम s.m. A tree (Cassia fistulu 🖫

स्पप्तिय s. m. A thorny species of bamboo ( Bambusa spinosa ).

equives. m. Revenue, the royal portion; of grain, a sixth, eight or twelfth; of fruits, &c., a sixth; and of merchandize, a fiftieth.

इपामीर s. m. Music played at the royal meals.

स्पासय s. m. Consumption.

च्यावर्षे ह. m. A kind of gem.

खपासन s. m. A throne.

रपोचिस adj. Kingly, princely, suited to a king.

carnation of Vishnu.

posed descent of Vishnu, in the shape of a man, with the head and claws of a lion; a noble, a great or illustrious man.

ने A particle affixed to the name of the agent with a transitive verb in a past tense.

नेजन s. m. Butter.

नेक } adj. A little, little.

नेन s.f. Presents at marriage and on other festive occasions made to relations and to particular servants, and considered by them as perquisites which they are entitled to.

बबीजीबी adj. Tenants and dependants, to whom it is customary to give the neg.

नेटा s. m. Snot, snivel.

नेती s. f. A cord used to whirl round the churn-staff with.

नेब s. m. The eye; the string of a churning rope.

नेविषक s. m. The ball of the eye.

नेवरस्वन 8. m. Collyrium.

नेवरीय s. m. Any disease of the eye.

नेवस्रोत s.m. A prisoner.

नेवास्तु s.m. A tear.

नेबोबार s. m. Any pleasing or beautiful object.

नेतीषष s. m. A Green sulphate of iron considered as a collyrium; collyrium in general.

नेबीपधी s. f. A. drug.

[talum).

नेदिष्ट s. m. A tree (Alangim hexaps-नेपान n. prop. The country of Nepal.

नेपालिका 8. f. Arsenic.

and feet, or worn on the ankles.

त्रेस s. m. Vow, compact, agreement; any religious observance voluntarily practised; piety.

नेस्पर्क s. m. Abstinence, good conduct. नेस्पर्क n. prop. A prince descended from Paritehit, who is said to have removed the capital of India to Kousambi, after the inundation of Hastinappur.

নন adj. Conscientions, abstemions, continent, chaste. s. f. A tree ( Dalbergia Oujeinensis).

Acui s. m. Straw.

बेरे बेरी } adv. Near, beside.

Neo dains, To ley the foundation.

नेवची s. f. Name of a flower.

नैवतना v. a. To invite.

sents sent along with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest.

वैवताना v. a. Te invite.

नेवना v. n. To stoop, to bow.

नेवर है s. f. A sore in the feet of a

नेदचा ( s. m. A wensel, a ferret, a नेदान ( mongoose ( Vivero mungo. )

नेवाजा v. a. To bendi

नेवार s. f. Tape:

नेवारना v. a. To shut out, to exclude.

av s. f. Affection, kindness, love, friendship; oil.

नेकी s. m. A. friend.

awas. m. The ruler of the south-west quarter:

नैक्टती s. f. The south-west quarter.

नेक adj. Many, various.

बैकटा s. m. Proximity, vicinage.

नैक्सेर क्रिंट Various, multiform, manifold. नैक्सप क्रिंट Multiform.

नेवम s. m. An Upanished or portion of the Veds.

नेन adi. Own.

नेजाना v. n. To stoop.

बेक है s. m. The eye.

नेवस्य s, m. Name of a flower. .

नैन s. m. A tether.

नेपास adj. Produced in Nepal or नेपालिक brought from thence.

नेपाची s.f. Double jasmine; red arsenic; Sephalica ( Nyctanthes tristis ).

नेपुष s. m. Dexterity, cleverness, skill.

बेर्च s. m. Dexterity, cleverness.

নিৰ্বাহ্ম s. m. A wood celebrated as the residence of the Rishis, to whom Souti related the Mahabharat. नैवनिष odj. According or rule, regular, enjoined.

नेया s. m. A boatman, a fertyman.

नेवादिक s. m. A logician, a follower if the Nyayah or logical philosophy.

नेराव्य s. m. Despair.

नेदिन s. m. The ruler of the south-west quarter.

नेरिती s. f. The south-west quarter.

नेदस adj. Obsolete, uncommon, belonging to the glossary of the Veds.

नेतृत s. m. Absence of qualities or properties.

नेमें ख s. m. Cleanness, purity.

नेवेस s. m. An offering of entable articles presented to a god, which may afterwards be distributed to his ministers or worshippers, especially when it has been presented to any form of Vishnu.

नैपर 8.f. A wife's mother's family. नोक्कीद s.f. Pulling and hauling.

नोष s. m. A pinch, a scratch.

नीपना v. s. To pinch, to gripe, to scratch, to claw.

नीन s. m. Salt.

भोग v. a. To tie the feet of a cow when milking. s. m. A kind of custard apple (Annona reticulats).

नीनापानी s. m. Salt water, brine; sea water.

जीनिया s. m. Purslain ( Portulace oleracea ); a maker of or dealer in salt, a salt-petre manufacturer.

नोनी s. f. Efflorescence of salt on a wall. नी adj. New, young, fresh, raw, newly. नोकर s. m. A servant.

नोकरो s. f. Service, attendance.

गीका s. f. A boat.

দীৰক s. m. The nine climes or divisions of the earth; they are usually denominated the nine dwips (islands),

or Varshas (countries), which constitute Jambu dwip the centrical portion of the world, or the known world.

नीगरो s.f. An ornament for females worn on the wrist.

नीचरी adj. Relating to the new moon. नीची s. f. A young girl kept by a bawd. नी जावर s. m. A propitiatory offering, sacrifice, victim.

नी जीवना s. f. Just grown up to puberty ( a girl ).

नोदना v. n. To bend; to incline downwarhs; to be obedient, to stoop.

नोढ़ामा v. a. To bow, to bend.

नीतना v. a. To invite.

नौता s. m. A portico; invitation. adj. Stooping.

नीच s. m. A young plant or fresh shoot or branch of a plant.

नीना v. n. To bend down, to bow, to incline downwards; to submit to be obedient, to stoop.

औसासा s. m. A feast given in the ninth month of pregnancy.

नीमी s.f. The ninth day of a lunar fortnight.

pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis, lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Gomed; the nine men of letters at the court of Vikramaditysh, or Dhanwantari, Kshapanak, Amar Singh, Sanku, Vetalbhatt, Ghatkarpar, Kalidas, Varahamihir, and Vararuchi, s. f. An ornament wern on the arm and wrist and consisting of nine different gems.

नीवासी odj. Tender, soft.

नीविच s. m. A novice, a student.

की बादर s. m. Sal ammoniac.

wall s. m. Comtempt, disrespect.

শৰীখ s. m. The Indian fig tree (Ficus Indica ).

अयोधी s. f. A plant (Salvinia cucullata). লব adj. Deposited, consigned, delivered.

न्याय s. m. Propriety, fitness; the Nyayah doctrine, logic, logical philosophy; policy, good government; justice, equity, reason, argument, disputation, sophistry. Nyayah shastra, s. m. Logic. Nyayah karna, To administer justice. to decide.

चायक s.m. A judge.

नायता s. f. Fitness, propriety.

बायाचार s. m. A virtuous man.

बावाधार s. m. An example of virtue or propriety.

मायिक s. m. A reasoner, arguer. logician, sophist.

मायिन adj. Right, fit ; logical.

वायी s. m. A distributor of justice ; a logician.

न्याय adj. Right, proper, fit.

adv. Apart.

ৰাৰ s. m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle. मार adj. Apart, aloof separate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon. s. m. The scoria left after refining gold, 'silver, or other metals, from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. Nyareh,

न्यारिया s. m. One who extracts metals from their scoria. adj. Prudent, cautious, not easily imposed on.

आह s. m. Justice, equity, right, decision. Nyao karna, To judge; to administer justice, to decide.

मुन adj. Blameable, vile, wicked, despicable; less; deficient, defective.

न्यभता s. f. Deficiency, inferiority.

यकार adj. Maimed, mutilated, imper-

, माधिक ad). Unequal, more or less.

न्यनेन्द्रिय adj. Imperfect, wanting some organ; as blind, deaf, &c.

म्बीतना ७. त. To invite.

न्योता s.m. An invitation. or the presents sent along with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest.

न्धीताना v. a. To invite.

## प

The twenty first consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter p.

पंपाना v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

पंतार s. m. A plant (Cassia obtusifolia); a tribe of Rajputs.

पंबारा s. m. A story, tale, fable.

पंत्रादिया s. m. A bird, a storyteller.

पंत्रारी s. f. A betel-garden.

पक्क s: f. The act of seizing, seizure, capture, catch, hold; objection, difficulty.

पक्षका v. a. To catch, lay hold of, apprehend, take, capture, gripe, handle; to object.

पक्काना v. a. To cause to be caught, seized, or laid hold of; to deliver over, to give in charge, to hand.

पक्ता v. n. To le dressed or cooked, to ripen; to suppurate (as an inflammation, boil, Sc.); to turn grey (hairs). Paka pakaya, Ready cooked.

पत्रचा 8 m. A sore between the toes produced by moisture.

पक्त नाई s. f. Price paid for cooking... प्रकान s. m. Sweetmeats, victuals fried in butter or oil.

पक्कवाना v. a. To cause to be dressed or cooked, to cause to ripen.

ed, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, preved, expert.

प्यादे s. f. Ripeness.

भाषामा v. a. To ripen, to dress victuals, to cook, to bake.

पदान s. m. Suppuration.

पक्षी हा डि. ल. पक्षी ही डि. र्र. पक्षी है डि. र्र.

adj. Ripe, mature, matured;
boiled, dressed (opposite to
raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made
of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert. Pakka karaa, To establish a claim, agreement, or proposition, so that no
doubt or subject of dispute can remain; to build with bricks.

ৰ্জিছুৰ s.m. Inflammation of the bowels, cholic.

ed, by nature or by art; fully matured, on the eve of rottenness or decay; perfect, come to perfection; able, shrewd, experienced, mature (as the understanding) grey (the hair); disgested.

which are applied to phlegmonoid swellings to induce suppuration.

पदान s. m. Dressed food,

पदाञ्च s. m. The abdomen, the stomach. | पण s. m. The half of a lunar mouth or fortnight, comprising fifteen days; a partisan; a friend; a side, a flank. [argument.

प्यतः s. f. The taking up a side or । प्रवर s. m. A partisan.

प्रपात s. m. Adopting a side or an

argument whether right or wrong, partisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

वचपातिता s.f. Adherence, friendship, [adherent.

पचवारी s. m. A partisan, a friend, an पचाचात s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

पचिची 8. f. } A bird.

पविराज s. m. King of the birds, usually applied to Garner.

पंचित्राचा s.f. A nest, an aviary.

que s. m. A period of fifteen days, a fortnight; two; side, party, assistance, protection.

used s. f. A petel or flower-leaf.

leaf covering a bira or mouthful of betel.

पद्मान } s. m. A stone.

वचारना v. o. To wash.

पৰাৰ s, f. A large leather bag for holding water, generally carried on bullocks, a water-bag. [brel ঘৰাৰল s. f. A kind of drum, a tim-ঘৰাৰল s. m. One who beats the

Pakha-waj, a drummer.

पचेद s. m. A bird. पचेद s. m. Mark, stamp.

पर्वोद्धा s. m. The shoulder-blade.

पन s. m. The foot. Pag pat tar bajaa,
To beat time with the foot.

path, track. Pag-dandi lena, To track, to trace.

page: s.f. A turband. Pagei atakna, To be obstinate, to persist or persevere.

Pagei chhapatna, To practise deceit, to act treacherously.

पगरको s.f. A by-path, by-way, footpath, track. Pag-dandi lens To track, to trace. पंगधारना v. n. To travel, to go, to leave, to depart.

ঘনলা v. n. To be dipped in or covered with syrup; (ma.) to be in love. .
ঘনলা adj. Foolish.

पना, है क.m. A rope fastened round the neck of a ballock, a tether.

वसार s. m. Mud kneaded or prepared for building walls or plastering.

पनिया s. f. A turban.

पनी s. f. An enamoured female.

पनु s. m. Leg.

पबुधारना v. To proceed.

[cad.

पद्यामा v. n. To raminate, to chew the पर s. m. Mud, mire, clay.

पदकोर s. m. A lapwing.

thus Pancabus). [monster.

Test s. m. The Maker, a marine

परमान s.m. One of the divisions of hell. परमान a.f. A hell, the hell of mud or mire.

पद्यान s. m. A crab.

पद्मश्रीत s. f. A cockle.

पहार s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisnoriu ; also, Trapo bispinosa).

पंचलना odj. To be melted.

पंचलाना adj. Dissolve, melt.

or foot of a bullock.

पविश्वना To be melted.

Trees. m. The Indian crane.

sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, each line consisting of ten syllables.

We s. m. A feather, a wing.

पड़को s. f. A petal, a flower-leaf.

पहा s. m. A fan.

of mendicant, who fans every body; wicked man.

पड़ी s.f. A small fan; a bird; a kind of woollen cloth which comes from the hilly countries.

पहल s.f. A row or line.

पर्या है adj. Bandy-legged, a cripple.

पकाच s.m. A fish ( Siluras sagittatus). पक a4j. Lame, crippled, halt, one who has lost his legs, &c.; cripple.

पक्रता s. m. Deformity, mutilation.

पहल s.m. A horse of a glossy or silvery white colour.

जन्मन adj. Consisting of five parts or divisions (a house, &c.).

Revti, on which several kinds of work [sare unlawful.

पच्तीसिया s. m. A kind of cloth.

प्रभा v. n. To be digested; to rot; to be consumed; to take pains, to labour.

गंग्यम् s, m. The noise made by walking in damp places. [ed.

पत्रका v. To be squeezed, to be shrivell-पत्रका adj. Pressed flat.

चचाचर s. m. An osprey.

प्रकृत } To make conversation a kind used of wedge.

पचना v. To be digested.

पचपचाना v. n. To be damp, to be wet ; to sweat.

पचपन adj. Fifty-five.

मचनव्या *adj*. Of five stories (a house). पचनेस adj. Mixed, confused.

ৰ্থনা s. f. A species of Curcuma ( C. Zanthorhizon ). [ &c.).

व्यवस्थ adj. Of five strings (a necklace,

पचल्ची s. f. A necklace consisting of five rows or strings.

ব্যক্তীৰা s. m. A medicine composed of five kinds of salt,

45-EX



ष्या adj. Rotten, digested.

प्रवास्त्रका v. a. To digest, to rot, to ferment.

प्रधान्ते adj. Ninety-five.

पंचाना v. a. To digest, to cause to rot, to rot, to ferment.

मचाव s.m. Digestion.

पचास adj. Fifty.

पचासी adj. Eighty-five.

पचि s. f. Adherent sticking.

पंचीस adj. Twenty-five.

मचीसी s. f. A game played with cowries instead of dice, and so named from the highest throw, which is twenty five.

पच्चा s. m. A squirt, a syringe. .

पनीतरा इ. m. A duty of five per cent. on merchandize

पनीनी s.f. Bowels.

पचौनी s. f. The stomach.

unc s.f. A wedge. Pachehar marna, To tease, to harnss, to distress.

(met. in music) in unison. Pachchi hona, To be stuck together as with glue; to be in unison; to be strongly attached by love.

प्रवीकाही & f. Mosaic; patching or darning of damaged cloth.

www.m. Wings, the half of a lunar month particularly,

पच्चात A kind of disease.

पच्छवाती

पक्षात } The adopting a side or argument particularly.

पचान है s. m. The west.

vonrer, an advocate, a patron; a bird.

पक्षमा n. n. To fall, to tumble down.

Pachhar jana, s. n. To be overcome.

पद्धताव s. m. Regret, remorse.

पक्ताना v. n. To regret, repent, rue, grieve.

पद्धतान s. m. Regret, penitence, contrition, concern, compunction, grief, sorrow, remorse.

पक्षनर adj. Seventy-five.

पञ्चना s. m. The act of sacrifying (tattooing); inocalation; sacrificator (name of an instrument).

पक्रनी s. f. Sacrifying (tattooing).

पद्धा s. f. The westerly wind.

पढ़िश . f. The shadow, and the inhabitant of west.

पकांडं s. m. The west.

বহাৰ s. f. A fall or throwing down; the act of winnowing. Pachhar khana, To fall down, to suffer pain.

पहाड़ना v. a. To throw down, to abase, to conquer.

पिक्याना To go behind.

पश्चियाव 8. f. A westerly wind.

पक्षोड़ना v. c. To winnow with a basket used for this purpose.

पंजीरी A kind of medicine composed of sugar.

पजेब s. f. An ornament for the feet.

पनीसा adj. Low, mean, shabby.

पच adj. Five. s. m. A council, an assembly, a meeting, a company; arhitrators.

uun adj. Five or relating to five, made of five, bought with five, &c. s. m. Any collection or aggregate of five, a five.

पचक्चं s. m. Five actions of the body, vomiting, evacuation by fleeding or by stool, diseased excretion by faces oo parging, and blowing the nose.

पद्यकीय s. m. A pentagon.

पञ्चकील s. m. The aggregate of five spices, long-pepper, its root Chai or

Piper Chavya, Plumbago, and dry ginger.

posed to invest the soul, or the Unnameyah kosh that supported by food, the gross form; the Pranamayah kosh, the organs of action; the Mano mayah kosh, the organs of perception, with the manas or mind; the Vijnanah-mayah, the same with the Buddhi or intellect; and the Ananda-mayah, consisting of the elements of identity and divine wisdom.

यश्रही s. f. A water-mill.

पंचन। बर्था. Consisting of five floors, stories, or appartments (a house de.).

प्रसम्ब s. m. Five articles derived from the cow; milk, curds, clarified batter, cow's urine, and cow-dung.

पचनुष adj. Five times, five fold.

tively; (in the Tuntras) the five essentials of certain rites; or wine, meat, fish, sexual intercourse; and mystic gesticulation.

not weather, sits amongst four fires, and has the sun for the fifth.

ration of the five elements of whose aggregate the body consists.

under s. f. Any five principal places of pilgrimage, especially Visranti, Soukar, Nymish, Prayag, and Pashkar; bathing on the day of the Equinox.

पश्च s. m. Death.

प्राचित adv. In five ways, five-fold.

a tiger; any animal having five toes or claws.

five rivers, viz. the Yamuna, Sata dru, Vepasa, Chandrabhaga, and Vitastha.

allowed to be killed and eaten, the hare, porcupine, alligator, rhinoceros, and tortoise.

प्रथम की & f. A small shrub.

sprouts, viz. of the spondias, rose-apple. Bel or marmelos, citron, and wood-apple.

a Sraddha in which offerings are made in five vessels.

पश्चिष्टिया s. m. Any person, Hindu or other, who worships the five pirs or saints of the Mahomedans.

पশ্चमाৰ s. m. pt. The five airs supposed to be the body, and necessary to life. पশ্चम s. m. A five equal to the fifth part of any thing lost or stolen.

marks, or, spotted on the chest, back, face, and flanks; a sauce or condiment of five vegetables.

वस्त s. m. The five elements: earth; air, fire, water, and Akas.

प्रभूताका s. m. Man as formed of the five elements.

musical notes; the seventh called Pancham, from being said to be performed by by air drawn from five places; the navel, the breast, the heart, the throat, and forehead; one of the Rags or modes of music.

left hand, Tantra ritual, viz. Madyah, wine, man's flesh, Matsyuh fish, My-thun copulation, Mudra gesticulation

ments of the Hindus, or the worship of spirits, progenitors, gods, Veds, and mankind, by offerings of perfumes and flowers, obsequial rites, oblations with fire, the study of the Veds, and hospitality.

प्रमास s. m. The Koil or Indian cuckoo. [month.

वसनी s. f. The fifth day of a half वसन्त s. m. The assemblage of five roots, the Bel, Premna longifolia, Cassia, Gmelina arborea, and the trumpet-flower.

प्रमुशो s.f. A similar aggregate of five roots, considered as the smaller one, viz. Hedysarum gangeticum, H. lagopodicides, Solanum melongena, S. jacquini, and Tribulus lanuginosus.

cious objects, er, gold, a diamond, a pearl, a raby, an amethyst.

cal poem: a Puran or mythological poem: a Puran should comprehend five topics, viz. the creation of worlds, their destruction and renovation, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manus, and the action of their descendants.

प्रचारिक. m. A metallic alley containing five metals : copper, brass, tia, lead and iron.

पञ्चमाञ्चा s. m. The hand.

प्रमुक्तभाव s. m. The aggregate of fivearomatic vegetable substances, viz. cloves, nutmeg, camphor, aloe wood, and kakkola.

house by which animal life may be accidentally destroyed, viz., the fire

are ground, the broom, the pestie, and mortar, and the water-pet.

unites m. A collection of five fires, amidet which a devotee performs penance during the summer season, or four fires lighted severally to the morth, south, east, and west, and the sun overhead; five mystic fires supposed to be present in the body.

rans s. m. Five modes of devotion, or silent prayer, burnt-offering, libations, bathing idols, and feeding Brahmans; an almanac describing solar days, lunar days, and the periods of asterisms, Yogs, and Karans; reverence by extending the hands, bending the knees and head, and in speech and look.

or chapters, s. f. The aggregate of five chapters of the Shri Bhagwat, detailing the sports of Knishna with the Gopis.

पश्चासत s. m. A mixture of milk, curds, sugar, ghi, and honey; the aggregate ' of any five drugs of supposed efficacy.

The aggregate of any five acid plants, viz., the jujube, pomegranate, sorrel, spondia, and citron.

lar society (generally as a sourt of inquiry); a jury, an inquest.

पञ्चायती . f. Relationship.

पश्चाल s.m. A country in the north of India.

पश्चावन adj. Fifty five.

पञ्चित्र s. m. The five organs of sense, viz. the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin; or those of action, as hands; feet, windpipe, anus, and parts of generation.

पश्ची s. m. Associates, friends.

narrow neck and a hole in the bottom: when filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed. It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrines of the horror vacui by the followers of Aristotle.

पञ्छाना s. m. Tail of a paper kite.

पच्छी s. m. A bird in general.

que s. m. A skeleton: the ribs.

पंचरी s. f. A rib.

unius. m. Name of a country.

पश्चानी adj. Of or belonging to the Panjab. s. f. A native of Panjab.

Tom, the register or journal of You, the record of human actions.

sugar, ghi, &c., given to puerperal women; caudle.

A shutter, the valve of a folding-door; fine or coloured cloth, the sound of falling or beating.

khana, To fall down. Patkani dena, s. a. To dash on the ground, to throw against any thing with violence.

प्रदक्षा v. a. To dash against anything, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock, v. n. To crackle, to crack.

चटकनिया s. f. A throwing down, a knock down.

The golden girdle (an ensign confered by the Pashwa on generals, who are invested with authority immediate-

ly by kim). Paths bandhna, To determine on, or prepare for any act. Paths pakarna, To hinder obstruct.

पटकात्रामा v. त्र. To fall from one's rank or estimation.

पटबाना र v. n. To dash against anyuzबारमा thing, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock.

a plank on which a washerman beats clothes; unripe grain (Cicer arietinum). Patra har dena, v.n. To deprive one of his power or stength, to convict an adversary and leave him without a reply.

पटतंर s. m. Compare.

पद्भ s. m. Roofing.

v. n. To be paid, to be procured; to be watered; to be covered, to be roofed, to be piled, &c. s. m. Name of a city, Patns in Behar.

पहेंची है क. A ferryman.

पटपड s. f. The sound of beating.

पटचर A level and desert plain or field. पटचर adv. A level and desert plain or field.

पदलार s. m. Silk cloth.

a plank on which a washerman beats clothes; unripe grain (Cicer arietinum).

Vatra kar dena, v. p. To deprive one of his power or strength, to convict an adversary and leave him without reply.

पटराजी s.f. A queen who is installed or consecrated with the king, a princess.

on; a narrow slip or plank of wood, iron, &c.; the vames of a venetian

window; a firm seat on horse ack; a title.

ष्टल s. m. Film on the eye, roof, thatch. पटनी s.f. A line.

पटबस्त e.m. Silk cloth.

पटवा s. m. Drought's man, painter. पटवाना v. a. To provide money; to water.

पटनार है s. m. One who keeps accounts uटनारी है of lands, a land steward.

षष्ट्रस्य s. m. A plant (Crotolariti juncea). षटसास s. m. A college, a school.

uzu s. m. Drum, kettle drum.

cudgelling with; a board on which Hindus sit whilst eating their meals or performing religious ceremonies. Patch-baz, A fencer, a cudgeller; (met.) a coquette, a wanton, a strumpet. Pata katna, v. a. To discharge from service.

पटाच s. m. A kind of bird; a sound, a

पटाका s. f. A flag, a banner.

पटाखा s. m. A cracker, a squib.

Prepare a chouks with cowding dissolved in water; to place the beams on the roof of a house; to pay money.

uziuz s. m. The sound of beating or of the falling of drops of rain.

изгич s. m. Name of a fruit.

पटाव s. m. Irrigating, flooding a field; roofing a house with tiles, &c.

परिवा s. f. A slate or slab of stone.

पटोना s. m. Name of a lird.

पटीमा s. m. The planks on which cloth is spread for printing.

पटीलना v. a. To exact, to subdue; to beat.

पर्वतः Clever, dexterous, skilful, diligent, smart, sharp.

पटल s. m. Cleverness; eloquence.

braider, a maker of fringe and tape; tow made from the Hibiscus canaabinus.

प्रता Keenness, cleverness.

ঘুৰা s. m. A cloth worn round the waist, a girdle. Patuka bandhna, To determine on, or to prepare for any act.

पट्न s. m. ) Vigour, virility, activity, uzins. f. skill.

पटेरा s. m. Papyrus.

uch s. m. Cudgelling; sovereignty; a chief among the Kunbi tribe; a title of Mahrattas, the head man of a village. Patel dalna, To interrupt to throw obstacles in the way of a business; to heat.

पटेला s. m. A kind of boat, flat-bottomed; or log or beam used to roll or harrow ground.

पटेबी s. f. A small flat-bottomed boat.

पटैन् s. m. A cudge'ler.

पटेला s. m. A kind of boat, flat-bottomed; a leg or leam used to roll or harrow ground.

पदोत्तम s. m. Roofing with planks or boards, transom.

पटोक्शि है, m. An owl.

पट्टीनी s. m. A ferryman.

olitorius) from the fibres of the bark of which, called Jute, a coarse sack-cloth and cordage are prepared; a royal grant or order written on copper, stone, &c.

पद्दन s. m. The name of a city.

पहरूकी s. f. A principal queen.

uzvy s. m. A plant used in dyeing (Casalpinia sappan).

पश्चाच s. m. A sort of potherb (Corchorus capsularis); NET s. f. An ornament of the forehead.
s, m. A lock of hair; a dog-collar;
name of harness; a deed particularly
a title deed to land or a deed of
lease. Patts turona, To flee, run
away.
[duccella].
T)表示 s. m. A plant (Carelpinia bou-

पहिलोध s. m. A sort of tree, the bark of which is used as an astringent; the red species of the Lodh ( Symptocos racemosa).

पहिन A spear with a sharp edge.

a quarter of a place; the side pieces of the frame of a bedstead; a row or line; a kind of sweetmeat; division of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and divided by a line in the middle; a written order or patent. Lasdár patti, Sticking plaster. Patti pakarke hille rahna, denotes excessive weakness and laziness. Patti torna, To be bedrid. Patti se patti milana, expresses the most intimate proximity.

पहीदार s. m. Holder or proprietor of a Patti or share in a coparcenary village or estate.

षहीदारी s. f. A coparcenary tenure.

us s. m. A kind of woollen cloth, a cloth to cover with from rain, &c.

s. m. A young full-grown animal a youth, a wrestler; a sinew, a tendon; a plant with long

पडन s. m. Reading, reciting.

पठाना है v. a. To send.

पहित adj. Read, studied; recited, repeated.

पडनग v. To despatch, to send. पडनग adj. To despatch, to send. पंडिया s. m. Shelter, refuge.

परिसा s. f. A young full-grown animal (generally applied to kids, fowls, &c.).

पठें वा part. pass. Sent.

पठीना v. a. To send,

पड़काना v. n. To lie down; to repose, to cease ( as the wind), to a ate.

पड़नी s. f. Fallow land.

pose; to be fall, happen, occur; to encamp; to drop; to be confined to bed by sickness. Parrahna, or, Para rahna, To remain helpless, poor or destitute.

पद्मपद्धाना v. n. To prattle, to chatter; to throb with pain (as the tongue from an acrid substance).

पड़वा s. m. । A female buffalo-calf.

पदाना v. a. To lay down; to put to sleep, to cause to repose; to cull, to pluck, to gather.

पद्मापद्म adj. With refterated strokes. पद्मापाना v. a. To flud or get easily.

campment; an army; a crowd, an assembly.

पिष्या s. f. A female buffalo calf.

पड़ीस s. m. Neighbourhood.

पड़ी सिन् s. f. A female neighbour.

पड़ी हो s. m. A female neighbour.

पदम s.f. The act of reading.

पढन } The act of reading, to read,

पदना ग. ब. To read, repeat, say, decipher, speak.

पदनेदाखा s. w. Render.

पदन्त s. f. A reading, a spell.

पढवन s. f. Sweepings.

पढ़ा part. pass. Read, learned, of much reading. [man.

बदागुचा adj. A learned, experienced

to instruct, to teach, to teach, to speak or sing (as birds).

घड़िन s. f. A. mullet.

पडर्डना v. To lie down.

ण्डादन s. f. Wife of a Pandé.

पांडे s. m. Aschool-master, learned man.

ves. m. Measure of account, in cowries or shells, twenty gands or eighty couries; a stake at a play, a bet, a wager; a vow; a promise, resolution.

че s. m. A catamite; a eunuch.

science, learning. s. m. A Brahman who presides at the temple of an idol.

learned Brahman, or one read in sacred science, and teaching it to lies disciples. adj. Wise learned. Pandit-khanah, s. m. A prison gaol.

मिक्तार्प s.f. The learning of a Brahman, learning..

पंक्तिनानी s. f. The wife of a Pandit. पंक्तिनानी s. m. An ignorant pedant.

and nominal father of Yndhishthira and the other four Pandae princes.

पक्ष s. m. A turtle-dove.

पस्ती s. f. A water-fowl, the coot, the diver.

पक्री s. f. A bird (Folco).

पत s. f. Good name, honour, character. s. m. Lord, master, husband.

पता s. m. A moth; a paper kite; the sun.

go rapidly about a business. .

vary adj. Without leaves. s. f. The fall of the leaf; autumn. Patjhar

hona, To lose its leaves in autumna (a tree); (met.) to decay (a person from old age.). [ly.

पतिहम adv. Each day always, constant-पत्म s. m. The act of falling; falling from dignity, virtue, &c.

पतनी s. f. A wife.

पतिका s. m. A bird ( Merops viridis ).

पत्तरिवा } s.f. A prostitute. Paturiya-पत्ररिवा } baz, A whoremonger.

पत्रचा s. m. Fine, thin (cloth or liquids); lean, meagre, delicate, weak.

पतचार s.f. Thinness, fineness, meagreness, attenuation, weakness.

पत्रको s. m. The dead leaves fallen from a tree; the leaves cut off from the culm of a reed (Saccharum spontsneum), and used for thatching.

मनवार } s.f. A rudder, helm.

पता s. m. A sign, mark, symptom, hint, token, direction, address or place to which one is directed, label.

पतका s.f. A standard, a flag or banner; a flagstaff; an emblem carried as an ensign or banner, a symbol, a sign; a mark. [bearet.

पताची s. m. An ensign, a standard पताच s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

पति s.m. A lord, master, owner; husband; a leaf.

with s. f. The murderess of her bushband; a line on the hand, indicating that a woman will be faithless or treacherous to her husband.

wicked, guilty, abandoned; degraded, outcast.

पतिसपारन ady. Purifying the guilty ( as epithet of the deity ).

पतिल s. m. The conjugal state.

...

पविषाचा s. f. A faithful wife.

प्रतिषदा s.f. A bride choosing her husband; a pungent seed (Nigella Indica).

पतिया s.f. A written opinion given by Pandits); a letter.

प्रतियाभा ७. ७. To confide in, to trust, to believe, to depend on.

पतियारा s. m. Trast, confidence, belief, dependance.

पतिचीच Heaven,

पतित्रत s. m. Chastity.

पतिज्ञता s. f. A good and virtuous wife. पतिज्ञीच s. m. To lament for husband. पितिज्ञी s. f. Devotion to a husband. पतीरी s. f. A kind of mat.

पतील रे Thin.

पतीचा s. m. A pan, a pot.

पतुच्दी s. f. A small pot, a pan.

भतुरिया s. f. A prostitute.

पतीष } s. m. Daughter-in-law, son's पतीष } . wife.

पतीवा 8. m. A leaf.

যাৰ s. m. A town, a city; act of ordering goods from a manufacturer. মানী adj. Commissioned, manufactured by order.

भार s. m. A leaf; a letter, epistle; a deed; plate or clamp of metal.

দাৰ s.f. A plate or tremcher formed of leaves.

भिषा s. m. A leaf; a trinket. Patta hona, To run away, to flee.

ৰনাজ s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

via s. m. A company, a plateon, consisting of one chariot, one chariot, one elephant, three horses, and five foot.

पत्तियंक्षि s. f. A line of infantry. पत्तियंक्षति s. f. A body of troops. will s. f. A leaf; hemp, of which an intoxicating potion is made.

पत्तर s. m. A stone. Patthar chhati-par rakhna, To be patient by compulsion or from being without remedy. Pss. thar pasijna, To le softened or melted ( a stony heart ). Patther pani ho jans, The melting of a stony heart; difficult task to be facilitated. Patther-bazi, s. f. Stone-throwing. playing with stones. Patthar-sa phenk marna, To reply rashly without understanding the meaning of one's question. Patthar-se sir phorna, To teach or instruct a fool. Patthar hona, To be heavy; to be stable, to stand still, to be unmerciful.

पळारका s. m. A firelock.

skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish. adj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress.

चलरपुर s. m. A plant (Ploctronthus पलारपोष् s. m. A wood-pecker (Pious). पत्नी s. f. A wife.

पण s. m. A leaf; the leaf of the Lawrus cassia; the leaf of a book; goldleaf, &c., any thin sheet or plate of metal.

पनगृत s. m. A species of Euphorbia.

प्रवाह s.m. Red sanders ( Pterocorpus sontalinus ). [leaf.

पननार्दिका s.f. The fibre or vein of a पनपुष s.m. A plant, a red sort of Basil (Ocymum pilosum).

bark of which Hukka snakes, &c., are made.

पनरभन s. m. Embellishing a page, illuminating, gilding, &c.

**€€**—16

प्रविद्या s. f. The vein or fibre of a leaf. सवा s. m. An almanack, an ephemeris, a calendar.

अवास s. m. Page, paging.

santalinus); red or sappan wood (Casalpinia sappan); Bhojapatra, a a tree so called, a kind of birch.

with s.f. A leaf, a written leaf or page, a writing, a letter.

पनीपकार s. m. A tree (Cossia esculenta). पनीचे s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). पच s. m. A road, path, way.

प्रयक्ति s. m. A firelock.

flint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish. adj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress.

[aromaticum].

प्रयास s. m. A plant ( Pictranthus प्रयासी इ. m. A woodpecker ( Picus ). प्रयासा v. n. To be petrified; to become hard ( a boil ), to indurate.

पबरी s.f. Grit, gravel; the flint of a musket; stone in the bladder, calculus; a gizzard.

पणरीला adj. Stony.

ulta s. m. A traveller, a passenger, a way-farer; a guide, one who knows the way.

[alba].

पश्चित्र s. m. A sort of khayr ( Mimoso पथिन s. m. A division of hell.

with, but applied chiefly medically, with respect to diet, regimen, &c.

van s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

पर s.m. A foot; a footstep, the mark of a foot, step; a word; an inflected word; rank, dignity, character; station, degree, place; a foot or her line of a stanza.

पद्च s. m. An ornament of the neck. तदक्क s. m. Step, pace.

पर्युत्त adj. Fallen from station or dignity, disgraced.

पहरा पह letting wind; ( met. ) a coward.

पद्ची s. m. A path, a road; rank, character; title, titular name, surname, patronymic.

पद्भञ्चन s. m. Explanation of obscure or obsolete words ; etymology.

questions. The lotus (Nelumbium speciasum, or, Prunus cerasus); ten billions (according to the shastra), or one thousand billions (according to the Dastur-ul-uml, or Royal ordinances of Akbar).

पदनी s.f. A road, a path, a way; station, situation, rank, degree; place, site.

पदाक s. m. Foot-mark, vestige.

पदात s.m. A foot-man, a pedestrian, a foot-soldier.

पदातिक s.m. A peon, a foot-man, or foot soldier.

पदाचा o. a. To cause to let wind; (met.)
to frighten or put to flight.

पदार्थ s. m. Thing, substantial or material from of being; a rarity, a good, a blessing, a delicacy or exquisite food; a category or predicament in logic, of which seven are maintained, viz., substance, quality, action, identity, variety, relation, and annihilation; another enumeration gives sixteen.

पदास s. f. Inclination to let wind, flatulency.

पदासन s. m. A footstool.

पदासा adj. m. Inclined to let wind, flatulent. पदीष्टा adj. Having the quality of letting wind; (met.) a coward.

पही s. f. A path, a way, an alley.

प्रती s.f. A road, a line, a row or range; a ritual, a manual, a work upon any act or ceremony, detailing the mode of its performance, and collecting the texts connected with it; a family name, a surname or title; manner, custom.

un s. f. A lotus (Nelumbium speciosum), it is often confounded with the waterlily (Nymphæa) a large number, ten billions.

पद्मका s. m. A kind of leprosy.

पद्मकाष्ट्र s. m. A fragrant wood used in medicine, and described as cooling and tonic.

the birk is used for writing upon, and wrapping shawls, &c.

पद्मवारिकी है s. f. A small tree (Hibis-पद्मा cus mutabilis).

पद्मदक्षन s. m. The resin of the Pinus longifolia. [sus).

पद्मपत s. m. A sort of Costus (C. specio-पद्मपत s. m. A shrub (Weberd corymboso). [shade.

पन्नसुखी s. f. A sort of prickly night-पन्नराज s. m. A ruby.

प्रावर्धिक s. m. A species of Costus ( C. speciosus ). [shmi.

unis. f. The goddess of riches, Lakunists. m. A. large deep tank or pond; one in which the lotus does or may grow.

प्याद s. m. A sort of Cassia (C. tora).
प्रधान n. prop. A celebrated princess
whose adventures are related in a
romance entitled Padmawati.

पषापती s. f. The wife of the sage Jerotkaru; a river, the main stream of the Ganges, between the Cossim-jbazar river and the sea.

meditation, sitting with the thighs crossed one hand, resting on the left thigh, the other held up with the thumb upon the heart, the eyes directed to the tip of the nose; a seat or throne made in the shape of a lotus, one especially on which idols are placed.

पश्चित s. f. A woman of one of the four classes into which the sex is distinguished, the first and most excellent.

पन्नीचर s. m. Safflower.

पद्म s. m. Metre, verse. [arrive, पद्मारना v. n. To go, proceed, depart,

A termination affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c., as Larak-pan, Childhood; Baniya-pan, The business of a Baniya.

पनकपड़ा s. m. Soft cloth wetted and applied to a wound or sore.

पननोडी s. f. Chicken-pox.

प्राप्त s. m. A passage to a river, a stair or quay for drawing water.

पनच् s. f. A bow-string.

पनच्छी s. f. A water-mill.

unarrow neck and a hole in the bottom. When filled with water and the
mouth stopped, no water flows from
the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed.
(It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrine of the horror vacus
by the followers of Aristotle).

प्रमुखा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat. प्रमुखा v. n. To commence increasing in kulk (s man, tree, fc.); to proseper, to flourish, to thrive, to shoot, to grow, to be refreshed or restored. पनपनास्ट s. f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot.

बन्पाना v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

पनवहा s. m. A betel-box.

पनभत्ता s. m. A kind or drink made from rice.

पनवारा s.m. A plate or dish made of leaves to eat on.

पनवादी } 8. f. A betel garden.

पनस s. m. The bread-fruit tree ( Artocarpus integrifolia).

पनचा adj. Insipid. s.f. A pustule, a malady, postular and phlegmonoid inflammation of the skin or external organs.

पनचारहरा s. m. A quarter, where are many druggists' shops.

पनसारी s. m. A druggist.

पनसाल पनसाला पनस्त्रा is provided for passengers.

पनसीइ s.f. A small boat so called.

पन्हाना v. a. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

in pots on his head, or in a banghy.

पनभारित् हैं s. f. A woman who carries water in pots on her head.
s. m. f. A faithless person, a promise-breaker. [albus.]

पनिश्वादं adj. Afflicted with the fluor पनकी s. f. A shipper.

uni A termination affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, uess, &c., as Buck-pan, Infancy, childhood; Khantu-pan Wick-edness,

पनाना v. o. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

पनारी है s.f. A drain or pipe by which पनासी \ water runs off from the roof of a house.

पनिया s. m. Water; a water-snake or any thing living in water.

पिक्यावा v. n. To irrigate, to water, to yield water.

चनियाचा s. m. A fruit (Flacourtis culafracts ).

पनोर s. m. Cheese.

चनीरक } s. f. A young flowering चनेरी } shrub.

चनीका s. m. Any thing living in water, aquatic; a water-snake.

षय । s. m. A road, path, way; a sect, पन्या । a religious order.

चनग s. m. A snake.

प्या s. m. A beverage; the upper part of a shoe; an emarald; a leaf.

पनी s. f. Tinfoil. s. m. A tribe of Pathans.

quer s. m. A crust.

पपाष्ट्रियाक्य s. f. A kind of white coloured kath (extract of Mimosa catechu).

अपने s. f. A scab, a scale, scurf; scales formed by the drying up of moist earth; thin cakes of bread.

पपड़ीचा adj. Scurfy.

पपनी s.f. The eyelash.

पंचीश s. m. 'A sparrow-hawk (Falconinus).

भपेषा s. m. A sort of child's whistle; a tree and its fruit (the Papers tree, Carica papaya).

पषीडा s.f. The eyelid.

पण s. f. A river in the south of India. पष s. m. Milk, water, adv. On, upon, over, at, to, nevertheless, yet. conj. But. s. f. A fault. यवदा s. f. A shrub (Asclepias rossu); a medicinal kind of moon-plant.

चयस्तिनी s. f. Milch-cow.

प्रयाग s. m. Departure.

大考 す s. f. Strew.

पयोधर s. m. A woman's breast; a sort of rush (Soripus kysoor); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus, &c.).

पयोधिक s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

पधीनिषि s. m. The opens.

पयोर s. m. The khayar (Mimosa catechu).
पवीत्रव s. m. Living upon milk for a
month, which with prayer and residence in a cow-house, is an expiration for receiving an unsnitable present; offering of milk to Vishau, and
subsisting upon it for twelve days;
also for one or three days as a religious act.

पवीची s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhys mountain.

other, different, strange, foreign. adv. and conj. Over, above, through, after, at, by, for, of; but, yet, however. prep. On, upon, at, notwithstanding. Team v. c. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

परकान s. m. The business or interest of anothers.

or interest of others, serving others, beneficent.

परकान s. m. A trunnion.

परकाश v. a. To accustom, to habituate. परकाय adj. Another, belonging to another.

परकोश e.f. The mistress or wife of परकेश e.m. Another's field; another's body; another man's wife.

To s. y. Inspection, examination, trial, proof, experiment,

परचना v. a. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

the price paid for examination, inspection, trial or proof.

amine, try or prove.

परचेषा s. m. An inspector, examiner, prover, assayer.

परनास s. m. Epidendron.

glod is cast previous to working it; apparency, clearness.

परचूना v. n. To be made acquainted, to be introduced.

experiment.

oction v. a. To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.

परकृतिया s. m. A meal-merchant.

परक्ती s.f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

परस्ती s.f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

over the heads of a bride and bridegroom, to drive away evil spirits, propitiate good ones, &c.; to kindle (aftre).

feetion), shadow, shade. Parthidin april se bhagna, To be frightened at one's own shadow.

परिकट्ट s. m. A fault or defect in an-परकड़ s. m. A bedistead.

परवतन s. m. Travelling.

परजवड s. m. Quit-rent, tax.

जरका है ...f. A subject, tenant, renter, मना है people.

यहाँवत adj. Conquered, subdued.

чки ... A fold, plait, ply, layer, crust, incrustation, a stratum.

परसम adj. Greatest. प्रतल s. m. The baggage of a horseman

carried all on one bullock or tattu, a pack-horse, a pad-horse.

परतचा s. m. Sword-belt, shoulder belt. west & m. A reel (for winding thread). परती s. f. Waste land.

परतीत रे s.f. Faith, confidence, trust. Partit karna, To examine; to believe; to trust.

परहादा s.m. A great grand-father by the father's side.

परहार s.f. Another's wife.

adulterous परदारनमन s.m. Adultery, other. intercourse or intrigue.

परदु:च s. m. The pain or sorrow of an-प्रदेश s. m. A foreign country.

प्रदेशो adj. Foreign, exotic. s. m. A foreigner; one residing abroad.

परदीवचीचें न s. m. Seandal, calumny, censoriousness.

परशेषी adj. Hostile, inimical, adverse. मर्म्ब s. m. Another's property.

प्रहोडी adj. Tyrannising over another.

MINT s. m. Another's wealth.

प्रथमासादमस्य s. m. Feeding luxuriously at another's expense.

पर्यमं s. m. Another's duty or business, the occupation of another caste.

परन s. f. A very quick time in music.

परनाना s.m. A great grand-father by the mother's side.

परनाचा s. m. ) A gutter, 'a drain, a प्रशासी अ. र्र. conduit.

परना conj. Afterwards, also, but. परम adj. Subservient, obedient, de-

परपञ्च s. m. Delusion, fraud, imposition, treachery, deceit, artifice.

परपञ्ची adj. Insidious, fraudulent, artful. wive s. m. Eminence, high station; final felicity.

परकराना v. n. To smart.

भरपरभाट s. f. Acrimony, mart.

प्रपरिषय s. m. The family or dependants of another.

TYTE s. m. The Kokile or Indian cuekoo:

wither s. f. A harlot, a whore; a parasite plant

परपुरच adj. Brimful.

चरपैंड s. m. A duplicate of a bill of exchange.

प्राच s. m. A gem, a flat diamond : a festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, a feast; a chapter, a section.

परवत । adj. Predominant, prevalent, परव \ violent, strong, powerful.

पराच adj. Depending on the will of another, under the authority of another, dependant, precarious.

TITE 8. m. The Supreme Being.

प्रभाग s. m. Excellence, superior merit, supremacy; good fortune, prosperity;"the last part, residue, remainder.

परमूनि s.f. A foreign or an enemy's country.

चर्यत adj. Cherished or nourished by a stranger, fostered, adopted. s. m. The Indian cuckoo, which is supposed to leave its eggs in the nest of the crow to be hatched.

चरम adj. Best, most excellent; chief, principal, preceding, first, supreme.

चरनगति s. f. Chief object or refuge, as a god, a protector; final felicity, eternal felicity, heavenly bliss.

धरनत s.m. A different opinion or dootrine.

wtwww.m. Paradise.

TITUE s. m. Eminence, high station; final felicity; heaven or beatitude. चरनराज f. m. A supreme monarch.

च्या बर्जे. Sweet-scented. s. m. Parehed grain of jour or bajra (Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

man who has subdued all his senses by abstract meditation.

चरमागित s. f. Translocation to heaven, final beatitude.

of all aggregate bodies; thirty of them are supposed to form a mote in a sun-beam; the lowest measure of weight; a measure of time, the sun's passage past an atom of matter.

धरमाद्या s. m. The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe.

चरमाद्देत s. m. Pure unitarianism.

परमानन्द s. m. Great pleasure.

चरमात्र s. m. An oblation of rice to progenitors or gods, boiled with milk and sugar.

प्रसाय: s. m. The longest period of life, either in men or animals.

excellent or important aim or object; the best sense; the first pursuit, the best end, virtue, merit.

चरमाद्यी adj. Religious, seeking the best end, virtuous.

चरनिष s. f. A kind of dance.

च्यमें s. m. A gonorrhea, a (venereal) clap, a gleet.

प्रतिषर s. m. The first and Supreme Lord, God, the Almighty.

प्रमद ६. m. Eternal-felicity.

proceeding from one to another, from father to son, &c. s. m. A great-great-grandson.

order, method, continuous arrangement, regular series or succession;

communication from one to another in succession, tradition.

प्राचीच adj. Hereditary, what has come by inheritance or descent; traditional. trtoa).

पर इ. m. A potherb ( Eclipta pros-

भरकोष s. m. Heaven, paradise.

परकी बगम् s. m. Death, dying.

परवल } s.m. A plant (Tricho-santhes घलवल ∫ dioica).

चरम adj. Subservient, dependent, subject.

wan charhno, To grow ( a phrase peculiar to women).

परवास s. m. A disease of the eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe.

परश s. m. A kind of gem.

परवाह है s. m. Viand, victuals, food प्रसाद है that has been offered to the deities; kindness, favour, blessing, gift, leavings of a great man or spiritual guide.

प्राप्त s. m. An axe, a hatchet.

परपराम s. m. A hero and demi-god, the first of the three Rams, and the sixth avator or supposed descent of the god Vishnu, who is said to have appeared in the world as the son of the sage Jamadagni, for the purpose of repressing the tyranny and punishing the violence of the Kshatri or military tribe, and contemporary with Dashwoth Rom. He is, from his father, called Jamadagni, Ranuka, wife of Jamadagni, was interrupted in bringing water from the river by Kartavirja-Arjuna, a prince of the Kshattris, who was sporting in the water with his thousand wives, for

which Parsieven's father Samadagni cursed him. The Kshattri prince kill-ed Jamadagni; and Jamadagni vowed not to leave a Khattri on the face of the earth; he is reported to have extirpated them twenty-one times; the women with child each time producing a new race; and, they say that there have been no Kshattri since; those so called being of spurious breed of Varanasankers. Parskurám appears to typify the tribe of Bráhmans, and their contests with the Kshattris.

with adv. The day after tomorrow.

WIE s. m. Touch.

कर्यमा v. a. To touch.

चरिया s. m. A reaping hook, a sickle.

बरसूत है s. m. The whites, fluor albus.

well adv. The day before yesterday; the day after tomorrow.

with another.

स्राचनी adj. Related to another, belonging to another.

Mutually, reciprocally.

च्रकाराजुनित s. f. Mutual concurrence or assent.

भ्रासिकार s. m. Mutual assistance; offensive and defensive alliance.

चरवारी चनारी s. m. An ally; an associate, a helper. [verb.

प्राचित्र s. m. The transitive or active प्राचित adj. Friendly, benevolent; good or profitable for another.

wit prep. (In comp.) Back, back-ward, reverse, over. s. m. A company, a body ( of troops).

पराठा s m. A kind of cake, paste.

चराइ s. m. A religious obligation of

an expiatory kind, fasting for twelve days and nights, and keeping the mind attentive, and organs subdued; a sacrificial sword or scimitar.

चरावन s.m. Power, strength; valour, prowess.

चराकवी adj. Powerfal, bold, strong, vigorous.

flower; fragrant power used after bathing; the name of a mountain.

Turning away, having the face averted.

घराचीन है adj. Old, of former times, माचीन ancient.

चराजत s. m. Overthrow, defeat, discomfiture.

षराजयमाच adj. Overcoming, surpassing, defeating. [come.

पराजित adj. Conquered, defeated, over-पराठा s. m. Bread made with butter or ghi, and of several layers, like piecrust.

बरात } s.f. A large plate (of saccha-पराती } rum spontoneum).

चरात्विव s. m. A kind of reed (Saochsrum spontaneum).

ष्यद्न s. m. A horse of the Persian breed.

चराधिकार s. m. Anothers person's office or post.

कराधिकारक्यों ...f. Officiousness, interference with another's concerns.

पराभीन adj. Dependent, subject, subservient, humble, under another.

चराधीचता s. f. Subjection, dependance.

परान है s. m. Breath; soul, life; मार्च sweetheart, mistress. Pranpati., soul's lord.

utines s. f. The practice of medicine, administering remedies.

चरावा v. s. To run, to flee.

चरात्र adj. Living at another's expense, . s. m. Food supplied by another.

पराजनी जी odj. Living at another's cost. चरामव s. m. Discomfitting, overcoming. चरामृत adj. Defeated, discomfited, overcome.

चरानमें s. m. Discrimination, discriminating, distinguishing, judgment; counsel, advice, consideration, reflec-

चरामीधना s. m. Wheedling.

प्राथप s. m. Adherence to any pursuit, attachment to any object; dependance on. adj. Adhering or attached to; connected with, depending upon. पराम adj. Dependant, subject.

चराया adj. Strange, foreign, belonging to another, extraneous, other, of another.

TITE s. m. A kind of gourd (Momordica charantia).

परायं adj. Having another object or sense, &c.; designed or purposed by another. s. m. For the sake or ano-

परार्थवादी adj. Officious, intermedding. प्राच s. m. A great number, a lack of lacks of crores, or a number equal to half the term of Bramah's life, or as many mortal days as are equal to fifty of his years.

पराच & f. Straw.

चरावर्ष s. m. Reversal of a scritence. परावर्षे व्यवद्वार s. m. Appeal (in law). पराहत sdj. Reversed (as a judgment). THE A. prop. The father of the poet Vyas. mendicant. परावरी s. m. A. beggar, a wandering

पराचय adj. Dependant or relying upon another. s. m. Dependance.

पराचवा s. f. A parasite-plant; पराचित adj. Subject, dependant. पराच . m. A tree (Butea frondosa); oakum made of the bark of that tree.

परास adj. Dead, expired.

परास्ता s.f. Death, extinction; drowsiness, sleepiness.

परास adj. Defeated.

पराष्ट्र s. w. The next day, s.f. Flight, a general emigration.

पराक्र s.m. The afternoon, the latter part of the day.

परि drep. (In comp.) About, around, round about, entirely.

परिवया s.f. A work of fiction, a tale, a story, the history or adventures of any fabulous person.

परिकार s. m. A girth, zone.

परिकासित adj. Made, invented.

परिकोभेन s. m. Saying, telling; talking of, boasting,

परिषया s. f. Walking round or about, circumambulating, going about; act of going round to the right by way of adoration; circumambulation, going about.

परित्रव s. m. Redemption, purchasing or purchasing back; giving up part of a treasure to preserve the rest.

परिविष s. m. Vexation, trouble.

परिकाट adj. Vexed, annoyed.

परिचित s. prop. The name of a king. the son of Abhimanyu, and grandson of Arjun.

परिचा s.f. A most, a ditch surrounding a fort, &c.

परिष्यान odj. Famous, celebrated.

चरिष्काति s. f. Fame, reputation.

परिवद s. m. An embracing, seizing.

परिष s. m. An iron bar for shutting a

परिचय s. m. Aquaintance, intimacy.

चरित्रथा e. f. Bervice, dependance: veneration, worship.

47-80

দৰিবাৰৰ s. m. A servant, an attendant. দৰিবাৰ adj. Known, acquainted with. বিশিব adj. To be known as an aquaintance.

परिचर s. m. A cover, clothing. [ed. मरिचर adj. Surrounded, covered, cloth-परिचा s. f. Examination, test, trial.

परिकार s. m. Segment, division; the division of a book, a section or chapter. [out.

परिका adj. Cut off, detached, singled परिकार s.f. Shade, shadow.

परिवान s. m. Through knowledge, learning.

परिजन s. m. Dependants, servants, family, followers.

परिचयन s. m. Marriage.

परिपास s. m. Maturity, fulness, ripeness; end, last stage, or state.

षरिचामदची बर्जु. Who looks forward or to the end.

परिवाद e. m. Width, breadth, extension. परित: adv. Around, every way, all round.

परिनाप s. m. Pain, anguish ; sorrow; a division of hell.

परितृष्ट adj. Pleased, delighted.

परितोष s. m. Pleasure, satisfaction, delight.

परितीयक odj. Satisfying, pleasure giving. परितीयो odj. Contented, satisfied.

परिवास adj. Void or deprived of, left, quitted, abandoned.

परिचाय s. m. Abandonment, quitting, desertion,

परिवास adj. Abandoning, quitting. परिवास s. m. Preserving, protecting.

परिषय s. m. Clothes, dresses, covers.

परिचान s. m. A lower garment; vesture, clothes.

ufter s. m. The circumference of a cirele; the disk of the sun or moon. परिचास adv. At last fat the end. परिपक adj. Cooked, dressed; mature; shrewd, knowing; digested.

परिपक्तता s. f. Maturity, perfection; shrewdness; digestion.

परिपन्ती s. m. An enemy, an antagonist; a robber, a highwayman, a bandit.

oleverness, shrewdness; digestion.

परिपाकिनी s.f. A drug (Convolvulus turpethum).

परिपाटी s.f. Order, method, arrangement; arithmetic.

परिपालन s. m. Protecting, cherishing.

परिपाणित adj. Protected, cherished. परिपाणित adj. A sort of cucumber (Cu-

oumis madraspatanus).
परिपूचन s. m. Worshipping, adoring.

परिपृत्तित adj. Served, worshipped, adored.

परिपूर्च adj. Full, entire, complete; satisfied, content.

परिपूर्वता s. f. Completion, entireness, fulness; satiety or satisfaction.

परिपेच s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

परिश्वन s. m. Bathing, immersing; inundation. [bathed. परिश्वन spj. Immersed, inundated;

परिमद } s. m. Disrespect, contempt, परिभाद disgrace.

victional term in any science; (in grammar) a maxim given by the ancient grammarians as a summary interpretation of the rules of Pánini; (in medicine) prognosis; abuse, ridicule.

परिभीग s. m. Possession, enjoyment. परिभाग s. m. Wandering, going about;

error. [ of. परिषष्ट adj. Fallen, degraded, deprived

परिमक्त s. m. A ball, a globe, a circle.

करिमस्त्रता s. f. Rotundity, circularity. वरिमस् adj. Slow, dull.

ফাবিনৰ s. m. An exquisite scent, especially arising from the trituration of fragrant substances; the trituration of perfumes.

चरिनाच s. m. Measure ; measuring. चरिनित adj. Meted, measured ; regulated.

परिनित्तसूत्र adj. Temperate, abstemious. परिनित्ताहार adj. Eating moderately.

परिमोक्षिण s. m. Fascinating, beguiling. करिमोक्षिण s.f. adj. What is bewitch-

परिनोद्दी s. m. ing, fascinating.

परिचान adj. Soiled, stained; waned, with ered; diminished, impaired.

परिवर्ष a. m. Going or turning back; turning round, revolving; exchange, barter; requital, return; the end of a period of four ages, or destruction of the world.

fortnight, the first day of a lunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane.

परिनाद s. m. Abuse, reproach, reproof; charge, accusation.

परिवादक s. m. An accuser, a plaintiff, a complainant or calumniator.

विश्वादी s. m. An accuser, a reprover; (in low) a plaintiff.

परिवार s. m. Family, attendants, dependants; dependant.

परिवारता a.f. Subjection, dependance. परिवास t. m. Abiding, abode.

ustate s. m. An inundation, an overflowing, natural or artificial.

परिविष्ट adj. Surrounded, enclosed.

ohanged.

परिवेदम s. m. Anguish, pain, misery ; marriage, marrying. परिवेषच s. m. Surrounding, enclosing; serving up dinner, distributing food to guests, &c.

परिवेदन s. m. Surrounding, encompassing ; circumference.

uttates adj. Enclosed, surrounded, encompassed; covered, veiled.

परिचाध s. m. A tree (Pterospermum accrifolia); a sort of reed growing in water (Calamus fasciculatum).

परिक्रका s. f. Ascetic devotion, religious austerity, abandonment of the world; leading the life of a mendicant.

परिवाजक s. m. A religious mendicant.

परिवस्तीय adj. To be doubted, to be feared, or apprehended.

परिवाप s.m. Cursing, reviling.

परिषय adj. Cleaned, purified; discharged, paid.

परिवेष s.m. Remainder; completion.

वरिजोध s. m. Cleansing, purifying, cerrecting; discharging a debt or obligation.

परिजीव s. m. Drying, evaporation.

परिचम s. m. Labour, trouble, pain, toil; distress, fatigue.

परित्रनी adj. Active; laborions.

परित्रान adj. Overcome with distress or fatigue, exhausted, wested.

परिवाणि s. f. Labour, trouble ; fatigue, exhaustion.

परिवार s. m. Decoration, embellishment, initiation, purification by essential rites.

परिचात adj. Adorned, decorated, embellished; purified by initiatary rites.

परिकृतसृति s. f. An altar, or ground prepared for a sacrifice, or for the victim and the utensils employed.

দ্বিভয়া s. f. Total or complete enumeration or specification, implying ex-

clusion of any other; reckoning, enumerating. परिवक्तात adj. Counted, enumerated. परिसनाचन s m. Finishing entirely. परिसमाप्त adj. Finished, done entirely. परिसर s. m. Border, proximity, envious, position, width, extension. प्रशिक्षमाप्ति s. f. Entire completion. मरिसाधन 8. m. Accomplishing, effecting; determining, ascertaining. परिसीमन s. m. Boundary, extreme term or limit. Tabandoning. चरिष्ट्य s. m. Seizing, taking : leaving, परिष्या u. o. To leave, forsake, abandon, desert; to take away, to clear off. षरिकार s. m. Disrespect. परिदास s. m. Mirth, sport, pastime. परिशासने दी s. m. A jester, a wag, a wit. परिश्रीच adj. Waned, faded, wasted; deserted by, deprived of. परीचक s.m. An experimenter, an assayer, a prover; an investigator, a Ttion. परीचय s.m. Trial, experiment, examina-परीचा s. f. Discrimination, investigation, . examination, test, trial, experiment; trial by ordeal of various kinds. परीचित n. prop. The grandson of Arjun to whom the Bhagavai was related. परीचित adj. Tried, examined, tested, proved. Indian cycle. मरीशाबी s. m. The fortyfirst year of the TUTEN s. m. Exchange, barter. परीवाद s. m. Reproof, censure, souse. परीवार s. m. Dependants, family, retinue. परीवाष s.im. A natural inundation or overflow. चरीपास s. m. Mirth, sport, amnsement. yes. m. A knot or joint in a reed.

us s, m. Harsh and contumelious

nort of tree ( Xylocarpus granulum ).

Barleria; a

speech, abuse; yellow

प्रवादचन s. m. Harsh language, reproach, abuse. speech. पद्यवास s. f. Harsh or contumelious प्रयोक्ति s. f. Abusive or harsh language. प्रविश्वास 8. m. An abuser, one uttering harsh and scurrilous language. पद्य s. m. The knot or joint of a cane or reed. पर adv. Beyond, yonder, at a distance. Parch rahana, To remain at distance. परेखा s m. Regret, concern, contrition, repentance. s. f. Examination, trial. परेखी s. m. Regret, repentance. परेत adi. Dead. defunct. s. m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a kind of goblin, a ghost, a spirit, an evil spirit, a fiend. परेतना v. a. To reel (thread or yarn). परेता s. m- A reel (for winding yorn). परेया s. m. A pigeon. nt s. m. Soup. परीच adj. Invisible, imperceptible; absent, past. s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammar) past time or tense. पराज्य s. m. Purpose, design, intention. प्रोपकार s. m. Charity, benevolence, deing good to others, the helping of others, beneficence. परीपचारी adj. Benevolent, charitable, good to others, acting for others, beneficent, hospitable. परीपदेश & m. Giving advices counselling, admonishing. परीची s. f. A. co kroach. यरीस s. m. Vicinity. परीसना v. a. To serve up dinner, to distribute food to guests, &c. परीसा s. m. A dish of food which is send to a friend.

प्रोची s. m. A neighbour.

परोचेश s. m. A distributer of victuals to the guests, one who serves up dinner, a waiter.

परोचन s. m. Carriage, vehicle, instruments of transportation.

पराहा s. m. Leathern water-bucket.

sent, past. s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammer) past time or tense.

unz s. m. A heron.

पक्टी s. f. The waved-leaf fig tree (Ficus infectiona).

union s. m. A spark, a page of glass.

voi s. m. Examination, trial, proof,
experiment.

पर्यामा ७. ७. To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.

पर्यम s. m. Meal, flour, grocery.

पर निवा s. m. A meal merchant.

पर्वनी s. f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

पह ती s. f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

und s. m. Self-sown paddy (rice); a spindle for winding thread on.

s. f. Image (from shade or reflection), shadow, shade.
Parchhain upni seh bhagna,
To be frightened at one's own shadow.

handle of a shield. Parjdar, adj. Back-hilted (a scimitar).

पत्रह s. m. A bedstead.

पर्वती s. f. A sort of Curcuma ( C. zasthorrhizon.).

पर्जन s. m. A rain, threatening cloud. पत्रोंप s. f. Custom, manner.

the Palus tree ( Butse frondess ).

stuffed with leaves, made to represent a person deceased, whose body cannot be found, and for whom obsequial rites are performed with this representative.

पर्यमाचाख s. m. The Kamarángá, an acid, fruit (Averrhae carambola).

पर्यवता s. f. The betel plant.

पर्ववारी a.f. A tree (Butsa frondasa).

पर्वेद्याला इ.f. A hut of leaves and grass, a hermitage.

पदासि s. m. A sort of Basil (Ocymum sanctum), with small leaves.

An aquatic plant (Pistia stratitoes); the leaf of the asafætida (?).

पर्योद्ध्य s. m. A hut of leaves, the regidence of holy anchorets, a hermitage.

unia s.f. Prosperity, fortune glory.

पद्दे s. m. curtain, screen.

पहोदा s. m. A great grand-father by the father's side.

पदांदी s. f. A great grand-mother bg the father's side. [wind.

पर्व s. m. Wind downwards, letting पर्व s. m. A wheel chair, or one on which a cripple can move about.

uves. m. A medicinal plant with bitter leaves (apparently the Oldenlandia biflara, though the Hindi name Papar is also applied to the Gardenia latifolia).

पर्यटहुम s. m. Bdellinm.

पपेंटी s. f. A thin crisp cake made of any pulse.

प्रशाह s.m. A bedstead.

पर्यटन s. m. Wandering about, roaming. पर्यन s. m. Limit, term, boundary, extent.

पर्यवस्था s. m. End, conclusion.

and methodical disposal or succession; manner, kind; opportunity, occasion; the text of a vocabulary. or the order of the synonyms for any term.

पर्का adj. Of the other side.

पर्क s. m. A festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, feast.

पर्वचारी s. m. A Brahman who performs ceremonies for hire out of season.

पर्वनानी t. m. A man who associates with his wife on festival or holy days.

पर्वेषिका s. f. Speaks with pain on the edge of the cornea of the eye.

पर्वेची s.f. Giving gifts on Holidays.

पर्वत s. m. A mountain, a hill; a kind of fish (Silurus pabda).

पर्वतवास s. m. A raven. [tains. पर्वतवासी adj. Living, &c., in the moun-पर्वतवास adj. Mountaineer, living, &c. in the mountains.

पर्वतिया s. m. A kind of pumpkin. [&c. पर्वतिय adj. Mountainous, mountaneer, पर्वतिय s. m. The full and change of the moon, the junction of the 15th and 1st of a lunar fortnight, or the precise moment of the full and change of the moon.

प्रकार s. m. A disease in the eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe.

[da.

पियत s. m. A sort of fish ( Silurus pab-पर्य s. m. An axe, a hatchet.

पंरान s. m. The first of three Ráms, being the sixth mythological Avatar of Vishnu, as the son of the Muni Jamadagni.

un s. m. A moment, the 60th part of ghari or danda (2½ pals being equal to one minute). Pal-ot, For an in-

stant. Pal marte, adv. Immediately, instantly, in the twinkling of an eye. Pal marna, To make a motion of the eyelid.

पनारं s. f. A young branch or spray of पना s. m. The eyelid; a moment.

ver s. m. A bed (without curtains), a beadstead. Palang-posh, s. m. A coverlet, a counterpane.

प्रकृत s.f. A small bedstead.

पब्टन s. f. A battalion.

to retreat; to overturn, to rebound; to change.

पबट् बेना है ए. a. To take back, to पबटा बेना है take in return, to take revenge.

vezi s. m. Turn, stead, exchange, recompense, revenge, retaliation.

পৰ্ত আৰা e. a. To turn over head and heels; to overturn, to be titled; to rebound.

पब्टाना v. a. To turn, cause to turn, return, convert, repel.

पबराव s. m. Contradiction, reaction, rebound.

पब्टा मारना v. a. To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks.

प्रवाह s. m. A scale, i. e. one side of a pair of scales.

पत्रवा मारना v. n. To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks.

पन्नो s. f. A mode of sitting on the ground resting on the buttocks.

पत्तना v. n. To be reared, nourished or fattened, to thrive.

dioica). Palwal-lati, The plant of palwal).

पत्तवाना v. s. To cause to nourish, to bring up, &c.

प्राचार s. m, A kind of boat.

चचरारी t.m. Boatman (belonging to a palwar). [oil, &c.]

च्या s. m. A spoon, ladle for taking out च्याचि s. m. Bile, the bilious humour.

पदाइ s. m. The Gangetic porpoise.

प्रवास s. m. An onion.

पबाद s. m.f. Rakhas, male or female. पदाना n. a. To flee, run away, escape.

पसानी s. f. पसान s. m. } Thatching.

पवाचा v. a. To saddle a horse or bullock.

पकायन s. m. Flight, retreat.

पत्तावनपरावन adj. Fugitive.

पचायमान adj. Running away.

usin s. m. A tree bearing red blossoms (Butes frondosa); a sort of Curcuma (C. reclinata); ancient Behar or Magadha.

THE S. m. Curcuma reclinate; the Palas tree.

मजात्र प्रपण्ड s. m. The seeds of the Butes frondosa used in medicine.

पदाश्य s. m. Asafortida.

पৰাম s.f. Lac. s. m. A goblin; a sort of Mimusops (M. kauki). [with. पৰী s.f. A ladle used to take out oil एবীৰ s. m. A ghost.

पक्षीता s. m. A match (of a gun); a candle. Palita chút jána, To flash in the pan.

over bread when it is rolled. Palsthan pakarna, To contrive the ruin of any one. Palethan nikalna, To beat severely.

ver s. m. Soup; pounded rice or flour put into soup to thicken it.

षदीडा adj. First-born.

mity of a branch bearing new leaves, a twig.

[denticulatus].

THEN S. M. A kind of fish ( Opprinus

a border of cloths; a sheet (generally applied to chintz or shawl); a bag; one shutter of a door, &c.; border, margin.

पन्नो s.f. A small village; a house lizard. पन्न s.m. The hem or border of a garment. Palláder, A garment with a silver or gold border.

water-pots are placed, a place where water is kept.

fied as a deity. s. m. Regent of the winds, and of the north west quarter. Pavan ka put, The son of Pavan, i. e. The ape Hanumán.

प्रविचाधि s. m. Wind. as affected morbidly, or rheumatism, &c.

पदमाच s. m. A kind of grain ( Andropogon saccharatus ).

प्रवासन adj. Rheumatic.

legs to prevent their being stolen; chains with which the legs of a criminal are fastened, fetters; the leg of a boot or stocking.

पवाका s. m. A narratation or an explanation of a story.

पवित adj. Purified, cleansed.

पंत्र adj Pure, clean, purified physically or morally, holy, undefiled, nice. s. m.
The brahminical cord.

पविवता s. f. Purity, holiness.

refer s. f. Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum); a river, a little to the north west of Haridwar, the Pabar; the twelfth of the light fortnight of Shravan, a festival in honor of Vishnu. s. f. The brahminical thread; a string of silken beads; a knotted.

piece of Kusho grass, used in religious ceremonies of the Hindus.

(Pos cynosuroides), or of gold, silver, or copper, worn on the ring-finger and fore-finger by Hindus during religious worship.

परी s. m. The iron band of wheel, the thunderbolt of Indra.

भवेरा s. m. The act of sowing seed with the hand.

षञ् s. m. An animal in general, a beast. पञ्चा s. f. Any small animal.

भश् ज़िया s.f. Copulation, coition.

पत्र वायकी s.f. A parody of the holy verse of the Veds, whispered into the ear of an animal about to be sacrified.

पम्हा s.f. The condition or nature of an animal, beastislity, brutality.

पश्च s. m. Nature of an animal.

भन्नभन s. m. Action or property of animals; promisonous cohabitation; the marrying of widows.

पञ्च वता s. m. A fragrant grass (Oyperus rotundus).

प्रमुचाल s. m. A herdsman.

भा भाषा s. m. Tending or rearing cattle. भगराज्य s. m. A string or tie for fastening cattle:

प्रशास s. m. A lion.

पग्ररोतन् s. m. The hair of an animal. पश्ररोतनी s. f. The hog-plum.

पदात् adv. After, afterwards, behind, westward.

प्याताप s. m. Repentance.

থাৰ adj. West, western; behind, after; *Hindus* in their prayers, usually facing the east, and consequently having the west behind them.

पदान } s. m. A stone, a rock.

पसर s. f. Grazing cattle at night.

पश्रमा •. त. To be spread, stretched out, distended, expanded.

भवती s. f. A rib, the precordia. Pasti phoraksi, A thrilling over the ribs, is applied to a perception of the condition of an absent person.

in shallow ponds.

ver s. m. Two handfuls, as much as can be held in both hands open.

पसारे 8. f. A kind of rice.

पशांच } s. m. Propicuity, clearness, पशांच } calmness of mind.

प्यामा v. s. To skim, to pour off-superfluous water (from boiled rice).

out, reach, extend, expand, open, display.

spreading out. Pasara karna, To procrastinate and find obstacles to an easy matter.

पसारी s. m. One who sells spices, a spicer.

पदीनमा v. s. To perspire, to sweat, to melt; to compassionate.

पसीना । s. m. Perspiration, sweat.

पस्त्रमा v. a. Fo stitch. पस्ताता v. n. To regret.

dawn, to grow luminous.

पद्भाव s. f. Acquaintance, knowledge; recognisance.

पश्चाचा v. a. To know, to recognise, to discriminate, to distinguish.

पश्चापा s. m. Clothing, dress.

s. m. Dress, clothing.

of eight gharis, a watch or three hours.

चरना v. a. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

of watch; a corporal and six. Pohradena, To watch. Pahra men dalna, To give in charge to a watch or the guard. Pahra men parna, To be given in charge to a watch or the guard.

decimi v. a. To cause to dress, to clothe, invest, to dress.

the guests at a wedding, a tire woman; vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing.

पंकरिया । s. m. A watchman, a senti-पहरू । nel, gnard.

minz; aggression; the side of a rectangular figure.

TEN s. m. Beginning, initiative; cotton pressed in gathers.

adj. First. adv. Before, rather,

two adv. At first, soon, rather. Pahi-

raten, Longnights (especially of sor-

Trips s. m. The multiplication table (in arithmetic).

wountain. s. m. A mountaineer.

\*\*\*\* s. f. A hill, a small mountain.

dress. s. m. Dress, clothing.

परिया a. m. A wheel.

पिदायम s. f. Dress, elothing, &c.

the guests at a wedding, a tifewoman; vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing.

पहिनों v. a. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

पहिचा adj. First. adv. Before, rather, soon.

vive odv. At first, in the first place, first, sooner, before, chiefly, rather. Pahile par, On the other side.

पिनिहा adj. First-born.

penetration; access, remittance; a receipt.

पहुँचना v. n. To arrive, reach, extend, amount, befall, belong.

पहुंचा s. m. The wrist.

पहेचाना v. a. To cause to arrive, convey, transmit, bring, conduct, to cause, to occasion.

पहुंची s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist, a kind of bracelet.

Ч₹ s. m. The before down:

पहुंच्या v. n. To lie down, to repose, to lie, to rest.

पद्चव s. f. Hospitality, entertainment. पद्च s. m. A flower.

पहुषादमा v. n. To break (the day). पहेली s. f. A riddle, an enigms.

unit. m. The name of one of the degraded Kshattri races sentenced by Sagar to wear beards, perhaps a Parthian.

ঘটিলা s. f. A plant (Pistia stratioites). ঘৰ s. m. The half of a lunar mouth or fortnight, comprising fifteen days; a partisan; a friend; a side, a flank.

vent s. f. The taking up a side or argument.

प्यथर s. m. A partisan.

पञ्चात ई. m. Adopting a side or an ar-

8€--48

gnm whether right or wrong, partisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

अवगतिता . f. Adherence, friendship, fellowship.

मध्यानी s. m. A partisan, a friend, an adherent.

पचाचात s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

विषयी - } s. f. A bird.

पविराज s. m. A king of the birds, usually applied to Garar.

पचित्राता s. f. A nest, an aviary.

unk s. f. A coin, the fourth part of an anna. [quagmire.

पंत s. m. A bog, mire, mud, slough, पांत odj. Linear, in or by line, or row.

বাৰা s.m. Culinary salt obtained from sen and (as by the process in use on the sea coast of Bengal). [ity. দাৰ adj. Five. Pach-sat, s. f. Perplexৰাণ্ডা adj. Fifth.

पांतर s. m. The ribs, the side; a side or puarter.

शंहे } s.m. A title of Brahmans; a school-master.

पांत } s. f. A row; a line ( of writing); पांती a note; a rank of soldiers.

पातर s. m. A desert field.

पांचती s. f. The foot of a bed.

viv s. m. Leg, foot. Paon uthána, or,—
chálana, To go quickly. Paon urana,
To interfere unprofitably in any
one's affairs. Paon utarna, To be dislocated (the foot). Paon ka angutha.
s. m. The great toe. Paon kámpna,
or, thartdarána, To fear to attempt
any thing. Paon kain karna, To
occupy a fixed habitation; to adopt
a new resolution. Paon kisi ka ukhárna, To move any person from his
place, intention or resolution, Paon

kisi ka gole men dalna, To convet one by his own arguments. Paon ki ungli, s. f. A toe. Paon chal jana, To totter, to become unstable. Paon jamána, To stand firmly. Paon zaminpar na thaharna is used to express excessive joy. paon palna, To prepare for and commence an undertaking. paon digna, To slide. Paon tale malna, To give one pain, to annoy. Paon torna, To desist from visting any person; to visit one very often; to be tired. Dibe paon ana, To come gently and unperceived as a spy. Paon dho dho pina (lit. to drink the water withwhich one's feet are washed). denotes perfect confidence. Poon nikálna, To exceed one's proper limits; to withdraw from an undertaking; to be a ringleader in a criminal action. Paon pakarna, To beseech submissively; to prevent one from going. Paon parna, To entreat submissively. Paon par paon rakhna, To imitate or adopt the conduct of another, to walk in the steps of another; to sit at ease, to sit cross-legged. Paon paon, adj. A foot. Paon pitna, To stamp with impatience. Paen pájna, To honour mother; to avoid another, Paon phuk phik rakhna. To do any thing carefully. Paon phylakar sons (lit. to slesp with the legs extended), is applied to signify perfect content and security. Paon hilúna, To insist, to be obstinate. Paen borhána, To take the lead among ene's equals; to desist from one's former courses. Peas bhar jana, Numbers of the feet, sleeping of the feet. Paon regerns, To go about foolishly and unprofitably; to be in the agonies of death.

Paon layna, To make obeisauce. Paon sabit rakhna, To persevere firmly in a resolution. Paon se paon bándhna, To watch one close. Paon se paon bhirana, To be near. Paon sona, To be numbed, to sleep (the foot).

walk on.

षोत्रपांच adj. A foot, on foot.

पोवरीटी ह. f. A loaf of breach

पांच्य s. m. Rock or fossil salt.

पांच s. m. Manure.

viver s. f. A fragrant plant (Pondanos odoratissimus).

पांचवासीस s. m. Sulphuret of iron.

দাসস s. m. Salt extracted from soi, rock or fossil salt. [album).

पांचपन s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium पांचल s. m. A kind of tree ( Cæsalpinia

bonducella).

it s. m. Manure, a dunghill. Pans hojana, To rot; to become mellow
(land).

पांसना v. a. To manure, to dung.

पांचा s. m. A die.

पांसु s. f. The ribs.

off the warp from.

पारं ती s. f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

village and cultivating land belonging to another village.

भाक s. m. An electuary medicine, confection.

पाक्ष 1 s. m. The waved leaf Indian पाक्ष्यां । fig-tree (Ficus nenosa).

चाचना v. a. To boil in sirap.

पासमा s. m. The Caronda, (Carissa carondas).

Taxus s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassia.

purative, producing maturity; suppurative, producing suppuration in a boil. s. m. A sort of Costus ( C speciosus). [candids].

पानिक s. m. A sort of plant (Bauhinia पानिको s. f. A sort of cucumber (Cucumis utilatissimus).

पाचेशाला } s.m. A kitchen.

पाकतंक्षी s. f. A table-vice, a tenchvice.

una s. m. Bitlaban; a medicinal sait; impregnated with iron; nitre, salt-petre.

Heradj. Relating to a side or party.

Heradj. s. m. Wickedness, deceit, hyminus | pocrisy, heresy; a heretic, a
heterodox Hindu, adopting the exterior marks of the classes, but not
respecting the ordinances of the
Veds.

पासको । adj. Hypocritical, deceitful, पावको / heretical.

of a horse or of an elephant.

Teaning against the wall of a yard or area.

पान s. m. A turban ; sirup.

पानव s. m. A fool, idiot, madman.

चाना s. m. A troop of horse (among Marhattas). a stud.

पान्र s. m. Act of chewing the cud, rumination. [minate.

ঘাৰ্থাৰ v. a. To chew the cud, to ru-ঘাৰ adj. Digestive, tonic, what effects digestion. s. m. The bila which assists in digestion; a digestive, a stomachic, a solvent; a cook.

A medicinal preparation, an infusion, a decoction, &c. of various drugs, chiefly carminatives or gentle stimuli

in fever, &c. to maturity, a sort of diet drink; a digestive.

षाचन्**ष** 8. m. Borax.

प्राचनो s. f. A sort of myrobalan ( Terminalia chebula ).

साच्य adj. Whatever causes digestion, &c. [culation.

पास s. m. The act of inoculating, ino-वाह्य v. s. To inoculate:

बाके } adv. Behind, after, afterwards, गाके } in the absence.

ruling over, &c., the country of Penchal. s. m. The sovereign of Panchal; the company or association of five trades, the carpenter, weaver, barber, washerman, and shoemaker.

wizs.m. Breadth (of cloth or of a river).
expanse, extension; tow; silk; a
mill-stone; a throne, seat; a board,
shutter plank, slab, plank on which
washermen beat clothes.

बारक्रम 8. ne. A. silk-worm.

षाट्न s. f. A roof, s. m. Name of a city.

चाटना v. a. To roof, to cover, to shut; to fill. fill up, overstock, heap, pile, accumulate; to water, irrigate; to pay.

बाटबर s. m. Silk cloth, a silk garment. बाटरानी s. f. The queen or principal wife of a Rajoh

s. m. Pale red, rose colour.

পাহৰ: s. f. The trumpet-flower (Biggo-

पाटिलाव s. m. The name of a city, supposed to be the ancient Palibethra, and the modern Patna.

षाटकीपख s. m. Arnby.

s. m. Cleverness, talent; eloquence.

पाटिकः वर्ताः. Cunning, crafty, fraudulent; clever, dexterous.

पर्रोडम अ. f. A small shrub (Absus: precatorius).

uizi s. m. A plank on which washermen beat elethes.

पाटिन । s. m. A sort of fish described पाटी । as having many teeth,

a kind of mat; a kind of board on which children learn to write; divisions of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and parted by a line in the middle; a kind of sweetment.

पाटीर s. m. A pungent root, a sort of radish; sandal.

पाट्नी s. m. A ferryman.

writing, considered as one of the five great sacraments of the Hindus; reading, perusal study in general; a lecture, lesson.

of the Purane or other sacred works, a Pandii who declares what is the law or enstorn according to the sacred writings; a spiritual preceptor; a reader, a student; a title of Brahman, with s. m. Lecturing, teaching.

पाउम् १. f. The place where the Veds are read or studied.

पाठमकरी s.f. A small bird (Gracula religiosa).

पाठमाचा s.f. A college, a school.

पठमासिमी z. f. A small bird (Gracula religiosa).

uist s. m. A young animal full grown (generally, a goat or elephant), a youth or young wreatler.

PROTES 2. 10. Bdellium.

wifen adj. Instructed, taught, lectured.

mail s. m. He that gives lessens, a teacher, a professor; a Brahman,

especially one who has finished his sacred studies? a plant (Plumbago zelanics). s. f. A young goat; a kind of fish.

कारीक e. m. A sort of fich ( Situres boalis); a public reader or lecturer on the Purans, &c.

was adj. To be read or sundied, ut s. f. A scaffold.

to knock or throw down; to finish, to kill; to collect lamp-black.

भाषा s. m. A quarter of a town, a ward. भारा s. m. A hog-deer (Cereus percinus). भारो s. f. Crossing a river (when travelling on it, a young buffalo, a buffalo colf).

पाचि s. m. The hand.

wiferen: s. f. A bride, one wedded according to the ritual.

urfures. m. Marriage; laying hold of the hand; the junction of the hands of the bride and bridegroom, ferming part of this ceremony.

मानियक्षिक ady. Matrimonial.

पापिकि s. m. A Muni and inspired grammarian.

षाचिनीय adj. Connected with or derived from Panini the grammarian ( as a scholar, a rule &c.)

भाविसुन s. m. The glomerous fig-tree Ficus glomerato);

s. m. Pale or yellowish white (the colour); many flowered jasmine.

called Situla (perhaps Phrynium dichotomum).

especially applied to Yudhishthir and his four brothers.

The adj. Pale or yellowish white, s. m. Pale or yellowish white (the calour); the name of a sovereign of ancient Delhi, and nominal father of Yudhisthir and the other four Pandu princes, s. f. A plant, commonly called Mashani (Glycine debilis).

वास्त्रवाद s, m. A kind of atono (Limestone or marble ?)

पाक्ताव s. m. A plant (Rottleria tinctoria).

बाङ्क्ष s. m. Either of the Pandav prin-पाङ्क्ष s. m. A country with a light coloured soil.

पार्खानका s. f. The opal; a pale soil. पद्द ततुं. Of a yellowish white colour. s. m. A pale or yellowish white; the white leprosy, vitiligo.

senterico).

पास बोमा s. f. A plant (Glycine debilis). पास वर्ष adj. White. s. m. Whiteness. पास महारा s, f. Light coloured gravel (disease).

leaf; an ornament worn in the apper part of the ear; a draught or check on a banker. Paton alagna, applied to trees, indicate, the fall of their leaves in autumn: metaphorically, the phrase signifies that one's power or ability is exhausted; and, this expression is often applied to patience exhausted by the scorn of a beloved person; or to a destitute condition from adverse fortune.

पानक s. m, Sin, crime.

पात्रका s. m. A messenger.

पातची adj. Wicked, sinful, a sinner. पातचल s. m. The Yog system of philosophy.

पातर s. f. A prostitute, a dancing girl. adj. Weak, lean.

unt s. m. A leaf. adj. Preserved, protected.

and the abode of the Nagas or serpents; a sort of apparatus for calcining and subliming metals, formed of two earthen post, the upper one inverted over the lower, and the two joined together by their necks with cement, and placed in a hole containing fire.

पाति s. m. A master, a lord, a husband. पातिष s. m. The Gangetic porpoise.

पातिक adj. Lowered, depressed, humbled. पातिको s.f. An earthen vessel or spot, especially used by religious mendi-

भारते s.f. A letter, a note, an epistle; a भारत s. m. An aquatic, animal of a large size; figuratively the water-elephant.

बाह adj. Who or what protects or nourishes.

पासता s. m. A plant (Ocymum pilosum). पास s. m. A preservative form sin, a preserver, a saviour.

भाजता s. f. The quality or power of a preservative from sin.

un s. m. A vessel in general, a plate, a cup, a jar, &c.; a leaf; a receptacle of any kind, what holds or supports. adj. Capable, worthy, able, eligitle, fit.

भावता s. f. Capacity, fitness.

cakes for fuel.

भावर s. m. A stone,

पाचेय s. m. provender, or provisions, &c. for a journey.

viz s. m. The foot; a quarter; the foot or line of a stanza; the line of a hymn or stanza of the Rig Ved; wind downwards.

feet or toes.

भारतिसर s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

touching the feet of a Brokman or superior.

पाइधानरा adj. Frightened out of one's wits.

पाद्यतर s. m. (Ficus religiosa).

महत्त्वापका s. Beating or shutting with the feet.

पाइचार करंग. On foot.

पार्वारी s. m. A footman, a foot soldier. पार्व s. m. A Sudra, or man of the

fourth and servile class.

with s. m. The sole or the lower part
of the foot, adv. As low as or under
the feet.

पाददारी s. f. A chap in the feet, a chilblain.

पाइना v. n. To let wind.

पाइप s. m. A footstool, a cushion, & for the feet. [plant.

पाइपा s. f. A creeping or a parasite पाइपा s. f. A shoe, a slipper.

पादप्रचाजन s. m. Washing the feet.

पाइपचान s. m. Bowing to the feet, prostration.

पादब्रहार s.m. A kick.

षादम्ब s. m. The heel.

चादरीहर s. m. The Indian fig-tree.

पाइरक्तीश्व s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

पाइविक s. m. A traveller, a wayfarer भादमञ्ज s. m. The sound or noise of feet. TITEMEN S. J. A too.

पादगोध s. m. Swelling of the feet, gout. यादगोट t. m. Kibe, chilblain, a sore or ulcer in the feet.

बाद्यन adj. Tredden on, kicked, touched with the feet.

पाइपचे s. m. Tingling of the feet after pressure upon the crural nerves.

पाद्यार्थ s. m. One who takes or steals any thing with his feet.

पादाक्रकी s. f. A toe,

TITE s. m. The great toe.

worn on the great toe.

पास्तीन s. m. Black salt, prepared by melting common salt with a small proportion of myrobalans; it contains sulphur.

पादार s. m. Half a line of a stanza.

पादासन s. m. A foot- stool.

by the foot.

odj. Footed, having feet. s. m. A footed aquatic animal, an amphibious animal. [with feet.

बाइब adj. Who or what goes on foot or wiदबा s.f. A shoe, a slipper.

TET s. f. A shoe.

नारोहण s. m. Water for the feet, especially that in which the feet of a Brahman have been washed.

THE s. m. Water, &c. for cleaning the feet.

पाचपात s. m. A metal vessel for washing the feet.

ului s. m. A schoolmaster.

a leaf; betel loaf (leaves of Piper betel).

पानदान s. m. A lox for holding tetel or its apparatus. [sel.

पानपान s. m. A glass, a drinking ves-

suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain. s. m. Finding, getting, &c. a plant growing in stagnant water.

पानी s. m. Water; sperm; lustre, character, honour. Pani karna, v. s. To abash; to facilitate. Pani ka bulbula (a bubble of water), indicates instability. Pani chatna v. n. To be afflicted with the fluor albus. Panijana, v. n. To be afflicted with the fluor albus; to be disgraced; to shed tears. Pani dena, To offer a libation of water to satisfy the manes of a deceased person, after the corpse has been burnt. Pani na mangna, To be slain with the single stroke of a sword &c. and die instantly. Pani parna, v. n. To rain. Pani pi pi kosna, To curse excessively ( i. e. till the throat, being dry, must be moistened by drinking). Pani bharna, To confess inferiority. Pani marna, v. n. To dry up, to be evaporated; to exhibit signs confirming a suspicion. Pani men ag lagans. To revive a contention which had subsided. Pani se patla karna, To abash, to put to shame.

पानीय adj. Drinkable, to be drunk.

पानीयनकुत e. m. An otter.

पानीवपृष्ठज s. m. An aquatic plant ( Pistia atratioites ).

पानीयम्लक s. m. A. plant (Serratula antelmintics).

पानीयामुखब s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia cataphracta).

पान adj. A traveller.

पान्धर s. m. A kind of reed.

पाप s. m. Sin, fault, crime, wickedness, vice.

wirest adi. Wicked, abandoned. पापवारी adj: Sinful, wicked, a sinner. wyga adj. Sinfel, wicked, a sinner.

बापवह s.m. Any ill omened aspect of the stars, as the conjunction of the sun or Budh with the moon in its last quarter : Rahu Saturn ; Mars,

पापच adj. Removing sin.

पापचेली s. f. A plant commonly called Aknidhi ( Cissumpelos hexandra ).

wives. m. A thin crisp cake made of any grain of the pea kind. Papar belno, To undergo great labour or pain.

पापडा s. m. A plant (Gardenia latifolia ).

. पाप्याचार ई. m. Ashes of the "plantaintree ( Masaparadisiaca ) used instead of salt for seasoning the cakes called påpar.

पापदा adj. Malevolent, looking at faults.

पापहचन adj. Concsions of guilt, knowing an act to be wicked.

पापनाची odj. Parifying, sin destroying. पापपति s. m. A paramour, a gallant. पापप्रथ s. m. A personification of all

Bin.

पापनुति adj. Evil-minded, wicked. पापनित adj. Of a corrupt mind. deprived.

पापमुत्र adj. Freed from sin, liberated from all crime.

चाचरीन s. m. A disease, considered as the punishment of sin in a former life: small pox, leprosy.

चाचम्बित adj. Equal in sin, of like.

with s. m. A weevil, an insect bred in wretch. rice.

पापाखा s. m. A sinner, a reprobate, a

पाणिन १ adj. f. Sinful, bad, a sinner, wiften f criminal, wicked (100man). पाविष्ठ करों. Very wicked.

पानी adj. Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner, criminal.

भागन adj. Diseased with herpes.

चानर adj. Wicked, vile, low, base; stupid, as an idiot, a fool.

पानरी s. f. Silken clothes, silk dress; the wife of a man of inferior caste.

पाना s. f. Cutaneous eruption, herpes. scab.

चानारी s. m. Salehar.

पायड . m. A scaffold..

पायती s.f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पायल adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced ( an elephant). s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle; a bamboo ladder.

चायस adj. Made of or from milk or water. s. m. An oblation of milk. rice, and sugar.

चाया s. m. The leg or foot of a table, chair, &c.

पाबिन s. m. A foot-soldier, a foot-man; a messenger, a harbinger. .

पाधिष adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (an elephant), s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle.

पार s. m. The opposite bank or shores adv. Over, across, on or to the other side, through, beyond. adj. Lawy past, the end, the extremity. Per karna, To ferry over, to cross; to finish, secomplish, carry, through ; to perforate, to transfix; to relieve; to carry off.

पार्ष adj. What purifies, protects, cherishes, pleases, &c. what enables any one to cross (a river, or go thrrough the world ).

पारची s. m. An examiner, a discriminator.

पारत adj. Crossing ; crossing over ; going over or beyond the world.

77.

world, pure, holy. s. m. A Jin or Jyn deified teacher.

पारजाधिक s. m. An adulterer,

पार s. m. A cloud; eating or drinking after a fast, breaking a fast. पारइ s. m. Quicksilver.

पारदश्य s. m. Name of a country, part of Orissa.

पारदारिका s. m. An adulterer.

पारदायं s. m. Adultery. [ wise.

पारहाय adj. Long-sighted, far-seeing, पारहीय atj. Foregoing, abroad. s. m
A traveller; a foreigner.

पारद्वा m. } adj. Belonging to anourtent f. } ther country. s m. A traveller, one gone to a foreign country; a foreigner.

पार्वा s. m. Breaking a fast. v. c. To finish, to accomplish.

मारमाधिक adj. Prescrable, best, most desirable.

भारमधं s. m. Traditional instruction, tradition; continuous order or succession. [tion.

मार्ययोपदेश s. m. Traditional instruc-पार्व s. m. A plant ( Bignois chelonoides, or Bignonia suave-olens).

पारसीवित adj. Belonging or relating to the next world.

पार्वती s.f. Durga, the wife Shiv.

पारबार adv. On both sides ( of a river ); quite through and through.

by a Brahman; a son by another's wife, an adulterine; an iron weapon.

पारबोस s. m. Persia; a native of Persia; a Persian horse. [ Persian.

पारच s. m. The philosopher's stone. adj. पारचपबर s. m. The philosopher's stone.

पारचमीपल s. m. A tree ( Hibiscus popalnioides). पारवाच s. m. or alv. Last year.

पारसिका s.m. Persia.

पारसी s. m. A Persian, the Persianlanguage.

पारकीस s. m. The kingdom of Persia; a Persian, an inhabitant of Persia; a Persian horse.

viver, said to flow from the Pariyatra mountains, or the centrical and western portion of the Vindhya chain.

पारापार s. m. The two banks of a river, पारायच s. m. Totality, entireness, completeness; reading a Puran or causing it to be read.

पारायिक s. m. A lecturer, a reader of the Purans.

पारावत s. m. A sort of ebony ( Diospy-ros glatinosa ).

पारावती s. f. A river in the peninsula; the fruit of the Annona reticulata; a form of song peculiar to the cowherds.

पाराबार adv. On both sides (of a river). s. m. Limit ( of sea ); sea, ocean.

Vysa. s. m. The rules of Parashara or Ayasa, for the conduct of the medicant orders.

Brahman, who having passed through three stages of student, householder, and ascetic, leads a vargrant life, and subsists upon alms.

বাহী ১. m. An ascetic, one who devotes his days to devont contemplation.

पारिकात s. m. A tree of paradise; the coral tree ( Erythrina fulgens ).

पारिषाय s.m. Property received at the time of marriage by a woman.

49-80

पारितथा s.f. A trinket worn on the forehead, where the hair is parted.

पारितीषिक adj. Delighting, making happy. s. m. A reward, a gratuity.

पारिपनिक s. m. A robber, a thief, a highwayman.

पारिपात है s. m. The name of a moun-पारिपात tain, apparently the scentrical or western portion of the Vindhya chain, which skirts the province of Malwa.

पारिमद s. m. The coral tree (Erythring fulgens); the Nimb tree; a sort of pine (Pinus Deralaru); the Saral, also a sort of pine (P. longifolia).

पारिभाष्य s. m. A drug, a sort of Costus (C. speciosus).

पारिषद s. m. A spectator, a person present at an assembly or congregation. बारी s. f. Time, tour, torn.

ৰাবীক s.m. A lion; a large snake (Boa),

पादण s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum. पादेश s. m. Severalty, individuality, difference.

rifts adj. Earthen, made or derived from earth; ruling or possessing the earth. s. m. A king, a prince, an earthen vessel.

mony to be offered to all the names at the Pare, or junction of the sun and moon, at which double oblations are offered; three cakes to the father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather; and three to the maternal grandfather; his father, and grandfather; and the crumbs of each set to the remoter ancestor, in each line.

पार्चत s. m. A tree called the large Nimb (Melia sempervirens j. पार्चेती s. f. A name of Durga, in her capacity of daughter of Hinalaya, the sovereign of the snowy mountains; the olihanum tree (Bosnellis thurifera); another tree (Celtis orientalis).

पार्वतीय adj. Mountaineer.

पाउँ adj. Near, proximate, by the side of. s. m. A side, the part of the body below the armpit; side of any square figure.

पार्श्वनत adj. Close to, beside.

पार्चेभाव s. m. The side, the flank.

पार्चित s. m. Spasm of the chest, stitch. पार्चित adj. Lateral, belonging to the side, &c. s. m. A partisan, a sidesman, an associate or companion.

पाल s. m.f. A sail; a small tent; layers of straw, leaves &c., between which unripe mangoes are ripened.

nourishes, &c. s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a keeper; a kind of greens (a species of spinach); a bedstead.

पाचनज्ही s. f. A medicinal plans (Justicia nasuta; also, Ixora und

पालकपुत s. m. An adopted son.

पालकरी s. f. Blocks of wood placed conder the feet of a bed to raise it. (It is the custom to have two such blocks ready to raise the head of a bed, to give it a sloping position).

nishin; Entitled to be carried in a Palki (formerly this privilege was granted by a King or Viceroy). Palki sawar, One who rides in a Palki.

thurifera); a sort of beet-root (Beta bengalensis); a hawk.

bil anum.

चाबदाा s. f. Gum, olibanum.

ding, protecting, cherishing, nourishing, rearing, breeding.

षाजना v. a. To guard, preserve, protect, bring up, rear, cherish, nourish, breed, educate, patronise s. m. A cradle.

charge; a heap of earth made by children to separate the two parties in a game called kabadi; leaves of a tree named Joarberi (a species of Zizyphus). Palaparna, v. n. To snow. Pala parna, v. n. To fall within the power of another.

minimus. m. Obeisance by embracing the feet, reverence, respect, veneration.

ing to the Palas tree, made of its wood. &c. s. m. Green (the colour).

त्रावाद चंच s.m. A country in India, the western part of Behar.

न्तिच s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a keeper.

पालित adj. Cherished, nourished.

पाचिष्य s. m. A sort of jasmine (Josminum pubescens).

पालिको s. f. A plant, commonly called Teori (Convelvulus turpsthum), the black sort.

protects. s. m. A cowherd. s. f. A battle between birds; a place where birds fight. a cockpit; a covering of a pet.

খাৰ s. m. A quarter, a fourth part.
খাৰ w odj. Who or what renders pure,
a purifier, purificatory. s. m. Fire; a

saint, a person purified by religious abstraction; a tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition (Premna spinoss); leadwort (Plumbago zsylanics); marking-nut plant (semicarpus anacardium).

water; penance, expirition, purification, by acts of austerity and devotion, the Eleocarpus seed; a kind of grass ( Costes ).

पावनध्वनि s.m. A conch shell.

पानना v. a. To get, acquire, find, enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, ebtain, attain. s. m. Finding, getting, &c.; a plant growing in stagnant water.

पावषान adj. Purificatory, purifying.

पारवा s. m. A quarter of coin ( as of s rupes, &c. ).

पार्व s. m. The rainy season.

पावित adj. Pnrified.

पानी adj. Who or what purifies.

win s. m. A fetter, a chain, a eye, the string for fastening tame animals, or the net or noose for catching birds, deer, &c.; a noose as a weapon of combat.

पायत s. m. A die, particularly the long sort used in playing cheapar.

सामवह adj. Noosed, snared, caught, or bound.

a net, &c.

पाना s. m. A die; a throw of dice,

पाचित adj. Tied, fettered, bound.

पात्री s. m. One armed with a net or noose.

पायान adj. Behind, being behind; subsequent; western.

पात्रक s. m. An ornament for the feet,

who not conforming to the orthodox tenets of Hindu faith, assumes the external, characteristics of tribe or seet, a Jyn, a Buddho, &c.

unusi s. m. A heretic.

पाचाच s. m. A stone in general.

पाषाणभेदी s. m. A plant ( Plecti anthus scutellaroides ).

ut s. m. A rope, a noose. adv. At the side, near, beside, about, at.

oblong dice with which chouper is played); a throw of dice.

util s. f. A net; a rope with which the legs of a horse are bound. s. m. A fowler; one whose tusiness it is to make or sell tari. (So named from the rope round his leg when he climbs the tar tree).

দাহার s. m. The mulberry tree ( Morus Indica ).

मादाष s. m. A stone.

पाइन s. m. A guest.

पाइना s. m. A guest ; a son in-law.

पाइनी s. f. A female guest.

uix s. m. A person.

पिक adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart, lover.

fus s. m. The Indian cuckoo ( Cuculus Indicus ).

पिकान मु s. m. A mango tree.

पिकायमी ( odj. Possessing a voice पिकायमी ) like the Kokila; an epithet of a female.

पिकाच s. m. A vegetable, and perfume, commonly called Rochuni (having rel blossoms).

দিকার' e.m. A small bird, called also Chatakiya.

पिकानन्द s. m. The spring season. पिक s. m. A young elephant. বিষ্পুৰা v.n. To melt or to be melted, to be in fusion, to fuse, to flow (s metal).

funding v. s. To melt, to fuse; to soften ( an angry or s hard person), assuage, mollify.

पिचलाव s. m. Fusion, flux.

fur adj. Of a tawny colur. s. m. Tawny (the colour).

पिश्वकिषा s.f. A cockroach.

पिक्रचच s. m. A crab.

fure adj. Of a tawny colour, brown, yellowish. s. m. Tawny (the colour). a dull brown, or yellow; a fabulous being in the form of a Nag, or serpent of the lower regions, to whom a treatise in prosody is ascribed, he is hence considered as a Muni, or inspired and divine personage; the 51st year of the Hindu cycle.

पिङ्गालका s. f. A sort of crane.

पिकाष इ. m. A sort of fish (Pinelodine pangasius).

पिस रा s. m. A cradle.

पिचनना v. n. To be squeezed; to be shrivelled.

বিশ্বনাস v. a. To squeeze, to press together, to shrivel, to wrinkle, to burst.

पिचकारी s. f A squirt, a syringe.

पिषक s. m. The belly.

चित्रका s. f. The instep.

पिषास्त्र adj. Big-bellied, corpulent.

पिचिषा adj. Flabby, watery, clammy. पिचिक s. m. The belly or abdomen.

पिचिन्डिन adj. Big-bellied, corpulent, pot-bellied.

पिचु s. m. A sort of leprosy.

पिच्या s. m. A plant (Vangueria spinosa). पिच्या s. m. A squirt.

पिचुमक् } s. m. The Nimb tree (Melia पिचुमक् ) azad-dirachta).

fugas. m. The tamarisk tree (T. Indica); la plant (Burringtonia acutangula); the diver or water-crow.

पिष्ट s. m. Inflamation of the eyes, ophthalmia.

fure s. m. The tail of a peacock; a tail in general. jujuba).

पिकाब्दबा s. f. The jujube (Zizyphus चिकाब adj. Tailed, having a tail.

पिष्कितिका s. f. The Sisu (Dalbergis Sisu).

furem s.f. The silk cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum), a potherb (Basella rubra and lucida); a timber tree (Dalbergia Sisu); an esculent root (Arum Indicum).

पिक्सना v. n. To slip, to slide.

पिक्रजपार s. f. The ghost of a woman. पिक्रजा adj. Hindermost, hind, hinder, latter, last, late, modern. Pichhleh paon hatna, To withdraw from one's

agreement. पिद्याका इ.m. े The rear, rearward, पिद्याका इ. f. े the back part. adj. Hinder, hindmost, hindermost, in the

rear, abaft.

which a horse's hind logs are tied.

adv. In the rear, behind. Pichkari

marna, To attack in the rear.

বিছালা v. a. To know, to be acquainted with, to recognise.

पिक्त adv. Behind, afterward. s. m. Back of a house.

पिद्धत s. m. The back of a house; a yard or enclosure benind a house.

पिकोरा s. m. A cloth or sheet worn round the waist or thrown carelessly over the head.

দিকারী s. f. Diminutive of Pichhoura.
বিষয় s. m. The concrete rheum of the eyes.

पिश्चन s. m. A bow used for cleaning cotton.

funt adj. Yellow or tawny, reddish yellow. s. m. A sort of colour, tawny brown, a reddish yellow, or a mixture of red and yellow; a horse, probably a bay or chesnut horse; yellow orpiment; a cage, the ribs or the cavity formed by them; the thorax.

पिचरा s m. A cage. Pinjra hona, To be or grow lean.

funds. f. Two blades of Kusa grass used as a vessel, or to take up articles with at sacrifices.

पिषिणा s. f. A roll of cotton, from which the threads are spun.

चित्रियारा s. m. One whose business it is to beat or separate cotton.

पिस्त s. m. The wick of a lamp.

चित्र्य s. m. The wax for the ear.

पिश्चेट s. m. The excretion, or concrete rheum of the eyes.

पिटहाकी 8. f. Colocynth.

चिट्डाइ s. m. A species of pike ( Esox scolopax).

पिटमा v. n. To be beaten.

पिटेपिडिया कdj. Combing or carding ( wool, cotton, &c.)

fuzici s. m. A large basket, a portmanteau. [manteau.

चिटारी s. f. A small basket, a port-चिट्ट s. m. The tartar or excretion of the teeth.

पिष्कराणा v. a. To cause to press, squeeze or pound.

fust. m. An oblation to deceased fust s.f. ancestors, as a ball or lump of meat, or rice, mixed up with milk, curds, flowers, &c., and offered to the names at the several Shraddhaby the nearest surviving relations.

पिक्नीस s. m. Gum myrrh.

पिस्रवेलक s. m. Incense, olibanum.

হিজাবাৰ s. m. Presentation of the obsequial cake.

tree (Jonesia Asoca); the China rose; a lotus; a flower (Tabernamontona coronaria).

पिखपुषक s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album).

चित्रका s. f. A bitter gourd.

पिकस्चा s. f. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis). [carota].

पिकस्त s. m. The carrot (Daucus पिकको s. f. The calf of the leg.

पिक रीख s. m. A flowering shrub (Oleander odorum).

মিন্তা s. m. Body, person; a lump of clay; a bundle or ball of string, clew. বিভাগে s. m. A tree ) Trewise nudifiors ), বিভাগে s. m. A plunderer, a pillager (among Marhattas).

पिकाबु s. m. An esculent and medical root, described as sweet, cooling and diuretic.

पिक्ति s. f. A sort of cucumber (Cacumis Madraspatanus).

lagenaria); a sort of palm Phonix dactylifers); a flowering shrub (Tubernæmontana coro naris, flor plen.); the upper part of a Shivling; a lump of any thing that may be contained in the fist; a small clue or ball of string; a small alter of sand a cubit square, on which oblations to the manes are offered.

पिकोत्स s. m. A tree ( Vangueria spinoss) a shrub ( Tubernæmontana coronaria ).

भिकोतसर s. m. A plant, a species of Tabernamontans.

पिछोर इ. m. Cuttle-fiel bone.

पिक्ष व s. m. A turtle-dove.

by the *Hindus* to cover or wash the walls of their houses with.

ৰিক্ষালি s.f. Orst, leavings of a meal, or fragments dropped from the mouth.

पिचाच s. m. Asafætida.

fपतपापका s. m. A medicinal plant ( Okdenlandia biflora ),

पितर s. m. pl. Fathers, fore-fathers, ancestors.

function from three generations. s. f. Verdigris.

पितरी s. m. dual, Mother and father, parents.

पितवाना ». n. To be contaminated with verdigris ( as food, especially of an acid qu thiy, kept in copper vessels).

पिता s. m, Father.

s name of Brohm, the great father of all.

पितानहीं s. f. A paternal grandmother. पितासर s. m. Silk cloth of a yellow

colour; (vulgarly) a silk cloth.

चितिया s. m. A paternal uncle, a father's brother.

पिट s. m. A father.

was adj. Paternal, ancestral, parental, obsequil, relating or belonging to parents or progenitors.

पिदकार्थ 8. m. पिदकार्थ 8. m. पिटक्रिया 8. f.

প্ৰেৰ s. m. A class of progenitors, the sons of the Rishis or Prajapatis.

पिटरह s. m. A burial ground, a cemetry.

पिटवानव s. m. A parricide.

(प्रतप्प 8. m. The part of the hand be-

Ţ

tween the middle finger and thumb, sacred to the manes; gifts in honour of deceased relations, distributed at the Shraddhas or funeral ceremonies, the act of throwing water out of the right hand at seasons of ablution, by way of offering to the manes, or deceased ancestors in general.

থিভারিছি s. m. Day of new moon, on which she rises invisible.

पिटतीय s. m. Gaya, the city so called, where the performance of funeral sacrifices is thought to be peculiarly efficacious and meritorious; the part between the fore-finger and thumb,

पिटदान s. m. Gift in honour of deceaseed ancestors.

fueres s. m. The first or dark fortnight of the lunar Asin month.

पिटपिट s. m. A paternal grand-father. पिटपस् s. f. A father's mother.

forms adj. Received from a father, inherited patrimonially.

kinsman by the father's side, as the son of the paternal grandfather's sister, of the paternal grandmother's sister, and of the father's maternal uncle.

पिक्सिक s.f. Filial duty to a father.

पिडमी जन s. m. Food offered to the manes.

पिटमन्दिर s. m. The paternal mansion; a cemetry.

पिट्यंत्र s. m. Obsequial rites.

the manes; it is variously situated, but principally in the Bhuvar region or mid-heaven.

dead bodies are burnt or buried.

चित्रका s. m. A paternal uncle.

विकास s. m. The obsequial ceremony of a father.

पिट्यान s. m. A guardian, a protector, the abode of the manes.

पिरस्ता s. f. An aunt, father's sister. पिरस्त s. m. A parricide.

पित्त s. m. Bile, the bilious humour. पित्तघ adj. Antibilious.

पित्तको s. f. A plant (Mdnispermum glabrum).

पित्तव्यर s. m. Bilious fever.

ous humour. s. m. Brass; the Bhojputra or Birch tree, of which the bark is used for writing upon &c.

पित्रसा s. f. A plant (Jassieua repens). पित्रसामा v. n. To be contaminated with verdigris (as food, espeially of an acid puality, kept in copper vessels).

বিষা s. m. Bile, the gall-bladder; (ironically) anger, emotion of mind. Pitta nikalna, To chastise. Pitta marna, To subside, cool (anger).

विनामका s. m. A medicincal plant (Oldenlandia biflora).

पिद्दी s.f. A form-tit.

fuer s. m. Name of a bird.

चित्राम s. m. A covering, a cover or concealment; a lid, a top or cover; a wrapper or cloak, &c.

पिन s. m. A sound.

বিশ্বী s. f. Intoxication from enting opium; drowsiness, nodding.

प्रिनिक्यारा s. m. One whose business it is to beat or seperate cotton.

धिनधिनाना v. n. To twang, to whiz.

पिनिपनास्ट s f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot.

पिनहाना v. w. To clothe, to put on, to adorn, to dress.

पिनाक s m. The bow of Shic; a trident

or three-pronged spear; the trident of Shiv.

पिनाकी s. f. A musical instrument, a sort of viol.

funt s. m. A cake of mustard seed remaining after the expression of the oil and given to cows &c. for food.

पिनी s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

चिपासन adj. Thirsty, thirsting.

श्विपासा s. f. Thirst.

चिपाचित } adj. Thirsty, athirst.

पिरितकी s. f. The twelfth of the month Vysakh, when giving away water, is an act of merit.

पियोजक s.m. A large black ant. पियोजिका s.f. The small commou red ant.

fumers. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

fumers. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficas religiosa).

पिषसम s. m. A nipple.

विपली s.f. Long-pepper.

विपन्नोम्ब s. m. The root of long-pepper. विष adj. Beloved. s. m. A husband, a

lover, a sweetheart.

বিষাপা v. a. To give or cause to drink, to water.

पियार s. m. Love, affection, fondness Piyar karna, To fondle, caress.

पियारा adj. m. Beloved.

िष्यारी adj.f. Beloved, pleasant.

বিষাৰ s.m. A fruit (Chironjia sapida : Buchanania latifelia).

figure s. m. Thirst. Piyas marna, Applied to thirst without drinking. Piyas bujhana, To quench thirst. Piyas marna, To suffer thirst. Piyas lagna, To be thirsty.

पियाचा adj. m. Thirsty. Piyase marna, To be very thirsty.

पियाची adj. f. Thirsty.

पिराना v. त. To have pain, to be painful, to pain, ache, ake.

पिरीना v. s. To thread (as a nidle), to string (as pearls).

funk s. f. The spleen; a disease from enlargement or inflammation of the spleen.

पिखचना v. n. To adhere.

पिखकी s. f. Forced meat.

ণিৰলা ৩. s. To attack, to assault. v. s.
To be bruised, thrashed, treated,
pressed, ground.

fuefuer adj. Soft, flabby. flaccid.

पिखपिखाना v. a. To soften.

पिलपिकाइट इ.f. Boftness.

বিবাদা v. a. To give or cause to drink, বিবাদা s. m. A worm.

पिका s. m. A puppy, whelp, cub.

पिश्व 8. m. A worm.

पितत् } odj. Drinking.

fung adj. Of a tawny or brown colour. s. m. Tawny (the colour).

पिश्वकता s. f. Tawniness.

पिमकी adj. Brown, tawny.

fully s. m. A sprite, a fiend, an evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre, a malevolent being, something between an infernal imp and a ghost, but aways described as fierce and malignant.

पित्राचयस adj. Possessed of a demon, a demoniac.

the favourite haunt of goblins.

पिशाचनी s. f. A female sprite or fiend.

पिश्राव s.m. Urine.

पिश्विता s. f. Spikenard.

four adj. Cruel, wicked; vile, low, contemptible; stupid, a fool. s. m. A spy, an informer.

विश्वक्षण है s. m. Evil speech, abuse, a पिश्वनगढ़ bad report, detraction, slander.

ণিয়না s.f. A gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

रिष्ट्य s. m. A disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea. [universe. पिष्ट्य s. m. A world, a division of the पिसना v. n. To be reduced to meal, to be ground, braised or broken to powder; to be ruined or distressed; (met.) to be desperately in love.

पिसाई s.f. Price paid for grinding. पिसाई s.m. An evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre.

पिसाचनी s. f. A female sprite or spectre. पिसान् s. m. Meal, flour.

पिसाना v. a. To reduce to meal, to grind. पिसान s. m. The act of making water.

पिसू } s. m. A flea.

vì adj. Beloved. s. m. A lover, a sweetheart, husband.

when s. f. The juice of the betel-leaf chewed and spit out. Pikdán, s. m. A vessel for holding betel spittle, a spitting pot.

बीबना adj. To ripen, grow, he produced.

पीच s.f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-guell.

पीचना v. a. To tread under foot.

पोचु s. m. The fruit of the Caparis.

पोद्ध s. f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-gruel.

पौद्धत adv. After, in persuit.

पोक्रा s. m. The hinder part ( of a saddle particularly ).

पोक्षा s. m. The hinder part, the rear; pursuit, persecution, following; absence. Pichha karna, To pursue, to chase, to follow; to recoil (a gun, &c.). Pichha pherna, To leave, to withdraw. Pichha lena, To pursue, to importune, to be obstinately persevering.

adv. In the rear, after behind, ago, afterwards, astern, in the absence. Pichhe dálna, To leave behind, to outstrip, to surpass. Pichhe parna, To dance attendance, to run after, to importane, to dun, to persecute, to torment, to be outstripped. Pichhe lagna, To pursue, to follow.

দীসালা v. a. To drink or to be drunk; to absorb; to stifle one's passions; to refrain from answering.

पीक्षमा v. a. To clean cotton from the seeds.

बीटना v. d. To beat, thrash, dash, strike, knock, pound. Chhati pitna, To lament, regret, repent.

पीठ s. m. A stool, a seat, a chair. s. f. The back. Pith he pichhe dat lena. To protect, to defend. Pith ke pichheh parna, To take refuge or shelter. Pith thokna. To animate, encourage. Pith dena. To run away, to flee, to turn tail; to turn, to shrink from, to veer, to turn away in displeasure. Pith pur hath pherma, To pat on the back, to encourage. Pith pheras. To turn one's back, to depart, to flee, to leave, to withdraw Pith lagna, To have a sore on the back (a horse); to mount or to back a horse. Pith lagana, To throw down fand flour. in wrestling. पीठा s. m. A kind of food made of rice

पीठा s. m. A kind of food made of rice पीटियाठीं व adv. Closely.

पोडी s. f. A stool, bench, seat, pedestal.

,पीडीता s. m. Page (of a book).

पीइ s.f. Pain, labour (in childbirth).

মীকুৰ adj. What gives or causes pain. থীকা s. f. Pain, anguish, suffering. থীকাৰং adj. Giving pain, afflicting,

tormenting.

पीड़ित adj. Pained, suffering pain or distress; sick, afflicted.

भीडा s. f. A stool or chair.

भोडायम s. m. A preface or introduction to a book.

पोडी s. f. A stool, a chair; a generation of progenitors.

मोस s. m. A roller.

Win adj. Of a yellow colour. 3. m. Yellow (the colour). s. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendship. Pit ki pit rake our mit ka mit hath lage, Let friendship continue and the sweets or benefits of it will be obtained.

प्रीतकद & m. The carrot,

पीतकाड s. m. Yellow sanders.

मीतचीचा s. f. A sort of creeper with yellow flowers.

বীনসক্ৰ s. m. A yellow fragrant wood, considered as a yellow species of ি Sandal wood.

चीतता s. f. Yellowness.

जीततुष्ड s. m. The taylor-bird (Sylvia sutoris).

प्रीतदाब s. m. A sort of pine ( Pinus Devadaru); another kind of pine ( Pinus longifolia ).

पीतन s. m. The hog plum, (Spondias magnifera); a tree (Pentaptera to-mentosa); the waved-leaf fig-tree.

पोतपर्णी s. f. A plant, commonly called Bichhati: a name applied to the nettle, or a plant of the same class Tragio involucrato).

पीतपादा s. f. A small bird, the Myna (Turus salics).

पीतपुष s. m. A species of Karnikara ; a sort of Tabernæmontana.

पौतपुची s.f. Yellow barleria.

पौतपा s. m. Trophis aspera.

भोतन adj. superl. Most beloved. s. म. A lover, a sweetheart, a husband.

चौत्रमचि s. m. A yellow gem, a topaz.

पीतगराम s. m. A small bird ( Loxidophilippensis. ).

चौतमुख s. m. A gallinule.

पोतजार s. m. A silk cloth of yellow colour; ( vulg. ) a silk cloth.

पीतवृत्ती s. f. Yellow jasmine.

पीतरक s. m. A yellow coloured gem, perhaps the topaz.

चौतर्य s. m. Turmeric (Curcuma).

पीतव s.m. Brass.

पीतचा adj. Brazen.

पीतची इ. m. Yellow brass, queen's metal, or a mixed metal.

पीतश्राल s. m. A tree (Pentapters).

पीतसार s. m. Sandal; a yellow gem, a topaz; a tree ( Alangium hexopeialum ). [topaz.

पीतपादिक s. m. A precious gem, the पीताचर s. m. Silk cloth of a yellow colour; (vulg.) a silk cloth.

पीति :. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendship.

पीइडी s. f. A tom-tit. - [large.

पोत्र adj. Heavy, fat, bulky, corpulent, पोवस s.f. Intoxication and drowsiness from opium.

দীৰ্ঘ s. m. Cold, catarrh; cold, affecting in the nose, inflammation of the schneiderian membrane. s. f. Chair or litter.

पीन्सी adj. Having a cold.

पीना v. a. To drink; to smoke (tobacco). s. m. Drinking, &c.; the dregs or refuse ( of linseed, &c. ), the oilcake. Pepper tree.

पीपल s. m. The holy fig-tree ( Ficus religiosa ). s. f. Long-pepper ( Piper longum ).

प्रीपला s. m. The point of a sword.

पीपलास्ल s, m. The root of the long-pepper tree.

पीपा s. m. A pipe, barrel, cask.

पीत्र s. f. Pus, matter, corruption, purulent running.

पौवियाना v. n. To suppurate.

पौनिशाइट s. f. Suppuration.

पीयू adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart, lover.

मोब्ध s. m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar; the milk of a cow during the first seven days after calving.

भोर s. f. Pain, ache, sickness; feeling, pity, compassion, mercy.

मीरा adj. Yellow.

पौराई s. m. A tribe or caste who beat a kind of drum called dhot.

चीका adj. Yellow.

पोचाई s. f. Yellowness.

पोचाम s. m. Batin.

पीली s. f. A gold-mohar.

पीलीमीत n. prop. The name of a town in Rohilkhand.

places to the Careya arbores, and in others to the Salvadora persica; it is very commonly assigned also to all exotic and unknown trees; the blossom of the Saccharum sara; an insect.

पोतुपची s. f. A plant (Bryonia grandis). भोवक्ष s. m. A tippler, a toper, a drinker.

पीवर s. m. (s.) Fat, corpulent.

मीवरी s.f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus), पीबा s. f. Water.

पोसना v. s. To grind, to triturate, to bruise, to powder; to gnash (the teeth). s. m. The corn or grain for grinding: पोषर s. m. Mother's house.

থাছ s. m. A flea. [tions বুজা s. m. A heap, a quantity, a collec-বুলিছা s. m. The male organ; the masculine gender (in grammar).

पुंचिक s. m. The penis.

प्रस्ता s. m. The first of the essential ceremonies of *Hindu* initiation; a realigious and domestic festival held on the mother's perceiving the first signs of a living conception.

ya s. m. Semen virile; manhood, virility.

उचार s. f. Bawl, calling, calling out कloud, cry, call. [calk. उचारश्चा v. s. To proclaim publicly, to उचारणा v. s. To call aloud, to bawl, to cry out, exclaim, shout.

gutt s. m. Pond.

पुचाराज s. m. A topaz.

for laying on a wall; the sponge of a gum. Puchara dena, To lay a thin coat on the walls of clay on the walls of a house; to whitewash a wall. Puchara pherna, To sponge a gun.

पुष्क s. f. A tail. [hangs behind. पुष्का s. m. Tail (of a kits) what follows or पुरुषेया s. m. An inquirer.

gase to fill or complete.

पुत्राचा v. a. To cause to worship; to fill, to complete. [pingayaruy s. m. The apparatus of worship-पुष्प s. m. A heap, quantity, collection, पुष्प s. m. A menstraum, solvent, flux. पुरुष s. f. A small bundle. gres. m. The butteck, the hip (of an animal).

पुड़ा s. m. A large parcel (of physic, &c.). पुड़िया s. f. A parcel (of physic, &c.). पुड़ी s. f. A skin with which a drum.

is made.

east quarter; a sort of snake (Amphisbæna); a sort of leprosy; a white lotus.

उद्भावन s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis) : a drug commonly called Pundariya.

g adj. Virtuous, pure, righteous.
s. m. Virtue, moral or religious merit;
a good action.

पुष्पाची adj. Pious, virtuous.

तुष्यम् इ. m. The Champaka flower (Michelia champaca).

पुंचातीयं s. m. A holy shrine or place of pilgrimage.

yeze s. m. White Kusa grass.

पुष्पदर्भन s. m. The blue jay.

y was s. m. The reward or consequence of good actions.

dus; the central part of Asia, bounded on the north by the Finalsya, on the south by the Vindhya mountains, and on the east and west by the sea.

प्रेयम्भि s. f. The holy land of the Hindus, the mother of a male child.

पुषाकोक् s. m. Heaven, paradise.

पुष्पनान adj. Virtuous, pious, righteous. पुष्पनीच adj. Virtuous.

उपायान s. m. A sacred place, holy ground.

gues. f. The commencement of collection for the new year. (Used by landholders).

पुषाई s. f. A virtuous action, performed

(according to those who held the doctrine of the metempsychosis) in one state of existence, the reward of which is received in a future transmigration; merit of an ancestor rewarded in his descendants.

पुष्पात्मा adj. Holy, pious.

पुष्णीद्य s. m. Good fortune, as the result of virtuous acts in a former life.

yq s. m. A hell to which the childless are said to be condemned.

पुनवा s. m. An idol, image.

grants. f. The pupil of the eye; an image, a puppet, an idol, a doll; the frog of a horse's hoof. Putli ka tarakarna, To honour or esteem as the apple of the eye. [paid.

पुतार s. f. The act of plastering; price-पुत्र s. m. A son.

पुत्रकात्वा 8. f. Wish or affection for progeny.

yamin s. m. A tree, from the fruit of which necklace are made of supposed prolific efficacy (Nigella Putranjivs).

पुनपीनीच adj. Descended from son to son. [cullata.

দুবিশা s. f. A plant ( Sulvinia cal-দুবিশা s. f. A daughter; a doll, a puppet.

appointed to raise issue for her father; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law; a grandson.

पुनी s. f. A daughter; a plant (Siphononthus Indica).

दुवें डि s. f. A sacrifice performed for the purpose of obtaining children.

पुन:पुन: } adv. Repeatedly, again and पुन:पुनर } again.

37:371 s. f. The Pumpun river in Behar.

पुनर् } adv. Again.

s. m. Tautology, repetition.

पुनद्क्ति s.f. Repetition, tautology.

पुनवत्यान s. m. Resurrection.

पुनर्जन्या adj. Re-born, born again.

पुनर्नेवा s. f. Hog-weed ( Boerhavia diffusa-olata ).

पुनर्ष s.f. A virgin widow re-married. पुनर्ष s.m. The seventh of the lunar asterisms.

ष्णामा v. a. To cause to be abused or reproached by another.

चुनि adv. Again.

ज़नीत adj. Pure, clean.

yawa s. m. An asterism under which males are procreated.

पुंचा v. a. To abuse.

इक्सम s. m. A tree, from the flowers of which a yellowish dye is prepared ( Rottleria tinctoria).

37 s. f. A city.

taining large buildings surrounded by a ditch, and extending net less than one kos in length, is called a city, a pur or Nagar; if it extends not less than half a kos, it is called a Khet, or town; if less than that, Karvat, or small market town; and any cluster of houses less than that, is a Grama, or vi lage.

gr: adj. One who goes first or before, s. m. A leader, a preceder.

प्रशिवा े n. prop. Name of a district प्रशिवा े and town, Purneah in Bengal. प्रशिवा s. f. The tutelary deity of a town.

पुरदार s. m. A city gate.

हुरनिया ह. m. An old man, an elder; a patron.

क्रिक्ट s. m. A sort of pepper ( Piper chavya).

इरवासी adj. Inhabiting a city or town. इरच्छ s. m. A sort of grass (Saccharum oylindricum).

ytant s. m. Honouring, respecting, worshipping.

gct s. m. A large village, a town, an assamblage of habitations.

पराच s. m. A sacred and work, supposed to be compiled or composed by the poet Vyas, and comprising the whole body of Hindu theology; each Puran should treat of five topics especially, the destruction and renovation of worlds, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manns, and the transactions of their des oldants; but great variety prevails in this respect. and few contain historical or genealogical master. There are eighteen acknowledged Purans; 1, Brahma; 2, Padma, or the lotus; 5, Brain monda, or the egg of Brahma: 4, Ugni, or fire; 5, Vishwu; 6, Garur, his bird or vehicle; 7, Brahmamybart, or transformations of Bruhma, i. e. of Krishna, identified with the Supreme; 8, Shive; 9, Linga; 10, Narad, son of Brohma; 11, Stand, son of Shiv; 12, Markanday, so called from a Muni of that name; 18, Bhavishyat, or prophetic: 14, Matsyah, or the fish: 15. Varsha. or boar; 16 Kurm, or tortoise; 17, Vaman, or dwarf, and 18, The Bhagawat, or life of Krishna: which last is by some considered as a spurious and modern work; the Brahma-vyvart is also of very mordern origin. The Purans reckoned to contain four hundred thousand stansas. There are also eighteen uppurans, or similar poems of inferior sanctity, and different appellations: the whole constitute the popular or peetial creed of the Hindus, and some of them or particular parts of them, are very generally read and studied.

पुराचा पुरातम } adj. Old, ancient. पुरातम

yers v. a. To fill. adj. Old.

पुरी s. f. A city, a town.

पुरीलीइ s. m. The thorn-apple (Datura). म रोष s. m. Fæcce, excrement, ordure.

monarch of the lunar line; the farina of a flower. s. f. The name of a river, said to run a little north-west of the Sarsuti.

gam s. m. An old man, an elder, an , ancestor.

वृद्धे s. m. Ancestors, ancestry.

श्रंच s. m. A man, generally or individually, a male, mankind; God, the Supreme Being.

सुंद्यकार s. m. Manly act, virility; effort, exertion; any act of man, man-hood. सुंद्यका s. f. Manhood, manliness; va-

lour.

त्रवास s. m. Manhood, virility, manly nature or property; valour, prowess. प्रवासी adj. Man.hating, misanthropic. प्रवासीयो s.f. An ill-tempered or factions woman.

पुर्यमास adj. Of the height or measure of a man.

पुंचपवर्षित करों. Desolate, destitute of human beings.

प्रा: s. m. pj. Ancestors, the ancients, predecessors.

भूदवापन s. m. A low man, au outcast.

पुरुषां इ. m. Manly office or daty. पुरुषां इ. m. Life of man, human existence.

gratification of desire, acquirement of wealth, discharge of duty, and final emancipation. adv. For or our account of man.

पुरुषामी s. m. A Rakshas, a cannibal.

पुंद्यीचम s.m. An excellent or superior man.

sand second king of the lunar dynasty. [the lotus.

पुरेन s.f. The placenta; the plant of पुरोधा है s.m. The family or domestic priest, conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a horse or family.

पुरीहितानी s.f. The wife of a Purohit; or family priest.

guf s. m. An old man, an elder, anancestor.

Deceit, trick, coaxing.

पूर्व s. f. An easterly wind.

प्रवीवा v. u. To cause to fill. प्रवेदा s.f. Easterly wind,

ancestor.

बुर्च s. m. Ancestors, ancestry.

extent of a man's reach in height when extending the arms and fingers, a fathom.

Pul bandhna, v. a. (lit. To make a bridge), To limit; to abound

प सित ady. Joyful.

प्रवित s.m. A sort of Kadamb (Nauoles Cadambs).

प बहुता adj. Soft, flabby, flaccid.

कुल्युचाचा v. n. To fear, to dread; to

'take a morsel into the mouth, and from the want of teeth, being unable to chew, to turn it about.

পুৰুপুৰাহত s. f. Fear; the act of turning about a morsel in the mouth.

पुंचहाना v. c. To persuade.

stems. m. An island of alluvial formation, or one from which the water has recently withdrawn, or a small island or bank left in the middle of a river, upon the falling of the waters; any island.

पुंखिन्द्रा s. m. A bundle.

First s. m. The masculine gender (in grammar).

चुबाख s. f. Straw.

Firs adj. Nourished ,nurtured.

phere; a lotus (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphæz nelumbo); drug (Costus speciosus); a celebrated place of pilgrimage now called Poker. in the province of Ajmer, about four miles from the city of Ajmer consisting of a small town on the bank of a lake whence its name; one of the seven great dwips or divisions of the universe; a pond or lake; a mountain in Pushkardwip.

पुंचरम्बा s. m. The root of the Costus speciosus.

पुष्परिची s. f. A square or large pond; a piece of a water, a piece of water, lake.

best; much, many; full, filled, complete. s. m. The mountain Meru; the holy place Pushkar.

ge adj. Nonrished, cherished; fat; restorative, provocative.

get adj. Restorative, provocative.

gen s. f. Fatness; invigoration, restorative power.

Ber adj. Fat, fattened.

yfe s. f. Cherishing, nourishing.

ylent s. m. Any food or drug of a nutritive qualitive, provocative.

yfer. adj. Nourishing, cherishing.

पुष्टा s. f. A plant ( Physolis flexuosa). पुष s. m. A flower in general; the menses; the vehicle or car of Kuver; a disease of the eyes, specks on the eye, albugo.

of Kuver a disease of the eyes, albugo, specks on the eye; a bracelet of diamonds or jewels; green vitriol.

grove in its vicinity considered as sacred to Mahadev.

पुणवासीम् s. m. The green sulphate of iron. [flowers.

उपकोड s. m. Any insect affecting उपकोत s. m. Calx of brass.

प्रयागर s. m. A plant (Artemisia); a fragrant plant (Pondanus odoratissimus), having a large bushy flower.

पुषदल s. m. The elephant of the northwest quarter.

gष्पय ह. m, The vulva.

yayen. prop. Pataliputra, or Palibothra.

पुष्पक्ष s. m. Elephant or wood apple.

पुष्पनास s. m. Spring.

पुषरक्ष s. m. A shrub (Hisbiscus phæniceus). [flowers.

प्यरंग s. m. The nectar or honey of प्यरंग s. m. The dust or faring of flowers.

पुचरोचन s. m. A plant (Mesus ferres). पुंचनत adj. Having flowers, flowery.

प प्याही s. f. A flower garden.

प्राप्त ad . Not bearing flowers, flower-

ष चरामय s. m. Spring.

flowers.

प्रशास s.f. The glomerous fig-tree; a woman whee menstruction has ceased, a barren woman.

ৰ বাৰণ s. m. The calk of brass.

म् आसली s. f. Presenting a nosegzy of flowers, held in both hands opened, and hollowed.

the muous of the glans penis or urethra.

प पित adj. Flowered, in flower.

पृचितः s. f. A woman during menstrustion.

पुरियामा s. f. A form of metre; the line consisting, of four or six short syllables, a pyrrhic, or a dactyl, two trachees and a spondee.

प्रकी adj. Flowering, bearing flowers.

um s. m. The eight lunar asterism, comprising three stars, of which one is Cancer; the month Pous (December—January).

ष्ट्राप्त इ. m. An adopted son. Pusput karna, To adopt.

प्राप्त s. m. A book, a manuscript. प्राप्त s. m. A flower.

पुष्मी है . f. Ground.

yaı s. m. A pancake.

y's. m. A sound of letting wind.

पूजी s. f. Flute, pipe; a kind of pipe played on by jugglers.

y's s. f. A tail.

पूंक्ना v. a. To wipe.

पूंचार adj. Tailed.

पूंची s. f. A capital in trade, stock, principal sum, fund.

पून s. m: The ketel-nut tree (Arece पीत्र पा

faufel, or catechu); a heap, a quantity, a multitude; the fruit of the fanfel, the betel-nut.

पुनम्ब s. m. The areca nut.

प्रशिष्ट s. m. The marshy date tree Phanix, or Elais paludosa).

pachh, s. f. Inquiry, investigation. Puchh-

युक्ता v. a. To ask, inpuire, question, interrogate.

पूजी s. f. The tail of a fish.

पूजब adj. Worshipping, a worshipper.

पुत्रत् adj. Worshiping, reverencing. चुन्नव s.m. Worship, worshipping.

पुत्रका e. a. To adore, reverence, worship, venerate.

व्यक्तीय वर्ज. To be worshipped or reverenced, deserving respect, venerable.

homage of superiors, or adoration of the gods.

पुत्रारी s. m. A worshipper.

प्रिकास adj. Worshipped, adored, reverenced.

or deserving adoration, &c. s. m. A. father-in-law.

प्रमान adj. Being reverenced or respected. [a cow.

yes. m. A bone lying over the tail of yes. f. The anus; a term of abuse.

us s. m. The buttock, the hip.

ver s. m. The paper or paste board cover of a book.

yes s. m. A kind of cake made of pease-meal.

spinning.

цп s. m. A воп.

प्तणा } s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

*পুৰা* 

an s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Termina lia chebula); the name of a female demon killed by Kriskn; a disease, atrophy and wasting in a child, ascribed to the malignant operations of the female fiend Pulna.

पुत कल s. m. The jack fruit.

पूतरा s. f. } A puppet, an image.

प्तलो s. f. A small puppet or image; the people of the eye.

प्ताका s, m. A saint, an ascetic, a pure or purified person; a man of a cleanly person, or purified by ablation.

प्त s. f. Purity, purification.

yfa者 s. m. Grey bondac (Cæss/pinia bonduccila). [ear.

यूतिकर्णक s. m. Fetid alceration of the प्रतिकासुख s. m. A bivalve shell.

प्रातकाष्ट इ. m. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadaru). [folia].

प्रतिषक्षा s. f. A plant '(Psoralea corili-प्रतिषक्षी s.f. A medicinal plant ( Serratula anthelmintica ).

मूतिहच s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). पूरिवारिया s. f. The pole or civet-cat.

with a fetid sinell, the winged bug.

प्रोगः s. m. Garden mint (Mentho sativo).

ब्राह्म इ. f. A thin roller on which cotton is prepared for spinning.

म् नी s. f. Roll of cotton prepared for spinning.

पूनी } s. f. The day of full moon.

Чч s. m. A cake.

पूपला १. f. A sort of sweet cake, fried with ghi or oil.

पुराको s. f. A sort of cake or biscuit, made of meal or barley, haif baked or fried. प्य } s. m. Pus, matter, discharge प्यन } from an ulcer, wound or sore. प्यास s. m. Suppuration at the joints, white swelling.

प्रक कर्फ. Falling, completing, or that which fills or completes.

filled, complete, perfect, accomplished, entire, total, exact, ripe. s. m. Act of filling, completing or making up; multiplication (in arithmetic); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

ing a piece of cloth.

mer, prior, preceding.

VI adj. Full, complete, entire, exact, perfect, sufficient, just, total ripe, powerful, Purakarna, v. a. To fill, to fulfil, to accomplish, to complete; to re-imburse.

प्राई s. f. Fulness, completion.

प्राप्त adj. Filled, full, complete.

प्रिया s. f. A musical mode or ragini. प्रो s. f. A kind of fresh cake fried in

पूर्व s. m. Man, male, mankind.

butter, or ghi.

पूर्ण adj. Fall, filled, complete, perfect, accomplished; all, entire, total; strong, powerful, able; exact, ripe. प्यकान adj. Satisfied, satisted.

with holy water, used at the consecration of a king; a full cup or jar.

vessel filled with clothes or ornaments, which are scrambled for by the guests and relations at a festival; a vessel full of rice, presented as a sacrifice to the superintending and officiating priests: it is properly a measure of 256 handfuls of rice; it

may also be composed of as much as will satisfy one great eater.

मूर्यमा है s.f. The day of full moon.

प्रमास s. m. A monthly sacrifice, performed on the day of full moon.

To be filled. Chouk purns, To make chequers or squares.

মুখান্ধ a. f. The oblation presented at the conclusion of a religious sacrifice, the final oblation; the burnt offering which completes any ceremony.

चूर्नि s. f. Fnlness, completion.

पूर्णी adj, Filling, completing.

qq adj. Anterior, prior, former, preceding; east, eastern.

प्रांचे adj. The former or prior half.

adj. Eatern, from the east; a kind of rice from the east or Bengal.

q adj. First, former, prior, preceding, initial, east, eastern; before, in front of.

प्रांच adj. Prior, before, preceding. 'प्रांचा s. m. Former time.

चुवैद्याबीय adj. Ancient, belonging to former times.

प्रेंकत adj. Done formerly, or in a prior existence.

प्रवेषका s. f. The Normada river, formerly called the Ganges.

either in time or produced before either in time or place; eastern, born in the east; elder. s. m. An elder brother.

tors of mankind; ancestors, progenitors in general.

पूर्विदिक् है s. f. The eastern region.

प्रदेश s. m. The eastern country, of eastern part of India.

प्रदेश s. m. A former body, a prior existence.

पूर्वपच s. m. A proposition, half of a lunar month.

प्रविषयंत s. m. The eastern mountain. behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

प वेषस्गृत्री s.f. The eleventh lunar asterism; the first Pholyuni, the twelfth Nakshato, being termed Uttara, or subsequent: this asterism figured by a conch contains two stars, one of which is Leonis.

प्रशादपदा s. f. The first of the two lunar asterisms, and twenty-sixth of the whole, containing two stars.

पूर्वराज s. m. The first part of the night. पूर्वेखचा s. m. Indication of something about to occur, as sickness, &c.

ष्वेत्रेज s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

पूर्वजन्त्रा s. f. Dawn, day-break.

प्नां s. m. A small village.

पूर्वाकाष्मुची s.f. The eleventh lanar asterism. {asterism.

पूर्वाभाइपद s. m. The twenty-sixth lunar पर्वाभाइप adj. Facing the east.

प्रविचास s. m. Former practice, or experience. [thing.

प्रवीस s. m. The first or east half of any प्रवीस इ. m. The first of two constellations, each called Asharha. and the 20th of the lunar asterisms containing two stars, of which one is Sagi-j tard i. e. one of which is D. Sagittarii.

प्रोक्त s. m. The first part of the day, the forenoon.

vafadj. Eastern, from the east; a kind of rice from the east or Bengal.

s.f. A ragini sung before evening. प्रोतर s.m. The north-east.

straw. Puls tale guzran karns (lit.

To live under a bundle of straw),
implies a very destitude condition.

पूली s. m. A small bundle of any grass or straw. &c.

two m. The eight mansion of the moon comprising three stars in Cancer; the mulberry (Morus Indics).

u w s. m. The ninth solar month, the full moon of which is near Pushyah, three stars in Cancer.

r.f. A gramineous plant ( Trogonella comiculato ).

tor, an inquisitive person.

प्रकार m. Asking, inquiring.

মুক্তা s. f. Asking, questioning, a question or inquiry.

प्रत्या s.f. An army; a small army or division consisting of 243 elephants, as many chariots, 729 horse, and 1215 foot.

प्यक्त adj. Separate, apart, adv. Separately, severally.

प्यक्रण s.m. Separating, distinguishing. प्रकृत क्लां. Separated, sundered, made distinct. [severalty.

प्यक्त s. m. Individuality, separateness, प्रयक्तिया s. f. A plant commonly called Muron (Sunseniera zeylanica).

श्चर्पणी s. f. A plant ( Hemionites cordifolia ).

प्रथम का s. m. Individualised spirit, or that of an individual as detached from universal spirit or the soul of all.

যবন্দ adj. Having distinct properties. যবিষধ adj. Various, multiform, diversified. प्रचर्ग s. f. The earth.

इंग्नित्व s. m. The surface of the ground.

पृथिनी पति (s. m. A king, a sovereign, पृथिनी पति a ruler.

wan. prop. The fith monarch of the solar dynasty in the second age: an ancient Raja, son of Ven, Raja of Bellur: he was married to a form of the goddess Lakshmi, taught men to cultivate the earth, &c. s. f. A pungent seed. (Nigella Indica); medicinal substance, commonly called Hingupatri.

प्यदर adj. Large-bellied, stout, corpulent. s. m. A ram.

(Nigella Indica); a medicinal substance and condiment, perhaps the lenf of the asafætida plant Hingupatri. [metre.

ঘদ্ধান s. m. A species of the Atyasti ঘদ্ধা s. f. An acquatic plant (Pistica stratioites).

unui s. f. A plant (Hemionites cordificia: Hedysarum lagopodioides).

THE s. m. The back; the rear, the last, the back or hinder part of any thing.

quate s. m. A bear, from looking behind him. [tean.

પેં≮ s. f. A small basket, a portman-પેં. s. m. An imitative sound.

vas. f. The exertion made by people in a swing, when two persons keep the swing in motion without assistance from by-standers. s. m. A bird: (Gracula chattarsah).

पंजनी s. f. Little bell fastened round the feet of pigeons and of children. भें ठ s. f. A market.

में इ s. f. Pace, step; a rising ground, an eminence.

भेतना s. m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पदा s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, bex, pot, &c.)

पेखना s. m. A. play, farce, sham, . comedy. v. a. To see.

पेखां नया s. m. A player, an actor.

पेचक } s. m. An owl.

चेंचु s. m. An esculent root ( Arum colo-

पैट s. m. The belly ; the womb, pregnancy: the bore (of a gun, &c.); eavity, capacity. Pet one, To be purged. Pet katna, To pinch one's belly, to starve one's self; to be griped. Pet ka duk dena, To starve. Pet ka parda, s. m. The omentum. Pet ka pani nah hilna, is applied to the steady motion of a horse which does not agitate the rider. Pet ki ag, s.f. Maternal affection. Pet ki ag bujhana, To eat something. Pet ki baten, s. f. Bosom secrets. Pet ke paon báhar nikalna, To practise laseness or vitionsness. Pet gargarana. To have borborygmi. Pet girna, To miscarry ( a female ), abortion, miscarriage. Pet girana, To cause an abortion. Pet chalna, or chhutna, To be purged, to have a diarrhoea or flux. Pet jalna, To be very hungry. Pet jari hona, To be fluxed, to be purged. Pet dalna, To procure abortion. Pet dikhana, To complain of poverty and hunger. Pet pakna, To burst with laughter. Pet pani hona, To be violently purged, to have watery stools. Pet palna, To be able

to live decently; to be selfish. Pet pith ek hona, To be greatly emaciated. Pet pith batana, To implore (?). Pet ponchhan, The last child of s woman. Pet posu, adj. Glutton. Pet phulna. To burst with laughter. Pet barhana, To eat voraciously; to encroach on the share or rights of another. Pet bandhna. To cat less than one's appetite demands. Petbhar, adv. Bellyful. Pet bharna, Tofill one's belly; to be satisfied. Pet marna, To commit snicide, to stab one's self Pet men pythna, To worm one's self. into the secrets of another, to become intimate. Pet men lena, To endure, have patience. Pet rakhano, To get with child. Pet rokna. To be pregnant. Pet lag jana, To be starving with hunger. Pet lag rahas. To be very hungry, Pet wali, adj. J. Pregnant, Pet se, adj. Pregnant. Pet se hona. To be pregnant. Pet harbaráná, To have a griping or inclination to stool.

पेटब s. m. A basket for holding clothes, books, &c.

ਧੋਣਾ } s.f. A basket, a large basket.

पेटारा s. m. A large basket, a portmantean.

पेटार्थी है adj. Gluttonns, epicarean.

पेटिया s. m. A. pension, daily food, board.

पेटी s.f. A belly-band, a girth; a portmanteau; a box, a tumbril, a case; the thorax, chest. Psti larna, or marná, v. a. To copulate.

पेट adj. Gluttonous, epicurean.

पेडी स s. m. A looseness, purging, flux. पेडा s. m. A kind of gourd. पेड s. f. A tree, a plant. Per lagana, | पेज्ञाब s. m. Urine, Peshab-band, s. m. To plant trees.

पेस्ना v. a. To press (oil by means of a mill), to squeeze, to rack.

पेड़ा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made with curds: a globular mass of leaven prepared for baking.

पेड़ी s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made with curds; a kind of betel-leaf; the indigo plant after being once cut; the trunk of a tree.

पेड s. m. The belly below the navel, the pubes.

पेन्हा s.m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot, &c. ).

पेनी adj. f. Sharp.

पेम s. m. Love, friendship.

पेनी odj. Affectionate, lover.

da s. m. Water, milk. adj. Drink able. drink. Ttean.

पैयी s. f. A small basket, a portman-देश्व । s.m. The milk of a cow which has calved within seven days, biestings.

पेद s. m. A turkey.

पैरीख 8. m. The turquoise.

s. m. A testicle.

पेलमा v. a. To shove, to push; to stuff, to cram; to express, to squeeze out. पेलपास part. Shoving. pushing, &c.

पेदा s. m. A testicle; fault, oppression; a prop. a support.

पेस adj. A wrestler.

पेनडी s. f. A kind of yellow colour (said to be obtained from the urine of a cow, fed on the flowers of Butea frondosa, or according to others, on the leaves of the mango tree).

पेत्रसी s. f. The milk of a cow which has calved within seven days.

Strangury. [si ).

पेबी s. f. Spikenard (Valeriana jotaman-पेवच s. m. Reducing to dust or powder; a hand-mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or pounding; a plant (a sort of Euphorbia with three lobes, commonly called Tekanta sij).

पेषको s. f. A stone, slab, on which condiments, &c. are ground with muller.

पे s. m. Milk, water. adv. on, upon. over, at, to, nevertheless, yet. conj. But.

ঘঁৰণা v. a. To winnow.

पेंचा s. m. Return, retribution, a loan, repayment of a loan.

पेंजनी s. f. Little bells fastened round the feet of pigeous and of children.

पेड s.f. Pace, sted; a rising ground, an eminence.

पेंद्रा s. m. A road, highway. path? Pynda marna, To stop a road: to rob in the road.

पंताबा s. m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पैताबीस adj. Forty-five.

पेंतीस adj. Thirty-five.

पैंसड adj. Sixty-five.

पेबड़ा s. m. । Iron chains on a cul-पॅ**वाड़ी** 8. f. 🕥 prit's legs, fetters; ornamental rings worn on the ankles.

पैकी s. m. One who carries about, o hukka for hire at a fair or in a camp.

पैगू 8. m. A sort of green-coloured stone (brought from Pegu).

पंज o. c. A vow, a promise. Pyj karna, v. a. To make a vow.

पैठ s.m. A duplicate ( of a bill of exchange); entrance, ingress, admission, access.

จัธศ v. พ. To penetrate, enter, rush | or run into, pervade.

पैठाखना v. a. To force in, to make to penetrate, to thrust, to run in, tointroduce, to insinuate.

चे हो s.f. A ladder, a staircase; a flight

प्रक. f. Pace, step; a rising ground. प्रें ड. m. A road, highway, path. Pynda marna, To stop a road; to rob in the road.

पैतरा s. m. Flourishing about before cudgelling, &c.

पैतला adj. Shallow.

पंचन क्यां. Paternal, ancestral, belonging or relating to the father or toprogenitors, hereditary, inherited from a father.

फ दश्वमूचि s. f. Father-land, the country of one's ancestors; a paternal state; पे रिक्क adj. Billiary, billious. पेतिक adj. Paternal, ancestral. पेंड्ड adv. On foot. s. m. Infantry. प्रेन s. m. A reservoir of water; a rill. पैना s. m. A goad. adj. m. Sharp. पैवाना थ. a. To sharpen. पैनाला s. m. A gutter, a spout. पैया s. m. A wheel.

पैयान s. m. Departure,

पैशास s. f. Straw.

पेर s. m. The foot.

पैरवा v. n. To swim.

पैराई s. f. Place of swimming or distance over which it is necessary to swim..; art of swimming; wages for teaching to swim.

पैराब s. m. A swimmer.

पैताकी s. f. Act or art of swimming.

पैराना v. a. To cause to swim.

पैराव adi. Beyond man's depth, where it is necessary to swim. Tlegs.

पेण n. prop. A sage, the promulgator of the Rig Ved. grain.

पैना s. m. A vessel for measuring पेनको बेर 8. m. An engrafted ber (Zizyphus jujula ).

पेशाच adj. Internal, demoniacal, relating or belonging to a Pisack or goblin, s. m. A mode of marriage, the ravishment of a girl by herlovers.

पैएन s. m. Depravity, wickedness.

पैस*ा s. m.* A copper coin, a *pice* ; money, cash. Pysa urana, To spend extravagantly; to take the money of another by theft or deceit. Pysa khans. To spend extravagantly, to waste: to subsist by wages or the produceof labour; to take bribes; to embezzle. Pysa dubona, To sink money, to lay out money without return. Pysa dubna, To be sunk (money). Pysa pher phar karna, To turn the penny. Pyse lagana, To lay out or! expend money. Pyse wala. odj. Moneyed: worth one Pysa. Pysa son darbar handna. To bribe, to give bribes.

प्रेश्वर s. m. Access, ability, admission.

चोषा s. m. A very young serpent; क nurshing of any animal; a plant,

पोक्सक र. . To warm by the sun or the steam of water, to bask.

पोदेश interj. Ho! holls! (calling to people in the road to get out of the way ), have a care !

चौदना v. a. To be fluxed.

क्रोंका s. m. The ship-worm (Teredo navalis).

चौंना a. m. A blockhead; a sort of drum; a thin joint of bamboo. edj. Empty.

पेरी s. f. An ornament worn on the | पोल्ल s. m. Wiping; a rag, &c. mith

which any thing is wiped; any thing thrown away after wiping.

चोड्ना v. a. To wipe.

चींटा s. m. Snot.

पोंडी s.f. A kind of small fish (Cyprinus chrysoparius).

भोयर s. m. A pond, a lake.

पोट s.f. A bundle, a ball, a package; a spout.

षोटनच s. m. A reed (Arundo tibialis); a sort of grass (Saccharum spontaneum).

चीटवा s. m. A large bundle.

चोटि जिल्ला s. f. A bundle or packet.

षोद ी s.f. A bundle, a parcel.

भोटा s. m. A unfledged bird; the eyelid; the crop or craw (of birds); the stomach; the mucus of the nose, snot. s. f. A woman having a beard.

चोडाई s.f. Strength, firmness.

चीत s. m. } The young of any ani-मोबी s. f. } mal.

प्रोत s.f. A vessel, a ship, a boat. s. m. Nature, disposition, quality; glass beads, beads.

খানকা s. f. A petherb (Basella lucida).
খানল s. m. An animal that produces
young at once without the intervention of any medium; elephants and
some other animals being supposed
in Hindu physiology to carry the
young without the aid of an ovarium
or uterus.

पोत्रका s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

पोतची s. f. The afterbirth.

मोवना v. a. To besmear, to plaster.

पोतरा s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

पोता s. m. Grandson, son's son.

द्योतिया s.m. A cloth worn at the time of bathing ; plaything. [ter.

भोती s.f. Grand-daughter, son's daugh-

पीय s. m. A small glass bead.

पोच की s.f. Red pimples on the eyelids.

पोधा s. m. A large book.

षोधी s. f. A book.

पोहना s. m. A bird ( Sylvia olivacea ).

घोड़नी s.f. Female of Podna. पोना v. cs. To string (pearls), to thread

( a needle ).

पोषणो s. f. A wind instrument (of music). made by children, of the seeds of mango and the leaves of the Borassus; any wind instrument.

पीपचा adj. One whose teeth are fallen out, toothless.

पोष s. m. ) A kind of vegetable Ba-पोषा s. f. ) sella alba and rubra).

The space or interval between two joints or articulations (of the body, or of a bamboo, sugar-cane, &c.)

Por-por, adv. Every joint.

पोरी s.f. A joint of bamboo, sugarcane, &c.

पोरचा s. m. A joint or phalanx ef the fingers; a joint of the tamarind.

पोलक s. m. Straw bands at the ends of a staff, used with a charkhi, to frighten and restrain a furious elephant. पोला adj. Soft, hollow.

पोचो s. f. A term of abuse, simpleton.

पीच s. m. Nourishing, cherishing. पीचन s. m. A. nourisher, cherisher.

पीषच s. m. Nourishing, cherishing breeding, rearing.

पोषचा v. a. To breed, to foster, to nourish, to tame. [ of.

पोष्य adj. To be cherished or taken care पोष्यपुत्र s. m. An adopted son.

पोष्यकों s. m. A class of persons or objects to be cherished, as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire. पोधना v. a. To breed, rear, foster, nour-

ish, tame.

मोड s.f. Dawn of day.

पोस्ना v. a. To make bread.

षो s. f. The one or ace on dice; a stand where water is provided for passengers. Pos phatna, To dawn (morning).

पाडा s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

पें।सदन s. m. One of the Sanskars or essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion; a religious observance, held when signs of a living conception take place.

सोडना v. n. To repose, to lie down, to rest.

पोडा adj. Strong, firm; wide, broad. पोडाई s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth. मोखन s. m. The pale straw-coloured species of sugar-cane; a man of a mixed caste, from the Vysyah and female of the distiller caste, whose business it is to\_boil sugar.

पीखनं न s. m. A country, one of the divisions of central India ( Behar ). पीत्र जिल्ल s. m. A worshipper of idols. पीत्र s. m. A son's son, a grandson. भीतिय adj. Belonging to a son or a grandson.

पीनी s.f. A grand-daughter, either in the male or female line, though more usually implying a son's daughter.

पीघा s. m. A young tree, plant, sapling.

पोन s. f. Air, wind. adj. A quarterless (than one or any given number); three quarters.

प्रीमदस s. m. Tautology.

पौनभेता s. m. One of the sons or heirs admitted by the old *Hindu* law; the son of a twice-married woman.

पीनइ } s. m. A spoon with holes in it like a colander for skimming with, &c.

पौने adj. One quarter less ( either of one or of the aggregate number which may follow).

पीर s. m. A fragrant grass. s.f. A gate, a door.

पीरसब्ब s. m. Connexion or equality by inhabiting the same city for the years, fellow-citizenship.

पौराणिक adj. ()f or belonging to the Purans. s. m. A Brahman well read in the Purans.

पौरिया s. m. A door-keeper, a porter. भौरो s. f. A gate, a door,

भीव adj. subs. m. The measure of a man, equal to the height to which he reaches with both arms elevated, and the fingers extended. adj. The property of manhood, virility, manliness; action, or action incidental to the state of humanity; semen virile.

पोदचता s.f. Mamhood, manly strength or spirit.

पौरोडिय s. m. The character or functions of family priest.

पीर्षनाधी है s f. The day of full moon.

पीर्व्यक्तिक adj. Belonging to a former body or existence.

पौर्विक adj. Prior, primary, former.

पौली s. f. A gate, a door.

पौरा s. m. A quarter; a weight or measure of a quarter of a see.

with s. m. The ninth Hindu solar month, the full moon of which is near l'ushyah, three stars in Cancer, December January.

पौजारिषी s.f. A large pond or reservoir.

पीडिन adj. Preservative, protective, nutritive, &c. nutritious, fattening.

पीच adj. Flowery, floral, relating or belonging to flowers, &c. चेन्द्र 8. m. The oxide of brass, considered as a collyrium.

चौची s. f. A name of Palibothra.

पीइ 3. m. A stand where water is kept ready for travellers.

खाना है v. a. To give or cause to प्यावना drink, to water.

खार s. m. f. Love affection, fondness. खारा adj. m. Beloved. Pyura junna, To esteem.

पारी adj. f. Beloved, pleasant.

wie s. f. A fruit (Chirongis sapida); straw.

quench thirst. Pyas bujhana, To quench thirst. Pyas marna, applied to thirst, which vanishes without drinking. Pyas marna, To suffer thirst. Pyas lagna, To be thirsty.

चासा adj. m. Thirsty. Pyase marns, To be very thirsty.

चासी adj. f. Thirsty.

w prep. in compos. Forth, for, forward; fore off, abroad. away: (English pre-, for,

waz adj. Displayed, unfolded, manifest, apparent.

দকতিব adj. Manifested, displayed; evident, apparent; opened, expanded, দকটোজন adj. Made manifest, open or visible.

मक्स्प s. m. Shaking, trembling.

अवस्थान adj. Trembling violently. s. m.
A hell. [lently.

प्रकल्पमान adj. Shaking, trembling vio-महर s. m. Aloe wood (Agallochum).

or prelude; a chapter, a section, a book, a place of pausing or stopping.

मक्ष s. m. (In grammar) The effect of the prefix म (prah) upon roots.

मकाक s.m. The stem of a tree, the

part between the root and the branches; excellence, happiness.

प्रकार s. m. Sort, kind, species; way, mode, method, manner.

vanu adj. Open, manifest, blown, expanded; famous, celebrated; public. adv. Openly, publicly. s. m. Sunshine, lustre, light; expansion, diffusion, manifestation; the world being equally applicable to physical or moral subjects, as the blowing of a flower, diffusion of celebrity, the publicity of an event, or the manifestation of a truth; publicity.

प्रकाशक adj. What irradiates, what makes open or apparent, &c. s. m. An illuminator, an expounder, an illustrator.

प्रकाश्ता s. f. Manifestation, visibility; luminousness.

भकाषण s. m. Illuminating, giving light; making clear or manifest.

प्रकाशनान odj. Splendid, brilliant, radiant.

দৰাখিন adj. Evident, apparent, manifest, visible; published, promulgated, দৰামী ৪. m. A discoverer.

দ্বাম adj. Spread, abroad, published, promulgated; expanded, open. s. m. A Chower, a cow-tail used as a fan; a chapter, a section.

प्रकोति 6. f. Fame, celebrity ; declara-

पदीति त adj. Declared, explained, said, revealed; celebrated, renowned.

प्रकृषित adj. Enraged, incensed.

प्रकार adj. Made, completed, accomplished.

passive or material cause of the world, as opposed to the active or spiritual; and in mythology, a goddess, the personified will of the

Supreme in the creation, identified with Maya or illusion, and in an especial manner the prototype of the female sex; in some systems Prakriti is considered the same with the Supreme Being; the natural state or condition of any thing; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, each line containing twentysyllables. (In anatomy), Temperament the predominance of one of the humours at the time of generation.

मकतित्रज adi. Volatile, fickle. मक्रातिक adj. Natural, genuine, unmixed : inherent, innate.

une adj. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. प्रकृष्टल s. m. Eminence, superiority.

भकीप s. m. Irritation, provocation, enraging.

प्रकापन s. m. Irritating, provoking.

प्रकापित adj. Irritated, provoked.

may s. m. Proceeding, going; leisure, opportunity.

मिला s. f. Bearing royal insignia.

प्रदातन s. m. Cleaning, washing.

प्रवालित adj. Washed, cleansed.

ntan adj. Thrown, cast, hurled. मनीय adj. Decayed, wasting.

प्रचार adj. Very hot or acrid.

भ्रज्यात adj. Celebrated, famous, note-· rious.

भरवादि s. f. Publicity, notoriety; praise, eulogium, fame.

प्रमुख adj. Obvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest, festation. visible.

भवटवा s. f. Visibility, publicity, mani-प्रतर्भा . n. To issue forth, to become manifest, to appear.

प्रवास s. m. Progress, advance.

ready, resolute : energetic : strongs

प्रगर्भता s. f. Energy, resolution ; confidence, boldness; power, eminence.

पगाद adj. Much, excessive : hard, difficult; hard, firm. s. m. Pain, privation, penance.

Protection, preservation, प्रयोपन 8. 78. salvation.

मयस्य s. m. Taking, siezing, assuming... ਸਬਟ adj. Obvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest, visible.

पवरों s.f. A mould in which silver or gold is cast previous to working it; apparency, clearness.

प्रथम s. m. A sort of bean ( Phoseolus mungo).

प्रकार adj. Excessively hot or burning ; intolerable, insupportable; wrathful, passionate; violent, strong. s. m. A. sort of Nerium with white flowers

मचलपूर्ति e. m. A tree (Tapia cratæva). मचरित adj. Pursued, practised (as an art or business ).

Prevailing, circulating, मचलत् adj. being customary or current; being recognised ( as authority or law, &c. )

भचलव s. m. Circulating, being customary or current.

मचित adj. Carrent, customary, circulating; recognised, received (as authority or law, &c. )

Here s. m. Custom, usage; conduct: currency; appearance, manifestation. प्रचित s. m. A species or metre.

मनूर क्dy. Much, many.

प्रचेत s. m. A yellow fragrant wood.

प्रचीदन s. m. Saying, enjoining, prescribing; a rule or law; sending, directing.

अवस्थ adj. Bold, confident; prompt, प्रचीदित adj. Prescribed, directed; sens.

क्योहिनी s. f. A prickly night-shade ( Solanum jacquini ).

war s. f. Asking, addressing, invituwes. m. A wrapper, a cover.

wered, clothed; unavowed, disguised; private, concealed, secret. s. m. Private door within a house; a lattice, a loop-hole; private door.

मचन क्यों. Fallen from, deviated from. men s.f. Progeny, offspring; people, subjects; a subject, tanant, renter. ज्ञाधम s.m. The duty of children or of subjects.

जनापति s. m. A name of Brahma; the epithet common to ten divine personages, who were first created by Brahme: some authorities make them only seven in number; others reduce them to three; and others make them twenty-one; king, sovereign, lord of subjects, prince; father; son-in-law. daughter's husband; potter.

renfer adj. Favourable or good fo children or subjects, &c., kind of them, useful to them, &c.

क्रवीवन a. m. Livelihood, subsistence.

un adj. Wise, learned.

was s. f. A clever or sensible woman; understanding, wisdom, knowledge.

импа adj. Known, understood; famous, notorious.

muju adj. Wise, learned. s. m. Knowledge, wisdom.

मधावान् adj. Wise, intelligent.

प्रव्यक्तित adj. Blazing, radiant.

www s. m. Promise, agreement, vow, resolution.

nufa s.f. Salutation, reverence, obeisance, courtesy,

man s. m. Affection, friendly or fond regard; acquaintance; asking, begging; affectionate solicitation; final emancipation or beatitude: trust. confidence; reverence, obeisance.

मचयी adj. Affectionate, kind; intimate, familiar. s. m. A husband or lover.

F s. m. The mystical name of प्रथवज्ञ ∫ the deity, or syllable Om.

HUTE s. m. A. disease of the ear, a noise or buzzing in the ear from thickening of the membranes, &c.

मचाम s.m. Respectful or reverential salutation, addressed especially toa Brahman or deity.

प्रवास s. m. े An issue from a pond, a प्रयाखी ३. 🏸 ∫ drain, a gutter, water-course, a conduit.

प्रवास s. m. Loss, destruction.

प्रवासी adj. Destroying.

प्रविचान s. m. Great effort, stress, energy: profound religious meditation; access, entrance.

प्रशिपत्तन *ह. m*. Saluting, bowing or doing homage to.

Salutation, reverence. पंचिपात 8. m. obeisance.

मची adj. Resolute.

मतल s. m. One of the seven principal divisions of the lower regions.

प्रवान 8.m. A disease, fainting, epilepsy. पवाप s. m. Majesty, dignity, glory, the possession of rank and power, the high spirit arising from the possession of these; spirit, energy; splendour, brilliancy.

प्रतापण s. m. A hell.

प्रतापनान adj. Majestic, glorious, potent. मतापस s. m. A species of gigantic Asclepias with white flowers.

मतापी adj. Shining, splendid; dignified, powerful; glorious, potent-मतार्क s. m. A cheat.

Digitized by Google

भतारच s. m. } Frand, cheating, de-मतारचा s. f. } ceit, over-reaching, trick.

मतारित adj. Cheated, deceived, tricked. मति prep. Again, against, back again, for, in exchange, instead, each.

प्रतिवक्षा s. m. Retaliation, requital; remedy, redress.

मतिकार s. m. Revenge, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

্ দনিস্থ adj. Country, adverse, cross grained, reverse, inverted; contradictory, cross, perverse.

प्रतिकृत्रता s. f. Opposition, hostility.

मतिज्ञिया s. f. Return, requital, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

দনিব্য adv. Momentarily, every moment.

अतिनजेन बक्षे. Echoing, reverberating.

mans, whatever is a fit present to a Bráhman at suitable periods; the saceptance of such a gift.

দাবিষাক s. m. A return blow, repulse, rebound; warding off a blow; preventing, probibiting.

मतियातन s. m. Killing, slanghter.

विवाती बर्जे. Repelling; repulsing; hostile, opposed to.

प्रतिचित्रन s, m. Thinking repeatedly, considering, meditating upon.

प्रतिकाषा s. f. An image, a statue, a bas-relief, a picture.

स्रतिनिश्चा s. f. The uvula, or soft palate. स्रतिनीयन s. m. Resuscitation.

gagement, assent; admission, acknowledgement. (In logic) The proposition, the assertion to be proved.

winted, acknowledged; propounded, asserted.

प्रतिशापतम s. m. A bond, a written comtract.

प्रतिवास s. m. A kind of air or melody. प्रतिवास s. m. The return or redelivery of a deposit; barter, exchange; giving back or in return for.

प्रतिदिन odv. Day by day, every day.

प्रतिदिशा adv. Every where, क्री around.

प्रतिष्यणि s. f. प्रतिष्याण s. m. Echo, an echo, eiterated or repeated sound, resonance.

uninfast s.m. A resemblance of a real form, an image, a statue, a picture, &.; a surety; a substitute.

प्रतिनिम adv. By night, every night.

wind s. f. The first day of a lunar wind fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane; rank, consequence.

utaufa s. f. Fame, reputation; knowledge, determination, ascertainment. मतिपद adj. or adv. Step by step, at each step; continually, every moment.

ufava odj. Known, understood, ascortained, determined.

प्रतिपादन s. m. Gift, donation; ascertaining, determining, rendering elear or intelligible.

unders and. Who or what protects or defends. s. m. A king; a protector, a cherisher, a patron.

प्रतिपाचन s. m. Protecting, defending, cherishing, patronising, protection, fostering, rearing, breeding.

मतिपालना v. a. To preserve, to keep, to cherish.

प्रतिपुत्तव adv. Every man, man by man. प्रतिपूजक s. m. A reverer, one who does homage.

দলিমুজন s. m. Exchange of civilities, mutual obeisance or reverence; offering homage or respect. सर्वसम्ब s. m. Precept for an act which under other circumstances is bidden. स्वत्यम s. m. Beturn, requital, retaliation.

দ্ধবিৰ্থ s. m. Obstacle, impediment. দ্বিৰ্থন adj. Impending, obstructing, an obstructer or opposer. s. m. An

impediment.

क्षतिविष्य s. m. An image or picture; the reflection of an image or figure from a mirror.

प्रतिभव adj. Formidable, feasful, frightful. s. m. Fear.

especially, as obening or expanding; sharpness, brilliancy of conception; light, splendour.

मतिसात s. m. Corresponding character or disposition.

मितिभिष adj. Separated, divided.

units. m. A surety.

मतिसेदन s. m. Pieroing, cutting, penetrating; separating, dividing.

प्रतिमा s. f. A resemblance, a figure, an image, a likeness, a picture; an idol, a statue,

जनिमान e. m. Resemblance, an image, a picture.

प्रतिनास adv. Every month, monthly. वितन्तिमा s. f. A kind of rat.

দ্বিহাৰ s. m. Opposition, contradiction, controversy; co-operation, an association.

मतियोगिता s. f. Mutual co-operation; opposition.

प्रतियोगी s. m. An opponent; a partner, an associate.

प्रतिरचन s. m. Preserving.

प्रतिराज s. m. Every night.

ufreq s. m. A picture, an image, the counterpart of any real form.

प्रतिरोध ३. २. Opposition, impediment.

प्रतिरोधी है . m. A thief, a robber.

प्रतिचय s. m. Censure, reviling, abuse.

प्रतिकोस adj. Left, not right; reverse, inverted; law, vile, base, deprayed.

मतिवयन s. m. A reply, an answer, a rejoinder; an echo.

प्रतिवाका s. m. A reply, an answer.

प्रतिवाच् s. f. An answer, a reply.

प्रतिवाचि s. f. An answer ; a rejoinder.

मतिवाटी s. m. A defendant, a respondent. [ing.

प्रतिवासी adj. A neighbour, neighbour-प्रतिविच s.m. A resemblance or counterpart of real forms, as a picture, an image, a shadow, &c.

प्रतिविषा 8. f. A plant ( Betula ).

मतिमद्या s. f. Constant fear or doubt.

प्रतिम्हा s. f. Catarrh.

मतिषद adj. Forbidden, prohibited.

प्रतिषेध s. m. Prohibition, forbidding, exception, contradiction.

मतिष adj. Famous.

where s. f. Fame, celebrity; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, of four syllables each; consecration of a monument erected in honour of a deity, or of the image of a deity; endowment of a temple, portioning or marrying a daughter. &c.

ипан s. m. Site, situation; the capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty, opposite to Allahabad; the capital of Salivahan, in the Dakhin.

मतिष्ठित adj. Famous, celebrated; consecrated; endowed, portioned; placed, situated; established, fixed.

ष्ठतिसर s.m. Cicatrizing or healing; as a sore; a form of magic or incantation; a string worn rounn the hand at nuptials. which is m. The portion of a Paran; which treats of the destruction and renovation of the world; secondary creation, or the creation of the world by the agency of Brahma, and other divine beings as the agents of one Supreme Being.

मतिस्पर्धा s.f. Emulation, rivalry, the wish or effort to excel or overcome.

प्रतिकादी adj. Envious emulous, a rival; refractory, rebellions.

प्रतिस्वाय s. m. Catarrh.

ufava adj. Disappointed; opposed, obstructed; fallen, overthrown.

मतिइति s.f. Disappointment.

प्रतिष्या s. m. A shrub (Nerium odorum). प्रतिष्या s.f. Retaliation, revenge.

reversed, against the natural order or state. s. m. A limb, a member; a part, a portion.

obviating, correcting; remedying, administering medicines.

प्रतीचक adj. Expecting ; looking at.

प्रतीचव s. m. Looking to or at, considering, referring to; respecting; expecting, waiting for.

प्रतीचा s. f. Reference, regard to, consideration, looking to or at; hope, expectation.

मरीची adj. Expecting, looking or waiting for.

मतीची s.f. The west quarter.

प्रतीचीन adj. West, western.

प्रतीत opj. Famous, celebrated, renowned; known. s.f. Faith, confidence, trust. Pratit karns, To examine; to believe; to trust,

प्रतीति s. f. Knowledge, understanding ; fame, notoriety.

ह्रतीवंशान adj. Being believed or trusted\_ प्रजोर s. m. A shore or bank.

metals; throwing one substance intoanother to alter its form or state; adding any thing to a medicine during or after decoction; a public danger or calamity, as a plague, &c.

und s. f. Pain shooting from the rectum along the bowels.

प्रत्यक्षपर्वी है e.f. A plant ( Achyran-प्रत्यक्षप्रती ) thes sepera ).

प्रत्यक्षेत्री s. f. A plant commonly called Danti: a plant (Selvinis cucullatte).

present, cognizable by any of the organs of sense.

प्रवाचनमाय s. m. A witness, an eye-wit-बव्यप्रमाय s. m. Ocular or visible proof. प्रवाची adj. Seeing, perceiving, comsciousness of what is perceptible.

made present or visible.

adv: On the body, or the limbs severally.

under ado. Wext in succession.

प्रवास pdj. Bordering, skirting, contiguous. s. m. The country of the Mlechthus or savages.

unu s. m. Trust, faith, belief, confidence; knowledge, apprehension; an affix to roots and words forming derivatives and inflections.

प्रवायत वर्ताः. Trusted, confidential.

प्रवारी adj. Trusting, believing, having faith in.

प्रवास s. m. Disappearance, either of what exist.

प्रवासन् s. m. Red chalk.

मलहम् s. m. ade. Day by day, every day. मलाहिट बर्कु: Removed, set aside ; informed, apprised; warned, cautioned; ed; declared (as from heaven).

जनदेश s. m. Information, apprising, informing, warning, caution; heavenly annunciation or declaration.

मबामा s.f. Hope, expectation, desire.

धनामी adj. Hoping, expecting.

মৰাধাৰ a. m. (In grammar) Combination of two or more letters of the alphabet to form a class of letters.

म्बुक्ति s. f. Answer, reply.

म्ब्युत्तर s. m. A rejoinder, a reply to an answer, an answer.

चित्रवान s.m. Rising from a seat, as a mark of respect.

अल्प्स adj. Reproduced, regenerated; (in arithmetic) multiplied. s. m. Multiplication; the product of a sum in multiplication.

चल्हमन s. m. Rising from a seat as a mark of respect, &c.; going forth or out, going to meet any ono, &c.

अन्य प्रकार s. m. Requital of aid or assistance, mutual assistance.

प्रस्पादी adj. Requiting a favour or kindness.

प्रस्ता है. m. The morning, dawn, daybreak. [a time.

मन्दे adv. Singly, one by one, one at मजन adj. First, prior, before, initial; chief, principal.

मचनसाइस s. m. The first or lowest degree of fine or punishment.

जया s. f. Custom, manner.

प्रवित s. f. Fame, celebrated; made known, declared.

मचिति .f. Celebrity, notoriety.

मस्य s. m. The young of any animal.

weive odj. Reverential salutation, by circumambutating a person or object, keeping the right side towards them.

महर s. m. A. disease of woman (Menorrhagia). next. s. m. A teacher, an expounder; a prophet.

मदलेग s. m. Shewing; explaining generally, not exclusively; explaining or specifying; porphecying.

महिंगत बर्का. Mentioned, specified ; shewn : prophecied.

ष्रदान s. m. A gift, donation.

महिन् है s. f. Intermediate, point of महिन्द है the compass, or half quarter, as north-east, south-west, &c.

प्रदीप s. m. A lamp.

प्रदीपन s. m. A sort of mineral poison, of a red colour, and caustic operation.

us. m. A place in general, a country, a district, &c. ; a fore country, abroad.

प्रदेष s. m. Unguent, unetion.

महोच s. m. Evening, the first part of the night; fault, offence, defect, transgression.

numers. m. Nature, the natural state of any thing, or the cause of the material world; the Supreme God; chief. principal, the first companion of a king, his minister, his eunuch, or confident. &c.; a president, courtier, noble leader, chief, minister or counsellor of state.

मधानता s.f. Excellence, superiority, supremacy.

प्रयान्धात s. f. Semen virile.

प्रधानमनी s. m. Prime minister.

प्रधानीत्तम adj. Eminent, illustrious.

प्रअंस s. m. Destruction, loss.

wiel adj. Destroying, annihilating.

प्रनास s. m. Salutation, bow, obsisance.

प्रमास s. m. } A water-course a canal; प्रमासी s.f. } a gutter; a drain, a conduit.

ceit, trick, or fraud, imposition, treachery, artifice; prolixity, copiousness, in style or composition; error, illusion.

सप्चित *adj.* Erring, mistaken ; tricked, deceived, beguiled ; declared fully, explained, treated, at length.

प्रमुखी adj. Insidious, fraudulent, artful.

प्रयुवाधित adj. Routed, defeated.

मचवाबो s. m. A fugitive, one who deserts his cause.

मितामण s. m. A parternal great grandfather. [mother.

मिष्वानकी s.f. A paternal great grand-

सपुत्राष्ट्र s. u. A sort of Caseia (C. tora). सपुत्रा s. f. A sort grass ( Hedysarum सपुरिचा s. f. A prickly nightshade (Sol-

anum Jacquini ).

plant, used in medicine, and as a perfume, commonly called *Punderya*; in medicine it forms the basis of applications to ulcers and bad eyes.

मंपीन s. m. A great grandson.

प्रपोबी s.f. A great grand daughter.

प्रमुख adj. Blown, as a flower; smiling; glad, pleased; shining.

प्रमुखनयन adj. Having full or sparkling eyes.

मभुषाद्व adj. Having a cheerful or smiling countenance, looking gay or happy.

ममुक्तित adj. Blooming, in blossom; gay, lively, cheerful.

action, continuous application or action, continuance, uninterraptedness; a connected discussion, or narrative; a kind of song; style, composition (of a discourse).

of imagination, whether founded in fact of not.

nat, prevalent, violent.

प्रवास s.m. Coral.

मबास s. m. Travelling, journey, journeying, sojourning in a foreign country, abroad.

मनासी s.m. A traveller.

HEIV s. m. Stream, flood, flow, current, tide; breadth of a river.

प्रवीच adj. Skilful, intelligent, accomplished, knowing, clever.

प्रनेचना s. f. Skill, accomplishment, cleverness, knowledge.

ин adj. Wise, learned.

प्रवेश s. m. Entrance, admittance, access. प्रवेशी odj. Penetrating.

with s. m. Vigilance, wakefulness, active or vigilant state of being; intellect, understanding; knowledge, wisdom; sense, consciousness; demonstration, consolation, persuasion; awaking, either, from ignorance or sleep.

पदीभग s. m. Awakening, arousing, exciting, reviving; instructing; persuading, production of conviction.

मबीधिता s. f. A species of the Utijagati metre.

मभव adj. Born, produce; superior, powerful; the operative cause, or immediate origin of being, as the father or mother, &c.

ині s. f. Light, radiance, splendour.

मनाबर s. m. The sun; the moon.

प्रभाकीट s. f. The fire-fly.

प्रभाषन s. m. A tree (Hyperanthera mornago).

मभात s. m. Morning, dawn, day-break.

स्भाती adj. Sung in a tune (or ragini) । समाचपुरच s. m. An umpire, an arbitrapeculiar to the morning.

सभाग s. m. Light, radiance, shining.

क्रभाव s. m. Majesty, dignity, magnanimity, high spirit; power, strength, influence; spirit.

मभाज s. m. A place of pilgrimage, in the west of India.

ny s. m. Strong, able; always, eternal; a superior, an owner, a proprietor, a master or mistress, &c. s. m. A master, a lord, principal.

unais. f. Greatness, power, government, supremacy, lordship or sovereignty, superiority, influence,

मसभक्त adj. Faithful, devoted.

मश्रीत s. f. Manner, kind; etcetera, others, rest, remainder (in composition ).

मिनेद s. m. Kind, sort, difference.

मन्य adj. Immersed, drowned.

मनया s. f. Yellow myrobalan ( Terminalis chebula ).

प्रमथाचय s. m. Hell, or abode of pain.

मनद adj. Mad. intoxicated, figuratively with passion or literally with liquor; impassioned. s. m. pleasure, delight, rapture.

प्रमदा s. f. A woman, a handsome

मना s. f. True knowledge, or knowledge exempt from all error; consciousness, perception,

मनाच s. m. Cause, motive; limit; proof, testimony, authority, verification, attestation: instance, example; measure, quantity; detail; a scripture, a work of sacred authority. odj. Authentic, actual, substantial, real, approved of, admissible, agrecable, acceptable. Praman charhna, To rise to a high rank.

tor, a judge.

प्रमाणाभाव s. m. Want or absence of proof or authority.

प्रमाणिक adj. Proper, creditable ; reverend. s. m. Chairman of an assembly.

प्रमाणिका s. f. A species of the Anushtubh metre.

प्रमाचीकरण s.m. Establishing or admitting as authority or proof.

पनातानप s. m. A maternal great grandfather. mother.

प्रमातामको s. f. A maternal great grand-वनाद s. m. Inadvertence, carelessness, error, inaccuracy.

प्रमादो adj. Heedless, careless, indifferent, incantious, inconsiderate, unreflecting.

प्रशिस adj Known, understood, established, proved; measured.

प्रमिताचरा s. f. A species of the Jagati metre.

भन्न adj, Chief, principal; best, most excellent; first. s. m. A chief, a sage, any respectable man; a tree used for dyeing (Rottleric tinctoria).

प्रसुखल s. m. Superiority, predominance.

ady. Pleased, glad, content, प्रसुदित ∫ happy.

प्रभेद s. m. Urinary affection, as change in the colour, quantity, or consistence of the urine; twenty-one varieties are enumerated, including diabetes, gonorrhœa, &c.

प्रनीचन s. m. Liberating, setting free. प्रमीचनी s. f. A sort of cucumber.

प्रमीद s. m. Pleasure, happiness, delight. प्रनोदित adj. Happy, delighted.

प्रनोदी adj. Happy, delighted; delighting, making happy.

प्रभी इ s. m. Fascination; fainting, insensibility.

rates. m. Continued and persevering effort, exertion; act, action; (in logic) active effort of three kinds, engaging in any act, prosecuting it, and completing it; caution, care.

मदामन् adj. Active, zealous, enterprising, assidous, persevering.

अयाग s. m. Sacrifice, obligation; a celebrated place of pilgrimage, the confluence of the Ganges and Jamna, with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saraswati, the modern Allahabad. The term in composition is applied to many places of reputed sanctity, situated at the confluence of two rivers. as Devprayag, Rudra-prayag, Karna-prayag, and Nanda-prayag in the Hindu mountains, which with Prayag or Allahabad, constitute the five principal places so termed, and where worship is deemed peculiarly efficacious. Alla. habad is one of the places Brahma is supposed to have consummated ten Aswamedhs or sacrifices of the horse, in commemoration of his recovery of the four Veds from Sankhasur.

सवास s. m. Going forth or to a distance; departure; death; march of an assailing force, attack, invasion.

भवायकाल s. m. Time of departure; death.

मबास e. m. Trouble, labour, fatigue; desire for or pursuit of any object.

wym adj. Endowed with, possessing as an attribute, &c.; associated or connected with, compact, closely united.

मयोग s. m. Occasion, cause, motive, object, consequence, result; device, contrivance; example, comparison; act, action.

प्रयोगी adj. Having some object in view, calculated for some particular purpose.

খ্যৰ

प्रशास adj. Who or what causes or induces any act; who or what deputes or appoints. s. m. A founder, or institutor of any ceremony; a law-giver a legislator.

प्रयोजन s. m. Cause, occasion; motive, crigin; purpose, object, intention, design; use, exigence.

म योजनी adj. Necessary, requisite.

प्रशेजनवान् adj. Designing, purposing. प्रशेष s. m. Capital, principal; a ser-, vant, a slave.

truction of the world; death, dying, loss, destruction, dissolution, annihilation; fainting, syncope, loss of sense or conciousness. s. f. A general destruction, such as at the flood or resurrection; (met) vexation, fatigue, oppression, langour, disgust.

WHIT s. m. Unmeaning or incoherent speech; discourse, coversation.

प्रशेषक adj. Who or what anoints, smears, &c.

দলীতৰ s. m. Rolling on the ground, heaving, tossing ( as of the ocean (. দলীতিব adj. Rolling, heaving, tossing. দলীৰ s. m. Desire, cupidity.

प्रकाशन s. m. Allurement, inducement; attraction, attracting, seducing.

पनर s. m. Offspring, descendants; family, race, kindred. [metre.

प्रवर्तित s. m. A species of the Ashti प्रवर्त s. m. Engaged in undertaking : excitement, stimulus.

प्रवर्षेक adj. Inciting, stimulating, inducing, who or what sets in action. s. m. The orginal instigator of any act, the author, the principal. क्रासन s. m. Going abroad, sojourning in a foreign country.

winds. One of the seven Vayus or winds.

क्रवार्थ s. m. Prohibition, objection, opposition.

ह्मान s. m. A temporary or foreign residence, a habitation away from home. ह्मानत adj. Dwelling or being abroad, or absent.

प्रवासन s. m. Dwelling abroad, sojourning, lodging; exile.

प्रशासी adj. A traveller, a sojourner, one living away from home.

पवास s. m. Stream, current, flow, continuous passage.

म्नाडिका s.f. Diarrhoes.

प्रविद्याति s. f. Celebrity, reputation.

जीवभन्न odj. Partitioned, divided, separated, shared.

पविभाग s. m. Division. a part.

प्रदिर s. ns. A yellow fragrant wood.

use adj. Entered, gone in or into; entered upon (as an affair), engaged in.

स्वीच adj. Skilful, clever, conversant. प्रवीचना s.f. Proficiency, skill.

मरीर बंदों. Best, mest excellent. s. m. A hero, a warrior; a chief, a person of rank or distinction.

प्रवृत्त बर्जुः. Fixed, settled, determined, done; engaged in, undertaking, occupied.

life, as opposed to contemplative devotion; prosecution, perseverance; addiction to, predilection for, tidings, intelligence; continuous flow, stream, current; Oujein or any holy place; (in arithmetic) the multiplier.

वेच्य s. m. Foreseeinge

पविचित्र adj. Foreseen, anticipated. पविचान adj. Foreseeing, anticipating.

प्रवेड 8. m. Barley.

प्रवेषि s. f. The hair twisted, and undecorated, as worn by woman in the . absence of their husbands.

प्रदेशी s. f. Unornamented hair.

प्रवेच s. m. The yellow variety of kidney bean.

प्रवेश 8. m. Entrance.

प्रदेशक adj. Who or what enters. s. m. An entry.

मनेश्रम s. m. The entrance to a house; entering, entrance.

प्रमंदन } s. m. Praising, eulogising.

प्रभंग s. f. Praise, eulogium.

प्रशंसनीय adj. To be praised, praiseworthy.

чинт s. f. Praise, applause, flattery, commendation.

प्रमंति adj. Praised, eulogised.

प्रमान s. m. Killing, slaughter; pacifying, tranquillising.

प्रमस adj. Happy, well, right; good, excellent, best.

प्रसित्त s. f. Excellence, eminence; eulogy.

प्रशास adj. Calmed, calm, tranquillised. प्रशासाका adj. Peaceful, calm, composed.

प्रशासि s. f. Calm, quiet, tranquillity, moral or physical.

प्रमासन s. m. Governing. ruling.

ин s. m. A question, a demand, an inquary.

मनदूती s. f. A riddle, an enigma, an intricate or enigmatical question.

मनी s. f. An aquatic plant (Pistica stratioites).

परा adj. Asking, demanding, an asker or questioner.

who goes first or before; prior, preceding; chief, principal, best,

मरी s. f. The wife of a leader or chief. मस्त adj. Eternal, constant, continual; obtained, gained, attained: attached to, devoted to (person or thing), engaged in. adv. Continually,

গণানি s. f. Adherence or attachment to.
দশক s. m. Introduction, insertion;
association, connexion.

incessantly, eternally.

प्रसन्न adj. Pleased, rejoiced, delighted; complacent, gracious, favourable, kind. Prosanna karna, To please. Prosanna hona, To be pleased with to like.

प्रसन्ता s. f. Favour, kindness, being pleased with.

प्रमचम्बा े adj. Agreeable looking, प्रसचनुद्धा े smiling, looking pleased.

प्रसद s. m. Bringing forth, bearing ( as young ); birth, production.

प्रस्तवक s. m. A tree commonly called Piya (Buchanania latifolia).

प्रस्वत adj. Bearing.

प्रसक्ती s. f, A woman in labour.

प्रस्ववस्त्र s. m.' The foot-stalk of a leaf or, flower.

प्रस्ती adj. Having or bearing young.

प्रसाद s. m. Favour, kindness, blessing,
gift, propitiousness. approbation;
food that has been offered to an idol,
or of which a spiritual teacher has

प्रसादी adj. Offered to idols.

partaken.

प्रसायक adj. Who or what accomplishes or perfects.

प्रशासन s. m. Accomplishing, effecting.
प्रशासनी s. f. A drug, commonly called
Siddhi. [done.
प्रशासन adj. Accomplished, completed,

मधार है s. m. Spreading, extending, मधार है expanding.

प्रशादिक adj. Stretched, expanded, extended.

प्रस्ती adj. Spreading, expanding.

प्रतिष adj. Famous, celebrated, notorious; adorned, ernamented.

प्रसिद्ध s. f. Fame, celebrity; notoriety. प्रसु s. m. A mother. Born.

प्रसुत s. m. The whites, fluor albus. adj.

प्रवृता e.f. A woman who has borne a child, or one who is recently delivered.

प्रमृति s. f. Bringing forth (as young); lirth, production; offspring; children, a son or daughter.

प्रमुत adj. Born, produced. s.m. A flower, a bud, a blossom; fruit.

प्रसीती s.f. Paerperal women.

प्रकारन 8. m. Purging, diarrhoes.

प्रसार s. m. A stone or rock ; a jewel, a precious stone.

प्रसाव s. m. Opportunity, occasion, season; occasional or introductory eulogium. [tion.

प्रसादना s.f. Commencement, introduc-प्रसादिक adj. Suited to the occasion, appropriate, seasonable.

प्रस्तृत adj. Said, declared; praised, panegyrised; accomplished, done.

measure of quantity, forty-eight double handfuls; table-land on the top of a mountain.

प्रसाप s. m. A sort of Tulsi, or Basil with small leaves.

प्रकार s. m. Going forth, proceeding, departing; march of an assailant; march.

प्रशापन s. m. Sending away; appointment on an embassy.

प्रसापित adj. Sont, despatched.

प्रसुद्ध adj. Blown, expanded.

प्रस्कृति s. f. Forgetfulness, forgetting. प्रसाद s. m. Urine.

of the day, or a division of time consisting of eight gharis, or about three hours.

महर्यसनिका s.f. A species of the Sarkari metre.

महरी है s. m. A watchman, a bell-महरिया man, a sentinel.

महिष्यो s. f. A species of the Alijageli metre.

मद्दित adj. Delighted, very happy.

प्रसम् adj. Laughing, laughing heartily.
प्रसम् s. m. Loud, violent or hearty
laughter; mirth, merriment; sarcasm, satire; reproof, ridicule, irony.

प्रस्ती s. f. Arabian jasmine. प्रस्त s.m. Striking, wounding, killing; a blow, a stroke.

मपारी s. m. A striker, smiter, destroyer, debaser, humbler.

महास s. m. Loud laughter.

क्रशासी adj. Laughing aloud ; diverting, causing laughter.

प्रदेशिका s.f. An enigma, a riddle, a puzzling or enigmatical question.

nue adj. Pleased, delighted.

भवाद s. m. Pleasure, joy, happiness; the name of Hirnyaksha's pious son and regent of one division of Patal. भवादित adj. Rejoiced, delighted.

place or time; east, eastern; at dawn, early in the morning.

प्राचार s. m. An inclosure, a fence, a rampart, particularly a surrounding wall, ésc., elevated on a mound of earth.

बाबन adj. Low, common, yulgar,

thence especially applicable to a provincial and peculiar dialect of the Sanskrit language; natural; belonging to or derived from the philosophical Prakriti, illusory, material. &c. s. m. Any dialect not Sanskrit, it is especially spoken by the female characters and the inferior personages of plays.

प्रकारण s. m. Common or usual fever, occurring from affections of the wind, bile, and phlegm, severally, in as many seasons, or the rains, antumn, and spring.

प्राक्रतपत्तव s. m. The total dissolution of the world.

प्राह्मतिमद s. m. A natural friend or ally. प्राह्मत s. m. Former age or time.

माकाजीन adj. Anterior, ancient, of a former time.

माञ्चन adj. Old, ancient; prior, anterior, preceding, former.

प्राप्तनक्कं s. m. Fate, destiny; any act formerly done.

प्राक्षत्रको s. f. The eleventh of the hanar asterisms.

मानभाव s. m. Antecedent privation, the non-existence of any thing which may yet be. In law, the non-possession of property that may be possessed.

मानस्भा s. m. Confidence, boldness, determination; arrogance, effrontery. मान्यामी adj. Going before, a precursor.

पान्कीतिष s. m. A country, Komrup, part of Assam, being the scene of Brahma's penance.

प्राज्ञभाव s. m. Prior existence; superiority, excellence.

माम्य adj. Chief, principal.

मानार adj. Contrary to rectifude, de-

viating from the ordinary institutions and observances.

चाचार्थ s. m. A scholar, a pupil.

RIP

प्राची adj. f. East, eastern; former, prior, ancient, old. of former times, ancient. s. f. A boundary hedge, a fence, a wall.

प्राचीनता s. f. Antiquity.

cataphracta).

प्राचीनप्रमस 8. m. A tree (Ægle marmelos }. [andra]. प्राचीना s. f. A. plant ( Cissampelos hex-प्राचीनासलक s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia

प्राचीर s. m. A boundary hedge, a sence, a wall, an inclosure, a rampart.

पाच adj. Eastern, easternly. s. m, The eastern country, the country south and east of the Sirswati, which flows from the north-east to the south-

म्राजापल s. m. A ferm of marriage, the gift of a girl respectfully, by her father to her lover; a name of Allahabad or Prayag a sort of penace, eating once a day for three days in the morning, once in the night for three days, subsisting three days on given as alms, and fasting three food days more; a particular sacrifice performed before appointing a daughter to raise issue in default of male heirs : the asterism Rohini.

मानापला s.f. Giving away the whole of one's property before entering upon the life of an ascetic or mendicant.

पात्र adj. Patient in investigation; wise, clever, sensible. s. m. A pandit, a learned of wise man; a skilful or clever man.

पाञ्च s. m. Learning, wisdom. माचनान s.m. Respect for learned men. माजनानी adj. Respecting learned men. मात्रा s. f. Knowledge, understanding.

मात्रा है t. f. A clever or intelligent प्राप्ती 🕻 woman.

प्राची s. f. The wife of a Brahman.

water s. f. Putting the hand together to the forehead, a mark of respect.

मारियाक s. m. A judge, a magistrate.

माक s. m. Air inhaled. inspiration, breath; air, wind; life, vitality, soul; poetical talent or inspiration; of Brahm, the Supreme Sprit; ansepiration in the acticulation of letters; sweetheart, mistress, Pranpati, Boul's lord.

प्राचक s. m. An animal or sentient being ; a plant ( Cellis orientalis ).

प्राचलाव s. m. Abandoning life, dying, saicide. Tlife.

प्राथमार्च s. m. Sustenance, supporting प्राचनाच s. m. A husband.

प्राचल s. m. A sort of collyrium.

wrom e. f. Sneezing; hickup.

प्राथमतिष्ठा s. m. The ceremony of intparting life to an idol.

भाषमदा इ. ८. A medicinal plant, commonly called Riddhi.

मायवाय s. m. Extreme peril or distress. fear of life.

मायनव adj. Living, breathing, endowed with breath or life.

प्राचनयकीय s. m. One of the cases or investitures of the soul, the vital or organic case.

पांचवाना e.f. Support of life, subsistence.

माजव्य s.f. Death, expenditure of life. मायसंयम s. m. A peculiar religious exercise; suspending the breath.

क्राच्यमा s. f. A. wife, considered equal to, or as life. stays adi. Destructive, taking-away भावहारी adj. Mortal, dendly.

प्राचाधिकाच s. m. A husband, as lord over life.

प्राणान s. m. Death.

प्राचानिक adj. Fatal, destructive of life; capital (as punishment), s.m. Murder, assassination.

प्राणापदारी adj. Deadly, fatal.

wiville s. m. Breathing in a peculiar way through the nostrils, during the mental recitation of the names or attributes of some deity, It is differently performed: the Vydyas or followers of the Ved close the right nostril first with the thumb, and inhale breath through the left, then they close both nostrils, and finally open the right for exhalation: the followers of the Fantras close the left nostril first, and exhale also through it.

बाबी adj. Living, breathing, having life, s. m. An animal, a sentient or living being, an animated being.

बाषोपीड़ा s. f. Cruelty to animals.

गाणीमाता s.f. A mother.

माणी इंसा s. f. Doing harm to any liaving creature.

माचोडित adj. Favourable or good for living beings.

माचेग s. m. A husband, as sovereigns of life.

याचेशा s. f. A wife.

धात: मात:काल भात:समय break, dawn of day.

मासर adv. Morning, dawn.

मातर्भी जन s. m. Breakfast, the morning meal.

wildules s. m. A crude noun, a noun before any of its inflections are formed with appropriate affixes.

मात्यविक कर्तु. Trusty, confidential, having faith in. s. m. A surety.

मायानिक adj. First, of the first, initial, initative.

प्राथम s. m. Firstness, priority.

माद् जिस s. m. Circumambulation.

ब्रादुर्माद s. m. Appearance, manifesta-

मार्टेज s. m. Place, country.

प्राधान s. m. Supremacy, superiority.

प्राप्त s. m. Edge, border, end.

मापक adj. Procuring, causing of obtain; obtaining, who or what obtains.

मापच s. m. Obtaining.

मापित adj. Procured.

मान edj. Obtained, gnined, received procured; fixed, placed; proper, right.

remain adj. Fated, destined, one whose fated time has come; opportune, in senson.

mingly adj. Enlightened, instructed, intelligent; recovering, becoming conscious (after fainting).

माबार्च क्यां. Successful having gained an object.

দামাৰত adj. Opportune, sensonable, taking or finding occasion.

uifate. f. Gain, profit, income, produce, advantage, benefit, acquiring, getting, obtaining; improvement, success.

बाज adj. Attainable, oftainable.

niam s. m Power, vigour; predominance.

माभद s. m. Superiority, preeminence.

renter adj. Exercising or proceeding from some evidence or authority, &c.; being of authority. s. m. A president, the chief or head of a trade, &c. A learned man, one who supports his arguments by reference to books, &c.

मानास्त s. m. Authority, proof.

प्राचाय s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda). s. m. Madness, frenzy, fury, intoxication.

will adj. Like, resembling (used in composition). s. m. Fasting to death, as a religious or penitentiary act, and especially after abandoning all worldly goods, and desires; quantity, abundance.

मदाच s. m. Death, voluntary death. मार्थाचा s. m. Expiation, penance.

मायनिया विधि s. f. Rules for penance or expiation.

मार्थ adj. Begun, beginning. s.f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny, predestination, venture, chance.

मारका s. m. Beginning.

माचेद adj. Asking, an asker, a solicitor. माचना s. f. Asking, begging, petition, prayer.

प्राचनीय adj. To be asked or begged. s. m. The third or Dwapar age of the world.

मार्चित ady. Asked, begged, solicited. मास्त्रम s. f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny,

predestination, venture, chance.

प्रावट s. m. Barley.

माबीख s. m. Cleverness, skilfulness.

माहन s. m. A veil, a wrapper, a cloak or mantle.

प्राइति s. f. An inclosure, a fence, a bound hedge.

months, about July and August.

দারধায়ৰী s. f. Cowach (Carpopo gon pruriens). [lea Cadamba).

प्राइपेश्व s. m. The Kadamba tree (Nauc-प्राप्त s. m. A bearded dart.

मासक s. m. A die, dice.

प्राचिकिक adj. Innate, inherent; inseparably connected with.

मासाइ s. m. A temple, a palace, a building consecrated to a deity, or inhabited by a prince.

fwq adj. Beloved, dear, desired. s. m.
A husband, a lover; a sort of drug, commonly called Riddhi.

ामश्च s. m. A tree (Nauclea Cadambs); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

प्रियकार adj. Kind, favourable, affectionate. doing good to, or treating kindly.

प्रियक्त adj. Kind, friendly, a friend, a benefactor.

fure, described in some places as a fragrant seed, panick seed ( Panicam italicum ).

नियम adj. Dearest, most beloved. s. s. A favourite friend, beloved, lover, sweetheart, husband.

प्रवतर adj. Dearer, more dear.

fमवता s. f. Love, affection.

त्रिवद्यम adj. Handsome, lovely, good looking. s. m. A tree ( Mimusepi kauki).

प्रियमान्य s. m. Speaking kindly.

प्रियमान adj. Beloved, affectionate.

शियकातुक adj. Become dear to or beloved by.

प्रियभाव्यता s. f. Amiability, becoming beloved, the state or condition.

प्रवची e.f. A creeping plant, (Echitei frutescens).

प्रियवादी odj. Sweet or pleasant spoken, flattering, a flatterer.

प्रियस s. m. A tree (Minoso calechs). प्रियस की s. f. A female friend or companion, confidente.

प्रियस है . m. A tree bearing a fragrant flower (Michelia Champses). fuul adj. f. Beloved, dear; mistres, sweetheart. He priyeh, My dear! Figure 3. A. Announcing good tidings.

Figure 3. 2. A tree, commonly called

Piyal (Buchanania latifolia).

with adj. Gracious, kind, affectionate; beloved, dear to. s. m. Pleasure, delight.

श्रीसम adj. superl. Dearest, most beloved. s. m. A favourite, friend, beloved loven, sweetheart, husband.

দীলি s. f. Love, affection, regard; the second of the twenty-seven astronomical yng.

मोतिदान s.m. A kind of friendly present. मोतिदास s.m. A gift or token of affection. [ness.

मौजिपूर्वन adv. Through favour or kind-मीतिनान adj. Kind, affectionate.

দীবৰ s. m. Any public show or spectacle, sight.

भेषा s. f. Seeing, viewing, observing. भेषित adj. Seen, beheld, looked at.

प्रेय adj. Dead, deceased. s. m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a gost, goblin, a sprite, an evil spirit, fiend.

भेतनी s. f. A female goat; demon or evil spirit.

भेवस्थ s. m. Funeral or obsequial rites. भेवस्थ s. m. A cemetery, a burial ground.

मेतनही s. f. The river of hell.

प्रवाच s. m. The dark half of the month.

म तवीष s. m. The region of disembodied spirits, in which they remain for one year, or until the obsequial rites are completed.

kindness, tender, regard. Premrang retu, adj. Coloured with the die of love, strongly attached, or in love, loving.

प्रोत्तपर क्लो. Affectionate, loving, constant.

भें मी adj. Affectionate, lover.

मेर्च s. m. Sending, directing.

में दित adj. Sont, directed, despatched.

भेड adj. Most or very dear.

भेषा 8. f. A wife.

wim p. p. Said, declared.

भोबाप s. m. Effort, exertion ; stimulus, incitement.

प्रीकाष्ट्रक s. m. The instigator or adviser of any act, or, in law, of any crime.

प्रोक्षाद्य s. m. Instigating, exciting, stimulating.

त्रीसादित adj. Incited, instigated, stimulated, encouraged.

प्रोष्ठ s. m. A sort of carp (Cyprinus Pausius).

पोसपदा s. f. One of the constellations, the twenty-sixth or twenty-seventh, containing stars in the wing of Pegasus.

मीदिन s.m. A family priest conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a house or family.

immolation of victims; killing, slaughter; sprinkling with water, &c.; a text to be repeated when animals are offered.

भीचित adj. Sprinkled; killed, slaughtered; offered in sacrifice.

मीद adj. Full grown; confident, bold, arrogant; able, clever.

भोदता s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth. भोदा s. f. A woman from thirty years of age to fifty-five, adj. Strong, firm.

मीदि s.f. Enterprise, zeal, confident or andacious exertion; investigation, controversy, discussion.

Maye s. m. The month Bhadra (August-September).

54-48

भीडपदी s. f. Full moon in Bhadr.

infectoria). the holy fig-tree (Ficus religiosa); one of the seven Desips or continents, into which the world is divided,

(Pelicanus fusicollis); waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus infectoria); a sort of grass (Cyperus rotadus); fragrant grass in general, or another sort.

new s. m. A deluge, an inundation.

s. m. The fruit of the Hibisous populneoides.

Bie s. m. Submersion.

The spleen.

RIVE s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonie robitate).

The spleen; the ergan or the disease of it, as in English: in the latter sense, however, it is equally applied to the enlargement of the mesenteric glands, &c.

monly called Robers or Robini (Andersonia robitaka).

The holy fig-tree (Ficus religious), deemed an enemy to the spleen.

wowels, protracted or continuous sound, being three times the length of the short vowel, and occupying three moments in its utterance.

## फ

The twenty-second consonant of the Negari alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter; and expressed by pk.

rial s. m. A handful (or rather mouthful) of any thing eaten by being chucked in the mouth. Phanka marne, To eat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck feed into the mouth.

uju s. m. A grasshopper.

चंदना v. n. To be imprisoned.

पहिचाना v. a. To ensnare, to entrap.

wiet s. m. A noose, a net, a snare; perflexity, difficulty.

stick, to be involved (in calismity, \$c), to be ensuared, noosed or entrapped, to be caught.

क्षंत्रताना v. s. To cause to noose, strangle, &c.

प्रसाद s. m. Entanglement.

माधियारा s. m. A footpad who strangles passengers or travellers.

प्रवाही s.f. The act of treating with rudeness.

काश्विमा s.f. A slice, a piece of fruit. क्योंक्सि s.m. A fop, an absurd partler, and indecent talker.

प्रकृतिक्वास s. f. Absurdity.

brawl, raillery. Phakkor-baz, An abuser, an indecent chatterer.

फिका s.f. A sophism ; a trick ; illusion ; fraud.

presents made during the holi holidays.

A handful (or rather mouthful) of any thing eaten by being chucked into the mouth. Phanks marka, To eat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth.

www s.m. A grasshopper.

Wing s.f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indi-

cs); a species of Hedysarum (H. Alhagi). [ata).

कश्चिपुनिका s.f. A plant ( Solvinio cucul पटक s. m. Crystal.

wearn v. a. To winnow; to dust, to shake or knock off any light thing which slightly adheres ( as crumbs from a table-cloth or dust from a table). v. n. To be separated s. m. The tape in a pellet-bow which strikes the ball.

षरवरी s. m. Alum.

eage: a rope tied to a tree to frighten birds with its sound.

परना v. s. To be torn, spilt, rent, broken, cracked, to brust, spilt.

च्यापूना v. n. To be produced plentifully; to become fat suddenly; to be confounded with too much business.

the wings as birds just going to fly; to give a sound as the shoes of a person walking.

Tel s. m. A crack. Phase men paon dena. To interfere in any thinh. There s. m. Crystal.

are played; a place where hoods are exposed for sale; the shafts or pole of a carriage. Pharbaz. s. m. A player at dice, a gamester; a prater a talkative fellow. Phar-bazi, s. f. Gambling, playing at dice.

with verbal n. f. Fluttering, flutter, vibrating, throbbing, palpitating.

convulsive involuntary motion as the eyelids or other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe ( the shoulders, &c. cause convulsive motion in the muscles, &c; (met ) to shew.

प्रकृति s. f. A coarse screen.

twinkle, to move with convulsive motion.

सङ्ख्या s. m. A flutterer. adj. Quick, सङ्ख्या v. s. To cause to be torn, split or cleaved.

पहिचा s.f. A cricket.

कड़िया s. m. A pedlar, a retailer; the keeper of a gaming-house or dice table.

of the (Cobra de capello fc. Phan uthana, v. a. To spread the hood (a snake).

Cobra de capello, or Coluber nafa.

THUE s. m. A snake.

सप्ति s. m. A jewel supposed to bein the head of a snake.

फायवान s. m. A snake.

कविक्र f. m. Mesua ferrea:

फाचिकेच s. m. A quail:

पविज्ञान s. m. A plant, called also Marua.

सचित्रसदा s.f. A plant commonly called Randuti, apparently a sort of Basil with small leaves.

पाची s. m. A snake.

ष्मचीनः है s. m. 'The great serpent सचीनर के Anania.

महमहाना v. n. To ferment (as sour milk, curds, gc.); to be inflamed with lust.

भन s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, fc.

खनना s. m. A grasshopper.

पानपाना v. n. To hiss (as a snake); to spring up suddenly (as a fastgrowing plant); to move about briskly (as a playful child).

पार्वा v. n. To be imprisoned.

मन्जाना v. a. To ensuare, to entrap.

事でとまたm; A noose, a net, a spare;
· perplexity, difficulty.

कराना v. a. To cause to jump or leap over.

क्षाचा adj. Swelled; insipid. --कपुरी s.f. Mouldiness.

क्षणीचा है s.m. A blister. Phaphomular है le phutne, v. n. To be blistered; it is used to express the mind being blistered, to be afflicted. Phaphole dil ke phorne, To satisfy a revenge that has long been rankling in one's breast.

कर s. f. Embellishment, ernament, dress. [plant).

कवाना v. s. To shoot forth (as a कारता adj. Pertinent, fit.

ward s. f. Ornament, conjecturing what a person is by his dress. Phabti kahna, v. a. To say what is conjectured by one's dress.

क्षान s. f. Embellishment, ornament. स्वयम् v. n. To become, befit, fit.

सबीका adj. Becoming, fit.

ur s. m. A shield; a fruit.

TTE s. m. A shield.

with convulsive involuntary motion, as the eyelids and other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders &c.)

(of clouds or of a multitude of people); fair weather; decision, definitive sentence (of a judge).

फरपाना v. a. To decide, to give a final

Ther adj. Pure, honest, fair, candid,

fair (not cloudy). Pharchha karne, v. a. To clean, to settle, to sweep.

कारकाना v. o. To clean, to wipe, to settle, to clear away (the clouds &c. )

भरपाय s. m. Deceit, trick, wickedness, भरपायक adj. Deceitful, teacherous, wicked.

TITE. m. An axe, hatchet.

WITE 8. m. A vane, a penant adj.

Half dried.

with s.f. A kind of bordered vestment worn by Hindus; a contractor for reaping.

with s. f. A shield, target; one of several fishes.

mere s. m. A betel-box.

www. s. m. An instrument for ranking together.

witz s. m. A piece of bamboo a sound made by the flying of a flag or the breathing of a house.

पारांगा एं. क. To fly ( as a flag ).

those of the Cypress or of the Tamarisk, and make a whistling noise in the wind: whence the name)

in general; fruit (metaphorically). result, effect, produce, consequence; children, progency, gain, profit, ac. quisition, advantage; recompense, reward; the blade of a sword or knife, the head of an arrow, spear, &c.; a sort of fragrant berry and drug, commonly called Kakeli; a nutmeg, a ploughshare; the quotient of a sum (in arithmetic). Phaldar adj. Fruitful. Phalpana, To reap the reward of (good or bad actions). Phalphalari, Fruits of various kinds.

- frontis, or bone of the forehead; a plant (Mesua ferrea).
- क्षात्रकामना s. f. Desire of any consequence.
- with a shield, &c. s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phalai.
- फार्क कर s. m. The oocos-nut tree.
- क्षताविषय 8. m. The acrotum or testicles.
- unus s. m. A small fruit of a back colour (Carissa carandes).
- wester adj. Fraitful, bearing fruit in due season.
- फानचलन s. m. Disappointing.
- महत्त्वमस s. m. The bark of the Indian fig, ground and eaten with curds, by way of penance.
- क्षत्रज्ञ adj. Fruitful, producing fruit.
- क्षताष्ट्र m. The fruit bearing tar, the female palm.
- collectively, the Parush and the Gmelina arborea; the three myrobalans.
- क्षणीय s.m. The three myrobalans collectively.
- results, &c. s. m. A tree.
- कास्ताता adj. Giving fruit, rewarding or giving the fruit of good or had actions.
- may s. m. Fructifying, bearing fruit, producing consequences.
- unon v. n. To produce or bear fruit, to result, to be produced; to be fortunate.
- प्रस्वविष्य s. f. Consumon of consequences. [result. क्षणांक नि इ. f. Final consequence ex

- प्रकृतिकार क. f. Bearing fruit ; yieldin profit or desired results.
- फेडपांच s.m. The ripening of fruit; the fulness of consequences; the Coronda.
- फलपाकाना s.f. An annual plant, dying after bearing fruit.
- सन्तप्र s. m. Common citron (Citrus medica).
- फर्चमाधि ३. m. Obtaining the desired result or fruit.
- wagualaw s. m. A game (called also mankels); "think of a number, double it, add ten to it, take five from it, &c. how much remains?" "twenty one," "the number was eight"
- क्षवारीय s. m. Receipt or enjoyment of consequences; possession of rent or profit, usufract.
- सब्भीने adj. Who receives the profits, consequences, &c.
- स्वनान् रे adj. Bearing fruit ; yielding स्वनत् रे results, or consequences.
- फ्राचेड e. m. The mango.
- फससम्बद } s.f. Prosperity, success.
- संबद्धि s. f. Realizing an object, resping the fruit of any act.
- क्षपदाणि s.f. Loss of fault or profit.
- पार्थापाड़ी s.f. Hope or expectation of favourable consequences.
- पालाप s. f. A stride.
- tify, to cause to produce.
- पाचापेचा s.f. Regard to or expectation of consequences.
- क्षपानी adj. Living on fruits.
- सुर्वात s. m. A step, a stride.
- successful, yielding a result.

भविषा है s.f. A cod, a pod (or the भवी) seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop.

Phali-kash, s. m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent are laced to the top.

कालियाना v. s. To bear fruit.

of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop. Phali-khas. s. m. A book for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent are laced to the top. s. f. A shield; a medicinal plant, commonly called Privange.

und adj. Bearing fruit, fruitful; productive of consequences. s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phalsi (Mystus kapirat).

पाचा s. m. A knotted fringe.

क्षतेवश s. f. The trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave-olens).

भाषीत्रमा s.f. The fruit arising from sacred study.

क्रकीहर s. m. Gain, profit; joy, happiness: consequence, result.

पाबीहेंब s. m. Regard to results.

(Ficus oppositiolia); the name of a river which is said to run underneath Gya; a red powder, usually of the root of wild ginger, coloured with sappan wood, and thrown over one another by the Hindus at the Holi festival.

स्यम्बर s. m. The month Phalgun.

क्षणुनी s. f. The constellation Phalguni. कृष्ण s. m. A bud, a flower.

ward s. m. A fish caught in ponds, commonly called Phalai (Myetus kapirat).

with legs extended.

क्षरकृत s. m. To split, burst, break.

सरकाना v. a. To burst, split, break; loosen, slacken.

a narrow passage), to be caught, to be noosed or ensnared, to be imprisoned, to be involved (incolamity, &c.)

प्रतिकार adj. Flabby, loose, not rigid.

ष्याच् बतां. Bad tobacco.

भाषाना v. s. To cause to stick ( ss in a mud, &c.), to mire, entangle, embroil, catch, to cause, to be imprisoned, to squash.

पाएरमा v. n. To fly ( as a flag ).

करणणा ७. n. To fly, wave, stream ( as a flag in the oir ), to flutter.

फांच s. f. A slice, a piece of fruit.

फोक्ड s. m. A fep.

minute v. a. To chuck into the mouth from the plam of the hand (grain meal, &c.); to squander.

फांकी s. f. A slice or piece of fruit ; an objection ( in logic ).

बांद है s. m. A noose, snare, net (met.) बांदा | perplexity, difficulty.

बाइना v. s. To jump over, to leaf over.

wiरी s. f. A bundle of 50 or 200 sugar-canes,

पापिना v. s. To swell. -

wiwes. m. A hole, an orifice.

with s. m. A splinter ( of bamboo, &c.);

entrap, to throttle, to strangle, to choak. v. s. To be impeded, to stick (as in mud). to be perplexed.

দাবা s. f. A noose, an impediment.
দাবা s.f. A noose, a loop, halter,
strangulation. Phone dens, To stran-

Phansi parna, v. n. To be hanged. Phansi lagana, v. a. To kill one's self by strangling.

the time of the Holi); the act of throwing coloured powders in the Holi, the gambols of the Holi.

min s. m. The name of the 11th month, the full moon of which is near Purvaphal-guni, February-March.

obstruction, impediment, a check; the bar of a court of justice, where the plaintiff and defendant take their station.

জাহৰা v. s. To be torn, to be broken split, rent, torn asunder, &c.

beast, &c.

काष्ट्रवाना v. c. To worry.

cleave (wood &c.), to tear open, burst, rip.

Will adj. Cut, slit, torn, rent.

wife s. f. Flour or meal mixed with curds.

মাজ s. m. The share of a plough. s. f.
A lump of betel-nut (Areca); a step.
দ্বাৰ্থা s. m. A fruit (Grevia asiatica).

mages.m. A tree (Pentaptera Arjuna); the eleventh Hindu month,

February-March.

काल्यनो s.f. Day of full moon in the month Phalgun, on which the Holi or great vernal festival of the Hindus is celebrated; a name common to the eleventh and twelfth lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets first and last.

काव s. m. A small quantity given

above the quantity purchased, to boot.

भाषभा s. m. Mattock. spade, hoe.

leans; a piece of wood or staff with a support at each, end, which is held in both hands and laid horizontally, in performing the exercise of danda; an instrument like a small rake or hoe for removing a horse's dung.

wit s. m. A flock of cotton wet with utra or scented water.

किवा v. n. To be thrown.

चित्राणा v. c. To cause or teach to throw.

head, to unplait the hair of the head.

चित्रका s. m. A thrower (of a spear, &c.)

Phit phit Curse on it ! fy upon it!

फिटकरी s.f. Alum.

দিৱৰাৰ s.f. Curse, malediction, removing something to a distance.

फिटकारना v. c. To curse.

फिटविरी s. f. Alum.

चित्रांग v. a. To beat up and mix, to froth.

fur adj. Again, then.

चित्रकी s. f. A whirligig, anything turning as on an axis.

चित्रकाना v. n. To return, to revolt ; to be distorted ; to warp.

paid by a lewd woman to her paramour.

किरतारस्या v. a. To wander, to perambulate, to walk about.

चित्ना v. s. To turn, return, walk about, go round, circulate, roll,

whirl, to wheel, wander, travel, remble, change, revolt.

fund part f. or s. f. Returning, return, homeward-bound. Phirti ka bhara, The hire of a return boat, carriage, &o.

wheel, make to go about, return, change, roll, shift, wander.

tion, turning.

चित्री s.f. A whirligig, any thing turning as on an axis.

चित्रसमा v. n. To slip.

िक्की s. f. The leg.

फिल interj. Pish! pshaw! tush? फिलफिलाना v. n. To be terrified.

क्षिप्रका v. n. To slip, to slide, to err. adj. Slippery.

forest odj. Slippery.

पिसवाना v. a. To cause to slip, slide or err.

िक्स बास्ट s. f. Slipperiness.

फोचना } v. a. To wash cloth, to फोचडाजना ∫ rinse, squeeze.

च्हीब s. f. The point of a scourge.

फोबा adj. Weak, vapid, tasteless, insipid; pale, sallow, light (in colour).

क् बार s.f. Hiss (of a snake).

मुचारना v. n. To hiss (as a snake).

मुकारी s. f. Hissing (of a snake).
Phunkari marna, To hiss (a snake).

मुनी s.f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn.

कुं दार s. f. The small drops of rain. कुंदारा s. m. A mountain, a jet d'eau.

जुरा .. m. A bladder.

मुद्रनी s.f. A blowpipe; a fire-lock or pistol.

फुट edj. Odd, unpaired.

ज्ञार बर्गु. Odd, unpaired; separate, dispersed ( as a horseman ).

मुहसी s. f. A. blot, spot, stein. adj. Odd, unpaired.

मुक्ति e. f. A sore, a pimple, a boil.

सूत् interj. Expression of disregard or contempt (Phs. hut.)

THEIR adj. Arrogant, contemptuous, disdainful.

मुद्द्यना v. n. To jump, leap, hop ( epto plied small birds), to dance about in token of delight.

पुरवी s. f. A bird ( Certhiatula ).

मुननी s. f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn, &c.

मुक्त s. f. Top, summit.

म्बुनसे s.f. A pimple,

सृतिया सुनी सुनी

पादना s. m. A tassel.

सुर्भा s. m. The husband of a paternal aunt.

फुपपी 8. f. A paternal aunt.

मुक्तवार s. f. The hissing of a snake.

पुष्तवारना v. n. To hiss (a snake).

म पियाशास s.f. The sister of a fatherin-law.

क्षिरा s. m } adj. Descended from, or related through a paternal aunt. Phuphera bhai, The son of a paternal aunt; cousin. Phupheri bahin, Daughter of a paternal aunt.

फुर adj. True, right.

भुर s. m. The noise of a bird, as a partridge or quail, suddenly of taking wing; or of a small, quantity of gunpowder exploding.

मुरम्हराजा v. n. To tremble; to wave (as hair in the wind).

मृत्पुरी s. f. Trembling, quivering, tremour, palpitation.

क्रइरी s. f. Horripilation.

ष्कृती है. f. Activity, quickness, alert- | प्रस्कास ष्वरी र्वे । ness, agility.

कुतींबा alj. Quick, nimble, active, smart, alert, expert

क्षता adj. Inflated, puffed up; light. s. m. A blister; a kind of cake or small loaf; an area or arena for wrestlers.

कुसतारका v. n. To inflate, to swell out (us a snake's hood), to expand.

फलकारी s. m. Flowered cloth.

कुक्की s. 🌊 A cake or raised bread.

षु अभाइते s. f. A kind of fire-work like a fountain.

फ्लामी s. f. A flower-garden.

भृतस्या s. m. Cudgelling.

Manual of the state of the stat

मुलासरा s. m. Flattery.

জুবিত s. m. Oil impregnated with the essence of flowers by steeping them in it, essence (as a perfume).

मुलीरो s. f Bread or cake made of fruit and pulse, and fried in ghi or oil. [a flower.

मृत a lj. Blown, opened, expanded as मृत्रदामन s. m. A species of the Utidhriti metre.

फ समय odj. Full or large-eyed; smiling, looking happy.

দ্যানীখন adj. Full-eyed; looking pleased or happy. s. m. A large full eye; a species of the antelope.

भूजान } ब्ला, Blossoming, blowing.

मुझी s. f. A disorder in the eye, the albugo.

क्षर्याचा v. n. To whisper.

फरफ्नाउट s.f. Wispering, buzzing in the ear.

ष्रुचलाख ्रेड. m. A conxer, a wheed-फुनलीनिया ∫ ler, a seducer.

पुचनाना v. a. To coax, wheedle, cajole, flatter, instigate, entice, seduce.

मुसादिन्दा वर्ता. Disgusting, stinking.

पुला adj. Weak, without strength, slack (as a knot).

क्षा s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt; a lizard.

blowing up (fire, &c.) Phunk dena,
To set on fire. Phunk-phunk-kar paon
dharna, To act or walk carefully and
cantiously.

पंजना v. a. To blow with the breath; to blow up ( a fire &c. ), to inflame, set on fire, kindle, to blow ( a horn, trumpet, &c. )

फूकारना v. n. To hiss (see a snake), to snort.

फूड़ी फोंडार } 2. m. A small rain, फवार

फूजना v. a. To blow.

momordica); a ripe cucumber bursting elastically (as the Cucumis momordica); a ripe cucumber bursting elastically (as the Cucumis utilatissimus: and Momordica mixts); odd, unpaired; difference of opinion. dissension, discord; separation; a flow, breach, break. Phut parna, To arise (dissension). Phut-phut, or phut-kar rona, To weep excessively. Phut bikhera, adj. Scattered, dispersed. Phut rahna, To be broken; to be dispered; to be unpaired. Phut hona, To be divided in opinion.

फ, उन s. f. Wrangling, disagreement, misunderstanding.

भा द्वा v. n. To be broken, to be broken into or broken down; to be dispers-

55-uu

ed, to be separated, to separate, to separate, to be unpaired; to burst, split, to be made public, to transpire; to arise (as a small), or to burst forth; to get promotion or advancement.

कटना adj. Bad (coin).

महा adj. Broken.

Tel s. f. Disagreement, disparity.

कपा s. m. Father's sister's husband.

जुली s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt. जुला s. m. f. Father's sister's husband, or father's sister.

चाव s.m. A flower, a blossom ; boss, stud bunch of ribands, &c. a cockade; the menses, of which children are the fruit; a swelling; bones of a dead person after the fleshy parts are burned; lights or fire (seen at sight); pl. a ceremony performed in honor of a deceased person on the third day after his death. Phul uthna, v. n. To be performed (a ceremony in honor of the dead), to complete the forty days of mourning. Phul jana, v. n. To swell, to be delighted, to be pleased; to become fat. Phul pharna; v. n. To speak eloquently; to fall from a damp (drops of burning oil), Phul parna, v. n. To break out (a fire) Phul bythna, v. n. To be glad.

क्षाचीनी s. f. A canlidower.

দ্বা v. n. To blossom, to blow, to flower; to be pleased, to be in health and spirits, i.e. to bloom, to flourish; to swell, to be inflated, to be puffed up (with pride, &c.)

na samana, Not to be able to contain one's self from delight, to be overjoyed, to exult.

क्षाव s.m. A swelling.

मूली s. f. A disorder in the eye, the albugo.

men chingari dalna, To excite contention or strife.

फ्रा } s. m. A rag.

प्रांती s. f. Chaff.

stupid, obscene, foolish, rude ( applied to women ). s. f. A bad housewife, a slut or slattern.

फ इड्डन s. m. Stupidity; obscenity; foolishness.

wys adj. Talking obscenely.

ed of cotton or other substance, by which milk is given to a young goat or the like, when unable to suck the mother.

प्रहार } s. f. A small rain.

चंच s.f. Throw, cast, Phenk dens, v. a.
To throw away.

to let fly (a hawk, &c. at yame), to set off (a horse) at full speed, to gallsp.

क्षाव adj. Requiring to be thrown.

कड है. f. Waist-band, a belt. Phent कंड bandhna. To get ready, to resolve.

फॅटना v. a. To mix, to beat (as egys, &c.), triturate.

দীয়া \ s. f. Waist-band; a small tur-দীয়া \ band.

फ्र ही s.f. A skin (of thread, &c.).

he s. f. The waist when bound with a belt.

फेडना v. a. To mix by trituration.

फेटा s. m. A small turban; wais band without fringe.

supposed to be the indurated foam of the sea.

क्रीनक s.m. Cuttle-fish bone:

फेनचा s. f. The soap berry:

फेंब्ता s. f. Frothiness, vapour.

के ज adj. Froth, foamy.

क्र नवत adj. Frothy, foaming, bubbling. क्र ना s. m Foam, froth.

के नाना र v. n. To foam, to froth.

फी नायमान adj. Foaming, frothing.

কলিৰ a'j. Frothy, formy, s. m. The soap plant ( Sapindus detergens ): the fruit of the jujube: the fruit of the Vangueria spinoso.

भे ते s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

कीतुन s. m. Biesting, the milk of a cow, &c. for some days after calving.

पेपाड़ी s. f. Inability to move.

meander, maze, curvature, twisting, coil, fold, circumstance; equivocation, ambiguity; difficulty, distance. adv. Again, back. Pherkhana, To wind (as a river), to meander; to go round about; to meet with perplexities. Pher dena, To return, to restore, refund. Pher parad, To differ. Pher-phar, adj. Alternate. Pher-phar karna, To alternate. Phermen dalna, To throw obstacles in the way of another.

reverse, avert, turn away, to make to walk backwards and forwards, to bring or carry back, to shift, repeat; plaster, stroke. Sir-par hath pherna, To deceive by coaxing. Hath pherna, To caress, to fondle.

के वां. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat; malicious, injurious. ation; a roll; a wooden frame with which lime, sand, &c. is measured.

कोराक्ष री s.f. Walking back-wards and and forwards, going and coming; returning, alternation.

भौती s. f. Act of going round to the right by way of adoration, circumambulation, going about.

कोरीवाचा s. m. A pedlar.

फॅर s. m. A jackal.

फेंटा s.f. Waist band; a small turban. फेंनाना v. n. To foam, to froth.

फ जना v. n. To be spread, scattered, to spread; to be expanded, dilated, diffused, scattered or dispersed; to become public.

फोलाना To spread, scatter, expand, diffuse, widen, stretch out, extend, distend, dilate, publish, proclaim, tobranch out, Hath phylana, To beg.

tion, diffusion, publication, display, extent; plenty, prosusion.

फ जावा s.m. Prolixity.

स्तीच s. f. The notch of an arrow. ndj.
Hollow, not solid (particularly jewels).

भाषा s. f. A pipe, a tube; any thing perforated or hollow.

पीचार s.f. Small rain.

प्रोच s. m. Dregs, sediment, grains. adj. Hollow.

फीबर s. m. An indigent person.

प्रोक्ष s.m. Dress, refuse, trash, grains. प्रोक्ष्म v. o. To break, spilt, burst, disclose, divulge, or cetray (o secret)

मीका s.m. A boil, sore, abscess, incposthume.

फीसा s. m. A blister.

a

The twenty-third consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter b, and often confounded with the analogous semi vowel a er v. with which some grammarians consider it to be at all times optionally interchangeable.

बंब s. m. A bending, a curvature, the reach or bend of a river.

ৰকাৰ s. f. A lending, curvature, the reach or bend of a river.

वंग s. f. Calx of tin given internally as aphrodisiack: a name of Bengal.

बंबड़ी s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass), a bangle.

a summer-house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

बंगा s. m. A joint or bamboo root.

चंगाला n. prop. Name of Bengal.

बंबी s. f. A humming top.

बंचना v. n. To be read or persued.

डंग्होटी s. f. A medicine taken to produce barrenness.

बंद्धवाना v. a. To distribute, to cause to be shared.

बंटनैवा } 8. m. A divider, a distributer

बंटाना v. a. To share, divide, participate. [Jamah.

वहीं s. f. A short robe, a short full बंदेरी s. f. A ridge pole, the ridge of a house.

बंडोहा है s.m. A whirlwind a devil.

बंबर } 8. m. A creeper, a vine.

बंग s. m. Race, lineage, family, offspring, descendant; a bamboo. ৰ্মজীখন s. m. The manna or sugar কা the bamboo: it has been found by analysis to contain saliceous earth.

वैद्यावली s. f. A genealogy.

बंबी s. f. A flute; a fishing hook; (in comp.) ()f the race or lineage.

बंबीवट s. m. The fig-tree under which Krishna was accustomed to play the lute.

THE s. m. A crane (Ardea terra and putea). Bak dhayan taguna, To not with dissimulation. s. f. Prattle, chat, foolish talk, garrulity. But jhak, s. f. Prattle, chat, &c. Bak jhak karna, To prattle, to chatter, to gabble. Bak lagni, Talkativeness, garrulity.

is used to cure the itch Conyza or Serratula anthelmintica).

Thank s. f. Prattle, chat, foolish talk, garrulity.

वयना v. n. To prate, chatter, chat, jabber, babble, cackle.

elack, gabble. Bak bak karnu, To prattle, chatter, gabble.

वक्षवकाणा v. n. To prattle, chatter, clack. वकरा s. m. He-goat.

वनशे s. m. f. A goat (generally), a female goat.

वक्ता s. m. Bark, skin, rind, shell (of a fruit), husk.

वक्षशह s.f. Prattle, foolish talk.

वसगरी s. m. One who talks foolishly, an idle talker, proter, cackler.

वक्षवास s. f. Talkativeness.

बस्ताहा | part. act. A chatterer, an

वक्षा adj. Astringent.

वसम्बा s. m. The tongue of a buckle-

ভন্নায়ৰ s. f. A tree (Melia sempervirens).

a traveller.

बिक्या s. f. A clasp knife, a pen-knife.

बकल s.m. A tree (Mimusops elengi).

चत्रेस् s. m. The root of a grass of which rope is made.

बकेटना v. o. To lacerate with the nails, to claw, to scratch,

वसम s. m. Sappan or red wood (Casalpinia sappan).

वक्षण s. m. Bark, skin, rind, shell (of a fruit), husk.

ver part. act. Talkative; a prater, chatterer, jabberer.

नका s. m. A speaker in general, adj. Eloquent, loquacious, talkative.

act s. f. The world.

बचरी s.f. A cottage, a house.

scription, definition.

विकास करना है v. a To praise, comtemm करना mend; explain, define, relate.

बचार s. m. } A storehouse, a granary.

विश्वा s. m. A kind of stitch, strong quilting.

बियाना v. a. To stitch, to quilt.

बच्ची s. f. The side under the armpit.

was s. m. Wrangling, a tumult, broil, contention, dispute, quarrel.

वकीं ज्या adj. Quarrelsome, captious; a wrangl r, a brawler.

बचेन्ना v. o. To scatter.

ष्ण s. m. A crane (Ardes torra and putea). [crane).

वनस्था अ. j. waking slowly ( the a वनस्था अनग v. n. To be stupified or petrified with fear at the sight of a tiger. [To gallop.

ममञ्जूर s.f. Galloping. Bugchhut dourna,

वन इ.m. A kind of rice.

Bagra karna, of avoid the payment of one's debts or the performance of one's promise.

बगड़िया adj. A deceitful person.

बनदना v. n. To return; to be spoiled.

वनहाना v. a. To cause to return, to put to the rout.

वनपाती s. f. The side under the armpit. वनपानी s. f. A row or line of cranes.

बगरेन्द्री s. f. A plant ( Jatropha curcas ).

वनना है s. m. A crane or heron (Ardea क्यूना) torra and putea). Bagla blingat, A hypocrite.

चवरंग s. m. A bird, a grey goose.

वनारना v. c. To throw away; to spread over.

विवया है s. f. A little garden.

बब्बा s. m. A whirlwind.

व्यवसा s. m. A medicinal herb with a fragrant root.

ৰখৰা s. m. The teeth and nails of a tiger which are hung round the neck of a child.

with food to give it relish; reasoning, condiment.

बद्दारा v. a. To sesson.

बबी s. f. A horsefly.

बचेल s. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

बचेला s. m. A Rajputs of the Bhaghel tribe; a tiger's whelp, a young tiger.

TWIN s. m. A bending, curvature, reach or bend of a river.

an aphrodisiack; a name of Bengal.

बङ्गा s.f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass) a bangle.

TTOI 5. m. A kind of thatched house,

a summer house; a sort of betel-leaf or pun so called.

बक्रा s. m. A joint of lamboo-root. बंद्वाला n. prop. A name of Bengal.

बद्वाखिन् s. f. A woman of Bengal.

बन्नाची s. m. An inhabitant of Bengal.

बही s. f. A humming top.

वच s. f. Orris root.

ब्बदाना adj. Small (generally applied to shoes and clothes). s. m. A dancing [prostitute. bov. बचवानी s.f. A girl adopted by an old चचती s.f. Residue, remainder, surplus. Speech, talk, discourse, **宣言符 8. m.** word, expression; promise, agreement. Backen chhorna, To break one's promise. Bachan dalna, To question, to ask, to inquire. Ba-

chan torna. To break one's word. Bachan dena, To promise, to agree. Bachan nibhana, or,—palna, abide by a promise. Bachan bandh karna, To bind by promise. Bachan bandh hone, To give one's word, to promise, to be agreed upon. Bachan manna, To obey. Bachan marna, To conclude an agreement,

Bachan lena, To receive a promise. Bachan hárna, To promise, to agree, to give or pledge or plight one's

word, to affirm.

क्ष्यनहत्त adj. Betrothed, esponsed.

बचना v. n. To be saved, be spared, to escape, avoid, remain, unexpended, recover.

बचपन s. m. Childhood, infancy.

awini v. c. To save, preserve, protect, secure, reserve, extricate, spare, de fend, guard, leave, avoid, conceal.

चवाच s. m. Protection, defence, safety, salvation, preservation, security, евсвре.

बक्त s. m. A child, the young of east animal.

वक्षांग s. m. A vegetable poison.

बद्धा 8. m. A calf. बह्द इ. ११४. 🕽

बिक्सि s. f. A. (female) calf.

बहेरा s. m. A colt.

बहरी s. f. A foal, filly.

बन्ना ज. म. To be sounded, to sound, to be famous. s. m. A rupee (used among brokers ).

बजनी s. m. One who plays on musical instruments. Bajan tri-mahal, s. m. The quarter inhabited by musicians: a brothel; taxes on musicians and female dancers.

वजवजाना v. n. To effervesce with noise in putrefying.

वजरवष्ट्र s. m. A kind of fruit.

ever s. m. A boat for travelling in, s pleasure boat of a larger kind.

बन्धाना v. a. To cause to sound, to cause to play on an instrument of music.

चलाचा s. m. A kind of serpent.

बजाना v. c. To sound, to play u pon sm instrument, to perform or execute (music), to beat (a drum ,&c.).

नुकाचाना v. n. To perform, accomplish, execute, effect, obey.

वैनिङ्डीमा v. n. To be in earnest, to be importanate, to insist.

चन s. m. A thunderbolt; a diamond. odj. Hard. Bajra pare uspar, May lightning fall on him! ( on exprestion used in cursing any one).

and s. m. A title of Hanuman.

अवसी s. f. A kind of tilak or mark made on a Hindu's forehead with red-lead.

To be insnared, to be विकास थ. ११. eaught (as game); to stick.

क्षाना v. a. To entangle, insnare (as game), to entrap.

wz s. m. The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indics); a single cowrie.

weight s. f. The art of making gold thread.

बटबरा s. m. A weight.

चडना v. a, To twist, to form by convolution (as ropes); to divide, share; gain, make profit. v. n. To be divided, to be twisted. s. m. An instrument with which ropes are twisted.

चडपार s. m. Highwayman, footpad, villain, cut-throat, assassin.

महपारी e.f. Highway-robbery.

three fringes, which women use to tie their hair behind; a narrow passage; a small measure of weight.

चटरी s.f. A small cup.

मृटबोड़ी s. f. A brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.

बटनाना v. a. To cause to twist, &c.

TETT 5. m. A tax-gatherer who collects a tax levied in kind.

बदवारा s. m. A share.

MER'S. f. Hire paid for twisting ropes, &c.

चढाच s. m. A traveller, a robber.

wizer s. f. A narrow passage; a small measure of weight.

(generally used for holding betel-nuts, &c.); a brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.

बटेर s.f. A kind of quail (Perdrix olivacea).

बहोर s. m. Gathering, a crowd, a resort. बहोरना v. a.' To gather up, collect, purse, accumulate.

ৰ্মার s. m. A traveller, a way-farer. ব্যা s. m. Deficiency; exchange or discount; defect, blemish, injury, offence; a ball (of wood or stone); a box in which gems are kept, a casket. Batta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, The performance of a juggler, juggling, sleight of hand.

Bengalensis, or (Indica); in comp.)
a contraction of an Great; as Barbola, A noisy talkative person, Barbhakua. A blockhead; Bar-peta, adj.
Big-bellied; a great eater; greedy, avaricious.

To enter.

बक्षक s f. Muttering, the light headed talk of a person in a delirium.

ৰঙ্গৰা v. a. To mutter, grumble, chatter nonsense, talk light-headedly, rave.

वस्त्रां स्वा part. act. A chatterer, a mutterer, a grumbler.

ৰভূষা s. f. A mare; the nymph Uswini, or the personified asterism which is designated by a horse's head.

बद्धवाधि s. m. Submarine fire.

thology, a being consisting of flame, but with the head of a mare, who sprang from the thighs of Urwa, and was received by ocean.

वस्त्रासुस e.m. Submarine fire; the infernal regions.

वक्षत s. m. A sweet and acid fruit of a yellowish red colour and nearly round.

ब्द्रिका s. m. A wild hog.

senior, elder, eldest, principal &c.

Bara karna, To enlarge, exalt,
promote; extinguish, put out (a

lamp. &c. as to use the direct phrase is deemed unlucky). Bara rasta pakarna, To die. Bare petwals hone, To be patient.

cellence, bulk, bulkiness, bigness; magnifying, boasting. Barai karna, or,—marna, To extol, magnify, boast, vaunt. Barai dena, To honour.

To a. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium. [nity.

बङ्ग्पन s. m. Greatness, grandeur, dig-बङ्ग्पा s. m. Grandeur, dignity, elevation.

बड़ी s. f. A dish made of pulse.

s. m. A kind of sugarcane with long joints.

बद्देशीयां e. m. An old man; Sir! (applied to an elderly man).

बढर 8. m. A carpenter.

बहता s. m. \ Increase, augmentation, बहती s. f. \ enhancement, overplus, more, promotion, aggrandizement, elevation.

बढन s. f. A carpenter's wife.

गटना v. n. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

णढनी s.f. A broom; advance made for cultivation or manufacture or a contract. [fruit

बदाना v. a. To increase, augment, enlarge, lengthen, make advance, forward, exalt, clevate, raise, promote, aggrandize, rear up, extend, stretch out, amplify, dilate; to extinguish; to shut up (a shop); to remove the table-cloth.

बढालाना v. u. To bring forward, to lead on (an army).

and s. m. Prolongation, advancement, increase, enlargement. [flattery.

ৰম্ভাৰা s. m. Population ; excitement, ৰতিয়া ady. High-priced.

बढेला s.m. A wild hog.

बढोतर s. m. } Interest, profit, advan-बढोवरी s. f. } tage.

बढ़ना s.f. Increase.

निक्षक्षय s. m. Traffic, commerce.

विष्कुष है. m. The son of a merchant, or young merchant or tradeer.

विषय्यति इ. f. A young woman of the Baniya tribe.

ৰণিকাৰ s. m. Traffic, trade, commerce. ৰণিকা s. m. A merchant, a trader; the sixth of the astronomical periods called Karan, corresponding to the half of a lunar day; trade, traffic.

विषय s. m. Trade, traffic.

विषया s. m. A shop-keeper, a merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

and s. m. The worm which is destructive to shipping (Teredo).

वत contraction of बात A word, affair; or of बात Wind, generally used in composition; as, Bst-dahari. adj. External, foreign. Bat barhao. s. m. Prolixity, talkativeness, chicanery, wrangling. Bst-bana, An orator, a sophist. Bst sonha karna, To ventilate. Bat-kahao, s. m. Talk, conversation.

बनका s.f. A. duck.

बतक्षा adj. Loquacious, conversible.

वतकहार s. m. Loquacity, conversian कही s. f. bleness, discourse, dialogue.

To talk converse

नतराना v. n. To talk, converse, speak. नतनाना v. a. To show, explain, point out, denote, teach, inform, express, signife. adduce, account for. चताना v. a. To point out, to shew, indicate, signify, explain, teach, tell to appear. s. m. An upper turban; a small bracelet of metal.

ৰবাৰ s. f. Wind, air. Bstssa-pheni, t. f.
A kind of sweetmeat, sugar-cakes.

स्तामा । s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, सतामा । sugar-cakes ( of a spongy texture, or filled with air, as the word implies ); a bubble.

चित्रयाना v. a. To speak, talk, say, converse, discourse.

पती s.f. A word.

बत्नी odj. A tattler, an idle talker.

बतोसी s.f. Buffoonery.

यतीरी s.f. A flatulent or cedematous, swelling.

ৰদ্মী s. f. A candle; a wick, a match, a stick (of sealing-wax, &c.); a tent or bougie.

बत्तीस adj. Thirty-two.

बत्तीसा s.m. A medicine composed of thirty-two ingredients, usually given to mares after foaling,

बत्तीसी s.f. A set of teeth; any aggregate consisting of thirty-two parts.

Batti-si dikhana, v. a. To shew teeth; to laugh, to scoff or make faces at any one.

बहार adj. Affectionate, kind.

बन्धा s. m. A kind of rice.

वयु मा s. m. A kind of greens or potherbs (Chenopodium album).

बद् s.f. A bubo. [ance.

ৰহন s. m. The mouth, face, counten-ৰহনা v. a. To water, to let; to settle, to predestinate, to take (as witness), to obey, acknowledge, agree, not to refuse. बदरीक्दा s. f. A kind of perfume, apperently a dried shell-fish! a tree, apparently a species of the Zizyphus.

बद्रीपनक s. m. A sort of perfume, a

वस्रीपना s. f. A plant, commonly called blue Sephálika or Nyctanthes.

range, and celebrated place of pilgrimage, the Badrinath of modern travellers, or a town and temple on the west bank of the Alukananda river, in the province of Shrinagar.

बह्स s. m. A cloud; exchange, substitution. adv. In charge, for.

बदलका v. s. To change, exchange, alter.

attal s. m. Exchange, lieu, stead, a substitute, recompense, revenge, requital. Badle lene, v. s. To alter; retaliate, take revenge. Badleh, In exchange, in return for.

बदलाई s.f. Price of exchange.

बह्लाना v. a. To cause to alter, to change.

बदली s. f. Exchange, relief (of watches); cloudness; a small bit of cloud.

बहरता e.m. A hogsty.

बदा adj. Predestinated.

बदाबदी adv. With emulation, or rivalship, contentiously.

ৰহি \* f. The dark half of the lunar month from full moon to new moon, the wane of the moon.

बहुत s. m. A cloud.

and adj. Bound, tied; checked, suppressed; fixed, firm; withheld.

बह्मिप adj. One who governs or suppresses wrath.

बदस्य adj. Fast or firmly rooted.

बर्बाश्य adj. Young, a pupil, a child, one whose hair as not been shaven.

56-44

called by some a kind of garlic.

কাৰতি adj. Saluting respectfully, putting the hands joined to the forehead.

s. f. An ornament worn round the neck, hanging down to the waist and crossing behind and before; a belt, a sash, brace ( of a carriage, &c.).

s. m. Killing, slaughter, slaying, murder.

व्यक्त s. m. A slaughterer, a killer.

वधकाकी adj. Wishing death.

वधवास्या s. f. Intent or desire to kill.

चपद्द s. m. Capital punishnent.

kind of pot with a spout to it, a vessel for drinking water from.

बाखानी s. f. A place at slanghter वधस्तान s. m. ) or execution.

विधार 8 f. A song in congratu-विधार 8 m. lation; presents, &c. carried to the house of a woman on the sixth or fortieth day after childbirth.

fowler, killer, slayer, executioner.

শ্বিষা s.f. A bullock, any castrated animal.

व्याधर adj. Deaf.

au s. f. A woman, a wife, daughter-inlaw, lady.

अधोपाय s. m. Instrument or means of putting to death.

to death,

ा अध्यता s. f. Fitness to be killed.

बध्यमं नि s. f. A place of public exe-बध्यकान s. m. ( cution.

or Bana-gontha. s. m. Cowdung found in the forests. Bana-játra, s. f. The pilgrimage through the 84 forests

of Brajs. Bans jharns, or, marks, or, majharna, To beat the forests.

वनपंड s. m. A. forest.

बनचर s.m. A monkey,

बनज s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बन्धार 8 f. Waste land.

बनजास s. m. A grain-merchant, a carrier of grain.

बनजारों s. f. A kind of tent use by Bunjaras. adj. f. Half-boiled (grain).

spangles.

बन्तराई s. f. A plant (Luffa).

बनप्रका v. n. To succeed, answer, suit, come to pass.

बनवास s. m. Living in the forest.

यनवासी ady. Inhabiting the forest.

बन्धिलाव s. m. A wild cat.

बनमां डा s. m. Wild (bynyun) egg-plant (Solanum melonyena).

बनमान्य s. m. A man of the woods, a wild man, an ourang-ootang.

flowers reaching to the feet; usually of the flowers of the tulsi (Ocymum sanctum), kund (Josminum multiflorum), manda (Asclepias gigantea), parijat (Erythrina fulgens), and lotus.

बनरा s. m. A bridegroom.

वनरी s. f. A bride.

बनवाई s. f. Price paid for making any thing.

बनवास s. m. Living in a wood, separated - from one's family; (met.) disinherited (a son).

बनवेया s.m. A maker.

ৰম্বা s. f. A fishing hook; (in comp.)
Of the race or lineage; flute. Bansibata, The fig-tree under which Krishna was accustomed to play the flute.

बनात s.f. Woolen cloth, broad cloth. बनाती adj. Woolen.

fashion, shape, do, fabricate, build, compose, perform, make to agree, adjust, adorn, reconcile, pluck (a fowl) to dress (victuals) to mend, repair, invent rectify, mock, feign,

क्षाशाचा v: n. To be making, to be in hand.

dressing, decking one's self; concord, understanding, reconciliation. Bando karna, To adorn, bedeck, decorate.

tion. contrivance, fabrication, formation, fiction, sham.

बनावना v. a. To make, to prepare.

बनावरी s.f. Preparation.

वनासपत्ती s.f. Forest leaves.

ৰণিস্s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बनिता s.f. A wife, a woman.

विषया s. m. A shop-keeper, s merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

बनियायन s.f. Wife of a Baniya.

बनी s.f. A bride.

बनेला adj. Wild.

ৰণীয়া s. f. A toroh lighted at both ends and whirled round so as to form a double circle of fire.

बनेनी s. f. Wife of a Baniya ( shop-keeper, &c.).

बनैयाक्क है. m. Cow-dung dried for fuel ( not made up ).

बनैला adj. Wild,

ৰহ্মাৰ s. m. A wreath or garland of leaves and flowers suspended across geteways on marriages or public festivals. बन्दर s. m. A monkey.

heal; running sore, an issue.

बन्दरिया है. f. A female monkey.

s m. Mistletoe, a kind of Epidendrum tesselatum).

s. f. An ornament worn on the forehead; a dress shorter than the Jama. s. m: A tribe called Bhata who are generally bards or panegy ists; a bard.

बदोग्ड s. m. A place of confinement, a prison. [bard.

ৰন্ধীসন s. m. A sort of ornament, a-ৰন্ধ্য s. m. A whirlwind.

बन्दोड़ s. f. A female slave.

बन्दींस s. m. The child of a slave.

A binding, a bandage; a tie or fetter; bondage, imprisonment; binding, tying, Bandh men parna, ya ana, To become a captive.

ৰ্থৰ s. m. Binding, confinement, ar pledge, a pawn, a deposit.

बन्दबी s. f. An unchaste woman, a harlot, a wanton; barren woman.

ৰশ্বৰ s. m. A complete army, or onewith its four divisions, of chariots, elephants, horse, and foot.

ৰক্ষ s. m. Binding, tying confining, fastening; bandage, bond, bondage, imprisonment; obstacle, hinderance.

बन्दनपत्रि s. m. The knot of a ligature. बन्दनरच्च s. f. Any rope or string used

for tying.

बन्धमा p. n. To be tied, fastened, bound, continuous or uninterrupted, kept, enclosed, laid, formed or composed. Bandhi muthi, An undisclosed interation.

बनाई s. f. Bond, binding, fastening.

ৰশাৰ s. m. Pension, a fixed allowance made to any one.

बसानी v. a. To bind, fasten, shut, &c. बसानी s. m. One whose business it is to carry stone, timber, &c. slung over his shoulder; a pensioner; a gunner, artillery-man.

pecially a distant or cognate kinsman, and subsequent in right of inheritance to the gentile or Sagotra; the Bandhu, is of three kinds; the kinsman of the person himself, of his father, or his mother, as his father's brother's son, and his mother's sister's or brother's son; and the same reckoning upwards, as his father's father's sister's son, &c.; a friend; a brother; a flower (Pentapetes phænicea).

वस जन s. m. A relation, a friend.

बस्जीव s. m. A. flower ( Pentapetes phænicea ).

ৰাষ্ট্ৰা s.f. A multitude of relations or friends; relationship, friendship. ৰন্ধ s. m. Relationship, friendship.

One kind of female property, that given to a girl at her marriage by her own relations.

बन्द s. m. A flower (Pentapetes phænicea); a drug commonly called Birung; a crane; a drug commonly called Rishabha.

बस्या s.f. A whore, a prostitute.

बन्धुवा s. m. A prisoner, one bound, a captive.

बेस डीन adj. Friendless, relationless.

flower (Pentapetes phænices); but

also applied to the Ixora Bandhue); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

बन बुष् s. m. A tree ( Pentaptera tomentosa).

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ s. m. Parsimony; stability, steadiness, persistence.

fruit in due season; detained, confined under arrest.

क्या s. f. A childless woman; a barren eow; a perfume, commonly called Bala.

to be mended or adjusted; to chime, to be mended or adjusted; to chime, to agree, to fall in with, to do, answer, to serve, to be, become, to avail, to counterfeit, to succeed. a. m. A bridegroom. Band chuna, Dressed, decked out, arranged. Banna thanna, To be fully adorned, or prepared, to be decked out. Bana banaya. Finishhed, ready made, complete, entire, perfect. Bana rahna, To remain waiting.

बन्नाफिर s. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

बन्दा s. m. A conjurer.

ehantress.

बपंग s. m. Patrimony, heritage.

क्या दीना v. n. To be raised, established or pitched.

बपुरा बपुरी } adj. Helpless.

बपीतो s. m. Paternal estate; patrimeny, heritage.

चफारा s.m. Vapour, vapour bath.

and s. m. One who crops the manes of horses.

ववराखरी s.f. Quarrelling, dissension.

act of cropping (especially the manes of horses).

बब्दत s. m. A clown, a lout, bumpkin, clumsy young man.

बब्धा s. m. A child, a boy (a term of fondness).

s. f. A tree of the Mimosa kind (there are several species, but the commonest is Arabica); the Acacia tree.

बर्गस्या adj. Talking nonsense. s. क्र. A catamite.

बबेसी s. f. The piles.

बर्ग s. m. The seed of a sweet-scented herb (Ocymum pilosum); a sort of bird.

बन्दो s. f. A kiss.

bald headed through disease. s. m. A large ichneumon; the name of a sage; a tawny or brown colour.

बस s. f. A spring (of water); a fathom; a measuring rod.

an An interjection addressed to Shiv (much used by pilgrims to the temple of Bynath or Vydyanath).

बनवना o. n. To swell.

बनव s. m. Vomit, emetic. Baman karna, To vomit.

बनीस s. m. A sort of grass.

fetch and carry, &c., and which the Hindus teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses (Loxia Indica); an assizer.

बवार s.f. Wind, air.

बयाका adj. Flatulent.

बयासीस adj. Forty-two.

बयासी adj. Eighty-two.

at adj. Best, excellent. s. m. A boon, a blessing, a choice, a good; a bridegroom, a son-in-law; the Indian figtree. s. f. Asparagus racemosus.

conj. But, moreover, even. Bar-dai, Giver of a choice or blessing.

🕶 conj. Moreover, but, even, rather.

बरकान s. m. Abstinence.

att s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

बाबा v. n. To rain.

बरन्त s. m. The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica).

बरगा s. m. A rafter.

बरनेख s. m. An ortolan ( Alauda ).

बरकातिया s. m. An innocent kind of snake.

बरज्ना v. o. To forbid, to prohibit.

बरची s. f. An eye-lash.

vow, a religious rite or penance; use. s. m. A thong, leathern girth, rope. part. Flaming, b'azing.

ৰবেৰ s.f. A dish, plate, basin &c. vessel, utensil.

बरतना v. a. To consider, to reflect.

That which has been used.

बरताना v. a. To distribute. s. m. Old clothes.

बरद s. m. A bull, a bullock.

নেবোৰ s. m. A wedding gift (to a bride); the answer to a prayer addressed to God or to a saint.

बरहार adj. Wide, broad (cloth).

बरदी s.f. A drove of cattle loaded.

बरहेत s. m. A panegyrist, a bard.

बर्भ s. m. A bull, a bullock.

बरधना v. n. } To bull a cow.

(among the Hindus), as Brahman, Kshattryah, Vyshyah, and Shudra; a letter of an alphabet; praise, description. conj. Moreover, but even, rather. Baran karna, To hire a priest for the performance of a sacrifice or any religious ceremony.

nation, praise. Barnan karna, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

the north of Benares. s. m. A fruit tree (Cratæra tapia). v. a. To marry. v. n. To burn.

बरनो s.f. An eye-lash.

बरण करना ज. s. To raise, pitch, establish, produce, set on foot, cause, occasion, introduce.

बरपा रक्ष्मा v. s. To continue firm or standing.

बरपा दीना ज. क. To be raised, set on foot, pitched, estallished, produced, occasioned.

बरवरी s. f. A peculiar kind of goat (from Barbary). [bravery.

बरबंध s. m. Strength, vigour; prowess, बरमधिया adj. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth. बरमचा adj. Public, conspicuous.

बरना s. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

बरवार adj. Strong, violent.

बरबारा करों. Strong, violent. s. m. A medicinal herb so called.

बरराना v. c. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium.

द्द s. m. A tamour in the belly.

बरवत s.f. A kind of snake.

बरवण s. m. A bird that feeds on fish. बरवा s. f. A ragini or musical mode by which deer and serpents are said to be tamed.

ing drug made of opium. Baras-ganth s. f. The ceremony of tying a knot on the anniversary birth-day of a child; birth-day.

बरखवाय odj. Annual, anniversary... बरखीकी s.f. Annual tax or rent.

बरफा c. m. A field where cows feed.

बरहेता है s.m. A wild hog.

att s. m. Cakes made of ground pulsefried in oil, or ghi. adj. Large, great.

नपात s. f. The marriage procession.

atist s. m. The company and attendants at a marriage.

बराभा v. s. To abstain. to with-draw.

स्तारा s. f. A thong, a rope ( particularly of a swing ).

बराव s. m. Abstinence.

or mythological incarnation of Vishaw in the form of a boar.

बरियाई s. f. Boast, exultation.

बरिवार adj. Strong, violent.

बरिवारा adj. Strong, violent. s. m. A. medicinal herb so called.

pulse; wedding garment, adj. Strong, powerful.

वरीव 8. m. A year.

( Cratava tapia, er Capparis trifeliata).

बरेज s. m. A betel-garden.

बरेडन इ. f. A washerwomen.

बरेडा s. m. A washerman.

etts. m. A wasp.

\* s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

बरेंब s. f. A (femals) seller of betelleaf, or rather cultivator of betel.

बरीडा } s. m. A washerman; a vesti-बरीडा } bule.

राज s. m. An assembly of people of one class, a multitude of similar things; a class of letters pronounced on the

same part of the mouth (as the gattarals, palatals, &c.); the square of a number.

ৰা s. m. The Marhattas are so called.

बर्का s. m. । A (long slender) spear, a बर्को s.f. ) javelin, dart. Bør-ckhibørdar, A spearman.

चर्च s. m. A spearman.

\*\* s. m. Colour, sort, class; a tribe (among the Hindus) as Brahman, Kshattriyah, Vyshyah, Shudra; a letter of an alphabet, praise, description.

nation, praise. Barnan karna, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

चर्चना v. s. To explain, describe, praise.

nating in the intercourse of a man of one tribe with a woman of another.

बतें s. m, Use, practice. बवेंब s. m. A dish, plate, bason, &c. ;

वर्तना To use.

vessel, utensil.

बर्त मान adj. Present, existent; the present tense.

इमो s. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

बर्माना v. a. To bore.

The people of Ava are so called.

चरांच्ड s. f. Chattering, prate, rant.

वर्ष s. m. Rain ; a year.

वर्षेवं ody, Annual, anniversary.

s. f. The rains, the third senson (of the six), from the 15th of Asharh to the 15th of Bhadu rain.

avia } part. act. Raining.

बपांत s.f. The rainy season, the rains.

बर्षाती s. f. A disorder in horses, the farcy.

वर्षाना v. a. To cause to rain, to shower down; to rain.

वर्षांचस s. m. Yearly pay or subsistence. वर्षीकी s. f. An annual tax or rent.

बर्सना v. n. To rain.

वर्धात s. f. The rainy season, the rains. वर्धाती s. f, A disorder in horses, the farcy.

ৰভীগ v. a. To cause to rain, to shower ৰভী s.f. An annual ceremony in commemoration of deceased relations.

as s. f. A peacock.

To be twisted. Baldar; adj. Crooked, twisted, coiled, convoluted. Baldar, v. a. To twist.

rile; a name of the elder brother of Krishna, Balram; name of the king of Patal or the infernal regions; a sacrifice, an offering. Balbe, interj. Bravo! Bal jana, or Bal bal jana, To be sacrificed. Bal dena, or, Bal karna, To sacrifice.

बलकना ७. ८. To open; to speak indistinctly from excessive joy or intoxication.

बखनगा 8. m. A sob.

बजताच् s. m. The male palm or toddy tree ( Borassus flabelliformis ).

ৰন্ধনীত s. m. A pimple, a sore, a small boil (supposed to be caused by the breaking or pulling out of a hair, as the word imposed).

बबर् s. m. A bullock that carries a burden.

ৰলহাজ বৰহিয়া s.m. A cowherd, a bullock-বৰহিয়া driver, a drover, a grain-বৰহী merchant. चलदेश s. m. A name of Balram.

चल्हेग s.f. A medicinal plant commonly called Trayaman.

बलना v. a. To burn.

वन्तिवह s. m. Weakening, reducing strength or power.

बलबकरा s. m. A person who dies in a battle, &c. without doing any thing.

milk, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with lust; to make a noise (a camel) from lust.

बलभद्ध s. m. A strong or robust man बलभागा v. c. To allure.

बलम } s. m. A lover, a husband.

antly s.f. A widow who lost her husband while very young.

बलराम n. prop. The elder trether of Krishna.

बलवत्ता s. f. Strength, power.

बलवन बलवान bodied, stout, lusty.

बलवान adj. Strengthening, ennobling.

ब्रह्म s. m. A tumult, riot, sedition, mutiny, alarm.

बबदन s.m. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.

बलही s. f. A faggot.

बलहोन adj. Weak, infirm.

prostration of strength, infirmity from fatigue or age, &c.

▼ ¶ s. m. An aquatic and medicinal plant (Sida rhombi, olia, rhomboidea, and cordifolia).

ৰপাইনীৰা { v. a. To draw the hands over the head of another in token of taking all his misfortunes upon one's self (generally practised by women).

बलाबा s. f. A sort of crane.

वनाचिता s.f. A sort of Vin or Inte, called also Ram's lute.

बचार s. m. A sort of bean.

exaction; (in law) the detention of the person of a debtor by his creditor, and the violent measures taken by the latter (flogging, &c.) to recover his debt.

बकालिका s. f. A sort of sunflower (Ileliotropium Indicum).

बबान्वित adj. Strong, powerful.

व्यावन adj. Strong and weak.

ववाय s. m. A plant (Capparis trifor liato).

THE s. m. The caronda (Carissa carandas).

बढाव s. m. The phlegmatic humour.

बाब s. m. An oblation, a religious offering in general; presentation of food. to all created beings, one of the five great sacraments of the Hindu religion: it consists in throwing a small pracel of the offering, ghi or rice, or the like, the open air at the back of the house; an animal, or one which is fit for an oblation; a king and Dytych, also Moha Bali, the virtuous sovereign of Mahabalipur, tricked out of the dominion he had obtained over earth and haven, by Vishnu, in the Voman or dwarf Avatar, and left, in consideration of his merits, the sovereignty of Patal, or the infernal regions.

विदान s. m. An act of sacrificing, or offering victims in sacrifice to God.

बंखिन adj. Shrivelled, wrinkled, flabby, flacied,

ৰবিস্থাই s. m. } Sacrifice. Balihari ja-ৰবিস্থাই s. f. } na, To be sacrificed.

बाह्रो adj. Strong, powerful, robust,

stont. s. f. A wankle, skin shrivelled by old age; the fold of skin in stout persons, especially females, upon the upper part of the belly, or between the ensiform cartilage and the navel.

चल } adv. But, moreover.

पख्या adj. Sandy.

अस्ता v. a. To scratch, to tear with the nails.

चलुला s. m. A bubble.

बर्धेक्षा s. m. A whirlwind; a ridge-pole ( of a cottage).

बहेडी s. f. A ridge-pole ( of a cottage ). बहेडा देखा थ. a. To draw one's hands over the head of another in token of taking his misfortunes on one's self ( generally practised by women ).

The bark of a tree.

adj. Strong, vigorous. s. m. Semen virile.

favourite, a friend; a superintendant, a master. [spearman.

was s. m. A spear. Bollam-bordér, A was s. m. A pole or boat-hook.

s. f. A prop, a pole, a long pole to steer or move a boat with. Balli marna, To push or move (a boat).

परंद बर्गेर } s.f. Any creeping plant,

ৰগাই s. f. A kibe, blister or chap on the foot, chilblain.

वराकोर s. pl. The piles or hemorrhoids. वराका adj. Pocky, affected with Lues. venerea.

वर्षेसवा adj. Talking nonsense, a babbler. s. m. A catamite.

विश्व } s. m. Son of Brahma.

बदान s. m. Description, explanation, definition.

वधानना o. a. To define, explain, describe. वस s. m. Power, will, command, advantage, authority. Bas ana, To be obtained, to come into one's power. Bas karna, To overpower, to bring to submission.

वसगित s. f. Residence.

बसन s. m. Cloth; a dress, a habit, a suit of clothes, apparel, attire.

बसना v. n. To dwell, inhabit, settle, reside, abide, to be peopled.

बसकी s.f. A purse.

वधन s. f. The spring; one of the musical modes of the Hindus; the first of the six seasons, comprising Chytra and Bysakh; the small-pox; a phrase peculiar to the Benyalis. Basanta phulna, v. n. To put forth the blossoms of mustard plants. Ankhon men basanta phulni, To dazzle. Basanta ki khabar, Knowledge of, or care about, futurity.

बसन्ती adj. Of yellow colour.

succeed, to get away from Basar-karna, v. n. To bring to an end, to finish, accomplish, execute, spend, pass. Basar jana, v. n. To be finished, to pass away. Basar lejana, v. s. To bring to an end, finish, accomplish, execute, acquit one's self of, out trip. Basar hona, v. n.

To be finished, ended, spent, or passed. [Siva's bull.

वस्य s. m. Bull, ox, bullock, appied to वसावा To people, to colonize, to cause to dwell, to bring in tocultivation, to settle a country.

बरोड s. m. Angel, messenger.

बनोडी s. f. The office of a messenger.

57-49

बस्या s.f. The world, the earth.

agar s. m. A kind of axe used by carpenters, and adze.

बस्बो s. f. An instrument for cutting bricks.

बसेंभा adj. Stinking.

birds return to their nest; a night's lodging; a bird's roost, a bird remaining on its roost. Basera karna, To roost.

बसैया s. m. Inhabitant, a dweller.

बसीबास् s. m. Home, dwelling-place, residence, country.

चन s. f. Thing, matter, substance, chattels, goods, baggage.

चतर s. m. Clothes, garments, stuffs.

चनी s.f. Settlement, colony, village.

stuff, ingredients substance, wealth.

apparel [cana).

वसा s. m. A plant (Callicarps Ameri-वसी s. f. An abode, a village, a peopled or inhabited place, a population.

बह्म s. m. Cloth, a wrapper, pack-cloth. बह्म वा v. n. To be balked, to be disappointed, to be deceived, to stray, to be intoxicated.

वाकाग v. a. To balk, disappoint, mislead, deceive, beguile.

hanging from each end for slinging baggage to, which is carried on the shoulder.

बह्जाना है v. n. To flow, pass; to go बह्जाना है or swim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

afloat. Bahte pani men hath dhona,
To pay attention to one's friends, or
to attend to one's own duty or

affairs while the opportunity is favourable; to make hay while the sun shines.

बहत्तर adj. Seventy-two.

hindrance, prevention.

 $\{a \in A \mid s.f. A \text{ sister.}\}$ 

कड़ना v. n. To flow, to glide; to float; to blow, to pass away, drive.

ৰহনী s.m. A sister's husband, a ৰহনী হ brother-in-law.

बहुनेसी s. f. An adopted sister.

avant adj. Flowing, gliding along; brave, bold; public, notorious.

487 s. f. A fleet.

TETT adj. Deaf.

बहरिका adj. A stranger.

(Falco calidus). Bahree-bacha, s. m.
The male of the Bahri.

ৰম্প s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a conch, a carriage. [amused.

बरवाना v. a. To be diverted, to be बरवाना v. a. To divert, amuse, recreate.

बद्धिया s. m. A kind of servant armed with bow, arrow, &c., a huntsman.

ing in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage. [talk.

बश्यमा v. a. To argue, dispute, debate, बश्यमा v. a. To set affoat, demolish, destroy, ruin, impoverish, deprive of felicity or fortune.

बहाज o. a. To make flow, set affoat or adrift, float, launch, swim away.

वडा फिरना है ए. n. To wander, to be in a distressed condition, to be intoxicated.

autt s. m. Spring, beauty, fine landscape, charm, delight. condition, estalished, confirmed, well, prosperous.

flux, aflux, effusion, fluidity.

aftern v: n. To flow, pass; to go or awim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

विक 8. f. A sister.

विषया adj. Epual to a sister.

कहिए चाना v. n. To issue, to come out. विश्वरा adj. Deaf.

निष्याचा v. a. To divort, to amuse, to recreate.

कहिन्द्रें इ. m. Remote or foreign country. बहिन्दें इ. m. The neglect or wiolation of any moral or religious duty. adj. Impions.

बड़िया } s.f. Flood, inundation,

after adj. f. Barren (generally applied to cattle).

sides but at the ends; a register, book of accounts, ledger.

बद्दीखाता s. m. Ledger account book.

बढ़ीर } s. f. The baggage, &c. of an

बंबीरीकना Idem.

ay adj. Much, many; large, great.

बहुक s. m. A plant (Asclepias gigantea).

sarum alhagi), the marshy date tree.

ayana e. m. A long time.

बहुकाकीन adj. Ancient, antique.

बहुनस s. m. Olibanum.

बदुक्ता s. f. Arabian jasmine.

बहुन्य m. dady. Many times; having बहुन्या f. many good qualities.

Agzi s. m. Armlet.

Bahut yar hona, To become more intimate than formerly.

TTAIL s. f. Muchness, abundance.

बहुतात s. f. Excess, abundance.

बद्दतायत s. f. Abundance, plenty, multitude.

बहुतेरा odj. Many, much, very much, abundant, most.

बहुत adv. In many ways on places, &c. बहुत s. m. Plurality, multitude, muchness, abundance.

बहुतक s. m. The Bhoj, or Brich tree.

बहुदभी adj. Experienced.

tic milky juice (Euphorbia of various sorts).

ayer adj. Experienced.

बहुदीक adj. Full of faults or defects, very wicked, very bad.

बङ्घन adj. Wealthy, rich.

usually, generally, mostly, often.

बङ्गागत adj. Dispersed, scattered.

ayuz adj. Very clever.

ayan s. m. Talc. [grecum).

बहुपनी s.f. A drug (Trigonella fænum-

arguil s. f. A medicinal plant (Trigonella fænum-grecum).

aşşa adj. Having many children. s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris).

बहुत्रकी s.f. A plant ( Asparague racsmosus).

बद्दमसम् adj. Flowing in many streams. बद्दमम s. m. The plural number (in grammar).

The Kadambe tree (Nauclea Codamba).

The opposite-leaved fig-tree.

कडुभाष्य adj. m. व इमाय्या adj. f.

बहुम्पि a.m. Respect, reverence.

बहुन्त adj. Many-rooted, having many roots.

बहुमूख adj. Costly, precious.

बहुर adv. Again.

बहुरको adj. Various, or variable (in colour); changeable.

बहुरना v. n. To return, to come back.

वहराना v. o. To bring back, to cause to return.

बहुरि adv. Again.

बर्फ रिया s. f. A daughter-in-law.

बहुदप adj. Multiform. s. m. Mimicry.

बहुद्या s. m. A chameleon.

बहुद्दिया है s. m. An actor, a mimic

बहुद्ध s. m. Mimicry.

बहुरेबा s. m. pl. Wrinkles, furrows marks of care or pain,

ৰম্বা adv. Again.

बहुत adj. Much, many.

बहु चल 8. m. Abundance.

अपुरवा s.m. The plural number ( in grämmar).

बहुवार s. m. A fruit ( Cordia myxa ).

बह्दिय adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts or kinds.

बहुवीच adj. Having many or much seed. s. m. The custard-apple ( Annons squames ).

बहुवीर्ष s.m. Belleric myrobalan (Ter-(minalia belerica).

बहुत्रीहि s. m. One of the forms of grammatical composition, the compounding two or more words to furnish an epithet or attributive; as, बहुताल Bahumala, Having many necklaces.

बुद्द्रम् adj. Having many enemies.

TENTE adj. Having many branches or ramifications.

बहुसुता s.f. A plant (A paragus).

The mother of many children.

TE 8. f. A daughter-in-law, a sen's wife, a wife.

and Cordia latifolia).

बहेका है s.m. A fruit, the Belleric my-क्टिर है robalan (Terminalia belerics).

बंदेत s. m. A vagabond, vagrant, wanderer.

कडिलिया s. m. A fowler; a tribe of बज्रानेस s. m. A young Brahmon.

bride's family for the bridegroom; ceremony of the bride's dismissal with her husband.

वहोरि वहारी है adv. Often, frequently.

बाएं adj. Left-side, left.

a reach or turning of a river; fault offence, wickedness. s. m. A semicircular ornament worn on the arms; a kind of dagger; an exercise with the dagger; a settee.

वाक्षणहा s. m. A kind of fencing with ( wooden ) dagger and cutlass.

वांचयत s. m. Foppishness, debaucher,, disorderly conduct.

bravo, bully; a knife or hook to cut bambeo with. s. f. Name of a river. adj. Creoked, foppish, concembish, arrant.

निवाक्र s. m. A fop, beau, cexcomb, bully, bravo.

बांन s. f. Voice, sound.

रांग s. m. Barren soil.

ৰাৰা odj. Liar, false.

वांना s. m. Raw cotton.

बांचना v. c. To read.

बोक्द s. m. Calf.

बोह्न s. f. Wish, desire.

वाहित adj. Desired, wished, longed-for.

नांत्रर adj. Lying waste or fallow (land). बाक्स adj. Barren.

wits. m. Share, distribution; a weight (i. s. the standard by which things are weighed); food given to a cow while she is milked. Bant chant, Share, distribution.

बांटना v. s. To share, distribute, divide, participate, dispose.

चांडा कदो. Tail-less. s. m. A serpent which has lost its tail.

नोडी s. f. A cudgel, a kind of dress.

बाटना v. To destribute, divide.

with s. m. The name of a place in Bundelkhand; a parasite plant which grows on trees (Epidendrum, particularly tesselatum).

ৰাকী s. f. A female slave, a bondmaid. ৰাষ s. m. An embankment; confinement, imprisonment.

बांचना v. a. To bind, tie, fasten, shut, stop water, embank, to invent, contrive, devise, stop, pack, aim, build, compose, form, put, settle.

the cloth is tied in different places, to prevent the parts tied from receiving the die; slander, plot, plan; a kind of silk cloth, a kind of parrot.

ना वा बरना v. a. To prate idly, to talk foolishly.

about ten feet, used to measure tanks, ditches, and excavations in general.

(A cube of one bans is called a chouks.) Bans par charhna, v. n. To be branded with infamy.

बांस फोड़ s. m. Name of a caste who work on bamboos.

बं। बरी s. f. A flute, fife, pipe.

बासको s. f. A flute, fife, pipe ; a purse. बासा s. m. The bridge of the nose. बासी s.f. Flute, fife, pipe. adj. Made of bamboo.

बंग्युरी s. f. Flute, fife, pipe.

or security (as when a man trusts himself in the power of an enemy, a third person, who engages to return him to his house or fort in security, is his banks). Banks pakerns, To protect. Banks tutns, To be destitute of friends or protectors. Banks dens, To assist. Banks gahns, To protect. Bankscharheno, To get ready, to prepare.

बाहियां s. m. A patron.

T adv. Or. either.

नार s. f. Mistress, lady ( among Marhattas); a dancing girl. Bai-ji, s. f. The mother bawd.

बाईस adj. Twenty-two.

because composed of the troops of twenty two subahs); a command of 28,000 men. Baisi tutna, To attack with one's whole force.

बादेश e. m. Rheumatism.

वास s. m. Language, dialect, speech. वासदा s. m. A bean.

वाबस s. m. A bush of which charcoal is made for the manufacture of gun-powder (Justicia udhotoda, or, gan-darussa).

बाब्द 8. m. A sentence, speech, a word.

s. m. An area or court-yard; several houses contained within one enclosure, a drug used as a ferment.

To turn 'the reins: and this phrase is applied to the drying up of the small-pox; thus, when the pustules begin to blacken and dry up, they

say, Sitlane bag mari, or, Mata sa bag mori. Bag lena, To take the rein; to carb or pull up (a horse, &c.) Bag hath se chhutna, The reins to have slipped from the hand, denotes the loss of choice, power or centrol.

काश्रहीर s. f. A long rein with which horses are led.

बाना s. m. A vestment, honorary dress. बानी s. m. A horseman.

पातुर s. m. Net.

बाष s. m. A tiger.

बाधन है e.f. A tigress.

बाधवर s. m. A tiger's skin.

बाबा s. m. A tiger.

बाबी s. f. A bubo.

an explanatory particle.

affirmation, agreement, promise.

and s. m. A sentence (in grammar).

adj. Speakable, fit to speak.

ৰাছ s.f. Selection; the corner of the lip. adj. Useless.

बद्धना v. a. To choose, to select.

बाह्य s. m. A calf, or the young of any animal.

बाज Hawk.

वानवास s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

वाजन । s.m. pl. Musical instru-वाजन बाजा ments.

instrument); to be published, to resound.

वाजनारी s. m. Musicians.

बाजपेश s. m. One who performs the sacrifice called Vajpey.

ৰাল্যা s. m. A kind of grain, Indian corn ( Holcus spicatus ).

बाका s. m. A musical instrument.

of various musical instruments.

बाकार इ. f. Market, Bazaar.

माजी s. m. A horse.

बाक्रीवर e.m. A conjurer.

नाक् s. m. An ornament worn on the arm, a bracelet.

बाक्बन्द s. m. Armlet.

बाट s. f. Road, highway, path. s. m. A weight or measure of weight.

बादिशा s. m. A villa.

बाही s.f. A habitation, dwelling-house, home, a garden-house.

बाटे बाटे adv. Somewhere or other.

verge, edge (of a sword, knife, ic.), verge, edge, margin, a fence a hedge, a line (of soldiers); a place below Patns. Bár urána, To fire a volley. Bár chirwana, or,—chirna, To sharpen Bar jharna, To fire a volley. Bar dilwana, or,—dena, To sharpen, to grind; to excite, to instigate, to animate. Bar pskrána, To encourage, to teach. Bar bándha, To enclose a field with thorns. Bar ratna, To sharpen.

वाक्ष्य s. m. Submarine fire; a Brahman वाक्ष्यानल s. m. Submarine fire.

बाइन s. m. An enclosure; alms, charity. बाइना s. m. A whetter (of swords, knives, \$c.)

a garden, orchard, kitchen-garden; a house with the garden; &c., attached to it; cotton.

नाइ s. f. Increase, promotion; a flood-वादना v. n. To increase, enlarge, go on, preceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

नाढ़ि s. f. Fence, hedge, edge of s weapon or tool, border, rim. चारि s. m. One who sharpens tools. बाद adj. Great, increased on merit.

s. f. Temper, quality, manners.
s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in
battle; name of an Asur, son of
raja, Bali; the bore or swell of the
tide in the Indian rivers; a kind of
rope made of Munj, used to form the
bottoms of beds, as well as for other
purposes.

बाबिज s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise. बाबो s.f. Speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.

which has lost its tail.

बात s. f. Speech, language, word, saying, report, discourse; account, subject, question, cause, business, affair, matter, circumstance, particular, article. Bat karna, To converse, to talk, speak, say, address. Bat katna, To intertupt. Bat ka batakkar karna, To multiply words. to talk much on little. Bat ki Fat, Unmeaning order, commands not expected to be obeyed, words course. Bat ki bat men, adv. Instantly. Bat kahao, s. m. Conversation. chitchat. Bst kursi nishin hong. To be acceptable or approved of, a word or speech. Bat garhna, To speak to the purpose, to (speak so that one's words) have effect or make impression. Bat chalana, To converse, to start a subject. Bat chit, s.f. Conversation, chitchat, confabulation, discourse, talk. Bat takna, To put off, to excuse one's self. But dalna, To throw away one's words, to ask in vain. But dhurana, To persist in making excuses, to put off, to evade. Bat pana, To accomplish one's

wishes, to effect one's purpose. Bat phenkna, To jeer, to mock, to speak at (but not to). Bat pherna, to equivocate, Bat barhana, To prolong a contest. Bat banana, To make up a story, to make excuses. Baten sunana, To abuse, to speak harshly. Baten sunna, To receive abase or harsh reproof. Bat bandhna, To sophisticate, to prevariente. Bat bigarna, To mar a plot, to spoil. Bat marna, To turn off, to evade, to divert à discourse, &c. Bat men kuch karna, To perform a business in a short time, to lose no time in doing any thing. But rakhna, To assist, to agree, to comply. But rahna, To make good one's words. Bat lagana, To calumniate to insinuate something maliciously. [ ism.

बात s.m. Pain in the joints, rheumat-बातो s.f. A candle; the wick of a lamp; a tent or bougie put into a wound to keep in open.

बात् विया s. m. A talkative, conversible, entertaining person.

बात्नी adj. Conversible, talkative, chatty, entertaining.

बाद s. m. Accusation, dispute, assertion, affirmation; rheumatism. Bad karna, To argue

बाहर बादच } s. m. A cloud.

बाह्बा s.m. Gold or silver thread or wire, brocade.

बादानुबाद s. m. Altercation.

बादली इ. f. Silver cloth.

ৰাহী s. m. A speaker, an accuser, a plaintiff an enemy, a mischief-maker, disputant, an arger. Badi-chor, An inevterate thief.

बादुर s. m. A flying-fox, a bat.

बाद adj. Great, increased on merit. बाब s. m. Opposing, hindering.

वाध**क** adj. What hinders, opposes, pains, &c.

ৰাখন s. m. Pain ; impeding, opposing. ৰাখনা v. To prevent, restrain, hinder.

वाचा s. m. Pain, distress, obstruction, hinderance, prevention.

वाचित adj. Obstructed impeded; pained, tormented.

s. f. Temper, quality, manners, s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in battle; the name of an Asur, son of raja Bali; the high tide in the Indian rivers commonly called the Bore; a kind of rope made of munja, used to from the bottoms of beds as well as for other purposes.

बाबनी १. f. A pattern, a muster.

world with his wife and family, and is supposed to pass his life in devotion in the forests; an anchoret or hermit.

बाबर s. m. A monkey. बाबवे adj Ninety-two.

THE S. M. Habit, profession; fashion in dress, peculiar to individuals or to bodies taken individually (so, regimentals may be called bana). uniformity; a kind of weapon; a veil; the woof in weaving. Bana bandhna, To be ready, to be determined.

बाबा v. s. To open.

and s.f. The price paid for a work; ashes the thread with which cloth is woven; speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.

बानीवीनी s. f. The price of weaving. बान्या s. m. Name of a water-bird.

बानसा s. m. बुान्सी s. f. } A kind of cloth, बाह्य e.m. Name of place in Baniel. khand. [friend.

ৰাষ্য s. m. A relation, a kinaman; s ৰাষ্য s. m. Father. Bap karns, To conaider as a father. Bap mera (my father) and. Bap re (O father!) are exclamations expressive of surprise, grief, &c.

नापड़ा वित्रों. Helpless, poor.

बाब s. f. Steam, vapour.

बारन } adj. and s. m. Dwarfish, dwarf, बामन } the fifth avatar of Vishnu.

बावनी s. f. A snake's hole.

बाबर 8. m. A kind of sweetment-

नाना s. m. Father, dad; sire! sir! child! Babajan, Dear child!

a title given by Hindus, equivalent to Mr. or, Squire).

बान s. m. An eel (Ophidium simack).

वानकांग s. m. The left side.

बासन s. m. A dwarf.

वाचनी } s.f. A snake's hole.

वाह्यच s. m. A Brahman.

name of a medicinal herb, the moonplant; a stye on the eye-lids; a lizard.

ৰাল্লগৃষ্টা s.f. Name of a plant (Ovieds verticellata).

बायज s. m. Sweetmeat, cakes, &c. distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

बायन adj. Apart, separate, distinct; strange. Yih bat bayab hy, This is another thing.

Tier adj. Left (hand, &c.) s. m. The bass part in music, the base sound (especially of tubla, dholuk, and pu-khawaj), which are played on with

The less hand. Bayun paon pujns, To acknowledge the cunning of an aatful person.

not exceeding sixteen; verge, edge. s. m. A day of the week; door; water; child; hair; prohibition, obstacle. Bar lagana, v. a. To delay, to hesitate.

ৰাহইৰা v. a. To load, give charge; to impose, give trouble, encumber; to give admission, to give leave.

ৰাৰে s. m. Forbidding, prohibiting, preventing; an elephant.

बारचा v. n. To leave off, separate. v. a.
To forbid, prohibit.

मरना v. a. To kindle, light.

बारबार adv. Often, frequently, repeatedly.

be vagabond, ruined, or harassed. Barak-dari, s. f. A summer-house.

মানাম্বী s. f. The combination of the consonants with the symbols of the vowels.

बाराइरी s. m. A summer-house.

बारासिंगा s. m. A stag ( Ceraus elaphus).

पाराइ 8. m. A hog.

वारिंद s. m. A cloud.

caste of Hindus whose business it is to sell torches add leaves which are used as platters; an ornament worn in the ear and nose; a garden, an orchard, a house; a girl not exceeding sixteen; time, tour, turn. Bariki tap. An intermittent fever. Baridar, An attendant who waits in turn with others.

FIG. S. f. Spirituous liquors.

बाहत है. s. f. Gun-powder.

and adj. Ignorant, unwise, uninstructed; young, infantine, a child.

ৰাজ s. m. } An infant, a child; it usu-ৰাজা s. f. } ally means the young child, under five years old, but is equally applicable till sixteen years of age.

charitra, Tricks of children. Bal bandhi kowri marns, shoot at without missing, to act with great care, not to mistake. Bul bal, Hair by hair, every hair. Bal biks, A bent or disordered hair, is used to express "the smallest harm or inconvenience;" so, Bal biks no home, Let not a hair be disordered (let not be last harm be done).

and s. f. An ear or spike of corn; a crack in a cup or glass. s. m. The thread on which sugar is crystalized. Bállár, A cracked vessel (of china, glass, &c.)

ৰাজৰ s. m. A boy, an infant.

वातक्षत } s. m. Childhood, childish-वातक्षम } ness.

or Sannyasi.

बाजकीय adj. Childish, infantine.

'बालकेलि :. f. Childrens games play.

बावबीपास s. m. Offspring, family.

TITES. m. The tricks, games and general conduct peculiar to children, childish frolics.

बालक्ष् s. f. Name of a medicine or perfume.

वासती इ. m. A pimple.

वाकाधी s. f. Tail.

बादना v. a. To kindle, to light.

गलवर्ष s. pl. Children.

बालभीत s. m. An offering to Krishna presented early in the morning.

alens. m. A lover or beloved person; a husband; a kind of cloth. Bálam khira, s. m. A sort of cucumber in season in the rains (a variety of cucumis sativa).

बालमसीरा s. m. A species of cucumber. बासमीस है s. m. Name of the author बालमीसि of Ramayan.

बासवती s. f. Any ascetic whose passions have been subdued from childhood.

पावराष्ट्र s.f. A widow, who, when very young, lost her husband.

·बाकराज । वाक्यवाज , m. Lapis lazuli, बाक्यवूर्य .

वाकश्चा s. f. Child murder, infanticide. बाकशे s.f. A wig.

exceeding sixteen; a medicinal and fragrant plant. s. m. An ear-ring; a male child, a boy, Bálachandra, The new moon.

क्षानातप s. m. The rays of the rising sun. बालापन s. m. Childhood, infancy.

बासभीषा adj. Innocent, artless as a child. s. m. An artless child.

ৰাণি } s. m. A monkey, the son of ৰাণা } Indra, killed by Rama.

वाचिका s.f. A female child, woman.

वालिनी s. f. The constellation Aswini. वालिज s. m. A pillow.

worn in the ear passing through the centre of it.

नालीय s. m. Pain in making water, from gravel, &c. [Elsbaluk.

बाब s. m. A drug commonly called बाब s. m. A drug and perfume.

बाबुका s. f. Sand, gravel.

बासुकावक s. m. A sort of fish (Chellodipterus culius and butis). बाबुकामव adj. Sandy, gravelly. बाबु s. f. Sand.

बाख्य १. m. A sort of poison.

बाब्बरी adj. (Silk cloth), made in Baluchar near Murshedábád.

बाबिय s. m. ? A plant ( Siphonan-बाबियबाक s. f. } thus Indica ).

बालीपबीत s.m. The sacrificial thread, or substitute for it as worn by children; a cloth covering the privities.

Two s. m. Childhood.

ease. Bao ka rukh batana, To cheat, to impose on, to deceive. Bao khani, To live in pleasure. and enjoyment; to court one's inspirations, i. e. to protract a miserable existence. Bao bandi, s. f. Sophistry, exaggerated panise of a worthless being. Bao bandhaa, To prevail over an adversary by flattery or invective without argument. Bao bhari khal, Of light estimation. Bao sarns, Wind being discharged backwards.

बावग s. m. Seed-time.

बावगीसा s. m. The colic, flatulency.

वायमक adj. A prattler, trifling वायमक talker, babbler.

ৰাবহা s. m. A flag or banner, a sort of armlet worn by females.

बावकी s. f. A large well.

The fifth supposed incarnation of Vishau in the form of a dwarf.

बावन adj. Fifty-two.

बावना adj. Dwarfish.

बात्रवतास s. f. Possession by a demon or devil, misfortune, calamity.

बाबरा adj. Mad, insane, crazy.

बावरी s. f. A large well.

बावला adj. Mad, insane, crazy.

बारबी s. f. A large well into which

people descend by steps to get water; the drag (thing or animal with which hawks, dogs. &c. are taught to hunt); a trick. Baoli dena, To initiate, to train.

बावसेना s. m. Name of a defect in horses. बावसच s. m. The colic.

वाज्ञान s. f. The female of a kind of hawk or falcon.

बास s.m. Abode, residence. s.f. smell, scent, odour.

बासक । s. m. The chief of serpents, बासको । which is fabled to support the universe, and which was used as a string to whirl the mountain Mandara in churning the ocean for the amrita, &c.

कारन s. m. A basin, plate, dish, goblet, pot, &c.

नासना s. f. Desire, inclination, choice. v. s. To scent, to perfume.

बासर s. m: A day.

नांचा ड. m. Lodging, abodé, dwelling, temporary residence.

(used substantively) Inhabitant; as Ban basi, Inhabitant of the woods.

Basi karna, To make stale, to vomit.

animal or other conveyance on which a person rides.

weapon; to comb (the hoir).

बाहर है adv. Without, out, outside, बाहर है abroad, away. adj. Foreign.

exercise, &c.)

anfact adj.' Outward, outer, outside, extraneous, foreign; stranger, foreigner.

बाह s. f. An arm,

बाहुज s. m. Sesaman growing wild or spontaneously.

arrest s. f. The name of a river, said to arise in the snowy chain of the Himalaya, and probably the modern Behat, the classical Hydaspes.

बाहुस्या s. f. An armlet, an ornament worn round the upper arm.

वर्म्स s. m. The arm-pit.

बाह्युव s. m. Close fight, personal struggle, boxing, wrestling.

बायुक्त s.m. Plenty, abundance, quantity. विकास s.f. Supper.

larly vegetables dressed with clarified butter, &c. and added to flesh or fish; (in grammer) a consonant.

विहास s. f. A medicinal herb.

Fig. m. The name of a tree bearing a red fruit ( Monordica monadelpha, or, Byronia grandis ).

चित्रना v. To curdle (as milk) to spoil.

fram adj. To be sold, saleable, for sale.

विषय odj. Difficult ; terrible.

fame v. n. To be sold, to sell. Bik jana (met.) To be dependent on, tobe obliged.

विक्रम s. m. Power, strength.

विकराद र विशेष्ट Terrific, ugly.

ৰিশ্বল adj. Restless, uneasy, troubled: বিজ্ঞান v. n. To blow or expand ( as a flower ); to be delighted, to smile.

विकसित adj. Expanded, blown ( 68 a flower); delighted.

ৰিবাজ adj. Baleable, for sale.

বিকাশ্ v. n. To sell.

from its original state, deterioration; disease.

funte s. m. Afternoon.

विकाय s. m. Sale, vent.

निकास s. m. Shining, blooming, expansion, display; pleased, happy, delighted.

ৰিলী s. m. A partner ( at play, yc. ).
বিলী s. f. Sale.

বিশ্ববা v. n. To be scattered, dispersed or dishevelled; to become angry. বিশ্ব s. f. Stink, fetor.

fanger v. n. To be spoiled, damaged or marred, to fail of success, miscarry, to quarrel, disagree, be at variance, be enraged.

बिनहों s. f. Spoil, damage misunderstanding between friends, war, battle. बिनित s. m. Badness.

বিশহা s. m. A quantity of land containing twenty katthas or 120 squar feet.
বিশায় s. m. Violation, difference, quarrelling, discord, misunderstanding, damage, injury. Bigár karna, v. a.
To quarrel to forfeit friendship.
Bigár par and, v. n. To be ready to quarrel.

विनाइना v. s. To spoil, mar, damage, injure, ruin, bungle; to cause misunderstanding between friends.

विवासू s. m. Spoiler, injurer, destroyer. विवोदा v. o. To destroy.

विनोगा v. a. To decry, vitiate, ruin, destroy.

ৰিষ্ট s.m. Battle, quarrel, strife.

fact s. m. Hinderance, stop, prevention, interruption.

fas adv. In, among, between.

বিশ্বকা v. n. To be disappointed; to be balked; to sprain; to run away, to retreat; to withdraw a consent which has been given.

বিৰক্ষা s. m. An ornament worn in the anterior lobe of the ear.

नियमाना ए. त. balk, disappoint, to: break one's promise.

विषरना v. n. To roam, to saunter.

বিশ্বস্থান v. n. To turn, to bend, slip, break one's promise, infringe.

কিব্যুক্তি ৪. m. A mediator, inter-কিব্যুক্তি poser, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

eontrivance, judgment, opinion, thought, apprehension, will.

विचारक part. act. Investigator, judge, inspector.

विचारत part. Reflecting, thinking.

think, investigate, comprehend, apprehend, conceive, judge.

विचारा adj. Poor, mild, meek, innocent. विचायो s.f. Straw.

ৰিখিন adj. Variegated, various; won-বিশীলিয়া s.m. A mediator, interposer, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

free s. m. A scorpion, the sign Scorpio of the Zodiac.

विक्रमा । v. n. To separate, to be

बिळ्डाव s. m. Separation.

विक्ना v. n. To be spread, to spread.

विकर } s. m. Fan, punkah, ehowrie.

विक्राइट s. f. Separation.

ৰিছলা ৈ v. n. To be senarated, to same separate, to slip, slide, to slip out of place, to sprain, to turn away the face.

विक्यामा v. o. To cause to spread.

ৰিকাৰা s. m. A stinging nettle ( Urtico interrupto).

विका देना v. a. To separate, (metonin) to knock down, to drub.

विकाना v. a. To spread, to extend.

विकिथा Ornament or ring worn on the toe.

विक्षण्या v. n. To separate, to be sepa-

विक्षा s. m. A sort of dagger; an ornament worn on the toes.

विक्री प्रमा v. d. To separate.

াৰজাভ & s. m. Separation, absence.

विद्योग है s. m. Bedding, bed clothes, विद्योग है bed, carpetting.

विजना 8. m. A fan.

ৰিজ্জী s. f. Lightning; a thunderbolt. বিশাষত s. m. A bracelet worn on the arm, an armlet.

विकार adj. Sick, indisposed.

बिजाबा बकें. Seedy, turned to seed.

विविद्या s. f. Hemp ( Cannabis sativa ).

Fig. s. m. Triumph. Bijoyd-dasmi (the victorious tenth), The tenth of Aswin shukla-paksha, the anniversary of Ram's victory over Ravan.

विजेवी adj. Conqueror, vanquisher.

ৰিদীৰ s. m. Separation, absence, ( especially of lovers). adj. Separate, parted.

ৰিন্দীনী s. f. An unfortunate, or miserable person,

विभावना v. n. To be alarmed.

विकासाना v. a. To frighten, to scare, to alarm.

fazu s. m. A tree.

बिटना 8. m. A son.

बिटाना v. c. To scatter, sprinkle,

बिटिया s. f. A daughter.

विटोना v. o. To scatter, sprinkle. s. m. A son.

बिटीमा s.f. Little child.

बिटोरा s.m. A heap of the cakes of dried cow-dung.

बिटबाना । v. a. To cause to sit down, बिटबाना । to seat, set, settle.

विडवना है ए. o. To jeer, ridicule, sati-

विक्रा v. a. To scatter, strew, spread.

বিস্তাংশা v. a. To drive away, to turn away.

fact s.f. Pulse (of wrd or mung) fried in oil or ghi, and dried in the sun, used as condiments.

बिड्बना v. d. To earn, to acquire.

fun s. m. Wealth, substance, thing; ability, power, means.

बितना v. s. To pass.

alms.

बितरच s. m. Giving charity, donation, बितरना v. a. To bestow.

विवास s. m. Awning, canopy.

बिताना v. a. To pass.

बिलोत adj. Passed, gone.

fatt s. m. Wealth, substance, thing; ability, power, maans.

विता s. m. A span.

ৰিবিলা s. m. A dwarf (s. e. a. spen high) ( ৰিবিল্বা v. n. To be astonished, terrified.

विचरना । v. n. To be scattered, to be agrend.

विधराना v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle. विधा s. f. Pain, affliction, distress.

বিধাৰো v. s. To cause to scatter, to cause to sprinkle.

वियारी s. f. Cleansing the warp.

विष्या v. n. To be scattered, to be sprinkled, to be spread.

dren in play endeavour to throw balls.

or marbles.

with silver; used to make hukka bottoms, cups, &c. and, so called from Bider, the name of a city and province.

बिदा s. f. Dismission; taking leave, farewell, adieu bida karns, To bid farewell, to dismiss.

বিহাৰে s. m. Tearing, rending, breaking, cleaving, splitting, severing, dividing. विदारना s. o. To tear, read.

factor v. a. To turn the plough over a field after the seed is come up, to plough immediately after sowing for the purpose of covering the seed; to harrow.

विद्वन s. m. Coral, tree. [country. विशेष s. m. A foreign country, another विदेशों कहीं, Foreigner.

बिहोरमा ज. ज. To screw; to mock at, to laugh at, to ridicule.

ৰিআ s. f. Science, knowledge, intellect. বিআৰৰ s. m. A sort of demigod or attendant in the celestial courts.

विवादी s.m. A student.

विचावान adj. Scientific, learned.

विदान adj. Learned in the Beds.

Name of Brahma, providence.

বিষ্ণ ই s.m. Anersion, enmity, dis-বিশ্ব ত respect.

विधना v. n. To be pierced or perforated. विधना t. f. A widow.

विश्ववा s. m. The Deity.

নিমানা s. m. He who has predestinated, i. s. the deity Brahma; Providence.
বিধান s. m. Common practice, precept,
direction

विवाद 8. f. Perforation.

चिवास s. m. Non-existence, annihilation, slaughter.

han alv. Without, except, unless:
han not. Bin-jane, Without
knowing, unwittingly. Bin-dane
pani, Without eating and drinking.
Bin mare tauba karna, To fear
without a cause.

Fardi s. f. A request, solicitated,

जिनमा To be picke i. weave.

ৰিপনাই s. f. Price paid for weaving.

विभम s. f. Supplication, entreaty. modesty, courtesy. [perish.

विनसना v. n: To spoil, deteriorate.

चिना adv. Without, except, unless, not.

विनार है कि f. Weaving.

विभावक Gonesh, a kind of demon.

विनास s: m. Annihilation, disappearance, destruction. [ land.

ৰিণীলা v. a. To adore. venerate, revere, বিণীলা s. m. The seed of the cotton tree (It is said to be very fattening foodfor estile). Binoula chebra, To say unpleasant things.

ৰিবাৰী s. f. Hail ( of & small kind ). বিবা s. f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

ৰিব ৈ f. A spot, a dot, a mark; বিবী the det over the letter representing the nasal termination.

ৰিন্দু s. m. A drop, a spot, speck. বিন্দুৰেন s. m. A certain forest where Krishna was educated.

his o. a. To siting, bite, v. a. To be bored or pierced.

विश्वाचन s. m. Mountains.

fun v. o. To knit; to weave. v. n. To be iced.

विषय s. f. Adversity, calamity, misfortune, distress.

विषया v. a. To attack, to assault.

Mischief, ruin.

विषिन है .m. Forest, wood.

faga odj. Sufficient, plenty.

विकारणा v. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, pert.

विमे s. m. Thursday.

furc Hole, bill.

विवराना Spreading hair in joint state.

विकासी s. f. Died, full paid.

निवाद Dispute, quarrel.

বিশিক্ষ s. m. Retired place, solitude.

fafaw adj, Several kinds.

বিশলৰ } s. m. Breaking, destroying.

विभंचार **है** 8. m. Falut.

fana s. m. Power, wealth, property.

বিস্কি s. m. Majesty, dignity, glory, ashes.

विमान } adj. Step-mother.

विमक adj. Clean.

বিদাৰ s. m. A car or chariot of the gods (sometimes serving as a seat or throne and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving).

line adj. Having the face averted, turned from, averse.

fau s. m. Seed.

विद्यान s. m. Interest.

विश्वज्ञ m. a. Money man giving for interest.

विवारी s.f. } Supper.

facts s. m. Marriage. Biyáh karna, To marry. Biya-ruchana, To celebrate a marriage. Biya-lana, To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

वियादता f. adj. Married.

faster s. m. Marrying, marriage, to marry, Biyahan jog, adj. Fit for marriage, marriageable.

age, to marry. [lovers ).

बियोग s. m. Separation, (especially of बियोगी s. m. A lover suffering the pain of absence.

ৰিব্ৰি Brahma.

बिर्दत e. m. A kind of fakir who has relinquished the world. odj. Wear-ried, disgusted.

विर्युत्त s. m. Flour made from the fruit of the ber ( Rhamnus jujuba ).

fৰ্থনা v. To make, compose.

बिरत s. m. Desisted, stopped.

बिरता s. m. Substance, shility, power.

विरति ...f. Slopping, desisting.

fatal s. m. Name of a plant ( a species of Panicum ).

fate adj. Having no car or chariot.

fate s. m. Fame, reputation, panegy; rick.

बिरदावली s. m. Repute, Fame.

बिरनी s.f. A wasp ; a small grain. बिरनना v. n. To stop, to remain, to

delay. बिरमाना v. s. To stop; to tame, to reduce, to obedience, to allure.

fatal adj. Scarce, uncommon, rare, wonderful; delicate, fine.

fara | s. m. A plant, a tree.

बिर्वा & m. A plant, a tree.

factive s. f. An orchard, Birwahi karna, Tomake an orchard; to enclose with a hedge.

विरसना v. n. To stay, to remain.

facts.s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

pangs of absence in love, (a female lover) separated from the object of her affection.

sence, especially the separation of lovers; a kind of song peculiar to washermen.

विरिषया adj. Amorous, sensual, suffering the pangs of absent love.

farsi s. m. Suffering the pangs of absence in love, separated from one's love.

विराजना v. m. To be conspicuous or splendid; to enjoy one's self; to live in health, ease, content, and independence.

facts s. m. The embodied spirit. s. prop. Name of a sovereign.

विराजा adj. Strange, foreign; belonging to another. v. a. To mock.

विराज adj. Uneasy, unquiet, agitated.

विरायमा v. s. To vex.

विदिष्ण s. f. Time.

बिर्वा s.f. Time, space of time.

विरोजा s. m. Galbanum.

विवर्देत s. m. Reputer, one who makes reputation.

face adj. Opposite, opposed to, contrary to; against.

Birup hona, To be disgraced.

বিংবিৰ s. m. Separation, absence.

বিংনিৰ adj.f. Separated, distressed from separation.

বিবাস s. m. Enmity, quarrel, contention, dispute, contrariety, opposition.
বিবাসী saj. Quarrelsome.

fee } s. m. A hole, burrow.

বিষয়না v. n. To sob, to cry violently (as a child); to long for, to desire eagerly.

বিষয়বা v.a. To see, to look at, to perceive, to behold. v. n. To be displeased.

fact adj. Separate. s. m. Separation, disunion, difference. Bilag marna, v. n. To be displeased, to be angry or offended.

विवयमा v. n. To separate, to be separated; to curdle, to turn (as milk).

विस्ताका v. s. To separate, to disjoin.

विश्वनाव s. m. Separation.

বিৰস্থা v. c. To climb, to ascend.

বিষ্যাত. a. To extract, to select (as passages from books), to pick.

বিদায়ৰা v. a. To become bad.

বিশ্বনী s. f. A stye or stithe, the disorder in the eyelids.

বিশ্ববিদ্যাল v. n. To be restless, to be tormented with pain, to complain, from pain or grief, to lament, to blubber.

faux s. m. Delay, procrastination, tardiness.

বিজ্ঞানা v. n. To stay, tarry, delay. বিজ্ঞান s. m. A he-cat; a kind of cloth.

विववाका v. n. To lament.

विकास adj. Foolish, simple, silly.

विवसना To be pleased, to be satisfied, to be delight.

विकास 8. f. A span.

चित्रक इ.m. Settlement, regulation.

faurt s. m. A kind of basket (long and narrow) generally used for holding pan.

विषयो s. f. A ladle for taking out oil; a small basket for holding betel-leaf.

facilits. f. A she cat; a grater for scraping pumpions, &c.

ৰিবাইনহ s. m. Name of a medicine.

विखाद s. f. A span.

family v. n. To vanish, to retire, to be lost v. s. To cause to vanish, to dissipate, to dispose of, to distribute.

विश्वाप s. m. Lementation, a complaint. विश्वापना v. n. To lament, to be wail. विकार } s.m. A male cat.

विखायल s. f. Name of a ragini.

विवास s. m. Pleasure, delight.

विजासी adj. Voluptuous, addicted to pleasure.

विखोकना v. a. To see, look at, behold.

बिलीना र v. s. To churn.

विज्ञा } s.m. A male cat.

विज्ञाना v. n. To weep or complain from grief or pain.

fam s.f. A she-cat; the bolt of a door, a bar.

विश्वीकीटन s. m. Valerian.

বিষদী s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. adj. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

ৰিম্ম s. m. Particular, circumstance. adj. Peculiar, special, particular, abundant. adv. Particularly, specially.

विभेषता s. f. Abundance.

ৰিমীৰ adj. Free from grief or sorrow, happy.

विशास adj. Rested, reposed.

ৰিমানি s. f. Rest, repose, cessation, from toil or occupation.

विशास s. m. Rest, ease, repose, pause, a stop, a pause in writing Bishram lena, To rest, to repose, to pass the night (particularly used by wandering fakirs).

विष है s. m. Poison, venom; (met.) it is sometimes applied to bitter thing Bikhdhar. A snake.

plant (Trianthems pentandrs).

विषयोपरा s. m. The name of an animal of the lizard kind, about a yard long, and aid to be venomous (Lacerta iguana).

difficult, bad, afflictive. Bisam-jwar, s. m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

विषय है s. m. An objects of sense, any thing perceivable by the sen-s es; as, colour, sound, odour, flavour, and contact; an affair, matter, &c.

बिषयो } ady. Sensual, worldly.

विषया } adj. Venomous (as reptiles).

विषेता } adj. Venomous.

विष्टी 8. f. Rain.

বিষ্যা*ঃ. f*. Ordure.

The Deity in the character of preserver.

निष्यह s. m. A particular song in the name of Vishnu.

विषान्तर s. m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

বিষয়বা s. m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianthema pentandra).

निसंचीपरा s. m. The name of an animal of the lizard kind, about a yard long, and said to be venomous (Lacerta ignana).

विसन s. m. Evil, fault ; desire, lust.

विसनपद ) s. m. A habit of indulging विसनपन ) desire.

विसनी s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. adj. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

विश्वविद्याना v. n. To yield a sound as in the fermentation of putrefying vegetables or of vinous liquors.

विसमार s. m. The name of a bush.

विसरना v. Forgetting.

निसराना v. n. To forget, to cause to forget, to mislead.

विश्वानां v. n. To forget, to be forgotten.

59-- xe

विवास है. f. The name of the 16th mansion of the moon.

विशास s. f. Means, capital stock, estate. विशासी s. m. One who sells every kind of things, a pedler, a haberdasher.

विशाप } s. f. Fetor, fetidness, stink.

fants s.f. An offensive smell (ss of fe, onions, &c.)

विद्याना v. a. To purchase.

विसारण v. a. To forget.

विसाल adj. Great, large.

faur s. f. Purchase.

विशाहन v. a. To buy, to purchase.

विस्नां v. n. To cry slowly, to sob.

क्रिका odj. Venomous.

copiousness, prolixity, diffusion.

faure v. a. To spread out, to extend, to diffuse.

विकार्या } s.f. A lizard.

विष्ण s. m. A seed.

बिडनैर s.f. A seed-plot, nursery ( for plants ).

विष्णे s. f. Thursday.

come with fear or agitation, beside one's self, unable to restrain one's self.

भिष्या v. a. To rejoice, to take pleasure. v. a. To enjoy, to take pleasure in, to rejoice, to delight.

ertain sum, assessment, quota, rate, share.

faut s. f. A spirit supposed to tease infants by whispering alternately sad and pleasing things in their ears which is the cause of their laughing and crying when asleep or awake.

विद्वान s. m. Name of a ragini.

विशान s. m. Morrow, morning.

विश्वास v. n. To spend or pass (the time). विश्वास adv. Early, soon.

sport. Bihar-asthal, Place of amusement. n. prop. Name of a province.

ment. n. prop. Name of a province. विश्वारी adj. Sportive. n. prop. A name of Krishn, also name of a Hindu poet.

A vocative particle used in speaking to women; Lady. cony. Alse, even.

बीं खा s. m. A roll of paper.

बीधवा v. a. To bore.

बीपड़ s.f. Seed bed, seed-plot.

की घर s. m. A hole (of a make, rat fc.) दोख s. m. A wolf,

and s. m. A quantity of land containing twenty katthas or 120 feet square. And adv. In, into, among, between, during. s. m. Middle, midst, centre; difference; quarrel, hestility. Bich ki anguli, s. f. The middle finger. Bich parns, v. n. To differ, to raise a quarrel between. Bich bich. o, Mediation, interposition, arbitration. Bich bichso karns, To mediate, interpose. Bichon bich, s. m. The very middle, the very midst.

बीज s.m. A scorpion; the sign Scorpio. बीज s.m. Seed, sperma genitale (viriaut mulieris).

on bags to mark their contents, price, &c., a list, an invoice.

बीजना 8. m. An fan.

बीखावर खख 8, m. A forest,

बीजार adj. Seedy.

बोजी s. f. A weasel, a mongoose (Vivera Ichneumon).

नीकाना v. a. To tear up the earth with the horns; to push, to shove, to shoulder. \*\* s. f. Dung of any animal; a factitious salt containing sulphur.

बीटना v. n. To spill, to scatter.

नौडा s. m. An annular cushion put on the head to carry a pot of water on.

Aws s. m. A betel-leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam; a thong tied to the hilt of a sword by which it is retained in the scabbard, a sword knot. Bira uthana, v. a. To undertake a business. Bira dalna, To propose a premium for the performance of a task. (These expressions originate in a custom that prevailed of throwing a birs of betel into the midst of an assem-Bly, in token of proposal to any person to undertake some difficult affair then requisite to be performed; and the person who took up the betel bound himself to perform the business in question).

ৰীৰ s. f. A kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

बीखा s. m. A roll of paper.

बोतना v. तः. To pass, to come to pass, happen, befall.

कीन s. f. A kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

नीनडी s. f. The hair twisted or plaited behind; a tail.

बीन्धमा v. a. To bore:

बीबी s. f. A lady, a wife:

नीमा s. m. Insurance.

worn in the ear. s. f. A tusk; a sister. adf. Brave.

बीरता s. f. Prowess, valour.

बीरन s. m. Brother.

नीरबहुटी s. f. A small insect [with a back red and soft like yelvet, scarletfly, or lady-fly. preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam.

spices, &c.; the colour which adheres to the lips from chewing betel a composition which being rubbed on the teeth stains their interstices of a red colour.

ৰীঅ s.m. Seed; sperma genitale (viri aut mulieris); power, strength.

बीस adj. Twenty. [nails.

बोसा s. m. A dog which has twenty बोसी s.f. A measure of grain. adj.
Twenty, a score.

बुदा s. m. A point, a dot.

बुंदिया s.f. A kind of sweetmeat like drops.

बुदेवा s. m. A Rajput of Bundelkhand

न्यत हैं 8. m. A claws

बुबनी 8.f. Powder.

बुक्त बाना v. n. To talk incoherently toone's self, to act or talk foolishly.

बहा 8. m. Handfull:

shoulders under the armpits and tied behind; a handful. Bukki marna, To pass a cloth under the armpits and tie it behind.

कुजना s. m. At cloth used by menstruous women, a pessary:

बुजदा s. m. A vessel for warm water. बुज्जा v. n. To be extinguished, to be put out, to be quenched (thirst), toto damped or dejected (the spirits, &c.)

comprehend, to demonstrate, to push as with argument, to persuade, assure, instruct, signify, to cause to believe.

बुड़ाना v. a. To cause to sink.

ब्रुटा adj. Old.

ब्दमस adj. Affecting in old age, the manners of youth.

नुमा

बुद्दा adj. Aged.

बुड़ापा s.m. Old age.

बढ़िया s. f. An old woman.

on the ears.

and s. m. A hazard table; a blow with the first.

ज्ञाना v. a. To extinguish.

ৰুষা s.m. Overreaching, fraud, trick, take in. Butta dena, To overreach.

s.m. A wise or learned man, a sage; the planet Mercury; Wednesday; the ninth Avatar or Hindu incarnation and the apparent founder of the religion of the Buddhas.

understanding, intellect, discretion.

ब्राह्मत् adj. Wise, intelligent.

ब्राज्यमत् adj. Wise, learned; famed known,

ब्राज्यान् इ. m. के बिनान् इ. m. के ब्रोज्यान् इ. m. के ब्रोज्यान् इ. f. के ब्रोज्यान् स्थानिक स्थानि

बहिडीन adj. Ignorant, silly, a fool.

ब्दिहीनता 8. f. Folly, ignorance.

बुद्दीन्द्रिय s. m. An organ of intellect, as the mind, eye, ear, nose, tongue and skin.

ब्रुब्ह s. m. A bubble.

बुद्बदाना v. n. To mutter, to grumble. बुप s. m. The son of the moon, and regent of the planet Mercury, with whom he is identified; a wise or learned man, a sage.

सुधवन s. m. A wise man.

water s. m. Wednesday.

अधिस vdj. Known, understood.

Mal v. q. To weave, to intertwine.

बुभुचा s.f. Hunger.

बुभवित adj. Hungry.

बुर s. f. Pudenda fæminæ.

बुरबोला adj. Scurrilous.

ब्रमसिया adj. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth.

बरला s. m. A wasp.

To take amiss or ill or as an affront, to be displeased or affronted. Buralagna, v. n. To be unpleasant.

edness. Burai par uthna, or Burai par kamar bandhna, To resolve on mischief.

ब्रुंड. m. A cable.

स्जरी s.f. A term of abuse ( applied to a woman).

sets. f. A term used at chess when the king only, on one side, remains on the board; (hence also) an opportunity of making some acquisition.

बुद्धां वर्ता. Wicked, bad.

बुख s. f. Padenda fæminæ.

ब्बर्खा s. m. A bubble.

ब स्वताना v. o. To cause to call or to send for. [nose.

ब्साब s. m. An ornament worn on the ब्साबा v. c. To call, invite, bid.

ब जा भेजना v. a. To send for.

बुकाकाना v. c. To summon.

states s. f. Calling, call, a summone, bidding.

बहा s. m. A bubble.

ब इनी s. f. Handsel, first sale,

बुक्री & f. Fried or parched barley.

बुद्धारन s.f. Sweepings.

बुहारका v. a. To sweep.

बुहारी s. f. A broom.

geies. m. A sweeper.

au s. f. A sister; an aunt by the father's side.

बूद s. f. A drop. Bund ki bund, Rectified, twice distilled ( spirit, &c. ).

बूंदा s m. A large drop. Bunds bands, Small and interrupted dropping of rain.

ब्दी s. f. Drops of rain; name of a place; a kind of sweetmeat.

ब्रुवना v. a. To reduce to powder, to powder, pulverize, grind.

a s. m. Powder; small pearls.

विषया v. n. To sit in a confined posture, to crouch.

बुचा s. m. } adj. Ear-cropt, without

बुक s. f. Understanding, comprehension, thought.

hend, think.

क्षारं s.f. Teaching, instruction.

s. m. A kind of pulse, chick-pea
 (Cicer arietinum).

vorked on cloth or painted on paper, &c.), a bush, a shrub. Buta-kadd, Is applied to describe the small stature and exquisite proportion of a beloved person. Bute-dar, Flowered (cloth).

ब्टी s.f. Drugs; flowers or springs (on muslin).

to drown, to dip.

वृद्ध मरना v. n. To be drowned, to drown. वृद्धि s. m. A diver.

s.f. A point of a spear; a spike in the end of a staff.

बुता s. m. Strength, power, abilitp.

India) a lady, a favourite concubine or one of superior rank.

W adj. Barren (land), s. f. Chaff,

husk. Bur ka laddu, A sort of sweetmeat made with the husk of grain. (The confectioners arow the sition and cry out to passengers, "you will repent if you eat it, or regret not tasting it, Hence great men are sometimes called Bur ka laddu, when they make a practice of encouraging theirdependants to hope, but do nothing for them at last, as doncing atlendance on them and neglecting them are each likely to produce regret. The term also means any person or thing, which is fair without and foul within, or that promises well but turns out ill); a well-looking, but stupid fellow.

ब्रा s. m. A coarse kind sugar; sawdust; powder.

बंद s. m. A heap, a multitude, a quantity, an aggregation.

Figs. s.f. A plant worshipped by the Hindus commonly called Tulosi (Ocymum sonotum, or sacred basil: this shrub is said to be a female metamorphosed; the circumstance however is variously told).

ত ব্যবস s. m. Name of a place in the vicinity of Mathura, and the scene of Krishna's sports with the Gopis; a wilderness of Tulesi trees.

5 € 8. m. A Wolf.

se } s. m. A tree in general.

डया ødj. Abortive, vain, in vain.

st adj. Old.

B খআৰি s. m. The regent of the planet Jupiter identified astronomically with the planet: in mythology he is the preceptor of the gods; Thursday.

इस्पितिबार 8. m. Thursday.

A vocative particle used contemptuously, you fellow! you rascal! sirrah! O1 ਜੋਵ s. m. A frog, paddock, toad. ਜੋਟ s. m. A handle.

ass adj. Crooked, athwart, awry.

बंधना v. a. To plait, braid.

वेस s. m. Celerity, haste, rapidity; (adverbially) with haste, quickly, soon; dung.

देवार s. m. A person forced to work with or without pay.

नेवारो s. f. The act of pressing or forcing to work. Begari lens, To take forcibly or press, with or without pay.

वेगी ode. Quickly.

बेश s. m. A frog, paddock, toad.

बेचना v. a. To sell.

बेबू s. m. The name of an animal that feeds on carcases (Ursus Indicus)
. Indian badger).

बेसा s. m. A lutt or mark for archers. बेहा s. m. A son, a child. Beta kar lena, To adopt a son.

बंडी 8. f. A danghter.

purchased is folded up, to which the purchaser is entitled; packcloth, wrapper.

बेड़ s. m. An enclosure. Ber bandi karna, To enclose a field.

which is floated by the Mahomedans in honour of (Khweja Khizr. (Besides the anniversary bera offered to propitiate him, hundreds of smaller ones with lamps may be seen on Thursdays of the month Bhadon particularly, which are offered by the Mahomedans to this saint). Bera par karna, or lagana, To relieve from distress, to remove difficulties, to help one through a business (lit. to ferry over a raft), Bera par hona, To obtain

deliverance from misfortune or distress, to succeed.

वेड्या s. m. The name of a caste of Hindus; dimin. of bers.

criminals, elephants, &c.), fetters; a lasket used to irrigate fields with.

बेहना v. a. To enclose with a fence, tosurround; to pound ( cattle, &c.); todrive away cattle.

बेडा adj. Crooked. s. m. Paling, railing.

वेष } s.f. A ffute, pipe, fife.

वंत s. f. A cane, a ratan (Calamas rotang).

be occupied and animated by an evil' spirit; name of a demon.

aggregate. The original Ved is believed by the Hindus to have been revealed by Brahma, and to have been preserved by tradition until it was arranged in its present order by a sage, who thence obtained the surname of Vyas or Vedvyas, that is, compiler of the Veds. He distributed the Indian sacred books into four parts, which are severally entitled. Rig. Yajush, Sam and Athvar; and each of them bears the common name of Ved.

ेदन } s.f. Pain sickness, ache.

बेदवा s. m. A reader of the Veds.

बेदान s. m. The name of particular Hindu philosophical system.

बेदानी s.m. One who is conversant in the Vedent system.

बेरिका s. f. An altar, platform.

बेदी अ.f. An alter.

dy s. m. Bore, crack, hole.

वेग्ड्य } adj. Without fear or doubt, वेग्रुवा } fearless.

केषना v. a. To pierce, to perforate, to bore.

बेषिया र्ड. m. A borer, one who per-बेभी forates gems, &c.

येन s. m. A flute, pipe, fife.

ৰণা s. m. Name of a grass, Khas ( Andropogon muricatum ); a fan.

बेनी s.f. The hair twisted behind.

बेंद s. f. A sort of grass.

ৰ নাম s. f. A step-mother. Bemot bhai, A brother born of a different mother by the same father, a half-brother by the father's side.

\*\* s. m. The name of a fruit, that of the jujube ( Zizyphus jujube ); also the name of the tree. s. f. Time, turn, bout, vicissitude, delay, while.

बेस्बेर adv. Often, frequently, over and over, repeatedly, again and again.

बेरी s. f. The tree of Zizyphus jupuba. बन s. m. The name of a fruit (Cro-

two or Eagle marmelos) s. f. A creeper, climber; tendril (of a vine); descendants, offspring.

बेलन s. m. A rolling pin.

ने सना s. m. A rolling pin. v. s. To spread out, to laminate.

बेजनी 3. m. A branch.

बेखदा s. m. A shrub, bush or creeper : flowers (on cloth).

shrub (Jasminum zambae); a cup; an instrument of music resembling a fiddle.

ब्रींच } s.f. A creeper, climber; ten-बेचो } dril (of a vine).

वेच् Rolling.

बेजी adj. Dispirited, heartless.

बेनपारी s. m. A merchant.

बेनरा s. m. Difference, distinction; account, explanation, history, detail

of circumstances, an account of particulars or detailed account (in book-keeping).

बैकरिकार adv. Explicitly, distinctly.

वेव इर s. m. A loan.

बेदणरा s. m. A creditor, a lender.

बेक्टर 8. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.

बेबान s. m. The vehicle or self moving ear of a Hindu deity; a Hindu bier.

वेसन s. m. The flour or meal of pulse particularly of Chuna, Cicer arietinum).

बेसनी adj. Made of or mixed with besun. बेसनीटी s. f. A cake made of pease-meal. बेसर s. m. The small ring worn in the nose. [nisus].

बेसरा s. m. A kind of falcon (Falco

बेसा } s. f. A courtezan, harlot, बेसा } prostitute.

चे इ.m. A hole, a perforation.

ने इड़ adj. Uneven, abrupt, rugged.

ৰ ছিলা s. m. A comber, a carder (of cotton).

चैनन s. m. The egg-plant ( Solamum melongens ).

ब गनी | adj. Purple (the colour of the ब जनी | Solannum melanyena).

बैटा s. m. The handle of an axe or hatchet.

बैंदा s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the *Hindus*.

बें हो s. f. An ornamental circlet made with a coloured earth or unguent on the forehead and between the cyebrown; an ornament worn by woman on the forehead.

बैदाल s. m. Afternoon.

ने बंड s. m. A name of Vishnu; the heaven or paradise of Vishnu.

क्षेत्र s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

में ननी s.f. A sort of wood.

बेखनी s.f, A flag or standard; the stindard of Vishnu.

worn by Vishnu in his several forms, and composed of the following jewels, produced from the five elements of nature; namely, the sapphire, from the earth; the pearl from water; the rubby, from fire; the topaz, from air; and the diamond, from space or other.

A seat, a place where people meat to sit and converse, a bench. s. f. Act or state of sitting, sitting; a kind of exercise.

ৰ'বন v. n. To sit, to be unemployed or idle; to ride (on a horse); to visit a person in grief for the purpose of condolence; to sit in dharna, or as a dun.

बैडवां adj. Flat.

बैठा s. m. A paddle.

बैहाना है v. a. To cause to sit down, seat, set, settle, place, station, apply, plant, casm, becalm,

word, speech.

मेतरणो s. f. A river, according to the Hindus, which is to be crossed by the dead on their way into the world of spirits, like the Styx of the ancients; a river in Orisso.

बैतरा s.f. Dry ginger.

ats. m. A. physician.

बेह्स s. m. The practice or science of physic.

बेहिन s. m. A Brohman well versed in the Ved.

word, speech.

बैना s, m. An ornament worn on the forehead.

चैना e. m. Sweetmeats, cakes. &c. distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

ৰীৰা s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the *Hindus*.

बे ही s. f. An ornamental circlet made with a coloured earth or unguent on the forehead and between the eyebrows; an ornament worn by women on the forehead.

चेपार s. m. Traffic, trade, business, labour.

बेपारी s. m. A merchant.

बेसाब s. m. A brother born of a different mother by the same father.

THE s.m. The name of the little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c., and which the *Hindus* teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses (*Loxia Indica*); an assizer.

वैयाकरच 8. m. Grammar.

बैयाकरणो s. m. A grammarian.

नेवान s. m. Birth, act of parturition.

Char byan gaed, A cow that has calved four times. Ek byán jamak,

Having produced two calves at a birth.

वैद्याना v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yean.

बेयाचा adj. Flatulent.

बेर s. m. Enmity, hostility, animosity, revenge. Byr lena, v. a. To revenge. बेरख s. m. Banner, ensign, colours.

बेरच s.f. A female enemy.

बैरागन s. f. A female byragi.

भेरामा s. m. A small crooked stick, or which a byragi places under his arpit to lean upon as he sits.

he who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c., a kind of wandering fakir who practises certain austerities.

वेरान्य s. m. Penance, devotion, the act of leaving the pleasures of the world. वेरी s. m. An enemy, a foe. [head. वेस s. m. A bull, an ox; (met.) a block-वेस s. m. A species of bird.

A follower of Vishnus. m.

tribes or varns; name of a tribe of Rayputs; (a prince of that tribe reigned at Dounria-Khera; his dominions which extended over a great part of Oude, on the north bank of the Ganges are still called Bys-wara); age.

चें बदर s. m. Fire, or its deity.

चैसनी s.f. A female of the Bys caste.

बैस्याङ्ग s. m. The residence of Bys, the nativity of Bys.

रेशास s. m. The first solar month of the Hindus, the full moon of which is near. Vishakha (four stars in Libra and Scorpio); April-May.

चेंसाचा s. m. A crutch; a club armed with iron; a club consecrated in the month of Bysakh.

बेसाबो adj. Growing in the month of Bysakh, or relating to that month. s.f. A large kind of Myrobalan or citron fruit; the day of full moon in the month Bysakh; the day on which the sun enters the sign Aries.

बीसाख् adj. Sedentary, idle.

ৰা পাই s. f. Sowing, the act of sowing, seed time.

বীখাৰা v. a. To cause to sow. v. a. Tò stink, to emit a smell, to smell.

बोचारा s. m. Seed time.

बोईसा s. m. A small basket. बोट s. m. A stalk.

बोक } s. m. A he-goat, a ram.

बोबरी s. f. A she-goat.

बोच s. m. An alligator. [palki. बोचा s. m. A kind of sedan, a chair बोचा s. m. A load, burthen. Bojk pakarna, To affect consequence or to give one's self airs (generally spoken in raillery). Bojka sir par kona, Is applied to a task, the performance of which is become indispensable.

बीक्षना v. a. To load; to scald or parch rice.

बीभास बोभोस } adj. Londed, heavy.

बोडी s.f. A morsel or lump of meat.

बोड्ना v. a. To cause to dive, to immerse, drown, sink.

बीखो s. f. The germ of a plant after the flower is shed.

बोतू s. m. A he-goat.

बोह्ली adj. f. A simple woman, a trollop; a woman who lives with a benuwa fakir, and dresses like a man.

बोदा बदों. Weak, faint-hearted, lowspirited.

बोध s. m. Wisdom, intellect, understanding, knowledge.

बोधक s. m. A teacher.

बोधन s. m. | Knowledge; teaching, बोधनी s. f. | informing; awakening, arousing.

बीधना v. a. To wheedle.

बोना v. a. To sow.

बोनी s.f. The season of sowing.

बीग s. m. Goods and chattels, property; a bundle. adj. Deep. s. m. Studs of golds or \ start adj. Toothless. silver.

बोरा s. m. A canvas bag ( particularly for helding two mounds of rice), a sack; a kind of bean like French beans ( Delichos catsang).

Rainbow: the name of a बोरी है, m. kind of rice which is cut in March.

बोख s. m. Myrrh; word, speech, talk, conversation; words of a song.

क्षेत्रचास s. f. Conversation, confabulation, diction.

बीसता part. act. (Used substantively), The faculty of speech; soul, life.

बीसना v. n. To speak, talk; to sound, emit sound, to articulate; to tell, to say. Bol uthna, To speak out, to exclaim. Bol chalna, To converse, speak together. Bole so bolne, To speak repeatedly.

बीवशवा s. m. A kind of benediction. Bol bale hona, To prosper.

बीबी s. f. Speech, dialect, language; conversation, talk, saying. Boli karna, To jeer, to jest.

all s. m. A creeper, a wine.

ৰীত্ৰত v. n. To intwine; (creepers or vines).

बौडियाना v. s. To twine ; to run irregufarly or in a crooked path with turvings and windings.

बीकार .. m. Driving rain, wind and rain, बीद s. m. A Buddhist.

बीना adj Dwarfish. s. m. A dwarf; the fifth supposed Avalar or incar-, nation of the deity.

बीनी s. f. A female dwarf.

adj. Mad, insane.

बौराना v. n. To be mad, to madden.

बोरापन s. m. Madness.

altri adj. Mad, insane.

बीश adj. Pocky.

बीकाई a. f. A woman afficted with venereal disease.

वावरव s. m. Grammar.

म्बाबर्षो s. m. A grammarian.

ৰাজৰ adj. Perplexed, confounded, restless, agitated (in mind), uneasy.

व्याध s. m. A hunter, a fowler.

म्याचि s. m. Sickness, disease in general. ail, ailment, pain, anguish.

स्थान s.m. Birth, act of parturition.

न्याना v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yean.

म्यापना v. a. To pervade, occupy, effect, operate, work, act, affect.

च्याल s.m. Supper.

म्बास s. m. A. celebrated saint and author, the supposed original compiler of the Feds and Purans; also the founder of the Vedants philosophy.

माइ s. m. Marriage. Byah karns, To marry. Byah rachána. To celebrate a marriage. Byoh lána, To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

च्याइन s. m. Marrying, marriage, to marry. Byahan jog, adj. Fit for 🛴 marriage, marriageable.

व्यादना o. a. To give or take in marriage, to marry. Byahi jana, To be married ( a wonian ).

ब्याइना s. f. व्याइ। s. m. } adj. Married.

च्योंबा s. m. The instrument with which leather is scraped and cleaned. Byonga phira nahin, His hide has not been carried yet (said of a spoiled child, &c, ),

जीत s. m. Shape, fashion, the act of cutting out clothes.

स्तिना v. o. To cut or shape clothes.

ब्बोपार s. m. Traffic, trade, business, labour,

भोपारी s. m. A merchant.

count, explanation, history, detail of cricumstances.

. লীমার s. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, enstom.

s. m. Name of a district, containing the several villages of Mathura, Gokal, Brindavan, &c., being about 168 miles in circumference.

wow, a religious rite or performance; use. s. f. A thong, leathern girth, rope; flaming, blazing. Brati, s. m.
One who fasts.

সহা adj. Abortive, vain, in vain. ক্ৰম s. m. A bull.

AM s. m. God; the all-pervading, the divine cause and essence of the world from which all things are supposed to proceed and to which they return: spirit, the very soul. Brahma-astral, A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Brahma, deals infallible destruction. to those against whom it is discharged. Brakma daytya, An apparition, Satan. ghost. Brahma-bhoj, Feeding of Brahmans. Brahma-rakhas, A kind of demon. Brahma-ratri, s. f. A night of Brahma, comprising a thousand ages of the gods or 216, 000, 000 of those of mortals Brahm-ish, The leavings of Brahmans. Brahm-hatya, The murder of a Brahman; sacrilege. Brohmo-hatyara, s, m, A murderer of a Brahman. Brahma-hatyari. s. f. & murderess of a Brahman.

बस्य s. m. The profession or way of life of a religious student, or Brahma-chari.

ৰক্ষথাবিধী s. f. A woman leading a life of continence,

Brahman from the time of his investiture with the sacerdotal thread, till he becomes a householder, a person who continues with his spiritual teacher studying the Ved, a pandit learned in the Veds, an ascetic; by Tantras, it is assigned to persons whose chief virtue is the observance of continence; and it is assumed by many religious vagabonds,

जन्म s. m. Second or spiriual birth, investiture.

न्यान क. prop. The Brahman.

नक्षान s. m. A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Brahma, deals infallible destruction to those against whom it is discharged.

THE 2. m. A sage, one who has spiritual wisdom.

ৰয়ায়াৰ e. m. Spiritual wisdom, divine knowledge.

suran e. m. The true knowledge of Supreme Spirit.

AMM s. m. Godhead.

ब्रह्महरू s. m. A curse, an anathems.

बच्चमा s. f. A plant (Ligusticum ajwaen). [Indica),

नमाराज s. m. The mulberry (Morus नमानिजाण s. m. Absorption into or identification with the Supreme.

Baramputer river; a place of pilgrim-

age, probably the source of the stream.

मञ्जूषी s.f. The Saraswati river.

সম্বাদ s, m. A division of the universe, the supposed eternal residence of the spirits of the pious.

ৰ্মনাহী s. m. A follower of the Vedent system of philosophy, one who maintains all things are Spirit; a defender or expounder of the Veds.

নম্মান্ত s. m. An edict or grant, &c. addressed to Brahmans.

**THEORY** adj. Of the nature of spirit, of the same essence as the Godhead,

Mul s. m. The Deity in the character of Creator, or matter personified.

The globe, the world; (in creation there are said to have been innumerable Brahmands or worlds); the top of the head.

त्रभावन s. m. The country to the northwest of Delhi, lying between the rivers Saraswati and Drishadwatti.

সমাধন s. m. A posture suited to devout and religious meditation.

FINE s. m. A man of the first Hindu tribe, a Brahman.

লামাৰী s. f. The wife of a Brahmen, a female of the Brahman caste.

ness of a Brahman, brahmanhood.

III s. m. The worship or veneration of Brahmans: astonishment.

## H

in The twenty-fourth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and aspirate of the last letter, or bh.

अंद्रवास s. m. Name of a grain, the fruit of the Koi or water lily.

भवेरी } s.f. A butterfly.

संभीरमा v. a. To bite and mumble (as at dog), to worry.

wist s. m. A whirlpool, eddy, vortex.

संबर् } s. m. A large black bee; a संबर। } climbing plant, a creeper.

अंबरचनी s. f. A collar or halter (for a dog, goat, fc.).

भंसना v. n. To float.

সাহ past tense or part. of the verd, subs. Was, became, become.

सवसी s. f. A dungeon, a dark room.

भक्षा adj. Foolish.

अक्षाना v. n. To be stupified.

भकासमा v. a. To devour, stuff; eat.

wa adj. Attached or attentive to, devoted to, engrossed by; pious, desirous, s. m. An adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zealot; a Hindu performer for ententainment, a dancer, a player. Bhakta-raj, s. m. King or lord of the devout, an epithet of the deity,

भक्तता s. f. Devotedness, implied faith in and attachment to.

नकार s. f. Faith, devotedness, religion. भित्र s. f. Religion, faith, devotedness, religion.

with s. f. Religion, faith, devotedness, attachment, desire; service, worship; belief.

भिक्तमित m. भिक्तमित m. भिक्तमित f.

সাধাৰ adj. Devoted, religious, pious.
সাধাৰ s. m. Adorer, a devotee, a votary,
a zenlot; a Hindu performer for entertainment, a dancer, a player. adj.
Pious: desirous. Bhagat khelna, v. m.
To act (a play), to imitate, to mimick. Bhagat hona, v. a. initiated as
a devotee, to be affiliated to a religious order.

भवनन s. f. Wife of a Bhagat; (ironically) a lewd woman, a prostitute, a whore.

अवसार s.f. Piety, devotion, religious-भगतिया s.m. A dancing boy.

भदन्दर s. m. A fistula (in ano).

deception. Bhagal nikalna, v. a. To affect, to play a trick, to pretend poverty.

अविद्या s. m. Trick, cheat, imposture; impostor, cheat.

भनवी बहुना s. m. False jewels, trinkets. भनवत । adj. Respectable, worshipful, भगवान । adorable, divine, glorious, illustrious. s. m. God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

भवन adj. Divine. s. m. God, the Deity. भवन s. m. Cloth dyed with geru (o kind of red chalk or ochre).

मनवान बद्धा. Divine, glorious. s. m. God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

কৰাৰা v. s. To cause to flee or escape, to cause to run away, to drive away. মৰিবী s.f. A sister.

मनीर्घ s. m. A king whose austerities, it is said, brought Ganga, the river, from heaven.

भगेल s.f. Overthrow, defeat. s. m. A runaway, a deserter.

भगोदा s. m. The reddish colour extracted from geru.

भगीड़ा } s. m. A runaway, a deserter, मन्मू } a fugitive.

भग adf. Torn, broken; overcome, defeated.

अपास adj. Disappointed.

अभी s, f. A sister.

m. Breaking, splitting; defeat, discomfiture. adj. Broken, torn, overcome; defeated.

अक्षा s. m. Name of an herb (Eclipta or verbesina prostrata).

মাসা s. f. The wife of a halallh r or sweeper; a female drinker of bhang. সম্বা s. m. A kind of fish.

अञ्चलक है है. m. Name of a bird.

সকলে s.m. A sort of fish (Cyprinus Banagana).

fraud, deception, trick, disguise. s. m.
A cast of sweepers or halokhors;
a drinker of bhang.

मद्वीरम s. f. A female seller of bhang. भद्वेरा s. m. One who sells bhang.

Bhachak rahna, To be amazed or astonished at a sudden or unexpected event.

নৰ্মনা v. n. To be astonished or সজন্ adj. Serving, waiting upon; enjoying carnally.

সক্ষণ s. m. Service, adoration, worship; a hymn; possessing or enjoying carnally. Bhajan karna, To say prayers, to worship.

भजना } v. n. To flee, to run away.

भजना v. c. To worship, to count one's beads, to adore.

मञ्जनीत s. m. A singer, an adorer.

समास adj. Who or what breaks, severs, divides, destroys, &c.

नकत् odj. Breaking, destroying.

भवन adj. Breaking, destroying ; afflicting.

भद्राका v. a. To change money.

batant; a barbarian, or outcast of a particular tribe. s. f. An oven, a furnace, a kiln; curse, misfortune. Bhat parna, v. n. To cursed, to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit. to fall into the fire).

rate s. f. Praise, panegyric, the encomiums of a Bhat or bard.

भडवर्षे हैं .f. The name of a prickly भडवरेषा क्षेत्रका plant (Solenum jacquimi). भडवर्षा v. n. To go astray, to stray, wander miss the right path, lose (the way).

भटका adj. Astray.

महचाना v. a. To mislead, bewilder, deceive, scare, cause to wander.

सटपड़ना a. n. To be curred, to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit. to fall into the fire).

महिबारपम s. m. The business of a bhatiyara.

महिवारा s. m. A sutler, an isa-keeper, one who prepares victuals for travellers in a sura.

महिवारिक है s. f. A female bhatiyara महिवारी or sutler.

मह interj. O sister!

WY s. m. A philospher, a learned man, especially one conversant with the philosophical systems; a title of Markatta Brakmans.

अद्याची s.m. The most learned of the learned.

मही s. f. A furnace, a kiln,

wer s. m. A furnace, a kiln, oven, brick-kiln.

मही s. f. A furnace, a kiln.

महियाना v. a. To go down the river; to ebb (the tide).

wisare adj. With the current, i.e. down the river and not with the flood tide. s. m. A kind of marsiya or elegiac verses sung in praise of Hasan and Husyn.

अफ्s. m. A large boat, a lighter.

अक्स s. f. Splendour, blaze, flash,

glare, show; perturbation, agitation; alarm, starting; shyness (in animals).

अकृत्यना e. n. To start, to shrink, to be scared, to be alarmed ; to be blown up into a flame.

मक्षामा v.a. To frighten, to scare, to blow up in into a flame, to kindle (a fire).

मक्कीका adj. Splendid, glittering flashy, gaudy. [untamed.

अक्षेत adj. Shy, skittish coy, witd; अक्ष adj. Simple, undesigning, silly, artless, having the quality of telling secrets without reserve.

मसमिद्धिया वर्ते. Simple, candid, without guile. [grain.

सम्प्रका s.f. A woman who parches spain.

जक्रिया s. m. A conjurer.

मक्षा s. m. A pimp, one who lives on what a prostitute earns.

wages of prostitution.

भर्ग } s.m. A tenant, a lessee.

भवन s. f. A low sound, a distant sound, hum.

मस्ति adj. Sounded, spoken, uttered. भक्षा s. m. The egg-plant Solanum

melongena ).

an actor; confusion, spoiling. Bhand hone, To be destroyed, to be speiled.

भक्त s. m. A wagtail.

মন্তবাৰ s.f. The provision which is needed for years.

sion for years.

ner s, m. A vessel, a large earthen pot. Bhanda phuina, To be disclosed (a secret).

goods are kept, a storehouse.

musici s. m. A least of Jogis, Sanny-asis, &c.

अखारो s. m. A house-steward, one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor,

भकेरिया है 8. m. An actor.

अञ्चलन s.f. An actress.

अक्टीवा s. m. Satire, ribaldry.

भइ s.f. A slap, a crash.

अद्भद् s. m. Sound made by the fall of a fruit or by the walking of a person, &c.

अद्भद्दाचा v. a. To make a sound by striking two bodies together; to strike repeatedly.

महभद्दाइट s.f. Sound made by the fall of fruits.

MEIN s. m. A crash, the noise made by any thing falling; as, Bhadak se gir para, It fell with a crash.

भद्राचा s. m. A sound.

नद्सल adj. 111-shaped, ugly, awkward, clumsy.

भद्दा a /j. Stupid, senseless, dull.

mg adj. Happy, prosperous, lucky, propitious. s. m. Prosperity, fortune, happiness; a fragrant grass (Cyperus); a wagtail. Bhadra hone, v. n.

To be clean or purified by shaving one's head and beard after mourning or in a holy place.

able; respectable, worthy, estimable; lucky, fortunate. s. m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis); a sort of pine (Pinus idevadoru). s. f. Advantage, produce; nature, genius, reason; beauty, goodness, pleasantness.

महचानी s. f. A fragrant grass (Cyperus: pertenuis, or, rotundus).

महा

नहनिषका s. f. A creeping plant ( Asclepius pseudosarsa, the norrow-leaved variety). [tirucalli).

সম্পুত্ন s. m. A sort of Euphorbia ( E. সম্পুত্ন s. m. A sort of pine ( Pinus devalaru ).

मद्रवामा s. m. The wood-pecker.

अहमदा s. f. A name given to the 26th and 27th lunar asterisms.

भद्रपर्चा s. f. A shrub ( Pæderis fætida ).

भद्रपदी s.f. A tree (Gmelina arbores); a shrub (Pederis fætida).

भद्रमुख s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus pertenuis).

মন্ত্ৰৰ । s. m. The seed of the Echiles মন্ত্ৰী | or Wrighten antidysenterics.

সম্বদ্ধা s. f. Arabian jasmine (Jasminum zambsc); the large Bengal creeper (Gaertnera racemosa).

Tth, and 12th days of the lunar month.

সমূত্রত s. m. Shaving.

NEITE s. m. One of the eighteen minor Duips or divisions of the world.

NATIVE S. m. One of the four Maha Dwips, into which the known world is divided, according to some systems; or according to another system, one of the nine Khands, or smaller divisions of the continent; in either case it is the east division.

সহায়েক s. m. A throne; peculiar posture, in which abstract meditation is performed by the devotee; the legs bent, and crossed underneath, and turned so as to bring the ancles in contact with the perincum, whilst the soles of the feet are held close to the sides.

কর্ম s. m. An astrologer, a palmister. সর্বাহনী s. f. A plant (Sida cordifolia). সৰ্বাহ্য v. n. To be enraged, to rush on with rage; to catch fire; to run with great rapidity (a horse).

সৰ্ভা s. m. An alembic, a still; a kind of drinking vessel with a large mouth.

अवदाना v. c. To kindle, light; to provoke, exasperate, enrage; to spur a horse.

भवकी s.f. Threat.

parna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

भवभख adj. Fat.

HAME s. f. Sudden bursting forth of flame; forcible expulsion of water from a fountain or pipe; smell arising suddenly.

भभवना v.n. To simmer, to bubble; to emit steam, fame, boil.

भंभर s. m. Solicitude, alarm. Bhabhar parna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

संभाग v. n. To be solicitous, to be alarmed, to be frightened.

समराना v. n. To swell (particularly the face).

adj. Bed (as a coal, sometimes applied to the splendour of a beloved person's countenance); splendid, beautiful.

अभूत s, f. Ashes of cowdung which fakirs rub over their lodies.

भनना v.n. To revolve.

अमभेरी A butterfly.

अमी s.f. Revolution, whirling, going round, wandering.

भष s. m. Fear, alarm, fright, dread, terror; the flower of the Ttaps bis-

pinosa. Bhay kkana, To be afraid, to be frightened.

चयकारक adj. Terrifying, frightening.

भवक्र adj. Fearful, formidable, frightful, horrible, terrific.

Bhaychak rahna, To be amazed or estonished at a sudden or unexpected event.

भयदणी adj. Fearful, frightful.

भयमान ady. Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid.

भयस्यान ady. Seat or part exposed to peril or hurt.

सबह s.f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

भया | part tense or part. of the verb केई /em. | subs. Was, became, become. भयातुर वर्य). Afraid, distressed or distracted with fear, terrified.

सवानक odj. Frightful, formidable, terrific, terrible, fearful, dreadful. alarming, dismal.

भवावा ) s. m. Brotherhood, friend-भवाचन ship.

भयाच ady. Frightened, afraid.

भयावना ady. Terrible, frightful. भयो part. Was, became, become.

to, whole, all, bulk, size, every, each.

As, Umar bhar, All lifetime. Kas bhar, A Kos; whereas, Bhar kos, would mean a full kos. Báns bhar, The height or length of a bamboo. Bhar makdur, or Makdur bhar, To the best of one's power, with all one's might. Ser bhar, A seer.

भरका s. m. Slaked lime.

भरकाना v. a. To slake ( lims ).

भरजाग v. n. To be filled; to be lined (a bitch); to be broken-winded (a horse from severe exercise).

Cherishing, maintaining, nourishing, supporting.

भरवी ह. र्र, The name of the second lunar asterism, containing three stars (Mosca) and figured by the pudendum muliebre.

भारत n. prop. The younger brother of Ram. Bharat khand, s. m. One of . the nine divisions of the world, between Lanka and Sumeru: India.

भरत.ह. ग. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead.

चरतवर्ष s. m. India ( Bharat, the son of Dushyantah, is supposed to have been the first emperor or monarch of all India).

अरदेना v.a. To pay; to fill, to reimburse; to darn.

भरदाज s. m. A sky-lark.

भरत adv. Up to, to, till ; filling, satisfying.

भरना v. a. To fill, load, charge, satisfy, perform, daub, pay, liquidate or discharge (a debt, fine, &c.), to undergo, suffer. v. n. To be filled, to abound, heal ( a wound ).

भरनी s.f. Weft, woof.

भेरपाना v. a. To be paid, to receive the full amount; ( met. ) it is used when a person is disappointed. Mynne bhar paya, I am paid.

नरपूर्व adj. Brimful, overflowing, quiet full, replete.

भरभराना v. n. To swell and be glossy ( particularly the face, as in fever ). मरभरी s. f. A swelling, a sore.

अरमोड s.m. The name of a prickly poppy

( Argemone Mexicana ).

नरम s. m. Error, mistake suspicion, apprehension, perplexity, doubt; credit, character, reputation. Bharam ganwana, v. a. To lose character.

भरमाना v. a. To deceive; to excite by throwing out temptation; to perplex, to alarm.

मरमी adj. Suspicious.

भरमीला adj. Ambiguous, doubtful, confounded, scrupulous.

भरवाना v. s. To cause to fill, to cause to load, to cause to charge.

भरा adj. Full, replete.

भराजा v. a. To fill; to cause to fill.

भरावट s.f. Filling, stuffing,

भरी s. f. The weight of one sicca weight or one tola.

भरेत s. m. A tenant, a lessee.

भरोसा s. m. Hope, dependance, reliance, faith assurance, confidence. Bharosa. karns, To hope to rely (on).

भत s. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead; the name of a bird-(a species of lark), a skylark.

भतों } s. m. Vegetables boiled or fried and broken in the hand. and broken in the hand.

भतिया s. m. A brasier, a worker in the metal called bhart.

भवीं s.f. Completion ; filling ; loading, lading, cargo, burden (of a ship, &c.); (vulgarly used for) promotion Bharti karna, To recruit, load.

अर्ची adj. A cherisher, nourisher, protector, holder, supporter. s. m. A. husband; a lord, master.

अव्योग s. m. Threat, menace. s. f. Reproach, abuse, cursing, reviling.

भरों s. m. A panic. Fouj men bharra para, The army was seized with a panic.

भन adj. Good, well. Bhal ghoriya, Having a good horse; cavalier. s. m. Side, direction. Sirke bhal, Headforemost, headlong.

61-€₹

NGM s. m. A gold patch fixed on the nose ring; a kind of bamboo; dawn of day.

अवता s.f. A shrnb ( Poderia fælida).

अजननसात s. f. Humanity, benignity, civility.

भवागती ह. f. Good-nature, benevolence.
भवा adj. Good, excellent, benevolent,
kind, healthy, well, virtuous, righteous, sound; strange, wonderful,
admirable, comical, droll. Bhala admi,
s. m. A person of respectability, a
gentleman; (iron.) a silly fellow.
Bhala mana. To take well.

अवादे s. f. Goodness, good health, welfare.

महाच्या adj. In good order, in health, perfect, hale, well.

जाता s. m. A bear.

সময়কী s. f. A plant (Hedysaram lagopodioides).

अविका s. f. Marking nut.

महत्त है s. m. A bear.

world; a name of Shiv. Bhaveh sagar, The ocean of the world or of existence.

place of abiding or being, scite, field, spot, &c.

स्वाधिनो s. f. The Sarju river, which runs from the Himalayah chain and falls into the Goggrah, with which it is then confounded.

अवाजो s. f. The goddess Paresti or Durgs, in her pacific and amiable form.

अभिन्द qdj. To be or become, what is to be.

अविषय अर्था. Future, what will be

witun adj. What is to be, what will be, future.

अविध्यतका s. m. A prophet, one who foretells things to come.

सर्वेदा s. m. A dancer. [lensis). समिदा s. f. A sort of beet (Bets Benga-सप s. m. Ashes.

अस्याना v. n. To fall. [veneris. असइ s. f. Pudendum, muliebre; mons असमा v. n. To float.

असभसा adj. Flabby, loose (as met.).

भस्म है s.f. Ashes.

सपाना v. s. To launce, to set affoat. समा s.f. Ashes.

wam s. m. A disease of the eyes, thickening, of the membranes, and indistinctness of vision; morbid appetite, constant crawing for food, with general decay.

अधामनी s. f. The Sisu tree, or a variety of it (Bulbergia Sisu).

भवाना s. m. Ashes.

अव्योक्रण s. m. Calcining.

भवीहत adj. Reduced to ashes; calcined (as a metal).

अस्राता v. n. To shiver, tremble, totter, stagger.

সম্ভাৱ adj. Gluttonous, voracious, gourmand; a feeder, an eater, who or what eats.

अचल 8. m. Eating.

अच्चीय adj. Eatable, to be eaten.

भवित adj. Eaten.

wen adj. Eatable.

भ न s. f. Hemp ( Cannabie satioa ), of which an intoxicating liquor is made. भाज s.f. Twist, twisting.

motion, to twist, to turn on a lather to wave to brandish; to break, destroy.

wist s. m. A sister's son, a nephew.

min s. f. A sister's daughter, a niece; interruption; hinderance; tale-bearing. Bhanji khana, v. a. To give malicious intelligence. Bhanji-khor, s. m. An interrupter, a tale bearer. Bhanji dena, or marne, v. a. To interrupt, to put a stop to, break in upon.

atz s. m. A medicinal plant (Olerodendron infortunatum; Volkameria infortanata).

मोटा s.m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongens).

an actor.

मांडमा v. a. To abuse.

equipage: Bhands phutna, v. s. To lose one's character.

मंदीर s. f. The India figtree. मार्चती s. f. Mimicry, buffoonery.

स्रोत र s. f. Manner, mode, method, स्रोत र kind, sort. Bhant-bhant, odj. Various.

कांबर है s.f. Revolution, circulation. कांबरों के Bhanwar parna; or Bhanwri phirna; v. n. To circle, to circumambulate; to be sacrificed.

wit s. m. Brother; comrade.

आरंपारा s. m. Brotherhood. fraternity, quality or property of brother.

जारेन odj. Terrible, awful.

सार्ववर s. m. Brotherhood, relations, kindred, friends, comrades.

मायही 8. f. A kiln.

wim s. m. A follower, a dependant, one to whom food is regularly given.

सातिक s. m. One who is fed by another, a dependant, a retainer.

भाषना v. a. To speak, say, tell, call. आषा s.f. Speech, language, dialect. ifate, fortune, destiny, lot, luck; a degree, the 360th part of the cirumference of a great circle; a fraction. Bang jagne, v. n. To be very fortunate or prosperous. Bhag bharosa,. Consolation.

भाग जाना v. n. To run; away, to flee, ... to abscond.

भाग s.f. Flight, a general emigration, escape, immediate danger.

भागना v. n. To flee, to run away.

भागमान adj. Fortunate.

भागनानी s.f. Good fortune, prosperity.

भागवपूरी s. m. A kind of cloth from Bhagalpur, made of silk and cetton. भागरत s. m. A celebrated poem.

भानवान adj. Fortunate, rich.

भागामान s. m. Flight, running away. भागिम s. m. A sister's son:

भावी | adj. Who or what, shares ;: भाविनी | a co-heir or heiress.

भागी s. m. A partner, sharer, participator, adj. Fortunate.

whose intercession the river Ganges, it is said, first descended from heaven.

भागीरची s.f. The Ganges.

भाष s. m. Destiny, fortune, good or ill luck.

भाष्यवन } adj. Fortunate rich.

भाग्यहोन adj. Unfortunate, wretched, poor.

cup, a plate, &c.; (in arithmetic) division. [To fry.

भाजना v. n. To flee, to run away. v. a. भाजन s.f. Flight.

भाज adj. Divisible, to be portioned or divided. s. m. A portion, a share; an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the dividend.

भाट s. m. Name of a tribe; a bard. भाटन s. f. The wife of a Bhat.

भारा s. m. A. current or stream, the ebb-tide.

भाहियाच adj. Down, below, down the river, with the stream.

नाही s.f. Down, the river, with the current.

for parching grain).

wre s. m. Hire, fare.

भाष s. m. An earthen pot; a mimic, an actor.

भारता v. a. To abuse.

estate, equipage. Bhanda phutna, v. a. To lose one's character.

आकरा s.m. A place where household goods are kept, a storehouse.

भाजारी s. m. A house steward, one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

नात å. m. Boiled rice.

भाता s. m. An extra allowance to troops on service.

সাই ৈ s. m. Name of the fifth solar month, August-September, when the moon is full near the wing of Pegasus.

भाइपेट् s. m. The month Bhadra.

ৰাহ্মধ্য s.f. A name common to the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets prior, and subsequent, or puvra and uttara.

भाजमती s. f. A female juggler, au . actress.

মানা v. n. To be approved of, to please, to suit, to fit. [woman. মানু s. m. The sun. s. f. A handsome

भातुमती adj. Beautiful, handsome. भातुनार s. m. Sunday.

with v. a. To put into circular motion, to twist, to turn on a lathe, to wave, brandish; to break, destroy.

भाष s.f. Steam, vapour, exhalation.

भाषा v. a. To conceive, guess, comprehend.

भावी adj. Future, about to be, predestined.

आभो s. f. A brother's wife.

मानिन् adj. Angry, passionate.

मानिनी s. f. A passionate woman.

a weight of gold equal to two thousand palas; weight, gravity, fagot.

so called from Bharat the son of Dushyantah, whose patrimony it was; the great sacred epic poem of the Hindus, which contains the account of Judhishthir's war.

भारताज s.m. A skylark.

भारताइ s. m. A porter, a bearer of burthens.

oommonly called Kokshi considered variously as a vegetable or mineral product.

भारा s. m. A load, burthen.

with adj. Heavy, weighty; of importance, valuable; big, great, fat, large; grave, steady, patient; strong, loud, thick burdensome, troublesome, s. m. A porter, carrier of burthens. Bharibharkam, adj. Grave, sedate, Bharipatthar chimkar chhorna, To withdraw from a difficult or impracticable undertaking.

भाषा s.f. A wife, espoused, according to the ritual of the Veds; a married woman; a musical mode, the wife

of a Deity presiding over a musical mode.

মাঝাতিৰ s. m. A henpecked, husband, one overruled by his wife. [wife. Huঠাৰ s. m. The condition or state of a মাৰ s. f. The point of an arrow; the forehead; fortune. s. m. A bear.

भाजा s.m. A spear (about seven cubits. long).

called the Rohi Cyprinus Rohita); a sort of potherb.

मासुक } s. m. A bear. मासु } s. m. A spearman.

of being, innate property, disposition, nature; meaning, purpose, intention; sentiment, passion, choice, liking. will, notion, idia; blandishment; gesticulation, acting, pantomime, expressing a meaning by signs; a sudden idea or emotion of the mind; living, being; existence, thing Bhao batana, v. a. To gesticulate.

मान s. m Price, value, rate; friendship. भाव t adj. About to be, future, predestined.

भावन s. m. The external expression of amatory sentiments ; friend, lover.

भावज s. f. A brother's wife. भावता adj. Amiable, dear, beloved.

love.

riants. m. Mental perception, recollection, the present consciousness of past ideas or perceptions; imagination; religious and abstract meditation; looking about (literally or figuratively), observing, investigating; consideration, anxiety, apprehension, contemplation, doubt, thought, concern.

भावष s.f. A younger brother's wife. भाविष adj. Natural, innate; sentimental, relating to feeling, &c. भावित adj. Animated, inspired; thought-

भि👺

ful, anxious, apprehensive, alarmed. आवी adj. Future, what will be or what is about to be, proximately future.

भावें postpos. mas. In the sentiment, perception, mind, notion or idea.

मान्य adj. What must, will, or ought to be.

भाषा s. f. Speech, dialect, language; common or vernacular speech; one of the Raginis.

भाषित adj. Spoken, uttered, said. भाषना v. n. To be known, to appear.

ungt a. m. A species of Costus (C. speciosus); a husband's elder brother.

The sun; the name of a celebrated Hindu astronomer, author of the Siddhant Shiromani and other works.

WING adj. Shining, radiant, s. m. The sun; a day; a sort of Costus (C. speciosus).

Fig. 8. f. An unfilled grain, a shrivelled grain.

भिचारी s. m. A beggar.

भिगाना } v. a. To wet, moisten, steep.

भिज्ञवाना v. a. To cause to send.

भिकाना v. c. To cause to be wet, to wet, moisten, steep; to cause to send.

भिरुको s. f. A nipple.

to join battle, to come together, to be joined, to shoulder, to join, to be placed together, touching each other, to be continuous.

নিজ্বালা v. a. To join, to place close to, to close, to cause to fight.

first s. m. A wolf.

West s. f. The name of a vegetable (Hibiscus esculentus):

fifwe. f. A wall of earth or masonry.

भिनवाग v. त. To buzz (as a fly); to be covered with flies, to swarm.

शिनशिनाणा v. n. To buzz (as a fly), to hum (as a bee, gc.)

নিশ্নিলান্ত s. f. Buzzing (of a fly), buzz; hum (of a bee).

fine adj. Separate, apart, distinct, other, different; (in arithmetic) a fraction. Bhinna bhinna, Various, one by one, severally.

মিল্ল s. m. A heterodox sectary, s Bouddh, a seceder.

निष्यगुषन s. m. Multiplication of fractions.

भिन्नचन s. m. Cube of a fraction.

भिन्नभागक्र s. m. Division of fractions.

भिन्नचत् adj. Divided, scattered.

सिम्नवन s. m. Square of a fraction.

নিয়ন্ত্ৰৰ জিল s. m. Subtraction of fraction.

নিম্বাক বিব s. m. Addition of fractions.
নিম্বাকা v. n. To have a singing in the ears, to be giddy; to sound (as shot, brass pots, &c.)

funder s. m. Dawn of day.

লিকাৰা ) s. m. A nut used for mark-নিকাৰৰ ing clothes, &c. (. Semicarpus anacardium).

দিবারী s.f. The seed of the bhitawan. দিবা s.f. Begging, asking; the thing obtained by begging, alms.

शिवापात s. m. A beggar's bowl, a vessel for collecting alms.

शिव्य s. m. A beggar.

भी conj. Also, too, even, and.

where s.f. Begging, charity, alms. Bhikh mangno, to ask alms, to beg.

भीजना । v. n., To be wet. Rat-bhigge, भीजना ) is applied to the night passing in mirth and musical entertainment. [crush.

भीषना v. a. To squeeze, compress, भीना adj. Wet, moist.

मोटा s. m. An old house, a former residence (provided some vestige remain).

बीक s. f. Multitude, crowd, mob, throng; a press of work, trouble, difficulty.

भीत adj. Afraid, frightened, fearful, timid.s.m. Fear, alarm, apprehension.s.f. A wall, or breadth of s wall, Ochheh ki prit jost balu ki bhit, The friendship of the mean is like a wall of sand (i.e. unstable).

भौतर odj. Within,

who five in a house, not strangers, domestic: men who preside at a temple (i. e. bhandori, a steward; pujari, a priest; rasoiya, a cook); those among the guests at a wedding feast who eat in company with the relation of the bride (those who partake of the feast without being called bahariya).

भोतरी adj. Inward, inside, internal, inner, inferior.

भौति a.f. Fear, apprehension.

भोग adj. Wet. s. m. Sister's husband, brother-in-law.

भोन n. prop. One of the five Pands princes. adj. Horrible, fearful, dreadful, terrible, terrific. s. m. Horror, terror.

भोमश्रेणो s. f. A kind of camphire.

भीद s.f. A timid woman; a plant (Asparagus racemosus); a sort of priokly nightshade.

tribe, a savage, race dwelling especially along the course of the Narmada (Nerbudda), and subsisting chiefly by plunder.

भोषण adj. Horrible, terrific, fearful. s. m, Horror, terror, the property that excites fear; the olibanum tree ( Boswellia thurifera).

जीप adj. Horrible, terrific, fearful. s. m. Horror, horribleness.

na adj. Eaten, eating (either that which is eaten, or the person who has eaten).

सुनत्वा v. a. To enjoy, suffer, receive the reward of virtue or the punishment of crime, to be required.

भुनतमान adj. Fit to enjoy, deserving punishment.

श्वनताना v. a. To cause to enjoy, to distribute, require.

सुन्ता adj. Simple, foolish.

सुच adj. Barbarous, ignorant.

सुचंत्र s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius carulescens).

सुचंपा e. m. Name of a tree ( Kæmpferia rotunda ).

the perpendicular or shortest side of a right-angled triangle, Bhuja bandha. s. m. An ornament worn in the arm, an armlet. Bhuja bharna, To embrace. Bhuja mula, The upper part of the arm near the shoulder.

सुजार } s. m. A serpent.

स्वका 's. m. A kind of shrike (Lanius carulescens). Bhujangeh urana, To be in great distress and poverty; to spread false reports.

सञ्जा s. m. Parched or scorched grain. सूत्रा s. f. The arm (above the elbow). सुजिया s. f. Greens.

सुद्दा s.f. Indian corn ( Zes may s ).

सुचको s.f. A kind of worm covered with hair, the palmer-worm.

स्तना s. m. A small devil, an imp, a demon, a ghost.

सुत्र नी s. f. A female devil.

सुत्र ा ady. Devilish, peevish, flerce.

भृतियाना v. n. To be like a devil.

सुत्रा v. n. To be parched, grilled, fried, broiled; to be changed (money).

भुभुष्ति adj. Hungry.

सुरहारा adj. Dry and in the state of powder.

स्भाराना v. a. To throw or sprinkle salt or sugar upon meat.

सुराना v. a. To wheedle.

संख्या v. n. To be singed or scorched. भुजना v. a. To cause to forget, to cause to be forgotten; to inveigle, mislead, bewilder, deceive, fascinate, coax, amuse.

सुनावा s. m. Deception, frand, cheat, deceit, feint. Bhulaws dena, To deceive, to play trick. [phere.

सुब s. m. Heaven, ether, sky or atmos-भुरक्ष s. m. A snake.

सुरज s. m. A world; water; heaven; man, mankind.

baral, An assignment on chaff; i. c. that from which nothing can be obtained.

भुतेषा } s. m. A place where corn or भुतेषा \$ chass is kept.

भुगीका s.m. A hole or place to put chaff in.

w s. f. The earth; place, site, the place of being or abiding.

मुद्देशना s. m. A kind of fire works like a flower pot resembling those comments called Anár). धूरें डीज s. m. An earth-quake. स s.f. Ground, land, earth.

स्रं s. f. The earth, ground ; a kind of caterpillar covered with hair and destructive to ber trees.

संचिषा s. m. The name of a plant (Kæmpferio rotundo).

भूंसना v. n. To bark.

मृपा s.f. Father's sister; a worm, a caterpillar.

सुकद्भ s. m. A plant (Ligusticum ajwaen).

भूत्रप s. m. An earthquake.

narna, To die with hunger, to famish, to starve.

सूचन s. m. Ornament, embelishment, decoration, an ornament, a jewel, dress.

स्वा odj. Hungry. [earth. स्नीच s. m. The terrestrial globe, tho स्वा s. m. The equinoctial line.

मुजन्तु s. m. An earth-worm.

स्यास s.f. Wheat; the fruit of the Vikanta (Flacourtia sapida).

सुनेब s. m. A species of bird.

www.s.f, Sandy ground, soil in which much sand is mixed.

मुख्य s. m. Talc, mica.

मूखपैरा बर्ता. Unlucky, illomened.

ing; gone, past. s. m. A demon, a goblin, a fiend, a ghost, an apparition, a malignant spirt haunting cemetries, lurking in trees, animating carcases, and deluding or devouring human being; the past preterite tense; an element (the Hindus reckon five elements, earth, fire, water, air and akas ether).

स्तज्ञ s. m. A class of sprites or goblins.

स्तवका s. f. Murs, a sort of perfume, -स्तवहा s.f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana jatamonsi).

भूतन(सन s.m. Marking-nut plant (Semicarpus anacardium). the Eleocarpus seed.

सूतनी s. f. A female demon or goblin, सूतज s. m. The earth, the face of the

भूतवास s. m. Beleric myrobalan (Terminalia, belerica).

सूनविकिया s. f. Epilepsy, possession by. evil spirits.

मृत<sup>द्वे</sup>षी s. f. A species of Nebari ( Nyctanthes tristis ).

सतस्य s. m. A tree (Trophis aspers); a species of Bignonia (B. Indica). सत्तरसार s. m. Possession by evil spirits. स्ताला s. m. The body; the element-

ary or vital principle, or the proximate cause of life and action.

भूतारि s. m. Asafætida.

स्ताविष्ट adj. Occupied or possessed by a devil. [evil spirit.

भूतानेश s. m. Possession by a devil or भूदार s. m. A hog.

भूदेव s. w. A Brahman.

भूधर s. m. A mountain.

भूनाग s. m. An earth-worm.

ম্বিজ s. m. A species of Gentian, commonly called Cherayta (Gentians cherayta).

भवा v. n. To parch, grill, broil, toast, fry, inflame.

भूपति है s. m. A king, a sovereign; अ भूपति है s. m. A king, a sovereign; अ भूपति है landlord, a Rajo.

भूपाबी s. f. Name of a ragini.

भूभव s. m. Hot ashes, embers.

स नि s. f. Land, earth, the earth; place, scite in general; the lase of any figure in geometry. মুনিকল s.m. An earthquake.

धूनिष्यक s.m. A plant (Kompferio rotundo).

There s. f. A tree (Prema herbacea).

To s.f. Charity given to poor people, alms; a spring, a fountain. Bhurbantna, v. a. To give alms to a numerous assembly of the poor.

भूरा adj. Fair, amburn of brownish ( os hair ).

सूरि adj. Mach, many. [trious. सूरियामय adj. Splendid, bright; illus-स्रोत्याम adj. Very profitable or beneficial. s. m. Great gain.

Man a.f. A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

growing in the snowy mountains, a kind of birch; the bark is used for writing on, and very generally for hukka snakes.

is. f. Forgetfulness, error, mistake, miss, blunder.

भूजभा s.f. A worm, an earth-worm,

be misled or deceived, mistake, blunder, miss, omit, stray, to be forgotten.

भूषाधिसदा वि. Missing the road, Maintail (generally a person) calling another in consequence of some accident, &c., not intentionally to pay a visit.

भवीच ) s.m. The earth, the habita-भूबोच ) tion of mortals.

भूगव s. m. Ornament, embellishment, a dress, jewel, decoration.

म्बार adj. Adorned, decorated, dressed. पुरा s. m. Husk, chaff.

भरी s. f. Chaff, bran.

मुखर्ग s. m. The mountain Sumeru ( a heaven on earth ).

भूकामी s.m. A landlord, a landholder. भड़री s.f. The eyebrow; a frown, a contraction of the eyebrows.

wy n. prop. The name of a celebrated Muni.

www.s. m. A large black bee, the humble bee.

ৰত্বত s.m. A bird, a sort of shrike Lanius Malabaricus ).

or Verbesina prostrata, or perhaps more properly, Verbesina scandens); a sort of bird, apparently the variety of shrike termed Malabar (Lanius Molabaricus).

taria); a large black bee, a humble bee.

भनीका s. m. The hog-plum.

un a. m. A servant, a hired labourer.

with s. f. Wages, hire; nourishment, maintenauce.

খল s. m. A dependant, a servant, a slave. খলা s. f. Hire, wages.

we odj. Fried.

भेग adj. Squint-eyed.

मेंट s. f. Interview, visit; a present.

भेटना v. a. To meet with, to visit.

भेका s. m. A toad, a frog.

মৰী s, f. The female of the frog, or small frog; a kind of creeper (Hydrocotyle Asiatica),

भेड़ s. m. Disguise, assumed appearance, semblance. Bhekh-dhari, adj. Putting on the dress, assuming the appearance.

भेजना v. a. To send, transmit; utter, ejaculate.

भेजा s. m. The brain.

सेंड s. f. Meeting, interview; a present to a superior.

मेरन verval s. To meet, meeting, &c.

62-€₹

present (to a superior).

મેટી ક*.f.* A stalk, a stem, भेटू इ. गा.

में इ. m. A ram, a ship.

भेषना v. a. To shut, close.

भेडा s. m. A. ram.

में दिया -s. m. A wolf. Bheriya dhasan. m. A multitude crowded together like sheep in a pen, the act of following the example of another.

भोषी s.f. An ewe.

HT s. m. A secret, secrecy, mystery; separation, distinction, kind, species, difference; disunion, agreement. Bhed lena, To spy. to pry into, to work one's self into confidence, to sound.

wicz adi. A breaker, who or what breaks or divides. s. m. A mischiefmaker.

भ्रोहकर adj. Separating, disuniting; causing disunion.

भे दिष्या s. m. A scout, a spy. भे दिया में दी

मेदी s. m. Ratan.

भेदी ? adj. Intelligent. s. m. A भे दिया scout, a secret-keeper.

भेडू s. m. A secret-keeper, a confidant. भेना s. f. Sister.

भेर s. f. A kind of pipe, a musical instrument, a kettle-drum.

भेरी s. m. A piper.

भे जा s. m. Semicorpus anacardium.

भे लो s. f. A lump of coarse sugar ( or aur ).

भे ब s. m. A state or condition of being innate property, nature, dispoisition.

vis s. m. Disguise, assumed likeness. counterfeit dress semblance, guise, garb.

भोरता v. a. To meet, join; to make a | भोषत s. m. A remedy, a drug, a media cament; a kind of fennel (Nigells Indica ).

ਅੱਚ s. f. A female buffalo.

भें सा s. m. A male buffalo.

में बाटाह s. m. A kind of ring-भें सियाहाह

भे पहर adj. Terrific, terrible, horrible. भेषातुर बर्जा. Distressed or distracted

with fear, terrified.

भेषानव adj. Frightful, terrible, formidable, fearful, dreadful, alarming, dismal.

भेषक adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting. भेमान adj. Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid.

भेवा s.m. Brother.

warm s. m. Brotherhood, friendship. में रव adj. Formidable, horrible, terrific. s. m. A name of Shiv, but more especially an inferior manifestation or form of the deity, eight of which are called by the common name Bkyranch, and are severally termed Asitangah, Ruru, Chandah. Krodha, Un-

all alluding to terrific properties of mind or body; the name of a river; a musical mode, that which is calculated to excite emotions of terror.

matta, Kupati, Bishan, and Sanghar,

भौरवी s. f. The name of a ragini.

भेरानी s. f. The name of a ragini.

भ री s. m. The name of a musical mode sung at dawn in actumn: (It is represented by Mahadeo with the Ganges flowing from his head, and the rag issuing from the deity's mouth); & name of Shiv.

s. f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

भी s.f. The eyebrow. भीकड़ा adj. Very-fat. सींबना v. a. To thrust, to drive ( का क nail ).

wilders. m. A wizard who preys upon children (or men or women) till he brings them to the grave:

ৰাখ্য s. m. A vault, a cavern a cellar. ৰাখ্য adj. Ill-shaped, uncouth, misshapen, useless, bad, ugly, unlucky.

कीवा } adj. Blunt. obtuse:

simple.

भीष s. m. A horn, wind instrument. भीष s. m. A chair porter, a palki bearer, a bearer; a white cat.

बोबस s. m. A wizard, sorcerer, magician. बोबना v. c. To bark.

win s. m. Pleasure, enjoyment, satisfaction; suffering; possession; eating, victuals; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction. Bhog karna, To enjoy, to suffer.

मीन s. m. Abuse, rudeness.

मोबना v. n. To enjoy, to suffer.

भोबा s. m. Frand, trick, deceit, illusion, deception, imposition, treachery roguery, cheat.

मीबी adj. Jovial, jolly.

wire adj. To be enjoyed.

Pier s. m. A country, Patna and Bhagalpore; the name of a sovereign of Ujein, who is supposed to have flourished about the end of the tenth century: he was a celebrated patron of learned men, and of the nine gems or poets, and philosophers, often ascribed to his era; eating, feast.

দীৰ্ভাৱ s. m. The country of Bhoja, the present Bhojpere, or the vicinity of Patna and Bhagalpere.

Bhojan karna, To eat, to feed.

भीजबीय है adj. To be saten; edible... भीज्य s.m. Food.

to be a kind of birch used in making hukka snakes.

भीजपूर n. prop. A country near Chhapra;

भीट ) s. m. A country, probably भोटाक Bulan.

भीडिया s. m. An inhabitant of Butan.

भी कुल s. m. Talc, mica:

भीता adj. Blunt, dul!.

मोपा s. m. A kind of fakir, a magician. भोनीरा s.f. Coral.

দীং s. f. Dawn of day. Bhor hona, Te be finished, to be terminated.

দীবা adj. Simple, artless, undesigning, innocent, harmless, meek.

भोबी adj. f. Innocent, artless. Bkolibates, Innocent prattle.

मीसका s. m. भीसकी s. f. भीसा s. m.

it s. f. The eyebrow. Bhoan terhikarna, v. s. To scowl, frown, browbeat, look angrily raising the eyebrows. Bhoden tanni, To knit the eyebrows.

भीषना v. n. To bark; (met.) to talk foolishly.

भीषाज s. m. An earthquake.

और s. m. A whirlpool.

भौरा s. m. A large black bee enamoured of the lotus.

भौरियाना v. a. To whirl, to turn.

भौति s. f. Feathered hair, name of a defect in horses.

भौवरवाची s. f. A. kind of halter (feet horses or dogs).

भौतना v. n. To bark.

भी s. m. Fear.

भीचक adj. Aghast.

Digitized by Google

भीनार्च } s. f. A brother's wife.

भीतिक ब्लं. Relating or appertaining to evil spirits.

भौगा v. n. To revolve.

भोगास s. m. A post driven into the ground for chaining an elephant to.

भोनी adj. Earthly, terrestrial, produced in or relating to the earth.

we s. m. Falling, declining from a height, or from propriety; falling from or off.

was. m. Error, ignorance, mistake, misaprehension; perplexity, doubt.

wandering, literally or figuratively; going about, perambulation.

श्वनत adj. Going round, whirling, revolving; roving; erring.

जनर s. m. A large black bee; vertigo, epilepsy.

यानि e.f. Error, blunder, mistake.

धनी adj. Whirling, going round or sbout.

radj. Fallen, lost; vicious, depraved, fallen from virtue, debased, polluted, abominable, dissolute, Bhrasht karna, v. a. To pollute, to seduce. Bhrashta hone, v. s. To be polluted; to earcine. [kingdom.

अष्टराज्य ddy. Deposed, deprived of a भाद s. m. A brother, a uterine brother.

बाह्य ( adj. Fraternal, brotherly, of बाबीब ) or belonging to a brother.

धान adj. Whirled, revolved; blundering, mistaken.

बाजि s. f. Error, mistake, ignorance; going round, whirling, revolving; going about wandering.

बान्तिमान adj. Erring, mistaking; wandering.

भागम s. m. A cheat, a rogue.

बागर s. m. Epilepsy. बागरी adj. Epileptic. ख s.f. An eyebrow. ब w s. m. The embryo or feetus, a child. ब पहला s.f. Marder of the feetus, pro-

curing or causing abortion.

NHE 8. m. A. frown.

## स

ন The twenty-fifth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter m.

सेजज s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice ; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

नंजना . s. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be secured.

नंत्रीरा s. m. A musical instrument, a kind of cymbal.

मंक्षीया adj. Middle, middlemost, middling.

बंबोबी s. f. A smallish sort of our or carriage on two wheels.

मंद्र पा s. m. । Name of a grain (Cyne-मंद्र दे s.f. ) surus coroccaus).

सक्र ६.७. ) surus coroccinus). सक्का ६. m. A kind of grain ; a spider.

about or crookedly; (met.) to be averse or act contrary.

A spider's web; hence (met.) any thing very fine and sheader.

ed usually with the crocodile and shark, but properly a fabulous animal: as a fish it might be conjectured to be the horned shark, or the unicorn fish; but it is often drawn, as in the pictured signs of the Zodiac, with the head and fore legs of an

in telope, and the body and tail of a fish: it is the emblem of the god of love; one of the signs of the sodiac, corresponding with Capricorn, and like the Greek representation of that sign, being an animal in the foreparts, and ending in the tail of a fish.

flower; the kokits or Indian cuckoo; a fragrant kind of mango; a kind of Jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

मकरन्दवती s. f. The trumpet-flower (Big-nonia suave-olens).

मचरीना v. a. To wet ( slightly ).

was s. m. A crest, a head-dress, a crown, a tiars.

मची s. m. A species of Solanum (S. nigrum).

मकीका s.m. A large ant. मकीय s.m. Sarsaparilla.

नक्षन s. m. Butter.

Makkhi urdna, To flatter or perform servile offices for any one; to have ulcers on the body (so as to be constantly employed in driving away the flies from them); to be a good marksman (so as to hit a fly with a ball or arrow). Makkhi-chus, A miser, a niggard, a skinflint. Makkhi jhalus, To have venereal ulcers. Makkhi márna, To idle, to be unemployed, to trifle, to food.

we s. f. Sacrifice, oblation.

नचन s. m. Butter.

भक्षांगा s. m. A kind of elephant which has no tusks ; a cock without spurs. भविष्या s. m. Butterman.

मधी s.f. A fly.

www.m. A road. Mag dekkes, To expect, to wait for.

way s. m. A country, South Behar;

an inhabitant of that country; a bard, whose peculiar province is to sing the praises of a chief's ancestry in his presence, a family bard or minstrel.

वाक रे adj. Plunged, dived, immersed; sunk, drowned; delighted. pleased, glad, happy, cheerful, joyful. व्यवसा s. f. Transport, rapture, cheerfulness, vivacity, delight.

सगर है है. m. An alligator.

नगरा adj. Proud, haughty, presumptuous, fastidious, arrogant, insolent, eross, obstinate, stubborn, impatient, refractory.

संबद्धाः a. f. Obstinacy, stubbornness, insolence.

नगरायन e.m. Haughtiness, ebstinacy, refractoriness.

मनराषी s. f. Arrogance.

सबरेखा s. m. A small blackish, triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell (Nigella Indica).

सर्वाचित s. m. The eighth solar month,

मनही adj. Belonging to Magadh ( s thing ).

सनदेवा s.m. Inhabitant of Magadh; a caste of Brakmans.

सनाका v. c. To send for.

महरी s.f. A fish, a species of Silurus (S. pelorius).

सप adj. Plunged, dived, immersed; sunk, drowned.

सब s. m. One of the divips or divisions of the universe; a country, that of the modern Mags, or Arracan; a drug.

मधन adj. Odoriferous.

जनवा s.m. Inhabitant of Magadh; a caste of Brahmans.

नवा s. f. The senth lunar asterism,

containing five stars figured by a house, a Leonis, Regulus.

बची adj. Belonging to Magadh (a thing); s.f. A sort of grain.

the vertibre of the neck. Manka dhalakna (lit. the bending of the neck),

To be at the piont of death.

नहत है. m. A beggar, a borrower. सम्बद्धा s. f. Betrothing, asking in marriage; a loan. Mangni dena, To lead.

ferring happiness, propitious, conferring happiness, prosperity, &c.; beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. s. m. Welfare, happiness; the planet Mars or its deified personification; Tuesday. Mangal-achar, s. m. Festivity, rejoicing, congratulation, a song of congratulation, a marriage song or Epithalamium.

भन्न कोरों s. f. A sort of carpet made at Mangalkot.

मञ्चवार s. m. Tuesday.

भक्तजनाचार s. m. Glad tidings, the Gospel.

महत्तासूची s. m.f. A musician or singer. महत्ती adj. Triumphant, rejoicing. Mangali log, People employed on rejoicings.

सम्बाना v. a. To cause to ask for, to send for,

নম্বার s. m. Name of a month, the first of the Hindu year, according to some systems, or the eighth.

नकाना है o. a. To send for, to ask नक्षानेनना है for, to call for.

सक्षा s. m. A small tasse!,

नक्तर s. m. One to whom a man or woman is betrothed.

नवच s. f. Pain in the joints.

नवस्ता e. s. To have pain in the joints; to creak ( as a bedgead, ge.) नवसाना e. s. To wink.

144141 6. 6. TO MIRE.

লম্মা v. a. To be made, to be committed, to be perpetrated, to be produced.

नवनच An imitative sound.

नपम्यामा v. n. To creak ( as a boditesd or other thing heavily lades ).

नव्या ज. क. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate.

सचलपन s. m. Pertness, perverseness, मचलार s. f. obtainacy.

নম্বা adj. Perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, restive, pert. নম্মানা c. a. To be sick at the stomach,

to feel nauses; to pretend ignorances

नचनापन s. m. भचनाच्ट s. f.

मचलाचा adj. Squeamish, stubborn.

संचान s. m. A platform, scaffold, stage, raised seat.

excite, commit, perpetrate, produce.

नवानच adj. Filled up, stuffed full. नविवा s. m. A stool, a chair.

मिवाब के m. Honey.

क्वीक्नां . a. To twist, to break by twisting.

of the first Arctar or incarnation, when Vishus is said to have appeared in the shape of the small fish suphari, to Salyavrate or Hayagrie, to warn him of the general deluge, and desire him to place the four Veck in the boat which he (Vishus) would preserve. The fish was first taken up by Hayagrie in his hands when bathing, being then of the size of the saphari (or ponthi), but it grey too large for being contained

in a tank, river, &c.; and was carried to the sea, where, after wards it supported the ark with its horn. Satyavrata lived about 3000 years before Orist.

chhar ki jhul ka chor, One who would steal the minutest thing a petty pilferer.

भच्ची s. f. A kiss.

मद s. m. A fish in general.

महत्त्व n. prop. Name of a Jogi. s. m. A rat. odj. Stupid.

**मक्ती s. f. 'A** fish.

मञ्जा s. m. A fisherman.

war ady. Ripe, mellow.

सनोड s.f. A drug used for dying red (Rubis manjith).

an under price; bought at second hand.

मनीरा s. m. Small cymbals.

भंबर s. m. A labourer, carrier, porter.

मर्चा s. f. Marrow, pith, sap.

नमला s. m. The middling.

सकार s.m. The middle, centre; in the middle, in.

पकारी adj. In the midst.

मकाजी s. f. A small cart.

मक्ते चा adj. Middling.

मणीवी s.f. A smallish sort of car or carriage on two wheels.

Two s. m. A bed, a bedstead; a platform, a scaffold; an elevated shed raised on bamboo in a cornfield, &c. where a watchman is stationed to protect the corn from cattle, birds, wild beasts, &c.; a sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais.

www s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, ba-

thing or rubbing with oil or fragrant unguents.

नचना v. n. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.

मधर s.f. The blossom ( of a tree ).

नचा s. m. A bedstead; a sort of throne or chair of state.

नचार s. m. A cat.

मबीरा s. m. A musical instrument, a kind cymbal: (it consists of two small brass cups tied together with a string, and played upon by striking one against another).

सटका है s.f. Coquetry, ogling.

मट्बना s. m. A small vessel for taking water out of a larger.

नट्बन v. n. To wink, ogle, coquet. नटबा s. m. A large earthen jar or pot. नटबाना v. d. To wink, ogle, twinkle.

सटको s. f. A child's coral, or plaything which infants suck; a small earthen pot or jar; a twinkle, closing the eyes.

मदकी हा 8. m. A house of earth.

महर s. m. A pea (Pisum satioum.).

मटरा s.m. A kind of pea; a kind of silk cloth.

भटरी s. f. A kind of pea.

महरीका adj. Mixed with peas.

नटियाना v. n. To wink at, connive, suffer, tolerate,

महियादा s. m. A rable land, rich soil. महियाद s. m. Sufferance, toleration.

পদী & s. f. Earth. Motti karna, To furth further ruin or destroy. Motti khana, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Matti dena, To bury. Matti pakarna, To bite the ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist, Mitti par larna. To

dispute about land. Matti men mildna.

To be ruined or disgraced. Matti hono
To become weak or faint, to be ruined.

were. m. Buttermilk.

nt s. m. A school, a college, the residence of young Brekmans, prosecuting sacred studies; a building inhabited by ascetics of the same order; a pagan temple.

बादची s. f. A sort of sweetmeat.

usi adj. Slow.

महोर ८. m. A jar.

महीची s. f. Onanism.

मियामा v.a . To paste.

convolution, contention. Maror bás,
An affected person.

नक्षेत्रवा v. c. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

ज्योषा s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

सङ्ग्रे s. f. Twisting, twist, flexion, writhe, convolution.

भइन s. f. Lining. heading (of drum, \$c.)

भड़ना . a. To cover (as a book with isother or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case.

भदा बत्तुं. Lined, headed, covered or topped (se a drum with parchment).

महो e.f. A cottage, a temple.

मदेशा s.f. A cottage, a hut.

মতি s. m. A gem, a jewel, a precious stone.

मचिमय adj. Composed of gems.

षिमाचा s.f. A necklace, a zone. a fillet, &c. of precious stones.

foam, barm, &c.; pith, esence.

ন্দৰ s. m. Ornament, decoration, jewels trinkets, &c.

open shed or hall adorned with flowers and erected on festival occasions, as at marriages, &c. an open temple or building consecrated to a deity.

of the sun or moon, halo, circumference: a round tent; an officer employed in villages, an exciseman, a province, a region, a district, extending twenty, or according to some authorities, forty Yojans every way: the country or empire over which the twelve princes termed Chakroartis are supposed to have ruled, perhaps the peninsula of India.

मक्याचार adj. Round, circular.

सक्तवाना v. s. To make a circuit, to hover (as birds, oc. ), to be enveloped.

मधालिया s. m. A tumbler pigeon.

मस्या s. f. An assembly, a corporation, सस्या s. m. An alcove, an arbour, s bower, a shed.

Herr s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

নাৰ adj. Ornamented, adorned, overlaid (with gold, &c.); covered (with dust),

मिखाना v. c. To starch.

ब्द्धी s. f. A market, a particular market for any one thing.

bower, a shed.

मञ्जूष s. m. A. frog; a flower ( Bignonia Indica ).

मस्तो s. f. A female or small frog; a plant (Siphonanthus Indica, or, Hydrocotyle Asiatica).

नकता v. d. To cover (as a book with leather, or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case, सद्भाष e. m. A small round temple or cell. सद्भाषा v. s. To cause to cover (s book, drum, &c. with parchment).

open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and ereated on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

नकावा adj. Starched.

मक्यांगा v. o. To starch.

नतक s. m. An elephant.

मतना s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

सतराना o. o. To persuade.

नतलानानीचा . . . To be sick at stomach, to feel nausea.

सतनम adj. Drunken, like one intoxicated.

नतवाला adj. Intoxicated, drunken, drunk.

नंतड़ीन नित्रहीन है adj. Stupid, ignorant.

मता s. m. Counsel, advice.

जात s.f. Understanding, itellect; wish, desire, inclination.

मृतियम s. m. } Error, mistake, mis-मृतिय[नि s. f. } apprehension.

मतिनान adj. Sensible, clever, intelligent.

मत्त adj. Intoxicated (drunk with liquor) intoxicated (with pride, possion, &c.) महावा v. a. To persuade.

सकार adj. Envious; niggardly, covetous. सकारा s. f. Envy, impatience of another's success or prosperity; passion, anger, a gnat, a musquito. मसरिवी f. ddj. Wicked, deprived, मसरी m. bad; envious.

cular fish, probably the saphari, or the fish in which Vishnu is said to have been incarnated in his fish Avatar; a country, enumerated, amongst the midland divisions of India (Dinajpur and Rangpur); one of the Purans.

नकाराज s. m. The Rohi, a sort of fish (Cyprinus Rohita); the country called Matsya.

नचन s. m. Churning.

सवना v. a. To churn; to knead, to work. s. m. A churn-staff.

मचनिया 8. f. A churn.

सचनी s. f. A churn staff.

मधा s. m. The forehead.

मधित s. m. Butter-milk, without any watery admixture.

मिंग s. m. A churning stick.

मधुरा s. f. A town in the province of Agra, celebrated as the birth-place, and early residence of Krishna, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst Hindus.

मनुरिया s.m. A caste of Brahmans of Mathura (Mattra).

मध्नीं s. f.' The female of Mathuriya.

मणीड s. m. Contribution, subscription, capitation. [brella.

नधीरा s. m. A parasol, paraplnie, um-सद s. m. Spirituous or vinous liquor; inebriety, intoxication; pride, arrogence.

महन s. m. Love, lust; Kamdev, the Hindu Cupid; a medicinal plant, Datara; the plant called mynphal (Gardenia dumetorum; Vangueria spinosa). Madan ban, s. m. Name of a flower.

बरज्यम् adj. Subdued by love, in love. महमाता m. महमाती f. } adj. Drunk, intoxicated.

सहार s. f. A plant ( Asolepies gigantea). सदार्या s. m. The followers of Madar, a Mahomedan mendicant.

नदारी s. m. A juggler.

महिम adj. Proud.

भरिता s.f. Wine, spirits, spirituous or vinous lipuor.

मद्र रसी s. f. A sort of fish.

way s. m. Wine, vincus or spirituous liquor.

मदापीत adj. Drunk, n drunkard.

भागाता adj. Intoxicated, drunk.

or honey of flowers; honey; the season of spring; the month Chyt March-April).

thes aspera); a fruit, the round sweet lime.

सपुद्धांष s. m. The honeycomb or hive. सपुद्ध s. m. A sugarcane.

मध्य s. m. A bee.

नमुपन s. m. A dish of curds, ghi and honey, to be offered to a respectable guest on his arrival.

सभुसय adj. Sweet, Inscious.

मधुमासी s. f. A honeybee.

नपुनात s. m. A Ragini or musical mode. नपुनाता adj. Intoxicated, drunk.

HYRIE s. m. The month Chyt (March-April). [liked.
HYRI adj. Sweet; pleasing, agreeable,
HYRI s. m. Sweetness (in flavour);
sweetness (in speech).

मध्री adj. Sweet.

ন্মৰ s.f. A kind of bread baked on live coals (used among the fakirs); victuals given in alms to pilgrims.

संप्राच s. m. A sort of Basma, growing in watery or mountainous situations; sweetness.

मध्य adj. Middle, intermediate. adv. Amongst, amidst, amid. s.m. The middle, centre

India, bounded by Kurukshetrs on the north, Allahabad on the south, the Himalaya mountains on the east and the Vindhya mountains on the west; comprising therefore the modern provinces of Allahabad, Agra, Delhi, Oude, &c.; the northern limit is elsewhere defined to be the disappearance of the Saraswati.

मध्यसम्ब s. m. The centre.

सभ्यम adj. Middle, centrical, intervening, intermediate, middling, temperate. s. m. One of the seven musical notes, the fifth note of the Hindu gamunt.

দঘ্দকীৰ ) s. m. The earth the world of দঘ্দনীৰ ) mortals.

मध्यमा s.f. The middle finger.

काञ्चनती adj. Central, middle; being amongst or amidst. s m. A mediator.

मध्यस् adj. Centrical, middle. s. m. A middle man, an umpire, and arbitrator a mediator.

मध्यस्ता s. f. Middle state or character. मध्यक्र s. m. Midday, noon.

clination. Man-chor, Heart-stealer. Man-darawardi, adj. Fancifal, invented (speech or story). Man-puran, Confidence, satisfaction of mind. adj. Man-bhana mundiya kilana, To shake the head at what one approves of, to pretend to refuse that which one secretly desires. Man-man, s.m. Heart's desire; choice. Man-manta, or Manmana, adj. Agreeable, pleasing, satis-

factory, to one's heart's wish or content. A mistress, sweetheart. Manmane. As the mind may desire. Manmar rahna, To suffer grief with patience. Man-layana, Heart-attachment, heart engaging. Man lana, To fix the mind upon, to be attentive, to apply to. Man-hin men, In the very soul.

मन s. m. A weight (40 seer or) seventyeight pounds.

HART s.m. A rosary, a bead; the vertebree of the neck. Manka dhalakna,
To be at the point of death.

सनकासना s. f. Desire, wish.

मनवसा adj. Powerful.

भनपटा s. m. The raised masonry round the mouth of a well.

सन्दर्भ adj. Assiduous, intent, eager, active, bold.

cleaning the person by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

मन्त s.f. Acknowledgment.

सन्त s. m. Minding, understanding.

सनभावन ) adj. Acceptable, agreeable, नमभावना ) pleasant, amusing, charming.

व व व व श . m. Cupid.

ननवारना जः ब. To resist one's own inclination, to be grieved or troubled in mind.

सनसोइन (heart ravishing). s. m. A sweetheart, mistress; a name of Krishna:

मन्मी अ s. m. Self-conceit.

भगनी की adj. Self-coceited.

the seat of perception and passion, the heart; the intellect, the understanding.

मनसरका s. m. A man, a male.

s. f. The goldess of the serpent race, and the particular protectress against their venom.

मनसा s.f. Wish, desire, intention; design, purport, purpose.

मनसिक } adj. Mental, intellectual.

मगर्सेंड s. m. A' man.

मनसार s. m. The attention of the mind to its own sensation; consciousness of pleasure or pain.

मनशाप s. m. Mental distress.

मनप्र s. m. Heart-stealing.

मनदारी adj. m. Heart-stealer.

नगद्ध adv. Suppose, as if, like.

(to any thing), conciliate, propitiate, sooth, coax, assuage, appease, put in mind; to do, act, perform make.

Manana-danana, To appease, conciliate.

ननाचं s.m. Intention, desire, purpose.

मन } s.f. m. A gem, jewel.

লিয়াহ s. m. A person who makes or sells (churis) the glass bracelets, which the women wear on their wrists.

मनिषारी s. f. The trade in jewels, &c. मनीवर्नी s. m. A blemish in horses.

ng s. m. Menu, the legislator and saint, the son of Brahma, or a personification or Brahma himself, the creator of the world, and progenitor of mankind; the name is however a generic term, and in every Kalpa or interval from creation to creation, there are fourteen successive Menus presiding over the universe for the period of a Manwantara, respectively: in the

present creation there have been the six following Menus: Menu called Swayambhuva, the supposed revealer of the code of law possessed. by the Hindus, Swarochisha, Uttam, Tamas, Rayest, and Chakshush, the seventh or the present Menu is Vayvaswat, or Ravat the second. A man in general.

सतुज s. m. A man in general.

मत्रका s. f. A woman.

मनुषी s. f. A woman, the wife or female of the man.

मनुष्य s. m. Man, a man, mankind.

मनुष्यल s. m. The state or condition of man, manhood, humanity.

2 daj. f. Charming, fascinating, delighting, captivat-मनुष्ठारी ing the mind.

मन्या s. f. A kind of cotton, s. m. Puss (a cat), mind soul, life.

मनी adv. Like, as if.

मनीवत adj. Seated in the mind.

तनीगप्त adj. Thought or meditated on secretly.

मनोच adi. Beautiful, handsome, lovely, pleasing, agreeable.

भनीनीत adj. Chosen, preferred.

मनीर्घ s. m. Wish, desire, design, intention.

मनोरम adj, Beautiful, lovely, pleasing. मनी जी ख s. m. Fancy, caprice, whim.

मनोइर adj. Heart-ravishing, beautiful, lovely, pleasing.

मनोशारिको | odj. Beautiful, pleasing, मनोशारी | agreeable, lovely.

मनीती s. f. Bail, security, a person referred to pay the debt, &c. of another, surety, assurance, acknowledgement.

मुख s.m. A division of the Ved; a mystical verse or incantation; a | मन्द्रा adj. Squat, dapper.

formula sacred to any individual deity; a charm, philter, spell, incantation; sacret consultation, private advice. Mantra-jontra, Incantation. exorcism.

मनगप्ति s. f. Secret counsel.

मक्का s. f. Advising, counselling in private, advice.

नका s. m. A counsellor or adviser, a king's counsellor or minister; enchanter.

मन s. m. A churning stick; a dish made of barley-meal with ghi and water, a sort of gruel or porridge; a disease of the eyes, cataract or opacity; rheum, excretion of the eyes.

सन्तन s.m. Agitating, stirring, churning.

सन्वनी s. f. A churn.

मद adj. Abated, slow, tedious, dull. foolish; bad, ill; low (as a stone). s. m. The planet Saturday. Mandgati, Slow (in ) pace, adv. Slowly, softly, Mand-mand, adv. Gently. softly.

मन्दता s. f. Dulness, littlenes, slowness, feebleness, badness.

मन्द्रम् (द adj. Stupid, foolish.

मन्द्रभाग्य adj. Wretched, unhappy. unforhension

मन्दमति adj. Dull, stupid, slow of app. a-मन्द्रयमान adj. Slow, tardy.

मन्दर adj. Large, bulky. s. m. The mountain Mandar, with which the ocean is said to have been churned by the Surs and Asurs, after the deluge, for the purpose of recovering the sacred things lost in it during that period; the Mandra tree or one of the trees of paradise; Swarg or the paradise of the Hindus.

महास s. m. A smile, a gentle laugh. महा udj. Gentle, mild, affable, cheap, abated, allayed; slow, trady. little. महासा adj. Slow of apprehension, dull. सहाहर adj. Disregarding, neglecting, disrespecting.

सन्दायमान adj. Delaying, going tardily. सन्दार s. m. One of the five trees of Swarg; the coral tree (Erythrina fulgens); swallow wort (Asclepias gigantea).

बह्दिकुक् s. f. A sort of fish. मन्दिर s. m. House, dwelling, temple. सकत s. f. Acknowledgment.

नवा v. n. To be soothed, propitiated. नवाद s. m. A name of Kom, the god of love; love, amorous passion or

desire. [leve.

सन्तको adj. Amerous, impassioned in भवारा s. m. The reign of a Menu, a period equal to seventy-one ages of the gods, or \$06,720,000 years of mortals, or with its Sandhi or interval of universal deluge, 308,448,000 years; fourteen Monantoras constitute a Kalps, the grand pepied of creation and destruction, or 4,320, 000,000 years, each Manwantara is governed by its distinct Menu, and is provided with its own Indra, and minor deities; according to Hindu cosmogony there have been innumerable Manwantaras since the first creation of the world.

सन्तान adj. Thinking, conseiving; minding, regarding.

नपत्रचपत s. f. Measure.

अपना v. s. To be measure.

नपताना v. a. To cause to measure.

स्यान s. m. Measure.

सपाना v. a. To cause to be measured. सम pron. My, mine. नमता s. f. Pride, arrogance, self-aufficiency; the interest or affection entertained for other objects from considering them as belonging to, er connected, with one's self, affection.

नमतावृक्त adj. Selfish. s. m. A miser, a niggard.

विश्वासुसुर s.m. Husband or wife's maternal uncle. [nal aunt.

निवासास s. f. Husband or wife's materनसेरा adj. Relating to the maternal uncle; as, Mameri bhai, Mother's brother's son, consin. Mameri bahin, Mother' brother's daughter.

ननीका s. m. Twist; ache, pain, (particularly, in the bowels).

वस (in comp.) Composed of, chiefly; consisting or made of.

सम्बद्ध s. f. A bird, a kind of jay (Coraeias Indica).

सवा s. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection. सवी s. f. A harrow; a ladder.

sun-dial.

नम्र s. m. A peacock; a flower, the coxcomb ( Celosia cristata ); a plant ( Achyranthes aspera ).

महरपूषा s. f. Coxcomb (Celosia cristata). सन्दर्भ s. m. A chameleon, a lizard.

मयूरी s. f. A peahen.

न्य s. m. Epidemic or pestilential disease.

न्द्रा s. m. The ridge of a house.

मरकट s. m. A monkey, an ape.

सर्वत s. m. An emerald.

मरकर (lit. having died, ) adv. With difficulty.

नरका } adj. Addicted to beating striking, or butting (a man or animal).

म्रखपना v. n. To die.

नरमन adj. Fried ( fish ).

with s. m. The place where Hindus burn their dead.

मरजाना v. n. To die.

मरक्योया s. m. A. diver.

मरक s. f. Death, dying.

मरद्रान्या s. m. pl. Attendants whose business it is to rub oil, perfumed paste, &c. over the body.

to desire vehemently, to set one's heart upon any thing, to dote. s. m. Dying.

न्यप्त adj. Rotten, fermented, macer-स्रम्यका v. a. To suffer pain or sorrow; to labour excessively.

बरश्चा adj. Starved to death, greedy, voracious, ravenous.

a secret, any thing hidden or recondite.

सरनर s. m. Sound made by treading upon dry leaves, &c.

करमराजा v. a. To creak as a new shoe (an imitative sound).

नर्यका v. n. To be dead ; to be deeply in love.

न्दराना v. a. To cause to be beaten, to cause to be killed.

स्रा s. m. A pot-herb (Amaranthus oleraceus).

बरहा s. m. A Marhatto.

ৰংৰে s. m. A sort of goose with red legs and bill, or perhaps the Flamingo; a duck.

मर्बि s. f. Pepper,

नरियल adj. Lean, emaciated, mach reduced by sickness.

मरी s.f. The plague.

मरीच s, f. Pepper ( Piper nigrum ).

निर्मि s. f. A ray of light a sun-beam. s.m. A saint, the son of Brahms, and one of the Projugatis, and Brahmadikas, or first created beings and sovereigns of the world; a niggard, a miser:

which in hot and sandy countries especially appears at a distance like a sheet of water.

waters, sands, a desert; the province of Marwar.

(Artemisia sulgaris); Ocymun pilosum.

मर्चव s. m. A desert, a dry and desert tract. adj. Barren, dry, without water, desert.

मरोक्ष s. f. Twist, flexion, turn, writhe, convolution, contortion. Maror-baz, An affected person.

मरोभूका v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

नरीक्ष्मची s. f. A plant (Helicteres isoro), the fruit of which is used in medicine.

मरीका s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

मरीकी s.f. Twisting, writhing.

म्हिंड s. m. The Makar, a marine monster, apparently the Monodon or Unicorn, and usually confounded with the crocodile or shark.

नरीष s.f. Affection, kindness, humanity, pity.

मरोही बर्जु. Affectionate.

पदेट s. m. A monkey or apc.

मबेटी s. f. A small or female monkey.

मर्कटेन्दु s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospyros melanoxylon).

मर्भेष adj. Mortal, what must or should die.

न्त्री ह, m. A man, a mortal.

जरीती s.m. The earth, the world, the habitation of mortals.

महन s. m. Rubbing, anointing, bruising, trampling, treading down, grinding.

मार्चित adj. Rubbed, anointed, &c.

मकं s. m. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing hidden or recondite.

मक्र s. m. The rustling sound of cloth on dry leaves.

नर्नरी s.f. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadaru).

स्था s. m. A learned or intelligent man or Brahman. [man. स्थापि s. m. An acute and intelligent स्थाप र s. f. Status, rank, dignity,

কৰে। respect, continuance in the right way, propriety of conduct, steadiness, rectitude.

मर्थादिक adj. Respectable.

serum, semen, blood, marrow, urine, fæces, ear-wax, nails, phlegm, tears, rheum, and sweat; dirt, filth; dreg, sediment; rust.

सराका v. n. To walk like a chairman, &c. (trotting and raising the shoulders). [bird.

প্ৰস্ত s. m. A kind of deroish; a kind of প্ৰস্তা s. m. A salt-maker.

भवत s. m. A worn rupee or other coin. भवदच s. m. Rubbing, grinding.

समान s. m. Rubbing, grinding, &c.

बलना o. a. To rub, tread on, trample on, anoint.

मसवा s. m. Rubbish.

मलमल 8. f. Muslin.

सबसाय s. m. An intercalary month. सबसेट adj. Ruined; decided (in dispute). Matmet karna, To destroy, raze. Malmet hona, To be ruined, to perish. western Ghots in the peninsula of India; the country that lies along the Malaya range, or the west coast of the peninsula, Malayalim, or Malabar; one of the minor dwips or divisions of the world.

नसबस s. m. Sandal wood,

नवा s. f. A plant commonly called Teori ( Convolrulus turpethum ).

नजवानीरी s. m. The colour of Sandal wood.

मसनाचन s. m. The mountain Malaya.

मलनाई s. f. Price of scouring, rubbing, &c.

मलई s.f. Cream.

नवाबिर s. m. A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandal wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India. [wood.

नवानीरी s. m. The colour of Sandal नवाना v. s. To cause rub, grind, or scour.

वबार s. f. A Ragini or musical mode sung during the rains.

পৰিছ adj. An unclean race, those who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanskrit and not subject to the usual Hindu institution.

मिलन } adj. Dirty, filthy, foul, vile, मिलना } bad; foul (figuratively), soiled with crime orvice, sinful, deprayed. मिलनता s.f. Filth, impurity; vileness. मिलनसूच adj. Cruel, fierce, savage;

vile, wicked. मिलनी s.f. A woman during menstruation.

Digitized by Google

wiest s. m. A small vessel of wood or of the shell of a cocca-nut, for holding the oil used in unction.

কাজিত s. m. ) adj. Very foul or un-দাজিতা s. f. ) clean; very wicked. s. f. A woman during menstruation. ৰশীৰ adj. Filthy, foul, dirty; sad, vexed, indisposed, disturbed, troubled. নল্ল s. m. A kind of worm.

সাৰীছ odj. An unclean race, those who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanskrit and not subject to the usual Hindu intitutions. [horse).

मनेपंत्र odj. Aged above ten years ( o म लेवा s. m. Name of a mountain.

मझ adj. Strong, stout, athletic, robust. s. m. A wrestler, a boxer by birth.

place for athletic contests; it is also applied to the site of any conflict, as a field of battle, &c.

नज्ञयाता s. f. A match of wrestling or boxing.

सञ्जाब s. m. Wrestling, boxing.

नजार है s.f. One of the Raginis or सकारों divisions of the musical mode Megh sung during the rains.

প্ৰিয়া s. f. Arabian Jasmine (Jasminum zambac).

मिल्लगिन्ध s. m. Aloe wood.

सम्र s. m. A bear.

स्वास *इ. m.* Protection, refuge, asylum, retreat.

संश s. m. A musquito.

न्यक s. m. A gnat, a musquito; r kind of cutaneous eruption, the formation of small pustules or warts; a leather water-bag.

নম্ভবি s. f. Musquito curtains, bed curtains of gauze, or of any thin substance, used to keep off mnsquitoes.

नवरंगी s.f. A kind of pulse fried. नवी s.f. Ink : the stalk of the Nyctan-

षी s.f. Ink; the stalk of the Nyctanthes tristis.

we s.f. Silence. Mast máras, To remain silent.

सस्य s. m. A gnat. [burst, सस्या v. s. To be torn, split, rent, सस्या v. n. To tear, rend, split, burst. सस्य s. m. A medicinal fruit ratala anthelmintios).

नसिंच s.m. A wart, a fleshy excres cence or swelling.

सस्त्राता v. n. To suppress one's sentiments from fear.

अस्त्रमा v. a. To bruise, crush, break with the hand.

मसद्दी s.f. Curtains ( of a bed ), musquito curtains.

सदा s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence. सदाज s. m. A place where a dead body is burnt or buried, a cemetery.

ससार s. m. An emerald.

मिं ह. m. } Ink.

मसिधान 8. m. } An inkstand.

मसी s. f. Ink.

मसीन s. m. A vetch, pulse.

মধীৰা s. f. Linseed (Linum utilitissimum).
মধীৰ n. prop. Messiah, Christ, the
Anointed, the Saviour of the world.

मसीकार्द्र } adj. Of the Messiah. s. m. मसोकी } A follower of Christ, a Christian.

सर्धा s. m. The gums ( of the teeth ).

मस्र s.f. A sort of pulse or lentil (Eroum hirsutum, and Cicer lens).

मस्रिया } s. f. A kind of small-pox.

संखं s.f. pl. Down, small hairs on the lips before the grows.

मसीना v. a. To twist; to squeeze, wring; to regret, to grieve.

भवीश adj. Twisted; grieved, afflicted. s. m. Affliction, renown, regret.

भवा s. m. f. The head, the skull; the forehead; the head or top of any thing.

मक्ष s. m. Mast of a ship.

संबा s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence. सहंबा adj. m. Dear, high-priced, expensive.

महंगी s.f. Death, scarcity, famine adj.f. महत्त s.f. Odour, perfume, fragrance.

সংক্রা v. n. To exhale agreeable smells, to emit odour, to perfume.

मद्दाना v. a. To exhale (agreeable scent) to perfume.

न प्रकोला adj. Odoriferous, fragrant, spicy, aromatic.

महत्त s. m. Diffusive fragrance.

excellent, illustrious. s. f. Greatness, grandeur, dignity.

न इतो s. m. A person employed by the land-holder to collect the rent from a village, a land bailift.

सहसारी s.f. A mother. [rank. মছৰ s.m. Greatness, either in bulk or মহবাসৰ adj. Dependent upon or attached to the great.

मध्या v. a. To churn.

ৰঙ্গ s. m. A monk, an abbot, prior, a religious superior, a chief of the fakirs.

नइनाई s. f. The business of a Mahant. महर s. m. A chief. s. f. A woman, wife, female.

महरा s. m. A palki-bearer.

west's. f. The business, of a palkibearer; a kind of song among the cowherds.

महिंद 8. f. A woman.

नवींक s, m. A division of the universe: a region said to be one crore of yojans above the polar star, and to be the abode of those saints who survive a destruction of the world. [ram. नगत s.m. A eunuch employed in a Hanks adj. Great, illustrious; very, extremely.

नकाकन्द s. m. Garlic; a very large esculent root, a sort of yam.

नदाकाय adj. Large, bulky, stout.

of Shiv, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour, and of aspect more or less terrific. Shiv or Mahakal may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things.

नशानाची s.f. The wife of the preceding deity, and a terrifi: form of Durga.

ৰহাকৰ adj. Eminent by birth, of good family or extraction.

महाकुलीन adj. Of good family.

महाकृप s. m. A large or deep well.

महाक्ष adj. Of a good family.

नहाकोड़ s. m. A species of leprosy.
( great leprosy), perhaps the elephan

नदानव s. m. A banker, moneydealer, merchant; a good or trust-worthy person. [interest.

नहाननी s. f. The business of a Mahajan; महानान adj. Very wise.

महाजाब 8. m. A seine.

महाडोख s.m. A large and splendid sort of sedan or palki.

नहातम s. m. Greatness, grandeur, rank, dignity; the benefit supposed to be derived from any good work.

महातमप्रभा s. f. The lowermost division of Narak or hell.

দহাৰত s.m. The fifth in descent of the segon palats or regions under the

61-68

earth, said to be inhabited by various races of evil teings, as the Nogs, Asurs, Dyts, &c.

সংগদিক adj. Very bitter. s. m. The large Nimb tree (Melia sempervirens). সংগৌৰ adj. Very sharp (as flavour), or literally (as a weapon) or figuratively (as perception &c.).

नहातेजा adj. Very bright; very energetic or vigorous.

महाचा adj. Liberal, lofty-minded, magnanimous.

नहाइन ई. m. An elephant with large tusks; an elephant's tusk.

नदादेव s. m. Shiv, one of the principal Hindu gods.

महाधातु s. m. Gold.

नहानच s.m. Eternal emancipation or beatitude.

भड़ानरक s. m. One of the hells or divisions of Tartarus.

महानिदा s. f. Death, flying.

महानिम s. m. A large kind of Nimb tree Melia sempervirens).

महानिषा s. f. Midnight.

महानीस s. m. The emerald.

मड़ानुमान adj. Magnanimous, libernl. मड़ाम्बी s. f. An owl.

महाप्य s. m. The principal path or entrance to a town or house, &c., a main road, a highway; the end of life, the way of all flesh.

degree, as, killing a Brahman, stealing gold from a priest, drinking spirits, adultery with the wife of a spiritual teacher, and associating with persons who have committed these offences; great crime in general.

नहापातकी s. m. An offender in the highest degree.

warung s. m. Atrocity, great ain; heinous crime or sin in general.

नहापापी Atrocious, great sinner.

सहापासक s. m. A rengious mendicant. सहापुरा s. m. A great man, a holy man. सहापुरा s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternates). सहायस s. m. A holy man, a saint; a king.

world said to occur after every period of 4,830,000,000 years; a total destruction of the universe happening after a period commensurate with the life of Brahma, or 100 years, each day of which is equal to the period first stated, and each night of which is of similar duration; at the expiration of this term, the seven, Loks, with the saints, gods, and Brahma himself, are said to be annihilated.

ৰ্ম্যাম্বাই s. m. The meat which is offered to the deity (especially to Jeggunnoth) and afterwards distributed, প্ৰাৰ্থী ady. Very powerful.

महात्राञ्च s. m. A priest who officiates at funeral ceremonies; and is first fed after the mourning for a dead person.

महाभाग adj. Virtuous in a high degree, pure, holy; eminent, exalted.

महाभागता s.f. Possession of the eight cardinal virtues, clemency, &c. exalted station or merit.

Withits a. m. A grand epic poem by Vyas dev, containing an account of the dissensions and wars of the Kurus and Pandus, two great collateral branches of the house of Bharat, so called from Bharat its founder; great war of the descendants of Bharat.

नदानीत adj. Very timid, pusillanimous, cowardly.

नहाभीता s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Minosa pudica).

नहानांच s.m. Human flesh. (one who takes money on giving his daughter in marriage is said to sell mahamane, human flesh).

नकामाया s.f. Durgs; worldly illusion or unreality.

नहामाक s. m. A kind of been Dolichos catjang). [ruby.

नहास्का adj. Costly, precious. s. m. A नहास्का adj. The coral tree (Erythrina Indica); a drug, classed amongst the principal drugs, and described as a tonic, and stimulant.

sacrament of the *Hindu* religion; five acts are enumerated of this description, severally considered as due to the *Veds*, to the gods, to man, to the manes, and to all created beings; they are respectively, study of scripture offering of sacrifice to gods, hospitable treatment of guests, libation of water, &c., to depensed progenitors, and the casting of food on the ground or in water as an offering to the gods, te spirits, &c.

नदायन s. m. A great mechanical work, as a lock or dyke.

महायमा adj. Illustrious, celebrated.

नशाय s. m. A great Jug; the aggregate of the four ages, or a period of four million, three hundred and twenty thousand years.

नपाराज s. m. A soverign, an emperor; great king, excellency.

नदारह्या s. m. A Hindu emperor.

नदाराजाधिराञ s. m. A paramount sovereign, an emperor. महाराज s. m. Midnight.

नहारानी s. f. An empress.

नपात्तव s. m. God, the supreme Being; a place of refuge; a sauctuary, anasylum:

नदाबोप s. m. The loadstone.

লম্বাৰ্ড s. m. Rain which falls in the month of the Magh. keeper.

नकारत s. m. An elephant driver or नकारन s. m. A large forest.

नपायर s. m. Lac, the red animal die so called extracted from lac insects.

नकाविष s. m. A small venomous, snake, supposed to be two-headed.

सहाविष्य s. m. The Sankranti or moment of the sun's entering Aries the vernal equinox, but varying several days from the European computation. सहावीचि s. f. One of the divisions of Tartarus.

महाबद s. m. A thousand millions.

नराज्ञव adj. Magnanimous, liberal munificent.

मणायल adj. Good, virtuous, just.

respectively, on cow's urine, cowdung, milk, curds, ghi, and water in which Kusa grass has been boiled, and fasting on the seventh days; instead of one day some anthorities assign a period of three days to each, considering the first as the common Santapan penance; others omit the two last periods, making it last fifteen days.

महासाइस s. m. Excessive violence, brutal assault.

महास्य s. m. Copulation.

महायुक्त adj. Subtile, fine, minute.

HVIVIUS. m. A. horse-laugh.

मंडि s. f. The earth.

निष्मा s. f. Greatness in general, literal or figurative.

महिष s. m. A buffalo.

महिनाच s. m. A plant, supposed to be the Biellium tree.

मिष्णी s. f. A female buffalo.

which rises in the province of Malwa, and after pursuing a westerly course of about 280 miles, falls into the upper part of the gulph of Cambay.

नदीरज s. m. The surface of the earth.

महीना s. m. A month; monthly pay.

Mahina charhna, To be in arrears.

Mahina-dar, A monthly servant.

महोच महोपति नहीपान } s. m. A sovereign, a king.

मंडीनय adj. Earthen, made of earth or clay.

महोदह 8. m. A tree.

महीलता s. f. An earth-worm.

লয়জা ১ m. Name of a tree Cassia
লয়জা ১ latifolia) bearing flowers
which are sweet, and from which a
spiritous liquor is distilled. The nuts
afford an oil used instead of butter.

महरत है s. m. A division of time, सुझर्ग है equal to 12 kshans or 48 minutes.

range of mountains, one of the seven principal chains in Bharat Varsha or India, and apparently the northern part of the Ghats of the peninsula.

ৰণ্ড s. m. A dish, consisting of rice or other grain, boiled in some milk.

ন্ধনা s. f. A food given to horses, consisting of boiled kidney beans ( Phaseolus max), a mash.

महेश सहेश्वर है s. m. Shiv.

महोच s. m. A large bull or ox.

महीका s. m. A bird (Cuculus castaneus).

मधीलान s. m. A great festival.

महोत्साइ adj. Persevering, diligent, making strenuous and unremitting exertion. s. m. Diligence, effort, exertion.

नदीह्य s. m. Kanouj, the ancient city and district; final beatitude, emancipation from vitality and absorption into the divine essence, prosperity, elevation, eminence.

मफीदार adj. Mighty, powerful.

महोद्यम कांग्र. Diligent, persevering, making strenuous and unremitting effort. s. m. Great effort, energy, exertion.

महीसा s. m. A frickle.

मणीवथ s. m. Garlic; a plant ( Betula ); long-pepper.

नहीविध s. f. A sort of grass, commonly called Dub; a kind of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

मशीवधी s. f. Dry ginger; a potherb (Hingsto repens).

मची s. m. Buttermilk.

मचिवा 8. f. A bee.

भा s. f. Mother; a name of Lackhmi.

माई s.f. Mother.

मार्च s. f. Aunt.

मां postpos. In. s. f. Mother.

where the hair is parted; a betrothed damsel; prow; division. Many nikalna, To divide the hair in a straight line on the top of the head.

मानिकनी s.f. Name of a bird.

मान्द्रना v. a. To borrow for another, to ask for and give.

भागना v. a. To ask for, require, demand, beg, pray, crave, solicit, want, desire

seek, betroth, will, Mang tang karna, To ask for. [riage. মাননী s. f. Asking or betrothing in mar-

मनिना v. a. To borrow.

मांगे s. f. A loan, what is borrowed. part Betrothed (á woman).

माञ्च s. m. Pus, matter, serum.

मांजना v. a. To scour, scrub, clean.

with s. m. The middle, in the middle, in; a Ragini or musical mode; a kind of verse. Manjhdhar, s f. The midstream.

मांकत s. f. State, dignity.

দাসা s. m. A paste mixed with pounded glass, and applied to the string of a kite, to cut that of another with; a feast given by a bridegroom previous to the wedding; the trunk of a tree. নামা s. m. Master of a vessel, a boatman, sailor, steersman, helmsman.

मांड s. m. Rice-water, rice-gruel, starch, paste.

नाइना v. a. To rub, tread or trample dcwn; to knead; to make, stir, excite commit, perpetrate, produce; to starch.

नांद्रा s. m. Film, speck (on the eye); a kind of bread.

দাতা e.f. Starch (made of rice flour).
দাতা e.m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

नांद .f. Faded, a dull colour ; a dunghill ; the den of a wild beast.

नांस s. m. Flesh, meat.

मांनी s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana jatamanei).

नासम adj. Eating flesh, carnivorous. नासम् s. m. The mango.

मामन्दी s. f. Emblic myrobalan.

माधन s. m. Butter.

मानव adj Belonging to, or produced in the province of Magadh or south Behar. s. m. A bard, a minstrel, whose duty it is to recite the praises of sovereigns, their genealogy, and the deeds of their ancestors, in their presence, and to attend on the march of an army, and animate the soldiers by martial songs. The minstrel forms a particular caste, said to spring from a Vysa father and Kshatri mother; in mythology they are said to have been created at once by the will of Shiv. Under the name of Bhate. they are still numerous in the west of India, where they are a priviledged tribe.

कावधा s. m. pl. The inhabitants or people of Magadh.

भागणे s. f. A kind of jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum); long-pepper (Piperlongum); a sort of Cardamoms grown in Guzerat; a dislect of Sanskrit, one of the principal forms of Prakrita, and nearly the same as that used in the sacred books of the Bhoudhis and Juns.

मानना v. a. To ask for

भाग s. m. One of the months of the Hindu year (January-February).

माषी s. f. A potherb (Hingsta repens).

बाक्रांचिक adj. Propitious, tending to

aframe s. m. Welfare, propitionsness.

The s. m. A large bedstead or platform;
a frame or stage on which they sit
to drive away birds, &c. from corn
fields. Machator, adj. A lazy person
who never stirs from his bed; a kind
of soldier among the Rajputs very
indolent and much addicted to opium.
but active and brave when roused.

মাণী s.f. A harrow; a small bedstead. মান্ত্ৰ s.m. Name of a country, China. মান্ত্ৰ s.m. A mosquito.

माठी अ. f. A fly.

मासार्द्र adj. Born of the same mother.

बाज पत s. m. A gall-nut.

माभावार s.f. Mid-stream.

माधिष्ठ m. } adj. Of a red colour.

बाटी s.f. Earth.

बाठा s. m. Buttermilk. adj. Perverse, lazy, obstinata.

कातू s. m. A buffoon (a term of reproach) व इनी s. f. Paste.

मास्या adj. Lean, thin.

स्या s. m. A child; a man (in a constemptuous sense), a manikin.

सायान s. m. A child, a boy not exceedmg sixteen years of age, a manikin. साविका s. m. A roby.

. सात s. f. Accent, vowel, mother.

wing s, m. An elephant.

कातना v. n. To be intoxicated.

भारता s.f. Mother; the small pox. adj. Drunk, intoxicated.

साताचित m. du. Mother and father.

साराचार s. m. A maternal grandfather. साराचारी s. f. A maternal grandmother. सातुल s. m. A maternal uncle.

बातुलपुत्रक s. m. The son of a maternal

वातुवा । s. f. The wife of a maternal uncle, &c.

चार s. f. A mother.

चादवातुन s. m. A matricide.

बाव adv. Only, so'ely, (exclusive and identical, the very thing).

बावब adı. Mere, only, solely.

जाना s.f. A vowel (point or Symbol); a dose, innugredient. सास्त्र adj. Envious, or impatient of anothe's prosperity.

ब सर्थ s. m. Envy, malice,

ridge of a thatch. Matha thanakna (lit. ringing or throbbing of the fore-head). implies a presentiment of the conclusion, from certain marks observed in the commencement of an affair: and it is generally understood to indicate an unfortunate termination. Matha ragarna (lit. to rub the forehead viz. on the ground). To implore humbly (of the deity, a saint, or a king). Mathe parcharhna, v. a. To tyrannise, to oppress.

साबोसेना v.a. To make even (particular-

ly a thouch ).

(Muttro); a caste of Kayasthas, also of Brdhnass.

सादम adj. Intoxicating.

मादसता s.f. Intoxicating.

माधर्ग s.f. A large creeper ( Gæriners racemosa ).

बाष्ट्रंब s. m. Sweetness of flavour or disposition. [fish.

नाधी s. f. Spirituous liquor; a sort of बाधीस s. m. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassis latifolia; wine, spirit distilled from grapes.

respect; arrogance, haughtiness, pride; blandishment; measure in general, whether of weight, lenght or capacity. adj. Like. Man-guman.
s. m. Dignity, state, honous. Man-guan, Respect.

नान adv. Suppose, grant.

is sometimes eaten (Arum indicum)

चानना f. f. Vow, promise.

चाननीय adj. To be respected or revered.

आना s. m. A man, man ; a boy.

कानवत् s. m. } odj. Proud, haughty, कानवता s. f. } high-spirited.

मानविक्त है. m. मानविक ता s. f. ddj. Humble, lowly.

आनदी s. f. A woman.

sent or faculty of reason and feeling, the lake *Manas* or *Manasarewara* in the *Himolaya* mountains.

जानसल s. m. Thoughtfulness.

सामसम्बाग s. m. Welcome.

सानक adv. Suppose, grant, as if like, resembling.

सानिक s.m. A kind of gem, ruby. Lid ka mani, A horse.

নাৰিন্দ্ৰীষ্ক s.m. A bird (Ardea leucocephala).

आशिता s. f. Pride, dignity.

सानिनी adj. Proud, arrogant, haughty.

मानी s. m. A man.

जात्य s. m. A man.

वानुषी s. f. A woman.

nity, the state or quality of a man or mortal.

कानो adv. Suppose, grant, as if, as. s. m. A cat.

will v. a. To respect, regard, mind, attend to, observe, obey, heed, believe, accept. acknowledge, receive, experience, agree, allow, accede, assent, confess consent, grant, admit, take, assume, trust, yield, submit, suppose, own, permit, to be set on Bura manna, To take amiss, to take as an affront. Bhala manna, To take in good part.

नाय adj. Respectable, venerable.

मापन s. m. Measure, measuring.

our gini daliyan, is applied to express scarcity of provision, also penurious economy.

मार

सावाप s. m. Parents.

क(सक adj. Selfish. s. m. A miser, a niggard.

चाचा s. m. A maternal uncle.

बाबी s.f. An aunt, maternal uncle's wife.

आसी पीना v. a. To shew partiality.

बाब s.m. An uncle, mother's brother; a snake. (Phrase used at night when it is deemed unlucky to call a serpent by its proper name).

compassion, mercy, feeling, affection; fraud, trick, deceit, illusion; philosophical illusion, idealism, unreality of all worldly existence. Mayapatra, adj. Rich, opulent, wealthy,

सायापट adj. Delusive, expert in deceiving.

बाबाबव adj. Illusive, deceptive.

मायाकी s. m. A juggler, a conjurer. भाविक adj. Illusory, deceptive.

MIN s. f. Beating; battle; a blow; (in comp.) killing, killer. Mar kutai, s. f. Beating and braising. Mar khani, To get a drubbing. Mar girana, To kneck down. Mar dans, To kill, smite. Mar dena, To smite, to beat. Mardhar, s. f. Thumping and beating severely. Mar parna, To be beaten. Mar pit, s. f. Beating and bruising, drubbing. Mar marna, To commit suicide; to fall in battle after killing some of the enemy. Mar lana, To rob, to take by robery. Mar lena, To smite, overcome, conquer. Mar sakna, To be alle to beat.

Mar halana, To overcome, to beat and drive back. Mar harna, To beat severely.

मार्ग

बार १ s. m. Plague, pestilence, epide-

जारकत adj. Emerald, of the colour of an emerald.

मार्व s. m. A road, path, way; the anus. मार्च s. m. Killing, slaughter, Maranhara. s. m. Smiter, slayer.

कारना v. a. To smite, strike, hit, kill, slay, beat, bang, drive, shoot, punish, mortify, cast, mar, blight, blast, spoil, ruin, conquer, crack, destroy, break, fine, take, set, smother, stamp, sting, stop, calm, throw, toss, quench, run. s. m. Striking, &c.

चारवा } s. m. A musical mode.

बारा adj. Beaten, smitten, slain: foundered or overturned (a boat, &c.) s. m. A victim. Mara parna, To be killed or slain. Mara mara phirns, To wander. Mara mari, Mutual beating, scuffle, fray, bickering, broil.

माराज्यामा v. n. To be slain; to be · overcome; to be overturned or sunk (a boat, &c. ); to be cut off (a caravan, detachment, &c. ).

भारासक adj. Murderous.

wisca adj. Killed, slain.

बारी s.f. Plague, epidemic.

बाद s.m. A warlike musical instrument, a kettledrum. adj. (in comp.) Smiting, striking; striker, killer.

बारे subst. mas. inflect. ( By ) reason, (on) account, (for) the sake, for.

सार्व s. m. A road, path, way; search, seeking, inquiry; the anus.

সার্কারে s. m. The month Ayrahayana ( November-December ).

चार्जन s. m. Cleaning, cleansing, wiping; cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents; sprinkling with water for purification before the performance of religious ceremonies.

सार्जार s. m. The common eat; the सार्जारो s. f. wild or pole cat.

बाज s. m. Wrestler, boxer, prizefighter. s.f. A necklace, a garland.

बालकक्षणी s.f. Célastrus ( Stiff tree ).

चालका s. f, A garland.

चालकोस s. m. A musical mode.

भावती s. f. Great-flowered jasmine (Jasminum grandistorum); a bad, blossom; a flower ( Bignonia suaveolens); a shrub ( Echiets caryophyllata); a creeper (Gærtnera race-[ pancake. mosa ).

बायप्या s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, a चापन s. m. The province of Malwa or, m. pl. The people of that province.

जासको s.f. A Rágini or musical mode. जाला s. 🚣 A garland, a necklace, a string or wreath of flowers; a chaplet of flowers; a string of beads, a

Hindu rosary; a book. चानाचार s. m. A flower-seller, a florist, a gardener.

माजामन s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpns, of which common rosaries are made.

माचित्र ) s. f. The wife a flower-gather-चारिनी) er, or a female vender of garlands, &c.

माली s. m. A florist, a gatherer and vender of flowers, a gardner.

काला s.m. A garland, a wreath; a chaplet, a garland for the forehead.

कास्त्रवत् । s.m. A mountainous range, described as one of the मास्यशने 🕽 smaller mountains of India proper; lying eastward of mount Meru.

and moon, the change of the moon.

will s. f. Substance; starch; the yolk of an egg; leaven; milk inspissated by boiling.

भाष s. m. A sort of vetch or kidneybean ( Phaseolus max, or,—radiatus ). भाषपर्थी s. f. A sort of leguminous shrub ( Glycine debilis ).

weight, variously reckoned at five, eight or ten rattis or seeds of the Abrus precatorius: the weight in common use is about seventeen grains troy.

ৰাধ s. m. The month, a month, the twelfth part of the Hindu year, it is usually a lunar one, consisting of thirty Tilis but it may be a Soura or solar month, being equal to the sun's passage through a sign of the zodiac; there is also a Sawan month, consisting of thirty risings and setting of the sun; a Nakshatra month, or month regulated by the lunar asterisms; and a fifth description of month called Varhaspatyah, depending on the motions of the planet Jupiter; the lunar month also being of two kinds, as reckoned from the new or from the full moon, completes six different modes of monthly computation.

मास s. m. Flesh, meat.

बासकार s. m. The last day of a month. बासन s. m. A medicinal seed (Serratula anthelmintics).

बास s. m. A small weight consisting of cight rattis.

सामान s. m. Day of new-moon.

बाधिक adj. Monthly, relating or I elonging to a month; payable in a month (a debt, &c.); hired by the month (a servant); lasting for a month; happening or occurring at the end of a month, what will occur a month hence, &c. s. m. A particular Shraddh, or obsequial sacrifice performed every day of new moon. [aunt.

भाषी s.f. Mother's sister, maternal भाषीन adj. Of a month, a month old.

माहाज़न adj. Of a respectable family. माहाजानिक adj. Fit for or suitable to

great persons. बाहात्मिक adj. Glorious, majestic; magnanimous; of great sanctity or

साहात्वा s. m. Majesty, greatness, might the peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine. &c.: a work, giving an account of the merita of any holy place or object,

माहाराजिक odj. Imperial, royal, fit for a king, &c.

wife adv. In.

honour.

माइर् s. m. Poison.

us which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

सिंह 8. m. Rain.

चिक्कनी s.f. Goat's or ship's dung.

भिचकारना v. a. To rinse.

सिचना v. n. To shut, to close.

साचिराना v. a. To eat without an appetite. Michar-michar karna, Eating without an appetite.

सियोलना v. a. To shut or cover the eye. सिटना v. n. To be effaced, to expire.

বিত্তাশা v. a. To efface, erase; obliterate, blot out, abrogate, abolish.

चित्रित s.f. An earthen pot.

65-€4

bite the ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist. Mitti dena, To bury. Matti par larna, To dispute about land. Matti dalna, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Matti karna, To ruin or destroy. Matti men milna, To be ruined or disgraced. Matti khana, To eat flesh. Matti hona, To become weak or faint, to be ruined. Twen s. m. A kiss. adj. Sweet; slow.

चित्री s.f. A sort of sweetmeat.

जिटाई s. f. A sweetmeat; sweetness.

चिठास s. m. Sweetness.

जिन adj. Measured.

बिटी 8. f. A kiss.

বিদ্যাশ adj. Prudent in speaking, of measured speech.

নিবামৰ adj. Abstemious, moderate in diet, eating little and sparingly.

বিনি s. f. Measuring, measure; proof, evidence.

चिती s. f. Date; interest. चित s. m. A friend.

जिन्ता } s.f. Friendship, friendliness.

निवहर 's. m. A false or treacherous friend,

निवम द s. m. Breach of friendship.

निवधान s. m. Aquirement of a friend or friendship, forming friendship, &c.

निषम् adv. Matually, reciprocally.

fugur s. m. A couple, a pair, a brace, male and female; copulation; union, junction. s. m. The sign of the zodiac Gemni.

निष्य adv. Falsely, untruly, adj. False, counterfeit.

নিআখাৰ adj. Acting falsely
শিকাছতি s. f. Denial of future existence.

atheism, heresy.

निषापतित्र adj. Treacherous, guilty of a breach of promise.

निष्णानित s.f. Error, ignorance, mistake. निष्णावादी adj. Lying, a liar.

দিলী s.f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

निया s. m. Sir i an address expressive of kindness, master. Miyan admi, A respectable person.

मिनी s. f. The epilepsy.

দিনীয়া s. m. One afflicted with the epilepsy, one epileptic.

भिषे s. f. The pepper Gol-mirch, Blackpepper. Lal-mirch, Capsicum or red pepper.

দিৰা ) s. m. Chili pepper (Capsicum fn্ৰাই ) frutescens ).

निर्मा adj. False, lying, untrue.

भिद्र s. f. A kind of dram, a tabour.
(A kind of long drum, much longer than the dhol and broader at the mid-dle than at either end).

मिद्दिया | s. m. A beater of the mir-मिद्देशी | dung, a tabourer.

দিঘা s. m. An officer employed by government in villages, an overseer, exciseman.

from s. m. Mixing with, being in contact with, associating with, &c.; agreement; encountering, meeting; to meet, to mix, &c.

निजनसार adj. Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial. Milansari, s. f. Sociableness, friendliness, affability, civility, concord, agreement.

ed, to blend, meet, join, to be met with, to attain, occour, to be got, to associate, agree, accord, fit, tally, suit, to be united, to become connect-

ed (with), to coalesce, correspond Milea julea, or Milea julea, To meet cordially, to have unrestricted intercourse. Milea hilea, v. n. To act together, to coalesce, to be together, to join. Mile jule ruhad, To live together in harmony.

निस्थाना v. a. To cause to mix, &c.

नियाना ए. a. To mix, to blend; to cause to meet, to join, attach, connect, adjust, accord, fit, unite, apply, introduce, cement, close, compare, reconcile, assimilate, agree, find, get, meet, visit.

frem s. m. Agreement, reconciliation, accommodation, mixing, coalescence, combination, union, concord, understanding, adjustment, pacification, visit, meeting.

निवापो adj. Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial.

নিবাৰ s. m. Mixture, mixing, accord, unison, assimilation.

fifes adj. Mixed, united, combined or connected with; found, met with, encountered.

নিমী s.f. A sort of fennel (Anethun parmorium); Indian spikenard; commonauise.

May adj. Mixed. mingled, blended. s. m. Mixing, mixture, a title of Brahmans, who were I rought to India from Sáka-dwip by Krishna in order to cure leprosy of his son Sambah; also a title of some Brahmans from Mithila fc.; a Hindu physician; a respectable person.

নিম্বত s. m. Mixing, uniting; (in Arithmetic) Addition.

निषय बर्ज़. Respected, respectable ; mixed, mingled ; added. निक र m. Fland, trick, deception; निक pretence, sham, stratagem; envy.

নিকী s.f. Spikenard ( Valeriana Jatamansi ); a sort of fennel (Anethanpanmorium, &c.)

मिष्ट adj. Sweet, sugary.

fugiws. m. Sauce, gravy, seasoning, a mixture of sugar and acids, &c. eatenwith bread or rice.

নিম্বা v. n. To be ground, to be pulverized.

full s.f. A sort of fennel (Anethum panmorium); another kind (A. sowa); spikenard (Vateriana Jatamasi); a sort of lovage (Ligusticum ajwsen); common anise (Pimpinella anisum).

निसी ( s. f. A powder (made of निस्सी ) vitriol, &c.) with which the teeth are tinged of a black colour. adj. f. Made of vetches. Missi-dan, A box of gold, silver or other metal for holding misi.

নিছ্টা s. f. A plant from the leaves of which a red die is prepareed, with which the natives stain their hands and feet (Lawsonia inermis).

বিষ্ণা s. m. Sarcasm. Mihna phenkna,. To sneer.

fuver s. m. A man who appears in the habit of a woman.

बिचराक बिचरिया | s.f. A. woman, बिचरी |

चिहाना v. n. To grow damp.

निष्ठानी इ. f. A churn.

मोनो s.f. Marrow.

भीजना v. o. To rub, scour.

मोच s. f. Death.

नीयमा १ v. a. To close the eyes, shut, नीकना भाषा wink.

मोजना v. a. To rub with the hands.

मीजू s. m. Lentil.

भोडा adj. Sweet; slow. s. m. A very active vegetable poison; name of a fruit; a kiss.

मीठिया s. m. A. kiss. मीठी s. f.

नीया s. f. A caste of Hindus professedly thieves.

नीत s. m. A friend, a lover; a cup. नीतन s. f. A female namesake or friend. नीता s. m. A namesake; a pitcher; a porriugor, a cup.

नीज s. m. A fish; the sign of the zodiac Pices; the name of the first incarnation of Vishnu.

भीनरदा s. m. A kingfisher.

मीना s. m. A caste of Hindus professedly thieves.

सीनाचाली s. m. A crane; a fisherman. सीनाच्छ s. m. Fish-spawn, roe, milt.

भोनासक s. m. A follower of the Mimánsa philosophy.

भौगांसा s. f. One of the philosophical systems of the Hindus, or rather a twofold system, the two parts of which form two of the six Dirsans or schools of philosophy; the first part, the Purv Mimánsa, or Mimánsa simply, originates with the Muni Jaymini, and illustrate the Karma kanda of the Veds, or the practical part (the ritual) of roligion and devotion, including also moral and legal obligations. The second part, or uttara Minánsa, ascribed to Vyas, is the same as the Velant, founded on the Jnan kand or the theological portion of the Veds. and treating of the spiritual worship of the Supreme Being or soul of the universe.

मीनियाना v. n. To bleat (a kid).

मीलन s. m. Twinkling, blinking, winking,

बीय s.f. The worm of the intestines, Ascarides, &c.

सोधी s. f. A kind of leather, chamois. सोसना v. a. To grind, pulverize, tweak, twitch, rumple, crumple.

presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance; (met.) power, fi ness, qualification, pretence; ability.

संहराज s. m. f. The mouth-piece of s. hukka.

सम्बद्धा v. o. To deny.

सुकरी s. f. A kind of short poem of frequent use in the Braja dialect, the peculiarties of which are these. It consists of four lines, each composed of four trochees. In the three first, the speaker, a female, appers to talk of her lover: but on the question being put by a friend, applies the whole to some other object. Hence name from mukarna, To deny.

सुद्ध s. m. A crown, crest, diadem. सुद्ध s. m. Gum olibanum; a precious gem; quicksilver.

सुक्र s. m. A mirror.

मुक्त s. m. An opening bud,

सुकृतिक adj. Half-closed (as a bud); half-shut (as the eye), blinking, winking.

सुका s. m. A thump, a blow with the सुको s.f. fist, buffet,

let, go; liberated from corporal existence, finally happy. s. m. The spirit released from mundane existence, and re-integrated with its divine original.

um s.f. A pearl. s.f. Release, pardon, absolution from sin, salvation, deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further trans-

migration, adj. Released, absolved, feed from corporal existence, finally happy.

s. m. A pearl.

Amr adj. Much, many.

सकारको s.f. pearl necklace.

Him s. of. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration; the (imaginary) reabsorption of the emancipated spirit into its great primary source, identification (according to Hindu ideas) with God; liberation, setting or becoming free or loose.

He s. m. The mouth, the face. adj. First, initial; chief. pre-eminent, principal.

सुन्द्र 8. m. A mouthful.

संखागि s.m. Fire put into the mouth of the corpse at the time of lighting the funeral pile; a sacrificial or consecrated fire.

मुख्या है adj. Chief, primary principal.

सुस्यता s. f. Pre-eminence, being best or chief.

संग ६. र s. m. A mallet : a club used to exercise with in the manner of dumbbells.

मुख adj. Lovely, beautiful; stupid, ignorant, an idiot, a fool; simple, silly.

सुन्धता s. f. Loveliness; ignorance, studidity: simplicity.

सुन्धा s. f. A young and lovely female. बचा s.m. A large lump of flesh or meat.

सुत्ररा s. m. Allowance, premium, deduction; obeisance, respects, visit, audience, Mujra karna, To

obeisance, pay respects, wait on. visit. Mujre-gah, Place of visiting, audience, salutation, &c.

सम्ब prop. Me.

HW s. m. A sort of grass, from the fibres of which a string is prepared. of which the triple thread worn by the Brahman as a girdle should be formed (Sachharum munja); the Brohminical girdle, or in common use, the sacred string or cord.

सटाई s. f. } Fatness, plumpness, lig-मुद्धापा ३. т. ∫ ness, bulkiness.

नहीं s.f. Fist, grasp ( of the hand ), clutch, hand, handful-

सड s. f. The first, blows with the first. clutch, grasp. Muth-mard, s. m. A. robber a ruffian.

सदिया s. m. A handful.

त्रुठोसी s. f. Onanism.

संस्था v. n. To be turned back, to be bent, twisted, turned, to turn, bend. twine.

सुदियाना v.n. To be twisted, to be writhed.

सुख adj. Shaved, bald, having no hair on the head; low, mean. s. m. The head, the forehead, a bald pate; the trunk of a lopped tree; a head-man. Mund-mal, A necklace of human heads.

मुख्यारी मारना To lie round with the knees to the belly.

नक्ष s. m. A barber.

सुकान s. m. Shaving, the first shaving of a child (a religious ceremony among the Hindus); shearing, cutting.

संस्कृत v. n. To be shaved.

awai adi. Shaved.

तुक्ताना v. n. To cause to be shaved.

as s. m. The head, the head of a paper kite. s. f. Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth). adj. Shaven, bald, uncovered; a kind of uncovered palki.

Harish v. a. To shave.

Mariat s. m. A kind of small turban.

मास्ति adj. Bald, shorn, shaven.

सुक्त विर adj. Blad-plated, shavenheaded.

The head.

Red s. m. A barber. s. f. A medicinal plant ( Sphæranthus indicus ).

सकारी s.f. A plant, described as a creeper, bearing a red and yellow flower, and commonly called by the same name, Mundiri.

He s. m. A sanyasi, a gosain.

s. f. The coping of a wall.

सुवना adj. One who pisses much, a piss-a-bed.

ब्रुताच s.f. Desire or inclination to piss. नुतास वर्ता. Desirous of pissing.

सृतिहर s. m. Straw, &c. mixed with horse's urine.

सुनिष्री . f. A hole in which the dirt of a stable (particularly urins) is collected.

सुर a.f. Pleasure, delight, joy.

महा s.f. Happiness, joy.

स्वित adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m. Pleasure, happiness.

8. m. A sort of kidney-bean ( Phaseolus mungo ).

सद्द s. m. A mallet, a mace, a weapon formed like a carpenter's hammer; a staff, armed with iron, and larger at the lower extremity, used for breaking clods of earth, &c.; a carpenter's hammer; a sort of flower, said to be a kind of jasmine, perhaps Jasminum zambac, the wild variety.

अहा s.f. A seal, a signet ; a seal ring; िमुस्सूस s.f. A jew's harp.

the mark of a seal or similaringpression, a stamp, print, commedal. &c. ; a ring worn by Jogis. in their ears.

महादित adj. Stamped, sealed.

मुद्दित adj. Sealed; marked, stamped, struck.

जनसा s. m. A species of raisin.

सुनस्न s. m. Push pash, a mode of calling a cat.

भागि र s. m. A holy man, a sage, a pious and learned person, endowed with more or less of a divine nature, or having attained it by rigid abstraction and mortification: the title is applied to the Rishis, the Brahmadiks, and to great number of persons distinguished for their writings, considered as inspired, as Panini, Vyas, &c.; an ascetic, a devotee.

ज्या s. f. The female of the little birds called amadavats (or lal, Friagila amandava).

मृतिकान e. m. A hermitage, the abode or retirement of holy sage.

खुबील s. pr. A saint, or chief of the saints or sages.

सुन्द्रवा v. p. To be shut, closed, contracted. v. a. To close.

बदा s.m. A ring, a collar.

स्की ., f. A ring, a finger-ring.

Wife. सुनाह्यो s. f. A honey-bee. सुकानी s.f. An aunt, mother's brother's चुच्चे s. m. A man at the point of death, a dying man.

सर्दे .. f. A radish.

स्रकाना a. n. To twist, to writhe.

म्रको s.f. An ornament worn in the ear; the tragus of the ear. मर्बीवासा है. m. A poulterer.

जुरसाना v. n. To wither, fade, pine, droop to be dejected or dispirited.

west of Hindustan, called also Lampak, and no Lampan. m. pl. The inhabitants of Lampan.

मुहस्था करवा v. a. To tie.

ים'

सुरम् र . m. A kind of food, rice pressed flat and eaten raw. ( So named in imitation of the sound which it gives in chewing ).

जुरला adj. Toothless. s. m. A peacock. जुरलो s. f. A flate, pipe, a fife. Murlidhar, s. m. A name of Krishna.

मुरदा s. m. Convolution. adj. Twisted. मुरदी s. f. A twist, contortion, writhe, convolution.

सुराई s. m. One whose business it is to grow and sell vegetables.

स्रेता s. m. A peachick.

सुरों s. m. A squib.

मुस्तानी s. f. A musical mode. adj. Of Mullan, Multani Matti, s. f. Armenian bole (lit. sarth of Multan).

सुबाही s. f. A medicinal root, liquorice. सुबाही s. f. Appraisement, valuation. सुबाहा v. a. To appraise.

मुश्के बढ़ाना र v. a. To pinion, to tie मुश्के बढ़ाना the hands behind the back.

ज्या s. m. A club, a mace ; a pestle for cleaning rice.

म्बित adj. Stolen, robbed.

मुख्य s. m. The scrotum ; the testicle. स्टs. m. Theft, robbery.

mar kar bythns, To sit with the knees held up, by the arms clasped round them, towards the face.

जुराज्दि s. m. Thumping, and pulling, fisticuffs, boxing.

मुद्दी s.f. The first, the closed hand; filching, stealing.

बुद्दीवात s. m. Pummelling. boxing.

स्टीयम s. m. Clenching the fist.

मुरोम्हि ado. Fist to fist ( fighting ), fisticulfs.

चायान s. f. A smile, a grin.

सुद्धाना v. s. To smile, grin, smirk.

नुसन्तराई है. f. Smiling, grinning, smirk, and langhing, smile, smirk.

न्यस्थाना v. n. To smile, grin, smirk, simper.

स्यच s. m. A pestle, a wooden pestle used for cleaning rice; a club.

सस्त्रमान s. m. A Mahomedan.

न्यजमानी s. f. The Mahomedan religion; circumcision; a female Musalman; of or relating to a Musalman.

ससाना v. a. To cause to steal.

म्बद s. m. A fragrant grass ( Cyperus rolundus); a sort of poison.

सुर्व s. m. Van, vanguard.

मुक्ती s.f. The cuff of the sleeve of a jacket, or the extremity of the leg of a pair of trousers, the bore ( of a gun, &c.).

मुद्दाना s. m. The mouth (of a river, oc.), inlet, outlet. [youth).

मुश्राचा s. m. A pimple (of the face in मुश्राचे s. m. A division of time, the thirtieth part of a day and night, or an hour of forty-eight minutes,

सुपा adj. Dead, lifeless, dull. Muabadal, s. m. Sponge. Mua-sho, A washer of dead bodies.

मृबी s.f. A blow with the fist.

mungo). Mungo-phali, s. f. The ground-nut or pig-nut of the West Indies (Arachis hypogæa).

म् नची } s.f. A dish made with mung.

भू ना s. m. Coral. भृ निया s. m. A colour (red coral-coloured)

म्ब } s.f. Whiskers.

म्बंड s.f. A grass of which ropes are made (Saccharum munja).

www. m. The head. Mund pans, To coax, to wheedle. Mund bhers, Bst-ting (as rams).

बंदप्रा s. m. A kind of pillar.

vert, or make a disciple of; to wheedle out of any thing. Ulle usture se mundra, To cheat one.

मृंडला adj. Shaved.

म्डी s.f. The head,

ब्हा s. m. The shoulder, a lump, a stool, a footstool.

सूर्वा v. ø. To shut, cover, close, imprison, involve.

मृद्री s.f. A ring for the finger.

₹ s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance, power, fitness, qualification, pretence ability, Munh andhera, Twilight; evening; dusk. obscure. Munh-akhri. adj. Verbal. Munh apnasa leke phirjana, To return disappointed from any enterprise, to fail of success. Apna-sa munh ona, is used to denote failure of success. Munh ana, Salivation. Munh-a-munh, odi. Brimful. Munh utar jana, To have the face shrunk or withered by weakness and emaciation. Munh karna, To confront, to compare; to give abuse; to burst or open (as an abscess); to make the first attempt at seizing game ( a young hound or other onimal used in hunting); to turn one's face, direct one's steps towards any particular object or place. Munk ko nawolo. Any thing easily attained Munh ka phuhar. Abusive. kolo, s. m. Disgrace. Munh kals karna, To incur disgrace; to punish, to disgrace. Munh ki loi utarne, To lose the sense of shame. Munh ke kawa ur jana, To look blank or any occassion. Munh kholna, abuse. Munh chang, A jew's-harp. Munh charhna. To become intimate with, to attach one's self to; to face, to confort. Munh chalsna, To bite (or to be inclined to bite, as a horse) Munh chirana, To make mouths. Munh chor, Shame-faced, bashful, timid, sheepish. Munh chori, Bashfulness. Munh chhipana, To hide one's face (from bashfulness). Munh terka karna, To make wry faces. Munh thathana, To slap one's face, to box the ears. Munh dalna, To beg to request. Munh takna, To be astonished or afflicted. Munh torna, To harass. Munh to dekho, Look at the face! (applied to a person who pretends or aspires to something beyond his power or capacity). Munh topa. s. m. Bribe. Munh thathana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. dikhai, s. f. A present given by the friends of the family and the woman of the neighbourhood on their first visit to a bride. Munh dikhana, To shew one's face, to appear with confidence and satisfaction. Munk dethkar bat karna, To flatter, to speak what one supposes will be agreeable to one's hearers. Munh dekhno, To look up to (for aid, &c.); to have a regard for one; to be astonished or helpless. Munh dekh rahna, To stare

at with surprise. Munh dekhe ki prit, Apparent friendship or affection, shew of friendship before a person whom you pay no regard to in absence. Munk par garm hona, To behave disrespectfully in the presence of a superior. Munh par lana, To tell, relate. Munh par hawai urni (lit. To have a squib or rocket discharged against one's face, To change colour. Munh pasarna, To gape (with surprise, &c.) Munh pans, To get into one's good graces; to presume on the favour of another. Munh phirna, To turn away from, to be displeased with, to be disgusted. Munk pherma, To abstain from. Munk phylana, To presume, to desire much, to gape. Munh band kerna, To hold one's tongue. Munh banana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Munh bana, To open the mouth, to gape. Munh barna, To refrain. Munh bigarna, To be displeased; to have the taste blunted or depraved. Munh bigarna, To frown, to make faces. Munh-bola, adj. Nominal, in name or appellation. Munh bola bhai, or Munk boli bakin. An intimate friend (lit. one called brother or sister). Munh-bhari, s. f. A bribe, a sop. Munh manga, (as) demanded, requested or asked for by word of mouth, Mush marna, To stop one's silence; to feed, to bite. Munh men peni ana, To desire with eagerness. Munh morna, To turn away, to abstain or desist from any thing. Munh rakhna, To keep on good terms with. Munh lagna, To have the mouth burned by any pungent substance; to become intimate,

to be familiarized, to become a favourite. Munh lagna, To familiarize, to be intimate with inferiors, to favour, to countenance. Munh latkana, To be down in the mouth, to make a long face. Munh leks rah jana, To be silent from shame. Munh sukarna, To change colour. Munh se phul jharna, To abuse, to reproach.

The sem. Soreness in the mouth, the aphthe or thrush, salivation. Munhan-munh, Tete a-tete, face to face, brimful, topful. Munhan-munhi s. f. Altercation, squabble, wrangle,

मुका s. m. The fist; a thump, blow; a

स्को s. f. A thump, a blow of the fist. स्था s. m. The ridge of a thatch, the topping or coping of a wall.

म्बो s. m. A kind of pigeon, s. f. A. thump.

सूबरी s.f. A mallet for beating clothes with.

मुचकाना v. a. To sprain.

spy-hole.

म्बना s. m. Pincers, tweezers. v. a. To

बृद्ध s. f. Whiskers. Muchh marora roti tora, One who is proud of eating the bread of idleness.

मूकावर्ष s. m. Stiff and bushy whiskers. मूक्टेन adj. Having large whiskers.

qs. f. Handle, hilt, fist, hand, handful; name of a game. Muth-ki-muth, Handful after handful, repeated handfuls.

सुद्धाः s. m. A kind of printing consist ing of spots on cloth, leather, &c.

सुद्धा s. m. A handle.

मृठिया s. m. A handful.

सूडी s. f. The fist.

मुख s. m. The head,

66-44

145

The body; figure, form, body

ws adj. Foolish, stupid, ignorant, brutal. s. m. An idiot, a fool, a simpleton, Murkmon, Senpid in mind. सहस्ता s. f. Folly, silliness, ignorance. 'कंडबा बर्का. Foolish, a fool. श्रुत s. m. Urine, piss. मृतका v. a. To pies. nw s. m. Wrine, piss. सुबद्ध s. m. Strangury; urinary affection in general, as gravel, &c. भूबदीय s. m. Gonorrhæs, considered as an urinary complaint. भूजनार्ज s. m. The wrethra. अवस्य s. m. Milky prine, depositing a thick white sediment. 'सुवाचात s. m. Suppression of "urine. स्वातीत s. m. Difficulty or slow passage of urine. 'जना v. n. To die. सुन adj: Little. -अर्च तर्ता. Foolish, ignorant, stupid, idiot, fool. Murakh-gonth, The insisting of an ignorant fellow upon what he says, stubborumess. म्रचता ʃ. 1 s. Barbarism, folly, igno-..पूरवताई./. rance, stupidity. सूरपंखना m. , ৰুবে s.f. A statue, image, an idol, a picture, a resemblance, form, figure, body; a person (term used by Byragis). Tidiotic. 'बूबं adj. Foolish, ignorant, stupid, मुख्ता रे s.f. Barbarism, folly, igno-मूचेताई ∫ rance, stupidity. मुद्देश adj. Fainting, sweening. s. m. Fainting, syncope, swooning. मुक्तां s. f. Fainting, loss of consciousness or sense. [sh]e. मृचित adj. Fainting, fainted, insen-

युक्तं s.f. A. swoon, stupefaction. Mar-

युद्धित adj. Fainted, in a swoom, insen-

chha sna, To-swoon.

sible, entranced.

in general, or any definite shape or image. मुन्तिमान् adj. Material, substantial, haring shape or substance; incarnate, नदां s. m. The head. भव s. m. Origin, root, race, generation, principal or capital sum of money; text (of a book, opposed to comment); name of the mineteenth luner mansion. adj. Really. क्षिण adj. Born while the moon is in mul (Scorpionis, which is considered unlucky), मुकी s. f. A radish. नस्य s. m. Price. सूप s. m. A rat, a mouse. न्यक s. m. A rat, a mouse; a thief. स्वय s. m. Stealing, pilfering. सविद्ध s. m. A rat, a mouse; a thirt, s plunderer. मधित adj. Stolen. मसना v. a. To pilfer, steal, filch, defraud; snatch or seize by force. मस्त s. m. A rat. मुसरी s. f. A monse. न्तव s. m. A wooden pestle. भवला s. m. A taproot; the fusiform receptacle of a many-seeded fruit (as of the Artecarpus, Annone, &c.) Musladhar barasna, To rain very heavily. जुरा s. m. A mouse, a rat. चुनाई s. f. Judaism (following of Moses). A deer, an antelope; the fifth lunar constellation Mrigasirus, Mrigo-chiro, s. m. Name of a small bird. Mrig chhála, The skin of any antelope wern and used as a bed by devotees. Mrigo-ndohi, s. m. Musk, s bag of musk, Mrig-systi, Deer-eyed. Musk, Mriga-lockoni, Mriga-mad.

Having an eye like the deer. Mrigstála, & deer park.

or deserts, and appearing at distance like water; sultry vapour, mirage:

eyes, or eyes like a deer.

यमभी अभी s. f. Bitter apple or colocynth.

समया s. f. Chase, bunting.

यमराखा 8. m. A lion.

चनित्रा s. m. The fifth lunar mansion; containing three stars.

यगहनी s. f. Colocynth (Cucumis coloquintido). [epilepsy.

चनी s. f. A doe, a female deer; the

Ta adj. Dead, expired, extinct, defunct s. m. Death.

खतंब s. m. A dead body, a corpse.

चतवार adj. Insensible, fainted.

चत्त्वान s. m. Funeral, ablution, bathing after morning.

चित्रका s.f. An earth worm.

also called Surat earth.

यशिक s. f. Earth, clay, soil.

चलु s. f. Death, dying.

चरात्र s. m. A name of Shiv, as the conquerer of death.

भ्रम s. m. · A tabour, a small] drum; a double drum.

चहित्रया है s.m. A beater of the mri-चदत्ती वित्रया a tabourer.

बद् 'adj. Soft; blunt, not sharp; gentle, mild.

चदुता s. f. Boftness.

was ade. Falsely; uselessly, in vain.

ade. In, among, between, at Men seh, From within, out of.

चेंगणों s. f. The dung of goats, sheep, camels, &c.

fields), a border, bank (of a pond, river, fc.), dam, dike. Mend parna, The rising of waves in the sea.

A frog; the rump of a livrse. Mendie he sukame hone (lit. a frog having caught cold), expuss pride or consequential airs-assumed by worthless persons.

में Wis. f. The brim of a well.

में डियाना v. tt. To skris, to enclose with a bank.

भेंडा s.m. A ram; the swell of the tide called the boar.

में ४ s.m. Rain. Menh chhutna, To rainhard, Mench baraena, To rain.

which a red die is prepared, with which the natives stain their hands and leet (Lawsonus inermis).

नेष s.m. A ram; the sign Aries; a tent pin, a peg, a nail.

the sacrificial string of Brakman when made of deer skin; a triple zone or string worn round the loins by the three first classes; the gird of the Brahman should be of the fibres of the munj or of kusa grass, that of the Kshattri of a murwa, or bowsting, and that of the Vys of w thread of the san.

संख्यो s.f. A sackcloth.

HW s. m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a musical mode appropriated to the west season and last watch of the night before dawn of the day, and said to have proceeded from the heap of Brahms, or else from the sky. Megh-pati, s. m. Lord of the clouds, Megh berne, adje

Of the colour of the clouds Megh-raj, • m. The thunderer.

क्षेत्रकाच } s. m. The rains, the rainy नेवानन } season.

नेवगव्य न s. m. Thunder.

मेंचन्ची तिस s.m. A flash or lighting or the fire of it.

नेपतिनित s. m. Cloudiness, cleudy or rainy weather.

मेचदौप s.m. Lightning.

सेचरार s. m. Sky, heaven, ether.

सेक्साइ s. m. The noise or grumbling of clouds; the Petas tree (Batea frondosa); a sort of Amaranth (Amaranthus polygamus).

ने बनावा s.f. A gathering or succession of clouds. [music.

नेषराग s. m. One of the six medes of नेषद s. m. Sulphuret of antimony.

भेडना v. a. To effect, erase, blot out, wipe out, annihilate, annul, cancel, expiate, atone for ; to thwart.

मेट्डा s. f. A tree (Spondias mangifera). मेट्डांगी s.f. A milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked, and therefore compared to a ram's horn (Asclepias geminata).

मेढ़ा s. m. A ram.

भियो s.f. The plant fenugreek ( Trigonella fenugræcum ).

नेद s. m. Adeps, fat, the supposed proper seat is the abdomen; morbid or unnatural corpulency.

भेदलो adj. Robust, stout, strong; fat, corpulent.

Fig. s. f. A drug, described as a sort of root resembling ginger, brought from the Murang district; it is one of the eight principal medicament, and is said to be of cooling and emollient properties, and of particular use in fever and consumption.

मेहिनो s.f. The earth.

मेदोधरा s. f. A membrane in the abdomen, containing a fat, the omentum. मेदोडिंच s. f. Corpulence; enlargement

निरोणित s. f. Corpulence; enlargement of the scrotum.

नेष s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation. नेषा s.f. Appelension, conception, understanding.

नेपानो adj. Intelligent, comprehending, of ready comprehension or conception.

Rivs. m. A post fixed in the centre of a threshing-floor or barn, to which the eattle are attached, as they turn round it to tread out the corn.

Rfw: adj. Intelligent, possessing a ready and just apprehension.

which a reddish dye is prepared, with which the palms of the hands, tips of the fingers, soles of the feet, and finger-nails are stained (Loussonis inermis).

मेमना s. m. A kid. भेरा pron. 1st pers. poss. mosc. My, नेद s. m. The sacred mountain Meru, in the centre of the seven continents, compared to the cup or seed-vessel of the lotus, the leaves of which are formed by the different Dwips: its height is said by the Hindus to be 84, 000 Yojans, sixteen thousand of which are below the surface of the earth; the shape is variously described, as square, conical, columnar, spherical, or spiral; and the four faces of it are of various colours. or white towards the east, yellow to the south, black to the west, and red towards the north: the river Ganges falls from heaven on its summit, and flows thence to the surrounding

world in four streams; the southern branch is the Ganges of India, the northern running into Tartary, is the Bhadrasoma, the eastern is the Sita. and the western the Chackshu or Oxus; on the summit of Meru Brohma resides, attended and worshipped by the Rishis Gundharvas, &c. : the regents of the points of the compass occupy the corresponding faces of the mountain, the whole of which consists of gold and gems; considered in any but a fabulous light; mount Meru appears to mean the high land of Tartary, immediately to the north of the Himslaya mountains.

नेदम s. m. Fragrant resin, incense. नेद s. m. An axis.

मेरी pron. My, mine.

aggreement, combination, intimacy, concord, reconciliation, union, association, mixture, mixing, meeting, assemblage; a meeting or assemblage of people, a set, a fair, a court of justice, a counterpart.

मेखना v. s. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in.

नेका s. m. A fair, a large concourse of people collected at stated periods for religious or commercial purposes, as at Hardwar, a mixed assemblage of fakirs or sadds. Mela thela, s. m. A crowd, a concourse of people. Mela milna, To meet full in the face.

मेजी s. m. A partaker. adj. Friendly, sociable.

होत है। s. m. A tribe inhabiting the mountainous province of Mesoat, much addicted to robbing. [of drug. नेष s. m. A ram; the sign Aries; a king

मेची s. f. An ewe.

flammatory affection of the urethra including gonorrhoea, &c.; utine, piss.

नेषतर s. m. A sweeper.

नेप्रवराणी s. f. Female of mehtar; also a female inn-keeper.

नेप्रवा s. m. A taunt. Mehna marns, v. s. To taunt.

नेंचण्डा s. m. A taunter.

के pron. I. [family.] भेवा s. m. Kindred, relations, mother's भेव adj. Of or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable.

मेबी s.f. Friendship; the seventeenth lunar asterism. [Mithile.

मैचिच vdj. Belonging to, born in, &c. मैच्च s.m. Venery, coition, copulation; union, association; marriage.

मैनफ्ल s. m. A fruit used in medicine (Vangueria spinosa).

नैनशिख s. m. Red arsenic (Realgar).

नेना s.f. A bird, a kind of jay ( Corscies Indica ).

मैशा s. f. A step-mother.

मैया s. f. Mother.

मेच s. f. Dirt, filth, rust, scum, Mylkatna, To refine, to purify. Myl chhantna, To fine, strain, purify, clarify. Myl bythna, To gather a crust.

Myla karna, To dirty, tarnish, foul.

Myla kuchyla, adj. Dirty. Myla hojana, To tarnish, to become turbid, to be dirty.

में दिया s. m. A male buffalo.

में दियों s.f. A female buffalo.

नी pros. (in Broj.), Me. Mo-koan, To me, me.

मोडा s. m. The shoulder; a lump; a stool, a footstool.

सींपरी s.f. A kennel, a drain.

जोषा s. m. A small hole in a wall for admitting light and air, an air-hole, an aperture.

नोगरा s. m. A mallet, a pounder, a rammer; flower, great double Arabian or Tascan jasmins (Jasminum zambac: Magorium).

नोगरी s.f. A mallet for beating cloths, &c. with.

सीच adj. Vain, useless, fruitless. s. f. Trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave olens).

नोचपान adj. Cultivating vain knowledge or any but religious wisdom.

कीषाञ्च adj. Indulging vain hopes.

offw s. m. Strain, sprain, twist; a tree (Hyperanthera moranga).

bax heptophyllum); the plantain (Musa supiontum); a Hierator.

লাখন s. m. Liberating, setting free: release, aquittal; theft, robbery. s. f. A saddler's or shoemaker's wife. দীখনা v. a. To let go, io set free, to shed. put off extinguish.

मोपरच s. m. The gum of the silk det-

নাম s. m. A large lump of fiesh; a plantain tree (Minso saptentum).

দীবাস s. m. A kind of pungent seed ( Nigella Indica).

कोचिनो s. f. A. prickly night-shade.

लोपी s. m. A saddler, a shoemaker. a cobblerr

ance, absolution, salvation, deliverance, absolution, salvation, beatitude, final and eternal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration.

नीट s.f. A package, bundle, bale, a

load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentile.

where s. f. One of the Raginis or female personifications of the musical modes; a matteck, pickage, a fat woman.

बीटरा s. m. A bundle.

where e. f. A small bundle, parcel, knapsack.

नीटचा र adj. Fat, plump, corpulent, भीता र thick, coarse; great, large, big, bulky, gross.

मीटाई 8. f. भीटाचन 4. m. भीटापा 8. m. bigness, bulk, bulkiness, grossness,

मीटिषा s. m. A porter,

wits e.f. A bundle, package, bale, a load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentils.

नीए s. m. A tern, twist, convolution, writhe, sprain, fistula.

बोक्स v. s. To twist, turn, bend, sorew. बोह्य s. m. A stool ; the shoulder.

नीतरा s. m. Spavin.

Patret s. w. A flower (Jasmisus zambac).

भोविकासिन्द s. m. A kind of blindness, (Guso serona).

Mid: s.m. A pearl. Moti kisi abutarni,
To be disgraced. Moti kut-kor
bharni, To be very bright (applied
to an eye). Moti pironi, To string
pearls; (met.) to speak eloquently;
to weep (the tears being compared to
pearls).

नीतीपूर s. m. A kind of sweetmeat; a certain description of eye among pigeons.

sparin. A disease in homes, splint,

which is used in medicine (Gyperus rotundus).

कोइ . m. Joy, delight, happiness pleasure.

ing happiness or delight. s. m. A sort of sweetment.

कीदित adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m. Pleasure, delight,

a grain-merchant, a shop-keeper, a grain-merchant, steward, providore.

Modi-khenc. A pantry, a grain-mer chant's shop.

जीचू adj. Guileless, artiess, simple, foolish.

, भीनी s. f. Point, end.

of a fickle disposition. Mom-jama, s. m. Wax-cloth, vere-cloth. Mom-dil, adj. Tender hearted. Mom-batti. s. f. A wax-candle. Mom-roghan, Wax and oil mixed together.

की निवा s. m. A muumny.

नोनियार क्लां. Of or like a mummy. s. f. A medicine.

भोगो उत्ते. Waxen; of the colour of wax; (applied to chints) prepared after stamping by covering the flowers with wax to prevent their being spoiled by other colours afterwards applied.

Mor-pankht, s. m. A kind of pleasure boat, a barge. Mor-mukut, s. m. A crown or crest like that of the peacock.

ं भोर्**भक्ष s. f.** A jew's harp.

flies (especially of peacock feathers), a brack.

भीरनी a.f. A peahen.

मोरा pros. Mine, my.

बोरी s. f. A pipe or subterraneous passage (for water).

rona, To appraise, estimate, value.

Mol-tel, Fixing a price; traffic, purchasing. Mol-barhana, v. a. To enhance. Mol-lena, v. a. To buy, to purchase.

मीषक s.m. A thief.

भीवच s. m. Stealing.

नीषा s.f. Stealing, theft.

मीमना v. a. To pilfer, steal, filch, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

ness or sense; ignorance, folly, foolishness; it is applied especially to that spiritual ignorance which leads men to believe in the reality of worldly objects, and to addict themselves to mundane or sensual enjoyment; error, mistake; bewilderment, distraction; pity, compassion, sympathy, kindness, affection, allurement, fascination, love- Moh men and, To faint, as at the sudden appearance of a friend or mistress. Moh lena, To attach: allure, fascinate, charm, captivate.

reflection by worldly or sensual allurements. Mohan-bhog, s. m. A kind sweet-meat Mohan-mala, s. f. An ornament, a string or recklace composed of gold beads and corals.

with v. a. To fascinate, enchant, charm, allure, delude, adj. Fascinating, captivating, charming; winning.

ভাষণী s. f. An enchantress; fascination, a charm, a philter. adj. f. Fascinating, depriving of the powers of reflection, stupifying.

बोहाना s. m. The mouth (of a river &c.), inlee, outlet.

मोदि pron. To me, me.

मीडित a.Jj. Faint, senseless, charmed, fascinated; beguiled, deceived.

मोड़िनो f. } adj. Illusive, fallacious, नीड़ी m. } beguiling. s. f. An enchantress, a whore.

नीडिनी s.f. A kind of jasmine, called also Tripura-mali.

the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration, death; liberation, freedom.

मीचड s. m. A deliverer, a liberator.

मोचित odj. Let go, liberated, at large. मी s. m. Honey.

भी सा 8. m. Pre-eminence.

मोत्ध s. m. Simplicity, silliness; ignorance.

मोची s. f. The girdle of a Brohman made of three strings of munj grass.

नीश्चीव्यन s. m. Investiture with the distinguishing cord.

बीड़ s. m. A kind of high crowned hat, worn by the bridegroom at the time of marriage.

भोदय s. m. Ignorance, folly, especially spiritual folly.

मीब s. m. भीनता s.f. } Silence, taciturnity.

मीना s.m. A large jar; a basket.

नोना adj. Silent, taciturn. s. f. A small round basket, a work-basket. s. m. A class of mendicants who observe perpetual silence, an ascetic, a hermit, a religious sage, one who has

overcome his passions and retired from the world.

नीनाची s. f. A honey-bee,

नीर s. m. The blossom of a tree, especially of the mango.

नीराना v. n. To blossom (as the mango tree).

मौच्ये s. m. Stupidity, folly, fatuity.

मीलमा o. n. To bloom, bud, blossom (the mango tree); to intoxicate ( s bhung, &c.)

नीलसरी s. f. A tree ( Mimusops elengi ). नीलिक adj. Of inferior rank or caste among.

मीची s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the the head; hair ornamented and braided round the head; a diadem, a tiara; the head; the earth.

मोसा s. m. An uncle, mother's sister's husband.

मीची s. f. An aunt, mother's sister.

मोरेश adj. m. Belonging or related to the mother's sister's husband; as Moasara, bhai, A consin. son of a mother's -sister. Moaseri bahin, Daughter of a mother's sister.

बान adj. Foul, dirty; languid, weary; faded, withered.

चानि s. f. Weariness, languor; fulness, filth; fading, decay.

barian or foreigner, that is, for one one speaking any language but Sunskrit, and not suject to the usual Hindu institutions; a sinner a criminal.

of an outcast race. The tribes enumerated under this head by Mans, but who are by him said to be properly degraded Khattris, appear to

be chiefly the inhabitants of the countries bordering immediately upon India, both to the north and south.

on India, or those inhabited by people of a different faith and language; defined to be any where the black antelope is not found.

ৰ ছণী অৰ s. m. Wheat. [lect. আ অবাৰ adj. Speaking a barbarous dia-ভাৰে adj. Spoken incorrectly or barbarously. s. m. Foreign of barbarous language; ungrammatical speech.

## य

The twenty-sixth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or semivowel y: in some provinces it is pronounced j.

a sacrifice,, the person who institutes its performance, and pays the expense of it; a customer, a person to whose custom, Brahmans, barbers, and some other's have a legal claim. (The hereditary Brahman, or barber, &c. of a village must be paid his fee, whether you choose to employ him or another person).

यज्वे द s. m. One of the four Veds.

of the four Veds: it is divided into two principal portions, the white and black: both portions of this Ved are very full on the subject of religious rites, and the prayers peculiar to it are chiefly in measured and poetical prose.

\*\* s. m. A sacrifice, a ceremony in which oblation are presented.

पत्रका ६ m. Any sacrificial act or ceremony.

यभप्र s. m. A horse; any animal offered in sacrifice.

बचपाव s. m. A sacrificial vessel.

बन्नपुरुष s. m. A name of Vishnu.

মন্ত্ৰ s.f. Place prepared for a sacrifice, or where it is offered.

enfets. f. Performance, of sacrifice;
obtaining the objects of a sacrifice.
ৰম্ভ s.m. The characteristic thread,
worn by the three principal classes

यत्रसान s. m. A place of sacrifice.

of Hindus.

पश्चिय adj. Proper for or suitable to a sacrifice.

चित्रपदेश s.f. The country of the Hindus: those districts in which the ritual and institutes of the Hindu system are enforced; properly the country in which the black deer or antelope is native.

वश्चमाना s.f. A temple, a shrine, a place of sacrifice.

वजीपनीत s. m. The sacrificial cord, originally worn by the three principal castes of *Hindus*.

बंबीपवीती s. m. A Brahman, &c. invested with the sacred thread.

सतन s. m. Striving, making effort or exertion; carefulness, remedy, care, effort endeavour.

वतनीय adj. To be exerted or persevered, to be made as an effort. [vow. यमजत adj. Firm to an engagement or वात s.m. A sage, whose passions are completely under subjection; a religious mendicant, especially one of the Jyn sect.

यती s. m. A sage with subdued passions. यते ऋष adj. Chaste, pure, of subdued passions.

67-40

an s.m. Effort, exertion preseverance, energy.

बबनाम } adj. Persevering, diligent, making effort or exertion.

un adv. Where, in what place.

वदा adv. As, according to.

व्याचर्तम बतुं. What is right or proper to be done.

वयाचळ adv. As designed.

बचाबान adv. At pleasure, as you please.

वधावाणी adj. Wilful, independent, uncontrolled, fellowing one's own inclinations.

चनाव्यम adv. Inorder, orderly, successively, methodically.

ववासचा adv. In any way, any how.

बद्याभिनत adv. According to one's wish or purpose.

महामुक्तिन ady. Like, resembling, shewing similarly or reflecting.

प्राप्त adj. Right, proper.; according to the sense. adv. properly, suitably. जनामेता s. f. Rectitude, propriety, fitness. [nity.

क्यान्त्र adv. According to opportu-क्यान्त् adv. Truly, exactly, as it was, according to law or usage.

क्षावसर adv. According to opportunity.

यपात्रका odv. Extent of capability. as much as possible.

वयात्रास adv. According to the Shaetras, agreeably to scripture.

यथासुच edv. Happily.

बणासित adv. Circumstantially, relating a thing as it happened.

यहा adv. When, at what time.

यदि ado. If.

ancestor of Krishna, and the eldest son of Yayati, the fifth monarch of

the Innar dynasty; a country on the west of the James niver about Mathurs and Vrindovan, over which Yods ruled, and named after him.

of Yadu.

बद्दांच s. m. The tribe of Yadu.

यहुनंत्री s. m. A descendant of Yadu. चर्चाप adv. Although.

implement or apparatus; a musical instrument; a dial; an observatory; a diagram of a mystical nature or astrological character; an amulet. Jantra mantra, s. m. Suggling, conjuring enchanting by figures and incantations.

याचा s. m. Pain, anguish, affliction.

wire; a conjurer, a juggler, a wizard.

wire; a conjurer, a juggler, a wizard.

wadj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or
brace. s. m. The deity of Narok or
thell, and judge of departed souls;
he is often identified with death and
time. Jam-diya, s. m. A candle or
illumination sacred to Jam, lighted
on the 18th of Kartik, Krisha paksh,
i. s. three days before the devosti.

बंगक adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or

senger or minister of Jam, employed, it is said, to bring the souls of the dead to Jam's judgment-seat, and thence conduct them to their final destination.

which formerly meant an Ionian or Greek, but is now applied to both the Mahomedon and European invaders of India, and it is aften used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

on the south side of the Himaloga range, at a short distance to the north-west of the source of the Ganges, and which after a course of about 378 miles falls into that river immediately below Allahabad.

वनाक्षेत्र adj. Unconfined, extended, spread, at ease.

the measure of a barley corn, considered as equal to six mustard seeds; the mark between the joints of the finger. Joa joa hisab lens, To take a strict account.

THE S.M. Saltpetre, nitrate of potash.

HE S. M. A country, probably Bactria, or it may be extended from that colony to Ionia (to which word in bears some resemblance), or still further to Greece; by late Hindu writers, it is most commonly applied to Arabia; a Yavan, apparently originally a Greek but since applied to both the Mahomedan and European invaders of India, and often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

frequently quoted by ancient Hindu astronomers; perhaps Ptolemy, or the Greek astronomers collectively.

generally cultivated, and the grain extensively eaten (Andropogon or Holcus bicolor).

कानी n. prop. A female Yavan.

वनकाड. m. A medicinal plant (Wrightea antidysenterics).

বৰণৰ s. m. A form of penance, diminishing the food daily during the

dark fortuight, fasting on the new moon, and gradually augmenting the food till the full moon.

यवानो s. f. A plant ( Ligusticum ajuscen)-ववास s. m. A flower (Hedysorum alkagij, धम s. m. Celebrity, reputation, glory, fame, renown, name, character, luck s. splendour, lustre; praise, eulogium. Jas-apjas, s. m. Good er bad (name; fume or character). Jas pat, edj. Reputable, renowned.

वयसर adj. Rendering famous, conferring celebrity.

वनसान *adj*. Ambitions, desirous of fame or glory.

यमसान ( adj. Famous, celebrated, नमसी frenowned, famed.

यष्टि s. m. } A staff, a stick; a staff पटो s. f. } armed with iron, &c. used as a weapon, a club, a mace.

wer s. m. A bird, the lapwing.

विषय s. m. Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius, which is used for it.

aw pron: This, he, she, it, these, the, of this degree:

near, with. Yshon-ka-yshin, In the very same place; exactly here. Yshon-tak, To this pitch, to this degree, thus far, hitherto.

avi adj. This very, in this very place, here.

यहरी s. m. A Jew, a Hebrew.

यदा 8. m. A demigod.

याचियो s. f A female fiend.

बक्ता s. m. Pulmonary consumption.

या pron. This. [hither.

यां adv. Contraction of Yokan, Here, यान s. m. A sacrifice, any ceremony in which offerings and oblations are presented. बाचन adj. Beggar, mendicant, asking, one who asks or solicits.

वाचना s. m. Asking, begging.

याचित adj. Asked, begged, solicited.

वाजन s. m. An officiating priest, a Brahman who conducts any part of a sacrifice.

ৰাল্য s. m. Conducting a sacrifice, or causing its performance.

यात्रिन s. m. A sacrificer, an institutor of a sacrifice.

याजिय adj. Fit for sacrifice.

याज्य s. m. Property or presents derived from officiating at sacrifices.

यातना s. f. Pain, agony, sharp or acute pain; the pains of hell.

बातायात s. m. Coming and going; transmigration.

marching, travelling; departure, march, journey; a festival but especially the procession of idols, &c.; going on pilgrimage.

याताकरण s. m. Setting forth on a journey, a march, &c.

यानिक s. m. A pilgrim, a traveller.

यावी } s.m. A pilgrim.

यायाधिक adj. Just, true, right.

यादन s. m. Krishna, as descended from the family of Yadu.

बाब s. m. Any vehicle or form of conveyance, as a carriage, a litter, a horse, an elephant, &c.

यापन s. m. Spending or passing away time.

याद् s. m. A pony, a galloway.

याभनी adj. Of or relating to Yavans.

बानिनो s. m. Night. Yamini-bhasha, s. f. The language or dialect of Yavans.

बावस s.m. The red colour procured from the lac insect.

यानच्चीत र adv. For life, as long as बावच्चीतन life.

यायत adv. As much as; as many as; as long as; unto, as far as; until.

यावन } adv. Belonging or relating to यावनी } a Yavan, Ionian, Mahomedan, &c. [this.

याची pron. dem. object. case, This, to यिक pron. This, he she, it these, the, to this degree.

चित्री pron. This very, the same, itselt. युक्त adj. joined, combined, united, identified; right, fit, proper; possessing, endowed with, as virtues, qualfties, &c.

युक्तरचा s. f. A plant (Mimoso octandra). युक्ति s. f. Union, connection, joining; propriety, fitness; contrivance, dextority, art, skill, policy, project.

period, as the Sot or Krit, Treta, Dwapar, and Kali; a term used in the game of Chaasar, (the opposite of a blot, two or more men standing on the same square); a pair, a couple, a brace. Jug-jug, adv. Constantly eternally. Jug phorna, v. a. To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. Jug-an-jug, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages.

वुज्यत adv. At one time, at once ; together, conjointly.

युनस s. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.

युगान s. m. A destruction of the universe; the end of an age.

वुनानाबन s. m. A real friend, a friend in need.

युक्त s. m. A pair, a couple, a brace. युत्त adj. Joined, combined, conected; endowed with, possessed of.

ys s. m. War, battle, contest, conflict.

First s. m. The elder of the five Pandar princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kurus, in the beginning of the fourth age; the nominal son of Pandu, whom he succeeded in the sovereignty of India.

वुषान adj. Fighting, warring.

युवती s.f. A young woman, one from sixteen to thirty.

gattwis. m. A young prince, especially the heir apparent, associated to the throne.

युवराज्य s. m. The dignity of heir apparent and associate in the throne.

युवा s. m. A young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy.

adv. Thus, in this manner. Yun na yun, One way or other, somehow or other. Yun-hin, In this very manner, thus, accidentally, by chance, causelessly, easily, cursorily.

and s. m. A multitude of tirds or beasts, a herd, a flock.

यूची s. f. A sort of jasmine ( Jasminum auriculatum. )

usually made of bamboos, or the wood of the Khadir, to which the victim at a sacrifice is bound; a trophy, a column erected in honour of a victory.

an s. m. Pease soup, pease porridge, the water in which pulse of various kinds has been boiled.

d pron. plur. These, they.

योज २. m. Junction, joining, union; combination, association, meeting, conflux; fitting; a fortunate moment, opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, religious meditation, spiritual worship of God, or union with the Supreme Being by means abstract contemplation: certain divisions of a great circle, measured upon the ecliptic; propriety, fitness. adj. Possible, capable, fit. Jog-maya, s. f. A deceptive power which Jogis are supposed to possess.

योजनाविक s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus ascita).

योगप्र s.m. A cloth drawn round the lower extremities of the ascetic as he squats to perform religious abstraction.

योगवा ही s. m. A menstruum or medium for mixing medicines. s. f. Alkali; quicksilver.

योगसेना s. f. Practising religious abstraction.

योगासन s. m. A religious posture, the position in which the devotee sits or performs the religious exercise called Jog.

योनिनिद्रा s.f. Light sleep, wakefulness. योनिनी s.f. A female fiend or sprite.

योगी s. m. A devotee. an ascetic in general; a magician, conjurer.

योगेयर s. m. A principal sage or ascetic; a magician; a deity; the object of devout contemplation.

बीख adj. Clever, accomplished, skilful; powerful, able; fit, proper, suitable.

बीग्यसा s. f. Fitness, suitableness, propriety, capability, ability.

योजन s. m. God, the Supreme Being, the soul of the world; a measure of distance equal to four kros or kos, will be exactly nine miles; other computations make the Jojan but about five mile; or even no more than four miles and a half; joining union, junction.

चोचा s. m. A warrior, a soldier, a combatant.

रक्ष

बीधन s. m. Fighting, warring, battle.

धोधापन इ. m. Heroism, bravery, prowess.

बीचो s. m. A warrior.

वीनि s. f. The vulva.

योगिणाडा s.f. The upper part of the vulva, or the union of the labise.

बीजिकि 8. m. The clitoris.

ৰীৰফা s. m. An affection of the vulva, Menorrhagia, or prolapsus uteri.

बीचित s. f. A woman in general.

बी odv. Thus, in this manner.

शीतक है s.m. A nuntial gift, presents शीतक है made to a bride at her marriage by her father or friends; some consider it also implying a gift to the bridegroom.

बोन s. m. र odj. Relating to the बोचे s. f. womb or place of erigin, uterine; connected by female alliance, marriage, &c.

योग s. m. Youth, manhood.

बीरन्दर्भ s. m. Pride of youth, rashness, conceit.

बीवनस्था s. f. The period of youth, adolescence.

बीरकश्ती f.  $\}$  adj. Youthful.

## Ŧ

The twenty-seventh consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter r.

TE s. f. A churning staff, bran.

रंस s. m. A poor man.

itz s. m. A wheel for drawing water with.

₹8 c. f. A ray, a sun-beam.

N ed. Red, of a red colour, s, m. Blood, Rakt-chanden, s. m. Bed

sandal-wood, red sanders, or sapanwood.

रक्षजीद s. m. A kind of leprosy in which the part affected is red.

the abdomen of the female after conception, perhaps scirrius of the ovarium; a clot of bleed.

रत्रपूर्व s. m. Red lead.

रक्षता s. f. Redness.

रक्षभातु s. m. Red chalk or red orpiment; copper.

रक्षपा s. f. At leech.

Tangen s. m. Spilling of blood.

hamorrhages from the mouth nose, rectum and cuticle, accompanied with fever and head-ache, vomiking, purging, &c.

रक्षमिती s.f. A painful and itchy erupt on supposed to arise from excess of blood and bile; a plant used for the cure of the disease:

रक्षमद ady. Bloody, full or consisting of blood,

रक्षणीयक adj. Red-eyed.

रक्षवर्ष adj. Red, of a red colour.

মন্ত্রখীল adj. Bloodless, cold-blooded.

TMITT adj. Dressed in red.

रक्षाचरा s. m. Any vagrant devotee wearing red garments.

tang s. m. A sort of yam, ( Dioscoredpurparea ).

Tus. m. A keeper.

মেন্দ্ৰা ড. a. To place; to keep; to have; to give in charge.

रखदेगा v. a. To put down, to place ; to keep, to put by.

Two s. m. Keeping, charge, protection.

Two v. o. To keep, put, place, have, hold, pessess, preserve, reserve, save, lay, set, station, apply, accribe, im-

pute, esteem, consider, have, own, stop.

take into keeping or service, to engage. [&c.

राजना s.f. The price paid for keeping, राजना v. s. To cause to keep, place, &c. Rakhwa lons, To take in charge.

रखनारा रखनाक रखनाक cow-herd, goatherd.

रवराची s.f. Keeping, guarding, oustody, grazing cattle.

to keep, put, place. Rath lena, To take in charge.

रिचवा s. f. Protection, keeping.

for protection. s. m. A protector, guardian. sdj. used sub. Grass which has been preserved for cattle, cut down and dried, hay.

रचेवा s. m. Keeper, protector.

s.f. Attrition, friction, rubbing, abrasion.

रतकृता v. s. To rub, scour, grate, fret, abrade, excoriate.

বৈশ্বা s. m. Quarrelling; rubbing, polishing; a collyrium.

रवक्षणनका s. m. Quarrel, debate, discussion.

रवना v. a. To be attached to, to be in love with.

रनेद s. f. Pursuit, chase.

रनेदना v. a. To pursue, chase, hunt.

Ts. m. A sovereign of Oude, the great grandfather of Ramchandra; the family or descendants of Raghu.

Raghu: hence also the name of a poem by Kalidas, which treats of the ancestors of Ram, from Dalig to

that prince, and his descendants to Agnivern.

adj. Niggardly, avaricious, a miser. s. m. A poor man.

Tw s. m. Paint, colour, tint, dye, hue, dancing, acting, signing, amusement, merriment, pleasure; suit (at cards). Rang ur jana, To change colour, to be afraid. Rang utarna, To become pale; to be grieved. Rang karna. To.enjoy, to lead a life of pleasure. Bang charkna, To be elated with liquor. Rang dekhna, To look at or examine the state, condition, result, concusion or consequence of any thing, Rang-bhang, Spoiling of sport. Rang-mahall, An apartment for festive or voluptuous enjoyment. Range marna, To win (in gaming: an expression taken from the game of choupar). Rang raliyán, s. f. pl. Merriment, pleasure, mirth, pleasant society of a lover. Rang raina, To be affected or imbued (with love) to become attached to any one. Rang rup, s. m. Colour. form, appearance. Rang lagána, To colour ; To excite a quarrel.

रकत s.f. Colour.

रक्षना v. a. To colour, to die.

the month Assoin (September-October), on the night of which Lakshmi descended, promising wealth to all who were awake; the night is spent in playing ancient chess, in naches, fc.

रमस्मि s. f. A field of battle; a stage, a theatre, a place where dancing is exhibited.

रक्ष a. m. Delight, melody, pleasure. रक्षमं a.f. The price paid for colouring ( perticularly for dyeing ). रक्षवैद्या s. m. A dyer.

tions, as naches, plays, &c., a ball-room, a theatre.

certain space of time during which a cloth is dyed.

To colour.

रद्वावट s.f. Colour, colouring.

sity or passioned, having propensity or passion. s. m. A dyer. s. f. Chintz, the colour of which will not stand washing; a kind of cloth peculiar to Khyrabad.

Thur s. m. A rake. adj. Gaudy, fine, showy, airy, buxom.

TTE s. m. A maker, a composer.

to be prepared; to be set to work, to be employed, to be about (a businsss); to stain, to colour; to love, to like; to keep time in music; to penetrate; compose, perform. s. f. Forming, composing, creating, making, invention; created thing, work, workmanship.

Type v. a. To set to work, to set a going; to make, to do; to make merry; to stain the hands, feet, &c., with menhdi, &c.; to celebrate.

ব্ৰিন adj. Made, manufactured; written, composed.

vatchman, redeemer.

ing, preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

the menstrual excretion; the secondary property of bumanity, the quality of passion, which produces sensual desire, wordly coveting, pride

and falsehood, and is the cause of pain.

THE s. f. A washerman.

रजनी s.f. A washerman's wife or a washerwoman.

रज्ञाना v.n. To be satisfied.

रकत s. m. Silver.

रजनी s.f. Night.

रखनीकार s. m. The moon.

र्णनीगन्ध s. m. The tuberose ( Polianthes tuberosa).

रजनीचर s. m. A rakshas, a ghost, goblin; a thief; a watchman.

रक्तीनुष s. m. Evening, begining of the night.

रजनीशासा s. f. A flower (Nyctonthes arbor tristis), which blossoms at night and diffuse a powerful scent after sun-set.

रवनाष्ट्रा s. m. A kingdom, a country under the control of a rejs.

manity, the quality or property of passion; that which produces sensual desire, wordly coveting, pride and falsehood, and is the cause of pain; dust; the dust or pollen of a flower; the menstrual evacuation.

tion.

र्जित adj. Affected, moved, attracted, or excited by.

or dispositions assigned by the Hindus Satuah, goodness, benevolence; Rajah, Passion or love of sensual enjoyment or of pleasure; Tamah, Darkness, ignorance, delusion, promptitude to the vindictive passions. These are all exhibited in the Hindu Triad; in Brahmu, rajah prevails, in Vishnu, satuah; and in Shiv, tamah.

रश्चीतंत्र s. m. Suppression of menstrua- | रखना s. m. A widower. tion.

w s.m. A rope, a cord, a tie, a string. Tent adj. What excites or affects; what colours, &c. s. m. A colourist, a painter, a dyer; a stimulus, an inciter of affection, &c.; biliary humour on which vision depends. s. f. Priming powder. Ranjak urna, To flash in the pan (priming). Rinjak urána, v. a. To burn priming, to flash in the pan. Ranjak dun, s. m. Priming pan or fire pan. Ranjak pilans, c. a. To prime.

रभाग a. m. Colouring, dyeing, painting, &c.; affecting the heart, exciting passion, &c.; red sandal or sapan wood.

ৰ্ষিন adj. Moved or affected.

Zz s. f. Repetition, iteration.

TZAI v. a. To repeat, iterate, order or demand repeatedly.

war, battle.

रवदामी adj. Desirous of war, wishing to fight.

रचन्दा s. m. Lines of entrenchment.

र्चान s. m. A wilderness.

रणसम्भ s. m. A trophy, a pillar.

रवाञ्चण s. m. A field of battle.

रचीसाइ s. m. Prowess.

s. m. A tree (Palma christi; Ricinus vulgaris).

ter s. m. A barren tree.

रखनाका s. m. Widow's dress, widow's a widow.

(Salvinia cucullata);

रखापरी } s.m. Widowhood.

रिच्या s. f. A widow; a woman.

( s.f. A woman (in a bad sense) Randi-baz, A whoremonger. Randibasi, s. f. Whoring, fornification.

रन adi. Occupied or engaged by, actively intent on, s. f. Coition, copu-

रतजेख s.m. Venery, coition.

रतजगा s. m. Watching all night on religious occasions (a female ceremony), vigil.

বেৰ s. m. A jewel, gem, a precious stone; the pupil of the eye. Ratan-Set with jewels. Ratan-singhasun, s. m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

रतनार s. m. Red colour.

रतनिधि s. m. A wagtail,

रत निया s.m. A kind of rice.

रतवाषी s. f. An attack in the night; a concubine who comes at night.

रताना v. n. To rut, to be lewd.

रतायनी s.f. A whore, a harlot

रता घेनी s.f. A. libidinous woman, si wanton, harlot.

रतार्थी adj. m. Libidinous, lascivious.

रताख s.m. A yam ( Dioscorea ).

रति s. f. Passion, desire; coition. copulation.

रतिनिया s. m. Copulation.

रिवस्तरा s. f. A plant (Trigenilla corniculata), perhaps considered as an aphrodisiac.

स्ती n. prop. The Venus of the Hindus. s, f. A weight equal to eight barleycorns; fortune. Rati chamakni, To begin to prosper, to flourish.

रतीवत ) adj. Fortunate, prosperous, रतीवत ) flourishing.

रते। वा s.m. Blindness at night, nyctalopia.

रताधिया adj. Blind at night.

रती s.f. A weight equal to eight barley corns; fortune Rotti chomakni, To begin to prosper, to flourish.

68--€5

stone; any thing the best of its kind, or figuratively, the jewel of the species.

रवसर्थ s. m. Coral.

रवजीत s.f. A plant; a medicine, said to be good for the eyes.

रवनंत्ररी s. f. Name of a flower.

रजनम adj. Gemmed, full or made of gems.

হৰদাৰা s. f. A necklace of precious stones; a book in astronomy; a flower.

रवन् adj. Having gems.

भवाच s. m. Coral.

रबिंद्यासन s. m. A throne aderned with precious stones.

रबाकर s. m. The ocean; a jewel mine. रबावजी s.f. A necklace of gems.

carriage in general, any vehicle or mode of conveyance; a four-wheeled carriage (not used for baggage), a coach, chariot.

रणबार s. m. A maker of cars, coachmaker.

chariots go in procession: in Bengal an Orissa it is applied to the procession of the car of Krishna, as Jaggannath, on the second of the light fortnight of Ashárk

रणगण्ड. m. A coachman, charioteer. रणगणि s. f. Coachmanship.

বৈশ্বস্থ s. m. A wheel; the ruddy goose (Anas catarca).

रणे s. m. The owner of or rider in a car.

रह } s.m. A tooth.

रदच्द s. m. A lip.

TET s. m. A layer of a wall, the work of a day.

रहो s. m. Rejected things, especially waste paper.

s. m. Battle, war, combat, Rangbhumi, s. f. Field of battle.

रनपन s. m. A wilderness.

ব্যবাধ s. m. The seraglio of a rája, the female apartments.

brasure, an air hote.

হৰণা v. n. To be boiled (victuals).

chasm; a fault, a defect.

vez s. f. Fatigue, hard labour; slipperness; chase.

रपटना o. n. To alip, slide.

रपरपाना v. n. To gallop hard.

रवड़ s. f. Fatigue, fruitless labour, trudging.

रबद्ना v. n. To fatigue one's self, to run about fruitlessly.

रबद्धा adj. Fatigued.

रबद्धाना v. a. To fatigue, to cause to run about uselessly.

रक्षे s. f. Thick milk.

ংৰি s. m. The sun. Rabi-bar, s. m. sun-day.

रमचेरा s. m. A common appellation of a slave.

ব্দৰ s. m. Sporting, playing; dalliance, amorous sport; coition, copulation.

रमची s.f. An agreeable woman, a wife. रमणी क adj. Pleasant.

रमचीय adj. Beautiful, pleasing.

रमचीयता s. f. Agreeableness, pleasantness.

रमदा s. m. Sport, pleasure, wanton sport or dalliance.

रमत adj. Playing, sporting.

(or tag, rug, and bobtail).

रमना v.m. To turn; to roam, go, stange, wander. s. m. A pack or chase ( for

game). v. a. To enjoy, to have connexion with.

বোৰা v. s. To entire, to beguile; to take possession of.

(W) s. f. A plantain; a harlot; a whore; delight.

বিষয় s. m. One of the minor dwips or divisions of the world, lying to the north of *Ilavrit*.

रजना v. n. To be mixed.

रजाना v. a. To mix.

[ &c.

रक s. m. Sound in general, cry, noise, रक्षा s. m. A servant who attends at the gate of the woman's apartments to purchase articles that are required. दवा s. m. Gold or silver filings; a grain

or particle of sand, dust, gunpowder, &c. [sineusis).

रवास s. m. A kind of beam ( Dolichos रिव s. m. The sun. [crystal.

रविकास s. m. The sun-stone, a sort of दिवसकार s. m. The disk of the sun.

रविमान s. m. The sun's path.

ব্যকা s f. The tongue; a woman's girdle or zone.

₹िका s. m. A ray of light.

ंदस s. m. Juice, humour, essence: flavour, taste, as sweet, salt, pungent, bitter, sour, and astringent; taste. sentiment, or emotion, as an object of poetry composition; eight sentiments are usually enumerated, Singar or love, Hasyah or mirth, Karuna or tenderness, Rondra or anger. Vir or heroism, Bhyanak, or terror, Vibhatso or disgust, Adbhut or surprise, Sant, tranquillity or content, or Vatsalya, paternal tenderness, is sometimes considered as the ninth; affection of the mind, passion; exudation, a fluid, a liquid; semen virile; relish, enjoyment; quicksilver, mercury.

muriate of m ercury, made in close vessels with sulphur, mercury, and common salt; the crystals formed in the first operation are sublimed a second time, which seem to be the only essential difference between this and the preparations called Rasapushpah.

with tastes, sentiments, &c. s. m. A. poet, a writer, who understands the different Rasss or sentiments to be described, an alchymist, one who has obtained a command over the magical properties of mercury; a physician, a medical preparer and administerer of mercurial and chemical compounds.

रचम्रता s. f. Poetical skill or taste; knowledge of flavour; aleliymy.

रतजा है s.f. The tongue.

खञ्चातु s. m. Qnicksilver.

रसमित्रति s. f. Loss of taste, flavour, &c.

a kind of muriate formed by subliming in close vessel, a mixture of sulphur, mercury, and common salt.

रसम्बन् s. m. Clax or oxide of mercury. रसम्बा adj. or part. Wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.

रसमाना v. n. To wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.

€स€18. m. A rope.

रसराज 8. m. Quicksilver.

रसरी s. f. String, cord.

रस्वत् s. f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amonum anthorrhiza.

रचगर् odj. Exciting quarrels.

रसन्त् adj. Well-flavoured; tasteful, applied to a composition, &c.

रतस्य र s. m. A sort of factitious cinnabar, made with zinc, mercury, blue vitriol, and nitre fused together; the compound is used as an escharotic.

ব্যায়ৰ s. m. A sort of collyrium, prepared either with the clax of brass, or with the Amomum anthorrhiza.

regions under the earth, and the residence of Nagas, Asurs, Dyts, and other monstrous and demoniacal beings: this is not to be confounded with Narak or Tartarus, the proper hell or abode of guilty mortals after death; the lowest of the seven divisions of Patal.

इसाना v. a. To solder.

employment of mercury in medicine; a medicine composed of mercury and other metals; slowness, mildness. Rasayani, s. m. A chemist.

tree ( Mangifera Indica).

रसामा s. f. A tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, a tendon, &c.

(शायक s.m. A kind of dish (rice and the juice of sugar-cane boiled together).

fla alj. Flavoured, having taste or flavour; tasteful, as a composition. &c.; sentimental. s. m. A libertine. adj. Witty.

रिनदाई s. f. Conningness, shrewdness, amorousness.

रिखा s. m. A rake, one who enjoys life, a voluptuary.

रिमयाना v. n. To be moist, to be juicy; to commence ripening, to coze,

(adj. Humorous; impassioned.

रसीचा adj. Juicy, luscious; voluptuous, rakish.

रसन s. m. Garlick.

रसे alv. Softly.

ব্ৰিন্ধ s. m. Quicksilver; the philosopher's stone the touch of which turns iron to gold.

रसोपवा s. m. A cook.

रसीई s. f. Victuals; cookroom, kitchen.

रवीत s.f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Anonum an thorrhiza.

रख adj. Juicy. s. m. blood.

रचा s. m. Rope, cable.

with s. f. String, cord, rope.

रक्क } s. m. A small cannon, s

বেৰীৰা s.m. Flattery, agreeable conversation.

रहजाना v. n. To wait, stay, delay, desist, give up.

रइट } s. m. A wheel, for drawing रइटचरोड़ा | water with.

रहरा s. m. A spinning-wheel.

TES s. m. A cart.

रकत s. m. Staying, remaining.

ংশন adv. (In the) remaining; in the presence, during, notwithstanding.

বছৰ s.f. Manner, method.

exist, last, stand, continue, lie, live, inhabit, dwell, reside, escape. Rahene-wála, Inhabitant.

रक्नार s. m. A robber, high-wayman.

(Cicer arietinum).

TTT s. m. A slave (not purchased).

रण्डाई s.f. House-rent.

रइवेया s. m. An inhabitant, dweller.

secretly, privily. s. m. Waggery, merriment; trampling, treading un-

der foot; solitariness, privacy; co-pulation.

रक्षमण v. n. To be pleased, to rejoice. रक्ष्य adj. Private, secret. s. m. A secret, a mystery, any thing hidden, recondite or mysterious.

रहाइस s. f. Stay halt, delay, abode, रहार s. m. residence, ontinuance. रहिन adj. Free from, devoid of destitute, void of.

ব্ৰন s m. A guardian, a protector.

বৰৰ s. m. Preserving, protecting, defending. [tecting.

रचन adj. Preserving guarding, pro-रचस् s. m. An evil spirit.

var s. f. Protection, guarding, keeping preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

ংবিব adj. Preserved, protected, defended; kept, detained.

ৰে s.m. Preserving, guarding, defence, protection.

रचामाच adj. Preserved.

ৰাই s.f. A kind of mustard seed with small grains ( Sinapis ramesa). Ráikai, Broken to small pieces or atoms. বাইবা s.m. Chaff of wheat, bran: a

species of mustard with large seeds.

RIU s. m. A Hindu title, prince, chief.

Rich-rayan, s. m. A Hindu title, (lit.) the chief of princes; the Dewan of the Khalisa, or chief treasurer.

राण्या s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in sour milk.

राएशंच s. m. A kind of spear. रएवेज s. m. A flower so called.

रांग s. f. रांगा s. m. } Pewter, tin.

रांगमरा s. m. A toyman.

रांभान } s. m. Sweetheart; Leander, रांभाना } the lover of Hero ( who is रांभा } çalled in Hindi Hir ). the s.f. A widow; a woman. Rand kas sand, Son of a widow. a spoilt child.

vithout roes are so called; and the word is particularly applied to unproductive trees such as the male palm, &c.).

र्डापा s. m. Widowhood.

गंहनी s.f. Parsley.

राह्मकोस s.m. Neighbourhood.

राधना v. a. To cook, to dress food.

रांची s.f. An iron instrument for scraping leather, scraper for leather.

रोमना ७, n. To low, bellow, cry out.

राज्य s. m. A demon, an evil spirit.

पदा s.f. Full moon, or the day of full moon.

TITE 8. f. Ashes.

तासमा v. a. To keep, to put,

Hindus tie round their arms on a certain festival, held in the full meon of Srawan, or Sawan, in henour of Krishna.

six in number), music, song, tune; the modes are, Bhyrav, Melan, Sarang, Hindol, Vasant. Dipak, and Megh; anger, passion; love. Reg chlana, v. n. To be in concert. Ragmals, s. f. A treatise on music (being nothing more than a collection of pictures, exhibiting the traditional history of the primary and subordinate modes and the subjects appropriated to each). Rag rang, s. m. Music. Ragsagar, s. m. A song composed of many Rags or musical modes.

gent resin or extract, the wood of which is used in dying (Mimons catechu).

रावना v. a. To begin to sing.

राजिनो s. f. A mode in music (there being thirty of the Reginis in number).
राजी adj. Passionate, impassionate. s.
m. A singer; a libertine, a lover.

राचव s. m. A sort of fish.

্যাৰনা v. n. To be affected or imbued (with love), to be strongly attached.

THE s. m. Apparatus.

THE s. m. Government, sovereignty, royalty, reign, kingdom, (In comp.)

Prince, king.

TIM s. m. A mason, a bricklayer.

राजवाचा s.f. A princess.

Tax or toll imposed by the king. [perus].

राजकीव s, m. A fractant grass ( Cy-राजकीव s.m. Royal duties, state, affairs. राजकीव edj. Royal, kingly.

राजनुनार s. m. A king's son, a prince.

राज्यका s, m. A toyal race, a prince, a king.

राजनादी s. f. King's cushion or throne राजनुद s. m. The king's spiritual preceptor. [fish.

राजवीय s. m. A sort of flat fresh-water राजितिया s. m. The royal mark on the forehead, coronation.

राजव s. m. Majesty, kingly, dignity.

the king; a baton, a sceptre.

राजदर्भन s. m. A leves, an audience.

ৰাহ্মৰাৰ s. m. The gate of the palace.
ব্যাহ্মীয় s. m. Oppression, tyranny;

राजहोड़ी s. m. A rebel, a traitor.

rebellion.

to property. [raj. The prime minister of a

राजपर s. m. The prime minister of a राजपंज s. m. Royal duty; the duty of the military tribe. राजधानी s.f. A. royal city, a capital, a metropolis.

ল . খবা s. m. Regal state or function, government.

रा तमा e.n. To shine, to be adorned.

र नगीति s. f. Regal polity, civil and military government; the art of government, the duties of a prince both in peace and war.

राजनीय s. m. The emerald.

risus s.m. A genr, said to be an inferior kind of diamond brought from Virat Des, a country in the northwest of India; stiara or royal fillet.

s. f. King's cushion, throne.

राजपत s. m. A Hindu title, prince.

राजपनी 2 f. A queen.

राजपुत s. m. A Kehattri or man of a military tribe.

राजपूत s. m. A descendant of raja; the name of a tribe.

राजपुती s. f. Courage, prowess in war.

राजवंगी s.m. Descendant of a roja; a Rajput tribe.

राख्यमन } s.m. A royal residence, a राख्यमन } palace.

राजनीय s. m. Victuals placed before idols at noon. [dence.

ব্যক্তিই s. m. A palace, a royal resi-হাজনাত s. m. A royal road, one passable for horses and elephants, and forty cubits broad.

making war against a prince.

राज्ञशोस्य adj. Proper or suitable for a sovereign, princely, royal.

Traction s. m. An emperor, an universal monarch, or king of Kings.

राजरीज s. m. A mortal disease; a consumption.

natural mark indicating royalty.

বাসবঁমী s. m. A royal letter or order. বাসবঁমী s. m. The descendant of a rojo; a tribe of Rojputs.

राजनं adj. Of royal parentage or des-राजनं adj. Royal, kingly.

राजवाद्धा s.m. The country of rajas.

राखनीत्रो edj. Springing from a royal race.

राखवासन s.m. A royal edict.

राजस adj. Relating to, or derived, &c. from the quality of passion.

राञ्चलता s. f. Majesty, royal dignity.

सञ्चलभा s. f. A royal assembly or court.

(Boa), the king of snakes.

by a universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes.

राजसेवस s. m. A courtier, a royal attendant. [duty, tax.

TIME s. m. Royal revenue, impost,

legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo.

হাজভাবৰ s. m. A sort of large fish (Cyprinus nileticus).

राजा s. m. A king, a prince.

বালাছা s. f. A royal edict or command. বালাঘিবাল s. m. A paramount sovereign.

বাজাৰন s.m. A gem, described as an inferior sort of dismond, brought from the country Virat.

राजाबजो s.f. A line of kings, a royal dynasty or genealogy.

राजी e.f. A row, a line.

বালীৰ s. m. A large fish ( Cyprinus niloticus ).

राजेन्द्र s. m. An emperor.

राजेश्वर s. m. A. sovereign, prince, a lord, a gevernor.

যায় s. m. A government, a country, a principality, a kingdom; administration or exercise of sovereignty or government.

মাজ জ s. m. A prince who has lost his government.

বাৰস্থান s. f. Deposal, loss of sovereignty. [eignty:

বাৰ্ষান্ত s. m. Subversion of a sover-বাৰ্ষান্ত s. m. Deposal or loss of a kingdom.

राज्यक s. m. A deposed sovereign.

राज्या s.f. Protection or defence of a kingdom.

राज्याधिकार s. m. Government of a kingdom; right or title to a sovereignty.

of a Bengal west of the Hughly river.

or raja.

বাৰী s. f. A Hinds queen or princess.

Rat theri our sang bahut, Is applied to express a hurry of business with little time to perform it in; also great expense with a small income. Raton-rat, In the middle of the night.

stain. v. n. To be strongly attached or in love (lit. stained with the die of love).

Tial adj. Red, died, coloured.

रातें। श्वा s. m. Nyctalopia, night blindness.

रावि } s.f. Night.

s.m. A goblin, a field, a ghost or evil spirit; a thief, a robber; a guard patrole.

राइ s. f. Pus, matter.

राषानगरी s. m. A kind of silk cloth made at Radha nagar.

বাৰা s. m. A Hindu title of a prince or raja.

रानी s.f. A Hindu queen or princess. राव s.f. Sirup.

रावदो s. f. A kind of food like pap.

हास n. prop. A name common to three incarnations of Vishnu, or Parsuram, the son of the Muni Janadagni. born at the commencement of the second or Treta Jug, for the purpose of punishing the tyranical kings of the Kshattri race; Ramchandra, the son of Dasarath, king of Oude, born at the close of the second age, ( or 1600 years B. C.) to destroy the demons who infested the earth, and especially Ravan, the Ditya sovereign of Ceylon; and Bolram, the elder halfb-rother of Krishn, the son of Rohini, born at the end of the Dwaper or third age. Ram kahini, s. f. The Ramayan; a long story. Ram duhai, s. f. An asseveration, by Ram. by God. Ran-bhati, s. f. Calling out for redres, complaint. Ram! Ram! A Hindu form of salutation.

रामसरी रामसकी रामसेकी के s.f. One of the Raginis or female personifications of the musical modes.

रामिति s. m. The name of a mountain, variously applied, but especially assigned to a mountain called Kamta or Chitrkut in Bandelkhand, and to another near Nagpur called now Ramtek.

रामजनी s.f. A Hindu dancing-girl a prostitute.

रामतुरदे s. f. A vegetable, Ochra (Hibiscus esculentus). रामतुषाची s. f. A plant (Ocymum grafisimam).

राममून s. m. A kind of goot.

राम्रज s. f. Kind of relion Earth used for caste marks.

रामरस *s. m.* Salt.

reed.

रामचर s. m. A sort of wood ; a kind of रामानको s. m. A class of Hindu medi-

cants, followers of Ramanand.

THEN S. m. The first epic poem of the Hindus, recording the adventures of Ram, the son of Descath, sovereign of Oude, written by the poet Vilmiki; a name of several poems on the life and adventures of Ram.

राजाबत s. m. System of Hindu medicants. राज s. m. A Hindu title, prince, chief. Rach-rayan, s. m. A Hindu title, (lit) The chief princes; the Divon of the Khalisa, or chief treasures.

रायता s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in sour milk.

रायगीस f. m. A kind of spear.

रायदेख s. f. A flower so called.

रायमिनया है s.m. A kind of rice (in रावमनी ) the husk.).

रार है s. f. Wrangling, quarrel, fray.

বারী } adj. Quarrelsome, contentious.

exudation of the Shores robasts, rosin, pitch; saliva.

राव s. m. A prince,

ance, merriment, mirth; affection, endearment.

रावडो s. f. A kind of tent.

Ceylon, said to have been killed by Ramchandr.

रायत s. m. A hero : a sweeper ( of a particular caste ). रावरा } In Brag.) pron. Yours.

us s. m. A heap, a quantity; a sign of the zediac; a part and its divisor, or numerator and denominator.

राजियम s. m. The zodiac.

राविभाव 8. m. A fraction.

राजिनोन s. m. Passage of a planet through a sign of the zodiac.

TITES S. m. Heaping, piling, gathering.

राजिस्त adj. Heaped, piled, gathered, राष्ट्र s. m. An inhabited country or realm, a region.

चाड्या s. f. A prickly sort of nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

adoption, Ras-ans, To be agreeable.

Ras lena v. c., To adopt a son.

was, m. A festival among the cowherds, including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by Krishna and the Gopis or cowherdesses; a heap; a sign of the zodisc.

रास्थ्य s. m. The zodiac.

राजवारी s. m. A dancing-boy, who imitates the Ras of Krishna.

रचयाबा e. f. A festival in honur of Krishno on the full moon of Katic.

(s horse); indifferent, so so.

another plant (Mimosa octandra); another plant (the serpent Ophioxylon?); a sort of perfume.

digging little pits in its surfaces with a small pickage).

supposed to devour the sun or moon during an eclipse; the ascending node.

राष्ट्रवास s. m. Immersion of a planet in an ectipse.

राष्ट्रवाष s. m. An eclipse of the sun or moon.

An evil spiris, a demon, a vampire, a fiend, but who appears to be various descriptions and is either a powerful Titan or enemy of the gods in a superhuman or incarnate form, a Ravan and others.

the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives.

of Rakhsas. adj. Demoniacal, devilish. [a vacuum.

रिश्व adj. Empty, void. s. m. A vacuity, रिश्वता s. f. Vacuity, void, space.

रिकारस adj. Empty-handed.

ften s, f. A magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the Veds.

रिभावेश adj. Having the quality of being pleased.

रिकाना v. a. To please; (met.) to plague, tease, perplex.

रिताना v. s. To cause to empty.

fell s. f. Season, weather. The Hindus divide the year into six seasons, viz. Vasanta, Grishma, Varsha, Sarad, Him, and Sisir.

fife s. f. Increase, wealth, prosperity.

fty s. m. An enemy.

रिषुता s. f. Hostility, enmity.

रिषि s. m. A saint.

tes s. m. The soap-berry plant (Sapindus of several species).

Rege adj. Fat.

fee s. f. Anger, passion, vexation.

रिसना v. n. To drop slowly.

रिस्पा adj. Passionate.

रिशाना है v. तं. To be displeased, vex-रिश्याना है ed, angry, provoked.

of disrespect or admiration generally, (in addressing females), holls!

दीवना v. n. To creep, to plod.

**∛被** } s. m. A bear.

Then v. a. To dress (victuals) to cook.

Then f. Choice, approbation, love, desire,
wish; pleasing, satisfying. Righ-pachau, s. m. A person who conceals
his inclination. Righ-pachana, v. a.
To conceal one's gratification.

रीकाग v. n. To be pleased, to be gratified, to be delighted.

বীতা s. m. A fruit, soap-wort, soap nut (Sapindus saponaria).

रीडिया s. f. A small Bitha (fish).

The s.f. The back bone.

रीदी s. f. A young mange.

रोता adj. Empty.

Tifa s. f. Usage, custom, practice, rite, habit, regulation, rule, local or traditionary observance.

Rt s. m. Noise.

শীবিষাৰা v. n. To cry (as a child); to murmur. v. a. To importune, to beg earnestly.

বীয় s. m. Anger, passion, vexation.

ৰ'বলা v. n. To be trod or trampled on.
ৰ'বলালা v. n. To be confinend, restrained or afflicted (in mind).

₹ s. m. Stoppage.

वचन s.f. Stopping.

दबना v. n. To stop, to be hindered, to be enclosed, to be prohibited.

दबवेया s. m. A preventer.

round, stop, hinder.

THIS s. m. Prevention, hinderance, detention, backwardness.

looks, indifference.

ed, sick, infirm.

of or pleasure from eating; light, lustre.

বৰণ To excite desire; to be agreeable. ব্যি s. f. Hunger, appetite, taste, sen-

timent.

बड s. m. A headless body. बदन s. m. Weeping, wailing.

way. Obstructed, stopped, shut up; opposed, stopped, impeded.

ৰসাৰ s. m. A tree (Eleocurpus ganitrus). ব্যিব s. m. Blood.

कपना v. n. To be at bay, to stop.

देपहरा adj. Of silver.

बवैया s: m. A coin so called, a rupec.

देखना v. n. To roll, be rolled or put

बलाना o. a. To cause to cry, to vex, displease, afflict.

ৰধনা v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with, a friend.

we adj. Angry, displeased.

To adj. Harsh, makind; rough, hard; rugged, uneven.

with cotton, stuffed with cotton.

TITI 8. m. A seller of cotton.

Rungteh khareh hone, v. n. The standing of the hairs on end (from cold, fear, &c.)

TTE s. f. Dirt, filth.

(as with a hedge); to watch, v. n.
To be restrained; to be confounded,
to be astonished.

s. f. To boot.

Tar. m. A tree. adj. Plain, unseasoned. Rokha-charha, e. m. A monkey.

The s. m. A sort of devotee:

Test s, m. A' small tree:

adj. Dry, plain, rough, harsh; unkind, unfriendly, purs; simple; unseasoned, Rukha sukha, adj. Plain, blunt, harsh (word, &c. ).

sart s. f. Rougliness, plainness, dryness unfriendliness.

दबानो s.f. A carpenter's chisel.

s. f. A squirrel.

🕶 adj. Stern. s. m. A violator.

Ter s. m. An insect very troublesome to birds.

was adj. An animal ( or bird more norticularly) much teased by the insect - ruj.

aser o. n. To have misunderstanding with a friend, to be cool, to quarrel, to be angry or displeased.

बड़नी adj. Quarrelsome. s. f. A species of sensitive plant (Mimosa natans).

Mutual coolness, misun-बढाबढी ३. ह derstanding.

adj. Hard, stiff, rough, grim, cross. wys. m. Countenance, form, shape, figure, appearance, face, picture, beauty, manner, mode, method; silver, Rup-nidhana, Receptacle or abode of beauty. Rup-ras, Killed or calcined silver. Rup-sagar, Ocean of beauty.

का अस्त s. m. Pewter.

क्यप्रती adj. f. Well-shaped, elegant, beautiful, handsome ( a woman ).

beautiful, Well-shaped, æपनान odj. Failver. handsome.

super odj. Silvered, made of silver, Tars. m, Silver.

हमी (sied in compos.) In form or figure, having the shape or figure of. Engl s. f. Subterfuge, trick, wrangling.

and s. m. A. Grecian. Rugii-mustki; s. f. Gum mastick.

क्याना v. n. To be angry, to be displeased to have a misuaderstanding with: a friend.

sell's. f. Scurf.

₹ s. m. A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally, holla ! bravo ! O !

रेंच s.f. Braying (as of an ass).

देखना v. n: To-bray ( as an ass ).

रेंगना v. n. To creep, to plod.

रेंगनी s.f. A medicinal plant.

Zs. m. A wheel for drawing water with : snivel, snot.

रेंटा s. m. Snot, snivel.

रेंड s. m. 👌 Palma christi ( Ricinus vulgaris). Rendi ka tel, s. m. रें**डो** इ. f: 🖇 Castor-oil.

रंदी s. f. A small melon.

रेखा ) s. f. Writing, line, mark, fate, -

रेचारी s.f. A furrow,

Rus.f. Phat.

s. m. Semen virile:

रेत s. f. Sand; filings.

रेतना v. a. To file, polish, thrum.

रेत्र adj. Sandy. s. f. Sand, sandy ground'.

सेमचा ajd. Sandy.

रेता s. m. Sand.

ling. रेताई s. f. Price paid for filing or polish-

रेतियाना v. a. To file, to polish.

रेलो s. f. Sandy ground on the shoreof a river; file.

रेतीला adj. Sandy.

रेत्या s. m. A fileman, a filer, a polisher. Tu s. m. The letter r, with the inherent short yowel.

रेजना v. d. To shove, pash, rush.

रेलपेस s.f. Abundance, plenty; erowd; bustle.

रेखा s. m. A flood; a line or string of animals; rushing, rush, push, shove, assault.

keh pher men porns, v. n. To be involved in difficulties.

देवती s. f. The last of the lunar asterisms containing thirty-two stars, figured dy a taber.

The Nerbadda or Narmada river, which rises in the mountain Umrkut or Amarkantak, in the province of Gondwana, and runs nearly due west about 750 miles, when it falls into the sea below Baroach.

Rv s. f. (mitti) Fossil alkali, used for washing and making soap.

रेक्ट्र s. m. A sled, a sledge.

रेपना s. m. A vetch.

रेडी s. f. Fossil alkali.

रेक्रपेक् s.f. Abundance.

रेंचना v. a. To bray (as an ass).

रैदास s. m. The leader of a Hindu sect.

रैन s. f. Night.

रीपाई s. f. Lamentation.

বাৰ্ষা s. m. Hair of the body, down, wool.

होणाना v. a. To make cry, to vex, displease.

रोपास s. f. Inclination to cry.

रोगासा adj. Inclined to cry, vexed, displeased, afflicted.

Ms. f. The hair on the arms, &c., bristle, pile, nap, down, Roen badalna, To become sleek and fat (a horse) to change his coat.

ৰান্ত্ৰী । s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, বাঁহনী | trick, cheat.

बाँट s. f. Trick subterfuge.

रोटिया adj. Treacherous.

रोक्ना v. a. To plant, to transplant.

the s. f. Prevention, prohibition, stop, restrain, let, hinderance. Rult-tok, Let and hinderance, opposition; resistance.

रोक s. m. रोकड़ s. f. Ready money, eash.

रोबड़िया s. m. A cash-keeper, treasurer. रोबड़ s.f. An obstacle.

them v. a. To enclose, surround, stop, block, fend, prevent, restrain, hinder, detain, interrupt, prohibit.

रोक् s.m. A preventer.

रीव s. m. Sickness, disease in general, or a disease.

रीक्पस adj. Sick, diseased.

रीनम् s. f. The body.

रीगराज s. m. Consumption.

বীৰজন্ম s. m. The symptoms or sign of a disease, or of its progress.

रीगशासक s. m. A physician or alleviator of sickness.

रीगुमानि s.f. Cure or alleviation of disease,

रीगक्र adj. Curative, medicinal.

रीनशारी adj. Curative, medicinal. s. m. A physician.

रीनियो f. adj. Diseased, fill, sick, रीनी m. sifected with sickness or disease.

रीनिया adj. Sick, diseased, ill.

any medicine, fruit or fossil, supposed to strengthen the tone of the stomach and restore lost appetite.

ed to be the concrete bile of the cow, or according to some authorities, to be found in the head of the animal, used as a medicine, a dye, and perfume.

रोज } s. m. Lamentation.

引辑 s. m. The painted or white-footed antelope (Antelope picts).

গত । s. m. Thick bread; (mst.)
বাতা | Sweetmeats offered to Hanumin.

रोटी s.f. Bread.

বৌদ্ধা s. m. A stone, a fragment of stone or brick, a brickbat.

रोदन s. m. Weeping, crying; a tear, tears.

रीध s. m. A bank, a shore.

বাধন adj. Impending, that which impedes or obstructs, an obstacle, a hinderer or hinderance. s. m. Impeding, obstructing.

Pleased, to be melancholy. adj. Addicted to crying. s. m. Lamentation, grief, Ra dena, To cry, to weep; to be displeased, to be filled with indignation. Roni surat, adj. Of a sad countenance. s. f. A melancholy or rueful countenance. [&c.

रोपस adj. Who or what plants, raises, रोपस s.m. Planting; raising.

रीपना v. o. To sow, to plant; to defend, block, fend.

रीपित adj, Planted ; raised.

रोस s. m. Down, small hair of the body. रोसकृप s. m. A pore of the skin.

रीमवत् वर्ताः Hairy, woolly.

रोमविकार है s. m. Horripilation, erec-रोमाञ्च tion or rigidity of the hair of the body, conceived to be occasioned by, and to express exquisite delight.

ोमाधित adj. Having the hair of the body erect, considered as a proof of exquisite pleasure; enraptured, delighted, रीनावजी s. f. A line of hair across the middle of the belly or navel.

शेर s.f. Noise, clamour, outery; fame. शेरीकर adv. With difficulty, labour and pain.

smooth; to select, pick.

रीजाबा v. a. To cause to cry, weep.

থাৰী s.f. A mixture of rice, turmerick and alum, with acid, used to paint the forehead.

To be angry, to be displeased.

रीवण } adj. Angry, passionate.

रोषवाषच adj. Angry, feeling and displaying wrath.

रोसना v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

Adam's peak in Ceylon.

₹₹₹ s. f. Weeping, crying, tears.

figured by a wheeled carriage, and containing five stars.

বীছিন } s. m. The Rohi fish (Cyprinus Rohita)

a kind of fish; a deer said to resemble an ass.

रींदन s. m. Trampling, treading under foot.

रोंदना है v. s. To tramle on, to tread शोधना है down, to ride over.

বীর ady. Formulable, fearful terrific; বীহনা violent, wrathful, irascible. s.m. Wrath, rage; heat, warmth.

বীষ্কনা s. f. Fierceness, formidableness. বীৰা s. m. Bringing home a wife to consummate a marriage.

रोमक रे s. m. A kind of salt, ac-रोमकावच 🕻 cording to some authorities, brought from a mountain in Ajmere, but in fact procured from a salt lake near the town of Sambhar, about twenty miles west of Jynegar. It s. f. Noise, clamour, outery; fame. Its adj. Formidable, horrible, terrific. s. m. One of the divisions of hell.

रोता s. m. Noise, termult, sedition, alarm.

After s. m. Sandel wood.

रीहिचेंघ s. m. An emerald.

first s. m. A sort of deer; the Robi fish rakind of fish; a kind of grass.

The tweny-eighth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, the letter 7.

s. m. A species of the breadfruit tree (Artocarpus Lacucha).

表示。 Wood, a cudgel, beam, bar. Lakar-baz, A cudgel-player. Lakarbazi, s. f. Dudgel-playing, fencing.

seller, wood-monger.

Tage s. m. A hyena; large piece of

सबदो s.f. Wood, timber, a staff, stick. (met.) adj. Stiff.

लकोर s. f. A line, lineament, streak.

Maz s. m. A staff, a stick, a club.

क्षमा v. a. To see, look at, perceive, behold; to understand. v. s. To disappear.

magal adj. Rich.

बद्धाना v. n. To gasp, or pant with heat or thirst (as birds).

जबतर adj. Extravagant.

सभा s. pl. Hundreds of thousands.

ৰ্মাক adj. Significant.

स्थार s. m. Act of seeing or perceiving.

ett s. m. A vernisher.

Rhoute Barner, To smear with hee, to glaze.

up to, close to, whilst, during.

enury v. n. To follow closely, to court friendship.

eres, m. A kind of hawk.

s. f. A moment, the rising of the zodiac; affection, attachment, friendship, love; esponsal, appointing the day of marriage. s. m. A large flat hollow copper utensil in the form of a bason.

begin, to be fixed, to be attached, to be close (to), adjoin, to touch, to be employed, to be imputed, to fattain (to), to reach, to suit, to join, to close, to be, to belong, to become, to happen, to befall, to seem, to taste, to be connected (with), to regard. Lagrahna, To continue without interruption, to continue fixed. Lagarahna, To be occupied or busy (in).

कुनभन adj. Close, near, about, almost, by, thereabout.

जनशाना v. s. To apply, to fix, to cause to apply, to cause to put or plant, &c.

समातार adj, Successive, incessant.

खनान s. m. Stopping or making fast (a boot, fc.)

attach, join, fix, affix; ascribe, impose, lsy, add, place, put, plant, set, inflict, shut, spread, fasten, connect, plaster, put to work, employ, engage.

way of scandal or malice. Lagana bujhana, To excite quarrels. Laga márna, To calumniate. Laga lena, To attach to one's self, to conciliate, to win.

অনাৰ s. m. Application, connexion, contact, adherence, symmetry, series, relation, intercourse.

क्षणावट s. f. Connexion, application.

चामत adj. Connected with, attached to. जनुष्ड s. m. A staff, a stick; an iron club, or one bound with iron.

चन्र s. m. A club, n stick.

जनुरस्त s. m. A man armed with a stick. सन्दर्भ adj. Pleasing, beautiful, delightful, alluring.

चपुषा s. m. A paramour.

• pole with which a boat is impelled.

Lagga na khona, To be incompatible inconsistent (with), not compar
able (with).

खानी s. f. A pole, a staff, gibstaff.

to, connected with, s. m. The rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon; the oblique ascension, or the divisions of the equator, which rise in succession with each sign in an oblique shere; also defined as the arc of the equator, which passes the meridian in the same time with each sign of the ecliptic; in popular acceptation it is the moment of the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign.

चना s. m. A bard, a panegyrist.

insignificant, mean, low; short (as a cowel. Laghu-dith, Short-nighted. Laghu-bele, adv. Shortly.

जन्न .m. A kind of fish, probably variety of the Pimelodus.

सपुचेना adj. Low-minded, frivolons.

ৰপুৰা s. f. Lightness; meanness, insignificance.

लघुदुन्दभी s. m. A small kettledrum.

खबुबांग s. m. The Francoline partridge. जब्भित s. m. A friend or ally of little

जब्रामन s. m. A friend or ally of litsle power or value.

পদ্ধ s, m. In algebra, the least root with reference to the additive quantities.

লমুক্ৰেড. m. Reducing in weight or consequence; thinking little of, contemning.

सभाहार adj. Temperate, abstemious.

च €. f. The reins, the loins.

The capital of Ravan in Cenlon: the name is extended also to the island, which according to the notions of the Hindus, is much more considerable in size, and lies further from the continent than in reality; it is described as being equal to 1-12th of the equatorial circumference of the earth, and is one of the places lying under the first meridian. whence the longitude is computed; it is thus placed in the Eastern ocean, south of Ceylon, and according to Wilford is the peninsula of Malacon: according to some Hinds accounts also, it is distinct from Ceylon, from which island Lanka is said to be just visible.

जहायिका s. f. A plant (Trigonella conniculata).

जरासायी s. m. A plant (Euphorbia Yorucolli).

वर्षोत्का ६.f. A gramineous plant ( Trigonella corniculata ).

चइ s. m. Limping, lameness.

adj. Lame, cripple.

TTTITI v. n. To limp.

To weigh anchor. Langar uthána, To weigh anchor. Langar dálna, To cast anchor. Langar par hona, To be at anchor.

of metal, and generally used to knead bread in, or at meals for serving rice.

चक्र र s. m. A baboon.

A cloth worn between the legs to conceal the privities, Langot-band, s. m. A bandage to which the lang of is fastened; one devoted to celibacy.

Langotiya-yar, s. m. An old friend (from childhood), a very intimate friend, a crony.

ing, springing, abstinence; leaping, springing, going by leaps or jumps; jumping over or beyond; exceeding, transgressing, disregarding propriety, going beyond proper bounds.

भवना v. n. To be jumped over, to be passed over, to pass. v. a. To jump or leap over.

सम्बो s. f. Fast, fasting.

चपन s. f. Spring, elasticity, bending. चपना odj. Elastic.

काचवा v. n. To spring, to bend.

www.s.m. Jolt; a barge, a kind of bont. part. Bent.

जनकाना v. a. To jolt, to strain.

सपना v. s. To bend, to bow.

चचचाना v. n. To be clammy, or glutinous; to be elastic.

चपर s.m. A foolish fellow, a simple ton. जपान v. a. To bend, to bow. to crook. जपान s. m. Sign, mark; symptom, feature. or skein of thread, &c.

चन्नकारिका s. f. The sensitive plant (Mimoso pudics).

तम्बना adj. Clammy, glutinous, viscous.

सम्बद्धाना v. s. To soften.

त्रज्ञात n. pron. Name of the inventor of chess.

खन्नवाना v. a. To shame, to cause to blush.

चनाना v. s. To be ashamed, or abashed, to blush.

वनायू s.m. A kind of sensitive वयवनी plant (Minose natars, or pudics). adj. Bashful.

चित्रशाना v. n. To be abashed, to be ashamed.

चनीचा adj. Bashful, modest.

बच्च adj. Being ashamed, blushing, shrinking.

भव्यभाग adj. Being ashamed.

जन्मा s. f. Shame, modesty, bashfulness. बनाबर | adj. Shameful, causing or

बचाबारों } oocassioning shame.

चचान्ति adj. Ashamed, bashful.

चनानान } adj. Ashamed, modest, व्याच्यत } abashed.

जन्मार्कित adj. Shameless, immodest.

बचाबु s. m. A sensitive plant (Minosa pudica).

चचाडीन adj. Shameless, impudent.

चित्रत adj. Ashamed, modest.

wows s. f. Modesty, bashfulness.

(of hair); a tadpole. Lat jams, To become entangled.

eg s. m. A blockhead, a fool, one speaking ignorantly or foolishly; fault, defect. fected motion in blandishment and coquetry.

चटकवाच s. f. Affected gait, coquetry.

worn in the ears; a pendant; ringlet; a fruit with which clothes are dyed yellow; name of a green handsome bird, which often remains hanging by the feet; a stand for waterpots; the drops of a crystal lustre.

कड़बना v. n. To hang, to dangle.

wzar s. w. Incantation, conjuring rod, a philter, a quack medicine or nostrum.

भद्रशाना v. o. To hang, dangle, append, suspend.

खटकाव s. m. Suspension, hanging.

**Targed**; Staggering, tripping; folded, tangled.

humourous; irregularly folded (a turband).

चद्रपटाना v. n. To stagger, to trip.

अञ्चल s. f. Stumbling, staggering, swaggering.

Ter adj. Reduced (by sickness, &c.), lean, emaciated.

west s. f. A kind of roller on which the string of a kite is wound.

चरापरा s. m. Baggage, furniture, effects. चरते s. f. A small curl or lock of hair. Laturiyan, s. f. pl. Tangled, short hair.

सहोरा s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius).

s. m. A child's top. Lattu hone, v. s. To fall in love, to be enamoured.

खड्डर adj. Slack, remiss.

wasis. m. A beam.

bazi, s. f. Cudgelling.

wags adj. Wet, soaked drenched.

অৱলেৱী s. f. Mutual beating with endgels, আতিবাৰা v. a. To be labour, endgel, cane. আৰু s. f. A string (of pearls. &c.), a thread, a row; a strand of a rope or cord; a party. Lar men rahna, To be in one's party.

चंड्कपन s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

ewasfa s.f. Childishness, the wisdom of a child.

Larka bals s. m. Child. Larka-Larki, Boys and girls, children.

ल्याई s. f. Childhood, boyhood, the being of a child or children.

सद्कापन s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

ल**इकी 8. f. A** girl.

लक्षकाना v. n. To stagger, trip; to stutter, stammer.

कदना ७. n. To fight, quarrel, contend, battle, war. s. m. Fighting.

बङ्ग s. f. Fighting, contending.

चड्ड इत्ता v. n. To stutter, stammer ; to stagger, reel.

लक्षावका adj. Mad, foolish.

fighting, Larai karns, To war, fight, give battle.

चड़ांचा adj. Quarrelsome, warlike.

बड़ाब } ब्रंड. Quarrelsome, goodfighter.

चड़ाना v. c. To make fight, to fight, to bait ; to play,

बिख्याना v. a. To thread, to string. सदी s.f. A string (of pearls &c.).

a sweetmeat; a sort of ball made with flour fried with oil or ghi, and mixed with sugar and spices, and distinguished into different kinds according to some slight varieties in its essential ingredients.

was s. m. A kind of sweetment, nade chiefly of sugar, with the addition of cocoanut kernel rasped, and cream, and formed into the shape of large boluees or balls. Man ke laddu khama, To build castles in the air. Thag ke laddu kha bythna, To be distracted, foolish, or intoxicated. (Spoken of one who talks or acts absurdly in opposition to his usual good sense: ) an allusion taken from sharpers who join a party of travellers; and having got into their confidence, entertain them with sweetmeats impregnated with Datara, or other intoxicating drug, that they may rob them with impunity while under its stupifying influence.

लड़ा s. m. } A cart.

कदियाना v. a. To double bem a garment. खदो s.f. A small cart.

₩3 8. m. Penis.

लक्दा adj Tail-less, docked; (a person) without friends, forlorn.

(in compos.) contraction of let, kick. Lat khora, adj. Kicked, beaten; contemptible, mean. subst.) A slave, a threshold. Let-kundan, Ignominious treatment. Lat-kob, adj. Beating, cudgelling. Lat-khona, To suffer a kick or beating. Let-zada, adj. Of bad habits, vicious. Lat mardan karna. To trample or tread on. Latmardan men parna, To be trampled under foot or disgraced. [er.

भृत s. f. The hanging branch of a creep-सत्तर s. f. An old shoe.

खतरी s. f. An old shoe; a kind of vetch. स्ता s. f. A croeper, a vine, a creeping or winding plant in general; a vegetable and medicinal substance, the musk-creeper said to grow in the Dakhin. [woman.

सताकाम n. prop. Name of a most famous सताक s. f. Calcumny, labour.

सताइना v. a. To work, to cause to toil, exhaust by labour, fatigue, jade, bring down, affront, insult.

लनाहुम s. m. A timber-tree (Shores robusts).

विका s. f. A twining plant.

निया adj. Of had habits.

खतियाना v. a. To kick.

আল s. m. A rag, tatter, scrap of cloth.
ৰাল s.f. The string of a child's top;
a cloth tied to the end of a pole to
direct the flight of pigeons; a kick
when swimming. Latti karno, To run
away.

अधड़ना v. n. To be draggled.

जयेषुना v. a. To draggle or besmear with dirt.

बदना v. n. To be loaded, to be laden.

लक्षस्य s. m. Packing and loading.

खदाना v. a. To load. Ladwara, v. s.
To cause to load or lade.

भदाव s. sa. A load; an arched roof or terrace.

palm of the hand closed so as to hold water.

eques. f. A flash (of lightnin, fr.), bounce, snatch.

अष्यका v. n. To flash ( as lightning ), to spring, bounce or rush forth or upon, to attack.

লামা s. m. A snatch; nimbleness; a lad custom or babit.

लपकी s.f. A stitch.

लक्को s. f. A scate.

लप्रमाप कर्ता. Nimble.

myz s. f. Odour; warmth, glow.

चंपटना ) v. n. To cling, stick, ad-चपटाना ) here together.

equipments, m. A kind of molasses; relation, connexion; a sort of grass (Paricum verticilatum).

चपटो s. f. Pap, any glutinous liquid food.

wana alj. Nimble, quick. Lap-lap khuna, To eat quickly.

बपनो s. f. A glutinous kind of food, pottage, pap, spoonmeat.

खपाटिया s.m. A tatiler, a liar.

बपाटो s. f. Lying, tattling.

लपानक करों. Slender, thin.

twist, bandage, fillet. Lapet-jhapet, or supet, s. f. Evasion, subterfuge.

जपेदन s. f. A rollar on which cloth is wound in the loom, a lutton, &c.

जपेडन। v. o. To wrap up, to fold, enclose, pack, roll, furl.

जपेट्रवां adj. Twisted, ornamented with gold or silver thread wound round it. जणा s. m. Brocade, gold or silver cloth.

सबद्धाः है. m. A mischievous child.

संबच्छाई s. f. Giving the breast to a child when it contains no milk.

चन्द्रसम् s. m. Tittle-tattle, nonsense. चन्द्रस s. m. A liar, a tattler. adj. Lefthanded.

लबकी adj. f. False and talkative (of लबनी s.f. The pot in which tari is collected from the tree.

अवस्पदा αlj. Fastidious, fretful, touchy. सरस्या s. m. The pancreas. Clammy, பிuttinous.

जबनीय adj. Naked, shapeless. s. f. Fluttery.

खदार s. m. A lier, a talker,

जनी s. f. The Juice of the sugarcane when boiling into sugar.

कदा s. m. A club.

लबेश s. m. A fruit (Cordia myxs).

ৰৰ adj. Gained, acquired. obtained, received, got.

one's senses, come to right mind.

नाम adj. Attainable, procurable.

जनकाना v. n. To stretch out the hands to take any thing.

लभवाग लमहा स्था

चनक्ष s. f. A long musket.

बनक्का adj. Tail.

libertine. s. m. A lecher, a libertine, whoremonger, a gallant. Kachhulampat, s.h. Incontinent, dissolute, lewd.

चण्डता s. f. Libertinism, dissoluteness, तमर s.f. A fox.

जना adj. Long, tail. Lamba karna, To-lengthen, to extend, to beat, to drub.

बनाई s. f. Length. Lambai chourai, बनान s. m. s. f. Size, length and breadth; (met.) pomp, glory, pride:

लच्चाना v. a. To lengthen.

लिका s.f. The wouls or soft palate.

जिल्ल adj. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging down.

लिक्यों करना v. c. To prance.

bounding pace in a horse. Lambi karna, To make a horse capriele, or
throw out his fore legs. Lambi sans
bharni, v. n. To regret, to lament.

लम्ब adj. Long, tall.

লকা s. f. A sort of chain enclosure or fence.

चय s. f. Equal time in music and dancing, tone, melody, modulation, syncphony, singing in tune; ardent affection or desire, immersion or absorp-

चयारी s. m. A wolf.

es s. m. A skein,

सल्ब s. f. A sudden gush of water, &c.; (met.) whim, fancy, caprice.

जसक्ता v. n. To attack.

जनसाना v. a. To excite, quarrel, to set on to fight.

halloo after, challenge, set up the war hoop. v. n. To bawl out insultingly.

चचगस्डा s. m. A monkey.

सवनको :. f. A female monkey.

जंबपाना v. n. To be tantalized, to long. v. a. To excite desire, to tantalize, to covet.

जबर्ज s. m. A flower (Nerium odorum). जजन s. m. Pleasure, sport, pastime.

खलना s. f. A wanton woman.

खड़ा s. m. A boy.

सवाट s. m. The forehead ; fate, destiny, fortune.

चनाररेचा s.f. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life; a coloured sectarial mark on the forehead.

manizam s. f. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiars bound over it: a mark made with Sandal on the forehead.

লবিন s. f. A Ragini or musical mode.
adj. Beautiful, levely.

न्निश्चा s. f. A woman in general; a wanton.

स्वियाना v. a. To coax, wheedle, beg earnestly; to redden.

खलो s. f. A girl. adj. Impotent.

जनोपत्ती s. m. Wheedling, coaxing, flattering, adulation. the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye; a larger division of time, or 86 twinklings of the eye, or about \( \frac{1}{2} \) a second; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

चनक adj. Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. चनक s. m. The clove tree (Myristica caryophyllata); cloves, the fruit.

rock or fossil salt; factitious salt or salt obtained by boiling elay found near the sea-shere, or any earth impregnated with saline particles; the saline or salt taste, saltness.

or the district of Sambhar in Ajmone, celebrated for its fossil salt.

खन्बसमुद्र s. m. The sea of salt water.

खनपा s. f. A small river in Tirhut.

चनचाकर s. m. A salt mine.

लग्बाम s. m. The sea, or salt water.

लवचीत्रम s. m. Nitre; rock or river salt. लवन s. m. Resping.

कवा s. m. A kind of quail (Perdix ehinensis).

चनाव } s. m. A sickle, a reaping-चनावज्ञ hook.

चमरन पण्डन adj. Topsy-turvy, with difficulty, with much ado.

सम्ब s. m. Garlic (Allium satioum); a frechle.

wes. m. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness, clamminess. Lasdar, adj. Viscous, glutinous, clammy. Lasdari, s. f. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness.

जरका v. n. To become viscous, to become moist (er stiff, as a field).

বৰণা v. n. To become, to be fit; to shine.

वचववा adj. Viscous, clammy, or glutinous, adhesive, ropy. जनसाना v. n. To be clammy or glutinous, to agglutinate.

खिस adj. Seen, evident.

जिस्याचा . n. To be viscons, to be clammy.

चचोद्धा s. m. A glutinous fruit, ( Cordia myxs).

बची s. f. Milk and water.

जहंगा s. m. A pettieoat ( or a mereskirt, which is tied round the loins and extends to the feet or ground).

लड्ड s. f. Glitter, flash.

to rise up into a flame; to glitter, flash, glance, shine; to wave (as herbage before the wind); to warble, quaver.

cause to shine or glitter; to blow up a fire.

चण्यारना v. a. To fondle, to pat and encourage a horse &c.

खड़बावट s. f. Glittering, flashing.

बस्कीला odj. Glittering.

लडकीवर s. m. Rice-milk eated by bride and bridegroom.

v. n. To avail, answer, boot, signify, accrue. s. m. Outstanding debt; fate, destiny.

लक्ष्य s. m. A kind of parroquet. बह्मेरा s. m. Name of a plant.

undulation; whim, fancy, vision., the effect of the poison of a snake; a waving pattern in embroidery; emotion.

सहरता v. n. To wave, to undulate. सहरतहर s. f. Prosperity.

wit s. m. Quaver, shake, trill (in music).

चप्राना v. n. To tantalize; to undulate,

fluctuate, wave; to play loosely, to put off.

चडराखनाना v. a. To evade, to avoid performing an agreement.

चहरिया adj. Waved, a mode of dyeing or painting.

बर्दो adj. Inconstant, capricious, whimsical.

बर्ग s. m. Name of a grain, Bajra ( Holous spicasus ).

avavi adj. Blooming, flourishing.

चक्रवहाना v. त. To bloom, to be verdant, to flourish. [ing.

वस्तीर adj. Borrowing and never pay-वस्ता s. m. Garlic (Allium sotivum); a freckle.

वड्डिनवा s. m. Name of a precious stone. वड्डीड्रा s. m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia mixa: Cordia latifolia).

**电影 s. m.** Blood. Lohu-luhan, Covered with blood, bloody.

सम्बा s. m. Name of a plant.

बच s. m. A lak, one hundred thousand.

tion, a predicate, any thing by which an object is designated or distinguished; a symtom or any indication of a actual disease.

चित वर्धुं. Scen; marked.

the half brother and faithful companion of Ramchandra.

deities of the Hindus, the wife of Vishau, and goddess of wealth and presperity; fortune, success, prosperity; beauty, splendour.

बस्तोवान adj. Prosperous, fortunate, wealthy, thriving; beautiful.

mark, a butt; a mark, a sign; a lak, a hundred thousand.

Wit s. f. Parched rice mixed with sugar. With s. f. Quantity, measure; the loins; bird-lime; chaff.

सांचना v. a. To overleap, to pass over.

win s. f. Bound, leap, spring.

ed by the Coccus laces, adj. A hundred thousand. Lakh lagana, To shut up or conceal.

सासना v. a: To apply lac.

बाबी s.f. A red colour procured from lac.

stroke; enmity, rancour, spite; grudge; affection, love; cost, expenditure; a secret; approach. Lay lagna, To fall in love.

चानल s. f. Expense, cost.

बानो s. f. A mark, butt; affection, love. काम adj. Desirous, adhering to.

साय s. m. Health; lightness, delicacy. minuteness; meanness, insignificance frivolity:

www.s. m. A plough; the penis.

species of the fixed, or mineral and vegetable poisons:

जाक ज s. m. A hairy teil (as:a horses's, fc.); the penis.

लाक s. f.' Bashfulness', modesty, shame; सामाना adj. Modesty, bashful, chaste, decent.

with: s. m. Viscosity; tenacity, gluidnousness.

shabby (as clothes, ornaments, &c.). s.f. Au obelisk, a pillar.

poor (Mahua, pounded with grain).

or staff; the vertical part of an oil mill.

Lathi pathi, Beating with sticks, selub or stick,

play, sport, playfulness of a child. Lar larans. To foadle (a child).

जाइंबा बर्जु. Darling, dear.

जात s. f. A kick. Lat marna. To kick.

with s. f. Load; bowel. Lad-phand, s. f. Loading and packing.

जादना v. a. To load, lade, freight.

बादिया s. m. A loader.

वंग्यों s. f. A small load ( particularly s washerman's).

wig adj. Fit to carry a load. Laddu kurna, To mount a horse or colt for the first time.

introduce, persuade, apply; to breed, produce, make.

नाभाग v. n. Tojump.

जास s. m. Gain, profit, produce; gain in general, acquirement, acquisition.
Labh karna, To attain.

आभाषाकं s. m. Profit and loss.

सार s. m. Saliva, spittle.

tion, as son; spittle, saliva; name of a bird' (the male of Fringilla amandava). Lal-bujhak-kar, An intelligent person, one who comprehends quickly, or who readily divines what has happened or is to happen from certain symptoms; but the term is generally used ironically for a wise-acre, an ignorant foolish person who pretends to more sense than his neighbours.

greedinest, selfishness, avarice, occasion, view, want. Lalach karns, Ts.

व्यावनी adj. Covetous, interested, selfish. । लाषा १. म. Advantage. बानको s.f. A kind of ruby ; false stone resembling a ruby.

बाबन adj. Wheedling, coaxing. s. f. A mistress, sweet heart.

खायमा ३. र्र. Ardent desire; regret. sorrow, missing, wishing for any person or object absent; soliciting, asking; the longing of pregnant women.

बाबा e. f. Saliva spittle. e. m. Sir, master, school-master.

सामारिक adj. Relating to fate or destiny.

सासाबिह s. m. Passing mucous urine. बाबित adj. Loved, desired; cherished, treated tenderly; coaxed, wheedled, seduced.

mifam s. m. Benuty, loveliness; gaiety; gracefulness.

स्राबिन } s. m. A seducer. बाडी

म्बालिनी s. f. A wanton.

आविष्टमा p. n. To be extremely desirons and unable fully to express one's wishes.

will adj. Cutting down. s. m. A rope (particularly that drawn by bullock's at a mell); the cable of a heat.

सार्गावकी adj. f. Lovely, beautiful.

with s. m. Saltness, the taste or property of salt; heanty, loveliness,

खारमाव s. m. Covetonsness, avarice.

क्षानमान e. m. Profit, advantage.

बारा s. m. Parched grain. s. f. A sort of quail (Herdix chinensis).

जाराज्या e.m. A tale-bearer.

बार s. f. A pumpkin gourd (Cucurbita logenaris).

जाना s. m. Any thing clammy or glutinous; the milk of plants, size.

WIT s. m. A kind of cloth resembling gauze; advantage, welfare; lac.

सामी s. f. Name of a plant; a fine sort of cloth.

खाचा s.f. Lac. a red dye, or an insect which is analogous to the cochineal insect, and like it forms when dried and prepared, a dye of a red colour; the nest is formed of a resinoussubstance which is sealing-wax and is usually termed shel lac.

बाचातद ) s. m. The Palas tree ( Butes संकारक 🕽 frondosa).

साहाप्रसादन s. m. The red Lodh, a tree from the bark of which an astringent infusion is prepared, which is used to fix colour in dyeing.

बिक्च s. m. A sort of bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus lacucha),

fart s. f. A nit, a young lonse,

शिवातं s. m. A writing, paper, deed.

श्चित ad). Writing. s.f. Writing, inscription.

खिसन s. f. Scripture, writting; a writing, a written document.

खिलागा n. a. To write.

खिमानी s. f. A pen. Liklini das, s. m. A. writer an amanuensis, copyist.

विचन s. m. Predestination, fate.

खिखारीना v. a. To copy, to write.

लिया s. m. Fate, predestination, destiny, writing. odj. Written.

विकार s. f. The wages of writting; the labour of writting; the art or business of writing.

िखाना v. a. To cause or teach to write, to get written.

विकाष क. ११८. हे विकाषट १. त. ह Act of writting.

विचित adj. Written. s. m. Scripthre. writing, a writing, a memuscript, a written book or paper.

far s. m. A sign, a token; the penis; the phallus or Shiv under that emblem ; gender.

farq s. m. Embracing.

ৰিম্বাস s. m. Loss of the penis. बिङाईन s. m. Worship of the Linga or phallus.

चिक्तिवेव s. m. The dress or the insignia of a religious student, the skin, staff, bowl, &c.; the dress or appearance

of a follower of Shiv. est s. m. A worshipper of Shie in the phallic type.

बिक्डो s. f. Afterbirth, placenta. विदाना v. a. To cause to lie or repose, to lay.

बिही s. f. Balls or thick cakes of bread baked on coals.

विषया v. s. To be draggled. विवादना v. a. To draggle.

चित्रदना v. n. To cling, adhere together, stick.

विषटावा v. s. To cling, stick, adhere together.

विषटाव s.f. Adhesion.

लिपड़ी s f. An old ragged turband. चिष्णा v. s. To be plastered, smeared or washed over.

जिपवामा v. a. To cause to plaster, smear or wash over.

जिपाई s. f. Smearing, plastering. विषि १ s.f. Writing in general, handwriting; a writing, a written paper or book, &c.

विविदर s. m. A scribe, a writer.

चित्र adj. Smeared, anointed, plastered, spread, embraced, united, connected with, &c.; defiled or contaminated by.

खिबनिवा s. m. The pancreas. बिमा s. m. A slap.

चित्र s. f. Unjust, censure, calumpy; indication, trace. बिन्दर s. m. A lecher, a whoremonger.

चिवे adv. For, on account of. विवाट । s. m. The forehead ; fate, des-

विवाद 🕽 tiny, fortune. तिज्ञाना v. s. To log for.

बियाना v. c. To cause to take. श्चिवासाना v. a. To bring.

लियेश s. m. Taker.

चिसीड़ s.m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia myxa). [tible. बिराइन adj. Vile, base, mean, contemp-चीच s. f. Marks of a carriage wheel, rut, path, track, trace, stain, iguo-

miny, disgrace. बीच s. f. A knit, the egg of a louse. स्रोचनाग v. a. To submit, to succumb,

to subside.

चीचड़ adj. Stingy. न्त्रीची s. f. A china fruit ( Scytalia litchi).

बीभी s. f. Dreg (of a dye, of any thing that has been chewed), sediment.

बोतरा s. m. An old shoe. बोह s. f. The dung of horses and ele-

phants. बीज adj. Embraced, clung or adhered to; melted, dissolved; absorbed, immerced.

बीपड़ी e.f. A rag; a small turband. स्तीपना v. o. To plaster, to besmear.

बीवड़ s.m. Rheum (of the eyds). चीम s. m. Concord, peace.

बोसू s. m. A lime, a lemon, also the (Citrus medica).

बीर s. f. A strip, or slip of cloth.

जीव s.f. Indigo. adj. Blue.

बीतबस्य s. m. A bird (Coracias Bengalensis).

जीवना v. a. To swallow, to gulp. बीला s. f. Play, sport, pastime in gener ral; amorous or wanton sport.

जीनावती s. f. A wanton or sportfulwo man; a work on arithmetic.

₩ s. m. A falling star ; varnish. च चना v. a. To lie hid, to be concealed.

ल कन्द्रा s. m. A rake, a profligate, च चा adj. Hid, concealed.

च चाचन e.m. An ointment, by applying which to a man's eyes he is said to become invisible.

स्काना v. a. To hide, to conceal. ब नाई s. f. Woman.

■ adj. Pure, mere, stark naked. Luch-- bahader, s. m. A vagabond.

च चपन s. m. Libertinism, rakishness. ज्ञा ड. m. A spider.

ज आ s. m. A vagabond, a libertine, a , rake, a profligate. adj. Low, mean. ज बामी & f. Libertinism.

च नल्जा . adj. Clammy, glutinous, - Viscous.

चचा adj. Lame of a hand or hands, , having lost the use of hands and . feet squandered.

न दना v. n. To be plundered, to be ब टरेंबा s. m. A squanderer, a prodigal, spendthrift, plunderer.

₹ Z ₹ } s. m. Plundering, ruin, devas-संॅ्ड स ∫ tation.

च द्वाना v. a. To squander, spend or expend, to cause to plunder or be plundered: to cause to wallow or roll - about. Luta-luta-kar marna, To beat severely.

च दिया s. f. A small pot.

क द्विता है s. m. A squanderer, prodigal, spendthrift, plunderer.

च एका s. m. A. Hindu ofnament worn gain the ears.

च च्चनः v. n. To roll, to fall (or roll) off, to slip, to slide.

E. f. Rolling; flattery, coaxing. wheedling, fawning.

स्टबना हे v. n. To roll; to be spilt. स्द्रमा | Laurh jana, To die.

सहाना v.a. To cause to roll, to spill.

बुदिया s. f. A stone pestle with which materials are triturated on a stone.

बहियाना v. a. To double hem a garment. चया s. m. A sort of potherb (Chironia centauroides, &c.).

चुका adj. Tail-less, tail-cropt, docked. चुत्ररा s. m. A sycophant, a tell-tale, a babbler, a tattler, backbiter.

खुपरी अ. f. Pap.

ख्पख्प s. m. Lapping (as of a dog drinking).

सुत्र adj. Gone, lost, disappeared.

ভাষণা s.f. Disappearance, nonexistence. स्वरी s. f. Poultice, cataplasm,

बुख adj. Covetous, greedy, desirous. cupidinous. s. m. A lecher, a libertine,

बुअब s. m. A hunter; a libertine, a rake, whore-monger; a covetous or greedy man.

सुभागा v. a. To excite desire, tantalize, allure, entice.

जुडका s. m. An iron pot.

लुक्ता s. m. A younger, junior, cadet.

जुषाकी अ.f. A staff armed with iron. चुरान adj. Bloody,

MYIT s. m. A blacksmith.

लुकारिन s. f. The female of Luhor. e s. f. A hot wind.

सुचार adj. Half-burnt (wood), a biand. the s. f. A round lump of dough prepared for making into bread or cakes.

ल्ब s. f. A hot wind.

जबर adj. Half burnt (wood), a brand. कं बढ़ी t. f. A wooden poker, or stake burnt at one end: a fox.

ल क्षेत्रा v. v. To be scorched by the sum br hot wind, to have a coup de solgil. v. a. To see.

with s. f. Confingration.

thrown out from a conflagration. Luka lagana, To inflame or excite quarrels, &c.

charm, fascinate.

a murderer. Lut-baz, A plunderer,

च टंचर s.f. Plundering and ravaging. च टना v. a. To plunder, pillage, spoil; to squander.

wzqız s. f. Plunder and sacking.

स्टान्ट s.f. Plundering.

ज चया adj. Salt, brackish.

चंची s.f. The salt that effloresces from walls, &c.; butter.

produced by the urine of a spider.

南南 s. n. Salt.

(Portulaca oleracea); a pioneer; a salt maker; name of a tribe or caste of Baniyas.

walls, &c.; butter.

भाषा s. m. A tail; a hairy tail, as a horse's, a monkey's &c.

स ना adj. Lame of the hands.

सन्दा s.m. A paw.

₹ s. f. A hot wind.

part. Having taken. imper. Take.
adv. Till, to; from interj. Come!
well!

At s. f. Paste.

, भे दी s. f. Goat's dung; a cur, a country dog.

% at s. m. Smut, mildew; a flock of goats or ship, a pack of dogs.

tur s. m. A letter, an epistle.

च्चा s. m. A writer, a scribe, a clerk ; e copyist, an amanuensis, accountant. ল আৰী s. f. The business of a writer, ল আৰ s. m. Writing, scripture; the best of the Bhog tree, which is used for writing on in Nepal and Upper Hindustan.

क्षे चनी s. f. A pen, a reed.

चे 🖜 s. m. Account, reckoning.

जे स्व s. m. A letter, an epistle.

चे स्थपन s. m. A written paper, a writing; a letter,

ৰ আৰাৰ s. m. An office, a countryhouse, &c.

के जाना v. a. To take away, carry, convey, run away with, export, submit, refer, win.

चेंद्र s. m. Mortar, plaster, chunam.

स्टिना, v. n. To repose, lie down, lie, rest,

चैत s. m. Plaster, paste, batter.

चे verbal n. To take, taking.

चे नहेन s. m. Traffic, trade, barter, biging and selling.

चेना v. s. To take, accept, assume, get, hold, pick, win, receive, buy, Leina, v. n. To bring, fetch.

a. q s. m. Plaster, ointment; plasting, smearing; mortar, chunam.

जे पत्र जे पो } s. m. A bricklayer, planterer.

जिएका v. s. To lie with; to involve another in one's diagrace.

चेपन v. c. To plaster, besmear.

च पासक s. m. An adopted child, slopta fosterchild.

ed, a fosterchild.

चे पालना v. a. To adopt, rear, bring का father.

खेपाचेप s. m. Complete plastering.

च s. m. Plastering, spreading of smearing contment, mortar, &ः

ले नरना v. a. To calumniate.

चे रचना v. a. To provide, keep rees)। procure, reserve. के रक्षा v. a. To cheat, to pilfer.

s. m. A calf.

चे बा s. m. A lamb.

[ing.

चे च adj. Borrowing and never pay-चे चे ना v. a. To take receive, accept of, take by force, extort, bereave.

चैंद s. m. Plaster falling from a wall.

Taker; plaster, that which is spread on the outside of a new pot; udder.

चे गर्दे s. f. Traffic, trade, taking and giving. [with).

चे बार s. m. Mud (to plaster a wall चे बास s. m. Plaster.

से वैदा s. m. Taker.

The s. m. Mark, sign, effect. adj. Small, little. s. m. Smallness, littleness; a little.

चे सना v. c. To plaster, spread, danb; to kindle; to foment (a quarrel). विश्व इ. m. Plastering.

Two s. m. Licking, testing with the tongue.

क्षेत्रा s. m. Pasture, provender.

affen s. m. Borax.

adj. To be licked. s. m. The food or beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosis.

de adj. Ready, brought. s. m. A kind of vinegar; an arrow for practising with; a spring.

imper. Take, hold. interj. Lo, look, see, there now.

of the countenance, honor.

ads. Till, to, up to.

ৰাশ ৈ s.f. A clove (Caryophyllus aro-ভাগ maticus). Loung-chara, s. m. A kind of dish prepared from peasemeal.

with s. m. A lump-of clay, cold.

कोष s. m. Man, mankind; people; a world, a division of the universe; in general three Loks are enumerated, or heaven, hell, and earth; another classification enumerates seven. exclusive of the infernal regions; or Bhur-lok, the earth, Bhusar-lok, the space between the earth and the sun. the region of the Munis, Siddhis, &c. Swary-lok, the heaven of Indra, between the sun and the polar star. Mahar-lok, the usual abode of Bhrigu and other saints; during the configgration of these lower words the saints ascend to the next, or Jan-lok, which is described as the abode of Brahma's sons; above this is the sixth world or the Tapo lok, where the deities called Vyragis reside; the seventh world Satya-lok, or Brahmlok, is the abode of Brahma, and translation to this world exempts beings from further birth; the three first worlds are destroyed at the end of each Kulpa or day of Brohmo; the three last at the end of his life. or of 100 of his years; the fourth-Lok is equally permanent, but is uninhabitable from heat at the time the three first are barning. Another enumeration calls these seven worlds earth, sky, heaven, middle region, place of births, mansion of the blest, and abode of truth, placing the sonaof Brahms in the sixth division, and stating the fifth or Jan-lok to be that, where animals destroyed in the general conflagration are born again; sight, seeing.

सोक्तना v. a. To catch.

चोबतन s. m. The creator, Brahma, जोब्रिजत s. m. A conqueror of the world क्षेत्रहर s. m. The three worlds, heaven, earth, and hell.

को बनाच s. m. A sovereign of the aniverse,

खाननीय adj. Visible, to be seen.

the regions, or the sun, moon, fire, wind, Indra, Yam, Varun, and Kuver.

े wind, Indra, Idm, Varun, and Auser. जीवप्रसिद्ध adj. Notorious, well known.

जीवरसन s. m. Popularity gaining public confidence.

লীক্ষা s. m. Tatters, torn clothes.

खीबानर s. m. Another world.

জীবাৰীৰ s. m. A mountainous belt surrounding the outermost of the seven sens and bounding the world.

ৰীভাৰ s. m. Tools, old iron pots, pans, hardware.

कोग s. m, People, folk.

खोनाई s.f. Woman.

জীবৰ ৈ s. m. A ball or lump of flesh ভীবনা ৈ or meat; stibium or lampblack, &c. so used.

चोचन s. m. The eye.

लीचनवर्षट है s. m. A flower ( Celosia लीचनमञ्जक ) cristata ).

जी जनाजब s. m. Diseased affection of the eye, Ophthalmia.

भीडन s. m. Tumbling, rolling; a kind of pigeon, tumbler; a bush.

flounce, sprawl.

बीटनापीटना v. त. To wallow, to roll or turn over.

बीटपुरिया s. m. Water-eresses.

fixing adj. Wallowing, tumbling and tossing, rolling about, restless. Lot-pot-hone, To be in love.

a pipkin, a small metal pot, generally of brass or tinued iron.

जोटासजो s. f. A kind of earth contain-

बीडा s. m. A stone pestle with which materials are triturated on a stone.

(land). Salt, brackish; barren or salt (land). s. m. Purslain (Protulaca oleraces); the salt that effloresces from &c.

बीच कर्त. At corpse, dead body,

चीवरा s. m. } A lump of flesh

बोण s. f. A bag, a sack, stupe.

बोबी s.f. A staff, club (knotted).

बोरो s. m. A caste among the Pothage.

নীখ ) s. m. A tree, the bark of which is used in dyeing (Symplocos rocemoso); a medicine.

जोधा a.m. Name of a tribe, a husbandman.

जोषिका s. m. Name of a tribe.

speak hyperbolically or in lofty differ fuse language.

ৰীৰা adj. glat, brackish; barren or salt (land). s. m. Purslain (Portulaça oleracea); the salt that effloresces from walls, &c.

स्रीनापन s.m. Saltness.

जीगार s. m. Salt lands, a place where salt is produced, a salt-pit.

Fig. s. m. Rejection, cutting off in general, especially used as a grammatical term for dropping letters, syllables, &c.; disappearance, destruction erasure; (in compos. with a verb) vanished disappeared.

बोपड़ों s. f. A lump of any thing moist; a poultice composed of flour, turmeric, and oil or clarified butter.

জীবাৰ s. m. A kind of gum, incense, benzoin (resin). [ sinensis ). জীবিষা s.m. A kind of bean ( Dolichos जोभ s. m. Avarice, covetonsness, capidity. intense or greedy desire.

स्रोभना v. n. To be anamoured.

बोमनी दित adj. Beguiled or overcome by enpidity.

सोमनिएइ adj. Free from empidity.

ৰামী adj. Desirous, cupidinous, covetous, greedy, avaricious.

ज़ीन s. m. A tail, a hairy tail; the halr of the body; the base of a triangle, &c.; a piquet, out post, or sentry.

ब्रोमकर्ष s. m. A bare.

चीनकृप 3. m. A pore of the skin.

स्रोमस्रो s.f. A fox.

भोजनिष s. m. An animal whose hair is supposed to be poisonous, as a tiger, &c.

जीनज alj. Hairy, covered with or made of hair; woollen.

चोमञ्चपिनी s.f. A plant ( Glycine debi-

खीन्यमानार f.m. The polecat.

জাস্থা s. f. A plant (Leea kirta) Indian spikenard (Valeriana Jatamansi): cowach (Carpopogon pruriens); green vitriol; Orris root.

चीमचार s. m. The emerald. !

जोसइपेच s. m. Horripilation, exection of the hair of the body.

क्रीयन s. m. The eye.

जोर s. m. An ear-ring, drop, pendant;

Tears, the fluid in which the eyes appear sometimes to be overwhelmed, undulation, glimmer.

जोजद : m. An enr-ring, drop, pendant. जोजा s. m. A suppository, a kind of solid clyster.

(Rumex vesicarius).

बाबुप adj. Yery deigous or coveres,

wishing, longing for, greedy, insati-

बोट s. m. A clod, a lump of earth; rast...

जीष्टमय adj. Made of a clock or of earth. जीष्ट s. m. A lump of earth.

steel; Aloe wood or Agallochum.

बीइक्ट्रक्*ड. m.* A thorny shrub. जोडकान s. m. The loadstone.

जीरकार s. m. A blacksmith, or ironsmith.

बीइबिंह s. m. Rust of iron, or iron filings.

बीइयुर्वे जीइयुर्वे कीइयुर्वे इ. m. Iron filings.

ৰীছৰ s. m. Bell-metal; rust of iron or iron filings.

बोर्चित s. m. The diamond (conquering in hardness the iron).

चोइचा s.m. An iron pot.

बोड्डावी s. m. Borax (as fusing metals )... बोड्डावी s. Made of iron.

बोह्मार्च s. m. A plant (Achyranthes) triandra).

चीपसार s.f. An iron mine.

with Iron. Lok-latk, s. m. An iron mace or club. Loka bajana, To fight with swords.

बीहान adj. Bloody.

बोशनी s. f. Name of a caste among Pathans.

ceremonies performed on the 9th of the light half of the month Assem; formerly a campaign, but now usually confined to the domestic decoration and worship of the soldier's weapons.

क्रोप्स s. m. A blacksmith:

बोद्धादिन के f. The female of Lohare es

Red, the colour; blood.

कोदितक s. m. A ruby ; calx of brass.

स्रोडितानम *adj.* Red faced. s. m. Au ichneumon.

स्रोडिया adj. Of iron.

of silk-cloth; dawn just before sunrise.

blood. Lohu phains, To have leprosy.

Lohu bythna, To pass blood by stool.

Lohu luhan, adj. Covered with blood, bloody.

हों } adv. Pill, to, up to.

सौंग s. f. A clove (Caryophyllus aromoticus).

बॉनच्युः t. m. A dish prepared from pease-meal.

brat. Lounda-basi, s. f. Sodomy.

चौडिया ) s. f. A girl, a slave girl, a चौडी servant girl, bend-maid.

pointed flame. Lou lagana, To be constant in prayer, devotion, dre. Lou lagan, The frequent and lang continued repetition of any saying (particularly of a lover calling on his mistress, or of a dying man on God), to have a constant desire or craving (for any thing).

खीं भाग v. a. To see.

bits lagenaria); lightning, flash, glitter, cornscation.

जीवाचीतच s. m. An atheist, a materialist, a Bouddhis.

what prevails smonget or is familiar to manking; coremonial, coremonious जोजिकता e. f. Worldliness; worldly currency, or custom.

with s. f. A kind of pompion.

and s. m. Turning over, inverting; returning.

बीटना v. त्र. To turn over, to turn lack, return.

चोडाना v. c. To turn over, to invert; to turn back, to return, give back, reject.

चीचवा s. m. Name of a medicine.

जीना s. m. Balancing, making scales equal. s. s. To reap.

wild s. f. Wages in kind to respens in harvest time.

बीद s. m. An intercalary month. चीद odj. Iron, made of iron, s. m. Iron. कोदार s: m. A trance.

खारी s. m. A wolf.

Whe twenty-ninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly the seminowed v; it is often contount of the with which it is also optionally interchangeable.

चंत्र s. m. Race, lineage, family. चंत्रच s. m. A. esmall field (Cynoplosus क्रियुक्त )...

वंश्वरित s. m. A: genealogical table or list, the history of a race or dynasty,

वंशपरणपर s. f. Family lineage, descent. वंश्योच्य s. m. Hereditary estate.

रंबरोक्ना है s. f. An earthy concretion क्यापन है of a milk-white colour,

formed in the hollow of the bamboo.

There s. f. Prosperity of a family.

There is m. Family usage.

पंचापता s.f. A pedigree, a genealegt. पंचाप बर्ज़: Bélonging or relating to s family, a bamboo, &c.

the f. A pipe, file, finie.

वंगीपर s. m. A piper; a name of Krishna.

TE s. m. A crane (Arclea nives); a tree (Sesbana grandiflora).

वसमुद्ध s. m. A tree ( Æschynomene grandifiora ).

वक्क s.m. A plant (Minusops elengi). वक्क ब्लंगु. Fit or proper to be said or spoken.

THIT's. m. A speaker.

and adj. Crooked, curved, bowed or bent; indirect, evasive.

विकास adj. Who or what goes tortuously; fraudulent, dishonest.

craft, cunning; evasive or indirect speech.

वक्षुप s. m. The Sesbana grantiflora. क्यों adj. Crooked; dishonest, fraudulent. क्योगाव s. m. Curvature, curve; fraudulent or dishonest disposition.

the covert expression of somethings else than the words used naturally imply, either from the manner in which they are uttered or some other sense of which they are susceptible; hint, insinuation; sarcasm.

the winding course of a stream; crookedness.

\*\* s. m. Bengal, or the eastern parts of the modern province.

atext, a dictum, an aphorism, a rule.

The adj. Obedient. s. m. The author or enunciator of a precept.

व्यवस्था .m. Discourse, order of words. व्यवस्था adj. Compliant, conformable, submissive, humble.

ৰম্পন্ন s. m. Mere words, assertion unsupported by facts, ৰশ্য s. f. Orris root (Acorus calamus) গৰ adj. Hard, impenetrable, adamentine. s. m. A thunderbolt in general, orthe thunderbolt of Indra; the diamond (the gem being considered analogous in hardness to the thunderbolt, or in fact to be the same substance).

वजपात s. m. A thunderbolt, a stroke of lightning.

वजप्र s. m. The blossom of the semamum.

व्यवस्थः . m. Death by lightning; cross multiplication.

विवास adj. Hard, adamantine ; hardhearted.

ৰক্ষৰী s. f. A species of sun-flower ( Heliotropium ).

ववाचात s. m. A thunderbolt or stroke; a sudden calamity.

adiate s. m. Cross multiplication.

jackal; a rogue, cheat.

वचन s. m. Cheating, fraud.

विश्व adj. Tricked, deceived, cheated.

Tun adj. Crafty, fraudulent, dishonests us s. m. The large Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica).

student, after his investiture with the sacred thread; a lad, a youth ingeneral; a flower (Bignonia Indica).

general.

Ter s. f. Pulse, ground and fried with
oil or butter,

विकार A fish-hook.

ৰম্ভৰ s. m. A part, a portion, a share, ৰম্ভা s. m. Portioning, partitioning, dividing.

has no prepuce.

an ade. As, like, similar; that is more

- generally considered as an affix to words; as, Poshu-vot, like a beast. ym s. m. A. calf; a year. A child, calf; a medicinal plant ( Wrightea antidysenterica). काहर s. m. A steer. वस्त्राम s. m. An active poison, also . called Mithe zaker, the root of the aconite ferox brought from Nepal. चक्कर s.m. A year, वस्तिव adj. Annual, yearly. was adi. Affectionate, kind. s. in. Affection, fondness. वक्षका s. f. Tenderness, affection. बदन s. m. The mouth, the face. व्याच s. m. A sheat-fish (Silvens Boolis). या s. f. A son's wife; a wife in general. THE. m. A forest, a wood, a grove. यनवाष् s.m. A species of arum (A: Calocasia). পানী adj. Forester, savage. वनराख s. m. A lion. वनवास s.m. Living in the woods, as a hermit, &c. बनवासी s. m. An anchoret, a hermit; - forester. { caracal ). वनविष्णास s. m. A sort of wild cat ( Felis वनसाबी adj. Being or shiding in a wood. : s, m. A hermit, an anchoret. वनिवास adj. Situate or being in a forest. वन्यति e. m. A tree that bears fruit but . no apparent blossoms, as several species of the fig, the jack. &c.; a trre : in general : an ascetic. वनान्त s. m. The skirts of a wood. वनात्रव s. m. Dwelling in a forest. वित्र s. f. A woman in general; a beloved woman, a wife, a mistress. बन्दन s. m. Obeisance to a Brahman or superior by touching the feet. &c. बन्दना s.f. Praise, praising, especially the gods or great men.

वन्दनी s. f. Reverence, morship, adoring. वन्दनीय adj. Praise-worthy, to be enlogized or preised. वन्ता s. f. A parasite plant (Epidendrum tessellatum, &c. any parasite plant. बन्दी s. f. A captive, a prioner, a man or beast confined. s. m. A panegyrist, a bird, a herald, a servant whose duty it is to proclaim the titles of a greatman as he passes along; or a poet; who sings the praises of a prince in his presence, or accompanies an army to chaunt martial songs; a praiser . a flatterer. · [ landable. and adj. To be praised, commendable, वस adj. Forest, savage, wild, produceed in a wood, &c. वन्या s. f. A multitude of groves; a quantity of water, a flood, a deluges. a plant (Physolis flexuose). [men virile aga s, m. Sowing seed; shaving; seant s. m. A sower, a planter, &c. : a father, a progenitor. an emetic. दमन s. m. Vomiting, causing vomiting, बनी edj. Vomiting, sick. s. f. Vomiting. वयस s. m. Age, time of life. वयस adj. Relating to age, aged. s. m. A contemporary, an associate or com-: panion. वयस adj. Aged, relating to age. s. m. A friend, a contemporary an associate or companion. s. f. A woman's female friend or confidante. बर s. m. A boon; a blessing, especially the gift of a Brahman or deity; . . bridegroom. adj. Best, excellent. ब्रह्म s. f. A rivulet, running past the north of Benares, into the Ganges, now called the Barna. [nus communis) बर्द्धाल s. ज. The castor oil tree ( Rice बाद adj. Granting a prayer, conferring

a boon, propitious, favourable. युरहान s. m. Granting a boon.

बरमदान s. m. Conferring a boon.

the advantage, to gain.

वर्च s. m. A wasp.

ব্যান adv. On this side of a river, &c.
ব্যাহৰ s. m. The small shell called a
Courie, and used as a coin.

बराजसो s. f. Benures.

in the third Avatars or descent, in which he is said to have assumed the shape of a hoar; one of the eighteen smaller Dwipas or divisions of the universe.

adj. Beat, dearest, most preferable or beloved.

न्त्रीयान् s. m. The eighteenth of the astronomical periods called Yogs.

वर्ष s. m. The deity of the waters and regent of the west.

बरे adv. On this side, near. Vere girns, To fall short.

and s. m. A class, a tribe, a multitude of similar things, whether animate or inanimate; as, Kah-varya, the class of guttural letters; Trivary, a class of three objects, as love, duty, and wealth; the Sudra-varya, the Sudra tribe; a chapter, a book, a section, a square number (in arithmetic).

वर्म पन s. m. The square of a cube.

बर्जन s. m. Quitting, abandonment, shunning, avoiding.

क्कि जीय adj. Improper, censurable, wieked, proper to be avoided.

विकात adj. Abandoned, avoided; excluded, excepted.

बर्च s. m. A tribe, a class, a caste, an order; colour, hue, tint; a letter, of the alphabet; (in orithmetic) a. co-efficient.

वर्षकम s. m. Order of caste or tribe; alphabetical arrangement, the alphabet.

वर्षगत कर्या. Algebraio.

वर्षेष्ठम s. m. The particular occupation or duty of each caste or tribe.

वर्णन s. m. Describing, expatiating, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies, &c.

वर्षना s. f. Pruise, panegyric.

वर्षमाला s.f. The alphabet.

वर्षरेखा s. f. A white aluminous fossil often confounded with chalk, of which it is considered a species.

बचेंचे ह adj. Of a good tribe, caste, kind, &c. s. m. A Brahmana.

वर्णसर s.m. Mixture or confusion of castes; a man or tribe of mixed origin, or from a father and mother of different castes.

वर्षशैन adj. Untcaste.

ৰ্থাসন s. m. The class and state of a person.

वर्षित adj. Described, explained. वर्षेत्र s. m. Livelihood, subsistence.

वर्षमान adj. Being, existing, living, being present; dwelling or abiding in; (in grammar) the present tense.

वर्षि } s.f. The wick of a lamp.

बरिका s. f. A quail; the wick of a lamp. बर्गुंब adj. Round, circular, globular, spherical.

ata adj. Growing, thriving s. m. Increasing, growing, thriving; augmenting, causing to increase.

वर्षमान adj. Prosperous, thriving; increasing, growing.

afta adj. Grown, expanded, increased; thriven.

72 <del>-</del> 92

and adv. On this side of a river, &c.

बर्बाटी s. f. A sort of bean (Dolichos catiang).

an s. m. A year; a division of the known continent, of which nine are reckoned, viz. Kuru, Hiranmay, Romanak, Havrut, Hari, Ketumala, Bhadrasnah, Kinnar, and Bharat; Jambu Dwip, or India.

awas. m. Raining, rain.

and adj. Raining, showering, sprinkling.

वर्षपूर्वत e. m. A mountainous range, supposed to separate the various Varshas or divisions of the globe from each other: six ranges are enumerated from south to north, viz Himavan, Hemakuta, Nishaddha, Nila, and Sringi, or Sringavan Meru constitutes the seventh.

Tana . m. A contury.

बर्बसम्ब s. m. A thousand years.

त्रवा m. pl. The rain or rainy sea-वर्षां वा a. m. son. contain months, according to the Hindu classification of the seasons, which some systems consider to be Sravana and Bhadro, and others Bhadro and Aswina; the duration of the monsoon is however longer, being reckoned from Asarha to Kartika, or from the middle of June to the beginning of October.

चर्चायत s. m. Ten thousand years.

वर्षावसान s. m. Autumn, the autumnal season.

'वर्षेक odj. Yearly, annual.

at s. m. A peacock.

बला Near, hither.

वनाका s. f. A small kind of crane.

बन्दाल s. m. The bark of a tree.

्यदमोक s. m. The poet Valmiki.

ो बक्कम कर्तात. Beloved, desired, dear. e. m. A lover, a husband, a friend; a superintendant, an overseer.

an adj. Humbled, subdued, tamed, overpowered; enthralled, subdued by charms and incantations, fascinated, charmed, enchanted. s. m. Authority. supremacy, mastership; subjection, submission, the state of being completely tamed and overpowered.

यशिका s. f. Fascinating, bewitching; subjection, holding in order or subjection.

ৰমিত s. m. A Riski or divine sage of the first order; he is also a Brakmsdhika, a Prajapati, and one of the seven stars of Ursa Major.

नशी s. m. A sage with subdued passions. नग्रीकरच s. m. Subduing or overcoming by drugs, charms, &c., enchanting, charming; subdning in general.

वजीक्रम adj. Bewitched, fascinated, subjected to another's will.

नशीभृत adj. Subjugated, subject to another's will.

वजीर s. m. A pungent fruit resembling pepper ( Pothos officinalis ).

बम्ब adj. Docile, tame, humble, governable.

वक्तता s. f. Humility, subjugation, disposition to, or fitness for subjection.

बक्ताका adj. Of a subdued mind.

दमती s. f. A house, a dwelling; abiding, abode, residence.

वसन s. m. Cloth or clothes.

वसन्त s. m. The season of spring, or its deified personification; dysentery, diarrhoa; small-pox.

वसलक्ष्मण s. m. A tree (Cordis mans and latifolia).

वसनीनार s. m. The celebration of the

retun of spring, formerly held on the full moon of Chytra, but now on the full moon of Phalguna, being identified with the Doljatra or Holi.

विशेष्ट हैं s. m. An agent, an ambassador. वर्ष s. m. Wealth, thing, substance. वर्ष s. m. A fossil salt, brought from a district in Ajmers, Sambhar salt. वर्ष s. s. The earth. वर्ष s. m. The father of Krishns. वर्ष प्र. m. Sambhar salt; the Sesbana grandiflora.

वस्त s. m. Thing, matter, substance. वस्त्र वर्षः. In fine, in fact, essentially, substantially.

वस्त्र मान s. m. Outline of any subject, skeleton of a discourse. [perty. वस्त्र मान s. f. Loss of substance or pro-वस्त्र s. m. Cloth, clothes, raiment.

garment.

an s. m. Cloth, clothes.

Ty pron. That, he, she, it, the; (occasionally like vs), they, those,

्वस्र .. f. Side, quarter, way.

वहता s. m. Attack, onset.

ant adv. There, thither, yender. Vahan ka vahan, In that very place.

विश्वेत s. m. A foreign country.

wit pros. He himself, that very.

बाह्र s. m. Fire, or its deity Agni. बा adv. Or, whether. comj. and. pron.

Him, her, that.

वा ade. There, that place.

ं बांबी s. f. The manna of the bamboo.

Word, language, speech.

· बान्यवन adj. Frivolous, inconsistent

El. (in speech.). - · ·

वास्वापका s. m. Gossipping, chattering, idle or improper talk.

वास्वय s. m. Prevarication, equivocation. वास्पढ edy. Eloquent, able in speech. वास्पढता s.f. Eloquence.

rism; speech; a word.

वासवसन s. m. Refusing or criticising, an assertion.

बाब्दन adj. Promised.

बाब्दता s.f. A virgin betrothed.

वान्होच s. m. Speaking ill, defamation, abuse.

ৰাৰ s. f. Speech, speaking; a phrace, a proverb or adage.

वाचक s. m. A word; a speaker.

वाचनिक adj. Verbal.

ৰাখা s. f. Speech.

नावार है adj. Talkative, chattering, gabbling, talking much and idly or blamably.

arfa adj. Verbal. s. m. News, tidings, intelligence.

वाषिकपत्र s. m. A. letter, a despatch ; a newspaper, a gazette.

Fraising, applauding; bravo | well done! aha!

वाकिएड s. m. Globe amaranth.

सञ्चर्य s. m. A particular sacrifice.

बाजी s. m. A plant (Justicia adhenatoda).

वाजीवर adj. Aphrodisiac.

of amorous desires by aphrodisiaes, &c.

बाञ्चन डे, m. Wishing, desiring.

बाल्का s. f. Wish, desire.

बाड्यित adj. Wished, desired, longed for.

याञ्चिती . f. A litidinous woman, a wanton.

बाञ्ची adj. Wishing, desirous.

माँट s. f. A road.

बादिका s. f. The site of a house or building.

बाडी s.f. A house, a building; a garden, an orchard, a plantation.

are s. m. A termination (in composition), denoting place or enclosure.

भाषी s. f. An orchard. a courtyard for trees and plants.

ara s. m. An arrow.

वाणिक्य s. m. Traffic, trade.

चाची s. f. Speech, sound.

Air, wind; rheumatism, बात 8. m. gout, inflamation of the joints; air, wind, as one of the humours of the bodv.

वातक s. m. A plant (Marsiles quadrifolia).

बातकी adj. Rheumatic, gonty.

बातक्यर s. m. Fever arising from vitiated

वातिपत्त s. m. Rheumatism attended with fever.

बातफास adj. Inflated, puffed up with wind.

वातरका s. m. Acute gout or rheumatism. बातरीग s. m. Rheumatism, gont.

बातरींगी adj. Rheumatic, afflicted with gout or rheumatism, especially of the acute kind.

बातवृद्धि s. f. Swelled testicle.

बातव्याधि s. f. Any morbid affection attributed to disorder of the wind.

बातवेरी s. m. The castor oil tree.

बातगुष s. m. Cholic with flatulence.

बातादि s. f. The castor oil tree; a plant ( Asparagus racemosus ).

बातीय adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind, &c.

बात्तव adj. Gouty, rheumatic. s. m. A whirlwind, a gale, a hurricane. [ness. बाबाब s.f. Tenderness, affection, fond-

are s. m. Discourse, dispute, assertion, discussion; a pisint, an accusation, many s.m. Controversy, dispute.

वाह्याचन ३, m. Argument, maintaining a controversy.

वादानुवाद 8. m. Attack and rejeinder plaint and reply.

बादी adj. Speaking, discoursing; asserting, declaring. s. m. A sage, an expounder of the law and Shastras; a plaintiff, an accuser.

वादा s. m. Any musical instrument.

वाद्यमास्त s. m. A multitude of musical instruments, a band.

बान s. m. A heavy sea, the rolling of water from wind, &c.; hence the high tide in the Indian rivers, commonly called the Bore (particle in compos.) Possessing, endowed with, &c., as Dhanavan, Possessing wealth, rich.

वानप्रस्य s. m. The Brohmona of the third order, who has passed through the conditions of student and householder, and has left his house said family for lonely meditation in woods and wilds; the hermit, the anchoret; a tree (Bassis latifolis); the Pales tree (Butea frondosa).

वान**र** 8. m. 🕽 An ape, a monkey. वानरी *इ. f*.

वापण s. m. A kind of holy basil, distinguished as the black apecies of Dubesi (Ocymum sanctim).

बापी s. f. A large oblong pand, a . peal, a lake.

बाम adj. Left, not right: vile, base, wicked.

वासता s. f. Perverseness, contrariety; wickedness.

वासन adj. Short, dwarfish, a dwarf; low, vile, base. s. m. Vishna in his ( 57.8 )

character of the dwarf, in which he is said to have appeared on his fifth descent, from beaven, to prevent Bsli, from obtaining dominion of the three worlds.

बामनी s.f. A female dwarf.

वाना s. f. Woman.

tras, according to one system; the left hand ritual, the use of flesh, spirits, &c. forming part of the Vamachara ceremonies.

बामाचारी s.m. A follower of the left hand portion of the Tantras.

वायन s. m. Sweetmeats or cakes, forming a light refreshment, which is not supposed to be any breach of a religious fast, sweetmeats or cakes part of an effering to a deity, or prepared on particular occasions, as marriages, &c., and sent as presents to friends and acquaintances.

बावन adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind.

बाबरी s. f. The water or region of the wind; the north-west.

बाय s. m. Air, wind, or its personified, deification; the air of the body; morbid affection of the windy hu mous.

वायुक्तीचा s. m. The north-west.

आयुवक s. m. Flatulence, indigestion.

. बाह्ययुक्त s. m. A whirlpool, an eddy; a whirlwind, a hurricane.

, वाश्रयक adj. Affected by wind, flatulent, epileptic.

वाहित्वि s. f. Calm, lull; cure of windy disorders.

वाष्ट्रभवाच a. m. Fasting, living on air, बाह्यसम् adj. Like wind, unsubstantial; swift.

TIE s. m. A blow, wound, gash, assault.

tude, a quantity, a heap; the near bank of a river, on this side. s. f. Leisure; delay; waiting, patience; time.

वारि ·

aits adj. Opposing, obstructing, an obstacle or agent of resistance.

hibition, obstacle or impediment; defence, protecting, guarding; warding off a blow, guarding, warding.

বাৰে s. m. Offerings, oblations; sacrifices.

round; to offer (in sacrifice, go round; to offer (in sacrifice, gc.) Vari pharirhona, To go round any body (as a sign of being an offering or sacrifice for his welfare), to devote one's self for any one (a practice chiefly of women).

arti s. m. Cheapness, thrift; benefit, gain; a victim. adj. cheap.

वाराचसी s. f. The holy city, Benares.

वारापार रे adv. On this side and that, वारपार रे on both sides; through and through, across. s. m. Bounds.

वारि s. m. Water.

नारिकस्य s. m. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratioites;) another plant (Trapa bispinasa).

वारिकप र s. m. The Ilie or Hiles fish (Clupenodon Ilisha).

वारिषर adj. Aquatic, living or meving in water. s. m. A fish,

नारिक edj. Aquatio, horn or produced in or by water. s. m. A conch-shell; any bivalve shell.

बारित adj. Hindered, prevented impeded, io : [cloud. बारिङ adj. What yields water. s. m. A

नारिषि है है है । विकास करा, the action.

बारिक्चीं ) s.f., An aquatic plant ( Pis-बारिक्ची ) tea stratioites).

वाद्मियाप s. m. A cascade, a water fall; a current or flow of water.

वारिएच s. m. A raft, a float.

बारिवद्य s. m. A fruit (Flocourtia cataphracta).

more properly a particular kind prepared from hogweed ground with the juice of the date or palm, and then distilled; the west, the region of Varuna; the 25th lunar asterism, of which Varuna is the ruling deity.

वार्यो s. b. Tidings, news, intelligence; rumour, report; a word.

वार्गिक adj. Relating to news; commentury, explanatory. s. m. A gloss, a commentary, especially a supplementary explanation.

वार्षक है m. Old age; the infirmity, &c. of old age.

we. in the rainy season, or fit for or suited to it, &c.

नाइत s. m. The fruit of the Solanum

वास s. m. Revenge.

and a m. Denotes (in compes.)

The sagent, doer, keeper, man, inhabitant, master, lord, possessor, owner; as Rakhwal, or,—wala, A keeper; Nao-wala, A boat-man; Dilli-wal, or,—wala, An inhabitant of Delki. Ghar-wala, Master or keeper of a house. Likkne-wala, Writer, Hone-wala, Becoming, about to be.

ural s. f. Feminine of wala.

वास्त्रीच s. m. The author of the Rama-

नारदूस adj. Talking much, gabbling, prattling. वावंद्रका s. f. Garrulity, loquacionsness.

बाबा s. f. A plant (Justicia ganderussa). बाबिस adj. Perfumed, scented.

affast s. f. The Gunti river, which rising in the Kemaon hills, pursues a winding and south easterly course, and passing Lacknow and Jonpur, falls, into the Ganges below Benares.

situation, abode, or place of staying or abiding; perfuming.

वासन s. m. Cloth, clothes; abiding,

वासमा adj. Vernal, relating to the season of spring, suitable to it, produced in it, &c.

वासर s. m. A day.

नावित कर्ज़. Perfumed, assuted; peopled, populous, flourishing ( a country ).

बासी वर्गें. Abiding, staying.

or the Supreme Being considered as the soul of the universe.

fixed, substantiated; real, substantial.

गासन adj. To be abided or dwelt in, to be fixed as a habitation.

album; and other edible species).

बाज s. m. Vapour ; tears. [carrier.

वास्य s. m. A horseman; a porter, a वास्य s. m. A vehicle, a conveyance of any kind, as a horse, an elephant, a carriage.

it, that, to him, to her, to it, to that.

If of: An army; a body of forces consisting of 81 elephants, 81 cars, 248 horses, 405 foot, a cohort, a battalion.

वाडिनीपति s. m. A general, a commanding officer.

THE odj. Outer, external.

fy prep. Denoting disunion, separation, division, distinction; away, apart, distinct.

frightful, hideous, horrible.

何報要報 s. m. A herbaceous plant (Hedysarum alhagi).

विकल्पित adj. Trembling, tremulous, agitated ; palpitating, heaving.

the north-west of *Hindustan*, Generally considered as part of the Panjab, though sometimes confounded with Cashmir.

विकर्मकिया s.f. Illegal or immoral act. विकल adj. Confounded, agitated; the 1-30th of a Kolo, the second of a degree.

doubt, indecision; (in rhetoric) antithesis of opposites; (in grammar) admission of more than one form or rule.

বিশ্ববিধ adj. Blown, as a flower, budded, opened.

s. m. Change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from the natural state; sickness, disease, change from the state of health.

विकास s. m. Twilight.

বিকাষ s. m. Display, manifestation, open or splendid appearance.

विचायता s. f. Appearance, display.

विकासन s. m. Manifestation.

fam adj. Averse, estranged. s. m. Disgust, aversion.

function adj. Changed in aspect, form or appearance.

विज्ञती s. f. Change of any kind; as of

purpose, mind, form, nature, &c. either permanent or temporary; sickness, disease, change from the natural or healthy state.

valour; great power or strength; overpowering, overcoming.

विक्रमाहित n. prop. The name of a celebrated prince, the sovereign of Ougein and reputed founder of an æra still in use amongst the Hindus, commencing 56 years before the Christian æra.

विकामी s. m. A lion ; a hero.

विकास s. m. Sale, selling, vending.

विक्रयी s. m. A seller, a vender.

বিদ্যাল adj. Valiant, mighty; overcoming, victorious. s. m. A hero, a warrior.

विज्ञीत करों. Bold.

ণিজ্ঞান adj. Known, notorious, famous. বিজ্ঞানি s. f. Fame, celebrity, notoriety, বিজ্ঞানৰ s. m. Explaining, expounding. বিশ্বৰ adj. Bad, worthless.

विष्युद adj. Concealed, hidden.

faux s. m. The body; extension, diffusion; war, battle; opposition, encounter.

विषाय s. m. Impediment, obstacle.

faw s. m. Obstacle, impediment.

বিশ্বৰাধী adj. Impeding, obstructing, বিশ্বনাথৰ adj. Who or what removes difficulties, &c.

विश्ववाद्यव s. m. Removing obstacles.

faছবিদ্ধি s.f. Removal of obstacles.

विश्वित adj. Stopped, prevented, obstructed, inpeded.

feren adj. Unsteady, unfixed, moving, going.

বিষয়ের s. m. Fickleness, unsteadiness. বিষয়ের adj. Clever, able, wise, sensible. বিষয়ে s. m. The exercise of judgment or reason on a present object, investigation, consideration, deliberation,

ानवारक } e. m. An investigator, a निपारकर्ता } judge.

fausfin adj. Judged, discussed, determined, decided.

विचाल adj. Intervening, intermediate. বিশিষ adj. Variegated, spotted; painted, coloured.

face s. m. Separation, disjunction; prohibition, prevention.

विञ्चन adj. Private, lonely, solitary.

विनय s. m. Victory, triumph, conquest. विज्ञयमान adj. Victorious, triumphant.

विज्ञा & f. Hemp (Cunnabis sativa), or the tops of the plant used as a n arco tic.

विजयी adj. Victorious, triumphant, conquering.

विज्ञाति s.f. A different species or tribe. विश्वित adj. Conquered, defeated.

विजितेन्द्रिय adj. Of subdued organs or passions.

fam adj. Skilful, able, clever, conversant; wise, learned,

निश्वता s. m. Wisdom, learning,

বিষয়ে adj. Celebrated, famous, known. notorious; known, understood.

fauras. m. Knowledge, science, learning worldly knowledge or wisdom,

Teaching, instruction, विष्यापण अ. m. communication of knowledge not religious; representing, informing.

विकार वर्ता. Exempt from decay; free frem fever.

fezy s. m. A new shoot; a branch,

विद्यसारिका s. f. A bird, a sort of thrush; a variety of the bird, usually though inaccurately, called Myna in Bengal. विकासना adj. Afflicting, distressing.

farma adj. Low, poor, abject, dis-

tressed.

विश्वास ८ छ. A ६६६

विভरन s. m. The lapis lazuli.

funes; s. f. Controversy, argument, the subversion of another's opinion, or interpretation and establishment of one's own; criticism.

विवाह, s. f. The name of a river, said ta be situated in the Punjab.

विश्वर्थ s. m. Gift, donation; abandoning, quitting; passing, crossing.

जितके s. m. Ressoning, discussion,

वित्र s, m. One of the seven divisions of Patal, the second in descent below the earth.

वित्ति s. f. A long span measured by the extended thumb and little finger; considered equal to twelve fingers.

वितान s. m. An awning, a canopy.

face adj. Content, satisfied, free from desire.

विद्याता s. f. Satisty, satisfaction; content.

वित s. m. Wealth, property, thing, substance.

विश्ववान adj. Rich, wealthy,

वित्तदीन adj. Poor, indigent.

fagra ady. Clever, shrewd, kuowing; burnt. s. m. A libertine, a lecher, an intriguer : a learned or clever man, a scholar, a Pundit.

विद्रावता : ्रि Sharpness, shrewdness, cleverness.

विद्र s. m. The Indian prickly pear ( Cactus Indious ).

विदा s. f., Dismission, taking leave, farewell, adieu.

feeten s. m. Tearing, breaking, and to ting, severing, dividing

विद्यार्ग v. a. To toar, to rand. ... fafen adj. Known, understood.

बिहिम हे 8. f. An intermediate point taled to our bush to the combase to the

विद्राच s. m. The lapis lazuli.

বিইম. m. A foreign country, abroad; any place away from home.

निश्चमनन s.m. Travelling, going abroad. निश्चमक adj. Foreign, exotic.

विदेशी adj. Foreign, foreigner, exotic.

विदेश ådj. Incorporeal, without body विष्णान् adj. Being, being present or in existence.

faur s.f. Knowledge, learning, science, whether sacred or profane, though more especially the former.

বিষাহাৰ s. m. Giving knowledge or science,

বিষয়েসন্ধি; s. f. Acquirement of knowledge; acquisition made by or through learning. (cation.

नियाभास s. m. Study, diligent appli-नियाभी s. m. A pupil, a student.

वियासन s. m. A school, a college.

বিষয়েষ্টাৰ s. m. Acquisition of learning; acquirement by or through learning.
বিষয়েষ্ট্ৰ adj. Learned, possessed of learning or science.

विद्यादीय adj. Ignorant, uninstructed.

तिखुत s.f. Lightning.

विद्रम s. m. Coral.

विदान adj. Intelligent, wise ; learned. विदेश s. m. Enmity, hatred.

विषेषी adj. Inimical, hostile, hating. s. m. An enemy.

fav s. m. Form, formula, rule; manner, kind, sort.

fauri s. f. A widow.

विधवावेदन s. m. Marrying a widow.

faura s. m. Act, action, general or particular, though more especially the performance of such acts or rites as are prescribed in the sacred books of the *Hindus*; rule, precept, ordinance, injunction; form, mode, manner.

fafur s. m. A sacred precept, an act or rite prescribed by the Vedes for effecting certain consequences; rule, form, formula.

faye s. m. Separation; agitation of mind from terror or distress, &c.

able; to be done, what is or ought to be practised.

विषय s. m. Aversion, disrespect, enmity, dislike; destruction. [ing. विषयं सी adj. Hostile, adverse; destroy- विषयं प्राप्त pers. pl. (same as un), Them, those.

fana adj. Bent, bowed, stooping; crooked, curved; humble, modest.

বিশানা Name of one of the wives of Kosyap, mother of Arun and Garud, a sort of basket. [modesty.

বিলমি s. f. Bowing, bending; humility, বিলমী s. f. See বিলমী ॥

নিষ্য s. m. Affability, modesty, humility, mildness; reverence, obeisance; decorum, decency, propriety of conduct or behaviour.

विनयी s. m. Ganesh.

विनष्ट adj. Lost, destroyed.

বিশ্বিত s.f. Disappearance, destruction. বিশ্ব adv. Without, except.

বিশাঘ adj. Deserted, unprotected, unowned.

বিশ্বৰত্ব s. m. (fika) (A remover of obstacles) a Buddha, the Gonesh.

বিশাল s. m. Disappearance, destruction, loss, annihilation.

বিৰাম্ম adj. Destroying, a destroyer, বিৰামিম adj. Destroyed.

বিৰামী adj. Destroyer, destructive;
perishing, being destroyed; undergoing change or transformation.
facture e m Folling folling down

विनिपात s. m. Falling, falling down, (literally or figuratively, as from a height, or from dignity, virtue, ई.c.); विष्णित्रुक्त adj. Unfortunate. calamity, unavoidable evil. विष्णित्रिकत adj. Prosperous,

विभावनंत्रों वि. Portentous, announcing misfortune or destruction.

विभिन्ध s. m. Barter, exchange.

विमोस adj. Modest, humble; compliant. विमोसामा adj. Well-behaved; humbled, lowly.

বিদীহ s. m. Eagerness, vehemence; play, sport, pastime; pleasure, gratification.

liquid; a spot, a dot; a mark; the dot over a letter representing the nasal termination.

final s. m. The Vindhya or Bindh mountains, or the mountainous range which runs across India from the province of Behar, nearly to Gazerat, and properly divides Hindustan from the Dekhin. [tains.

বিষয়াখন s. m. Vindhya range of moun-বিষয়াহনী s. f. The great Vindhya forest, which appears to have spread at one time from near Mathura to the Nermado.

विश्वास्था सिनो s. m. A name of Durgá; a village and temple sacred to Durga, under the forms of Yog máya and Bhog máya, and a place of great resort amongst the Hindus, situated about three miles from Mirzapur on the Gauges.

বিশাল s. m. A tree ( Echites scholaris).
বিশাল s. m. Assemblage, collection, collecting or depositing any thing, site,
place, receptacle, that in or on which
any thing is placed or deposited.

far pron. 3rd pers. sing. (same as unhen). Them, those, to them, &c.

বিষয়ন s. m. Time of calamity or misfor tune, adversity. [fortune. বিষয়িন s. f. Adversity, calamity, misविषश्चित adj. Unfortunate.
विषश्चित adj. Prosperous, happy.
विपन्नावर s. m. Heavy calemity.
विपन्न s. m. A bad road.

विषद । s.f. Calamity, adversity, mis-विषदा | fortune.

विषद्दार s. m. Extrication from misfortune. [in calamity.

विष्युष्य adj. Overtaken by or involved विषय क्र adj. Unhappy, unfortunate.

विषद्गीत adj. Prosperous. विष्यीत adj. Reverse, inverse, opposite, contrary.

विष्रीतता s. f. Contrariety, reverse or opposite state or condition.

farra adj. Opposed or adverse to, contrary, inimical. s. m. An enemy, an adversary; a disputant, an opponent.

ion; controversy; contradiction in argument.

तिपचपात adj. Indifferent, impartial.

faus s. m. A moment, an instant, either a Pal or second; a simple breathing.

विपास s. m. Cooking, dressing.

fauran s. f. The Vipása, or Beyak river in the Panjab.

विषिण s.m. A wood, a forest.

fayer adj. Large, great; broad; desp, profound.

विषुवाता s. f. Magnitude, extent.

fau s. m. A Brahman.

funa adj. Vain, idle, unmeaning, froil less, useless. [lessness.

বিদ্যালয় s. f. Unprofitableness, frei-বিদাল adj. Divided, portioned, pasttioned; separated, parted; distinct.

partition; inflexion of clension.

fant s. m. Substance, thing, property, wealth; supreme or superhuman-power.

faura s. m. Part, portion, share; partition of an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

निजीवज को. Fearful, formidable, terrific, horrible. [always, eternal.

fun adj. Omnipresent, all-pervading; funn; s. f. Power, supremacy.

विश्वति त. m. Superhuman power; power, dignity, dominion.

विमानिकान् adj. Superhuman.

fines s. m. Ornament, decoration.

faufan adj. Adorned, decorated.

विश्वम १. m. Error, mistake, blunder; hurry, flurry : doubt, apprehension.

विश्वाब्ति s. m. Error, confusion.

funn adj. Class, pure. (either literally, as clothes, &c., or figuratively, as the heart or mind).

विम**जमि**. s. m. Crystal.

framm odj. Pure, undefiled.

विनास है s. f. A step-mother, a fa-

famin s. m. A car or chariot of the gods, sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving; any car or vehicle.

विमार्ज s. m. A bad road : a wrong road, literally or figuratively, evil conduct. विमन्न adi. Loosed, liberated,

विमुक्ति s.f. Liberation, especially final emancipation from future existence.

বিশ্ব adj. Averted, having the face cast down or turned away; opposed. বিশ্ববা s. f. Turning away; opposition. বিশ্ববী adj. Averted, turned away; hostile, averse to or from.

विष्यु part. Confounded, bewildered, foolish. stapid.

विस्ट्राका adj. Beguiled, foolish.

বিনীম s. m. Liberation, freedom, being' or letting loose.

विमीचन s. m. Liberating.

विमोनित adj. Liberated, set free. -

বিদীয়ৰ s. m. Seducing, tempting, confounding the mind and exciting the passions ( the act ).

विमोधनी adj. Fascinating, seducing, bewitching, tempting, (the instrument or agent).

तिमीदित adj. Fascinated beguiled.

fam s. m. The disk of the sun or, moon; an image, a nicture, a shadow, a reflected or represented form; the gourd of the Momordica menadelpha.

विचान adj. Fresh pure, free from soil or decay; refreshed.

বিধীন s. m. Absence separation, especially of lovers; distintion, disjunction, বিধীনী adj. Separated, absent, remote, apart. s. m. The ruddy goose.

বিংক adj. Averse, indifferent, free from inclination or affection; stoical, void of attachment to worldly objects.

विश्वनाय adj. Disinclined to. disliking. विश्वित s. f. Aversion, disinclination; sheence of affection.

विरिचित्र *adj*. Made, prepared, effected; written, composed.

বিংজা s. f. A plant; a sort of grass, commonly called Dub.

first. m. A fractant grass (Andropogon schananthum).

विरत तरीं, Stopped, ceased, rested,

विरक्ति s. f. Stop, cessation, term, rest.

fare m. adj. Fine, delicate, thin farent (but with interstices); loose, relaxed; apart, wide, separated by an interval; remote, rare, occurring at distant or repeated intervals of time.

विरच adj. Insipid.

face s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

विरक्ति adj. Void of, exempt or free from.

বিবাছিলী f. ddj. Separate, sundered, fatth m. sabsent or apart from.
s.f. A woman absent from her husband or lover.

विषान s. m. The absence of desire or passion, indifference, philosophy, the disregard of all sensual enjoyment.

विराजी adj. Void of passion or desire.

বিধ। কার adj. Shining, splendid, hand-- some. [some.

विशासनाम adj. Splendid, brilliant, hand-विशास s. m. A country, one of the midland divisions of India, probably Berar.

[4] [3] s. m. An inferior sort of diamond, said to be found in the country of Virat.

facing s. m. A cat.

for adj. Opposed, hindered; reverse, contrary, opposite; inconsistent (in argument), incongruous, a nonsequitur; hostile, averse.

factor s. f. Opposition, contrariety; incongruity; enmity.

face adj. Deformed, monstrous; unnatural.

বিত্রপথ odj. Frightful, hideous; deformed, mis-shapen.

विरेख s. m. A purgetive.

factures, m. Enmity, animosity; oppomition, contradiction; war.

opposing; obstructive; contradictory, inconsistent; quarrelsome, contentions. s.m. An enemy, an opponent. from s.m. The hole of a rat or snake, a chasm, vacuity; a cave, a cavern.

fram adj. Shameless, impudent, unabashed.

বিশ্বন্দ s. m. Slowness, tardiness, delay.
বিশ্বন্দা s. m. Delaying, retarding.

বিষয়ৰ s. m. Destruction of the world; destruction in general; liquefaction.

eating away; liquefying; attenuating ( see the fluids of the body ); an attenuant; an eacharotic.

विकासन s. m. Sporting, dallying.

विचाप s. m. Lamentation, the language of grief and distress.

fagra s.m. Sport, pastime, play, especially amoreus pastime, dalliance, wantonness.

विकासिकी s. f. A woman ; a where, a harlot.

विश्वादिनी f. है adj. Wanton, spertive, विश्वादी m. dallying.

विजानी s. m. A sensualist, an enjoyer. विज्ञान s. m. Sight, seeing, looking:

विशोधना v. a. To see, to look, to view. विशोधनीय adj. Agreeable, beautiful, fit to be seen or looked at.

विस्तितित adj. Seen, beheld.

विकोचन s. m. The eye.

विलीचनपात s. m. A glance, a look.

বিদ্যাসৰ s. m. A sort of fish (Cupea cultrata).

विची द्वा v. a. To shake, to churn.

विचीसन s. m. Allurement, attraction, temptation, seduction; beguiling, perplexing.

বিজ্ঞান adj. Reverse, opposite, contrary, backward.

विकीमित्रवा s. f. Rule of inversion.

विचीमवैराजिस s, m. Rule of three inverse.

विकीमविधि e.f. Rule of inversion. विकीयना v. s. To churn.

fast s. m. A pit, a hole.

named Bela ( Ægle marmelos); the fruit of the Bela,

কিবৰ e. m. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity; fault, defect.

factors. m. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment; detailing, describing. [chunning.

निवर्णन s. m. Abandoning, leaving, क्रिक्टिंग adj. Left, abandoned, avoided, shunned.

विवर्ष s. m. A man of a low caste, one of degrading occupation, an outcaste.

farm adj. Independent; uncontrolled, unrestrained, unsubdued; sedate at the period of death, or having the soul free from worldly cares and fears.

Press adj: Thelothed, naked.

विवचा 8. f. Wish, desire.

विविचित adj. Wished, desired.

विविधिता !. f. Purpose, wish.

े विवाद s: m. Contest, contention.

चिवादी बढ़ी. Disputing, contending, a litigant.

विवासन s. m. Exile, banishmen t.

विकास s. m. Marriage.

विवाधित m. है adj. Married.

fasta adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts.

विवेश s. m. Discrimination, judgment. विवेशना s.f. Judgment, discrimination, the faculty on property of judgment.

निवेशी adj. Judicians, discriminative.s. m. A. sage, a philosophen, a judge.

frime oum. Dissimination, judgment, distinguishing trath from falselmed.

fine adj. Fearless; undannied,

fares adj. Disarmed, unarmed.

faurent s. m. A plant, (Bunhordis of various kinds).

farium s. f. The sixteenth lunar as-

বিয়াৰ adj. Great, large; great, eminent, illustrious.

বিষয়ের s. f. Magnitude, bulk; eminence, distinction.

বিমিত adj. Endowed with, possessed of, having, inherent or attached to.

विशेष s. m. Sort, kind, manner; excellence, superiority.

विशेष adj. Discriminative, attributive. विशेष adj. Principal, primary, chief.

s. m. A name, a substantive.

fide adj. Without grief, happy.

বিশ্বনত sdj. Rested, reposed; calm, composed.

from toil or occupation.

Post s. m. Rest, repose; pause, step, cossistion; tranquility, composure.

for sdj. All, entire, whole, universal.

s. m. The world, universe; a deity
of a particular class, in which ten
are enversated, who are worshipped
particularly at the funeral obsequies
in honor of deceased progenitors in
general, and receive an oblation of
clarified butter at the daily and
domestic Shraddhs.

বিষয়না s. m. The son of Brahms, and artist of the gods.

विश्वचा s. f. A sort of gull (Lorus ridibundus).

বিষয়ন s. m. The ereator, the maker of , all things.,

विश्वसन s. m. All men, mankind.

विक्रिक्त इत्यें. All-subduing.

विष्यदेश e. f. A plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides),

विश्वपारी है adj. All-sustaining.

विच्यान ८. m. A universal sovereign.

in all forms, universal, omnipresent.

s. m. Vishnu.

বিশ্ববিশ্ব s. m. An esculent root ( Arum colocosic ).

विश्वयापक adj. All-pervading, everywhere diffused.

विश्वकाषी adj. All-diffused or pervading. विश्वकाणि s. f. Universal diffusion or permeation.

বিশ্ববাৰৰ s. m. The prickly pear (Costus Indicus).

विश्वका s. m. The creator of all, God.

first s. f. A tree, the bark of which is said to be used in dyeing red, commonly called Atis ( Betale ).

विश्वास s. m. The soul of the world, the universal spirit, God.

Gashi, originally of the military order; but who became by long and painful austerities a Brahmarshi, in which character he appears in the Ramayan, as the early preceptor and counsellor of Ram.

france. m. Trust, faith, confidence.

विश्वासम्बद्धाः adj. Inspiring confidence or faith.

বিশাল্যার s. m. Violation of trust, trea hery.

বিশায়ধানৰ s. m. A traitor, one who betrays confidence.

विश्वासपास s. m. A confidential agent, one worthy to be trusted.

विचासभन्न s. m. Breach of faith, violation of confidence.

ियासी adj. Trusting, confiding in ;

spellation in which especially he is worshipped at Beneres, where a celebrated temple is appropriated to

him in the character of lord or god of the universe.

विष s. m. Poison, venom.

विषयाती adj. Antidotic, an antidoto. . s. m. A tree (Mimosa siries).

विविध s. m. A sort of snake.

विषय adj. Venemous, poisonous. s. m. A snake:

विषयात्रम s. m. A tree (Mimosa sirisa) ; an antidote; removing or curing poison.

विषयाची adj., Antidote. ...

विषभचख s. m. Taking poison.

विवसुत्रक s. m. A poisonous snake.

fava adj. Difficult (of access), rough, uneven; difficult, &c. (of comprehension), as a book; painful, difficult, troublesome (in general); odd (innumbers); fearful; frightful, awful.

विश्वज्ञाद s. m. A violent fever ; irregularly remittent fever.

विषयज s. m. A make-catcher, one who by pretended charms, &c. attracts snakes and cures the bite; a charm for curing snake bites,

विषयकार्थ .. m. Temerity, daring.

thing perceivable by the senses, as colour, form, flavour, odour and sound; an object in general, as of affection or desire, &c.; worldy object or pursuit, affair, business, transaction, &c.

furth s. m. An opicurean, a sensualist, one headful of objects of sense or attentive to worldly objects; a materialist, one who declies the existence of any thing which is not an object of sense; a man of the weald.

विषयित s. f. The administration of antidotes, the cure of poisons by drug; or charms. professing by charms, &c. to cure the bite of a snake.

বিষয়বাৰ s. m. The Greek partridge (perdix rufa). [venom. বিষয়ব adj. An antidote, removing বিষয়ব adj. Malicious, malignant, cherishing hatred or hostility.

the tusks of an elephant; the tusk or fang of the boar.

विषाची s. m. Any animal with horns.

चित्राह s. m. Lassitude, dejection, lowness of spirits, want of energy.

विषादी adj. Dejected, disconsolate, sorrowful.

विषाप adj. Antidotic, antidote.

विवादशा s. f. A kind of birth wort (Aristolochia Indica).

facility odj. Venemous, poisonous.

विष्य है s.m. The equinon.

বিশ্বস্থান s. f. The shadow of the gnomon at noon whon the sun is in the equinoctial points.

বিৰাহিণ s. m. The day of the enquinox. বিহুলা s. m. A disease, obstruction of urine or fæces, ischury, constipation; paralysis, loss of motion.

fage s. m. A seat, stool, chair, couch; the seat of the Brohman, either real or in effigy, as presiding at a sacrifice.

fife s. f. The seventh of the variable Kurans, or astronomical periods so termed, each answering to half a lunar day.

विद्या s. f. Fæces, ordure.

fig. s. m. One of the three principal

Hindu deities, and the preserver of
the world.

[ternales].

विश्व ज्ञाला इ.ं. A. flower (Gutorea)

विच पद s. m. The sky, heaven, atmosphere.

antis or periods at which the sun enters a sign of the zodiac, especially the first sign after the equinox.

व जुवसमा s. f. A plant (Echites caryophyllata); a small fragrant shrub (Ocymum sonctum).

fan pron. 3d pers. sing. inflect. ( same as oos ), Him, her, it that, &c.

by two perpendicular dots (:), and as the substitute of the letters wor with the termination of various inflexions both of nouns and verbs.

विसर्जन s. m. Gift, donation; quitting, relinquishing, dismissing, sending away.

fait pron. 3d pers: sing. (same as cose)
Him, her, it, to him, to her, &c.

1447 8, m. A bed.

famit s. m. Spreading, extension, diffusion; vastness, expanse; breadth, amplitude.

বিশ্বীৰ্ষ adj. Spread, expanded.

বিশ্বন adj. Spread, diffused, extended.
বিশ্বনি s. f. The diameter of a circle.

fixe adj. Apparent, manifest, open; plain, intelligent.

বিষয়ীত s. m. } A boil, a pustule; বিষয়ীতা s. f. } small-pox.

विकास s. m. Wonder, surprise, astonishment.

विश्वयी } adj. Astonished, surprised.

विकात adj. Forgotten.

বিশ্বানি s. f. Forgetting, forgetfulness. বিশ্বাহ adj. Discordant, inharmonious.

frent adj. Insipid, flavourless.

विष्ण . } s. m. A bird.

nbout for pleasure or exercise.

विकार 3. m. Play, sport, pastime.

fauril adj. Playful, sportive; taking pleasure or relaxation.

নিয়ান adj. Abandoned, left, deserted, deprived of.

বিশিন edj. Thrown, cast; agitated, bewildered, perplexed; foolish.

विषेप s. m. Casting, throwing; confusion, perplexity; celestial latitude.

ৰীম s. m. Seed (of plants, &c.); cause, origin in general; semen virile; algebra, analysis.

वीजकीय s. m. Any seed-vessel.

बीजकी शे. f. A pod, a legume.

बीजगण्डित s. m. Algebra.

वीजन s. m. A fan.

ৰীহিলা s. f. The betel plant (Piper betel); the preparation of the Areca nut with spices and chunam, and enveloped in the leaf of the Piper betel, betel, paun.

instrument of the guitar kind, usually having seven wires or strings, and a large gourd at each end of the finger board: the extent of the instrument is two octaves; it is supposed to be the invention of Narad, the con of Brahma, and has many varieties, enumerated according to the number of strings, &c.

बीर adj. Heroic; powerful, mighty. s. m. A hero, a warrior, a champion. बीरता s. f. Heroism.

दीसम s. f. A distinguished warrior.

ৰীৰ s. m. Strength, vigour, pewer; semen virile; heroism, valour; seed (of plants, &c.)

बीचंवान adj. Strong, stout, robust.

वीकेविरिधित वर्ता. Devoid of pewer or vigour, &c.

वीर्षविश्रष्ट adj. Possessed of courage, vigour, &c.

ৰীৰ্জ্বাদি s. f. Loss of vigour or courage; impotence.

बीकडीन बक्ते. Seedless ; cowardly.

immediately, exactly, there, on the spot, in that very manner.

बतना } adj. That much.

gr pron. That, he, she, it the; (occasionally like ve), they, those.

gut adv. There, thither, yonder.

बुद्ध adv. That very ( time, place, ईट. ), immediately, exactly there.

14 s. m. A wolf,

of s.f. A country, probably that to the west of Delhi and Agra, or the modern Broj.

su adj. Practice, profession, means of gaining a subsistence; a circle.

sques s. m. Sector or segment of a circle,

इतान्त Tidings, rumour, intelligence ; क tale, a story.

of acquiring subsistence; circumference of a circle.

war adv. Useless, fruitless; in vain.

adj. Old, aged, ancient. s. m. An old man, or one past seventy.

state. f. Old ago.

इस्पेश s. f. Reverance for old age.

past child-bearing or one with grey hair.

stream s. f. The condition or period of old age.

set s. f. Increase, augmentation in general, as in bulk; consequence,

F

wealth, &c.; rise, ascending; mounting; prosperity, success; the eleventh of the astronomical Yogs, or Yog ster of the 11th lunar mansion; the increase of the digits of the sun or moon; enlargement of the scrotum, either from swelled testicle or hydrocele or other morbid affections; interest, usury, especially returning the principal (as in the case of seed corn lent), with a proportionate increment.

हेबिसान adj. Augmented, increased; rich; presperous.

ভাষাৰ s. m. A sacrifice to progenitors on any prosperous occasion, as the birth of a son, &c. [quantity. ভাষা s. m. A heap, a multitude, a ভাষা s. f. Holy basil (Ocymum sanctum). ভাষাৰ s. m. A scorpion; the sign Scorpio.

79 s. m. A bull; the sign of the zodiac Taurus.

ofe s. f. Rain.

strain s. m. The rainy season.

ভাৰৰ s. m. A great or illustrious man. ভাৰৰ adj. Great, large.

lying behind the Vindhys, mountains, near the province of Malws, and perhaps comprising Bundelkhand, or the adjoining district.

Useria s. m. The regent of the plant Jupiter, identified astronomically with the planet.

इडलविषम s. m. The cycle of 60 years. इडलविशर s. m. Thursday.

at s. m. A tree in general.

विचर & m. A monkey.

डचकाया s. f. The shade of a single tree; the shade of many trees, or a grove. anny s. m. Turpentine.

इचनाच s. m. The Indian figuree, as lord of trees.

इचमय adj. Abounding with trees.

क्योपच s. m. Planting trees.

देकर s. m. A sort of fish ( perhaps the common Bhekti ).

वेस s. m. Speed, dispatch, velocity. adv. Quickly, speedily.

वेनवान adv. Quickly, speedily.

वेशिता s. f. Speed, quickness.

वेगो adj. Swift, fleet, rapid.

hair; assemblage of water, as the conflux of rivers &c., as at Allahabad, where the Ganga, Yamuna, and, as is supposed, the Saraswati, all coning from the north, unite; this and other similar places, thence receive the name of Triveni.

3 s. m. A flute, a pipe.

वेषुक्द s. m. A player on a flute.

बेतन s. m. Hire, wages.

वेतना adj. So much, that much.

वेतस s. m. The ratan ( Calamus rotang). वेतास s. m. A sprite, a goblin, especially one supposed to haunt ceme-

teries and animate dead bodies.

वेता adj. Knowing, understanding, nequainted with. s. m. A sage, one who knows the nature of the soul and God.

वेद s. m. A reed, a cane, the ratan.

नेसन्ती s. f. The Betwa river, which rises in the province of Malws, and following a north-easterly course for about 340 miles, falls into the Jamns near Calpi.

the sacred writing or scripture of the Hindus, supposed to have been revealed by Brahma, and after being

'74-08

preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by Vyasa; the principal Veds are three in number, the Rich, Yajus, and Sam, to which a fourth, the Atharva, is usually added; the Itihas and Purans, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes conscdered as a fifth.

ইংল s. m. A Brahman skilled in the Veds.

बेदन s. m. } Pain, smart, agony.

वेदपुष्प s. m. The sanctity of the Veds. वेदमाता s. f. The mystical prayer or Gayatri, personified as the mother or source of the Veds.

इंड्यास s. m. The Muni Vyasa, the compiler and arranger of the Veds.

as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Veds: six sciences come under this denomination, vix. Siksha, or the science of pronunciation and articulation; Kalpa, the detail of religious ceremonies; Vyakarana or grammar; Chhund, prosody; Jyotish, or astronomy; and Nirukti, or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Veds.

Repart of the Veds; considered collectively it is contained in the numerous passages or chapters of the Veds termed Upanishads which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship; these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers: the founder of the school is Vyasa, and subsequently Sankaracharya is its most eminent teacher.

वेदाची s. m. A follower of the Vedants
philosophy.

ৰহাম্বাৰ s. m. The repetition of the mystical syllable om; study of the Veds.

in the middle of a court-yard, erected for various purposes; ground prepared for sacrificial ceremonies, a rude kind of altar.

बेही s. f. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire; it is more or less raised and of various shapes; an altar, &c. s. m. A Pandit, a learned Brahman, a teacher.

वेदी m adj. Scriptural, taught or declared in the Veds.

dw s. m. Perforation, piercing; depth (in measurement).

बेधब adj. Sharp, piercing, a piercer or perforator.

विधना v. a. To pierce, perforate.

ৰখনী s.f. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear; a small gimblet or perforating instrument used to pierce gems, shells, &c.; an auger, a gimblet, &c., or any similar instrument. ৰিখন adj. Pierced, perforated.

बेधी adj. Piercing, perforating.

ये जा s.f. Time,

वेष s. m. Dress, decoration.

वेशदान s. m. The sun-flower.

वेशभारी s. m. A hypocrite, a false devotee.

वेश्वर s.m. A mule.

whore; a plant (Cistampelos hexandra).

वेष s. m. Ornament, dress, decoration. वेष्ट्र s. m. Surrounding, encompassing. after adj. Surrounded, encompassed, enclosed; bound round, enveloped, wrapped up.

वेसर s. m. A mule.

बें स्वा v. c. To skin.

देवाल s. m. Evening, afternoon.

paradise or world of Vykantha or Vishnu; its site is variously described, either as in the northern ocean, or on the eastern peak of mount Meru.

resemble a diamond, and to be of similar properties; it is also considered to be a burnt diamond, and to be the common loadstone or magnet.

From s. m. A lutist, a player on the Vina or Indian lute.

वैतर्थो s. f. The river of hell.

विद्या adj. Scriptural, derived from or conformable to the Veds

बैह्यं s. m. A gem of a dark colour, the lapis lazuli.

वैदेशिक adj. Foreign, a stranger.

बैदा s. m. A physician.

वैभव s. m. Grandeur, wealth.

वैवाधरण adj. Grammatical, relating to grammer. s. m. A grammarian.

at s. m. Enmity, hostility.

वैराव s. m. Absence of worldly passion or desire.

वैदानी s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued his worldly desires: at present the term is commonly applied to a particular class of religious mendicants.

and passions, absence of worldy desires.

After s. f. Enmity.

बेरिको f. } adj. Hostile, inimical.

बेरी s. m. An enemy,

and s. m. The month in which the moon is full near the southern scale (April-May), the first month in the Hindu Calendar.

र जानी s.f. The day of full moon in the month Vyshakha.

THE s. m. A man of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe.

बैक्सिका s. f. Trade, agriculture.

वैद्यानी s. f. A woman of the Vyakys caste.

वेषस s. m. Inequality, unevenness; solitariness, singleness.

रेक्स ádj. Relating or belonging to Vishnu. s. m. A flower of Vishnu.

वे बत्ती s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternates); sacred basil (Ocymum sanctum).

वैसा adv. or adj. In that manner, so, that like, such. Wysa ka wysa, Such as before.

ने साड़ी adv. In the same manner.

बैं dadv. Freely, without cost. gratis.

at adv. In that manner, so. Won kar wonhi, Exactly the same as before or originally.

बीद adj. Wet, moist, damp.

वीदाल s. m. A sheat fish (Silurus Boalis).

बीब s. m. Gum myrrh.

सक्त adj. Wise, learned; evident, manifest, apparent; individual, specific.

यहि s. f. Individuality; appearance, manifestation; case, inflection, or the proper form of any inflected word.

व्यय adj. Bewildered, perplexed, distract-व्ययसा s.f. Perplexity, anxiety.

च्या व s. m. The both part of a digit or Angul, व्याग s. m. A fan.

व्यक्त s. m. A sign, a mark, a symbol.

ख्या s. m. Sauce, condiment; a consonant,

च्यतिम्म s. m. Inverted or retrogade order, inversion, reverse; contrariety, opposition in general.

व्यतिरित्त बर्कें. Different, distinct.

व्यक्तिक s. m. Difference, separateness.

व्यतीत adj. Past, gone.

व्यतीपात s. m. Great and portentous calamity, or a portent; the seven-teenth of the astrological Yegs.

व्यवा s. f. Pain.

व्यवासर adj. Painful, excruciating.

व्यवारित adj. Free from pain.

courses, doing what is prohibited or wicked.

व्यभिचारिची s.f. A wanton woman, an unchaste wife.

अभिषारी adj. Following or doing what is improper; going astray.

ब्बद s. m. Expenditure, expending; destruction, disappearance.

बर्ष adj. Useless, vain, unprofitable; unmeaning.

व्यवेता s. f. Unprofitableness, uselessness; absence of meaning, nonsense. अवस्थान s. m. Subtraction.

व्यवचेद s. m. Dividing, separating.

व्यवधान s. m. Intervening, intervention, space.

व्यवस्य adj. Intervening, intermediate, separating.

क्षरसाव s. m. Effort, exertion, perseverance, industry; following any business or profession; plan, device, trick.

ध्यवसायी adj. Active, energetic; engaged in business.

व्यवसा s. f. Separating, placing remote

or apart; a decree, a written declaration of the law, applied in practice te the written extracts from the codes of law, stated as the opinions of the *Hindu* law officers attached to the courts of justice; an engagement, an agreement, a contract.

business; the practice of the courts, or civil and criminal law, judicial procedure, administrative justice, as the examination of evidence, &c.; contests at law, law-suit, litigation.

gaged in customary duty or avocation; connected with or relating to legal process; litigant, being party to a suit.

materit adj. Litigant, litigating, engaged in a law suit; relating to legal process; customary, usual; following one's ordinary affairs or avocation.

स्वापं adj. To be observed or practiced, as a duty or avocation; customary, usual; actionable, subject to legal process.

वास adj. Confounded, confused, bewildered; pervaded, penetrated, spread.

व्यवता s. f. Agitation, bewilderment; inherence.

व्यावरच s. m. Grammar; explaining, expounding.

व्यवस्थी s. m. A grammarian.

बाइच adj. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c.

ब्याकुणता s. f. Perplexity, agitation, alarm.

बाइबशना adj. Agitated, flarried, bewildered. [plexed. बाइनित adj. Agitated, flurried, perenem s. f. Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment.

चाचान s. m. Explaining, expounding. ब्याचात s. m. Obstacle, impediment; the thirteenth of the astronomical Yogs. ब्बाचाती adj. Who or what opposes, resists, beats, &c.

will s. m. A tiger.

ब्बाइनची s. f. A tiger's claw, a sort of perfume; a scratch or impression of the finger nails.

चान s. m. Deceit, fraud, craft, cunning; disguise, either of purpose or person; wickedness.

will s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing deer, &c.; a low or wicked man.

स्याचि s. m. Sickness, disease in general. wifen adj. Sick, ill, diseased.

ब्याधिरिक्त adj. Free frem disease, convalescent.

ब्याम s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which is diffused throughout the body.

स्वापन adj. Diffusive, comprehensive, spreading or extending widely.

व्यापकता s.f. Diffusion, pervadence.

आपना v. n. To spread through or throughout, to pervade, penetrate.

चापार s. m. Occupation, business, trade, profession; exercise, practice.

आपारी adj. Basy, occupied; exercising, practising.

ब्बापी adj. Diffusive, comprehensive.

ब्याप्त adj. Pervaded, occupied or penetrated by; celebrated, famous; filled, full.

आति s. f. Pervading, inherence; universal permeation, omnipresence.

व्याप्तिमान् ddj. Diffusive, pervading.

ब्याधना s. f. Capacity of being penetrated or essentially affected by.

ब्याम e, m. A fathom, or the space be- ! त्रीपा s.f. Shame, bashfulness, modesty.

tween the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended.

व्याचान s.m. Fatigue, labour : gymnastics. व्यावकारी odj. Usual, customary ; juridical, judicial, legal. s. m. A counsel-

lor, a minister.

बाह्य s. m. A celebrated sage and author, the supposed original compiler of the Veds and Purane, also the founder of the Vedanta philosophy; diffusion, extension; the diameter of a circle.

जन्म . m. Inverted order, irregular arrangement.

ब्रव्यति s.f. Science, learning; formation of words, derivation, etymology.

व्यव adj. Learned, conversant or proficient in literature; derived, formed as a derivative word; generated, begotten.

व्य s. m. Military array, the arrangement of troops in various positions.

जब s. m. Atumour, a boil; an ulcer, a wound.

जल s. m. Any meritorious act of devotion, the voluntary or vowed obser\_ vance or imposition of any penance, austerity, or privation, as fasting, continence, exposure to heat and cold, &c.

मतो adj. Engaged in or observing a religious vow or obligation. s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one engaged in the observance of a vow or penance.

बाब s. m. A Brahman, or man of the three first classes, in whose youth the customary observances have been omitted, and who has not received his investiture with the sacrificial thread.

ब्राब्श s. f. A female of a fallen Brohmon, &c.

त्रीक्त adj. Ashamed, modest. जोड़ि s. m. Rice of various kinds.

## য

The thirtieth consonant of the Nagari alphabet; and corresponds to sh pronounced softly, as in shun.

we s. m. A sovereign, any prince who gives his name to an era, especially applied to Shalivahan; a particular caste, the followers or descendants of Shaka, or Shalivaham.

च्चर s. m. A cart.

भक्टिका s. f. A small cart, a toy-cart.

सदरभवा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of rice, butter and sugar.

चनुन s. m. Any lucky or auspicious object or omen.

মন্ত্ৰণি s. m. A bird; one of the astronomical periods called Karans,

श्रुष s. m. A fish.

सकुलनच s. m. A kind of fish, the gilthead.

श्रुवासंद s. m. A sort of gilt-head (Sparus emarginatus).

মান odj. Able, capable, strong, powerful. মানবা s.f. Ability, power.

মলি s. f. Power, ability, strength, prowess; the energy or active power of a deity.

चित्रमान् adj. Powerful, mighty.

মনিত্তীৰ adj. Powerless, impotent.

was adj. Possible, practicable, to be effected or done.

अव्यक्ता s. f. Possibility.

मक्रशोप s. m. An insect of a red colour (Coccinella or lady-bird of various species).

बातवास इ. m. The bow of Indra, the rainbow.

वसम्भाग s.f. Colocynth (Cucumis colo-

यक्तावन s. m. A medicinal plant (Wrighted antidysenterica).

ATT s. m. Name of a musical mode.

uges. m. The name of a celebrated teacher of the Vedant philosophy.

astracts. m. Name of a musical mode.

doubt, uncertainty. वहामय *adj.* Fearful, afraid.

बहादीय adj. Free from doubt or spprebension.

यदित adj. Alarmed, frightened; doubtful, uncertain

ays. m. The trunk of a lopped tree; a javelin; a pin, a stake, a pale; the gnomon of a dial, usually twelve fingers long; the scate fish (Rais Sankur).

atla s. m. A scate fish.

Hindus; a large number, ten or a hundred billions.

one of the four classes into which females are divided in erotic writtings; the Shankhini is described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions.

was adj. Wicked, deprayed, perverse, dishonest.

बडवा s. f. Wickedness, depravity.

Bengal San, a plant from which a kind of hemp is prepared (Cretelaria juncsa and other kinds).

nunga s. m. The fibre or flax of the Son plant, or string made from it; cordage; twine.

मधीर s. m. A rock or small island in

the midst of the river Sone; an insular spot inclosed by the branches of Sorju, where it falls into the Ganges above Chhapra, at Bhrigar asrom or Bhagbashram: called also the bank of the Dordani.

ne s. m. A bull at liberty.

चत s. m. A hundred.

भतन्य adj. A hundred times, a hundred fold.

wag s. f. Satle river, which rises in the Himalaya mountains in the vicinity it is supposed of the Ravanhrad or lake, and running to the S. W. unites in the Panjab with the Beya or Vipasa, when it forms the Hyphasis of the Greeks, and falls into the Indus below Multan.

स्तपदो है s.f. A centipede, jaulus.

भतिनवा s.f. The twenty-fifth lunar mansion, containing 100 stars.

अतम्बी s. f. A. plant (Asparagus racemosus).

श्रमण s. A hundred Lakhs, ten millions. अवर्ष s. m. A century.

श्रावेशी s. m. A sort of dock or sorrel (Oxalis monadelpha, or Ruman vesicarius).

अत्यक्ष s. m A hundred thousand.

श्रम है. m. An enemy, a foe, an adversary. सम ता s. f. Hostility, enmity.

श्रृति s. m. The planet Saturn or its regent.

ছাৰিগ্ৰিয় s. m. The emerald or sapphire. ছাৰিবাৰ s. m. Saturday.

वनेवने adv. Slowly, tardily.

अभेषर s. m. The planet Saturn or its mythological personification.

aus s. m. An oath, asseveration by oath or ordeal, an imprecation, a curse.

truth by oath or ordeal; abuse, imprecation, cursing, malediction.

चन वर्तनं. Cursed, anathematized.

s. m. A sort of grass (Saccherum cy-lindricum),

west s. m. A butt, or mark for archers.

मफरी s.f. A small fish (Cyprinus So-phore).

mer) A declinable word as noun; pronoun, &c.

बद्धार adj. Sounding, sonorous.

बद्दीर s. m. A plagiary.

बद्योगि s. m. A root, a radical word.

सम्बाज s. m. Philology, grammar, &c. सम s. m. Quiet of mind, stoicism, indifference; abstract meditation on brahma, or God; quiet, tranquillity, rest, calm, final happiness, emancipation from human existence.

মনদ s. m. Killing animals for sacrifice, immolation; mental tranquillity, calmness, indifference.

व्यक्ति adj. Pacified, appeased; quiet, tranquil sedate, calm.

and adj. Tranquil, pacific, tranquillized. s. f. A legume or pod, a tree (Acscia Suma); a shrub (Serratula anthelmintica).

विभागी s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

सनीर s. m. A small variety of the Minosa Suma.

যুক্তর s. m. A bivaive shell; a conch shell; a snail.

भवन s. m. Sleep; a bed, a couch; copulation.

त्रवास adj. Sleepy, slothful, sluggish.

क्या s. f. A bed, a couch, a sopha.

et s. m. A sbort of reed or grass (Şuccharum Sara); an arrow. antz s. m. A lizard, a chameleon; safflower, (the plant.)

अरा 🔻 🗥

were s. m. A house; preserver, a protector, what or who protects or preserves; preservation, protection, defence.

सर्वायत adj. Refugee, appellant, one who comes for protection or refuge.

wolved in calamity or ruin, and dependant on others for protection or aid.

poor, miserable, helpless, s. m.
A protection, a protector, that which
or who affords refuge and defence;
a house protection, defence.

श्रतवास s. m. The autumnal season. श्रतवासीन adj. Autumnal.

RIE s. f. The reason of autumn or the sultry season; the two months succeeding the rains; according to the Vydikus, comprising the months Bhadra and Aswin, and according to Pouranikus, Aswin and Kartik, fluctuating thus from August to November.

WIN s. m. A fabuous animals, supposed to have eight legs, and to inhabit particularly the snowy mountains.

warners. m. A small bird, considered as variety of the Salic or Myna (Turdus gosalica).

मरम s.f. The Saraju river.

बर्ब ब्रेंगु. Upright, honest.

बरलता s.f. Uprightness, sincerity.

MTIZI s. m. Sound, noise, voice.

बराहि ) s. f. A sort of bird (Turdus भराबी ) ginginianus).

बराबोर adj. Soused, dripping wet.

or dish; a latter.

सरायन s. m. A bow.

utit s. m. The body.

भ्रोरदयद s. m. A hostage.

मरोरसंस्कार s.m. Purification of the body by various ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation death, &c.

श्रीरी adj. Embodied, corporeal having body. [(the disease).

सदैरा s. m. Clayed or candied sugar, कांत adj. Happy, glad, s. m. A name or appellation common to Brahmans.

धर्नेरो १. f. Night ; a woman.

ज्ञान s.f. Vice in a horse.

भवभ s. m. A grasshopper ; a locust.

যালা s. f. A thin slip of bamboo, serving when tipped with sulphur for a match; a ruler; a fibrous stick used as a brush or pencil.

which baggage is fastened previously to being loaded on cattle.

श्चुका s. m. A child's bib.

which treats of the extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body.

मकादार s. m. Extration of foreign substances from the body..

महत्त्व s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). महत्त्वी s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellia thurifers).

बद्धकीद्रव s. m. Incense, Olibanum-

me s. m. A dead body, a corpse.

may s. m. A barbarian, one inhabiting the mountains districts of India, and and wearing the fathers of the peacock, &c. as decorations.

स्तापन s. m. A mystical and magical ceremony performed with a dead body.

THE s. m. A hare or rabit.

समस्ति s. f. The Doeb, the country between the Ganges and Jumna riters. अभिलेखा s. f. A digit of the moon.

अभी s. m. The moon.

pecially such as is used in the hand) a sword a scymitar. Shastra-dhari, adj. Armed.

ज्ञकार s. m. 'An armourer.

असायास s. m. Military exercise or practice.

अस्तिविद्या s.f. The science of arms.

अस s. m. Corn, grain in general.

ম্যাম বৰ adj. Graminivorous.

भवत्व s. m. The mulberry tree and fruit. शहत s. m. Honey.

शहनाई s. f. Flute, clarion.

leaf, flower, fruit, stalk, root, &c. used as a vegetable; one of the seven Dwips or divisions of the world; the sixth, surrounded by the sea of milk or white sea; an era, a period usually commencing with some celebrated prince, as Yudhishthir; Vikramadityuh, Salivahan, &c. thence denominated Sakesaras &c.; the term in ordinary use is aplied especially to the era of Salwahan, commencing 76 or 78 years after the Christian era.

श्राक्त s. m. Entireness. s. f. The things used in ceremony called "homa."

সাক্ষার s. f. A city, supposed to be the modern Sambhar.

बाह्यरीय s. m. A fossile salt brought from a lake in the vicinity Sambhar, a town in Ajmere.

माकिनी s.f. Female demon or sprite.

आज s. m. A worshipper of the female principle.

बाह्य s. f. Branch, line of ancestors or decendants. [tree.

आखा s, m. A branch, the branch of a आखासग s. m. Monkey. ज्ञासी 8. m. A tree.

बाखीबार s. m. Stating a pedigree at the marriage ceremony.

गाटक s. f. A petticoat.

MIZI Wickedness, villainy.

RIU s. m. A touchstone; a whet or grindstone.

মাল adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified; allayed, alleviated; stilled, hushed (as wind, &c.); meek, humble. [ness.

मानता s. f. Quietness, calmness, meek-

मान्तात्वा adj. Calm, composed, of resigued or composed spirit.

श्रान्ति s. f. Quiet, tranquillity stoicism; rest, repose; remission. alleviation.

आप s. m. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal; curse, imprecation.

माप्यस adj. Having incurred or suffering under curse.

श्रापित adj. Sworn.

मापोद्यार s. m. Diliverance from a curse or its effects.

शाफी s. f. Cloth used for cleaning liquors.

भाग n. prop. A name of Krishn.

आमा s. m. A little brird , a grain ( Panicum colonum, or fruments-ceam).

भागी जगाना .v a. To shoe with iron.

आव्य क s. m. A bivalve shell.

It s. m. Brother-in-law, substance, gist or matter of ony subject.

शारंग s. m. Beasts and bisds.

मार्थी s.f. A female deer; a kind of musical instrument.

बारद है s.f. The goddess Sarswati.

NITE s. m. or f. A kind of crane.

भारों s.f. A talking mynah; a cloth worn by women.

गारीरिक adj. Relating to the body, corporeal.

75—o4

मार्च s. m. A tigar ; a panther, a a Rakshas.

wrahl); a tree (Shores robusts).
s. f. A Shawl.

शासवास s. m. Species of black quartzose stone worshipped by the *Hindus* as representing *Vishnu*.

बालक्षी s. f. A shrub (Hedysarum gangeticum).

Mici s. m. A house; a hall.

mife s. m. Rice in general, but especially in two classes; one like white rice growing in deep water, and the other a red sort, requiring only a moist soil.

anisative s. m. A sovereign of India, an institutor of the era now called S. ka, beginning 76 or 78 years after Christ, whose capital was Prattishthana in the Dakhin.

बाजी adj. Made of shawl.

बारमजी s. f. The silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

श्चावक s. m. The young of birds.

mand; a writing, a deed, a written contract or agreement; governing, ruling, government.

आसम्बद्ध s. m. A plate of copper, stone or sheet of paper, &c. on which an edict or grant is inscribed.

शासनीय adj. To be governed or directed. शासि e. f. A command, an order; governing, ruling; correction, punishment.

scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters, especially considered as of divine origin or authority; used singly it implies works of literature or science in general, and

it is therefore customarily connected with some other word to limit its application, as the Vedanta Shastres or treatises of philosophical theology, the Dharma Shastras, books of law, &c.; it is also applied to less important branches of knowledge, as the Kavya Shastras, or poetical works, Shilpi Shastras, works on the mechanical arts, and Karma Shastrsa, or erotic compositions; in the singular number it is also used comprehensively to signify the body of all that has been written on the subject, as Dharma Shastra, the institutes or code of law, Kavys Shastra, poetry, Alankar Shastra, rhetoric, &c.; a book in general.

মাজস aij. Acquainted with the Shastras; skilled in the knowledge of law and religion especially.

मास्त्रविषय adj. Contrary to law or religion, illegal, forbidden.

, भासावं s. m. The purport of a book; argument.

यास्तानुसार s. m. Conformity to sacred ordinances.

science, or one skilled in it.

बास्त्रीय adj. Scriptural, authorized by or conformable to sacred institutes.

बास्तीत adj. Said or declared in a work of sacred authority.

बास adj. Punishable, deserving punishment.

श्चिमपा s. f. A tree ( Dalbergia Sisu '.

विखर s. m. The peak or summit of a mountain; point, end, top in general. विखरी adj. Crested, peaked, pointed.

faus s. f. Point, top in general; a crest; a lock of hair on the crown of the head; flame.

विश्वादस adj. Crested, pointed.

fuel adj. Crested; having a look of hair on the top of the head. s. m. A peacock.

fung s. f. The Sattej river.

স্থিবিহন s. m. A sapphire.

মিনিম হয় s. m. A sort of ebony ( Diespyros glutinosa).

সিবিস adj. Loose, lax, flaccid, flabby; languid, inert, feeble.

স্থিতনা s.f. Belaxation, looseness.

গ্ৰিঘৰৰ adj. Weakened, relaxed.

fut s. m. The head.

बिर:क्याकी s. m. A devotee carrying a human skull as his emblem.

সিংক্ত s. m. Vertigo; awimming of the brain.

भिरकाड. m. Vinegar.

बिर:पोड़ा s.f. Pain of the head, headache.

frances. f. Any vessel of the body, really or supposed to be, of a tubular form, as a nerve, a tendon, a gut, &c.

fucturedj. Veiny, tendinous, skinny. showing the tendons or veins.

भिरीप s.m. A kind of tree ('Acacia Sirisa').

चिरोमची s. f. A gem worn in a crest, चिरोरस s. m. or on the top of the head.

चिरीये s. m. Disease of the head.

facts. f. A stone, a rock; a flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

विचानतु s. m. Bitumen; red chalk.

जिलाजित s.m. Bitamen.

िक्षाचातु इ. गा. Chalk; red chalk; a white fossil substance; an aluminous earth of white colour, and thence considered to be a kind of chalk.

त्रिकाष्ट्र s. m. Storax or Benzois. [ क्रिकास adj. Made of stone. fusive s. m. Incense, Benjamin of Olibanum.

said to be of cooling and lithonthriptic properties, commonly termed Silabak; a sort of lichen or moss.

ৰিবৰ s. m. Any art, any manual or mechanical art.

ছিলকৰ্ম s. m. Manual labour, handicraft. ছিলকাৰ s. m. An artisan, a mechanic.

স্থিবিতা s. f. Art, mechanical or manual skill.

ফিজিনী s. f. A drug or herb, a kind of grass said to be known by the name of Lahanasipi, and described as sweet and cooling, and bearing seeds of tonic and restorative properties.

মিলিয়ালা s. f. A workshop, a manufactory.

মিবিসাজ s. m. A treatise or set of treatises on works of art.

san; belonging or relating to a mechanical profession or art.

far s. m. The deity Shiv, the most formidable of the Hindu triad, the destroyer of creation; the adoration of which he is the object, is of a more gloomy nature in general than that of the rest, and he is the particular god of the Tántrikas or followers of the books called Tantras.

भिष्यातु s. m. The milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

शिवपुरी s.f. A name of Benares; the mountain Kailas.

fuzzifa s. f. A celebrated feftival in honor of Shiv on the fourteenth of the moon's wane or dark fortnight in Magh.

fagre. f. The wife Shiva; female jackal.

ৰিবাৰ্থ ) s. m. Any temple dedicated to পিৰাৰা } Shiv.

মিবিস্থা s. f. A palankin.

fafat adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, freezing, s. m. Frost.

পিছিলেজ s. m. The cold season, comprising two months from about the middle of January to that of March.

fww s. m. The young of man or any animal, a child, a calf, a pup, &c.; a pupil, a scholar.

fau্ৰ s. m. A porpoise; another fish resembling a porpoise.

সিম্বা s.f. Boyhood, pupilage; childhood. সিম্বান s. m. The sovereign of a country in the central part of India or Chsedi, opposed to rishna and slain by him.

विश्वनार s. m. A porpoise; kind of animal of the lizard species.

fare adj. Obedient. docile; ordered, commanded, disciplined, trained.

factar s. f. Good behaviour, urbanity, civility; docility.

भ्रिष्ट्यमा s. f. A council of state, an assembly of chief officers.

शिटसमाचार s. m. History or tradition of eminent persons.

fuerचार adj. Well-behaved. s. m. Good manners, proper behaviour.

क्रिष s. m. A pupil, a scholar.

বিশ্বৰ adj. A learner, a teacher.

মিষা s. f. Learning. study, the acquisition of knowledge.

जिचायति s.f. Dexterity, skill.

মিছিল adj Skilful. clever, conversant; disciplined, exercised; docile; studied, learned.

श्रीकर s. m. Thin rain, or rain driven by wind.

মীম adj. Quick, speedy. s. m. (in astronomy) Parallax. adj. Soon quickly, swiftly, speedily.

बचनानी adj. Going quick or expeditionsly बीचता s.f. Quickness, speed.

an adj. Cold, chilly, frigid. s. m. Cold, coldness; cold weather or the six months of the rainy, dewy and cold seasons.

बीतकाख s. m. Cold weather, winter.

भीतता s.f. Cold, coldness.

बीतल adj. Cold, chilly, frigid. s. m. Cold coldness.

श्रीतखता s. f. Coldness, coolness.

भोतस्र adj. Removing cold.

भौतांग्र s. m. Camphor.

बीतार्स adj. Cold, chilled, shivening, funering or shrinking from cold.

त्रीताञ्चन s. m. The moon gem, crystal.

बोर्च adj. Thin, small, slender; wasted, withered, decayed.

बीचना s. f. Emaciation, withering. बीच s. m. The head.

गोपेंचे द हं. m Decapitating.

मील adj. Well-behaved, well-disposed.

s. m. Good conduct or disposition. ফীলবাৰ adj. Of a good or amiable disposition.

बीबन s.f. A kind of wood (Dalbergia Sisu).

यक s. m. A parrot.

um s. f. A pearl oyster; a small shell; a cockle.

यिक्तमान् s. m. One of the seven principal mountainous ranges of India.

**である。 m.** The planet Venus; semen virile.

यनगर s. m. Friday.

White (the colour); one of the astronomical Yogs.

प्रतक्षक s. m. A kind of gallinule of water-hen.

umar s. f. Whiteness.

यक्तपच s. m. The light half of a most

the fifteen days of the moon's increase, of from new to full moon.

white; clean, cleansed, purified; pure, pious, exempt from passion or vice.

ufant s. f. Purity, cleanness.

प्रविम्बि s. m. Crystal.

यकी s. f. Dry ginger.

wes s. m. An elephant's proboscis or trunk.

at adj. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed; faultless, correct.

प्रता s. f. Purity, cleanness, freedom from soil or defect.

चनति adj, Of pure and sincere purpose, honest, free from guide; intelligent.

\*fa s. f. Purity, purification; innocence established by ordeal or trial, acquittal.

wa adj. Empty, void. s. m. A cypher. wa adj. Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious; handsome, beautiful, s. m. Good, good fortune, auspicious, happiness; one of the astrological Yogs.

यमबर adj. Propitious, producing

प्रभक्त s. m. Pious or virtuous act; reputable occupation or employment.

मुभव adj. Fortunate, propitious.

धनसर odj. Propitious, auspicious, conferring happiness or fortune.

युमद्द्वी s. f. The female elephant of the North-West quarter.

यमहा s.f. Sister of Krisha.

THE s. m. Happy result or consequence.

য়মবাৰ adj. Of a good disposition.

WHY adj. Handsome, elegant. s. f. A handsome woman.

THITT adj. Virtuous.

प्रमाणन adj. Prosperous and fortunate, good and evil. s. m. Good and illfortune.

us adj. White; shining. 's. m. White (the colour).

प्रवत s. m. The thirty-sixth year of ! the Indian cycle.

the modern Sambhalpur, in the district of Gondwana.

late a dog to the chase, by the sound shusha. [chase.

यमकारी s. f. Impelling a dog to the यक adj. Dry, dried.

यन्त्रता s.f. Dryness.

backguard, scoundrel, vagabond.

Shuhadha shikasta, Ruined and wretched.

**घरदापन s. m.** Raking, rakishness, debauchery, dissoluteness.

संबद्ध s. m. Rumour, fame.

यहारी s. f. A kind of large cake made of flour and ghi.

युवाबीट s. m. A caterpillar.

युक्तर s. m. A hog.

युकापुर s. m. A gem, perhaps amber. युक्त adj. Minute, small, fine, subtile.

यह s. m. A man of the fourth or servile tribe.

यूदी s. f. The wife of a Shudra.

ua adj. Empty, void. s. m. Heaven, sky, ether; a cypher; a vacuum.

reality, the false or illusory nature of all existence.

श्चवाही s. m. A Boudha; an atheist.

यर s.m. A hero; a boar.

companulatum); a plant (Bignonia Indica).

श्रता s.f. Heroism, prowess.

य्रहेन s. m. The grandfather of Krishna.

युर्पे s. m. A winnowing basket.

म्पेनचा s. f. The sister of Ravans.

especially in the belly as cholic, &c., or in the joints from rheumatism or gout; a weapon, a pike, a durt; an astrological Yog, that of the 9th lunar mansion.

युष्यम् s. m. The castor oil plant (Ricinus communis).

युक्त s. m. Asafætida.

च्ली adj. Suffering sharp pain, having the cholic, &c.

ध्रवास s. m. A shakal or jackal.

a man's body; a chain, a fetter in general.

घण s. m. A horn; the top of a mountain. घणार s. m. Love; copulation, coition; red lead.

प्रकारी adj. Feeling or relating to the passion of love; stained with red lead. s. m. Dress, decoration.

মাক s.f. A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus Singio).

und adj. Horned; crested, peaked.

बेचर s. m. A garland of flowers worn on the crown of the head; a crest.

त्रेपाविका s. f. A flower (Nyctanthes arbor-tritis).

भेवड़ा है s. m. A fakir, a flatterer, deceive.

মান s. f. A kind of javelin made of iron. মান t. m. Remainder, leavings, rest, balance.

त्रेषकाल a.m. The last term, the time of death.

बेबराजि e.f. The last watch of the night. बेबारका e.f. The last state or condition of life. बैल s. m. Cold, coldness.

वैषिष्ण s.m. Looseness, laxity; flaccidity. वैष adj. Mountainous, mountaineer, &c.; stony, rocky. s.m. A mountain; Bitumen; storax; a sort of collyrium.

चेंद s. m. A worshipper of Shiv.

त्रेगाच s. m. An aquatic plant (Vol-

भोस s. m. Sorrow, grief. [sorrow.

बोक्श s.m. Dissipating or removing

মীৰ ৈ s. m. Grief; affection; thought, মীৰ ১ conception, idea.

बोकार्च adj. Pained, afflicted by sorrow. बोचिव adj. .Sorrowful, afflicted.

भी की s. m. Thoughtful (man).

in the table-land of Americantak, and running first northerly and then easterly for 500 miles, falls into the Ganges above Patna; a flower Bignonia Indica); a red sort of sugar-cane.

मोचरन s. m. A ruby.

মীৰিব adj. Red, crimson, purple. s. m. Blood; saffron.

भीषितीप**स ३. m. A** ruby.

बीव s. m. Swelling, intumescence.

बोबस adj. Discutient, removing, swellings.

মাৰয়ী s. f. Hogweed (Boerhavia diffusa). দীঘৰ adj. Who or what cleaness, purifies, &c. (In arithmetic) The subtrahend.

ing; correcting, freeing from faults or errors; correcting, as a writing; subtraction (in arithmetic); payment, acquittance; green vitriel.

লীপৰ adj. Beautiful, handsome; propitious, auspicious, s. m. The fifth Yog.

श्रोममान adj. Fair, splendid, shining. श्रोमा s. f. Light, lustre, radiance, splendour; beauty.

Soha, no (Hyperanthers moranga); the legumes, blossoms and leaves are esculent, and the root of the young tree is used as a substitute for horse-radish: in medicine the root is used as a rubefacient externally, and the expressed oil of the seeds is employed to relieve arthritic pains, &c.

मोभित ady. Beautiful, decorated.

the wood of which, being very light and spongy, is used by fisherman for floating their nets; a variety of toys, such as artificial birds and flowers are made of it; garlands of those flowers are used in marriage ceremonies; when charred it answers the purpose of tinder.

মাৰ s. m. Pulmonary consumption; drying; intumescence, swelling.

মাৰৰ s. m. Suction, sucking; drying up.
মাৰ s. m. Purification by ablution,
&c. from personal defilement; purification at given periods from defilement caused by the death of a relation, &c.; purity, cleanness, freedom from defilement.

মীন্ডিক s. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

भौकिको s. f. A female keeper of a tavern or dram shop.

श्रीर्थ s. m. Valour, heroism, prowess.

आवान s. m. A cemetry, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried.

समानवासी adj. A ghost, a goal, a sprite, male or female, abiding in cemeteries, &c.

sacred fig-tree at Prayag or Allahabad.

आसमर्घ s. m. A kind of horse with black ears used in the ceremony of the asumed sacrifice.

सामता s. f. Blackness.

आवभास adj. Black as jet, of a glossy black hue.

श्चामच adj. Of a black or dark blue colour.

चाना s.f. A small singing bird with black plumage, called Shama.

- MITIM s. m. A kind of grain generally eaten by the Hindus (Panicum frumentaceum, also P. colonum), called also Sanwan.

आवत s. m. A wife's brother.

स्राजकी s.f. A wife's sister.

कोन s. m. A hawk, a falcon.

म्बेगी s. f. The female hawk.

মহ্বাৰ adj. Trusting, believing; venerating, respecting.

ati s. f. Respect, reverence; wish, desire; faith, belief, purity.

वहाजन adj. Done with faith.

বহালিব adj. Believing, faithful.

यदामय adj. Believing, full of faith.

वदायुक्त Having faith, believing.

त्रदार्शस्त adj. Distrusting, unbelieving. त्रदासु adj. Faithful, believing ; wish-

ing, desirous. s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

व्यापाय edj. Believing, trusting, having faith.

平电 s. m. Weariness, fatigue; labour, exertion, toil.

ascetic, a Yati, one devoted to meditation for the purpose of emancipation from existence, probably the Sarmanes of the Greek writers.

त्रमार्च adj. Exhausted, overcome with fatigue.

यनी adj. Wearying, tiring, undergoing or incurring weariness or fatigue; laborious, diligent.

न्राय s. f. The ear; hearing.

ৰাৰা s. f. The twenty-third of the lunar asterisms, represented by three footsteps, and containing three stars.

अवचेन्द्रिय s. m. The organ of hearing, the ear,

স্বিষ্ঠা s. f. The twenty-fourth lunar asterism.

বাৰ adj. Faithful, believing. s. m. A. funeral ceremony observed at various fixed periods and for different purposes, consisting of offering with water and fire to the gods manes, and gifts and food to the relations present and assisting Brahmans: it is especially performed for a parent recently deceased, or for three paternal ancestors; or for all ancestors collectively, and is supposed necessary to secure the ascent and residence of the souls of the deceased in a world appropriated to the manes.

ৰান adj. Wearied, fatigued; calmed, tranquil.

স্থালি s. f. Weariness, exhausted.

ষাৰন্ধ s. m. The lay votary of a Buddha.
or Jyn.

ৰাবৰ s. m. The month Sravan ( July-August ).

वावणी s. f. Day of full moon in the mouth Sravan.

ৰী s. f. Fortune, prosperity, success, thriving; wealth; beauty, splendour, lustre; light; the three objects of life collectively, or love, duty, and wealth.

श्रीषख s. m. 'Sandal of.

ৰীৰল s. m. A magical diagram; the circle of the globe or earth.

न्त्रीपवि s. m. Vishau,

त्रीपात s. m. A fruit tree ( Ægle næmelos).

नीवस s. m. Mark of feet of the saint Bhrigs on the breast of Krishas.

মানন m. adj. Wealthy, opulent; স্থাননি f. pleasing beautiful; prosperous, fortunate, thriving; famous, illustrious.

श्रीमृतौ a.f. Full of lustre or beauty.

श्रीमान a. m. Full of Instre or beauty.

त्रीसुख s. m. The seventh year of the Indian cycle.

শীয়ন adj. Famous, illustrious; for নায়ন tunate, wealthy.

श्रीरस s. f. Turpentine.

ৰীবাৰ s. m. The third of the personified musical modes.

সীছবিলী s. f. The sun-flower (Heliolropium Indicum).

ষুব adj. Heard; understood. t. m. Sacred science, holy writ, &c.

স্লি s. f. The Veds.

त्रेषो s. f. A line, a row, a range.

त्रेय: s. m. Final happiness; good fortune, auspiciousness, prosperity.

ৰম্ভ adj. Best, excellent, most, excellent, pre-eminent; oldest, senior.

बेश्वता s.f. Superiority, excellence.

श्रीत s. m. The ear; the current of a stream.

त्रीतव्य adj. To be heard or listened to. त्रीता s. m. A hearer.

बाषा s.f. Praise, panegyric, flatter, eulogium.

worthy, entitled to praise or veneration.

of three principal humors or fluids of the body.

ন্ধার s. m. A verse, a stanza.

चप्प s. m. A person of the lowest rank. चच्च s. m. A father-in-law, a wife's or husband's father.

चन् s.f. A mother-in-law.

याग s. m. A dog.

वानो s.f. A bitch.

THE s. m. Breath, breathing.

বিষয় s. m. Whitness of the skin, vitiligo. বিষয়ী adj. Affected with vitiligo or whiteness of the skin.

and adj. White. s. m. White (the celour); the planet Venas or its regent Sakra; the sixth range of mountains dividing the known continent, the white mountains separating the Vershas of Hiranmay and Remanak one of the minor Decips or divisions of the world; in fable the White Island, identified geographically by Wilford with Britain.

चेतदीप s. m. The white island, or a minor division of the universe so called; also termed Chandra Dwip, and supposed by Wilford to be Britain.

चेतथातु s. m. Chalk; the milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

नेतसपं A tree (Topis cratævs); a white snake.

चेत्रकी s. m. A white elephant.

वेतार्च s. m. Gigantic swallow-wort (Asclepies giyantea), with white flowers.

## ष

The thirty first consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to sh, pronounced in some schools kn.

षर बत्रु. Six.

षटक्की s. m. The six acts proper for a Brahman (collectively), or teaching the Veds, holy study, offering (sacrifices, conducting them for others, giving, accepting gifts; six acts allowable to a Brahman for subsistence, or gleaning, accepting gifts, asking alms, agriculture, trade and tending cattle, or according to some lending money at interest; the six acts taught in the Tantras, or killing, infatuating, enthralling, expelling, exciting animosity, and the stopping or privation of any faculty. षट्कीच s. m. A hexagon, a six-angled figure.

lectively, as the two arms, two legs, and the head and waist; the six supplementary parts of the Veds, or grammar, prosody, astronomy, pronunciation, the meaning of unusual terms, and the ritual of the Hindu

An assemblage of six qualities or properties.

पर्देष adj. In six ways, of six kinds.

वस s. m. A bull at liberty.

बङ ३. m, A eunuch.

religion.

## ₹

स The thirty-second consonant of the Nayari alphabet, corresponding to s. स adv. (In compos.) With, together with, &c.

संक्षी s. f. A scate.

संबट s. m. Vexation, misfortune, pang, agony, pain, anguish. Sanksth-chouth,

76-0€

A Hindu holiday, in the month of Magh, sacred to Ganesh.

संबार s. f. Fear, terror, doubt, suspicion. संबार s. f. A sign, nod, wink, beckoning. Sankarna, v. n. To beckon, nod, wink or make a signal, to hint.

ধৰাৰ s. m. Shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence; a scate.

संकोचन s. m. The act of shrinking.

संकीची adj. Bashful, reserved, diffident. संकालो s. f. The sun's entering into a new sign.

tane s. m. A solemn vow or declaration of purpose. Sankalpna, v. a. To give alms (by making a religious vow), to vow.

blow, a shell; a kind of ornament.

sdy. Simple, artless. Dapol sankha,

adj. Promising much and performing nothing.

संबाह्नी s. f. A medicinal plant (Andropogon aciculatum?).

tien i.f. A description of women. (The Sankhini are described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions).

संस्का s. f. A number. s. m. Arsenic. संग adv. Along with.

s.f. Coition; collection, congregation, company, society, a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonies. adj. Apposite, proper. Sangati, s. m. f. Companion, comrade.

संतम s. m. Coition; meeting, conflux, union.

संगर s. m. Lines, entrenchment. संगरी s. f. Pincers, forceps.

सनी s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

संगोस s. m. The exhibition of a song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art and science of music and dancing. Sangit darpana, A book on music. Sangit-nach, A kind of dance.

संयह s. m. A compilation.

संगद्धी s. m. A disorder, an irregular state of the bowels, costiveness alternately with a diarrhosa.

संवास s. m. Battle, war.

assemblage. Sanyhati, s. m. A companion, a friend, an associate.

संचिया s. m. A companion.

संचय s. m. Purse, capital, stock, saving, heaping up, hoard.

संपार s. m. Entrance, penetration; beginning, commencement; the entering of the planets into a new sign. संपारिका s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

संचित adj. Hourded, collected.

s. m. Abridged, short. Souchkepan, s. m. Abridgment, abbreviation, conciseness, brevity.

থমা s. f. A noun; a metaphor, an idiomatical phrase.

डंगारी s. m. A Brohman of the fourth order, a religious mendicant.

हंपन s. f. Affluence, wealth, riches, prosperity.

संपन edj. Perfect, complete, endowed with.

संपूर्ण adj. Perfect, full, complete, all, the whole.

संबत s. m. A. year; an era. Sambot bandhna, To establish an era.

संबंध s. m. Connection, affinity, relation; rhyme, metre. Sambandhi, s. m. Relation; son or daughter's father-is-law.

संबोधन s. m. Comfort, sootking, en-

couragement, the act of consoling; vocative case.

संसद बकु. Possible, fit, right, proper, suitable.

संभलना v. n. To be supported, to stand, stop, to be firm, to recover one's self, from a fall, &c.

संगालना v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield, protect, stop, retain, restrain, check, repress.

संभावणा s. f. Probability.

संभीग s. m. Enjoyment ; coition.

संसम a.m. Esteem, respect, honour, awe.

संनाम s. m. Respect, esteem, reverence, regard. Sanmani, adj. Polite, civil; respectful.

संस्य sdj. Opposite, confronting, in face, over against.

than s. m. Restraint, forhearance, soberness, abstinence from particular food on certain days. Sanjami, adj. Who or what checks, restrains, curbs, &c., sober, temperate, abstemious. s. m. A snint, a sage, one who subdues or controls his passions.

संयुक्त adj. Joined with connected, attached; mixed, blended; endowed with, possessed of.

संशोग s. m. Intimate union or association; adherence, junction, conjunction; accident, event, occurrence, chance, hap, luck.

संगोगी s. m. An ascetic who does not observe a vow of continence, but has a family.

संख्य adj. Joined, united, adherent. संबंध s. m. A year; an ers.

कंत्रकाद s. m. A year.

संबद्धा v. n. To be dressed, prepared or

arranged, to be decorated, to suit, prosper.

संबाद है s. m. Communication of in-संबाद telligence; information, news.

संवारना v. a. To prepare, dress, deek, decorate; adjust, adorn, arrange, accomplish.

चंद्रव s. m. Doubt, uncertainty; dread, apprehension.

संक्रमात्रा s. m. A sceptic.

संज्ञ्यान ad j. Dubious, uncertain.

संबद्धाय adj. Affected with doubt, hesitating, dubious; doubtful, uncertain. [cal.

संस्थास adj. Dubious, doubting, scepti-संस्थास v. n. To jingle, to ring; to faint; to simmer. Sansanahat, s. f. An imitative sound, ringing, jingling; simmering; fainting.

संस्थ s. m. Doubt, apprehension fear, anxiety.

इंग्रें s. m. Union, proximity, approximation, contact; acquaintance, familiarity, intercourse; sensual attachment.

संसर्वी adj. Familiar, friendly, keeping company, acquainted, an 'acquaint-ance.

चंदार s. m. The world, the habitation of mortals.

मंगरी adj. Worldly, mundane.

ing, finishing, perfecting; an essential and purificatory rite or ceremony amongst the *Hindus*; purification, consecration.

right adj. Wrought, made, artificially produced; excellent best; decorated, ornamented. s. m. Language formed by perfect grammatical rules, the classical and sacred language of the Hindus.

- संखान s. m. A place where four roads meet; form, figure, shape; fabrication, construction; a vicinity, a neighbourhood, a common place of abode.
- तंत्रमं s. m. Touching, contact, laying hold of.
- तंदत adj. Compact, close; collected, assembled.
- संस्ततः s.f. Compactness; approximation, contact.
- संपति s. f. Assemblage, collection, heap; union, junction; compactness.
- संदार s. m. Destruction, loss; the destruction of the world; making away, killing, murdering. adj. Killed.
- संदानों v. a. To kill, to make away with. संदिता s.f. An arrangement of the text of the Veds into short sentences; a compendium, a collection more or less compressed of laws, legends, &c.
- THE adj. Bad, vile. s. m. A small tree (Trophis aspera); a cart; the name of a Hindu holiday
- some, perilous. s. m. An aquative plant (Vallisneria).
- the energy or active power of a deity; the energy or active power of a deity; the female organ as the counterpart of the phallic personification of Shiva, and worshipped either literally or figuratively by a sect of Hindus, thence termed Saktas.
- सवागा v. n. To be able.
- सकरा adj. Small (not having room enough), narrow, strait.
- THIT s. f. Smallness, want of room, narrowness.
- सकरागा v. a. To straiten, to deprive of necessary room; to cause to accept (bill, &c.).

- समान s. f. The entering of the sun inte a new sign.
- उन्हों इ. m. (In grammar) The transitive verb.
- यचन adj. All, whole, entire.
- संभाना v. a. To be sorrowful, to be wearied.
- TWIT s. m. Dawn of day, morning.
- समारच adj. Having a cause, originating from a cause.
- स्वार्या v. a. To accept (s bill of exchange, &c.)
- सकारी s.f. Dawn of day, morning.
- चनाम adj. Betimes, early in the morning.
- समुष s. f. Shrinking, awe, fear, shame. समुष्या v. s. To fear, to be afraid of, to be in awe of, to be shashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.
- समुचाना v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid. v. o. To abash.
- same family name and common origin.
- चनेत adj. Narrow, strait. s. f. Want,
- सकेतना v. c. To tighten, to straiten.
- सकेषना v. n. To shrink, to shrivel, to gather up (the limbs, as a torteise).
- सबेका s. m. A kind of iron.
- सकी व s. m. Regard, respect, esteem.
- संकोषना v. n. To shrink, to draw up (the limbs), to gather up, shrivel, tighten, contract, v. a. To contract, draw up.
- संबोप asj. Angry, displeased.
- सकीरा s. m. A small earthen vessel.
- चकीरी s. f. A sancer.
- समाज s. m. A species of poison.
- यत्र पंचा s.f. A tree ( Minosa Sama).
- ent s. m. A friend; an associate; s companion.

क जिल !. m. Friendship.

s. f. A woman's female friend or companion a confidente, &c.

उन्हों क्रम s. f. A female friend or confidante.

was. m. Friendship.

सबस adj. Fragrant, odoriferous.

समपद्भा s. m. Greens dressed with pulse.

सगर adj. Poisonous. s. m. A sovereign of Ajodhys.

सनकं adj. Prond ; elated.

त्या adj. Related (of the same parents); full, own; a relative, a kin. s. m. Kin. Saga bhai, Own brother.

वनारे इ. f. Relationship by the क्यानत । same parents, consanguinity, relationship, kin; betrothing for marriage; second marriage, of a woman of low tribe. Sagai karna, To contract a marriage, to affiance, to betroth.

खनुष ब्यां. Having or endowed with properties, qualities, &c.

ৰবুৰ s m. Augury, omen.

सनोती s. f. Animal food, meat; flesh.

सजीव adj. Being of one family, of kin, related. s. m. A distant kinsman.

संबंग edj. Thick (as e head of heir, clouds, wood, fc.

Difficulty, trouble, vexation, misfortune, pang, agony, pain, anguish.

ert s. m. Mixing, blending, confounding; a mixed caste or race, one proceeding from the promiscuous intercourse of the four tribes in the first instance; and again from their commerce with the descendants of such a connection, or the indsicriminate cohabitation of those descendants amongst one another; most Hindus

of the present age or of one of the many branches of this race, the highest of which is impure and inferior to the Sudra; under this term (Sankar) two kind of men are included according to the Ramayan, the one denominated yonisankar, mixed or degraded by birth, and the other, acharsankar, degraded by conduct.

सक्रपेंच s. m. Attracting, drawing.

संदेश s. m. Collection, quantity; adidition (in arithmetic).

संदुलन s. m. Contact, junction ; addition (in arithmetic).

वर्षांजन adj. Heaped, piled, arranged, added. s. m. Addition (in arithmetic).

mental determination; a solemn vow or declaration of puspose.

चद्राचना v. a. To give alms (by making

trails adj. Crowded, confused.

विशेष s. m. Celebrating, praising; honour, glorification.

तक्षित adj. Unblown, unopened; ab-

सङ्ख *adj.* Growded, confused, filled with so as to be impervious.

नंदित s. m. Engagement, agreement, sign, gesture, gestionlation.

This is m. A place of assignation.

This s. m. Shutting, closing contracting, contraction; shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence; a sort of field, a scate (Roid Sancors).

स्कोषन s. m. Astringing; causing to shrink or close; the act of shrinking. स्कोपी edj. Bashful, reserved, diffident, सक्त s. m. Going, moving, travelling; the passage of a planetary body through the zedisc. ভাষাৰ adj. Entered (into a new sign).
ভাষাৰি s. f. The actual passage of
the sun or other planetary bodies
from one sign of the zodiac into
another.

सङ्घेष s. m. Abridgement, abbreviation, conciseness, compression.

चंद्राता s.f. Number, numeration, counting.

number, a numeral, s. m. Arsenic.

Two. m. Meeting, encountering; joining, uniting.

सङ्ख . m. Friendship, acquaintance; union, meeting.

win s. f. Meeting. union; association, intercourse; coition; collection, congregation, company, society; a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonies.

the encounter of persons, the association of friends or loves, the confluence of rivers; coition; (in stronomy) Planetary conjunction.

calamity; promise, assent, agreement, lines, entrenchment.

सङ्गरी s.f. Pincers, forceps.

with, attached; libidinous, lustfull desirous. s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

dancing, and music, as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

सञ्जीपन s. m. Hiding, concealment. सङ्ग च s. m. A compilation and absidg-

ment; quantity, collection. कम्म क्षा s. m. Collecting, compiling. सम्बद्धा s.f. Diarrhose, dysentery. चन्नाम s. m War, battle.

et s. m. Flock, multitude, number, a collection of living beings either of the same or different species; a sheap, a quantity in general.

deed; in earnest, actually, truly.

स्पत्त adj. or adv. True, truly.

सम्पापर adj. All, whether animate or inanimate.

चर्चारे s. f. Truth, versoity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

uf s. m. Friendship, intimacy, connexion.

चरेत adj. With eircumspection, with caution, with reflection or consideration, mindful, conscious, attentive, cautious.

स्पत्त adj. Rational; conscious, sensible. सपेट vdj. Active, making effort.

स्पीरी e.f. Fidelity, restitude, honesty, truth.

समा odj. True, genuine, real, honest, just, sincere, faithful, sure.

work s. f. Truth, verseity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

सिंदरबन्द s.m. Bryhma or the Supreme Spirit.

सन इ. m. Shape, ornament, appearance, preparation. Sajdar, Well-shaped, handsome.

समया s. f. Preparation and appearance. समय s. m. f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, mistress.

to become, to beseem. v. s. To dress, to ornament, to accounte, to adjust, to rectify. s. m. Respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

वज्ञ adj. With water, wet, filled with or containing water.

सकता s.m. Third brother of four or more.

सजवाना v. a. To cause, to prepare.

सनाई s. f. The price paid for making belts or scabbards; preparation.

चजाति adj. Of the same sort or species, of the same tribe, &c.

सञ्जाना v.a. To cause to prepare.

नुजाब s. m. Preparation, ornament.

सनावस e.f. Preparation ; contrivance.

संजीना adj. Well-shaped, handsome, graceful.

बनीव adj. Alive, living.

respectable, reputable; good, virtuous. s. m. f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

mented, decorated s. f. Dress, decoration; armour, mail.

चन्द्रों 6. f. A kind of mineral alkali, natron, impure carbonate of Soda:

स्यव s. m. Heap, quantity, number, multitude; purse, capital, steck, store, saving, heaping up, hoard.

सचने adj. Who collects, gathers, heaps or hoards up.

supposed to be in the head of a serpent.

संचारिका s. f. A female messenger or go-between ; a bawd.

संचित adj. Accumulated, collected, gathered.

ৰাপনা s. f. Plant ( Salvinia cucullets ). ভাষাৰ adj. With knowledge; knowing, intelligent, wise. Sagyani, adj. Wise, intelligent.

सदस s. f. An elastic rod, thick at one end and thin at the other.

सटका। v. s. To run away, to disappear, to flee, to sheer off.

सटकार s. f. Taperingness, vanishing of a tapering body at the extreme point, disappearance.

चडकाना v. s. To balk, to disappoint, to cause to disappear.

ব্যুকা v. ম. To join, to adhere, to stick, to unite. [surprised.

सटपदाना v. n. To be confounded, to be सटस s.f. Foolish prattle, falsehood. Satali, s. f. Chattering nonsense;

सदाना v. a. To unite, stick, make adhere. घटाघट s. f. Sticking or striking

sziez s. f. Sticking of striking together, adhering, uniting.

स टिया s. f. A stick.

falsehood.

vel s. f. Zedoary (Curcuma zerumbet, but applied also to the Curcuma amada).

चटोचटो adj. Joined, glaed, stack together crowded.

चटोच adj. Accompanied or explained by a commentary. [collusion.

चहाबहा s. m. An amour, combination, चंड adj. Cunning; ignorant.

संदियाना v. n. To be turned of sixty years; to be decrepted, or in one's dotage, to be superannuated.

wally s. m. A sweetment, consisting of meal, sugar, ginger, spices, &c. (particularly given medicinally to child-bed women, and distributed, as caudle is, to gossips).

संदेश s.f. A road.

सङ्ग s.f. Rottenness, rot, putrefaction.

सङ्ग v. n. To rot; to ferment.

बड़ा odj. Rotten, musty, stinking.

forment, to steep.

सङ्ग्रह s. f. Rottenness, mustiness.

fetor, stench. Saráhand márna, To give forth a fetid odour, stin.

चचन्द्र . m. Packthread.

www s. m. A eunuch.

बखनी s.f. Tongs, pincers.

hardened excrement, Scybals.

स्थान s. m. A necessary, a water closet (opening into the streets), a sink.

चलासा s. m. Large pincers.

रणारी s. m. A class of Hindu mendicants.

wirtuous. s. m. The true God, the always present and all pervading spirit; power, strength, essence the principal of goodness; juice, sap; virtue; truth. adv. Actually.

सत्तवासा s. m. A feast given in the seventh month of pregnancy.

स्वमी s. f. The seventh lunar day.

स्तर् adj. Seventeen.

पतराना v. n. To be angry.

सत्तव्या adj. Seven-fold, of seven strings or rows (a chain of pearls, &c.)

धतनम् s. f. A necklace of seven string. धतनमा adj. Virtuous, chaste, honest, adhering to truth.

सत्तवड aaj. Sixty-seven.

सत्येश s. f. The name of a book written by Bihari-Lál (an inhabitant of Gwalior), containing 700 distiches or dohasin Brijs-bhakha.

सत्तर adj. Seventy-seren.

सताना v. a. To tease, vex, fret, trouble, afflict, ail, harm, interrupt, annoy, grieve, harass. Satau, s. m.f. Vexer, teaser, tormentor.

s.f. A virtuous wife; in ordinary use applied especially to the wife who burns herself with her husband's corpse. [wife.

सतील s. m. Virtuousness or purity in a

of the same spiritual preceptor.

बतीबा adj. Powerful, strong.

addance s.f. A tomb, grave, burning ground, the place where a suti is burned.

meal and made into a past. adj. (Applied to a kind of ginger). Pulverable, free from threads or fibres. Satua sankrant, The entering of the sun into Aries, on which day the meal of parched grain is distributed to the Brakmans.

अत्वर्ष s. m. A good act, piety, virtue ; hospitality ; funeral obsequies.

equit c. m. Reverence, respect; hospitable treatment or reception; doing good, a pious action.

effect e. f. Funeral or obsequial ceremonies; doing good, charity; virtue, &c.; salutation; welcome, courtesy: hospitality.

and adj. Best, excellent; very venerable or respectable; most virtuous.

चचर adj. Seventy. Sattars-bakst tars, adj. Old, decreptd, doting.

चना s. f. Being, existence, goodness, excellence. s. m. power, strength.

बताईस adj. Twenty-seven.

सत्तान adj. Ninety-seven.

सत्तावन adj. Fifty-seven.

पत्ताती adj. Eighty-seven.

चतुर s. m. An enemy.

weal and made into a paste.

properties of man and nature, the quality of excellence or goodness; substance, thing; vigour, power; essence; a substantive noun.

चलवण s. m. The property of goodness.

सभा s. f. Purity, goodness.

ধবৰ s. m. A good road; correct or virtuous conduct, doctrine, &c.

ৰ্থাৰ s. m. A worthy or virtuous person.

चत्पुन s. m. A virtuous son.

सन्प्रदेष s. m. A worthy or spirited man. सन्पन्न s. m. The pomegranate.

the truth. s. m. Truth; an oath; the first Yuy or age, the golden age, comprising one million seven hundred and twenty eight thousand years, the uppermost of the seven Loks or worlds, the abode of Brahma, and heaven of truth.

wat s.f. Truth, trueness.

सव्यम adv. Iudeed, verily,a particle of interrogation, and asseveration.

or ages, the period of general virtue and purity, or the golden age, comprising a term of I, 728, 000 years.

যুৰজীয় s. m. The uppermost of the seven Loks or world, the abode of Brahma, and heaven of truth.

समायन s.m. Speaking truth.

सत्यगदी adj. Who speaks truth.

स्यसाची s. m. An unexceptionable witness.

चनावा s. m. A virtuous and upright man.

styling) Depravation, destruction.
Satyanas karna, To make the ruin,
destruction, or mischief (of any one or
any thing). Satyanas jana, on hona,
To be the depravation, destruction,
ruin, &c., (of any one or any thing),
to be destroyed or ruined.

बनाबो adj. Depraved, bad, destroyed damaged; a thorny plant.

सलावत s. m. Commerce, ttrade, traffic

being a mixed practice of tunth and lies).

सल s. m. The quality of excellence or goodness.

सलर adj. Quick, expeditious. adv. Quickly, swiftly.

सल्दता s. f. Quickness, speed.

समा s. m. Association with the good. सलांसा adj. Child born in the seventh mouth.

सथवार s. m. A heap of slain.

स्यारा s. m. A sweetmeat given to a childbed woman.

বিষয় s. m. A surgeon; a mark in form of a cross, the four arms of which are bent at right angles; prefixed in vermilion by *Hindus* to their account books at the commencement of a new year; the same figure is formed on the ground with flour, at marriages and other ceremonies.

सदग s. m. A place, house, mansion.

सद्य adj. Benevolent, compassionate.

सहया s. f. The female of the little bird called Amadavat; a kind of mendicant

ueus. m. Any person present at an assembly, a spectator, an assessor, a member, &c.

सदा adj. Always, at all times.

चदानति s. m. Final happiness, emancipation from life; the Supreme Spirit.

सहाचार s. m. Virtuous conduct.

सदात्मा adj. Good, virtuous.

सहानव्ह adj. Always happy.

सदानमें s. m. A wagtail.

सदापुषी s.f. A shrub, gigantic swallowwort, the white variety-

REINE 5. m. The cocoanut tree; the glomerous fig-tree; the jack (Artocorpus integrifolis?); the Bel (Ægle marmelos).

देशक s. m. Alms, or food distributed daily to the poor, travellers, &c.

सदाभिष s. m. Shiva.

a flower (Hibiscus phæniceus, the white variety); a kind of mendicant dressed like a woman.

सहिया s.f. The female of the little bird called Amadavat.

सहमर s. m. A proper or good reply. सड्ड adj. Like, similar.

सद्भवा s. f. Likeness, sameness.

सदेश adj. Near, proximate; of the same country or place.

सदेइ adj. With body. adv. Bodily.

सङ्ख् s.f. Felicity or fortune; good conduct.

es adj. Good, pure, virtuous; excellent, eminent.

THE S. m. A pure or holy disposition or nature, a good temper; amiability, kindly feeling; the property of goodness.

even v. n. To be fully instructed or or disciplined.

संपन्नी adj. Observing the same customs or laws.

gual s. f. A wife, whose husband is living.

इधाना v. a. To train animals; to perform.

gn s. m. Name of a plant (Crotalaria juncea), a kind of flax; a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

सनस्नाचा v. n. To jingle, to ring, to faint.

सनसूत s.m. Packthread, or a net made of it.

हनपात s. m. A disease in which the body is seized with universal chilliness, deliquium: it is explained by the *Hindu* physicians to be that in which the three humours, bile, phlegm and atrabilis are corrupted.

चनातन adj. Eternal, continual, perpetual; firm, fixed, permanent.

सनावा s. f. A woman whose husband is living.

विषया s. m. A kind of Tasar cloth. सनीचर s. m. Saturn, Saturday.

सनीचरा adj. Unlucky (fellow). s.m. Name of a mountain near Gwalior.

चन s.m. A kind of devotee, a saint. adj. Pious, virtuous.

सन्तर्ति s. f. Race, lineage; a son, a daughter, offspring, progeny.

सन्ता adj. Distressed, afflicted, wretched. सन्ता adj. Depraved; miserly.

सनाम s. m. Family, race, lineage; offspring, progeny, a son or daughter, children.

सनाप s. m. Heat, burning heat; offiction, sorrow, pain, distress, misery, repentance.

सनापी adj. Sad, sorrowfal.

सनी s. mi. A succedaneum.

सन्द adj. Satisfied, gratified, delighted, content, pleased.

सने adv. Instead, stead.

समीष s. m. Content, patience, satisty, satisfaction, joy, pleasure, delight, happiness, gratification. Santosk karna, To be patient, to be content. समीबी adj. Patient, contented; con-

soled, comforted, gratified. হাব্দে adj. Doubted, questioned, doubt-

ful. सन्देश s. m. News, tidings, information; a message.

सन्देशो s. m. A messenger.

सन्देश s. m. Doubt, uncertainty, क्षान्य picion, apprehension, heaitation, anxiety. सरेडी adj. Doubtful, scrupulous, distrustful, suspicious.

स्थान s. m. Spying, prying into secrets.

Sandhan pans, v. a. To trace, to discover.

समाना s. m. Pickles, &c., acid pre-समानी s. f. paration of the Bel and other fruits.

स्ति s. m. Union, junction, connexion, comb ination; peace, making peace, pacification; a hole, a chasm.

ewil s. f. Twilight, either morning or evening; a period of time, forenoon, afternoon, or mid-day.

manuele c. m. Twilight.

समास्त्रम s. m. Evening twilight.

ential salutation.

stained, soiled, smeared or defiled; to be kneaded, mixed up (as four, dough, earth, &c.)

rumbling noise made by wind and rain at a distance, sound, bluster.

सञ्ज्ञ s. m. ভরিষাৰ s. m. ভরিষা s. f.

चित्रपात s. m. Morbid state of the three humours.

सनिष्य odj. Near, proximate, at hand, present.

सन्तान s.m. Respect, for the good; respect, esteem, reverence, regard. सन्तानो adj. Polite, civil; respectful.

समास adj. Opposite, confronting, in face, over against.

सञ्चास s. m. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions.

समासी s.m. Brahman of the fourth order, the religious mendicant; an ascetic, a devotee.

सपण s.f. An oath, an asseveration.

सपदि कांग्र. Instantly, in a moment, quickly, swiftly.

सपना s. m. A dream.

सम् है s. m. A dream, Sapndosh s. m. सपना है Nocturnal pollution. Sapnabichari, s. m. An interpreter of dreams.

चप्रव adj. With sprouts, shoots, or twigs (a pot, &c. in times of rejoicing).

सपष s. m. A partisan, a follower, an adherent, ene of the same side or party.

चंपुन हे s. m. A tractable and dutiful चपत son.

स्पोता } s. m. A young snake just स्पोतिया ∫ hatched.

सप्तनी s.f. The seventh day of the fortnight.

THIE S. m. A week.

वक्ती t. f. A small glistening fish, commonly termed Punthi, a sort of carp (Cyprinus Sophore).

समुख adj. Productive, fruitful, learing fruit, yielding a profit, &c.

(In the inflection of the plural this word generally becomes Subhon). Subkuchh, Every thing, all. Sabkoi, Every body, every one. Sabkhouwa, Omnivorous, one who eats all kind of food without exception. Sab misriki hyn daliyan (all are pieces of sugar), is applied to denote equality or similitude of state, form; &c.

सबस adj. Powerful forcible.

सबार s. f. Power, force, strength. सबेर adj. Early, soon, in good time. सबेर s. m. Morning, dawn.

सबीर adv. In the morning early, soon. सबीसर adj. Everywhere.

a word; (in gram.) a declinable

word, as a noun, pronoun, &c.; a song ( smong Nanakpanthis ).

सभव adj. Fearing, fearful.

चभा s.f. An assembly, meeting, company. [sembly.

चमापति s. m. The president of an as-चमापद s. m. One of a company, an assistant at an assemble or meeting; (in law) an assessor.

Ew adj. Trusted, confidential, faithful.
s. m. An assistant at an assembly;
an assessor.

समता s. f. Politeness, refinement in manners.

सम adj. All, whole, entire; like, similar. s. m. A tone in music.

समञ्ज s.f. Understanding, comprehension, knowledge, opinion, conception, thought, mind.

suppose, think, conceive, consider, deem, fancy perceive, apprehend, know, come to an understanding (with).

समस्तार adj. Prudent, wise, considerate. समस्तामा v. a. To make comprehend, to explain, to account for, to convince, describe, inform, safety, undeceive, warn, admonish, instruct, apologize.

समस्तावा } s.f. Act of explaining, समस्ताता } convincing or giving confidence.

समञ्जस adj. Proper, right, fit. s. m. Property, fitness.

समता s.f. Sameness, similarity, equality, similitude, parallelism, resemblance, comparison, parity.

समद्भी s. m. Impartial, equally viewing both sides.

समदः ब adj. Sympathizing, feeling for another's woe.

समञ्ज s. f. Child's mother-in-law. समञ्ज्ञाबा s. m. The mutual embracing of two Sambhis.

ससमध्याना s. m. The family of a child's father-in-law.

चनधी s. m. Child's father-in-law.

समाव adj. Of like nature or property. s. m. Equability; sameness.

समस्मि s. m. Even ground.

समय s. m. Time; leisure, opportunity; season, fit or proper time for any thing.

समर s. m. War, battle, conflict.

चनचे adj. Strong, powerful; able, adequate to, capable. s. m. Strength, power.

समर्थेस s. m. Aloe wood (Amyrisagallocka). समर्थेता s. f. Strength, power, poweress; ability, capability, adequacy.

चमधी adj. Strong, powerful.

समपेष s. m. Delivering, consigning, committing, entrusting to another.

नमपित adj. Delivered, made over, consigned.

समर्थाद वर्धुं. Correct in conduct.

समल adj. Dirty, muddy, filthy.

समस adj. All. whole, entire, complete.

समा है s. m. Time, season; plenty, समा है abundance; state, condition; concord, harmony, unison. Sams-bandhna v. n. To be in concert.

समादे s f. Endurance; patience; capability.

समास्या s. f. Fame, reputation.

समास्थान adj. Famed, celebrated; notorious, public.

चमागत adj. Arrived, approached, met, encountered; united, joined.

समावित s. f. Arrival, approach; union, joining; encountering, meeting; similar condicion or progress. समाया मार्ग का. Union, junction; arrival,

approach; association, acquaintance, intercourse; encounter, meeting.

conduct, s. m. Information, tradition, news, tidings, intelligence, advice, account of circumstances or health, &c.

समाज s.m. A multitude, a number (of any thing except beasts); an assembly; a meeting; apparatus; society. समाबी s.f. Musicians that attend dancers.

प्रवापात s. m. Religious meditation; promising, declaring; consolation, comfort, solace; pacification; adjustment, the act of satisfying.

write s. f. Tomb of a Jogi, particularly where Hindus, from religious motives, submit to be buried alive; deep and devout meditation; an exercise of austerity among Jogis, whereby they are supposed to acquire the power of suspending during their pleasure the connextion between their soul and body.

समान adj. Like, akin, alike, similar, equal, adequate; one, uniform, same. s.f. Equality; level, rank.

समानकाकीन adj. Occuring or produced at the same period.

समानजन्मा adj. Of equal age.

समानता s. f. Sameness, resemblance, equalidy, likeness; community of kind or quality. [into.

समाना v. n. To be contained in, to go समापन s. m. Conclusion, completion, finish.

चनापन्न adj. Finished, done, completed, concluded.

समापित ) ody. Finished, done, con-समाप्त ) cluded, completed, accomplished, perfected. चनाप्ति s.f. End, conclusion, completion, perfection, finish.

सनाचो इ. f. A collection of flowers, a nosegay, &c.

चनाच् e. m. A plunt (Vitex trifolics and negundo).

समाद s. m. Room, space.

समार्थम s. m. Entrance.

समास s. m. Contraction, abridgement, conciseness; compositions of words, formation of compound terms (in grammar).

पनिति s. f. Sameness, likeness, equality. पनिष s. f. Fuel, wood, grass, &c., employed to kindle or light a fire.

समीवरच s. m. (In arithmetic) Equation. समीप adj. Near, contiguous, proximate, at hand. postpos mas. Near.

समीपता s. f. Proximity, contiguity.

चनीपी s.f. Proximity, nearness.

समुचित adj. Fit, right, proper.

ससुषय s. m. Assemblage, collection, either in thought or fact; conjunction of words or sentences.

चसुव्यक्ति s. f. Origin, production, birth.

सन्तवन adj. Born, produce.

समुद्धाद s. m. Festivity.

समस्य s. m. Ascent, rise; rising (as of the sun, &c.)

सन्तराव s. m. Multitude, quantity, number, heap. adj. Aggregate.

चसुद्र इ. m. À sea, an ocean.

रामुद्रकप s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

समदतद s. m. The sea coast.

ससुद्रतीर s. m. The sea-shore.

समुद्रपेन s. m. The dorsal scale or cuttlefish bone ( Sepis officinalis ).

समुद्रस्ववच s.m. Sea salt.

समुद्रकि s. m. Submarine, fire.

समुद्रशेष s. m. A medicine (Convolvulus argentius).

समुदान s. m. The sea shore. adv. As

far as the sea.

चतुत्राचा s. f. A shrub (Hedgtarum alkagi); the cotton plant; a guanineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

fish, perhaps intending the whale, hyperbolically described.

समृद्धिक s. f. Palmistry, fortune telling, the art of physiognomy.

समृद्रिको s. m. A fortune-teller, a physioguomist, a palmister.

समृद्धि adj. Marine, oceanic, maritime. समुदा adj. Entire, whole.

general, heap, number, multitude, quantity, &c.

तमें सभे सभे opportunity.

used by women for constringing parposes; contraction.

mass; to constringe, contract, compress, brace, to cause to shrivel or shrink.

समेत adv. With, along with, together सन्ति s. m. Season, time.

सनीना v. a. To cool warm warm by mixing it with cool water.

चनात s. f. Prosperity, success, increase of any favourable kind, or of wealth, fame, power, &c.; advancement in good qualities, perfection, excellence; a necklace of pearls, &c.

affected, obtained; dreaperous, fortunate, thriving, happy.

चनक s. m. Mixture, mingling, contact, union, junction; copulation.

सन्तार्**च** adj. Who or what fulfils, accomplishes, &c.

क्षताह्व s.m. Gaining, acquiring; accomplishing, effecting.

चमाहित adj. Attained, obtained, gained, gotten; effected, accomplished.

समाद s. m. A casket, a covered box.

मण्यं adj. Whole, entire, complete, finished.

सस्पर्यता s.f. Fulness, completion.

मुम्मित adv. Now, at present, at this time.

चन्द्राज s. m. Gift, donation; (in grammar) the dative case.

सम्बद्ध क. Traditional doctrine what has been transmitted from one toacher to another, and is established as of sacred authority.

सन्तरभन इ. क. Effecting, accomplishing, performing well or completely.

समाम s. m. Setting out on a journey. समाप्त adj. Attained, obtained, getten. समाप्ति s. f Obtaining, getting, acquisi-

सन्त्रीत बत्रे. Well pleased, delighted, सन्त्रीत s.f. Attachment, affection; de-

tion.

सम्मोत इ. f. Attachment, affection; delight.

connexion by birth or marriage, retionship; rhyme, metre; (in grammer) the possessive case.

ৰক্ষী adj. Related to, a relation, a connexion; connected with, belonging or relating to. s. m. A relation; son or daughter's father-in-law.

The vocative case.

सन्तोधन :. m. Calling, addressing, calling to; the vocative case; comfort, soothing, encouragement, the act of censoling.

बचावना v n. To be supported, to stand, stop, be firm, recover one's self from a fall, &c.

TWI s. m. Capacity, appropriateness,

adoptation; possibility; consistency. compatibility.

स्थादना v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield protect, stop, return, restrain, check, repress.

fitness, suitableness; adequacy, competency; possibility; probability; (in grammar) the sense of the potential mood.

समाजिस adj. Possible.

समावण s. m. Conversation, discourse.

es s. m. A parent, a progenitor.

सभी न s. m. Enjoyment, pleasure, delight; coition, copulation.

सन्धोमी adj. Sensual, sensualist.

समोजन s. m. A meal partaken together, a convivial party.

सञ्जा s. m. Esteem, respect, raverence, honour, awe.

curred in, approved of; conformable to. s. m. Opinion, sentiment.

ভাষানি s. f. Wish, desire; agreement, assent, similarity of opinion or purpose; approbation.

स्वात s. m. Respect, homage.

ward adj. Respectable, honourable.

measure or extent; meted, measured.

Ruconntering, facing, in

सस्य वर्त्र. Encountering, facing, in front of.

स्या बोन adj. Before, in front or in face of.

सना व adj. Fascinated, bewildered; stripified, astounded.

समोद s. m. Pleasure, delight.

स्कोइ s. m. Ignorance ; folly ; beguilement, fascination ; stupefaction.

समोदित adj. Beguiled, fascinated; enrapture, overcome with delight. uma adv. All, wholly; properly, fitly, in the right manner.

स्वक s. m. Bleep, repose.

सवान s. m. Cunning, shrewdness.

Running, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent: mature (in understanding), grown up.

et s. m. An arrow; a lake, a pool.

सरकड़ा } s.m. A reed (Saccharum pro-सरकड़ा } cerum).

move, stir, to get out of the way, budge.

सरकान। v. a. To move, put on one side, to move out of the way.

सरगुष adj. All qualities, possessing all qualities (an epithel of the deity).

सरह s. m. A lizard, a chameleon.

सरह s. m. A kind of musk-melon.

सरन } s. f. An asylum, shelter, pro-सरना } tection.

सरना v. n. To be performed, to be carried on, to issue, to be ended.

सर्वातत s. m. A refugee, one who has come for protection or refuge.

सरवागनवस्त्रक adj. Merciful to those come for sanctuary, an epithet of the Deity.

सर्प s. m. A serpent.

सरपट s. f. Galloping. Sarpat phenkha.
To set off in a gallop.

सर्पत s. m. A kind of reed, or reed-grass (Sacharum procerum).

स्वतं s. m. Every thing, whole property. स्वतं adj. Plain, artless, honest, sincere, simple, candid, upright; perpendicular, straight, s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus longifolia); a bird (Pavo bicalcarata).

A variety of the plans called Teori.

adj. Equal.

abundant, plenty.

सरसराजा v. n. To creep along as a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

सरसा adj. Best, excellent, prime; more, abundant, plenty. [lence.

सरसार s. f. Increase, abundance, excel-सरसी s. f. A species of mustard ( Sinapis dichotoma .

सरसन odj. Elegant.

संरक्षती s. f. The wife of Brahms, the goddes of speech and eloquence, the patroness of music and the arts and the inventress of the Sanscrit language and Devnagri letters; a river. the Sarsaty, which rivers on the mountains bounding the morth-east part of the province of Delhi, whence it runs in a south-westerly direction, and is lost in the sands of the great desert in the Bhatti, according to the Hindus the river only disappears in this place, and continuing its , course under ground, joins the Ganges and James at Allahabad.

सरा s. f. An earthen cover of a pot.

सराई s.f. A small cover.

श्राप s. m. Curse, imprecation. Sarap dena, To curse.

सरापना v. a. To curse.

saucer used as such.

सरावक s. m. A Hindu tribe; the followers of the Jyn religion; the laity. सरावन s. m. A harrow.

TIV s. f. Praise, commendation.

सराइन s. m. Praising.

सराह्ना v. a. To praise, commend, approve, applaud, celebrate.

सरिवन s. m. The gamut; sol-faing, solmization.

सरो s. f. The shaft of an arrow; a reed of which arrows are made.

सरीका adj. Like, resembling; so.

or natural shape, or form, appearance, identity, shape, form, a spectacle; with form, with appearance.

परणता s.f. Likeness, resemblance.

सर्पी adj. In its own shape, as it really appears.

moon, consisting of five stars, probably in Cancer. adj. Cunning, sly.

सरेश s. m. Glue, starch.

परी ज s. m. A lotus.

सरीता s. m. A kind of scissors for cutting betel-nut.

यरीन adj Sick, diseased.

स्रोवर s. m. A lake or large pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus to grow.

यरोड़ी s.f. A kind of scimitar.

वरें। ज s. f. A kind of seed.

स्चिं s. f. Natron, alkali.

सर्प s. m. A snake, a serpent.

स्पेनचा s. f. A plant, perhaps the same as the serpent ophioxylon.

सपेक्ष s. m. A mushroom.

uपेष्मच s. m. The snake-stone, a gem or pearl said to resemble in form the berry of the Abras precstorious; and to be found in the head of the snake.

स्पेम्च s. m. The snake-stone or carbuncle, or a jewel said to be found in the head of a snake, possessing also alexipharmic properties.

सर्पेश्व s. m. An ichneumon, a mangoose.

सर्वेत्रच s. m. A total colipse.

सर्वे adj. All, whole, entire, complete, universal.

चर्चे बारी adj. The maker of all things.

स्वेदात s.m. All seasons or times सर्वेदातीय adj. Of all times or seasons. सर्वेद adj. Going every where, all pre-

vading.

सर्वेजत adj. Omnipresent, universally diffused.

सर्वेक्स s. m. A class of four sromatics, or K. kkol, cloves, agallochum and gum benjamin.

सर्वजनत् s. f. The universe, the whole world.

सर्वेशित adj. All-subduing, irresistible; all-surpassing, excellent incomparable. s. m: The twenty-first year of the cycle.

सर्वेश adj. Omniscient, all-wise.

सर्वेचता s. f. Omniscience.

सर्वतेञ्चस s. m. All-splendour or power. सर्वतेञ्चीस्य adj. Made, comprising or

consisting of all-splendour or power.

કર્મો મર adj. Every where auspicious. s. m. A temple or palace of a square form, with an entrance opposed to each point of the compass.

स्वेत adv. Every where, in all places; always, at all times.

सर्था adv. In all ways, by all means; assuredly, certainly.

सबैदनम adj. All-subduing, irresistible. सबैदनों adj. All-seeing.

सर्हा adv. Always, at all times.

सर्वदु:सदय s. m. Final emancipation from transmigration,

सर्वेभच s. m. Whole wealth or property; (in arithmetic) total of a sun in progression.

सर्वधारी s. f. The twenty-second year of the cycle.

मवेगाम s. m. A pronoun.

सर्वनाम s. m. Total destruction, destruction of all.

सरेपूर्वता s. f. Entire completion

fulness, complete preparation or pro-

चर्निय adj. Generally or universally beloved; generally friendly, loving all. चर्मच adj. Omnivorous, eating all or

वभच ad). Omnivorous, eating all o any thing, all-devouring.

सबेभाव .e. m. Whole disposition, all one's thoughts and purpose.

सर्वभूत s. m. All the elements; all created things.

सर्वेनय adj. General, universal, comprehensive, comprehending.

सर्वराब s. m. The whole night.

सर्वेश्वीक s. m. The universe.

सर्विद् } ady. Omniscient, all-wise.

चर्चसनता s. f. Sameness or identity with all things; equanimity, equal regard for all.

सर्वेष adj. All-enduring, bearing all things with patience and firmness. s. m. Bdellium.

घरेंस s. m. Whole property or possessions; substance, whole essence of any thing.

सर्वेसर्घ adj. Fined in all one's property. s. m. Confiscation of property. सर्वेसर्थ s. m. Confiscation of a whole

निसाम् का m. Confiscation of a whole property.

सर्वेखामी s. m. A universal monarch; the owner or master of all.

सर्वेषार s. m. Total confiscation.

सर्वोद्ध s. m. The whole body.

चर्नाका s. m. The supreme or universal spirit; all beings collectively.

सर्वोधिकार s. m. General control or superintendance.

सर्वाधिकारी s. m. A general or head superintendant.

सर्वार्थम adv. For or on account of all. सर्वात्रय adj. Giving shelter or protection to all.

78-05

or

चित्र s. m. Supreme or universal monarch; the Supreme Being.

'संशीविष्णच s. m. A class of certain principal drugs, consisting of Mura Valeriana Jatamansi, Orris root, Benzoin, Zedoary, Kurk, or Costes speciosus, red saunders, and Cyperus.

सर्वे।पिसर s. m. The juice or infusion of a number of plants as used at a royal inauguration.

चर्च s. m. A sort of mustard (Sinapis dichotoma); a kind of poison.

सलक adj. Bashful, modest, ashamed.

स्वता v. n. To pierce, prick, perforate, - enter. s. m. A rivulet.

सलसलना v. n. To creep (as a shake), to make the noise a snake does when creeping,

सनाई s. f. A needle, or piece of wire for tinging the cyclids with a collyrium: also used for depriving people of sight which is effected by drawing it while hot, close over the eyes of the sufferer; a lead pencil.

सवाचा s. f. A rule, a ruler; a probe.

चिता 8. f. A river.

चित्र s. m. Water; liquid.

पचनी s. f. The full moon in Sawus, at which time the ornament called rathi is tied round the wrist.

चचप s.m. A little.

चचीन adj. Salted (food). s. m. Name of a district.

कंखोना कत्में. Salted, salt, seasoned ; tasteful; beautiful; expressive (a countenance).

चलोगी adj. Seasoned, tasteful; beantiful (when applied to a mistress).

सम्बद्धी s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellie thurifera).

चन्न s. m. A kind of coarse cloth.

of leather with which shoes are stitched.

will adj. Foolish (a women).

सर्वे adj. Like, resembling ; of the same tribe or class; of the same kind, homogeneous.

सदा adj. With a quarter, a quarter more. सनाई s. m. A title of the Rajah of Jeypore; a quarter more.

सर्वात s. m. Mimickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Suwanglána, To imitate, &c.

सर्वाची s. m. An actor, a mimick.

सवाचना v. n. To try, to prove.

सदाइ s. m. Relish, flavour, taste, sweetness : pleasure.

सनाया adj. A quarter added. सरीया ।

सविद्यास adj. Wanton, sportive.

स्विचाब adj. Astonished, surprised.

am adj. Left, left hand; south, southern; reverse, contrary, backward.

var adj. Fearful, doubtful.

समीन adj. Sorrowful, sad. adv. Sorrowfully.

ससंबय adj. Doubtful, uncertain.

चंदा adj. Cheap.

सकाई s. f. Cheapness.

संशाना v. n. To rest.

ससा s. m. A hare.

ससर s. m. Father-in-law.

यख s. m. Frait ; com, grais.

सुरकार s. m. A fragrant sort of mango; assistance.

सम्बारिता s. f. Co-operation, assistance. सङ्कारी odj. An assistant or associate.

s. m. A helper.

सद्भमन s. m. Going with, accompanying; a woman's burning herself on the funeral pile with her deceased husband.

A thong, narrow slips विश्वप् s. m. A companion, a follower:

खड़चरी s.f. A wife ; a woman's female friend or confidante.

पुरवारी adj. A companion, an attendant, .

चण्ड adj. Essy, not difficult, facile. adv. Easily. Sahoj-subhachi, With natural ease.

सम्जना s. m. A tree, the root of which supplies the place of horseradish (Guilandina morunga; Hyperanthere morunga.

सप्त s. m. Sufferance, endurance; association union.

सदम adj. Patient, enduring, suffering, bearing. s. m. Bearing; enduring.

सङ्ग्डार odi. Sufferable, bearable. tolerable.

TENT v. n. To bear, endure, support.

चक्रमरच s. m. Concremation, a widow's burning herself with the corpse of her husband.

क्राना v. n. To thrill, have the hairs stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently; tickle, titillate; to tire, harass, tease.

सहरायन 8. f. Titillation.

संदर्भ s. f. A fish, the small carp ( Cyprinus chrysopareius ).

चइनाना v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle.

यहजाइट s. f. Gentle, rubbing, stroking, titillation.

सहवैया s. m. A sufferer.

**पर्**ष 8. m. The month Agraháyana (November-December); the winter season; strength, power.

सम्बा adv. Quickly, precipitately, inconsiderately, without consideration or pause.

avum apj. Patient, enduring.

सम्बा s. m. The month Pousha (December-January).

नप्प s. m. A thousand.

सप्सदंत s. m. A sort of skate fish-( Bilurus pelorius ).

सम्मयुग s. m. A period of a thousand सम्बाच adj. Thousand-eyed; used fignratively, vigilant, all-perceiving, all-inspecting, all-powerful.

यह की s. m. Commander or prefect of a thousand.

चराई s. m. Aider, assistant, helper. पहांज adj. Tolerable.

स्थापी s. m. Bearing, endurance.

सभाग s.m. A musical mode.

सदाय s. m. A. companion, a follower and adherent; a helper.

सङ्ख्या s. m. A succourer, aider, ally.

सदायता s. f. Aid, help, assistance, friendship.

सदायवान adj. Befriended, assisted, accompanied.

चप्रारा s. m. Assistance, aid, help, association. Schara karns To abet.

सदार्थ adj. Synonymous, having the same meaning.

याचित adj. Accompanied by, in company with, associated with. adv. With, together with.

संदिशाना v. n. To thrill, have the hairs stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; tire, harass;

ৰাছৰ adj. Patient, enduring, resigned. महिष्यता s. f. Patience, resignation.

सदी An emphatical particle, (it is) true or correct or good; very well ; सदेशा v. a. To try; to adjust; to provide.

चरेलो s.f. A woman's female companion, a handmaid damsel, concubine.

सहीहर s. m. A brother of whole blood. one by the same father and mother. Schodar bhai, Full brother.

स्रोत s. m. A plummet.

संशोटी s. f. A kind of door-frame.

an adj. To borne or suffered.

To adj. Like, resembling (most commonly by way of adjunct; like the English ISH), as Kala-sa, Blackish; an adjunct the meaning of which is at times scarcely perceptible, though often it seems to give intensity to the preceding word, as Bshut-sa, Much, many, very much.

चाज adj. Tractable. s. m. A relation.

साजंगी s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is propped.

献 s. m. Lord, master; (met.) a mendicant; the deity; an imitative sound, as of wind.

सास s. f. Fear; the asthma; a lump of a sweetment (particularly of Julebee).

s. f. A chain, a kind of female ornament; a strait, a narrow lane; (met.) difficulty. adj. Tight, narrow, close, strait, strict.

संाचल s. f. A chain.

सामा s. m. A bridge; a kind of wood (Shores robusta).

श्राम s. f. A spear or javelin, all of iron.
s. m. Disgnise, mimickry, sham,
acting, imitation; a scene. Sang
karna, n. a. To act foolishly. Sang
lana. To imitate, to mimick.

संजो s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is propped.

साबीत s. m. The exhibition of song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

सागूस s.f. A scate.

सावर s. m. A wife's son by a former husband. [real. साप adj. True, proper, correct, exact,

साचा s. m. A mould.

संक्ष s. f. Evening.

संस्था s. m. Image of cow-dung made by children in the month of Asin, krishna-paksha, to represent idols,

साउ है. f. Joining, sticking; confederacy, collusion; a stick for threshing corn with, a flail.

साटा s. m. A stick or whip with which elephants are beaten at the time of fight; a spur.

संदिश v. a. To join thread, to join, splice, to stick together.

साइ है s. m. A bull; a stallion; (met.) ' बाइ का independent, extravagant fellow.

संहरी s. f. A female camel, a dromedary. Sandai-sawar, One who rides on a camel.

साडा s. m. Name of an-animal resembling a lizard) the oil of which is said to have restorative powers).

सात adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified, appeased. Sant karna, To be appeased or pacified.

माती prep. Instead. s.f. Stead.

साप s. m. A snake, a serpent.

संापन s. f. A female snake.

साभर s. m. The name of a town, near Annere, in the vicinity of which is a lake, from which salt is extracted; the salt itself.

[ plexion.

संत्रका adj. Of a dark or sallow com-संत्रा s. m. A very small grain (Panicum frumentaceum).

To gasp or draw in breath (as a person in agony) Sansa bharna, To sigh, to regret. Sansa rukna, To be smothered or throttled. Sansarokna, v. a. To suffocate, to stifle.

संसना v. a. To snub, distress, threaten. संश्वा s. m. Imagination, reflection, fancy, fear, apprehension.

संस्थादिक adj. Worldly, of or belonging to the world.

establish an era; (met.) to distinguish one's self by heroic actions.

Sake-bandh, s.m. A king who has established an era.

सामार adj. Having form or shape.

season.

साचा s. f. A branch.

भाषी s. f. An evidence, a witness; an eye-witness.

सास्त्रात adj. Evident, conspicuous, sdv. Before, in the presence of.

साम है s. m. Green, edible vege-स.म गत tables, culinary herbs, potherb. Sagpat hona, To become soft.

bones of Sagar's 60,000 sons the Ganges is said to have been led by Bhagirath, his great-great-grandson, to the ocean, at the place now called Ganga-sagar.

सामून s.f. Teak wood or tree ( Tectona grandis).

शासास s. f. A chain.

s. m. A system of philosophy, ascribed originally to the Muni Kapil.

s. m. Disguise, mimickry, sham acting. imitation; a scene. Sáng karns. v. a. To act foolishly. Sáng lana, To imitate, to mimic.

साच बतां. True.

सम्ब s. m. Preparation, harness, accountrements,

साञ्चन s. m. A sweetheart, lover.

corate, bedeck, regulate. v. n. To become, fit, suit.

eiwi s. m. Partnership, association.

साम्बी s. m. A partner, associate.

चाटवाट s. f. Combining, leaguing, confederating.

साठ adj. Sixty.

the rains ( so called, because it ripens in 60 days from the time of sowing ).

with s. f. A dress consisting of one piece of cloth worn by Hindu women round the body and passing over the head.

चाड़ी s. m. The spring harvest or grain cut in the spring.

नाइ s. m. A wife's sister's husband.

Til adj. (used with nouns of number denotes) With a half (of one, or of the aggregate number in addition to the number specified).

ein adj. Seven, Sat panch karna, To be in doubt, to be unable to decide what to do. Sat samundar, The name of a game.

सातना adj. Seventh.

सातिसार *कते*ं. Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery.

सालिक adj. Spontaneous, sincere; relating to or proceeding from the Saturah quality, honest, true, good, gentle, amiable, &c.

s. m. Society, company. Sáth iske,
Along with this; besides, moreover.
Sáth usks, Along with that, although, notwithstanding. Sáth-dena,
To join, associate with. Sáth-wala,
A comrade, a companion. Sáthan-sáth, Together with, along with.

साचिन a.f. A female companion.

स्ता . m. A companion, comrade, ally, accomplice, associate. Sáthisáth, Together, in one company.

चादर adj. Respectful, adv. Respectfully.

सादरा s. m. A kind of song.

चाइम s. m. Resemblance, similarity.

साथ odj. Virtuous, righteous, good, holy. s. m. A religious persen, a mendicant. s. f. Desire.

uru adj. Completing, perfecting, finishing, who or what effects or completes; holy, devotes. s. m. A practiser.

নাখন s. m. Accomplising, effecting; practice,

any habit, to teach, learn, habitunte, accustom, to use, practise, regulate pacify, correct, rectify, settle, fix or determine, accomplish, s. f. The act of familiarizing by habitude, practice; accomplishment.

WITTE adj. In common; common.

वाधारवार्थ s. m. Common or universal duty, conduct to be observed by all castes or orders; as humanity, &c.

honest. s. m. A merchant; a kind of mendicant.

चापुता s. f. Goodness, honesty, correctness, piety.

चापुपच s. m. A flower ( Hibiscus mutabilis ).

भाइत्य s. m. The Kadamb tree (Nancles Cadamba).

बाह्यीय adj. Vistuons, rightcons, wisely or virtuously inclined.

practicable, easy. s. m. The twentysecond astronomical yes. सान s.f. A whestone, a grindstone, सामनुष्काना v. a. To make one anderstand by hints.

सामा

ভালী s.f. Chaff or straw mixed with grain (particularly that from which oil has been expressed), as food for cattle.

सान s. m. Table-land, level ground on the top or edge of a mountain.

सार्थ्य s. m. Conciliation, reconcilement. सामा v. o. To knead, to mix up (flour, dough, earth, &c.), to impregnate, stam, soil. smear, defile; to whet.

सिध्य s. m. Proximity, vicinity.

भाप s. m. Imprecation, curse.

सापन s. m. A disorder in which the hair gradually falls off.

सापना v. a. To curse.

साप्रराष्ट्र कर्ता. Faulty, offending.

सावित e. f. A female snake.

चाकाच adj. Productiveness, fruitsiness. चाकाम adj. Attentive, cautious.

any kind of deer's hide for bedding; a small anvil.

चाद्यभंत s. m. A spell composed in colloquial language.

चानूत adj. Whole, entire.

the prayers of which composed in metre, are always sung or chanted.

सामधी s. f. Furniture, tools, apparatus articles, materiels, sconery.

सामर s. m. A kind of salt.

सावर्ष s 🏂 Ability., power.

जानवीं adj. Powerful, mighty, able, capable.

सामर्थ s. m. Ability, power.

चाना s. f. Apparatus, provisions, ferniture, articles.

समाजिक s. mi. An assistant or specistor at an assembly, &c, कानाच adj. Common, general, generie, universal.

सानामस्य s. m. A generic or specific character.

खानाचा s: f. A female who is common to all men, a harlot.

सामी s.f. A ferrule. adv. In front, fronting, before, confronting, opposite.

चानीष s. m. Proximity, nearness.

सामादम s. f. Palmistry, chiromancy, fortune-telling, physiognomy.

ধাৰা ) s. m. Encountering, con-ভাৰত্বা ) fronting, facting, front, opposition. Sámna karns, To confront, oppose, encounter.

खान } adv. In front, fronting, be-साम्हन } fore, confronting, opposite.

सामार s. m. An elk.

शादंकाल s. m. Eventide, evening.

भाशा s. m. Shade.

era adj. Best, excellent. s. m. The pith or sap of trees, &c. strength, vigour; the essence of any thing, the essence; value, worth; manure; iron; the piece used in playing choupur.

a snake, a serpent; a cloud; the cry
of a peacock; a deer; a weman;
water; the name of a country; a
lamp; the Nymphes lotus.

चार्राच्या a, m. A fiddler.

सारको s. f. A musical instrument like fiddle.

सारता s. f. Strength, substance ; essence सारवी s. m. A chariotees.

सार्या v. a. To perform, accomplish, effect, complete, make, mend.

सारली इ. m. Steel.

चारत adj. Enhatantial, having trith, substance, strength, &c. सारविष्य adj. Pithless, sapless.

सारस s. m. The Indian crane, male and female, ( Ardea Sibirica).

Saraswat country, or the north-west part of the province of Delhi:

att adj. All, whole. s. m. Wife's brother-in-law.

मारार्थ s. m. Abridgment.

सारिका s. f. A bird (Turdus solics); also a myna (Graoula religiosa).

with s. f. Cream; a dress consisting of one piece of cloth worn by *Hindis* women round the body and passing over the head.

us . f. A bird, a starling.

साफों s. f. The ninth lunar as terism. ' मापेमीस s. m. An emperor, a universal monarch.

नावेसी बिक adj. Universally known prevailing throughout the universe.

सार्वेब किंदा adj. Of every kind or sort; belonging or relating to every tribe.

(Shorea rogusta); a thorn; perforation, bore, mortise, a hole made by driving a pin into the ground, &c. s. f. A house; place; a school. s. m. A jackal.

नासराम s. m. A stone, a species of Ammonite common in the Gmnduk river, and worshipped by the Vysk-nuos, as a type of Vishnu.

साल्य है. m. Meat or fish, &c. चास्त्र्या है eaten with bread or rice. सास्त्र्या v. a. To penetrate, perforate, bore, prick, pierce, drill. v. a. To ache to be in pain, to smart,

सामानि s. f. A shrub ( Hedysarum gangeticum).

सालपच s. m. A shrab (Hibiscus mutabilis).

साहरत s. m. The resinous juice of the Sal tree.

साखवाइन s. m. The sovereign Salivahan.

सालवा s. m. Sarsaparilla.

ৰাজা s. m. A wife's brother, brother-inlaw; (in copos. mostly), house, place ভাৰী s. f. Sister-in-law, wife's sister,

especially younger sister.

सासू s. m. A kind of red cloth (dyed with Morinda).

सादोतरी s. m. A horse-doctor.

सार्व s. m. A child, the young of animals.

चानकास s. m. Leisure, opportunity.

game (i. e. wild saimals for the chase).

सारमान adj. Careful, cautious, attentive. सारमानी s. f. Cantion, attention.

eying s. m. The name of the fourth Hindu month, July-August. Saran hare nah Bhadon sukhe (Flourishing in summer and not fading in autumn), is applied to express continuance in the same state or situation.

सावन adj. Brave, heroic, s. m. A hero. सावनी s. f. Valour, heroism, bravery. सास s. f. A mother-in-law.

बादव s. m. Order, edict, comand ; a patent, a grant.

सायगा v. a. To chastise, admonish.

WIV s. m. A merchant, a shop-keeper; an innocent person.

सापस s. m. Violence; courage, spirit, valour, resolution.

चाइडो adj. Violent; resolute, brave, bold, undaunted, determined, daring. साराय s. m. Friendship, fellowship;

help, succour; alliance.

साहित s. m. Society, association, connection, combination. [pine.

साहित s. m. A plumb-line; a percu-साही s. m. A porcupine.

सां**इदा**र s. m. A great merchant.

साञ्चारी s.f. Traffic, trade, commerce.

साइन s. m. A plummet.

साचात adv. Before, in presence, in sight as, like; evidently manifestly.

witness; attesting, testifying, evidence, s. m. A witness (in law), an evidence, an eye-witness.

साचा s. m. Testimony, evidence.

सिनका s. m. A powder-horn.

सिंगची s. f. A small powder-horn for priming with.

सिनिया s. m. A sort of poison.

सिनै:हो s. f. A polishing tool made of horn; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

सिंधा ए। s. m. Trapa notons; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

fity s. m. A lion; Leo, the sign of the zodiac; a title used by Hindus.

Singhpour; The grand entrance gate
(to a paluce &c.).

विषयोगर s. m. A lion's name ; a plant Mimusops elengi).

चित्रवार s. m. A gate, an entrance, especially the chief gate of a mansion or palace.

বিষ্ণাহ s. m. War-cry, warhoop, shouting or roaring upon making an onset.

सिंडनादक s. m. The roar or yelp of a lion; war-cry.

सिंदनादका s. f. Hedysorum allægi.

सिंहनी s.f. A lioness.

सिंहपर्ची s. f. A plant (Justicis adhenstoda).

füvy : f. A plant (Hedysarum legepodioides). বিশ্ব s. m. Tin ; brass ; Cassia bark ; Ceylon.

सिंदासन s. m. A throne.

सिकता s. f. Gravel or stone (the disease). सिकता v. n. To be toasted or parched.

सिवरी s.f. A staple ( of a lock ).

far s. m. A disciple, a scholar, a pupil, an apprentice; a people living in the Panjab.

शिक्षनावद s. m. Tuition.

faux s. m. Three or more strings tied together forming a support to hang any thing on; the cords of a bahangi, in which the baskets rest top, summit, peak, pinnacle.

বিভাবে s. m. A kind of dish made of congulated and milk sugar.

विवाद s. m. Teaching, instruction.

বিশ্বাৰা v. a. To teach; (met.) to admonish, chastise.

चिनरें। adj. All, every, the whole.

furit s. m. Dress, ornament, embellishment, decoration. Singar-ras, s. m. One of the nine Ras or sentiments, that of love.

বিদাবে v. a. To dress, decorate, embellish.

fawithit s. m. The weaping Nytanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

বিসাবিষা s. m. One whose business is to dress an idol.

বিদ্বারী s. f. A polishing tool made of horns; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

বিশ্বাস্থা s. m. Trapa natans; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

1 s. m. A preacher, teacher.

चित्रा s. f. Tuition, sermon, doctrine, teaching.

चिम्नाना v. s. To tan, boil, seeth, melt. चिडकारी self. Fusiform, tapering.

चिही 8. f. Whistling.

सिष्टी s.f. Dross, lees.

चित्रादे s. f. Insipidity, tastelessness.

fur s. f. Madness.

विद्न adj. f. Mad (women ).

चिक्क विकास करां. Mad.

सिड़ा s. m. } adj. Mud.

fer adj. White. s. m. White (the colour); the planet venus.

fung s. m. Palsy, numbness, being chilled with cold.

বিবন্ধী adj. Palised, paralytic, numbed. বিবিশিষ s. m. A sort of fish (Lacerta scineus).

सितरी s. f. Sweat.

चिताइ s. m. A kind of fish (Lacerta scincus.

चितोपच s. m. Chalk, or a mineral substance of similar appearance, considered as a variety. s. m. Crystal.

विषय adj. Cold, cool; stupified, benumbed (with fear, &c.).

for adj. Accomplished, effected, completed; celebrated, famous; valid (in law); demonstrated, proved (in logic); finished. s. m. A divine personage of undefined attributes or character; a sort of demigod or spirit inhabiting the middle air, or region between the earth and sun : an inspired or prophetic writer, as Vyas and others, or one to whom the past, present and future, are supposed to be known; a sage, a seer; the twenty first of the astronomical yogs; an adept, a magician, one who by the performance of certain mystical and magical rites has acquired superhuman powers; an ascetic who by mystical and austere practices has effected, one or all of five purposes, viz.

the affluence, the form or the society | [ ] [ ] | with v. n. To be concentrated, to of the gods, residence in the divine Loks, or identification with a deity.

सिद्धधातु s. m. Quicksilver.

विदर्भ adj. Mineral, metallic. e. m. Quicksilver.

सिरसाधन ह. म. The performance of magical rites, &c. or the materials employed in magical or alchemical processes.

विदान s. m. Demonstrated conclusion. established truth, result, consequence a system of science.

सियान्तो s. m. A follower of the Mimansa philosophy; a demonstrator, one who establishes his conclusions.

बिहि s. f. Fulfilment, accomplishment : a yog, either the sixteenth of the astronomical periods termed yogs, or the nineteenth of the twenty-eight astrological yogs prosperity, success; \_ accuracy, correctness; validity ( in law ); the result or fruit of the adoration of the gods or of ascetic severities; the supposed acquirement of supernatural powers by the completion of magical, mystical, or alchemical rites and processes.

श्विधारना s. m. To go, set off, depart. श्चिषाबद्ध s. f. Candour ; simplicity. चिन्क s. m. Blowing the nose, snot.

चिनका s. m. To blow the nose.

सिन्दर s. m. Red-lead, minium.

चिन s. m. The ocean, the sea; the Indus the country along the Indus or Sindh.

श्चिम पुष्प s. m. A conch.

शिष्ताण s. m. Rock salt.

Тан s. f. A river near Ujein.

सिमट s. f. Act of collecting, condensing or constringing; tone, elasticity. Simat jana, To shrivel, to shrink,

shrink, to be contracted or drawn together, to shrivel.

चियान s. m. Cunning, shrewdness. Syanpan, s. m. Cunning, art.

चियाना adj. Cunning, artful, sly, shrewed knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent : mature (in understanding), grown up.

सियार s. m. A jackal. बियाव

चिर s. m. The head, the top. Sir uthatehi paimal hona, To be crushed in the commencement of one's undertaking Sir uthans. To rebel, to rise up against one. Sir kata, Beheaded decapitated Sir karna, To begin. Sir karhna, To become conspicuous. Sir ke zor, With all (one's) might, Sir ko kadam karna, To go quickly but with respect. Sir khujana, To court punishment. Sir churhke marna, To lay the guilt of one's blood at the door of another. Sir charha, adj. Proud. haughty. Sir charhana, To exalt; to assume, to be arrogant; to shew respect. Sir dulana or Sir dhunna. To shake the head from affliction. Sir dub. ady Perfectly wet, Sir torna To subdue. Sir dharna. To be obedient, Sir nawana, To be humble, to be obedient. Sir papolna bheja khana, To shew kindness externally and harbour enmity in one's breast. Sirper khak dalna, To lament. Sir par charhans, To spoil (a child, &c.); to raise an inferior above one'sself; to shew respect. Sir-parasti kurna, To protect, to aid. Sir pitna, To lament, Sir phirana. To labour in vain, Sirpherna, To revolt from obedience. Sir marna, To take great pains, to search

deligantly. Sir mundand, To quit one's conexions and adopt a life of mendicity, Sir se kufan bandhna, To engage in a desperate undertaking, giving up all regard to one's own sofety. Sir se sirwa, The conducting of an affair depends on the leader or head.

futal s. f. A kind of reed of which mats are made, reed-grass (the upper joint of Saccharum procesum); a sort of mat to keep off rain.

सिरसप adj. Resolute (soldier), adventurous.

सिरखपी s. f. Resolution, perseverance, सिरखना v. a To creat, produce, form. सिरफटे।वर s. m. Wrangling : affection of

civility with internal hatred. বিংশীৰ adj. Rebellious, mutinous.

বিখোৰা s. m. The head part or side of any thing ( as of a tomb or bedstead ), the place where the head rests or reclines.

सिरा s. m. Head, extremity, end.

खिराजास s. m. Enlargement of the vessels of the eye.

चिरास adj. Cold, becoming cold.

বিষয়ে v. n. To cool. v. a. To make cold to cool; to set afloat, to afloat to set off, to despatch.

चिरिष s. m. A tree ( Mimosa serisa ). चिरीपात s. m. Redness and inflam nation of the eyes.

चिरो adj. Mad, insane.

বিৰা stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a mill.

चित्रपट adj. Smooth, even, level.

ষিৰবহা s. m. To stones with which spices, paint, &c. are ground.

श्चिलवाना v. a. To cause to sew or stitch.

বিশাহ s. f. The price of sewing ; seam, sewing.

सिनाजित s.m. Storax.

चित्राण v. c. To cause to sew or stitch. चित्रारच s. m. Storax.

feel s.f. A whestone; a small kiln; the trunk of a tree; plank; a teal.

चित्र s. m. An Indian deity, Mahadev.

figure 3. f. A festival held on the 14th of the dark fortnigt in the month of pholyan (February-March), in honor of the birth of the Ling or phallus.

चित्राना s. m. Verge, limit, boundary, landmark.

चितार s. m. Green vegetation at the bottom of pools or other water (Vallisneria spiralis or octandra).

चित्राचा s. m. A temple of Mahadev.

सिनक्ता v. a. To sob.

विवक्ती s. f. Sobbing. Siskiyan bharna, To sob.

चिडणी v. n. To shiver, to shake with cold.

বিভাগে v. n. To shiver, shake with cold, to crape.

FIGURE 8. m. A chaplet, a garland, wreath worn on the head by a bride-groom and bride at the marriage ceremony).

fartier adj. Tiresome, tedious.

ৰিখনো v. a. To thrill, to have the hairs stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; to tire, harass, tease.

বাৰ s.f. The culm of the grass ( Andropogon maricalum) of which brooms are made.

सींबर s. m. The flower of the Sink.

सींका \* m. A groove.

सींकिरा adj. Striped.

सींन e. m. A b km.

चौंबड़ा s. m. A powder-horn.

सींगा s. m. A horn ( musical ).

बींगिया s. m. A kind of poison.

बॉनो s. f. A kind of fish (Silurus pangentissimus), a cup for cupping; a small horn (musical). Singi lagana, To cup.

सींचना v. a. To irrigate, to water.

बींचाई s.f. The price paid for irrigation or watering.

ৰাৰী s. f. The season for watering fields, &c.

चौं s. m. A hedge-hog.

स्रोकरी s. f. A wire-chain.

बीच s.f. Admonition, learning, study.

सोचना v. a. To learn, to acquire.

बीचना v. a. To water, to irrigate.

মীল s. m. A species of Euphorbia, the milky hedge-plant (Euphorbia nerifolio or antiquorun).

रोजना v. n. To exude, filtrate, sweat; to seeth, boil, dissolve or become soft by boiling; to be received (as money), liquidated (as a debt).

whistle. Siti bandhna, or,—gum hona, or,—bhulna, To be distracted or eonfounded, to become senseless. Siti baz, A whistler.

ৰীট } s. f. Dregs of betel, or any thing that has been chewed.

सीठना s. m. } Abusive songs sung by सीठनी s. f. } women at weddings.

ৰীকা adj. Tasteless, insipid, work vapid, pale, pithless, sickly, faded.

बोटी s. f. A ladder, stair, step; degree. बोत s. f. Cold or chilness, dew, wet, wetness.

सीतकाल s. m. Winter.

सीतजर s. m. Ague.

स्रोतरस s. m. The flux, dysentery.

बीतन odj. Cool, cold; stupified, benumbed (with fear, &c.). बीतबचीनी s. f. Allspice (Myrtus pimenta). बीतलपाटी s. f. A kind of fine, cool mat.

सीतला s. f. Small-pox.

बोता s.f. The daughter of Janak and wife of Ranchandra.

स्रोताङ्ग s. m. Palsy.

स्रोताक्षत s. m. The custard apple (Annona squamosa).

शोधा adj. Straight, right, direct; opposite; simple; fair, candid, upright. s. m. Provisions, victuals (undressed), forage. Sidha karna, To straighten.

ৰীষাই s. f. Straightness, dtrectness; simplicity; candour, uprightness.

सोधो s. f. Straightness.

सीना v. a. To sew, to stitch.

सीप s. f. A shell; a kind of mango. सोपी s.f. A shell,

सोमा s. f. A boundary, a limit, restriction, a landmark, or mound; &c., serving to fix the limits of estates. &c.

सीमाइच s. n. A tree serving as a boundary mark.

सीमासन्ध s. m. The meeting of two boundaries.

सीरा adj. Cool. s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of meal and sugar.

and uniform observance of law and morals. s. f. Cold, dampness. Ankhon men sil hone, To be polite, generous, &c.

सीखवान् adj. Of good or amiable disposition, benevolent, well-conducted.

सीला adj. Damp, wet, cool.

सीनन s. m. Sewing, Stitching, a seam. सीननी s.f. The frenum of the prepuce.

ন্ধীৰজী s. m. Name of a caste whose business it is to draw juice from the date tar trees.

An ornament for the head (worn by fonales).

सीसा s. m. Lend.

सीसी s. m. A kind of wood, or name of a tree ( Dalbergia sisu ).

सीए s. m. A hedge-hog.

to good, well, &c., and implying reverence, worship, honour. (In Braj) adv. From, by, with, of, as. Ja-su, From or of whom: it is also some-times used for so. He, she, it, they, &c.

सुं घाना v. s. To cause to smell.

सुवाना v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid v. a. To abash.

सबरा adj. Lean, thin, dry, emaciated. s. f. Dried fish.

सुना v. n. To be shrunk or contracted, to shrink; to draw in, collect, gather up, constrain, shrivel, dwindle.

सन्तर adj. Easy, practicable, attainable. s. m. The planet Venus; Friday.

सुक्रवार adj. Delicate, feeble.

स्कास s. m. Goodness of seasons; plenty, abundance.

to be in awe of, to be abashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.

सुकुनार adj. Soft, delicate, smooth, tender; youthful, young.

well performed, properly, ably, &c. s. m. Virtue, a good action, moral merit; kindness, bounty.

सङ्गती adj. Virtuons, pious, good; benign, benevolent.

सुनिवा s. f. A good action, a good

work; a moral or religious observance.

www. Ease, tranquillity. pleasure, delight, easy circumstances, content, happiness. Sukh pana, To get ease, leisure, rest, &c.

मुखचेन s. m. Ease, rest, leisure, tranquillity.

on the sole within the shoe.

सुचद adj. Saluhrious, pleasant; conferring or affording pleasure, &c.

सुबदर्भन s. m. A shrub, the juice of which is given for the ear-ache (Crinum Asiaticum and zeylanicum).

स्वारं ) adj. Ease-affording, com-स्वदायक ) forter, giver of ease or content.

स्वदान e. m. Giving of ease or of comfort or of content.

स्प्रहास s. m. A kind of rice.

संख्याम s. m. Abode of happiness, &c.

स्वपृथ्य adv. Easily, without difficulty. स्वभाग s. m. Happiness, good fortune.

सुसभागी adj. Happy, delighted.

स्थानय adj. Full or consisting of happiness, delightful.

स्यसाध्य odj. Easy of accomplishment or attainment.

संखाना है v. a. To dry; to emaciate, संखाना to cause to pine away; evaporate.

happiness, &c. [happiness.

च खार्थी adj. Seeking or wishing for मुखासा adj. Easy not difficult, facile.

स्वासाद adj. Well-flavoured; delightful, agreeable. s. m. Enjoyment, flavour.

संचित adj. At ease, happy, tran-पंचित्र quil, contented, comfortable, pleasant, possessing happiness or pleasure. सुन्तिसभाव s.m. A happy or contented disposition.

स्बेच्या s. f. Hope or desire of happiness. स्बोदय s. m. Realization or occurrence of pleasure.

संस्थात adj. Celebrated, famous.

संस्थाति s. f. Fame, celebrity.

হান adj. Fragrant, sweet-smelling. s. m. Good smell, fragrance, odour, perfume. Sugandh-rae, Name of a flower.

स्याध्या s. f. Fragrance, pleasant scent, such as is produced by the trituration of perfumes.

सुगम adj. Accessible, good (as a road); easy, practicable; plain, intelligible. सुगम adj. Secret, well hidden or kept secret. adv. Secretly, privily.

स्गृप्ति s. f. Closeness, secrecy.

सुबर्ध s.f. A musical mode sung in the afternoon. [tiful.

सुषक adj. Elegant, accomplished, beau-सुषकार s.f. Elegancy, accomplishment. सुष adj. Pure, undefiled, unpolluted, clean.

स्चना v. n. To be astonished or startled.

सुचित adj. Thoughtless, easy, at leisure, disengaged; attentive, careful, occupied.

सुविका s.f. Due reflection or consideration.

स्चेत adj. Attentive, mindful, careful, aware, cautious.

स्जन adj. Virtuous, good, respectable; kind, benevolent.

सुजनता s. f. Goodness, benevolence, kindness.

सुनको adj. Renowned.

सुजाति odj. Of a good tribe or species. सुजान odj. Intelligent, wise, knowing. सुजाना v. n. To cause to swell. सुकाना v. a. To shew, to make, understand. [city.

स् जान s. m. Wisdom, intelligence, saga-स्टबन s. f. A rod.

सुद्रुवना v. c. To swallow by gulps and with a noise.

सुरको } s. m. Act of suddenly slacken-सुरको j ing the string of a paper kite.

dwg s. f. Sipping, or sucking up (as broth), or the noise made thereby.

सुष्ट्रवना v. n. To sip.

सुक्तना v. c. To swallow by gulps.

स्डील सदद चंदाल व्हें Well-formed, well-shaped, elegant, grace-ful.

सुडीबरेडी s. f. Gracefullness of bodily shape, handsomeness.

सुत 8. m. A son.

सता s. f. A daughter.

सुतार s.m. A carpenter; time, opportunity.

सुतारी s. f. An awl, a bodkin.

सुतार्थी कdj. Desirous of having a son.

सुयम s. m. Trousers.

स्थरा adj. Neat, beautiful, elegant, adorned, excellent, well.

सुषराई s. f. Neatness, beauty, elegance, goodness.

स्थरासाही s. m. A follower of Sectionse, a religious mendicant.

सहन्तो s.f. The female elephant of the north-west quarter.

মুখ্ন adj. Handsome, good-looking. s. m. The discus of Krishna; the roseapple (Eugenia jambu).

सदी s.f. The light half of the lungr month.

सहराचार adj. Very wicked, abandoned, a profligate.

सुदुर्चम adj. Difficult to be attained, unattainable,

सङ्ख्य adj. Very difficult.

ges adj. Solid, firm. adv. Very hard or firm.

sation, consciousness, notice, care, intelligence. adj. Accurate, correct; pure, clean, unpolluted. Be-such, adj. Beside one's self.

सुष्युध s. f. Correct knowledge, perception, sense, care.

सुपर्येना v. a. To take care of, accommodate, look after, inquire into.

Beem right or good, to be mended, to avail, to succeed or answer.

Uni s. m. Nectar, the beverage of immortality and sustenance of the gods; the nectar or boney of flowers.
Wit adv. Together, with.

ৰ্যায় } s. m. The moon, as being বুধাৰু the supposed mine or repository of the beverage of the gods. ধুখাৰা v. s. To put in mind, to cause to remember.

मुधारना v. a. To adorn, adjust, arrange. rectify, mend.

सुधी s. m. A pandit, a learned man or teacher; an intelligent person.

सुन adj. Insensible, without sensation, palsied.

खनकातर s. m. A kind of snake.

सुनवस्री s. f. A disease (Elsphantiasis). सनस्र s. m. An ornament.

सुनसान adj. Void, dreary, desolate and silent, still, lonely dismal.

सन्दरा सुनदरी है जोतां. Golden.

खुनाना v. c. To cause to hear, to inform, to advise; tell, bid, warn.

सुनापट s.f. Stilluess, dreariness.

सनाम s. m. A mountain; part of the ranges of southern India.

चुनार s. m. A goldsmith.

स्नारिन् स्नारनी है s.f. A goldsmith's wife.

सुनारी adj. Clever. s.f. The business of a goldsmith; a good handsome woman.

जुनावनी s. f. Tidings of any one having died abroad.

सुनिद्रा s. f. Sound sleep.

स्त्रीत adj. Well-behaved; politic. s. m. Good conduct; policy.

ৰনীৰি s. f. Propriety of behaviour, good manners.

सुनील s. m. The blue shrike; the emerald or sapphire.

सन्दर adj. Beautiful, handsome, comely, seemly; good, virtuous.

सन्दरता है s. f. Beauty, handsome-सन्दरताई ness.

ष्ट्री adj. Beautiful, handsome; a woman. s.f. Beauty, comliness; a small timber tree (Heritiera minor).

सुन्धावट s.m. Smell, perfume, odour, scent, an earthy smell.

स्ता v. a. To hear, hearken, listen or attend to. s. m. Hearing; a cypher.

सुपत s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassiso.

सुष्य s. m. A good road ; good conduct.

on its side; the fortunate half of the month, i. e. from the new to the full moon.

सुपची s. m. An advocate of the just cause.

सुपान adj. Worthy, fit, creditable. s. m. An able or clever man; a vessel of earthenware, &c.

स्पारा s. m. Glans penis.

सुपारी s. f. Betel-nut ( Areca catechu );
glaus penis.

- सपुत } s.m. An excellent, a tractable सुप्त or dutiful son.
- numbed. s. m. Sleep, deep or sound sleep.
- स्पन्नाम adj. Manifest, apparent; public. सप्तिष्ठा s. f. Consecration. erection. (as of a temple or idol).
- कुणसत्र adj. Well-pleased, favouring, favourable.
- ens adj. Bearing good fruit (literally or figuratively) fruitful, profitable useful.
- स्पोन s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.
- स्वम adj. Well-secured, having a good binding.
- सुरास s. f. Sweet smell, fragrance, odour, perfume.
- चनुदि adj. Wise, clever, intelligent.
- सम adj. Good, pleasant, agreeable, happy, fortunate, auspicious.
- सुभवा s.f. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife; a respectable and auspicious mother.
- बुगद adj. Propitious, auspicious, fortunate.
- सुभाव s. m. Good disposition, nature, natural state, property, disposition. adj. Well-disposed, of good quality. सभासभ compound. adj. Good and bad, सभीता s. m. Opportunity, convenience, accommodation, time leisure.
- सुमक्क adj. Very fortunate or auspicious.
- सुमत adj. Friendly, well or kindly disposed.
- सुमति s. f. Friendship, kindness; benevolence; good conscience.
- स्मन adj. Handsome, beautiful. s. m. Wheat.
- सुमना इर adj. Very agreeable, pleasing, beautiful.

- समस्य s. m. f. Remembrance (continual theme), mentioning. s. f. A small rosary, or string of beds.
- स्वरण v. a. To remember, to keep in memory; to mention, Sumir, s. m. Remembrance.
- allegorically represented as composed of gold and gems, and the residence of the gods; (in astronomy) the north-pole,
- च मेल adj. Suitable, affable, of pleasing manners.
- सुचा s. m. A sponge-staff, a ramrod.
- To sing in tune, to tune.

  To sing in tune, to tune.
- to break into a house, &c.; a gallery, subterraneous passage, an adit. s. m. Red colour. adj. Red-coloured, light bay or chesnut ( horse ).
- स रक्षधातु s. m. Red chalk.
- स्त s. f. Recollection, consideration, reflection, memory, attention, caution, accuracy; copulation, coition.
- स्ता adj. Mindful, considerate, attentive, prudent, intelligent, accurate.
- स्तीका adj. Considerate, prudent.
- सर्भ प s. m. Resin, turpentine.
- सुराभ adj. Fragrant, sweet-smelling. s. m. Nutmeg.
- स्र बत्रं. Sweet ; well-flavoured, sapid, juicy.
- सुरस्ता v. n. To creep along as a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.
- सुरास्ट इ. f. Creeping (sensation), titillation.
- चुरब्री s. f. Titillation; an insect bread in grain.
- च रा ६. f. Spirituous liquor.

सद्यमा v. a. To swallow by gulps.

well-formed, beautiful.

स्रोत । s.f. A paramour, a mistress, a concubine.

स्वयमा v. n. To light, to be kindled, to be inflamed; to burn without smoke or flame. [kindle.

सुलगाना v. n. To light, to inflame, to सुलक्षना v. n. To be unravelled or disentangled.

सुजस्ताना v. c. To unravel, to disentangle.

Hun adj. Easy, feasible, attainable, of easy acquisition or attainment, not difficult to be obtained or effected.

ব্যাসা v. a. To cause to put to sleep.
বুজাৰ্ম s. m. Good distinguishing mark
or character. adj. Clearly or strongly distinguished by ( marks, features,
or ) character.

सुवाना v. a. To cause or put to sleep, to repose; to kill, to murder. Sula dena, To kill, to murder.

सुखेमानी s. m. An onyx.

सुवक्ता adj. Eloquent.

स्वयम s. m. Eloquence, speaking well or elegantly.

brilliant, bright; of a good colour.

s. m. Gold; a sort of Sandal-wood;
a kind of red chalk or ochre.

सुत्रचेगिचित s. m. (In arithmetic) Allegation medial.

सुवाना v. a. To cause to sleep.

सुनास s. m. A pleasant or reputable dwelling; an agreeable perfume.

सुविक्रम s. m. Prowess, valour.

सुविचार s.m. Deliberate or due consideration.

स्तिम adj. Of a good kind, in a good or easy way. adv. Easily.

सुरेषी adj. Well dressed, ornamented, decorated.

सुवया s. m. A sleeper.

सुभी व adj. Well-disposed, of good temper or disposition.

सुगोलता s. f. Natural amiability, excellence of temper or disposition.

सुषुप्त adj. Fast asleep.

सुष्ति s. f. Deep sleep, profound repose, entire insensibility.

सुसत्तारण v. n. To sibilate, to hiss (as (a snake).

सुस्ताना v. n. To rest.

सुचनय s. m. A season of plenty, a good season.

संबंद } s. m. Father-in-law.

स्यगर । s. f. Father-in-law's house स्यग्य | or family.

मुख adj. Well, healthy.

सुख्यता s. f. Health.

सुन्धिर adj. Firm, steady, stable ; resolute, cool.

सुक्तां v. n. To trail, to drag.

सुपान s. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the affection of a husband.

सुदानन s. f. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife, a married woman whose husband is alive.

सुदानिदारा s. m. A casket of jewels presented by the bridegroom to his bride.

सुद्रानसद् s. f. A cool refreshing breeze. सद्दाना s. m. Borax,

स्थाना adj.. Agreeable, pleasant, charming.

মুখাৰা adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of.

सङ्ग्नां v. a. To trail, to drag.

सुहाल s. m. } Bread (or cakes) fried सुहाली s. f. } in butter.

80<del>~</del>50

वेशार्व adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charm-

स्थावना adj. Agreeable, pleasant charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of.

चार्य वर्ता. Good-hearted.

सच्द s. m. A hog, Suar ka gost, Pork.

स्परी अ. f. A sow,

क्षा s. m. A parrot, paroquet ; a needle with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

s.f. A needle. Sui ka sen bat, A bubble. Sui ke nake se khudai ko nikalna, Applied to express the performance of things apparently impossible. Suiya, adj. Pointed.

संगरा s. m. A buffalo calf.

स्वा 8. m. Clitoris.

सूच s. f. Smell.

स्घन s.f. Any thing to smell to snuff, smelling.

सृंघना v. a. To smell.

सूचनी s. f. Snuff.

R'Z e. f. Silence. Sunt bharna, or marna, To be silent. Sunt mare jana, To depart in silence.

T's.f. Proboscis of an elephant.

E w s. m. A weevil, or small insect in corn.

ब्दें हैं। s. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

म् तना है v. a. To strip leaves off vege-सुँचना 💃 tables; to draw (a sword.)

स्स s. m. A porpoise.

सकटा odj. Lean, weak.

स्वना v. n. To dry, to become dry.

सुकार s. m. A hog; a sort of deer (the hog-deer ).

बुक्तवा s. m. A kind of vetch.

स्का adj. Dry.

[4] s. m. \ A quarter of a rupee विकासी क. त. ह piece.

चुकास s. m. Leisure,

स्वदशे s. f. A consumption, atrophy. सुंचना To dry, dry up, evaporate, fall

away, pine away, emaciate, shrivel, dwindle, wither.

सचा adj. Dry. s. m. Dry tobacco eaten with betel-leaf; a consumption, atrophy. Sukha dhan, Rice burnt up by the sun's rays.

सबंध s. f. Perfume, fragrance. Fragrant. Sugandha-sons, Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

सुना s. m. A paroquet. सुचक s.m. A teacher, an instructor; a needle.

स्चित adj. Thoughtless, at leisure, disengaged, at ease; careful, attentive; occupied.

सूची s. f. A needle.

स्चीपन s. m. An index ( to a work ).

संद्रम adj. Subtile, fine, slender, minute, small; shrill.

उक्षमता s. f. Subtileness, minutenes; shrillness.

s. f. Swelling.

सृजना v. s. To swell, to rise.

स्ता s. m. A borer, a gimlet, an auger, an awl.

सूजी s. f. Meal, flour ( ground coerse ). सुनी s. m. A tailor. s. f. A needle.

सुभ s. f. Sight.

स्काना v. n. To be visible, to be seen, to appear, to seem, to be able to be seen.

स सास adj. Well-shaped, graceful.

स्ते s. m. Thread, yarn ; a silver thread; a stamen (in botany), a tendril; charioteer, a carpenter. Sut-bunti, A kind of needle-work.

च्तक s. m. Impurity from childbirth or miscarriage.

स्तवा v. n. To sleep.

regions, the sixth in descent,

and s. m. Reins of a charriage; the little skin that rises backwards near the nails, at the end of the fingers.

बत्ती s.f. String, twine.

कृषिका s. f. A woman recently delivered. च्यो adj. Made of cotton-thread, threaden.

क्षीमाच s. m. The last month or pregnancy.

a precept, in morals or science.

च वन s. f. Drawers.

व्यक्ती s. f. Drawers ; an edible root . ( Dioscores fosciculata ).

ৰুম s. m, A person of the fourth or servile tribe among the Hindus.

ब्हाची s. f. A female of the Sudra cast.

simple, artless.

wit s. f. Simplicity, artlessness.

चून ddj. Empty, vacant.

सूना adj. Empty, desert, void.

₹5 s. m. A son.

nowing corn with.

चुपाचेना s. m. A kind of bird, a swallow ( Hirundo opus batsseis ).

चपारा s. m. Glans penis.

स्पियारी s. f. Betel-nut.

चुंबर बतां. Impure, alloyed ( silver ).

संबद्ध s. m. Pare gold. adj. Golden.

च्य s. m. A pleasant dwelling.

स्वास s. m. A pleasant dwelling; a pleasant smell, fragrance.

चुनाव s. m. Good disposition, good nature. adj. Well disposed.

चुन s. m. A miser.

स्र s. m. A hero ; the sun ; tenesmus. स्रम s. m. The sun. स्रजनहरू s. m. Kelipse of the sun.

स्टनमुखो s. f. Sun-flower ( Helianthus annuus ); a kind of fan or parasol.

स्रता s. f. Valour, heroism. Surtadhari, Heroic.

प्रशास n. prop. A Hindi poet and singer who was blind; hence a blind man, among the Hindoos, is called Suradas.

स्रवीर s. m. A hero.

सरमजार s. m. A musical mode.

म्रमा adj. Bold ; brave.

स्रमापन s. m. Bravery, heroism.

स्रा s. m. A hero.

स्थे s. m. The sun.

स्येवइच s. m. Eclipse of the sun.

म्थेनस्व s. m. The orb or disc of the sun. म्थेनस्व s. m. Sun-flower ( Helianthus annuus).

स्थिसद्यान s. f. The sun's entrance into a new sign.

जयांच s. m. Sunset.

स्योदय s. m. Sunrise.

dart; the point of a spear; a thorn; compassion, tenderness. s. m. Situation, condition.

चुनी s. f. An impaling stake. Suli ]
dens, or—churhans, To empale.

with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

सूच } s. m. A porpoise ( Del-स्नेनगर } phinus ).

मुसंदेस s. m. Good tidings.

स्यो s. f. A kind of cloth.

स्रा adj. Red, crimson. s. m. A musical mode.

ब्राइम्सा adj: Red as the dye of safflower.

चुक्त adj. Little, small; minute, atomic; fine, delicate; ingenious, subtle.

स्काता e.f. Fineness, subtility.

स्कादशीं adj. Acute, quick, sharp-sighted, intelligent.

ब्राज्ञ adj. Sharp, shrewd, intelligent, acute. s. f. Mental acumen.

चलना v. a. To create, produce, form.

er adj Created, made.

ere s.f. Creation, creating; the crea-

tion, the world; nature, natural property or disposition.

से adv. From, of, out of, by, with, at, since, to, through, than.

ৰ্ম s. m. Toasting, fomentation. sénk sank karna, To toast or warm.

संबन्ध v. a. To toast, parch, warm before, or with, anything hot, to foment, to incubate ( egge).

संबद्धा adj. Hundred.

संबरी s. f. A pod, siliqua (particularly the siliqua of the radish).

ঘঁৱা s. m. \ A kind of reed (of which ঘঁৱা s. f. \ morhas are made), reedgrass (Saccharum Sara).

चें त adv. Gratis, free of cost.

सें तना v. c. To adjust, to put to rights. सें तनित adv. Gratis, free of cost.

संद s.f. A vegetable (Cucumis Madraspatanus).

सें दूर s. m. Red-lead, minium.

सेंघ s. m. A hole made in a wall by thieves.

सें धना v. a. To mine.

सें धा s. m. Rock-salt.

से पिया s. m. poison; a house-brenker; a Marhatta tribe (probably so called, as originating on the banks of the river Sindh).

सें भो s. f. The juice of the wild date tree ( Phenix sylvestris),

संह्र्णा s. m. A tetter.

चेचन s. m. Sprinkling, aspersion.

हैन s. f. A bed, a couch.

रीजबन्द s. m. A cord for fastening bedding to the bedstead.

चैठ s. m. A wholesale merchant, banker. चैठन s. f. A whisk, a kind of brush. चैत adj. White.

सेतदीप s.m. The white island or a minor division of the universe so called, and supposed by Wilford to be Britain.

सेतु s. m. A bridge.

सेतुम्ब s. m. The ridge of rocks extending from the south extremity of the Coromandel coast towards the island of Ceylon, supposed to have been formed by Hanuman by command of Ram, as a bridge for the passage of his forces, when going against Rasan.

देदना v. o. To stupe, to foment.

चेन s. m. A hawk.

सेना s. f. An army.

सेनानी } s.m. A general, the com-सेनापति | mander of an army.

सेन s. m. The flat bean.

रीनल s. m. The silken or a coarse kind of cotton, or the tree producing it ( Bombax heptaphyllum ).

₹ s. m. Name of a weight.

सेराना v. a. To set affoat; to despatch; to cool.

Regi s. m. The head and foot parts of a bed-frame.

रीख s. m. A spear.

Ren s. m. A kind of sheet constituting a part of dress, especially worn and given in presents in the *Dakkhin*; a royal tiger.

सिनिया s. m. Tabby, puss.

रेजो s. f. A necklace (of threads) worn by mendicants, a sash, a belt.

apple. s. f. Service, worship, attendance on.

रिश्च s. m. A servant, a worshipper, a votary.

सैनबाई s. f. Service.

रोबणा s.m. A mendicant of the Jyn faith, Trophis aspers.

श्रेषती s. f. A white rose (Rosa gladulifers).

चैवन s. m. Sewing, darning, stitching; service. verbal m. Serving, to serve.

सेतना v. o. To attend on, serve; to brood, rear, sit, inculate, hatch.

वैवरा s. m. Half baked earthen-ware.

सेवा s. f. Service, servitude; worship, homage; addiction to attendance on.

fiel with swar, the green vegetation at the bottom of rivers or other water.

चैने s. f. Vermicelli.

The s.m. Remainder, end; the king of the serpent race, as a large thousand-headed snake, at once the couch and canopy of Vishus and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of its heads.

से सनान s.m. The king of the serpent race से सर s. m. The gripe of a bow; name of a play at cards.

सोड़ी s.m. A porcupine.

indeed a general name for plants of that kind; the milk-hedge plant Euphoroia antiquorum &c).

चे adj Handred. s. f. Sucess.

e wer adj. Hundred.

चैंबर s. m. The bean of Sumee or mimosa

चैतना v. s. To adjust, to put to rights.

से ताचीन adj. Forty-seven.

सें ताव s. m. Arrangement.

सें वीस adj. Thirty-seven.

से बड़ा adv. A hundred per cent.

सीतमा v. o. To take care of, keep carefully, husband.

चेन s. m. Sleeping, repose. s. f. An army, forces; a wink, sign, token, hint, a signal. Syn kurna, To beckon. से नारों ने s. f. Mutual tokens, signs, hint

है नाचे नी s. f. Mutual tokens, signs, hint or signals.

संभव adj. Produced or born on Sindh. s. m. A horse; rock-salt.

सेंच s. f. An army.

सेंब s. w. A mountain.

सं करन s. f. Sufferance.

संप्राणी s. m. Sufferer.

or pron. That, he, she, it; so.

सीपर s. m. The chamber of a puerperal woman.

ৰীমা s. m. Fennel ( Anethum soms ). বাই pron. That very, he himself.

बी postpos. From, with, through, than.

burdar. A mace-bearer; a person in the retinue of the great, armed with a short curved club generally covered with silver.

South ki nos nah lens, To be very covetous. South ki si has le raha.

To endure, to wait patiently; to suffer.

चौंदूराय adj. Hard, miserly.

बोही s.f. The wash in which washermen steep their cloth.

श्रीवना v. a. To rub cloth in mud preparatory to washing; to mix, to smear.

substances used for washing the hair; smelling like that of a new earthen vessel when wetted or from parching of pulse.

सीपापट s. f. Fragrance; a smell like that of new earth.

adj. Fragrant, emelling like new earth.

বাংলা. v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give, consign, resign, entrust, deposite.

बीए s. f. An oath.

बौद्रविवाना v. a. To adjure, to swear.

सींक्डालवा v. a. To conjure.

सीहदेगा v. a. To adjure.

ধাৰী adv. Face to face, opposite, before, in front. .

বীৰ s. m. The holes in a bedstead through which the strings for bracing it pass; affliction, grief, lamentstion, sorrow.

श्रीषणा v. a. To soak up, dry up, absorb. श्रीष s. m. Affliction, grief, sorrow lamentation, anguish.

होनी adj. Afflicted, grievous.

s. m. Consideration, reflection, thought, meditation.

ৰীখনা v. s. To consider, think, meditate; advert, reflect, imagine, conceive.

भीन s. f. Swelling.

चीम s.f. Straightness.

सीमा adj. Straight.

चीन s. m. ) A spring, a fountain, a चीना s. f. ) jet d'eau, a stream, a rivulet, an arm ( of the sec ).

बोता part pres. Asleep. s. m. Asleep, sleeping.

सीय s. f. Swelling, intumescence.

बोदरा adj. Born of the same mother; an own brother.

with s.f. Discharge (of debt); correction, search, inquiry, collection.

লীখনা v. a. To pay, to discharge ( a debt ), to liquidate; to collate; to refine metals.

silver ( Bignonia indica ).

कीनक्यां } adj. Golden.

बीनस्थापानी s. m. Gilding.

षीना v. n. To sleep; (met.) to die. s. m. Gold. Sone-ka nawala, An

expensive banquet, a delisious morest. सोनिया s.m. One who separates gold from ashes, &c. in the mint.

चीपान s. f. A ladder, a scale.

चीमना v. n. To become, befit.

सीभा s. f. Beauty, splendour, show, ornament,dress, decoration.

श्रीमायमान ady. Beantiful, splendid, conspicuous, adorning.

सीमाव s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition, genius.

सीम s. m. Moon; a mountain or mountainous range, the mountains of the moon.

बोमतीचें s. m. A place of pilgrimage in the west of Isdia.

चीनपत s. m. A sort of grass ( Sassharum cylindricum ),

चीनराच a. m. Black cumin seed (Serratule anthelmintics).

वीनरात्री s. m. A medicinal plant (Sorratula anthelminties).

बोमवत adj. Lunar. adv. Like the moon. सोमवार s. m. Monday.

चोरड s. f. Name of a musical mode.

सीरहा s. m. A metre in Brej-bhakha.

ties adj. Sixteen. Solakwan, adj. Sixteenth.

चीच s. f. Ornament, dress, decoration. चीचन s. f. A file; a whetetone, s. m, fi A kind of sweetmeat. s. m. A lover, a friend. adj. Pleasing.

शीपणा v. n. To become, to beseem. v. a.

सीषाना s.m. Borax.

in front.

of adj. A handred. See sir ka hone (lit. pocsessing a hundred heads; so that, if one or several be cut of others still remain), Implies excessive perseverance, energy or obstinacy.

भौजना e. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give consign, resign, entrust, deposite.

चीप s. f., Anise seed (Pimpinell a सौरा s. m. Soot, or any thing of a black colour.

सीवर m. } ddj. Hoggish, swinish.

स्रोतम adj. Fragrant. s. f. Perfume, fragrance.

बीनअसना odj. Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

सीवना s. m. Odour, fragrance.

ablution. Purification by ablution, &c.;

বীসৰ s. m. Kindness, compassion; friendship; goodness.

बीस ] s. f. Bival (wife), contempo-बीतन } rary wife. (One wife is sout to another),

चीतेषा adj. Belonging or relating to Sout, of one father by different mothers; as, Soutela bhai, Stepbrother; Souteli bakin, Step-sister.

शीयमं a. m. Beauty, loveliness-

सीभाष्य s. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the fourth of the astronomical yogs.

सीमान्यवान् adj. Auspicious, fortunate. श्रीविच adj. Lunar.

सीर adj. Solar, s. m. Name of a fish. सीरम s. m. Fragrance; saffron.

सीरमास s. m. A solar month.

section, a chapter; the trunk of a tree.

स्तवन s. m. Stumbling, slipping, tripping; stumbling or falling from virtue.

বন s. m. The female bosom or breast. বন্ধুৰ s. m. A nipple.

ৰাষ s.m. A post, pillar, a column; hinderance, obstruction.

तमान s.m. Stopping, hindering, obstruction; a styptic, an astringent.

सार्थ s. m. Praise, eulogium, panegyric. सार्थ s. m. A praiser. a panegyrist.

चाति s.f. Praise, eulogy.

सीब s. m. Praise, eulogium.

जी s.f. A woman or female in general. जीवत s.m. A henpecked husband.

जीवर्ष s. m. Duty of woman; the menstrual excretion.

a country placed by some in the direction of Bhot.

स्रीविक s. m. Feminine gender.

स्तीनम् s. m. Subjection to women.

कंड adj. Female, feminine. s. m. The nature of woman.

सन s.m.f. Place site, soil, dry का firm ground; part (of a book).

खाज adj. Terrene, terrestrial, what is produced on land

खलरीमा s. m. A boundary, a landmark.

a house, a dwelling, an abode, a residence, a section, a chapter, a book; office, appointment; degree, station.

खानी adj. Having place or fixation, placed, abiding, permanent, &c.

कापन s. m. Placing, fixing, founding, erecting, causing to stand.

सापित part. pass. Established, placed, fixed, founded, erected.

चारी adj. Steady, firm, unchangeable, invariable.

् खायीभाव s. m. Fixed or permanent condition.

खायुक adj. Stationary ; steady, firm.

खाबी s.f. An earthen pot or boiler.

स्थानर adj. Fixed, stationary, stable, immovable.

चित्र adj. Stendy, firm, immovable; determined, resolved, decreed, established.

বিজার s. f. Stay, staying, being fixed or stationary.

for adj. Firm, fixed, stable, steady, immovable; hard, solid; permaenut, durable, lasting; firm, steady (morally); cool, collected; constant, faithful; mild, tranquil; settled, steadfast. [constant.

ভিৰেল adj. Firm, resolute, steady, ভিৰেল t.f. Stability, firmness; moral firmness, fortitude.

चिरावा adj. Steady, firm, deliberate. चिरावा adj. Firm, resolute, unmoved; stable, steady.

হাৰা s.f. The post or pillar of a house. হাৰ adj. Fat, corpulent, bulky; large, great; coarse.

खूनता s.f. Coarseness, bulkiness.

ख्वादि adj. Stupid, dull.

स्रोयं s. m. Firmness, stability; firmness of mind, resolution fortitude.

सोस s. m. Bulk, size, coarseness, largeness.

ৰাপ s. m. Bathing, ablution, purifications by bathing.

खानीय odj. Ablutionary.

www. m. Affection, kindness, friendship, love; oil.

बे इवान् adj. Affectionate.

बंदी adj. Kind, affectionate, friendly. s. m. f. Friend, lover, mistress. खर्बा s. f. Envy, emulation, rivalry.

सर्वी adj. Envious, emulous.

सर्भे s. m. Touch, contact.

we adj. Evident, manifest, apparent; clear, easy, intelligible.

स्पा s. f. Wish, desire. Spriki, adj. Desirous.

कटिक s. m. Crystal.

काटिकामय adj. Made of crystal.

करी s. f. Alum.

स्कारिक adj. Crystalline, made &c. of crystal. s. m. Crystal.

a flower); apparent, manifest, evident; known, understood.

स्कृतिं s. f. Throbbing, palpitating, shaking.

कीटव s. m. A boil, a tumour.

with s. m. Recollecting, remembering, memory, recollection.

सार्षीय adj. Fit or proper to be remembered.

सरन adj. Remembering, recollecting, considering.

w fa s. f. Recollection, remembrance, memory; law, the body of law, a law book, a code of laws,

स्रावपन s. m. Cunning, art.

will adj. Cumning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

सार s. m. A jackal.

स्रोम s. m. A pun, a double meaning.

खबाधे e. m. Own business or duty.

खाउँ व s. m. Own family.

खदुल s. m. Own family or race.

wan adj. Done or made by one's self, self-performed.

stain or soil; transparent, pellucid.

independent, self-willed; spontaneous; acting to one's own opinion or inclination.

खत्रन s. m. A distant kinsman.

समाति s. f. Kindred, kin. s. m. A kinsman.

warm adj. Unrestrained, uncontrolled, self-willed; independent, free, absolute.

स्तचता s. f. Independence, absoluteness, wilfulness.

खदेश s. m. Native country, home.

स्थर्म s. m. Peculiar duty or occupation.

खनवर s. m. Own or native town.

चनाव s. m. Self-detruction.

WY s. m. Sleep, Dreaming, a dream.

सप्रदोष s. m. Nocturnal pollution.

समितिचार s. m. Interpretation of dreams. समितिचारी s. m. An interpreter of dreams.

सभाव s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition.

सभूमि s f. Own land or estate; native country.

कारंबर s.m. The public-choice of a husband by a princess, from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose.

खनंतरा s.f. A girl choosing her husband.

स्वय s. m. Brahno; the self-existent. सर s. m. An accent; a vowel; a note in music; tone, voice.

nature. adj. Similar, like.

सर्वे s. m. Heaven, the residence of deified mortals ; the sky.

खनवनन s. m. Going to heaven.

खनित s. f. Going to heaven, future felicity; death.

सर्गसीय s. m. Paradise.

सर्गारी इस s. m. Ascending to heaven.

खर्गीय odj. Heavenly, divine, celestial.

खग्वं odj. Heavenly, paradisiacal.

खर्च s.m. Gold.

सर्व odj. Golden, of gold.

खर्बनीरो s. f. A medicinal kind of moonplant, said to be brought from the Himalaya mountains.

खर्गनेदिक ... m. A kind of ochre, golden ochre.

खर्ग चूड़ा s. m. The blue-jay.

खणुपो s. f. The Cassia fistula; a medicinal sort of moon-plant.

खर्बीक s. m. Heaven.

सन adj. Very small; very few.

खडाँच s.f. Own, or peculiar duty or occupation.

auspicious particle; a term of sanction or approbation, (so be it, omen.)

खिसान adj. Happy, auspicious.

atory to any important observance, in which the Brahmans strew boiled rice on the ground, and invoke the blessings of the gods on the ceremony about to commence.

win s. m. Mimickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Swang lana, To imitate, &c.

বাণী s. m. An actor, a mimick.

खागत s. m. Welcome, salutation.

खाति s.f. The star Arcturus, or fifteenth lunar asterism, consisting of but one star.

ness pleasure. Swadi, s. m. A taster.

खादक ) adj. Delicious, relishing, of खादक ) high flavour.

grateful to the pulate, dainty, delicate.

44

साधिवार s. m. Own or peculiar office or station.

साधिपत्य s. m. Supreme away, royalty, sovereignty.

खायोग adj. Independant, uncontrolled, being one's own master; absolute, despotic.

साधीनता है.f. Independance, liberty, साधीनी freedom.

खान s. m. A dog.

सामानिय adj. Natural, peculiar; inherent.

ज्ञानिल s.m. Ownership, mastership; sovereignty, &c.

master or mistress. s. m. A master, a lord; a sovereign, a prince a monarch; husband, a lover; a spiritual preceptor; the Divine Being; one's master, treachery, perfidy.

सामीडोड s. m. Injuring one's master, treachery, perfidy.

खराक्य s. m. Final felicity; heaven.

डार्थ adj. Having one's own object. s. m. Mundane affairs, desire, object, end, aim, &c.; same meaning; own object or desire; self-interest, selfishness.

eniter adj. Expressing its own or literal meaning; having one's own object answering its purpose or object, successful, useful, profitable. ভাষী adj. Selfish.

ভাষ ৈ s. m. Breath, respiration, breating ; life.

स्त्रीकार s. m. Promise; assent, agree-

ৰ জা s. m. Wilfulness, following one's own purpose or inclination.

खेत adj. White.

स्टर s. m. Warmth, heat ; perspiration, sweat.

damp, as insects and worms.

खेरण s. m. An adulterer.

क्षेरिणी s. f. An unchaste wife, an adulteress, a wanton woman.

बैरो adj. Uncontrolled, self-willed.

Ŧ

The thirty-third consonant of the Nagri alphabet.

र्चनाना v. a. To drive out or away.

चंदार s. m. Cry, outery, bawling, calling; driving.

twitter v. a. To bawl to, to call, to hallou after, to brave; to drive, to drive away, to excel.

चनारी adj. Proud, self-conceited.

इंफील adj. Short-winded.

a duck; Brahma, the supreme soil.

इंसनमी adj. Walking gracefully as the swan (a woman).

इंसनामिनी s. f. A graceful woman.

इंस्ता v. n. To laugh, deride.

रंबस्य adj. Cheerful, merry, langhing, facetious, jocular, jolly, jovial, blithe, blithsome.

₹सा s. m. Laughing, laughter.

इंसाई ८. f. Ridicale,

इंसाना v. a. To cause to laugh, to tickle इंसिया s. m. A sickle.

इंसी s.f. Sport, fun, mirth, laughter, laugh, ridicule.

चंसवा s. m. A sickle.

cheerful. s. m. A wag.

इसोखपन s. m. Facetiousness, jocularity. इसायकाना v. n. To be confused or irresolute (when any thing is to be death to be aghast. Tan adj. Stuttering, stammering.

stater, stater, stater,

THEITI s. m. A. stammerer.

इसारना v. a. To drive oxen or other cattle in a circle, as when treading out grain.

THIS adj. Confused (when any thing is to be done), aghast.

इसना v. n. To go to stool, to evacuate feeces, to dung.

इननेही s.f. A field or place to which people repair to ease themselves; podex.

इनसरना v. n. To be polluted with excrement, to go to stool.

चनाना v. a. To cause to go to stool.

tenesmus, Hugas-battakh, A restless fidgetting person.

इचकी । s. m. A jolt, a shock.

**TEXAM** s. m. Dispute, cavil, excuse. Tz s. f. Obstinacy, perverseness, crossness, unpersuadableness, disobedience; teasing; allegation.

घटतना v. n. To be repulsed, driven buck, to retreat, move, stop, boggle. घटनाना v a. To stop.

इटकाइटकी अ. f. Driving back, struggling.

in a market (on account of oppression, &c.).

Tem v. n. To go or fall back, to be driven back, to retire, recede, move, budge, shrink, flinch, to be defeated.

पटना s.m. A person employed in a market to measure rice, grain, &c. पटनाई s.f. The office of a hatwa.

Value adj. Stout and setive, robust, vigorous.

wziej v. a. To repel, drive backwards, to back, to worst, to foil.

हरिया s.f. A market.

ws s. m. A market, a movable market, a fair.

ছয়ৰহা adj. Stout and active, robust, vigorous.

परी s.f. A petty market or fair.

\*\*S.\* m. Violence; oppression; rapine.

\*\*s.f. Obstinacy, perverseness, crossness, unpersuadableness, disobedience; teasing; allegation. Hath karna, or Hath ki tekpar hona, To resist or disobey obstinately, to be perverse peevish.

इत्रमी adj. Perverse, obstinate.

\*\*\* v. n. To be peevish, perverse or pettish.

ষঠী adj. Peevish, obstinate, perverse. ষঠীয়া adj. Teasing(child), pettish, perverse, obstinate, peevish.

ment resembling that fruit. s. m. Bilboes, the stocks.

इडकत s.m. Acanthas ilicifolious.

इड्डनीबा s. m. A bird, the gigantic crane ( Ardea orgala ).

इड़जोड़ा s. m. A medicinal plant (Cissus quadrangularis).

হৰ্দ্ৰে s. m. Pains in the bones.

इक्ष्यां ग र. त. To be confused, to hurry. इक्ष्यां adj. Easily agitated; irritable, hasty.

च्युनकी s.f. Hurry, alarm, uproar, riot, disorder, hastiness, hubbub.

इड्डाना v. n. To shudder, to shiver ; to crash, to rattle.

THEFIES s. f. Crack, crash, sound.

चन्द्रको s. f. The twang of a bow.

TET 8. m. A sky-tocket.

इड़ाइड़ी s.f. The twang of a bow.

THE s. m. A wash; bone; spavin

Hudde mothre nikalna, (lit.) To break out in spavins and cedematous swellings. (met.) To adopt an evil conduct.

centre of a carrot or other similar root.

इस्डीखा adj. Bony.

or boiler. Hands phorns, v. s. (lit. To break the pot), To disclose a secret, to let the cat out of the bag.

रखाना v. a. To banish, expel, drive out of a city, disgrace (by public punishment); to move round.

ছবিৰা } s. f. An earthen pot or হয়ী | boiler.

va s. m. Multiplication, interj. Begone! fy!

इतना v. o. To kill.

set s. f. Murder, slaughter, killing, slaying.

wretch, villain. adj. Inhuman, bloody.

इलारी s. f. A murderess, a female murderer.

इस s. m. Hand.

इयक्टो s. f. Name of a cut with the sword, which is intended to take off or disable the adversary's hand.

इयक्षो s. f. A handcuff, fetter, manacle. इयक्षा s. m. Habit, custom, knack.

इयकपूषा s. m. Snack, share.

इयक्ट s. m. A beater.

इयसोला s. m. A hand-barrow.

इयनाच s. f. A small cannon carried on elephants, &c.

इयनी s. f. A female elephant.

इयफ्ख s. m. A kind of firework.

हणकेर s.m. Sleight of hand (in a money-changer), changing a good for a bad rupes for the purpose of imposition; borrowing. Hath pher lens, To borrow.

इध्यक्ती s. f. Strength of hand, force; dishonesty.

इयर s. m. Amorous dalliance, toying ; self-pollution, onanism.

इयरी s. f. A handle, a winch ( of a spinning-weel ).

क्ष्योवा s.m. A ceremony in marriage among Hindus. (The heads of the bride and bridegroom are joined palm to palm with some flour put between them).

ছয় s. m. A bandle; a shovel, a baker's peel; a sleeve.

ween s. m. The 13th mansion of the moon, Corvus; the breaking up of the rains. Hathiya ki rah, The milkyway.

इवियाना v. c. To seize.

इंचियार s. m. f. A tool, arms, weapon, implements, apparatus.

इधियारवन्द adj. Armed.

इधियारबाधना v. a. To arm.

इसी s. f. A brush for rubbing down horses with, or rather a hair-glove; a rubber.

इवेदा s. m. A thief, a robber.

इचेजी s.f. The palm of the hand.

च्चीडो s. f. Dexterity, art, skill.

च्चीड़ा s. m. A sledge-hammer.

इबोड़ी s.f. A small hammer.

प्यार्थ s. f. Murder, slaughter, violence.

इदियाना v. n. To hesitate; to be alarmed or apprehensive, to shrink.

इदियाइट s. f. Scrupulousness, sheepishness, shyness.

इदियादा adj. Sheepish, shame-faced, timid, bashful, scrupulous.

ছমন s. m. Killing, destroying; injuring, hurting, striking; (in arithmetic) multiplication.

ছবৰা v. d. To kill, to give a blow, to smite.

स्तुनान s. m. To monkey chief Hanuman, the friend, ally, and spy of Ramchandra, in his invasion of Lanka.

इना s. m. A murderer, a slayer.

with the mouth and swallowing.

इपक्ष adj. Quick. Hap-jhap khana, To eat quickly and voraciously.

इफडमाना v.n. To pant, to be out of breath.

इबड़ा odj. Ill-shaped, clumsy.

इमेव s. m. Vanity, egotism, arrogance, pride.

चय s. m. A horse ; the yak.

इयमचा s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). इयमीव s. m. A prince of the Daitya, who during Brahma's sleep at the end of a Kalpa stole the Veds; in the recovery of them, he was slain by Vishnu, after his descent as the Matsya or fish Avatar.

इयाजना s. f. The gum Olibanum tree.

www.m. (In arithmetic), A divisor; also division; a rogue, a wag; a plough; a name of Mahddeva. Harbhum ka raj, A country or place in which injustice prevails. Harabhog, s. m. Anarchy, confusion, uproar.

also division.

joy, happiness, pleasure.

करखना v. n. To blow (as a flower); to be delighted.

इरिजन adj. Pleased, delighted, rejoiced. इरगुषी adj. Skilful, clever.

rying off or away, taking away by force; subtraction; the hand; semen verile; (in arithmetic) dividing, divi-

sion. Haran-dukh, Taking away or dissipating grief or trouble.

star s.m. A thief, a stealer, a talker away.

इरताल s. f. Orpiment.

इरन s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

ten s.m. A stag, a buck, a male antelope; a pommel (of a saddle). v. a.

To seize on, to take by force; to steal, spoil, plunder, take away.

इरनो s. f. A doe, a hind.

इरनीटा 8. m. A fawn.

इरफारेवड़ी s.f. Name of a sour fruit (Averrhoa acida: Cicca disticha: Phyllanthus cheramela).

परसष्टा adj. Stout, robust, active.

प्रमुखी e.f. Robustness; thick-headedness.

प्रसिंगार s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

Ett adj. Green, fresh, verdant.

হয়েই s. f. Greenness, freshness, verdure. হয়েলা v. a. To win, overcome, beat (at cards), to foil, worst, weary, tire.

ছरावल s. m. The advanced guard of an 'army, the vanguard.

इरिचटन s.m. A yellow and fragrant sort of Sandal-wood.

इंदिज s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

ছবিৰী s. f. A doe, a hind; a woman, one of the four kinds, the same as the Chitrini.

परित adj. Green, of a green colour.

इरितास s. m. Yellow orpiment.

इरिताञ्चन s. m. Blue vitriol; a turquoise; an emerald.

इरिदेव s. m. The asterism Sravana.

Tital s. f. Turmeric.

ছবিভাব s. m. The town of Haridwar, where the Ganges descends into the level land of Hindustan.

इरिकाणि s. m. An emerald.

इरिमक s. m. A worshipper of Vishau. इरिमजन s. m. Adoration of Vishau.

इरियम् s. m. A green pigeon (Columba hurriala).

परियाचा adj. Verdant, green, grassy.

इरियाकी s. f. Greenness, freshness, verdure; grass.

volaments. f. Yellow or chebulic myrobalan ( Terminalia chebula ); seven varieties of this are distinguished.

इरोरा } adj. Verdant, green; a coward, इरीसा } arnn-away.

इरोबा s. m. A kind of paroquet.

TRI adj. Verdant. s. m. Vegetable, verdure.

इंगेटी s. f. A cane, staff.

(Terminolia chebula or oitrino).

ম্বা s. m. A thief, stealer, a taker away. ম্ব s. m. Joy, mirth, pleasure, delight, happiness.

इचेना v. n. To blow ( as a flower ); to be delighted.

चिंत adj. pleased, rejoiced, happy, delighted, gladdened, made glad or happy.

चर्नीहर s. m. Appearance or occurence of happiness.

yas. m. A plough; the afterbirth, Hal jota, A tiller, a ploughman.

debased, mean, silly, easy, soft, cheap. Halka karna, To lighten, exonerate, ease, assvage, debase, abase, depreciate, affront. Hulka janna, To disdain, disesteem.

ছবাই s. f. Lightness.

इलकाना v. a. To abet.

इलकापन s. m. Lightness, levity, vanity, despicableness.

इसकोर्ग v. a. To gather, to collect ; to lillow, to wave.

bub, tumult, anarchy.

ष्यदिया s. m. A kind of poison; the jaundice; a class of merchants. sdj. Yellow.

इन्तरो s. f. Turmeric (Curcuma longa). इन्तर्या v. n. To tess or tumble about, to shudder in a fever...

turbation. Affability; hurry, per-

स्वरावना v. n. To amuse, play with,

इजवाडा s. m. A ploughman.

चनाची s.f. Tillage, ploughing.

इत्रहत s. m. A mortal poison.

इन्द्रवा s. m. Poison.

vavers s. m. Trembling through fever or fear.

इन्द्राना v. a. To shake (from the effect of an ague, &c.); to tremble. v. a. To shake, to cause to tremble. इन्ह्रीया s. m. Poison.

ছলছৰী s. f. Sickness, disease; an ague.

चनारं s.f. Ploughing.

ৰুৱাছৰ s. m. Poison.

इंश्विया s. m. A herd ( of oven ), drove, flock ( of cows ).

ভাৰিয়ালা v. n. To nauseate.

इजीरा s. m. A wave, billow, surge.

च्चीनां ७. a. To collect, to gather.

THI s. m. Uproar, tumult; assault.

স্থাৰ s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation.

इंद्य s. m. An offering to the gods.

च्चत adj. Laughing, smiling.

इसन s. m. Laughter, laughing.

इसाई s. f. Ridiculing.

च्याचा v. a. To make (one) laugh, to cause to laugh.

ya s.m. The hand; the thirteenth lunar asterism, designated by a hand, and containing five stars; a cubit measured by the hand and arm or from the elbow to the tip of the mid- | with s.f. Laughter, laughing, joke, dle finger.

FE s. m. An elephant.

'कुश्चिद्य इ. m. Ivory.

प्रशिनो s. f. A female elephant; a description of women, the worst of the four classes.

Tagge s. m. Ancient Delhi, the capital of Yudhishthir and his brethren the remains of which still exist, about 57 miles north-east of the modern city, on the banks of the old channel of the Ganges.

इसिम्ट s. m. The juice that exudes from an elephant's temples when in rut.

इसी s. m. An elephant.

well s. m. The collar-bone, clavicle; a collar (of gold or silver &c.) worn round the neck as an ornament.

👣 ødj. An interjection of weariness; of sorrow, pain; an exclamation of pleasure; a term of reproach.

wi adv. Yes, ay, indeed, by the by, forsooth; here, hither, &c. Han kahna, To agree.

wit s. f. Cry, call, bawling, calling to (loud); driving. Hank marns, To bawl after, to call to.

क्रीकना v. a. To drive; to bawl to.

इंक्युकार s. f. Uproar, outcry.

चीका चीक s. m. Driving.

with s. f. A vessel in which they make sweyn or vermicelli; a sieve.

चीनर s. m. A shark.

ছাত্ৰা v. n. To wander, to ramble.

ছাত্তী } s. f. A pot, a caldron.

ষ্ঠাদলা । v. n. To pant, to be out of ফাদলা । breath.

Fig s. m. A duck, a goose, a swan.

derision.

Timi adv. Yes.

▼12 { s. f. A market, a movable ₩13 \ market or fair, a shop.

すて s. m. A market-man.

TIE's. m. A bone.

काइजीड़ा s. m. A plant ( Cissus quadrangularis).

Tig s. m. The hand.

স্থায় s. m. The hand; a cubit; possession, power,

স্বাথ আৰা v. n. To come into one's possession or power, to be gained or obtained.

স্থাঘ ভৱাৰা v. a. To leave off, refrain from, desist, abandon, relinquish, resign, cease; to salute by raising the hand to the head; to beat; to give alms.

इ।य भोठ लेका ७. a. To receive with both hands open and stretched out together.

भाग कनरपर रखना v. n. To be very feeble. जाय करना v.a. To subdue, to have possession.

भाष कानी पर रचना v. s. To be astonished; to deny vehemently.

ভাষ অবিদা v. a. To refrain, desist, abstain.

इाय चाटना v. a. To relish any food . exceedingly, to lick one's lips.

भाष पावाकी अर्. Expertness.

चाय जोडना u.a. To supplicate, intreat earnestly.

ত্বাঘ স্বাভাষা v. a. To give, bestow.

ज्ञाय भूटा ज़ीना v. n. To have the bands defiled, to lose the power of the hands.

ভাৰ ভাৰনা v. c. To thurst or put the hand (in or on), to mdedle, to interfere (in); to encroach.

v. a. To concern one's self in or about; to make a bargain by taking hold of the hand of the other party under a cloth. (A practice chiefly used in settling the price of horses and jewels).

ছাৰ ধীনা v. c. To be disappointed, to be hopeless, to relinquish.

ছায় प्रकृ चीजाना v.n. To hand a person. ভাষ प्रकृत v.n. To come into one's possession.

इश्य प्रवाद तवी द्वना v. n. To be helpelss, to be unable to act.

ছাৰ पदारना v. a. To ask, to beg. `
ছাৰ पাৰ দূৰ লাগি v. u. To be distressed
or confounded.

इय पांव फोजाना v. c. To extend one's business or schemes.

हाच पांच नारना v. c. To strive, endeavour, strain, toil, struggle. v. n. To be agitated ; to sprawl.

TIE TE S. m. A plant (Pothos).

हाथ फेंडना v. a. To fence. [coax. हाथ फेरना v. a. To stroke, to caress, to

ছাত্ত বহুট্না v. n. To be much engaged in business, to have no leisure; to be

poor or indigent.

हाथ बढाना v. a. To endeavour to get any thing; to gain possession of the property of others.

हाच बांधना o. a. To join the hands in a suplicating posture.

हाय बैठना v. n. To acquire perfection in any art by practice.

इाव भरना v. n. To have the hands wearied or fatigued.

हाय अलग v. n. To regret, repent, lament.

हाय मारना v. a. To promise; to acquire, to plunder; to wound with a sword.

ভাষ নিজানা v. n. To claim equality; to prepare, to wrestle.

যায় ন বোনা v. c. To possess, to hold in subjection.

हाय रोबना v. a. To prevent.

हाथ लगना v. n. To come to the hand, to be got, obtained, acquired.

भाष स्थाना v. a. To put or thrust the hand (in), to meddle (in), to handle; to reprove, punish, torment; to be employed in any business. [&c.

हाथ समेटना v. a. To refrain from giving, हाबा s. m. The hand; possession, power. हाबाजीही s. f. A plant (Lycopodium

চাৰাপাড়া s. f. A plant (Lycopodiun imbricatum).

हाबापची s.f. A sort of game.

डावाबाडी- डरवा v. n. To scuffle or struggle together.

चारी s. m. An elephant; the 18th mansion of the moon.

हाथीइंत s. m. Elephant's tooth, ivory. हाथीवान s. m. An elephant-driver.

हायी हाय बनो v. a. To act in concord, to pull together.

शार्थों शाय adv. Out of hand, overhand, quickly, expeditiously. Hathon hath le-jana, to carry away quickly, to snatch away at once or suddenly.

ছাৰ ) s. f. Loss, privation, deficiency, harm, injury, slaughter. Hsni, adj. Occasioning loss.

wire s. f. A seed-bed (or rather nursery) for sugarcane.

हाय । interj. Alas! ah! s. f. A sigh. Hae marns, To sigh.

हायन s. m. A year ; a sort of rice.

lace of pearls &c. a wreath, a chaplet (of flowers, worn as a necklace); a flock (of cattle) pasture. s. f. Loss, forfeiture. discomfiture. part. act. Being overcome.

sit s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor, also the denominator of a fraction.

vica s. m. A thief; a cheat, a rogue; a gambler; a tree (Trophis aspera); a plunderer, a ravisher, one who carries off any thing; (in arithmetic), a divisor.

हारजीत s. m. Gambling, hazard. Harjit karna, To gamble.

हारना v. n. To be overcome, to be unsuccessful, to lose (at play), to be tired out. v. a. To lose.

हारमाञ्चा v. a. To give up a dispute, to give up in despair, to acknowledge all lost.

हारसिंगार s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes ( Nyotanthes arbor-tristis ).

TRI (In compos.) denotes the performer of any act, dealer in any article, as lakar hara, A woodman; marne-hara, A striker.

WITI s. m. A necklace of pearls, &c.

ष्ट्रारियल s.m. A green pigeon (Columba hurrials). adj. Of a green colour.

TIT s. m. A loser.

इ।इ s. m. Affection, kindness.

ছার্য s. m. Beleric myrob slan.

TIE adj. Quick. s. m. A Plough.

हाखना v. n. To shake. [liquor.

মালা s.f. Wine, vinous or spirituous चाकाडोचा s. m. Shaking, agitation: an earthquake.

हालाइस s. m. A sort of poison.

हालाइलघर s. m. A small black and venemous snake.

हाजाहकी s.f. Wine, spirituous liquor. हालिस s. m. Cress, cresses (Lepidum sativum).

TIE s. m. Any feminine act of amorous pastime, or tending to excite amorous sensations, coquetry, blandishment, dalliance, airs.

चावभाव s. m. Dalliance, blandishment, charm, attraction, welcome.

हास s. m. Laughing, laughter.

TIEST adj. Causing laughter, merry, ridiculous.

हासिका 8. f. Laughter, mirth.

हासी adj. Laughing, smiling.

कारिक odj. Elephantine, large, as big as an elephant.

हासिनपूर s. m. Ancient Delhi.

हास adj. Laughable, ridiculous. s. m. Laughter, laughing, mirth.

TITI 8. m. Flattery, importunity, earnest request, supplication. Haha khana, To flatter, wheedle, intreat, beseech. ødv. An interjection surprise, or grief or pain, alas !

हाहाकार s.m. The noise or uproar of battle; lamentation, sound of grief or pity; consternation.

रिडोच s. m. A musical mode, sung in the morning of spring.

िंडीबा s. m. A swing, a cradle; a song describing the swing, and during that exercise.

Mischievous, malignant, हिंसका odj. ferocious, savage. s. m. A beast of prey; an enemy.

हिंसन s. m. Injuring, hurting.

चि सा 8. f. Injury, mischief, &c.; slaughter, killing, slaying.

हिंसास adj. Mischievous, hurtful.

few adj. Mischierous, hurtful, injurious; murderous; formidable, terrible; fierce, savage.

रिसक s. m. Beast of prev.

हिका s.f. Hiccough.

fur s. m. Asafœtida.

हिइन्ड s. m. Vermillion.

हिचलना v. n. To draw back from, to decline, to shrink, to waver, to boggle.

हिचकामा v. a. To jolt.

हिचकिचाना v. n. To doubt, hesitate, be in suspense, falter.

হৈৰজিৰী s. f. Hesitation. Hichkichi bandhna, To gnash the teeth.

दिचको s.f. The hiccough.

fungs s. m. An hermaphrodite, an eunuch.

fves s. m. Wandering, roaming.

ed to be the indurated foam of the sea; a tonic, a stomachic.

right; friendly, affectionate, kind; useful. s. m. A good, a benefit; love, friendship, affection, benevolence.

दिवकर adj. Friendly, kind, favourable. s. m. A benefactor.

हितकार } s. m. A friend, benefactor.

िहतकारी s.f. Friendship, love. हितवान adj. Friendly, favourable, doing good to.

चित् ह. m. f. A friend.

क्तियो ब्लं. Seeking another's welfare.

ज्ञितीपदेश s. m. Friendly or proper advice. ज्ञिनज्ञिनाना v. n. To neigh.

च्चिता s. f. Supplication, humility.

হিৰাৰ s.m. The marshy date tree (Phænix or Elate paludoss).

हिन्दी adj. Indian, relating to India.

a mole or look ( of a mistress ).

किन्द्वान् s. m. A water-melon.

ছিক্টাৰ s. m. A swing; one of the musical modes.

िक्न s. m. Frost, snow; cold.

डिमकर adj. Frigorific, cold.

डिमबन् adj. Cold, freezing, chilly, flosty.

िक्सालय s. m. The Himalsya range, of mountains, which bounds India on the north, and separates it from Tartary; the Imaus and Emodus of the ancients, giving rise to the Ganges and Indus, and many other

considerable rivers, and containing the highest elevations in the world.

च्हिमावती s. f. A sort of moonplant.

हिया s. m. Heart, breast, mind, soul, life. हियाद s. m. Courage, bravery.

ड़ियो adv. The sound made when calling cattle.

डियो डिस्ट इस्टा soul, life.

section s. m. A defect in horses, (it is a feather or curling lock of hair on the breast, which is reckoned unlucky for the rider).

हिर्ज s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

क्रिरनौटा s. m. A fawn.

ड्रिराना ७. त. To lose, to mislay.

क्रिको s. f. Shift, contrivance.

ছিলক্ৰা v.n. To writhe or suffer contortions ( from affliction or pain; chiefy applied to children ).

ছিলৰ ্হছৰা v. n. To cling to

ছিলকীৰ s. f. Agitation, fluctuation; a wave, a billow.

ছিলকীৰা s. m. A wave, a billow, a surge. ছিলকীৰা v. a. To agitate, shake, disturb, perplex. v. n. To fluctuate, to waver.

क्तिम्मा v. n. To be hung on, to be entangled, to abhere, stick to; to be constant.

हिल्गाना v. o. To hang, suspend.

ছিলনা v. n. To slinke, be moved, be agitated, to move; to be familiarized, be tamed.

ছিলদিললানা v. n. To be mixed; to be intimate; to be jumbled together.

हिलमीची s. f. A potherb (Hingesha repens).

ছিলনা s. f. A fish (Clupea alosa). ছিলা adj. Domesticated, tame. s.

Slime, mud.

रियाना v. a. To move, shake, agitate; to familiarize, tame; to cause to swim. रियामिया adj. A micable, attached. दियोग s.m. A wave, billow, surge. दियोग मार्ग v.a. To heave, to rise (as

the see). डिखोनों v. n. To billow, to wave.

दिवान s. m. Courage.

বিষয় s. m. Imitation, copying; contention, rivalry, emulation .Hiska karna,
To copy, imitate, ape, vie (with).
বিষয়বিষয়ী s. f. Mutual emulation.

sh emphatic affix or adverb, Very, exactly, even, indeed, truly, only.

ভাৰ s. m. Asafætida. Hing hagna, To void by stool involuntarily; (met.) to pine.

হারনা v. n. To neigh, to make a noise (as a horse when kicking).

s. m. Sickness at the stomach, qualm; disgust.

होत्रहा s. m. A species of eunuch.

মীৰ adj. Deficient, defective, little, abated; left, abandoned, quitted; wasted, worn, decayed; void of, free from.

ছীলসানি adj. Outcaste, vile, degraded.
ছীলস্থ adj. Of a lowcaste, outcaste, vile.
ছীৰ s. m. Essence; pith, energy, vigour.
adj. Essential, pure. n. prop. Hero,
the celebrated mistress of Leader,
called by the Indians, Ranjha.

होरक } s. m. The diamond.

होरामन s. m. A kind of paroquet (Psitacus).

होरावल's. m. A kind of chequered blanket worn by mendicants.

हील } s. m. Mud, slime, ooze.

(ah, ha!) an interjection of surprise, (hi hi!).

Traing, bellowing.

इष्ट्रा s. m. Pining (particularly applied to children separated from parents).

इड्ट्झा adj. Turbulent.

इक्ट्रको s.f. Turbulence.

इड़्ड्रो s.f. The twang of a bow.

an hour-glass (generally played on by bearers).

इस्बी है s. f. A bill of exchange. Hundi-इस्की कि work, An exchange merchant.

इञ्चामाङ्ग s. m. Contract for transportation of goods, including the payment of duties.

TESTE S. m. A wolf.

इन्द्रावन है s. m. Exchange, or price paid इन्द्रियान for a bill of exchange.

इन्हों s. f. A bill of exchange.

হুক্তীৰাৰ s. m. An exchange merchant. হুৱ adj. Offered with fire, burnt as an oblation. s. m. Oblation.

इरवृद्धा s. m. A sort of vegetable.

कृरहर s. m. A plant (Cleome viscosa).

इर्कनी s. f. A dancing girl, a whore, a courtezan, a harlot.

ştf s.m. Dispersion (of an army, an assembly, &c.), general jail-delevery.

इसी s. m. A stone on which sandalwood is ground.

इसकानी v. a. To set on (as a dog on a bull), to instigate, to halloo on.

মুক্ষকা v. n. To be rejoiced, pleased delighted.

इञ्चराना v. a. To cheer, rejoice, deligt, exhilarate, gladden.

इससा s. f. Snuff. s. m. Alacrity, joy, gladness,

इसङ् s. m. Alarm, tumult, uproar, coumotion, bustle, disturbance, riot.

 $\mathbf{x}$  (I) am. adv. Too, also, yes well, very, exactly.

ছ ৰ বা v. a. To make the sound hoon, in anger, from fear, or as an incantation, &c.

wit s m. Uproar.

pain, twitch, Huk-huk-kar rona, To
To weep with sobbing, or with
repeated burstings forth.

इन्ता v. a. To miss, to err, to mistake.

হড় s.f. Striving, wrangling.

表 s. m. A (Madras) coin, called also a pagoda.

Hul dena, v. s. To goad, thrust, push, drive, impel, urge.

इतना v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive (an elephant).

a storm; pageantry; ostentation.

इह है. m. The heart; the mind, the faculty or seat of thought and feeling; knowledge.

ze adj. Pleased, glad, delighted; laughing, smiling. [and happy.

\*\* A vocative particle, O! a participle of calling out to, or challenging.

हेंगा s. m. A harrow.

83 adv. Below, down, under.

चेदा adj. Indolent, pusillanimous, cowardly, low.

हेडापन s. m. Cowardice.

हत है. m. Cause, origin, motive, meaning, object, intention, theme, reason, account.

हैम s. m. Gold.

THAZ s. m. One of the ranges of mountains dividing the known continent into nine Varshas: this range is the second south of Ilavrita, or the contral division, and is immediately to the north of the Himalaya, form-

ing with it the boundaries of the Kinnar Varsham. [plant.

हैमचौरी s. f. A medicinal sort of moon-

हेमतद s. m. The thorn-apple.

इनितार s.m. Blue vitriol.

इसल s. m. The cold season winter, the two months Agrahayana and Pousha, or about November-December.

ছবো v. a. To look after, to observe, see; to search for, to hunt, chase, pursue, catch, stop.

देखना v. n. To swim.

endearment; disrespect, contempt.

चेवा नार्ना v. a. To shove, launch, dash through water.

चेंगा s. m. A harrow.

₹ s. m. A horse.

দী A vocative, particle, Ho !

भोषाना v. n. To have gone to and returned.

ছান্ত্ৰা v. n. To pant, to puff and blow. ছাত s. m. The lip.

ছাঁতা s. f. The bit of a bridle.

डीके adv. Through, by.

होचकना v. n. To be finished.

री नाना v. n. To have happened, to become.

ছীত s. m. The lip.

bargain, a bet. Hor badna, To wager, bet, &c. Hor badnha, To bargain, &c. Hor lagana, v. a. To wager; to make an agreement. v. n. To be positive, obstinate, or perverse. Hor harna, To lose a wager, &c.

होडल s. m. Talc, mica.

होत s. f. Ability, means.

होत्व s. m. Predestination, destiny.

होतव्यता s.f. Fate, destiny.

Biar s. m. Wealth.

होता जाता s. m. Coming and going.

चोते adv. In the being, during, in the presence.

हीते होते odv. Gradually.

to belong, have, serve, answer, accrue, come, do, stand; to die. s. m.
The being or becoming.

sible, feasible, hopeful.

of clarified butter, &c. into the sacred fire, as an offering to the gods, accompanied with prayers or invocations, according to the object of the sacrifice.

होसना v. v. To perform the sacrifice of the hom.

होती s. m. The offerer of an oblation.

Fig. s. m. The chickpea having been parched in the pod.

the approach of the vernal equinoz; the song which is sung during the festival.

हो होना s. f. To be completed.

शैस s. f. Desire, wish, want, ambition, lust. Houns karns, To desire.

হীৰা s. m. Cupidity, covetousness, greediness.

दीने adj. Gently, slowly.

বীবা s. m. A bugbear, a hobgoblin.

x ₹ s. m. A deep lake, a large or deep piece of water.

\*\* adj. Short, low in stature; short, as a vowel

## त्त

ৰ The thirty-fourth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and pronounced as ksh.

चईरोग s. m. Consumption.

चण s. m. A measure of time equal to

four minutes; a moment or instant.
adv. For a moment. [ment.
বৰদান adv Momentary, but for a moবিধানৰ alv. A minute afterwards, the
next moment.

বিৰণ } adj. Momentary, transient.

বৰী s. m. A man of the second or military and regal class.

चন adj. Able, adequate; fit, appropriate, suitable, proper. s. m. Propriety, fitness.

चनना v. a. To pardon, to forgive.

चना s.f. Patience, forbearance; pardon, forgiveness.

चमायुक्त } adj. Patient, enduring, for-चमावान् } bearing.

moval, &c.; a destruction of the universe; consumption; sickness in general; decay, wasting away; (in algebra) negative quantity, minus.

ব্যকাৰ s. m. The end of all things, the period of destruction.

चयकास s. m. A consumptive or phthisical cough. [talis].

चयनाभिनी s.f. A plant ( Celtis Orien-चयनायु s.m. The wind that is to blow at the end of the world.

चयरीग s. m. Consumption.

चयरीनिषी s.f. } Consumptive, hectic.

चयसम्बद्ध s. f. Total loss, ruin, destruction. [ tive.

चयी adj. Wasting, decaying ; consump-ভবিষয় s.f. A kind of rice.

चान adj. Patience, forbearance, en-

খাৰ s. m. Salt; ashes; borax, borate of soda; alkali, either soda or potash; caustic alkali; one species of cautery; a factitious or medicinal salt, commonly called black salt.

चारकर्ष s. m. Applying caustic alkali; (lapis internalis) to proud flesh, &c. चारविका s. f. Saline soil, especially an

impure sulphate of soda.

चार रस s. m. A salt or alkaline flavour. चारहच s. m. Any tree yielding abundant potash, as the plantain, &c.

বিনি s. f. The earth, loss, destruction, wane; the period of the destruction of the universe.

चितिपास s. m. A king, a prince.

चोष adj. Thin, emaciated, feeble, slender; wasted, diminished, worn away; destroyed, lost; poor, miserable.

चोषता s.f. Slenderness, delicacy; thinness, emaciation; diminution, decay. चोषवान ody. Wasted, decayed.

ৰীৰন্ধনি adj. Week, feeble, impotent. বীং s. m. Water; milk.

चौर कुको लिका .f. A drug, and one of the eight principal medicaments, of the Hindus: it is a root from the Himalaya.

चौरकाटिक s. m. A precious stone, described as a milky crystal (opal or cat's eye?).

चीरी adj. Milky, yielding milk; having milk, s. m. A sort of Mimasops.

चोरोद s. m. The sea of milk, one of the seven acas surrounding as many worlds.

ৰুষ্ adj. Small, little; mean, low; mean, niggardly, avaricious; poor, indigent. বুষুৱা s.f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance, meanness. বুষুৱাৰ adj. Simple, silly, ignorant.

बुद्धीन s. m. A minor disease, one of the little importance. चुधा 8. f. Hunger.

चुधार्त } adj. Hungry, hungered.

बुर s. m. A razor ; a horse's hoof. बुरी s. f. A knife.

चेत्र s. m. A field; a wife; a pure or sacred spot, a place of pilgrimage, as Benares, &c.; plane figure, geometry; a diagram.

বিষয় adj. Clever, dexterous, skilful; a husbandman, &c. s. m. The soul, the emanation of the divinity residing in the body.

चेत्रसीसा s. m. The boundaries of a meadow or field, or holy place.

चेद s. m. Sorrowing, mosning.

Throwing, casting (it eritmetic) additive quantity, addendum.

चेपन s. m. Throwing, casting.

चैन adj. Happy, well, prosperous, right, &c. s. m. Happiness, well being; final emancipation or eteral happiness; the proper term of civil address to a Vysa.

चेनकर adj. Propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune.

चैनवान् adj. Happy, prosperous.

चीचि s. f. The earth.

বীর s. m. Honey; a flower (Mickella champaca). [in general.

चौर s. m. Shaving the head; shaving

चौरिक s. m. A barbar.

चौरो s.f. A razor.

स्ता s.f. The earth.

स्मापित } s.m. A king, a prince-

HS N.T. Digitized by Google

. 4

Digitized by Google

